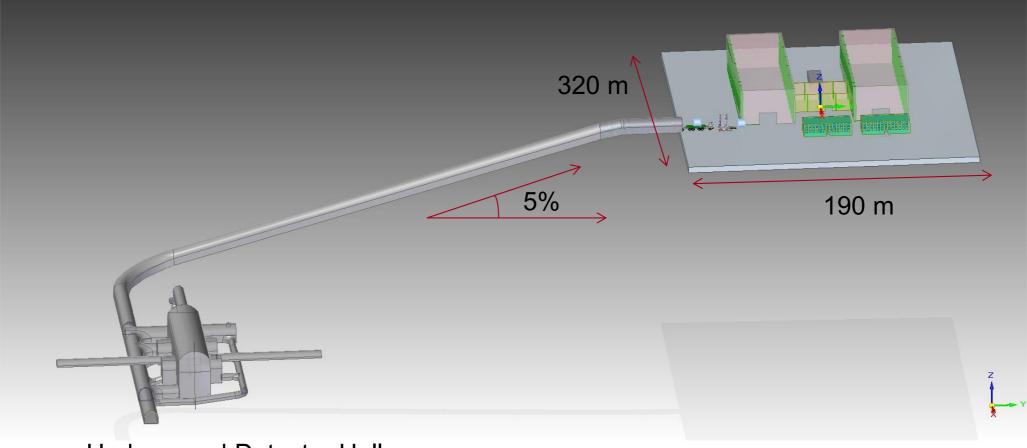
ILC Interaction Region Configuration Change Request

LCWS14, Belgrade Karsten Buesser 09.10.2014

Baseline Detector Hall Scenario (TDR)



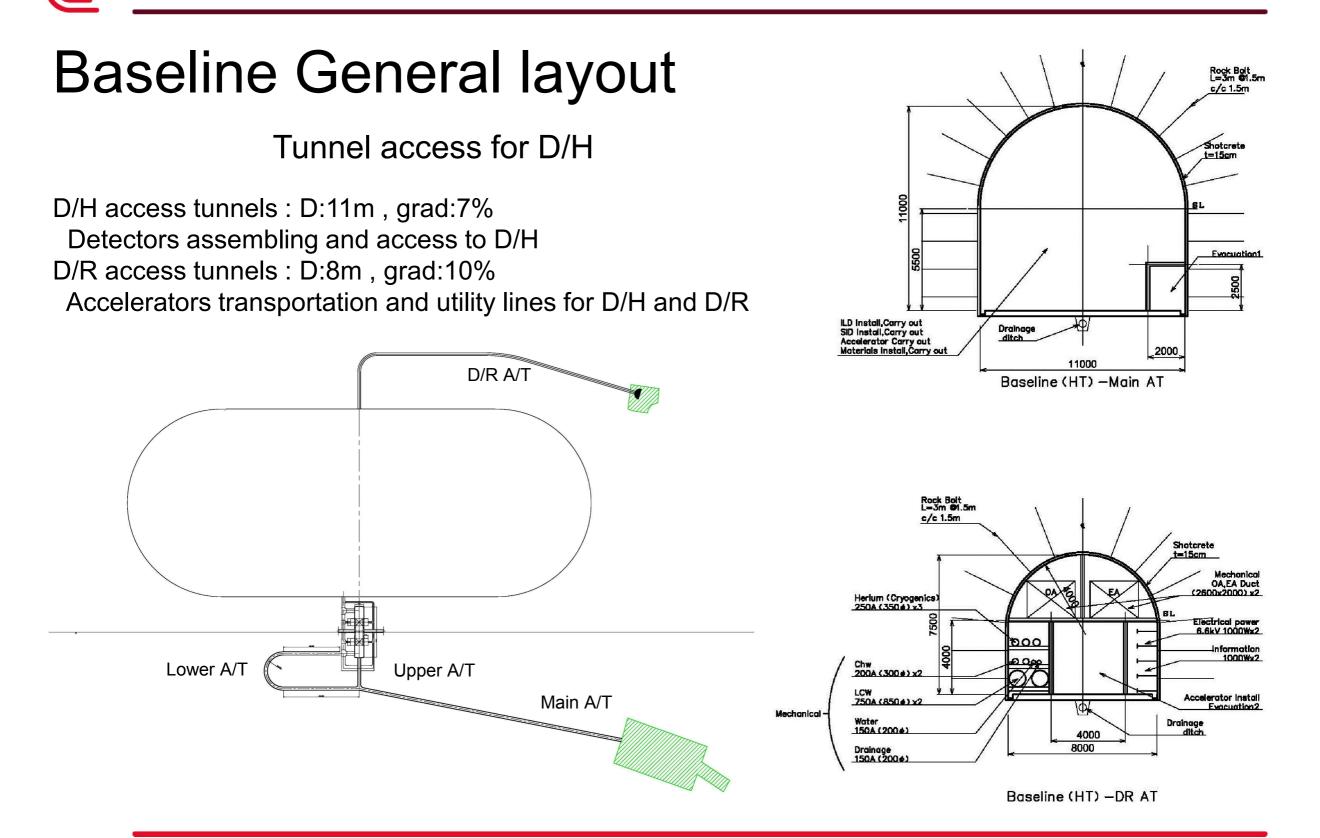
- TDR assumed Japanese site would be very mountainous no flat top area to place a surface installation atop the underground areas
- Access to underground areas via horizontal tunnel of ~1km length and up to 10% slope
- Detector installation mostly underground



