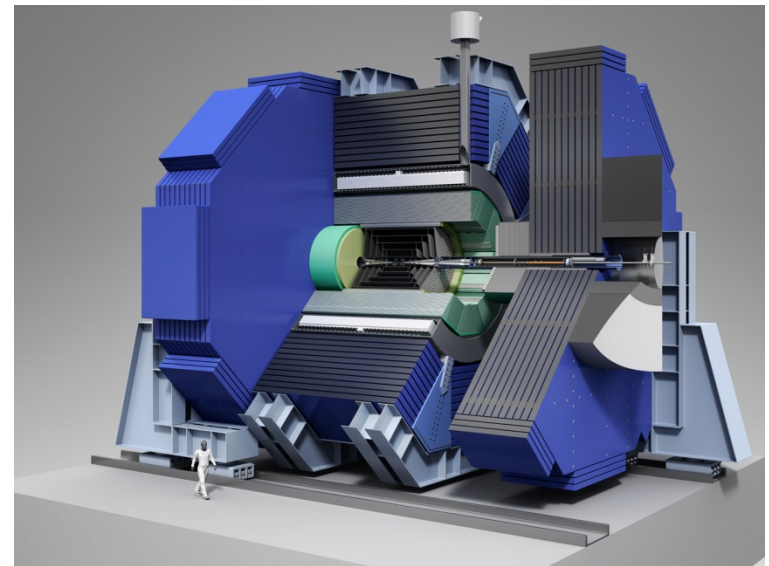
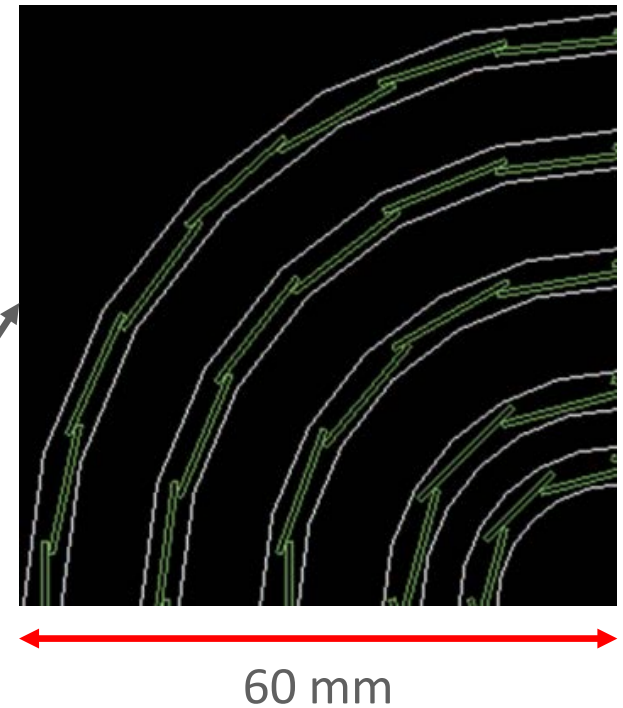
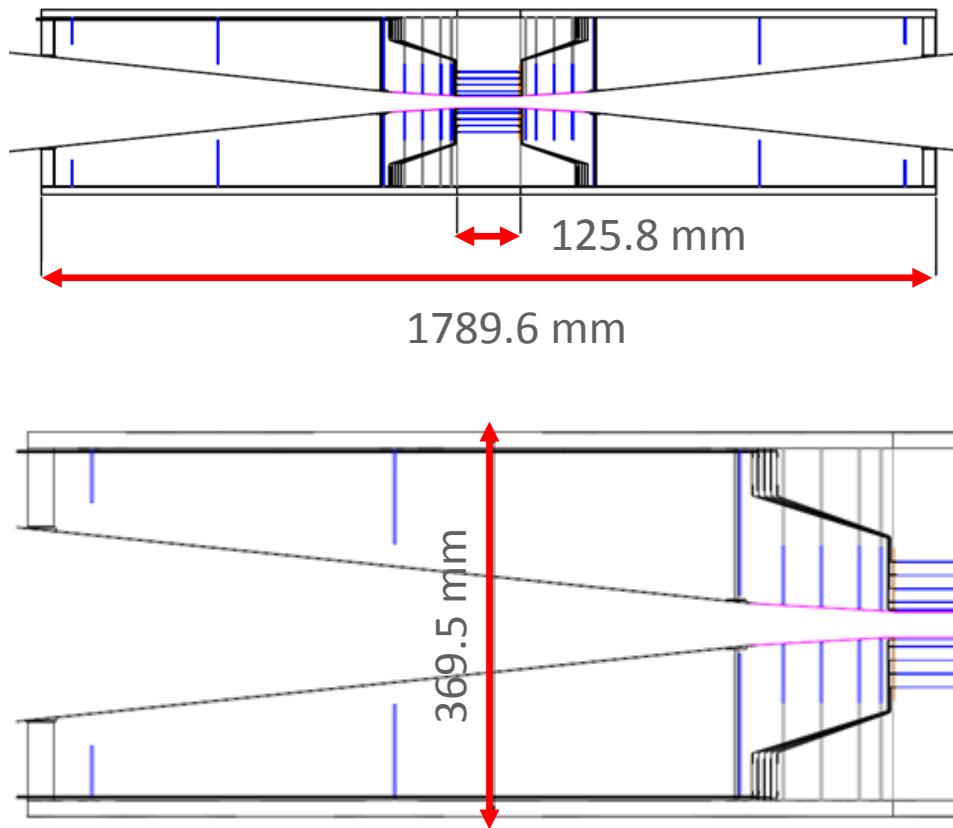


# Tracking Performance of the Modified Sidloi3 Detector

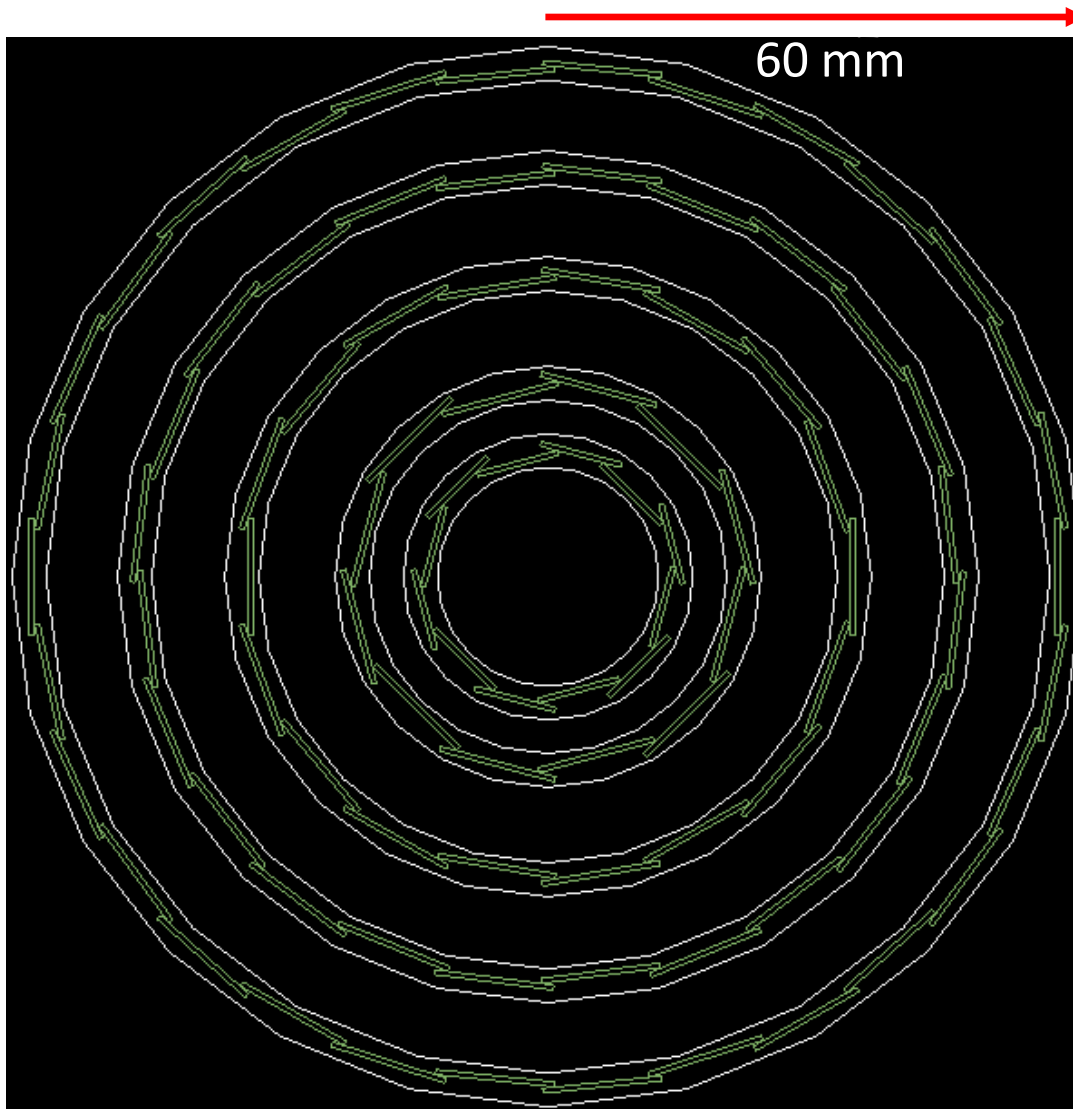
Sagar Setru, Marcel Demarteau  
Third SiD Optimization Meeting  
August 6th, 2014



# Sidloi3 Vertex Detector Layout

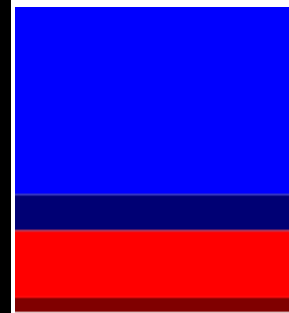


# Sidloi3 Vertex Barrel Geometry



Layer Number	Radius (mm)	Module (mm)
Layer 1	15.05	9.6 x 125.0
Layer 2	23.03	13.8 x 125.0
Layer 3	35.79	13.8 x 125.0
Layer 4	47.50	13.8 x 125.0
Layer 5	59.90	13.8 x 125.0

## Module Cross Section:



Carbon Fiber Support  
(.26 mm)

Epoxy (0.5 mm)

Silicon non-sensitive  
layer (0.093 mm)

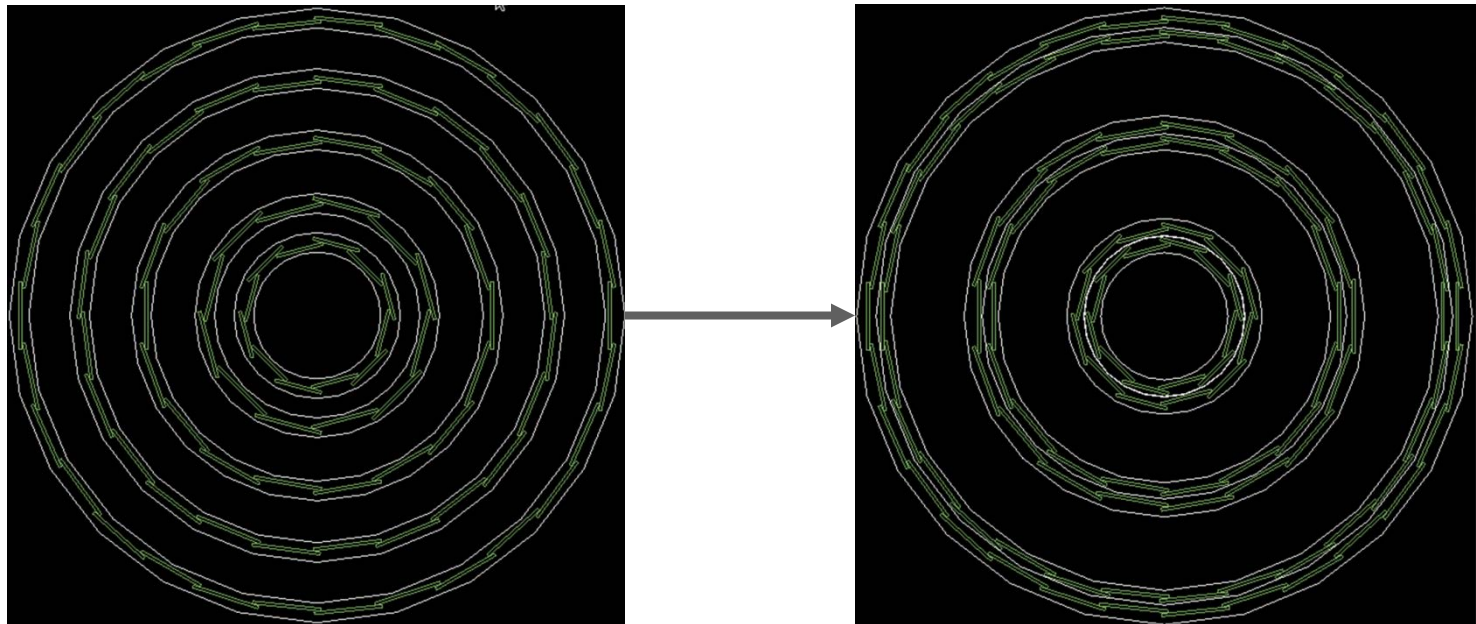
Silicon sensitive layer  
(.02 mm)

