PFA Status and Plans for the SiD Concept

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Standard Detector Model Tools Calibration Perfect PFA

PFA Template New Photon Finding Energy Sum and Dijets

Standard Detector Model Tools

Calorimeter Calibration Essential for PFA development, detector model comparison Method developed by R. Cassell Standard calibrations for at least 4 detector models





Perfect PFA

Perfect PFA Definition Essential for PFA development, useful for detector model comparisons

Based on Generator or Simulated Particles? Standard cheated tracks, cheated clusters

// Set up the MC list for perfect PFA
double rcut = 400.; // Bruce said 400 mm at meeting March 13
double zcut = 400.;
CreateFinalStateMCParticleList mcListMakerGen = new CreateFinalStateMCParticleList("Gen");
CreateFinalStateMCParticleList mcListMakerSim = new CreateFinalStateMCParticleList("Sim");
mcListMakerSim.setZAdiusCut(rcut);
mcListMakerSim.setZCut(zcut);
add(mcListMakerGen);
add(mcListMakerGen);
String mcListGen = "GenFinalStateParticles";
String mcListSim = "SimFinalStateParticles";
String mcListSim = "SimFinalStateParticles";
String mcListSim = "CarteParticles";
String mcListSim = "SimFinalStateParticles";

String Tname = "RefinedCheatTracks"; add(new CheatTrackDriver());

String Cname = "PerfectCheatClusters"; String[] collections = {"EcalBarrDigiHits","EcalEndcapDigiHits","HcalBarrDigiHits","HcalEndcapDigiHits"}; add (new CheatClusterDriver(collections,Cname));

String CRPname = "CheatReconstructedParticles"; CheatParticleDriver cpd = new CheatParticleDriver(Cname,Tname,mcList); // Inputs Cheated Tracks, Cheated Clusters, and MC particle list to create Cheated Particles cpd.setOutputName(CRPname); add(cpd);

// now make (more realistic) cheat tracks, etc with PPR driver String outName = "PerfectRecoParticles"; int minT = 0; int minC = 0; PPRParticleDriver d = new PPRParticleDriver(CRPname, outName); d.setMinTrackerHits(minT); d.setMinCalorimeterHits(minC); add(d);

// this makes perfect tracks from the perfect particles
PerfectTrackDriver perftrk = new PerfectTrackDriver();
perftrk.setParticleNames(outName);
perftrk.setTrackNames("PerfectTracks");
add(perftrk);

Perfect PFA Definition, ZPole event, all MC Particles, Perfect Clusters



ZPole event, Perfect PFA Particles, Perfect Clusters



ZPole event, Perfect PFA Jets, Perfect Clusters



ZPole event, Reconstructed Particles, PFA Clusters



ZPole event, PFA Jets, PFA Clusters



ZPole event, Jet Comparison, Perfect Jets, PFA Jets

ZPole event, Improved Perfect PFA, Perfect Clusters



Mip Finding at ZPole



Photon-Finding at ZPole



Photon-Finding at ZPole



Photon-Finding Optimization

Update on Photon ID using a Longitudinal H-Matrix

Graham W. Wilson Univ. of Kansas April 3rd 2007

Further H-matrix studies (with Eric Benavidez).

See Sept 19th 2006 for previous report



5 GeV Photon Efficiency¹⁵

10 GeV K⁰_L analyzed with 5 GeV, 10 GeV, 20 GeV photon H-matrices

plots - eff(K0L_10GeV) vs eff(gamma) (log(Chisq prob) with layer)



Conclusion: Hmatrix performance is highly energy dependent. The fractional fluctuations decrease at high energy for photons, giving more discrimination

Neutral Hadrons at ZPole



Progress on PFA at Z-pole

Barrel events All events ALCPG Vancouver workshop (7/2006) 49. %/sqrt(E) Last SiD workshop (10/2006, SLAC) SiD calorimeter meeting (11/2006) • This workshop (4/2007, Fermilab) Compare to - LDC (PendoraPFA) – GLD