Undergound Detector Hall

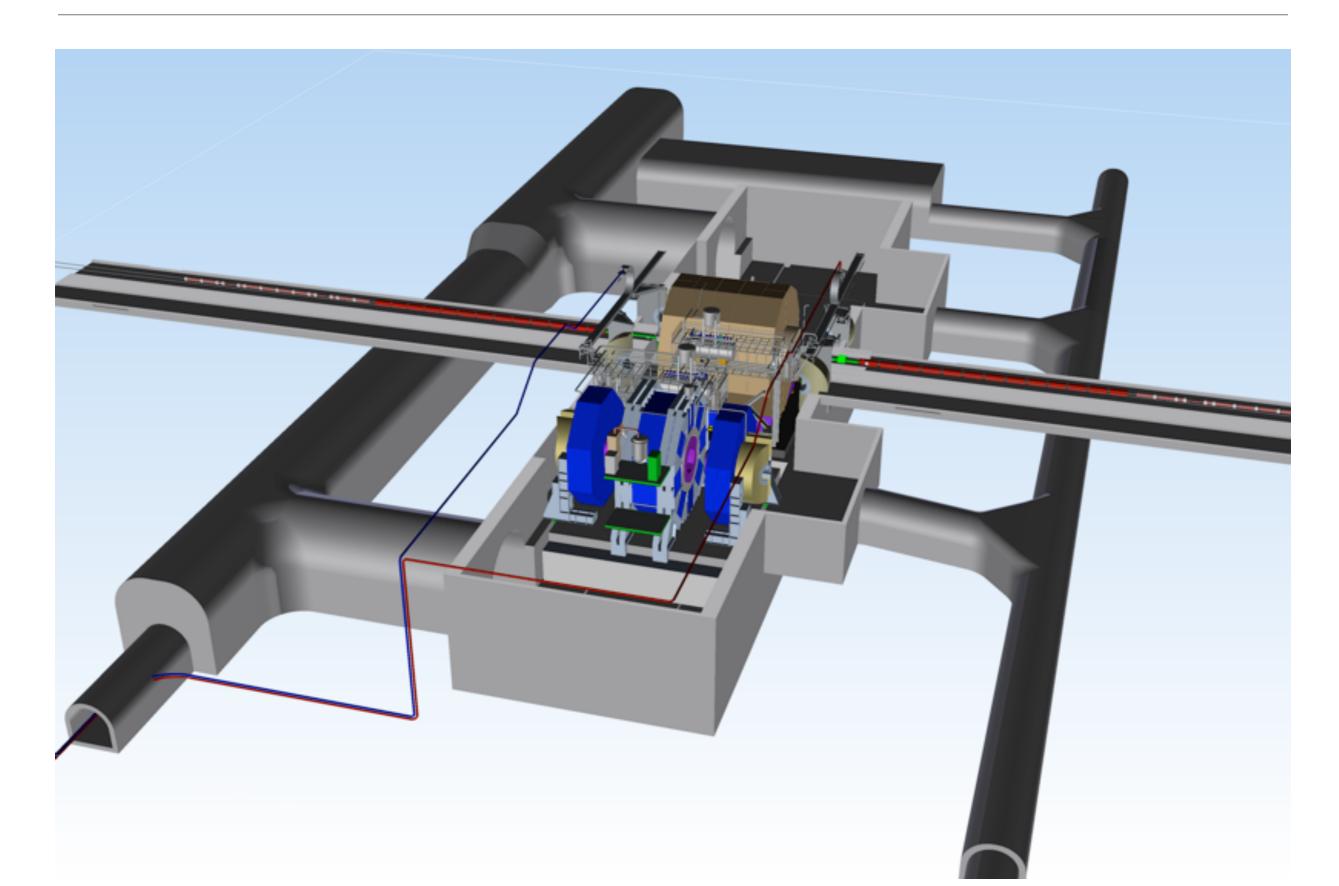






TDR Interaction Region

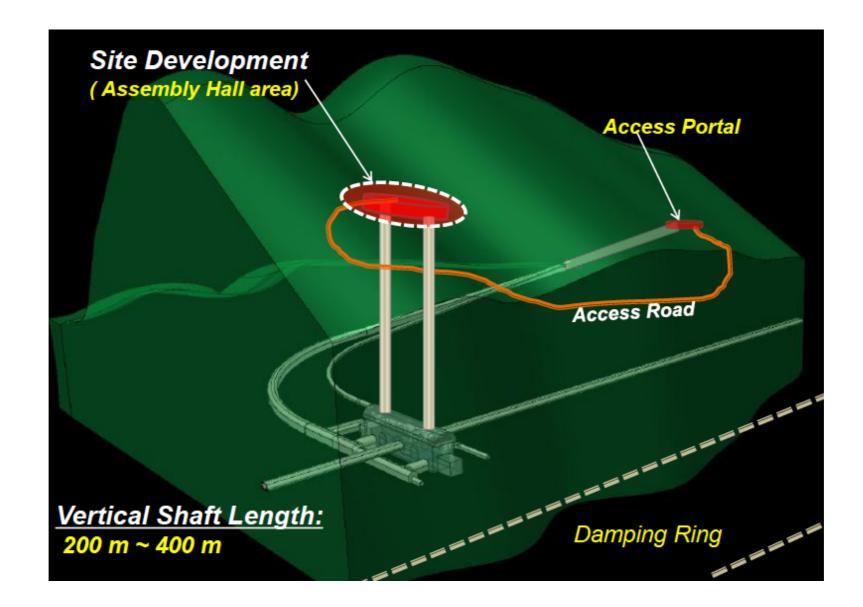




Kitakami Site



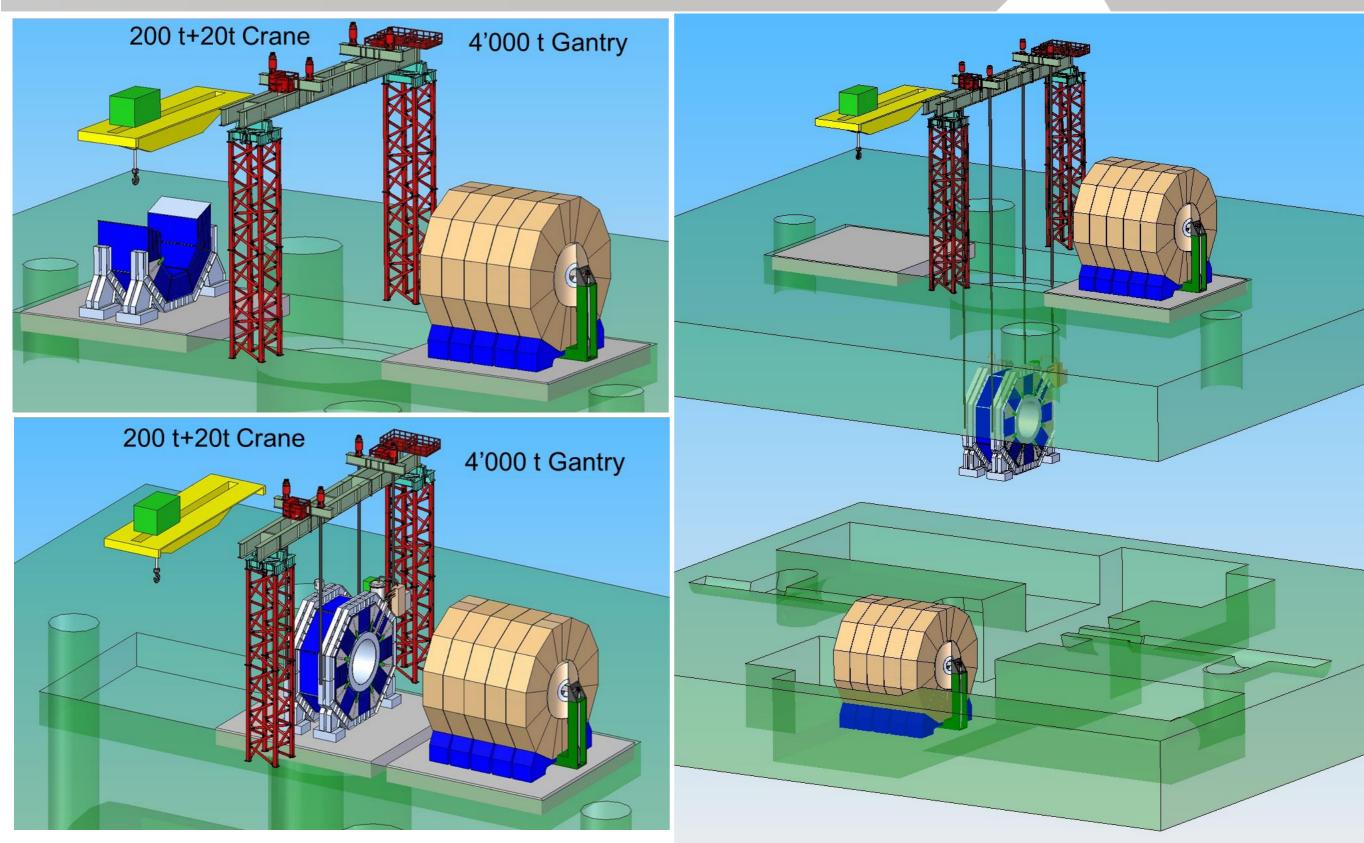
- Site in Kitakami has no steep mountains around the interaction area
- Vertical access to underground areas seems possible
- CFS and MDI groups started initiative at LCWS13 to look into this