# Goals

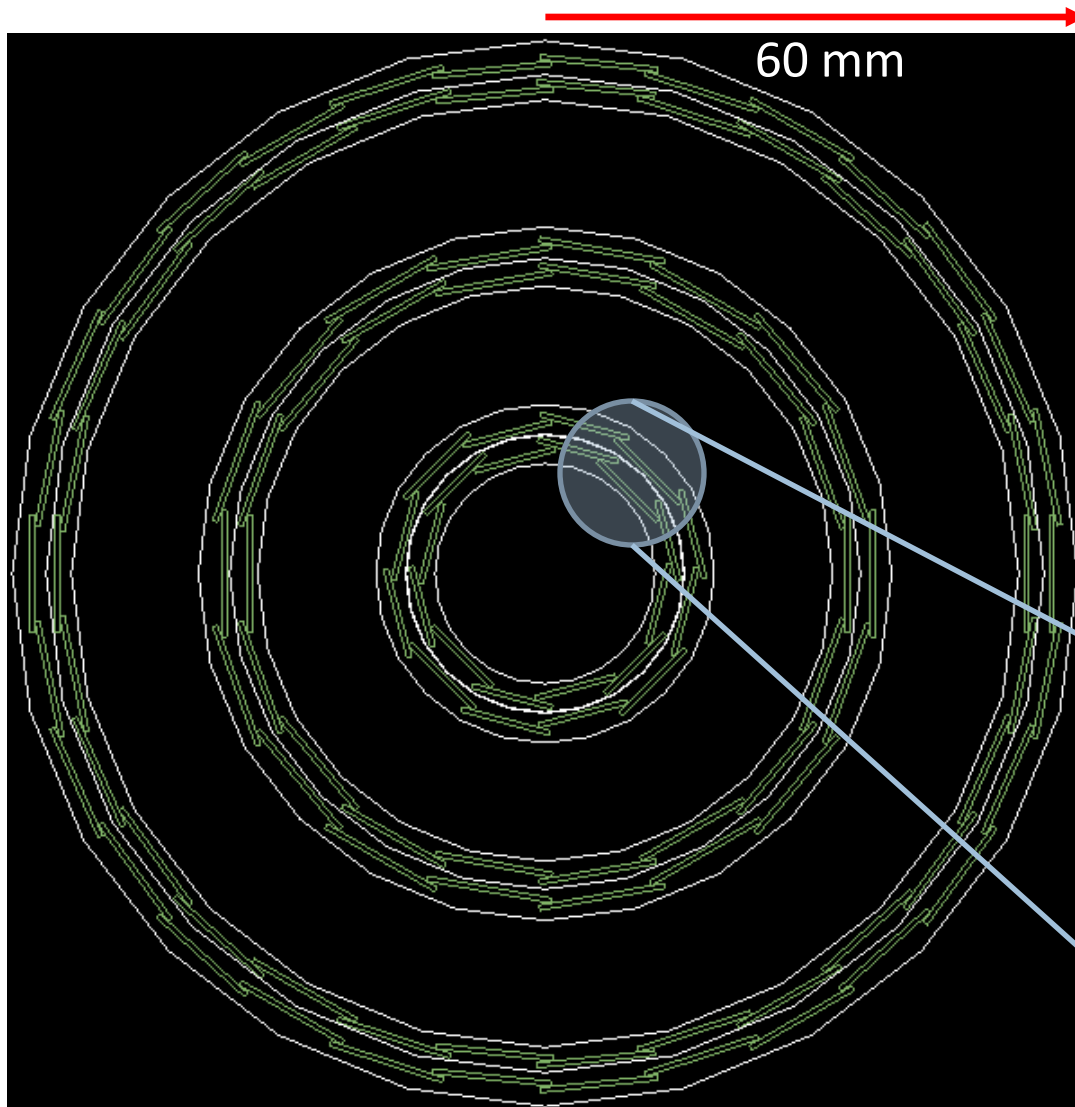
- Optimize Sidloi3 detector geometry
  - Study tracking performance of modified detector
  - Compare with Sidloi3 performance
- Modifications:
  - Vertex barrel geometry (5 single layers  $\rightarrow$  3 'doublet' layers (total 6 layers))
  - Reduced material budget (0.5 silicon layers in vertex barrel modules)
    - Results pending
  - Pixelation of layers in tracker barrel (strips  $\rightarrow$  pixels)
    - Results pending

# Overview: Vertex Geometry Modification

- Modification to inner barrels of Sidloi3
  - 5 single layers  $\rightarrow$  3 'doublet' layers (total 6 layers)
  - No changes to rest of detector



# Modified Vertex Barrel Geometry



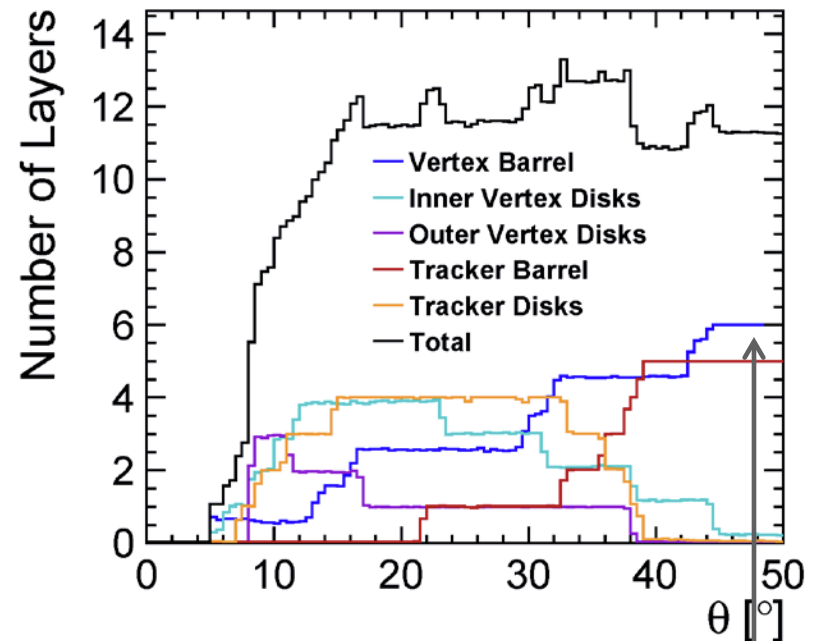
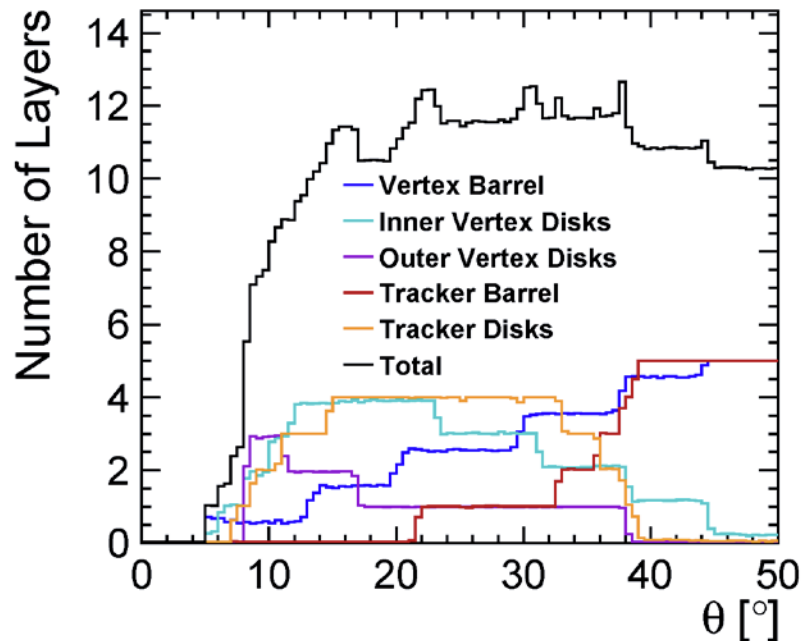
Layer Number	Radius (mm)	Module (mm)
Layer 1	15.05	9.6 x 125.0
Layer 2	18.05	10.6 x 125.0
Layer 3	35.79	13.8 x 125.0
Layer 4	38.79	14.8 x 125.0
Layer 5	56.90	13.8 x 125.0
Layer 6	59.90	13.8 x 125.0

- Material budget per layer unchanged
- Modules for layers 2, 4 widened 1 mm to provide good overlap

# Tracker Coverage vs. $\theta$

Sidloi3

Modified Detector



Coverage same for all tracking systems except vertex barrel

Notice sixth layer for vertex barrel @  $\theta > 45^\circ$



# Overview: Tracking Studies

- Tracking performance studied with modified inner barrel
- Compared to tracking performance of Sidloi3
  - Single  $\mu^-$ 
    - Tracking efficiency vs.  $p_T$ ,  $\theta$ , Number of Hits
    - $\sigma(d_0)$ ,  $\sigma(z_0)$  vs.  $\theta$  (impact parameter resolutions)
    - $\sigma(p_T)/p_T^2$  vs.  $p$  (transverse momentum resolutions)
  - 6f\_ttbar at 500 GeV
  - ttbb\_6q\_all at 1 TeV
    - Tracking efficiency vs.  $p_T$ ,  $\theta$ , Number of Hits, Distance to Closest Hit
    - $\sigma(d_0)$ ,  $\sigma(z_0)$  vs.  $\theta$  (impact parameter resolutions)
    - Fake rate vs.  $p_T$ ,  $\theta$



# Software for Simulation, Reconstruction, Analysis

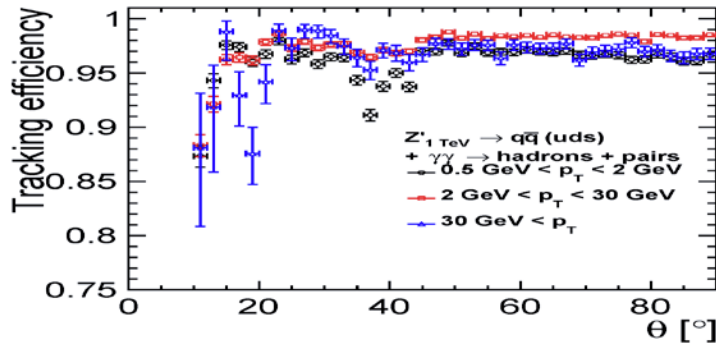
- SLIC v3r0p3 (Geant4)
- org.lcsim 2.5
- LCIO v02-04-03, ROOT 5.34.03
  - pyLCIO, pyROOT bindings
- ILCDIRAC v6r8p28

# Tracking Strategies for Modified Detector

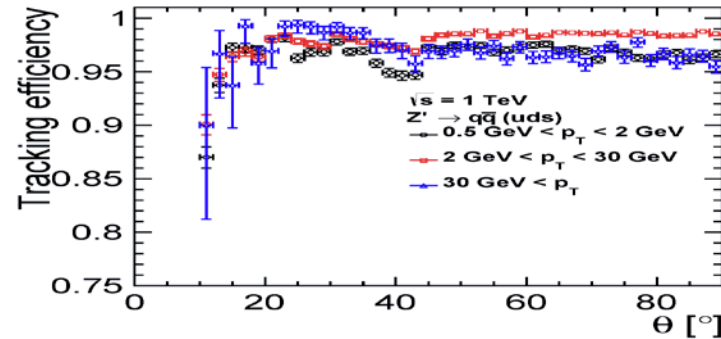
- Built locally (SLIC, lcsim) using simulations:
  - 500 ttbar events (for single  $\mu^-$ , ttbar)
  - 500 ttbb\_6q\_all events (for ttbb)
- ‘StrategyBuilder’ driver steered to lcsim
  - Picks up tracks of MC particles in simulations
  - Generates groups of layers which cover all acceptable tracks
  - 3 ‘seed’ layers, 1 ‘confirm’ layer, additional ‘extend’ layers
    - Any layer can be a ‘seed’, ‘confirm’, or ‘extend’ layer

# Comparison to Sidloi3 Z\_qq\_uds, 1 TeV DBD Plots (Software check)

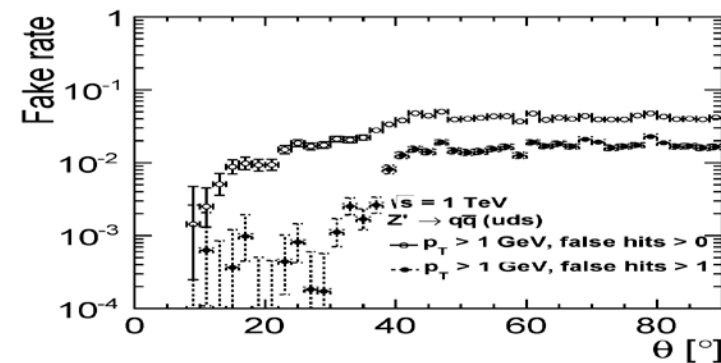
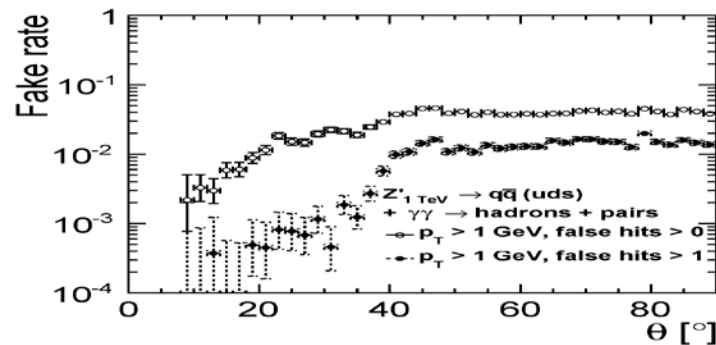
DBD



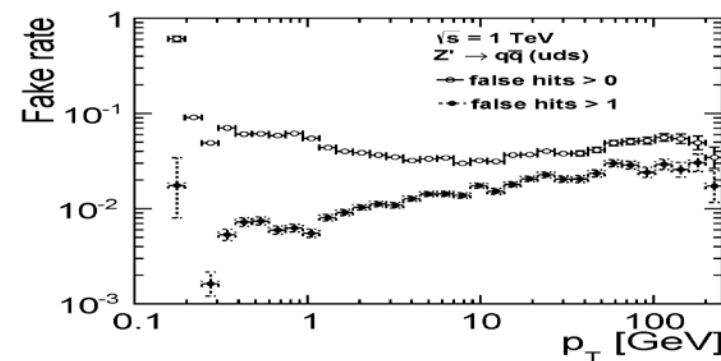
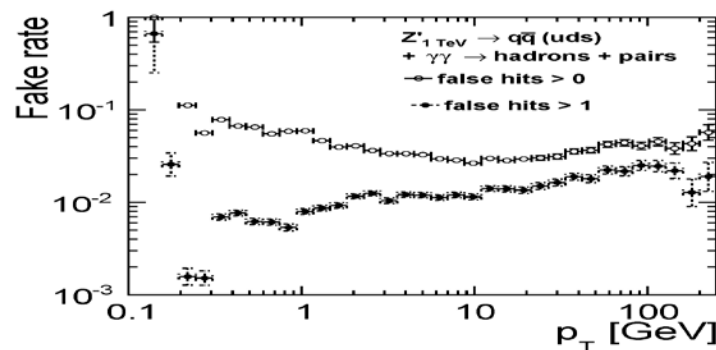
Our plots



Efficiency vs.  $\theta$



Fake Rate vs.  $\theta$



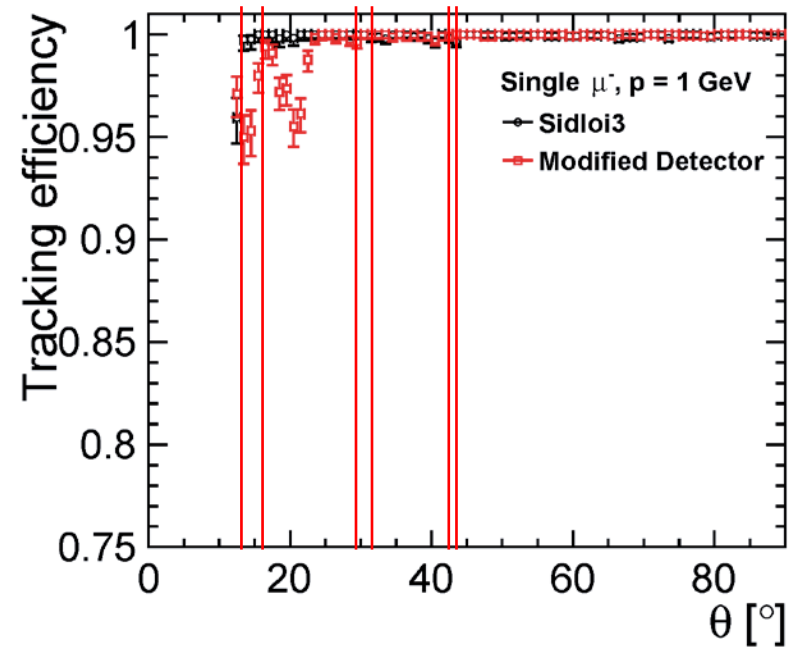
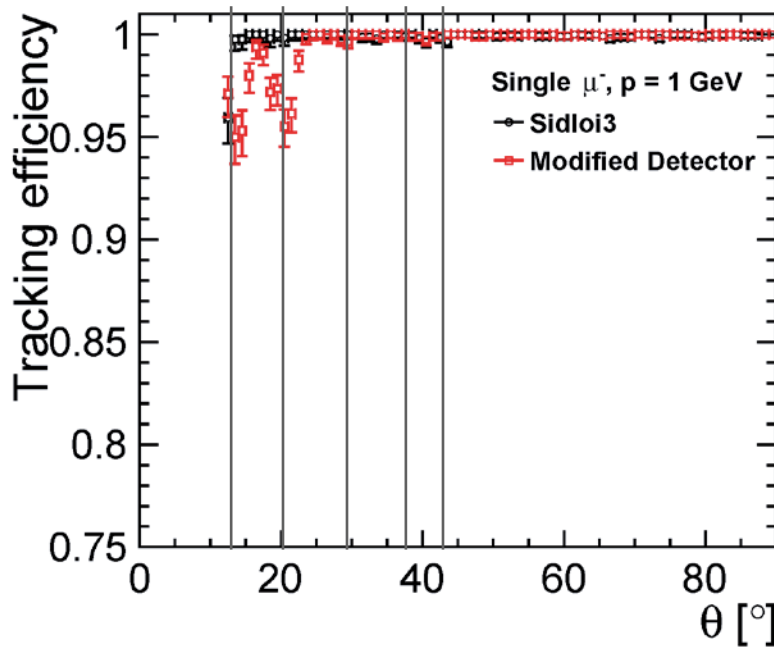
Fake Rate vs.  $p_T$

(Our data do not include beam induced background.)