L. Xia

Using Z-pole tuned PFA at higher energies Barrel events 200 GeV 350-360 GeV 500 GeV SiD calorimeter meeting (10/2006) 201. %/sqrt(E) Last SiD workshop (10/2006, SLAC) 140. %/sqrt(E) • SiD calorimeter meeting (11/2006) 127. %/sqrt(E) • This workshop (4/2007, Fermilab) Compare to - LDC (PendoraPFA) 75. %/sqrt(E) - GLD ~85 %/sqrt(E)

Shower leakage: di-jet at 200 GeV



RMS = 15.89 GeV RMS90 = 9.632 GeV [66.7%/sqrt(E)] Removing events with shower leakage



RMS = 11.44 GeV RMS90 = 8.45 GeV [~59%/sqrt(E)]

Shower leakage: di-jet at 500 GeV



RMS = 43.88 GeV RMS90 = 28.11 GeV [127.%/sqrt(E)] RMS = 30.25 GeV RMS90 = 21.4 GeV [~97%/sqrt(E)]

- Shower leakage affect PFA performance at high energy
- Events with heavy shower leakage could be identified by hits in the muon detectors
- Use hits in the muon detectors to estimate shower leakage?









Design	RMS90 of mass (including Г)	RMS90 of residuals (no F)	Bias
acme0605 [<mark>w/scint</mark>]	6.9 GeV	6.1 GeV	-5.2 GeV
acme0605_ <mark>steel_sci</mark> nt	7.3 GeV	6.5 GeV	-7.4 GeV
acme0605_w_rpc	6.6 GeV	5.7 GeV	-3.8 GeV
acme0605_ <mark>steel_rpc</mark>	6.8 GeV	5.9 GeV	-2.6 GeV

For this real (i.e. confused) PFA:
RPCs give noticeably better resolution and smaller bias than scintillators
Tungsten gives somewhat better resolution than steel

Plans for PFA Development

e+e-->ZZ->qq+vv@500GeV

Development of PFAs on ~120 GeV jets – most common ILC jets Unambiguous dijet mass allows PFA performance to be evaluated w/o jet combination confusion PFA performance at constant mass, different jet E (compare to ZPole) $dE/E, d\theta/\theta \rightarrow dM/M$ characterization with jet E

e+e- -> 7H

e+e--> ZZ -> qqqq @ 500 GeV

4 jets - same jet E, but filling more of detector Same PFA performance as above? Use for detector parameter evaluations (B-field, IR, granularity, etc.)

e+e--> tt @ 500 GeV Lower E jets, but 6 – fuller detector

e+e--> qq @ 500 GeV 250 GeV jets – challenge for PFA, not physics







Plans for PFA Development with SiD Model

By Paris Sim Workshop (May 2-4) : Finish standard Perfect PFA definition Use Perfect PFA to study contributions to dM/M w/o confusion (dE_j/E_j, dθ₁₂/θ₁₂) Results for PFA on ZZ -> qqvv @ 500 GeV (Barrel, then whole detector) Results for PFA on ZZ -> qqqq @ 500 GeV

By LCWS-DESY :

PFA performance on ZZ -> qqvv @ 500 GeV, ZZ -> qqqq @ 500 GeV, tt @ 500 GeV E_j dependence of dijet mass (3 points including ZPole, single Z,W?) PFA performance on ZH benchmark process?

With template, study confusion contribution to PFA (E_j dependence? by comparing with ZPole results) Add real track reconstruction to PFA?

Plans for PFA Development with SiD Model

After LCWS-DESY :

Start detector model comparisons using PFA on ZH @ 500 GeV B-field variations ECAL IR variations HCAL technology/parameter variations LDC, GLD comparisons with SiD variants
Ongoing optimization of PFA algorithms - π⁰ reconstruction, cluster fragment pointing analyses, etc.
Explore limits of PFA performance – very high E (250 GeV jets, physics at 1 TeV CM?, 2 TeV at NLC?

By end 2007 :

Optimized SiD Detector for ILC @ 500 GeV Characterization of PFA performance for SiD model variants Physics Benchmark studies with SiD and real PFA analysis Towards merger with another concept?

Summary

Finishing development of tools necessary for PFA development Calibration method for detector models Perfect PFA prescription

Finished and released PFA Template Cluster algorithm substitution CAL hit/cluster accounting

PFA development emphasis on DiJets at 500 GeV CM

Optimization of photon finder

Closing in on path to PFA/Detector optimization