

Status of Large TPC Prototype Field Cage

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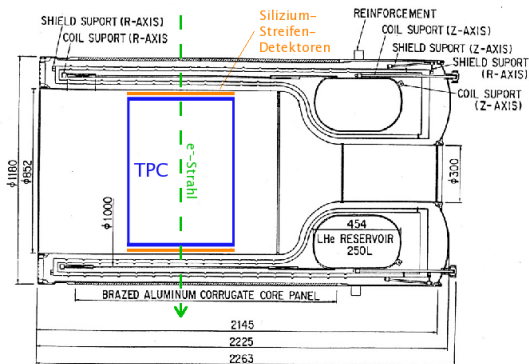
Linear Collider Workshop 2007
1st June 2007



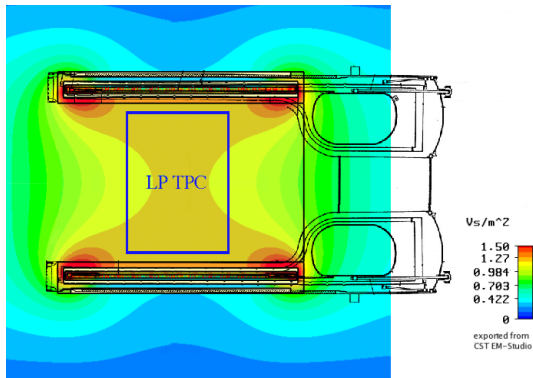
development and construction of field cage for a large TPC prototype within EUDET

- electron test beam area at DESY available
- field cage is part of infrastructure
 - will be used by many groups
- superconducting magnet PCMAG defines dimensions of field cage
- prototype shall be a first step to the LC TPC
 - the barrel should be lightweight but stable
 - little material budget for walls

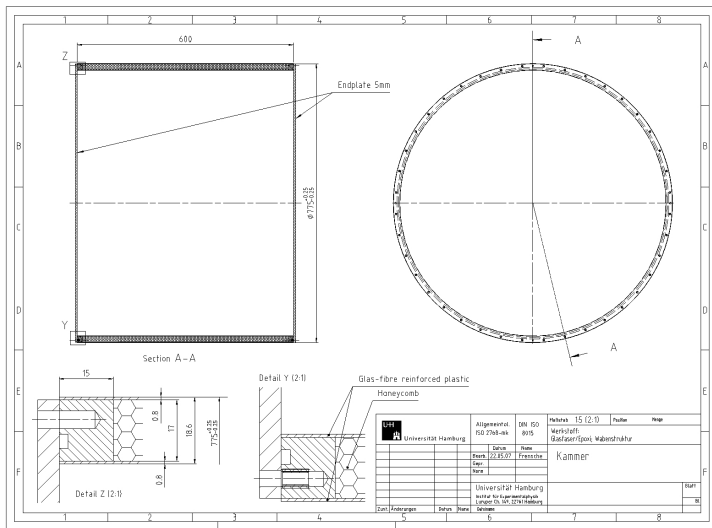
PCMAG from KEK



PCMAG from KEK



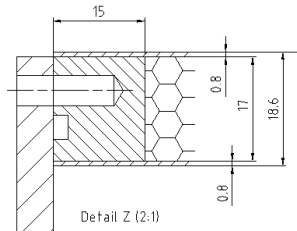
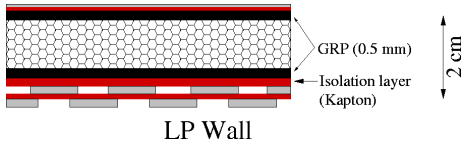
design of field cage



inner diameter: 730 mm, length: 60 cm, wall thickness: 2 cm

wall structure

- composite material
- two thin layers of glass-fibre reinforced plastic, honeycomb Nomex as spacer
- flanges made of G10 with helicoils and o-rings



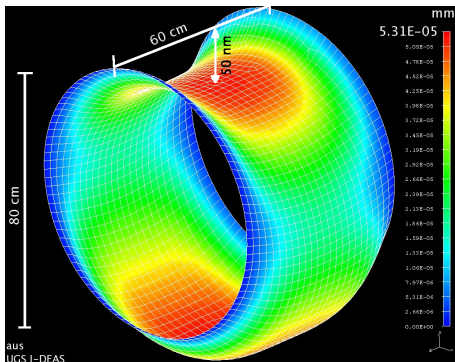
mechanical calculations

intention: thinnest possible structure

finite element program

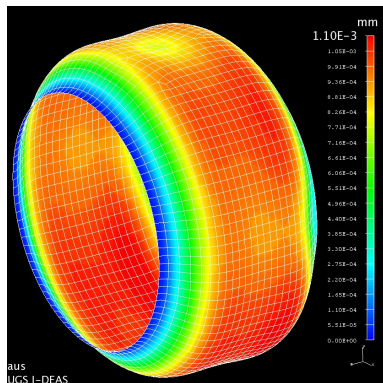
=> 0.5 mm – 19 mm – 0.5 mm (GRP-Nomex-GRP)

sag of field cage, supported only on endplates

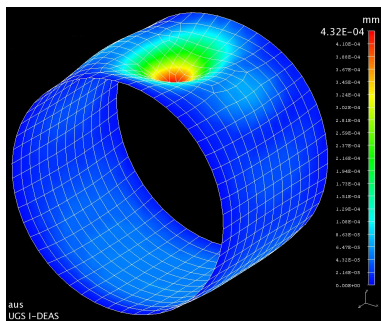


0.5 mm – 19 mm – 0.5 mm (GRP-Nomex-GRP)

internal pressure of 0.1 bar



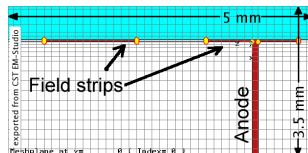
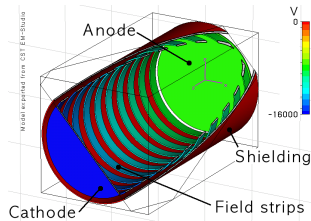
additional load of 5 kg