# Tracking Performance Single $\mu^-$

# Tracking Performance

## Single $\mu^-$ , Efficiency vs. $\theta$



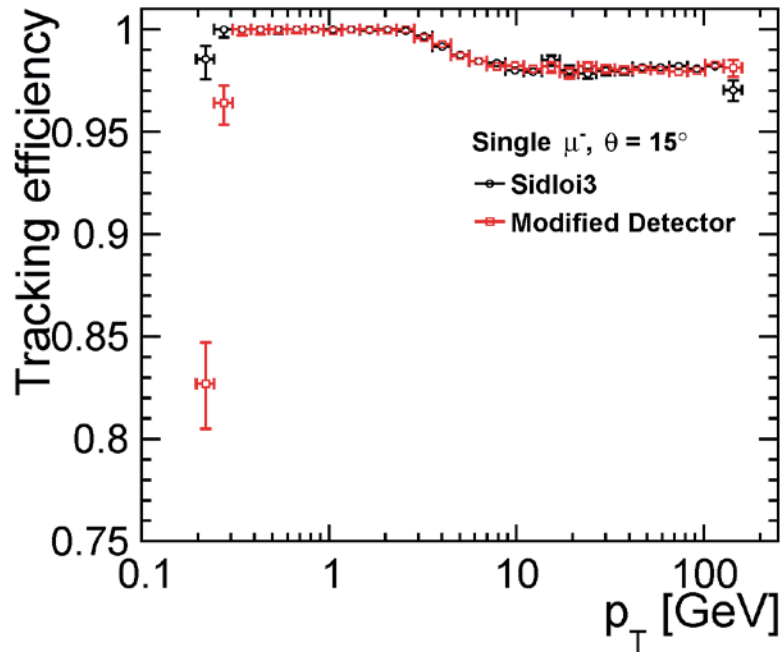
Vertical bars illustrate vertex barrel, endcap junctions

**Modified detector** shows lower efficiency for  $p = 1$  GeV at  $\theta < 30^\circ$

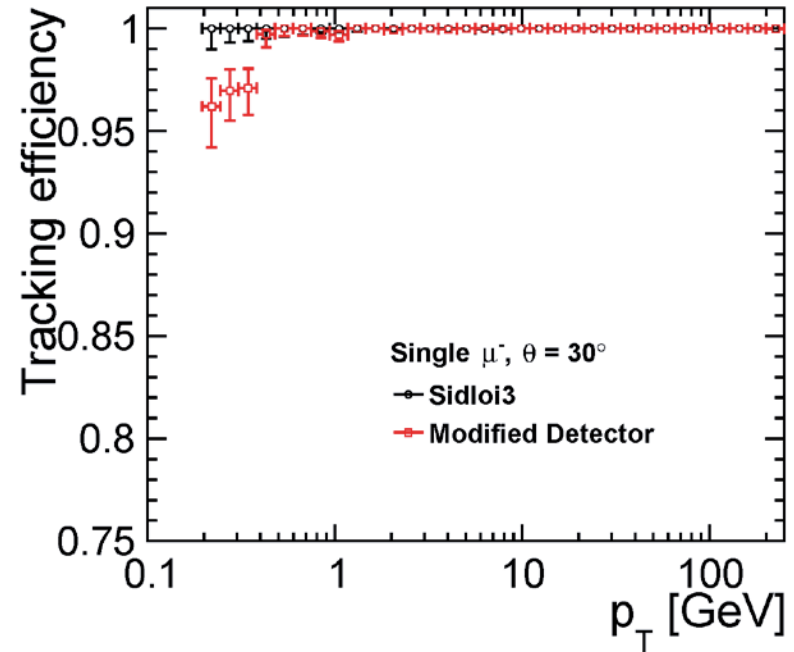
# Tracking Performance

## Single $\mu^-$ , Efficiency vs. $p_T$

$\theta = 15^\circ$



$\theta = 30^\circ$

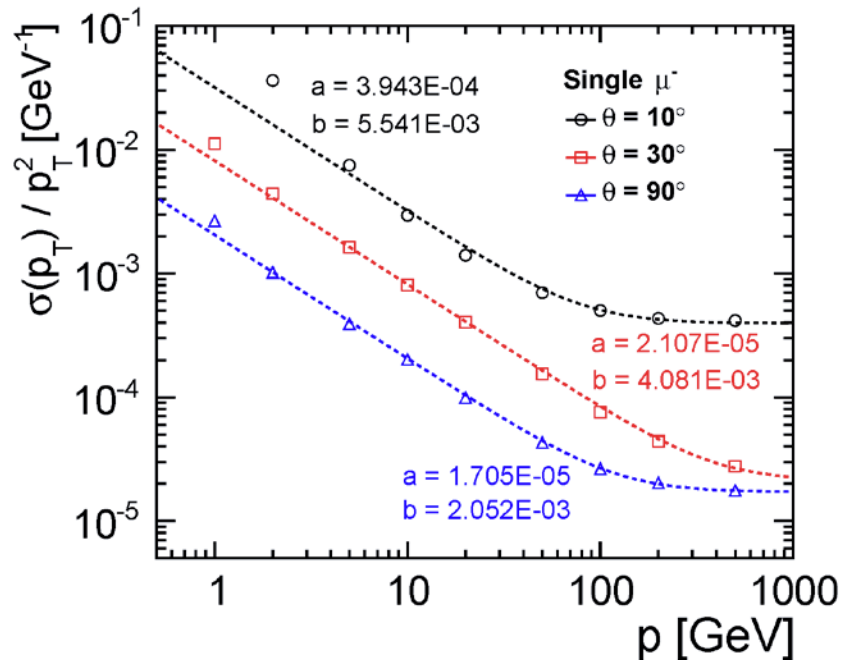


**Modified detector** shows slightly lower efficiency for  $\theta = 15^\circ, 30^\circ$  at  $p_T < 1$  GeV

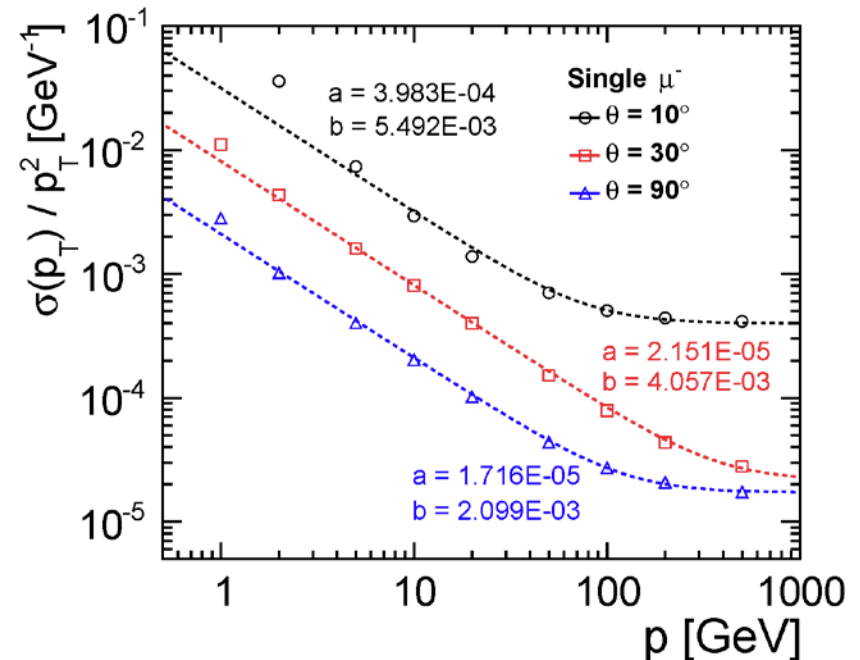
# Tracking Performance

## Single $\mu^-$ , $\sigma(p_T)/p_T^2$

Sidloi3



Modified Inner Barrel



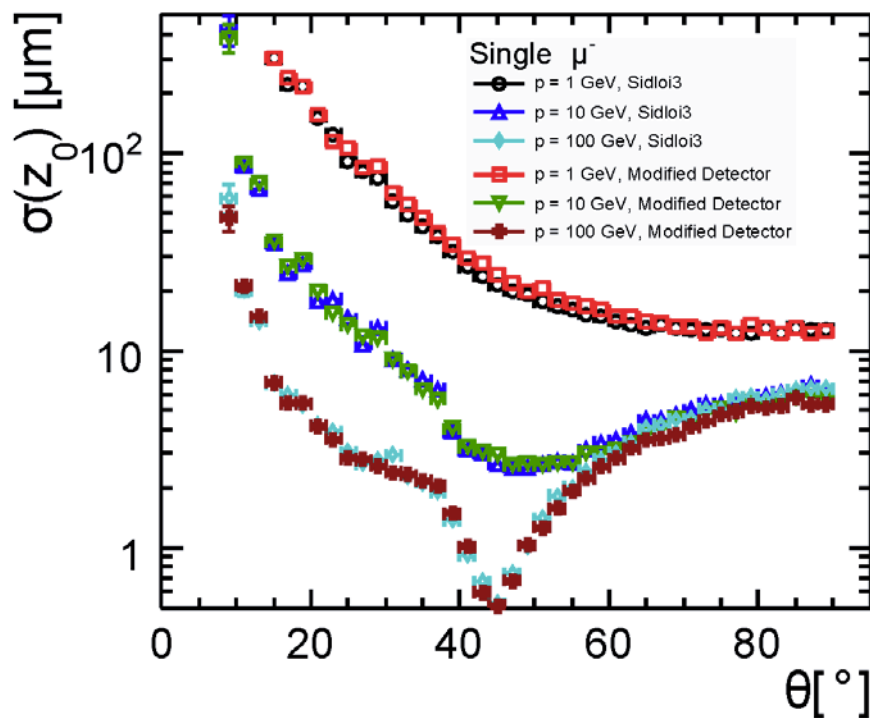
Parameterization:  $\frac{\sigma(p_T)}{p_T^2} = a \oplus \frac{b}{p \sin \theta}$

No significant change in  $p_T$  resolution



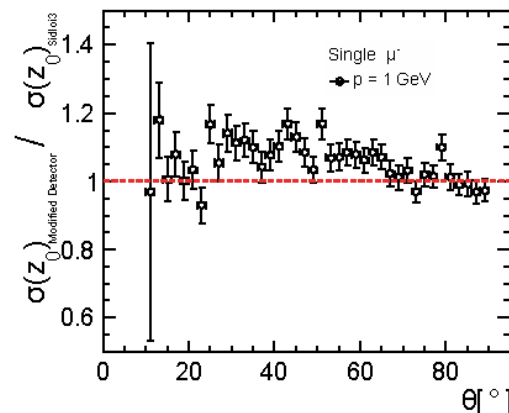
# Tracking Performance Single $\mu^-$ , $\sigma(z_0)$ vs. $\theta$

$\sigma(z_0)$  vs.  $\theta$

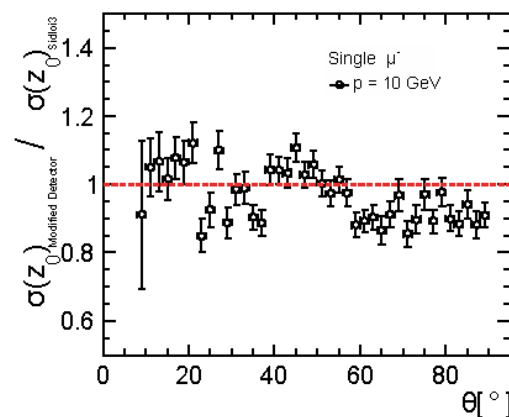


**Modified detector** has better z-axis impact parameter resolution for  $\theta > 60^\circ$ , worse z-axis impact parameter resolution for  $\theta < 60^\circ$

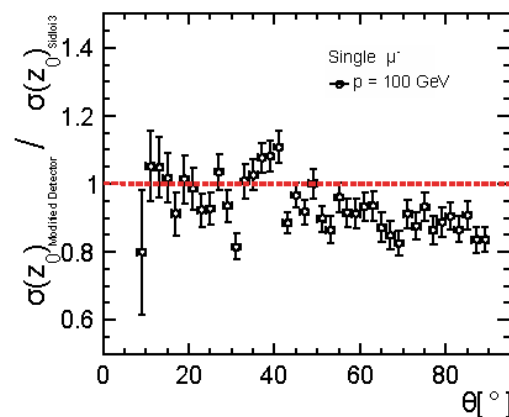
$\sigma(z_0)_{\text{modified detector}} / \sigma(z_0)_{\text{sidloi3}}$



$p = 1$  GeV



$p = 10$  GeV

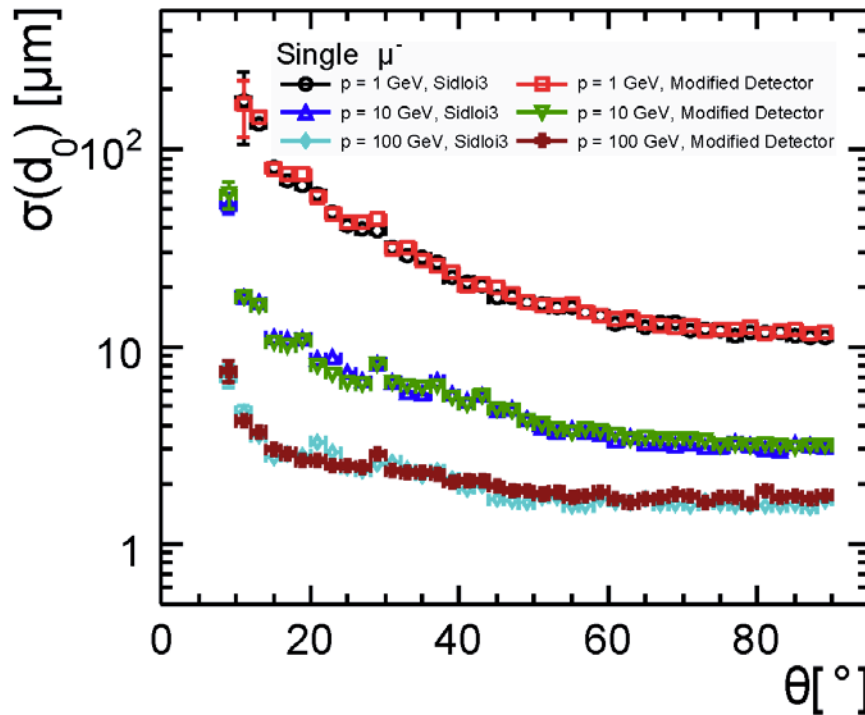


$p = 100$  GeV

# Tracking Performance

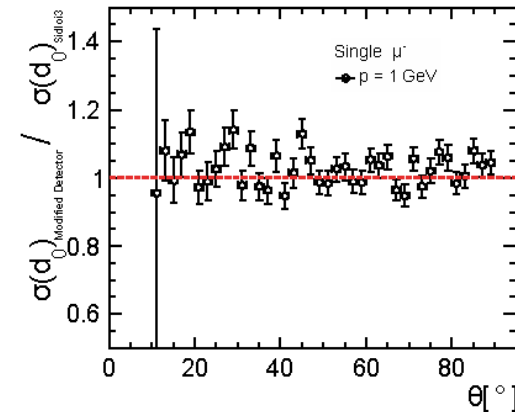
## Single $\mu^-$ , $\sigma(d_0)$ vs. $\theta$

$\sigma(d_0)$  vs.  $\theta$

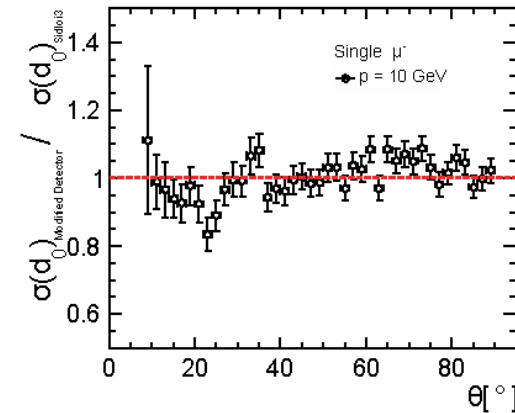


**Modified detector** has worse transverse impact parameter resolution for most polar angles

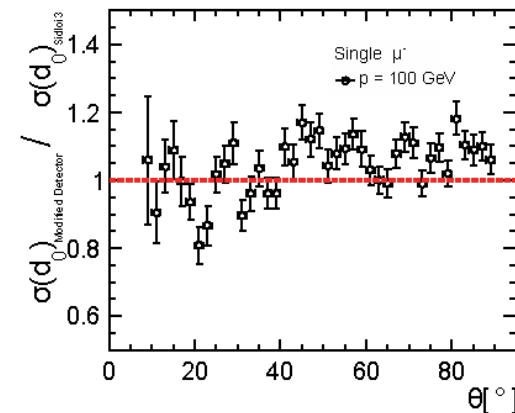
$\sigma(d_0)_{\text{modified detector}} / \sigma(d_0)_{\text{Sidloi3}}$



$p = 1$  GeV



$p = 10$  GeV

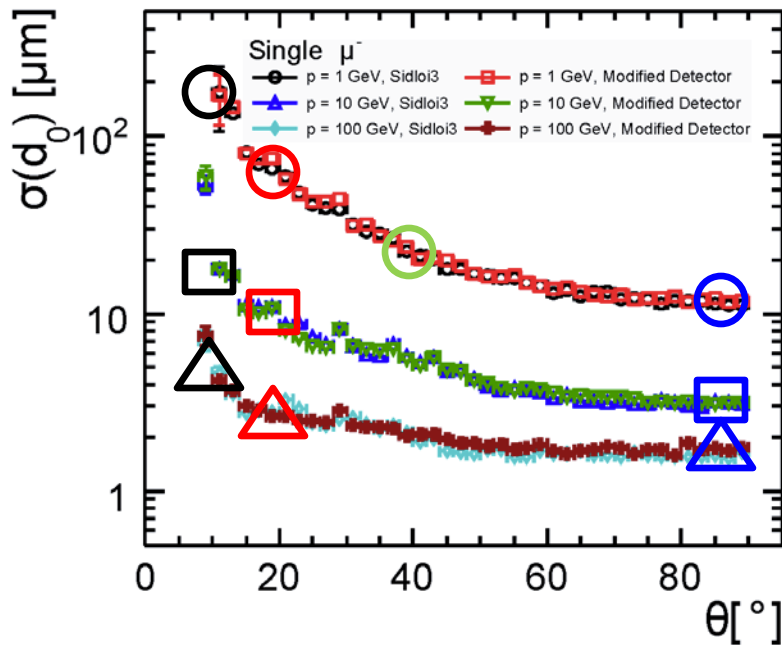


$p = 100$  GeV

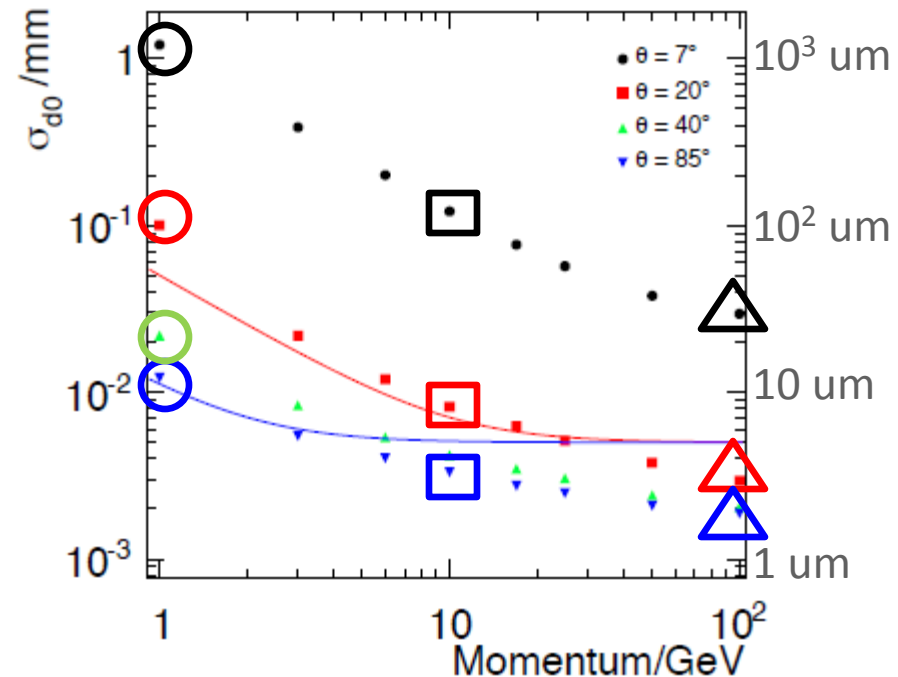
# Tracking Performance

## Single $\mu^-$ , $\sigma(d_0)$ vs. $\theta$ , SiD and ILD

SiD



ILD



ILD plot is from ILC TDR, vol. 4: Detectors, p. 286

(Note different axes)

Both Sidloi3 and modified detector have better (low  $\theta$ ) or comparable (high  $\theta$ ) transverse impact parameter resolution

# Tracking Performance

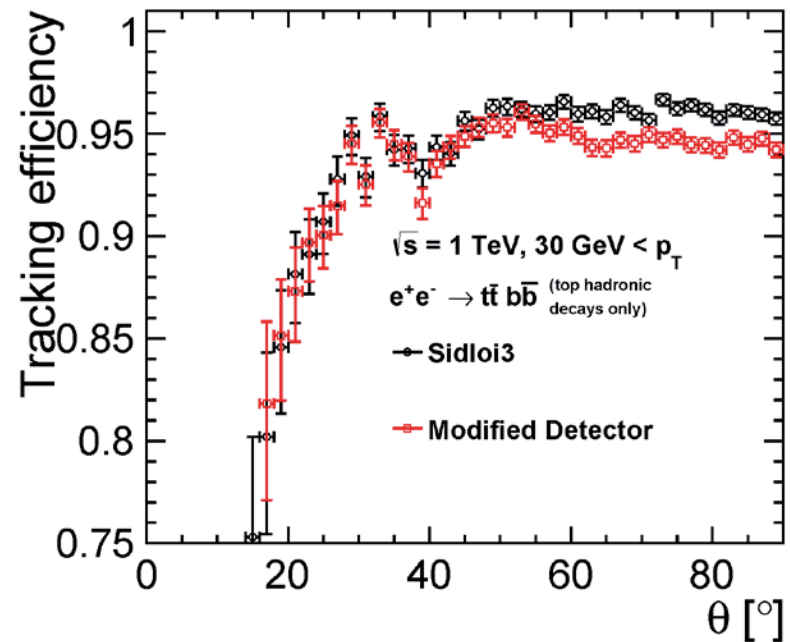
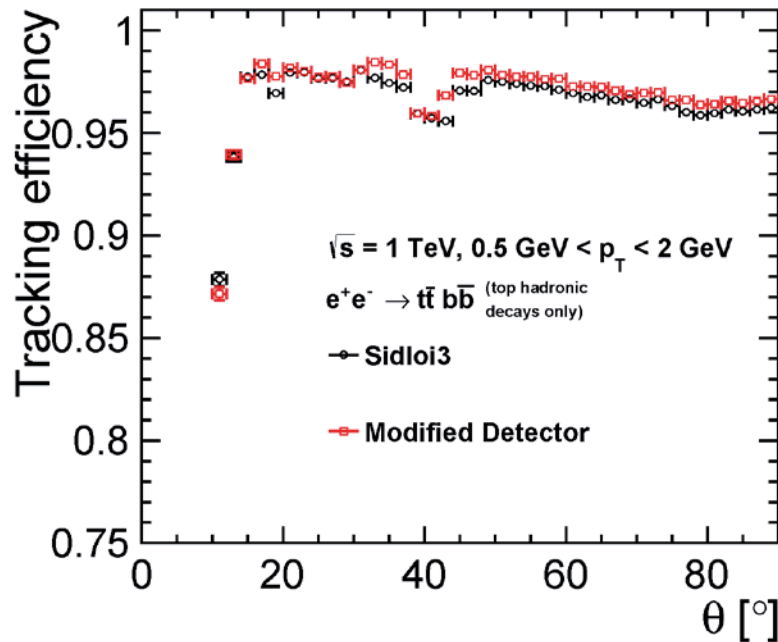
## ttbb\_6q\_all, $\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ TeV}$

# Tracking Performance

ttbb\_6q\_all,  $\sqrt{s} = 1$  TeV, Efficiency vs.  $\theta$

$0.5 \text{ GeV} < p_T < 2 \text{ GeV}$

$p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$

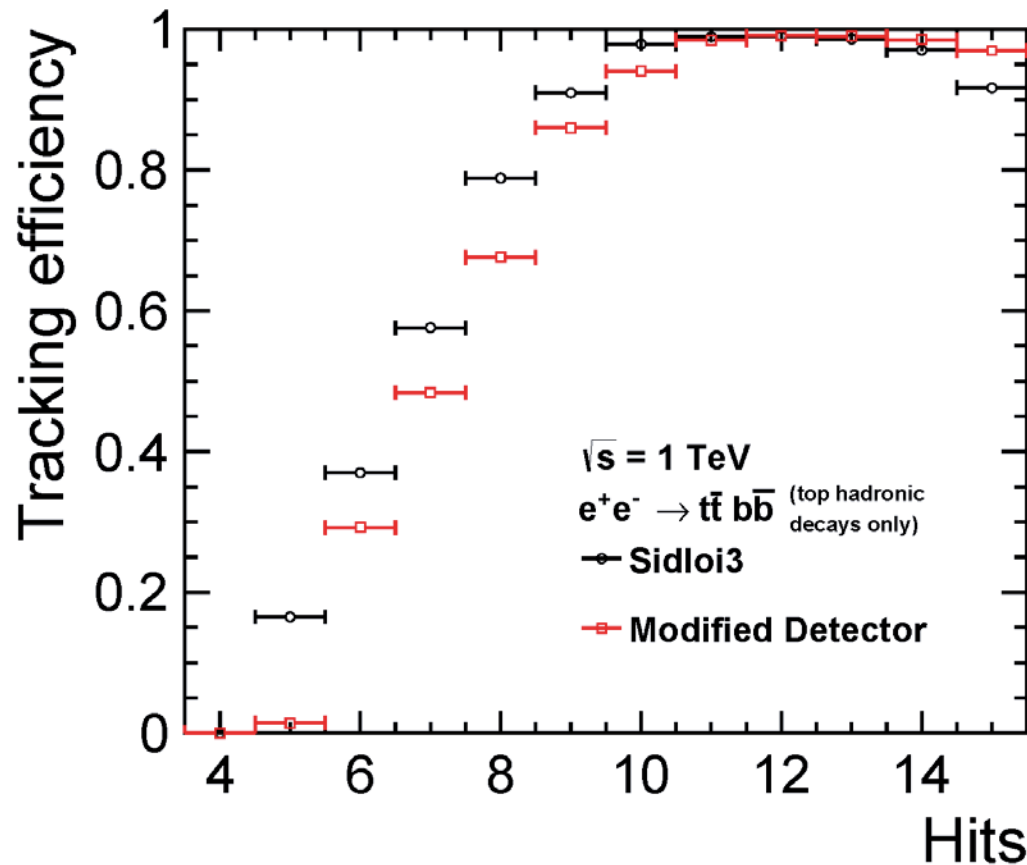


**Modified detector** shows lower efficiency for  $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$  at  $\theta > 40^\circ$

**Modified detector** shows slightly higher efficiency for  $0.5 \text{ GeV} < p_T < 2 \text{ GeV}$  at  $\theta > 35^\circ$