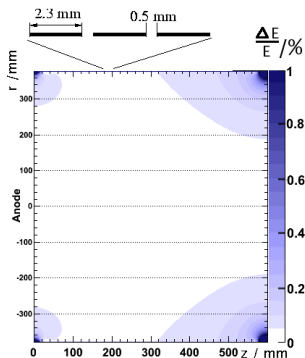
model for simulation with finite element method

- drift field calculated for different layouts of field strips
- 2 dim model with $5 \cdot 10^6$ mesh cells leads to very accurate results
- field deviations:

$$\frac{\Delta E}{E} = \frac{|\vec{E}_{nom} - \vec{E}_{calc}|}{E_{nom}}$$

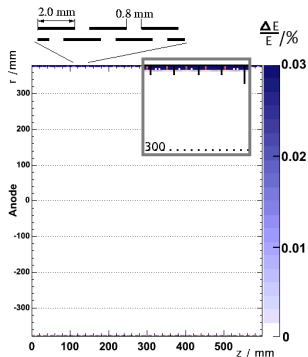


single layer of field strips



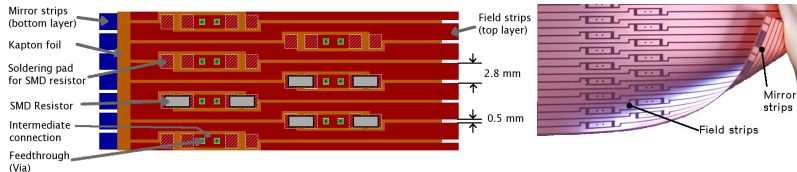
⇒ deviations in corners of the chamber

mirror strips on intermediate potential



⇒ no deviations anymore in the drift volume

field strip foil

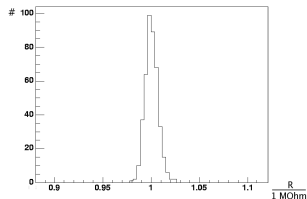


- innermost layer of field cage
 - size: 60 cm x 230 cm (length x inner circumference)
 - Kapton coated with copper strips
 - SMD resistors splitting the potential
 - electric tests with sample piece succesful
→ 90 V between two neighbouring strips possible
- ⇒ foil allows a maximal drift field of $E_{drift}^{max} = 320 \text{ V/cm}$

drift field quality

influence of resistors on drift field

- SMD resistors with $1\text{ M}\Omega \pm 0.1\%$
 - \Rightarrow modified potential on strips
 - \Rightarrow calculated field
 - deviations up to 0.1%



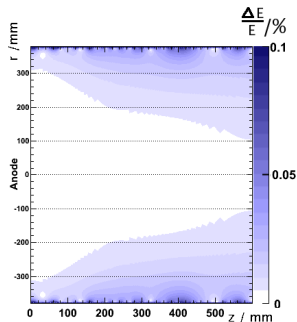
generated resistors

impact of assembly on quality of field

- variations if cathode and anode not exactly parallel ($1\text{ mm} \Rightarrow 0.3\%$)

drift field quality

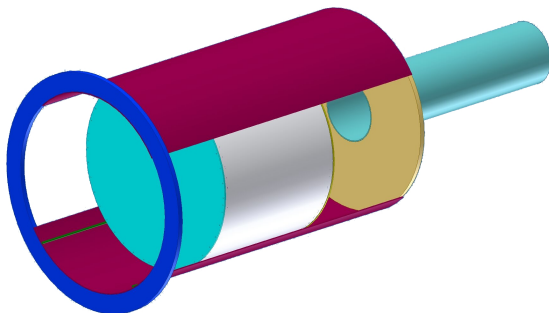
- expected sum of distortions smaller than 0.5%



- field cage will be built by external company, specialised in composite materials
- field strip foil ordered from another company
- soldering of resistors to the foil will be done by DESY workshop
- simple G10 caps are part of field cage
→ one will be the cathode
- first anode with readout structure built by LC TPC collaboration

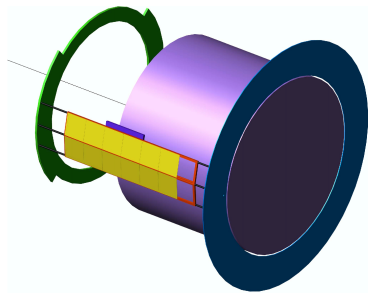
mounting structure

- whole magnet located on a movable lifting table in test beam area
→ precision of about 1 mm
- TPC supported by structure of bended aluminum plates



silicon strips

two perpendicular layers of silicon on each side of field cage
⇒ two independent reference points for particle tracks



- modules from SiLC collaboration, each $10 \times 10 \text{ cm}^2$
- expected resolution in $r\phi \approx 10\mu\text{m} - 12\mu\text{m}$
- expected resolution in $z \approx 20\mu\text{m}$



- wall material has to be chosen
 - honeycomb Nomex
 - Rohacell foam
 - constructional and HV tests
- field strip foil arrival expected within the next few weeks
 - assembly of resistors
- expected delivery of field cage to DESY: end of August 2007