# Tracking Performance

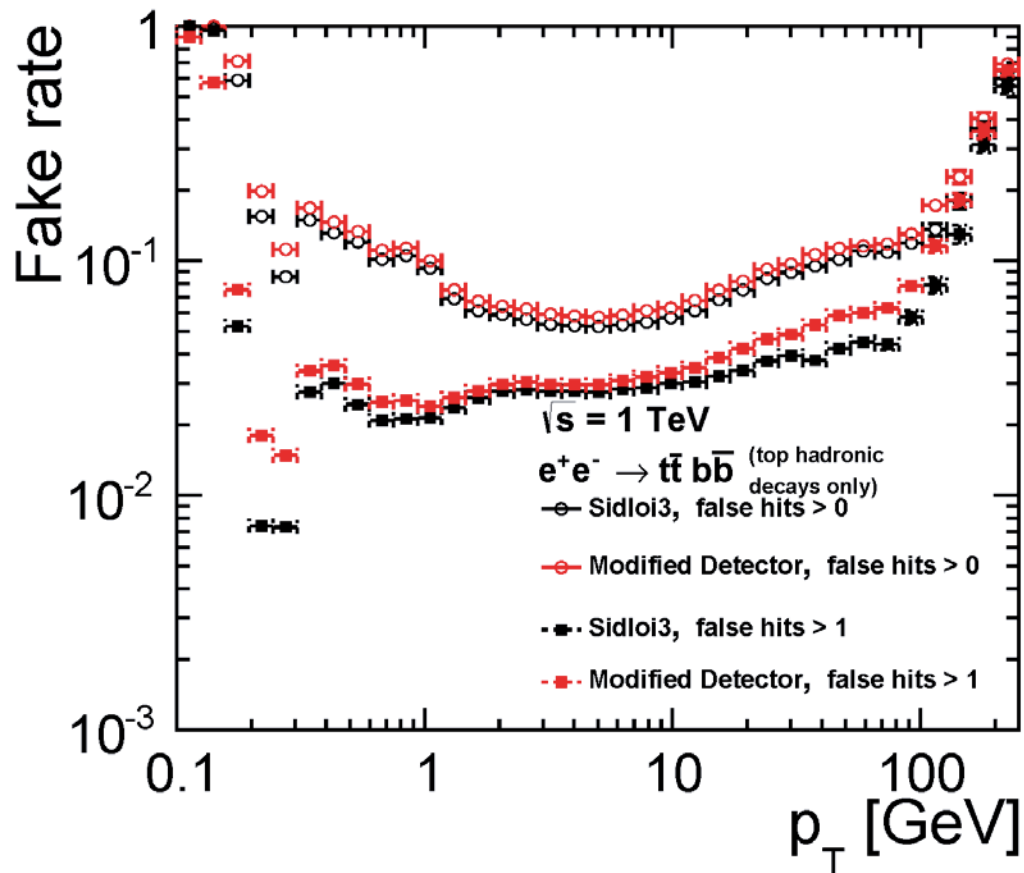
ttbb\_6q\_all,  $\sqrt{s} = 1$  TeV, Efficiency vs. Number of Hits



**Modified detector** shows lower efficiency for lower numbers of hits  
As numbers of hits increase, both detectors reach same peak efficiency

# Tracking Performance

ttbb\_6q\_all,  $\sqrt{s} = 1$  TeV, Fake Rate vs.  $p_T$

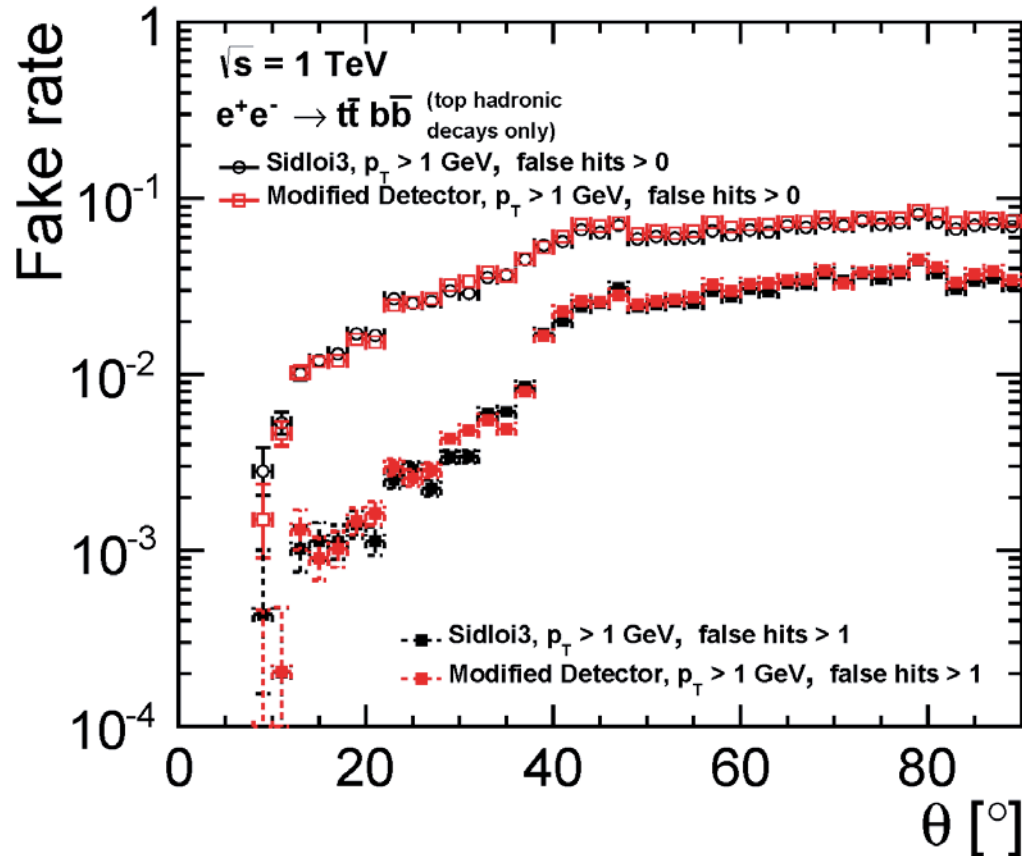


**Modified detector** shows higher fake rate for wide range of  $p_T$



# Tracking Performance

ttbb\_6q\_all,  $\sqrt{s} = 1$  TeV, Fake Rate vs.  $\theta$



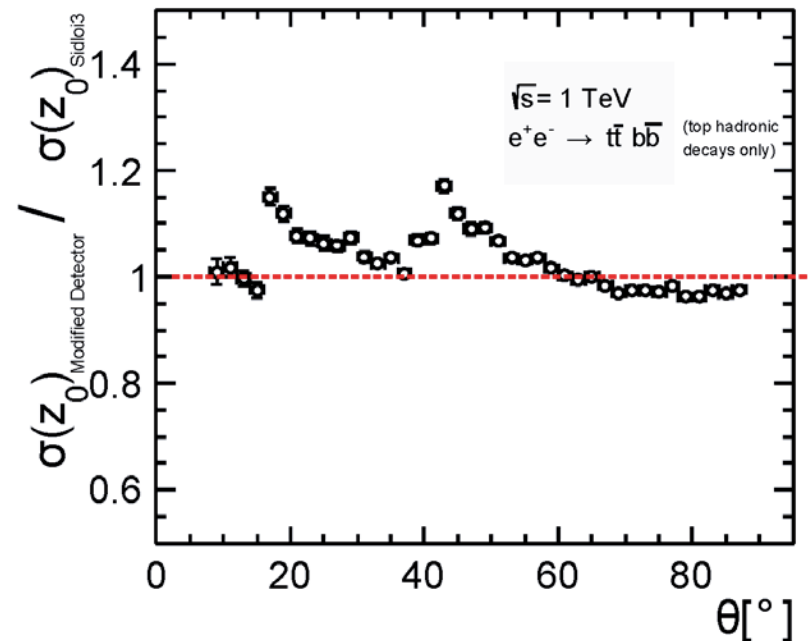
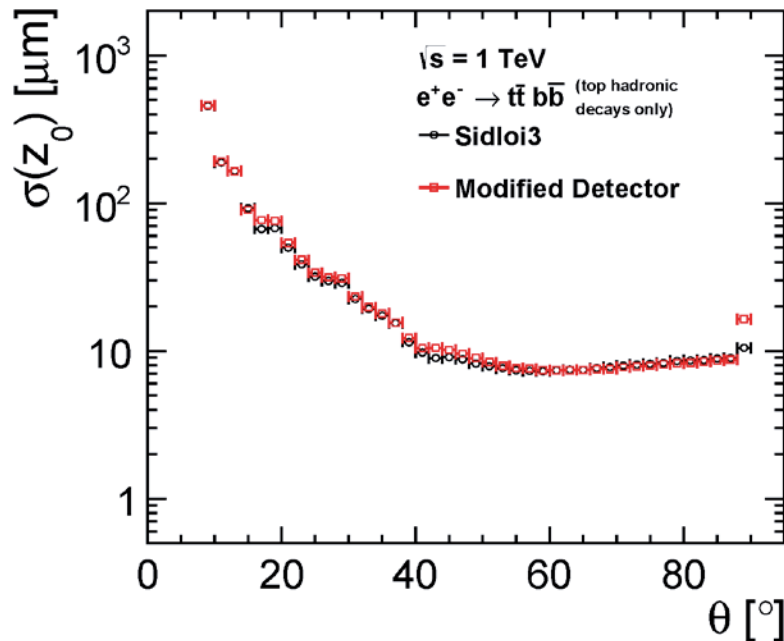
**Modified detector** shows higher fake rate for wide range of  $\theta$   
Difference in fake rate not as pronounced at low  $\theta$  ( $< 40^\circ$ )

# Tracking Performance

ttbb\_6q\_all,  $\sqrt{s} = 1$  TeV,  $\sigma(z_0)$  vs.  $\theta$

Z-axis Impact Parameter Resolution

$\sigma(z_0)_{\text{modified detector}} / \sigma(z_0)_{\text{sidloi3}}$



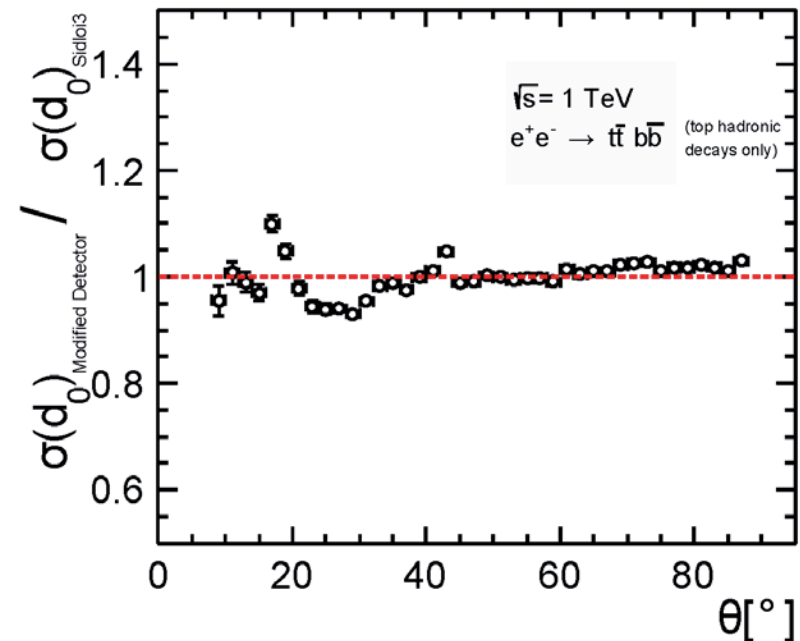
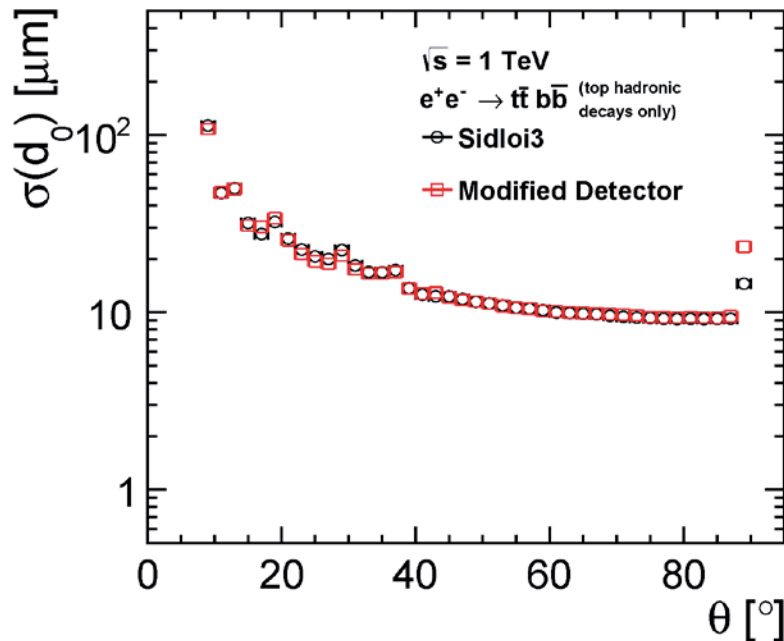
**Modified detector** shows slightly better z-axis impact parameter resolution for  $\theta > 60^\circ$ , worse z-axis impact parameter resolution for  $\theta < 60^\circ$

# Tracking Performance

ttbb\_6q\_all,  $\sqrt{s} = 1$  TeV,  $\sigma(d_0)$  vs.  $\theta$

## Transverse Impact Parameter Resolution

$\sigma(d_0)_{\text{modified detector}} / \sigma(d_0)_{\text{sidloi3}}$



No significant change in transverse impact parameter resolution

# Tracking Performance

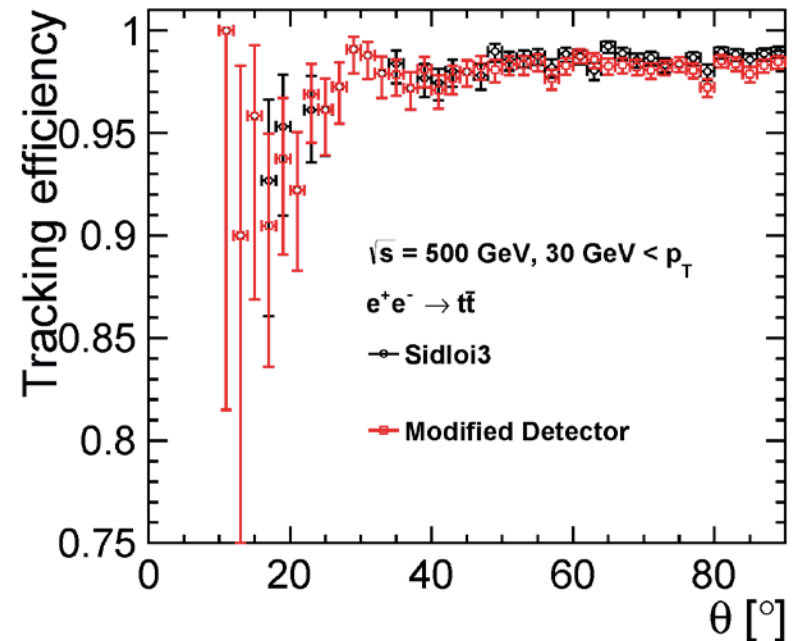
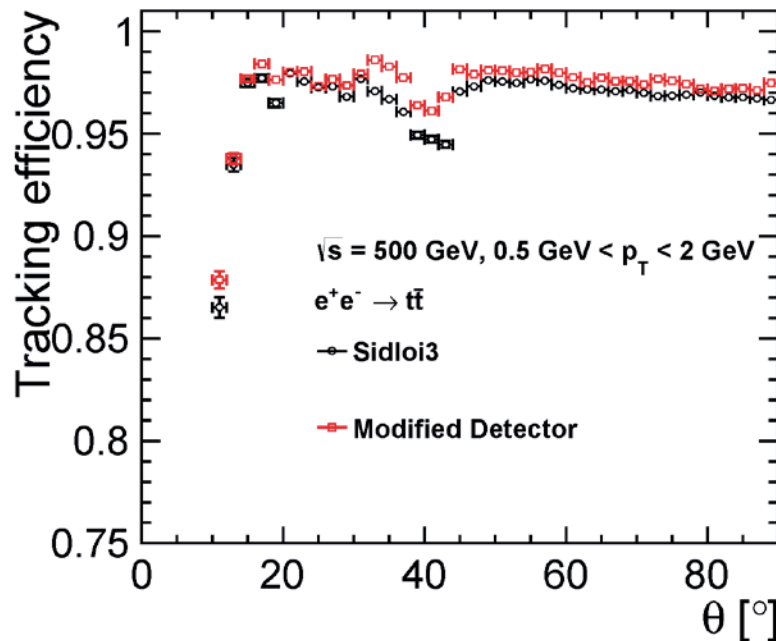
## 6f\_ttbar, $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV

# Tracking Performance

## 6f\_ttbar, $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV, Efficiency vs. $\theta$

$0.5 \text{ GeV} < p_T < 2 \text{ GeV}$

$p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$

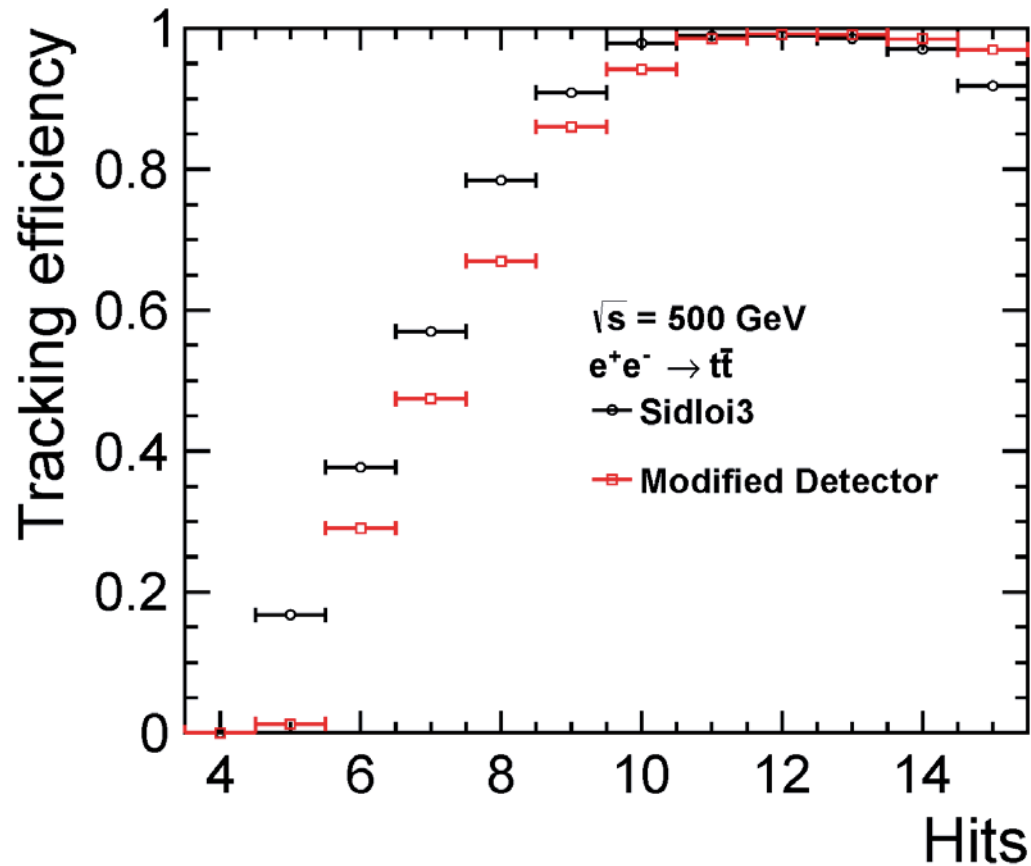


**Modified detector** shows slightly lower efficiency for  $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$  at  $\theta > 40^\circ$

**Modified detector** shows slightly higher efficiency for  $0.5 \text{ GeV} < p_T < 2 \text{ GeV}$  for  $\theta > 35^\circ$

# Tracking Performance

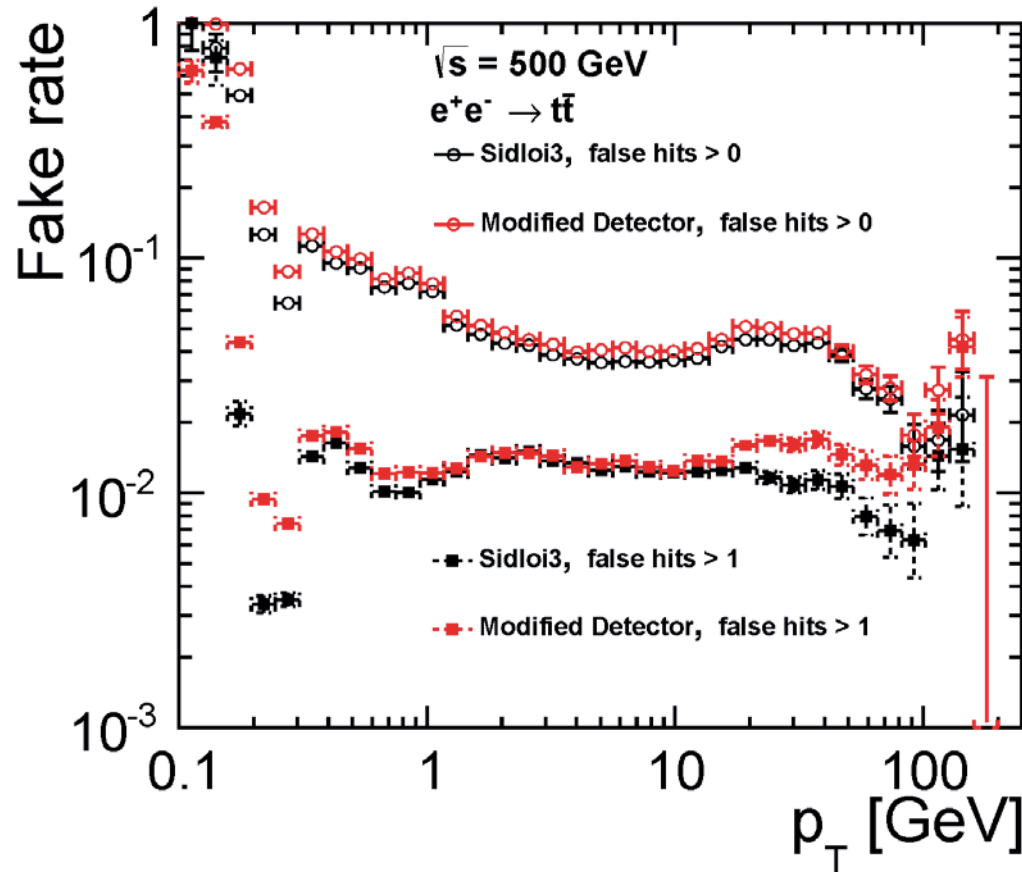
6f\_ttbar,  $\sqrt{s} = 500$  TeV, Efficiency vs. Number of Hits



**Modified detector** shows lower efficiency for lower numbers of hits  
As numbers of hits increase, both detectors reach same peak efficiency

# Tracking Performance

6f\_ttbar,  $\sqrt{s} = 500$  GeV, Fake Rate vs.  $p_T$

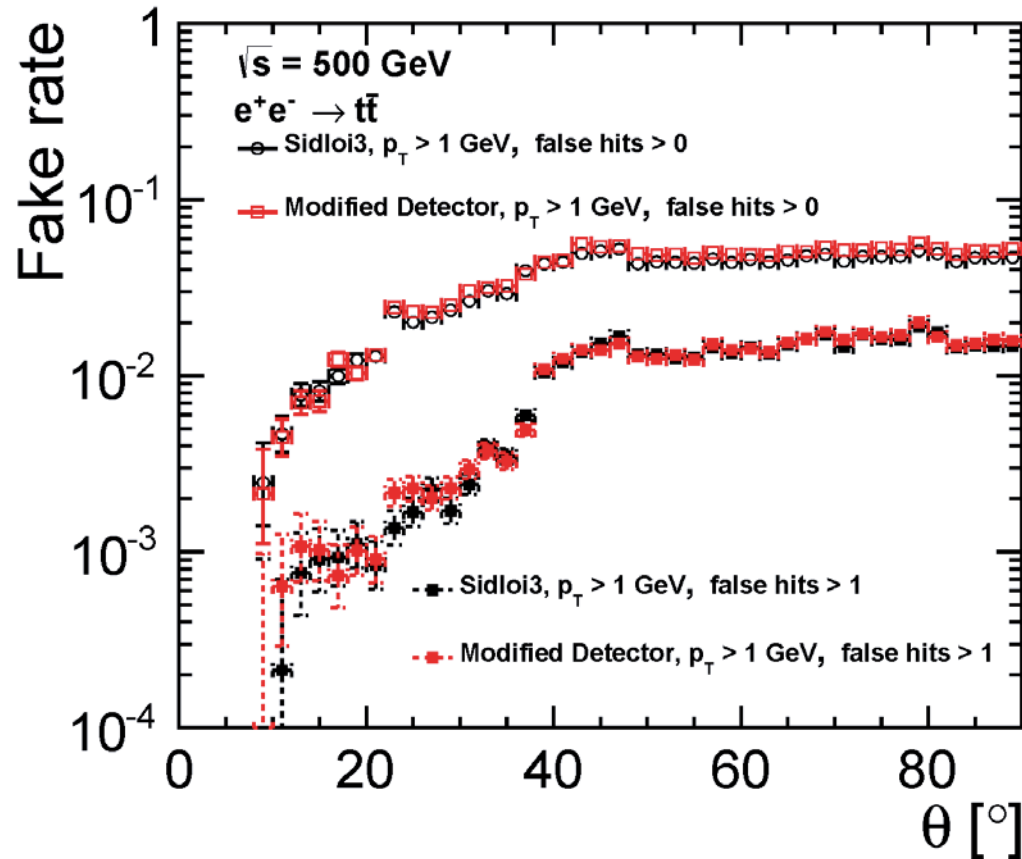


**Modified detector** shows higher fake rate wide range of  $p_T$   
Difference in fake rate not as pronounced for  $2 \text{ GeV} < p_T < 10 \text{ GeV}$



# Tracking Performance

6f\_ttbar,  $\sqrt{s} = 500$  GeV, Fake Rate vs.  $\theta$



**Modified detector** shows higher fake rate for  $5^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ$

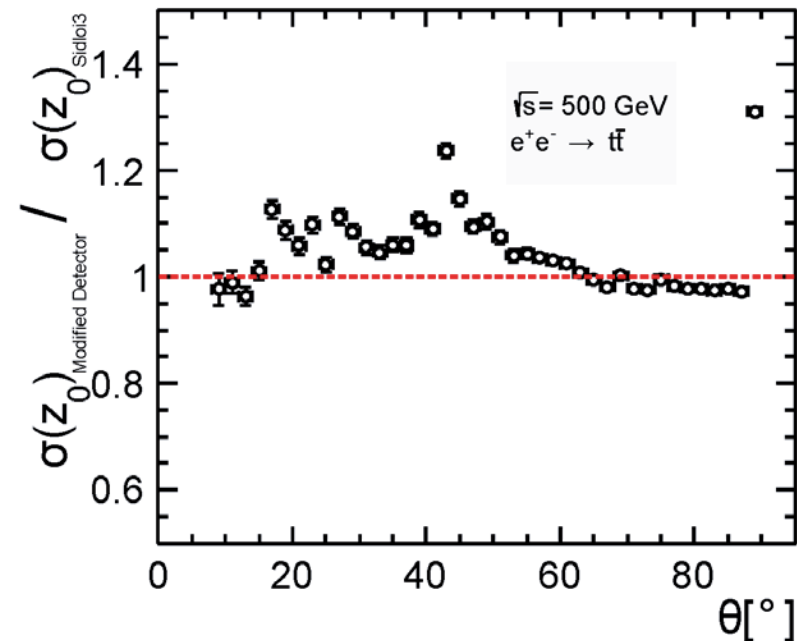
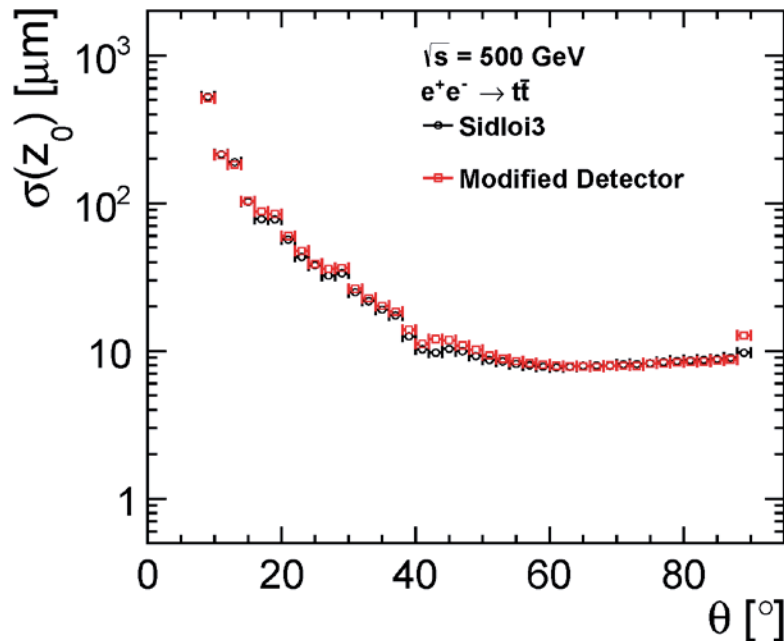
Difference in fake rate not as pronounced at  $\theta < 20^\circ$

# Tracking Performance

6f\_ttbar,  $\sqrt{s} = 500$  TeV,  $\sigma(z_0)$  vs.  $\theta$

Z-axis Impact Parameter Resolution

$\sigma(z_0)_{\text{modified detector}} / \sigma(z_0)_{\text{sidloi3}}$

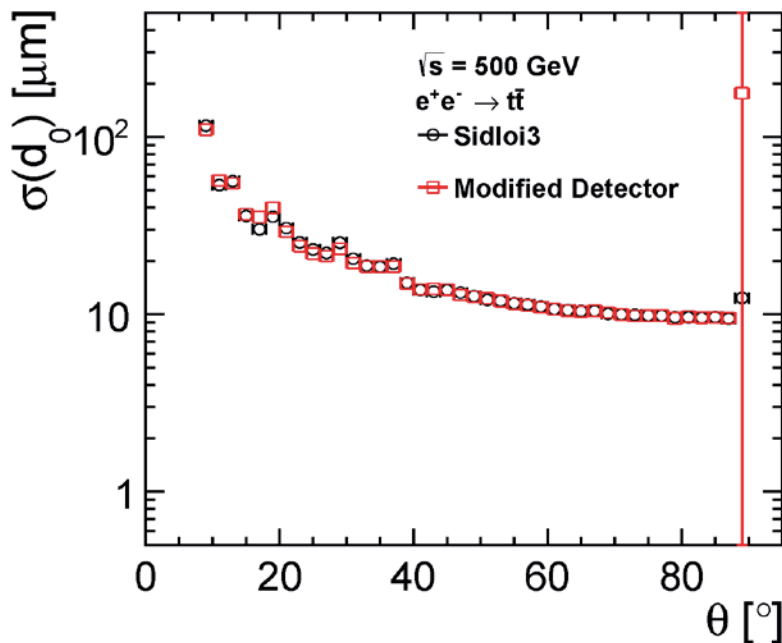


**Modified detector** shows slightly better z-axis impact parameter resolution  $\theta > 60^\circ$ , worse z-axis impact parameter resolution for  $\theta < 60^\circ$

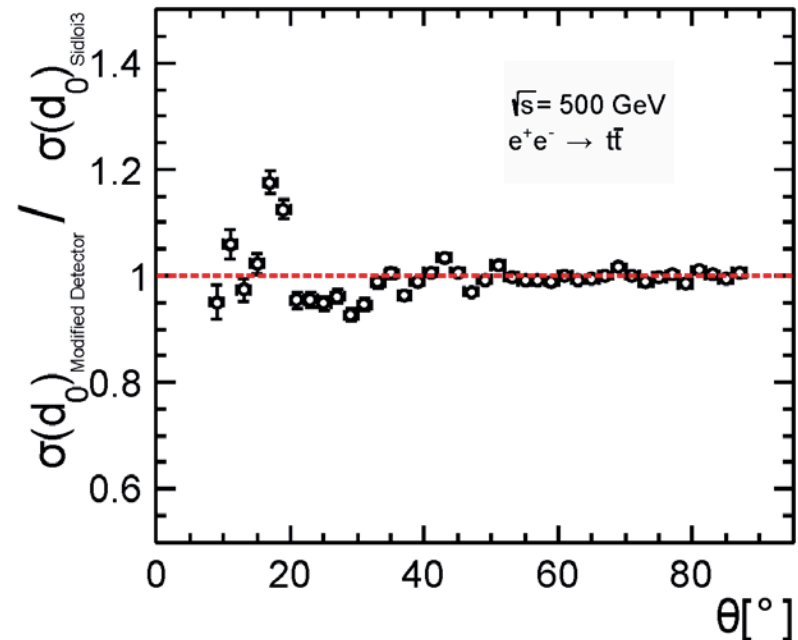
# Tracking Performance

6f\_ttbar,  $\sqrt{s} = 500$  TeV,  $\sigma(d_0)$  vs.  $\theta$

## Transverse Impact Parameter Resolution



$\sigma(d_0)_{\text{modified detector}} / \sigma(d_0)_{\text{sidloi3}}$



No significant change in transverse impact parameter resolution

# Summary

- Tracking performance of Sidloi3 with inner barrel modification
  - 5 single layers  $\rightarrow$  3 'doublet' layers (total 6 layers)
  - Rest of detector remains the same
- Single  $\mu^-$ , ttbb\_6q\_all at 1 TeV, 6f\_ttbar at 500 GeV
- Modified detector has higher fake rate for  $5^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ$ ,  $0.2 \text{ GeV} < p_T < 200 \text{ GeV}$
- Modified detector has higher efficiency for low  $p_T$  particles at  $\theta > 35^\circ$
- Modified detector has lower efficiency for low  $p_T$  muons at  $\theta < 30^\circ$
- Modified detector has lower efficiency for high  $p_T$  ( $> 30 \text{ GeV}$ ) particles at  $\theta > 40^\circ$
- Modified detector has better z-axis impact parameter resolution for  $\theta > 60^\circ$ , worse for  $\theta < 60^\circ$
- Other measures of performance (momentum resolution, transverse impact parameter resolution) similar for both detectors

# Conclusions

- Our studies indicate that:
  - Double layer geometry has a significantly higher fake rate for wide range of transverse momentum and polar angle
  - Double layer geometry performs worse for low momentum, low polar angle tracks
  - Double layer geometry performs slightly better for low momentum, high polar angle tracks
  - No conclusions yet for reduced material budget and pixelated tracker geometries
- Thanks to Christian Grefe for indispensable assistance, plotting code, software introduction
- Thanks to Lucie Linssen for my stay at CERN
- Thanks to Norman Graf, Jeremy McCormick for software help

# Additional Slides

# Some Analysis Details

- Findable particle definition:
  - Charged particles originating within  $\pm 5$  cm from interaction point with line-of-sight distance at least 5 cm
- Successfully reconstructed criterion:
  - Only tracks with at most one falsely assigned hit are considered successfully reconstructed
- Tracking efficiency =  $N_{\text{successfully reconstructed}} / N_{\text{findable}}$



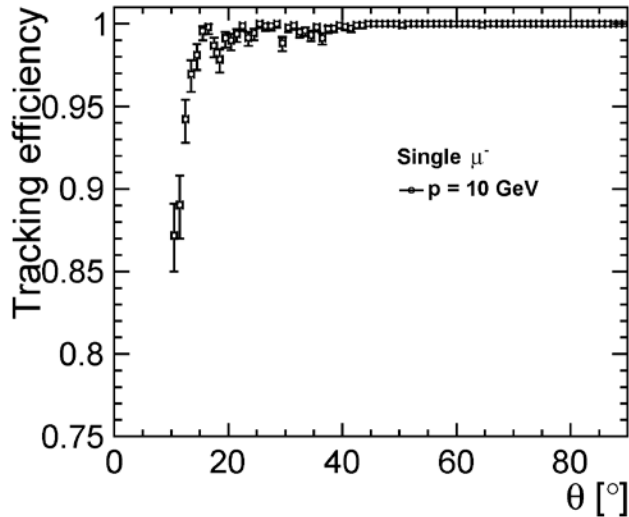
# Cuts for Acceptable Tracks for Tracking Strategies

- Default cuts:
  - $\text{MinPT} = 0.2$
  - $\text{MinHits} = 7$
  - $\text{MinConfirm} = 1$
  - $\text{MaxDCA} = 5.0$
  - $\text{MaxZ0} = 10.0$
  - $\text{MaxChisq} = 10.0$
  - $\text{BadHitChisq} = 5.0$
- Starting strategy cut (barrel only, for low momentum, high polar angle particles)
  - $\text{MinHits} = 6$
  - Rest is same as default cuts

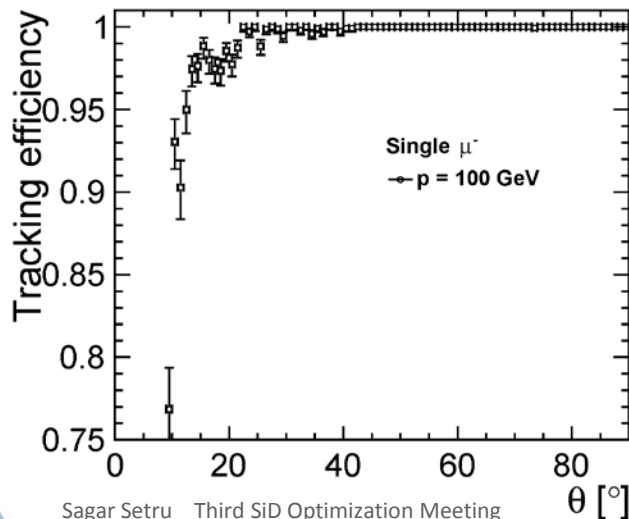
# Comparison to Sidloi3 Muon DBD Plots (Software check)

## Single $\mu^-$ , Efficiency vs. $\theta$

DBD plots

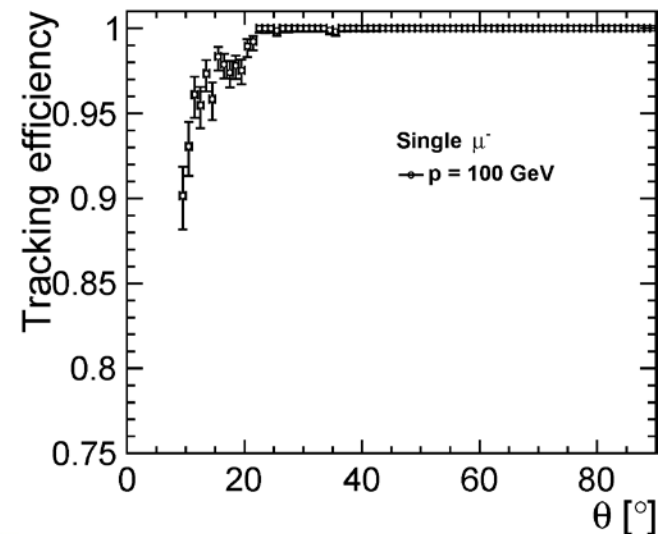
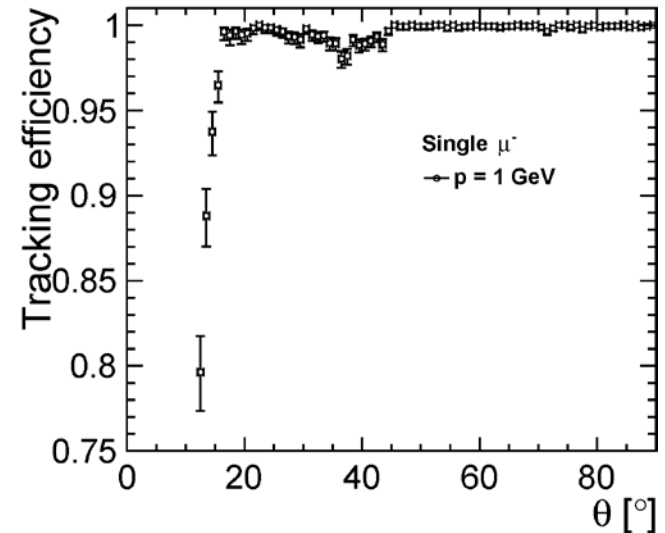


$p = 10$  GeV



$p = 100$  GeV

Our plots

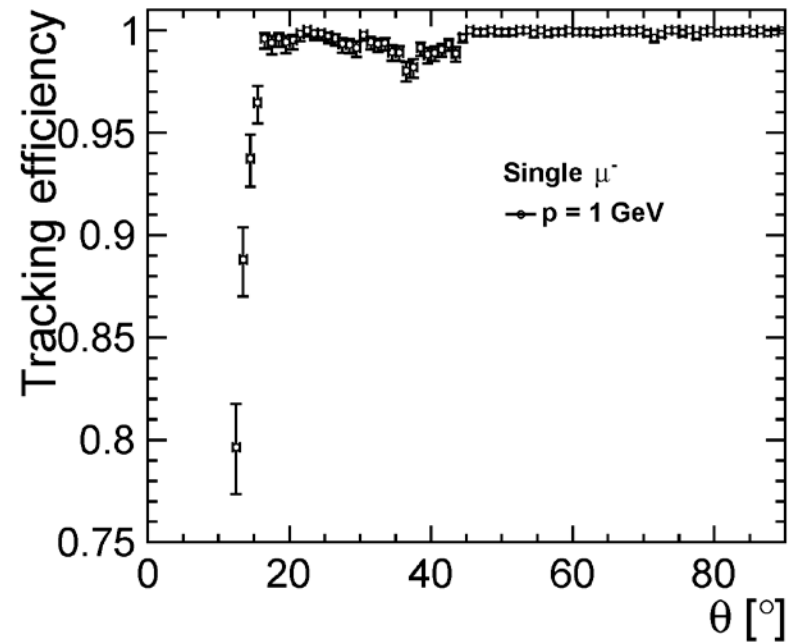
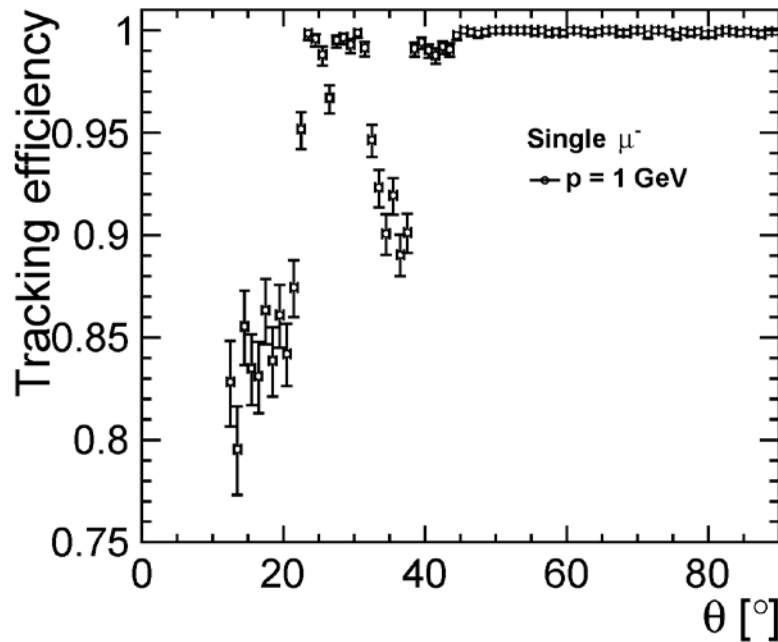


# Discrepancy with Sidloi3 Muon DBD

## Single $\mu^-$ , 1 GeV, Efficiency vs. $\theta$

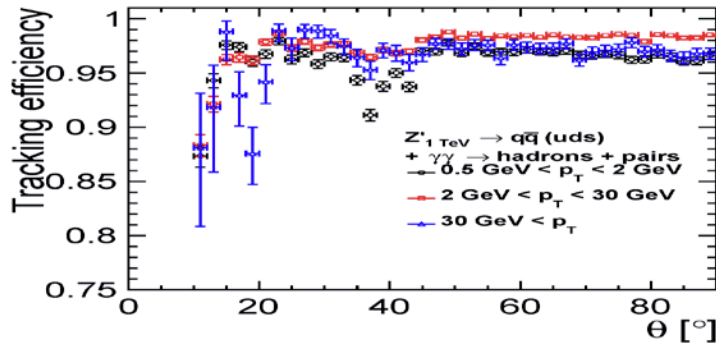
DBD Plots

Our Plots

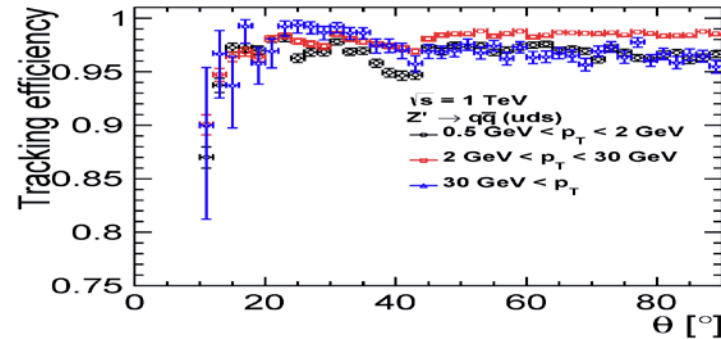


# Comparison to Sidloi3 Z\_qq\_uds, 1 TeV DBD Plots (Software check)

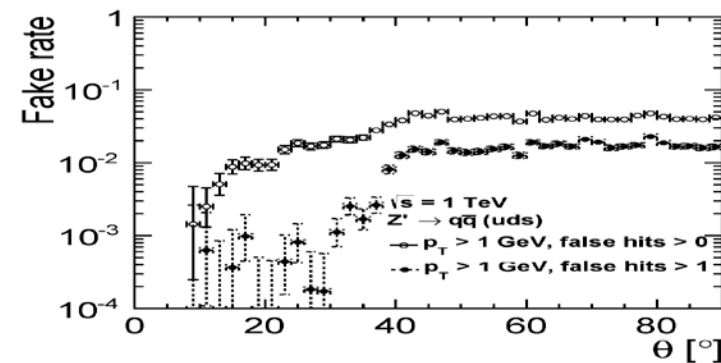
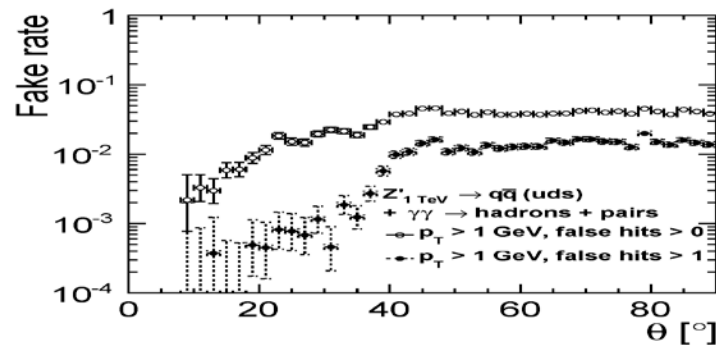
DBD



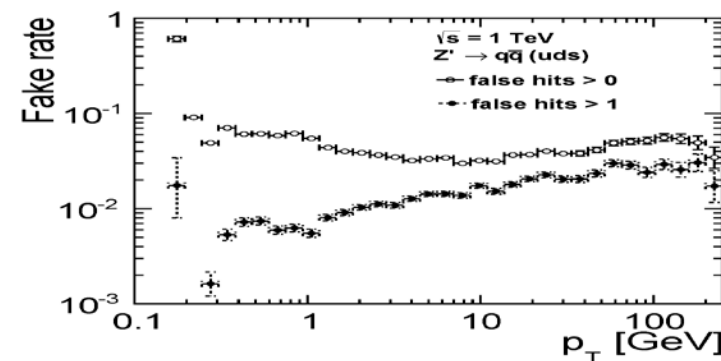
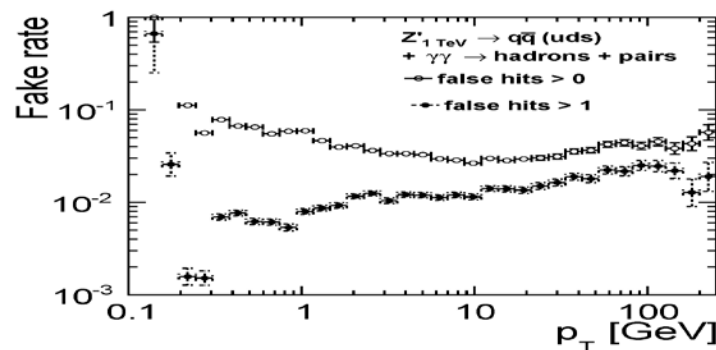
Our plots



Efficiency vs.  $\theta$



Fake Rate vs.  $\theta$



Fake Rate vs.  $p_T$

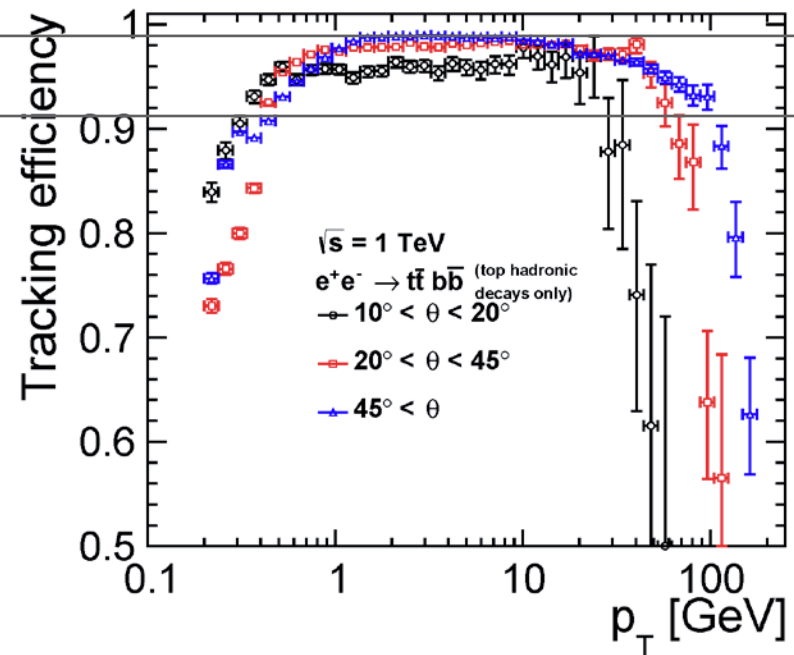
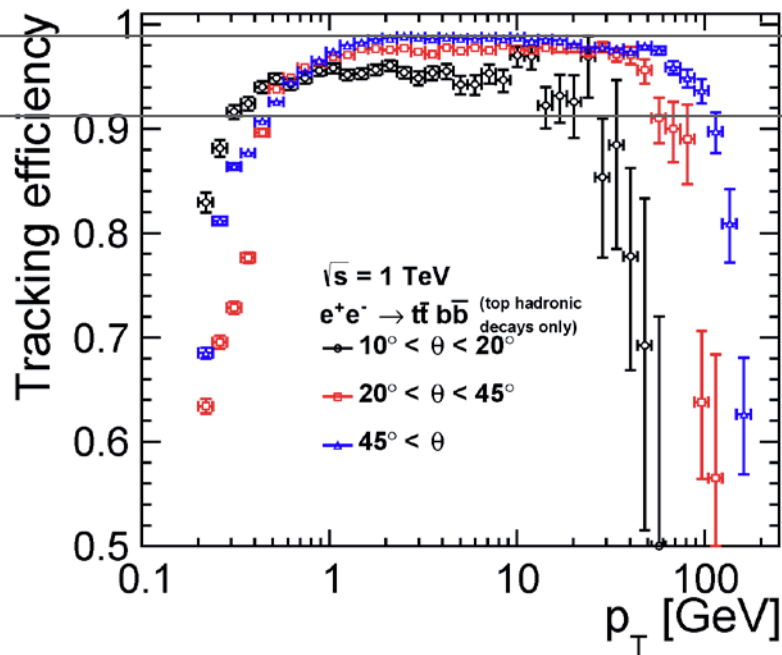
(Our data do not include beam induced background.)

# Tracking Performance

ttbb\_6q\_all,  $\sqrt{s} = 1$  TeV, Efficiency vs.  $p_T$

Sidloi3

Modified Detector

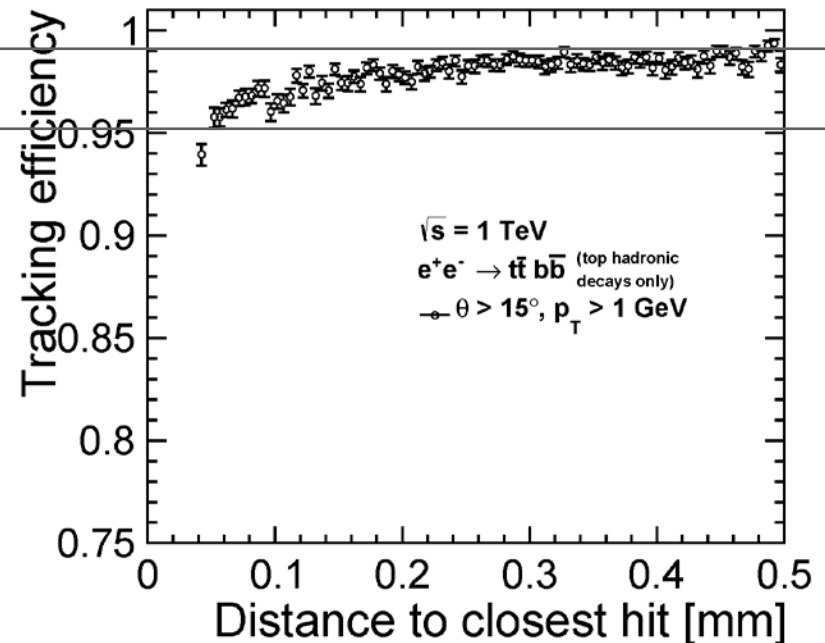
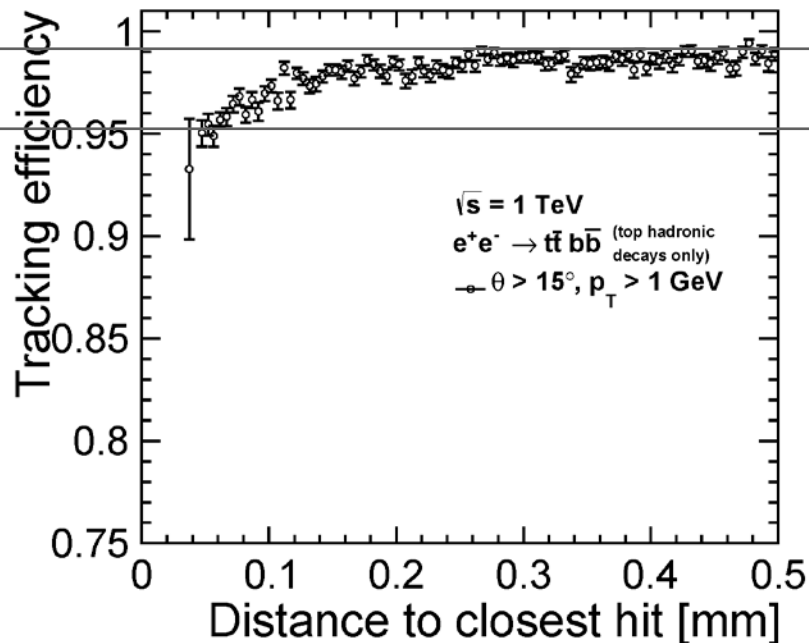


# Tracking Performance

ttbb\_6q\_all,  $\sqrt{s} = 1$  TeV, Efficiency vs. Distance to Closest Hit

Sidloi3

Modified Detector

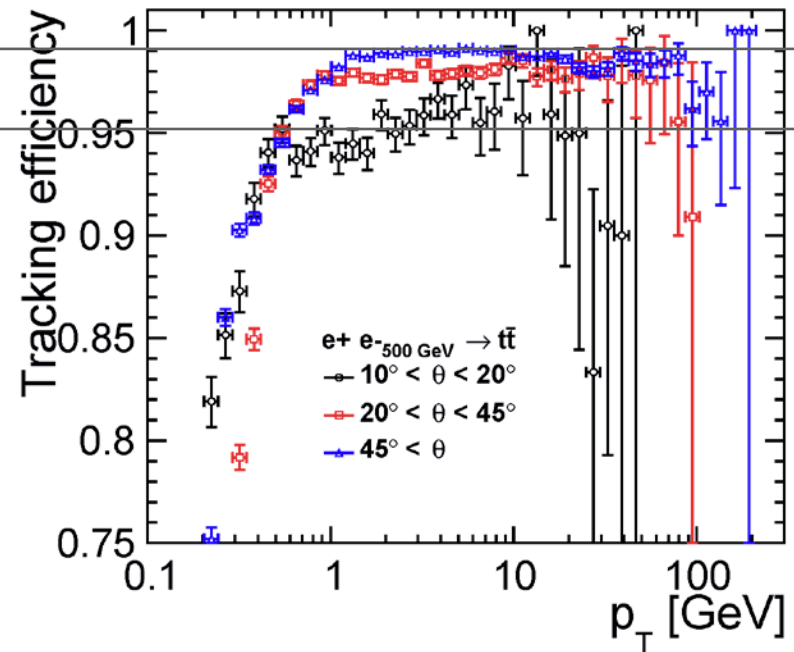
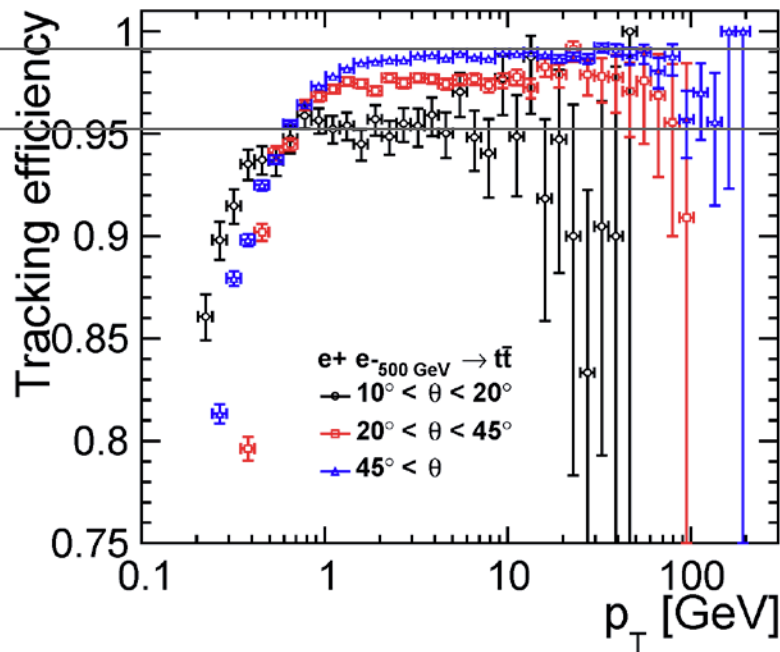


# Tracking Performance

6f\_ttbar,  $\sqrt{s} = 500$  GeV, Efficiency vs.  $p_T$

Sidloi3

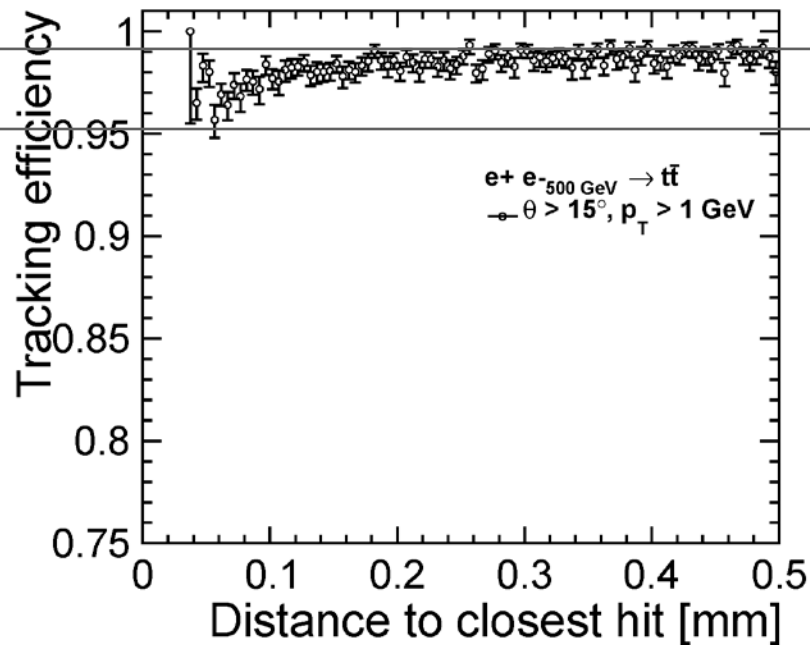
Modified Detector



# Tracking Performance

6f\_ttbar,  $\sqrt{s} = 500$  GeV, Efficiency vs. Distance to Closest Hit

Sidloi3



Modified Detector