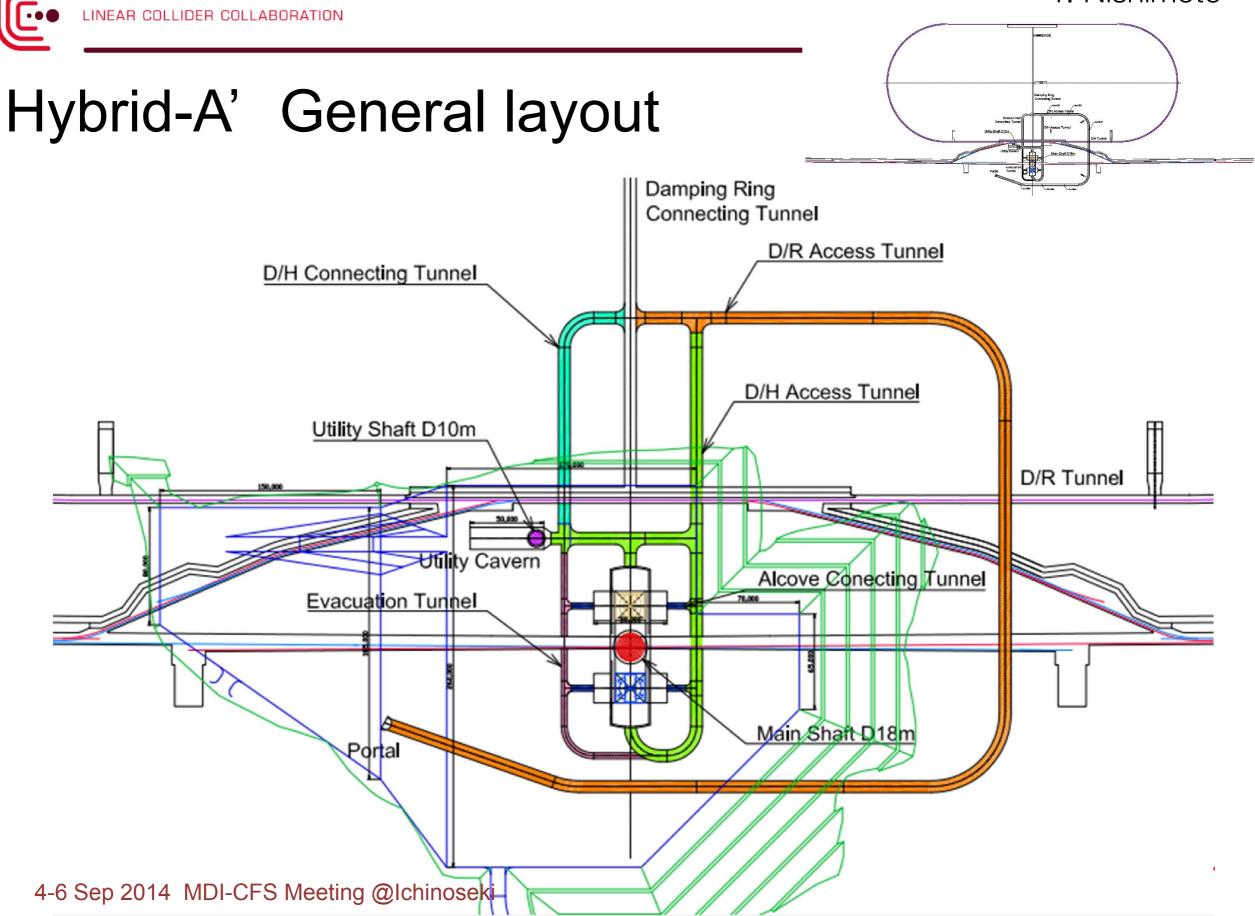
M. Oriunno

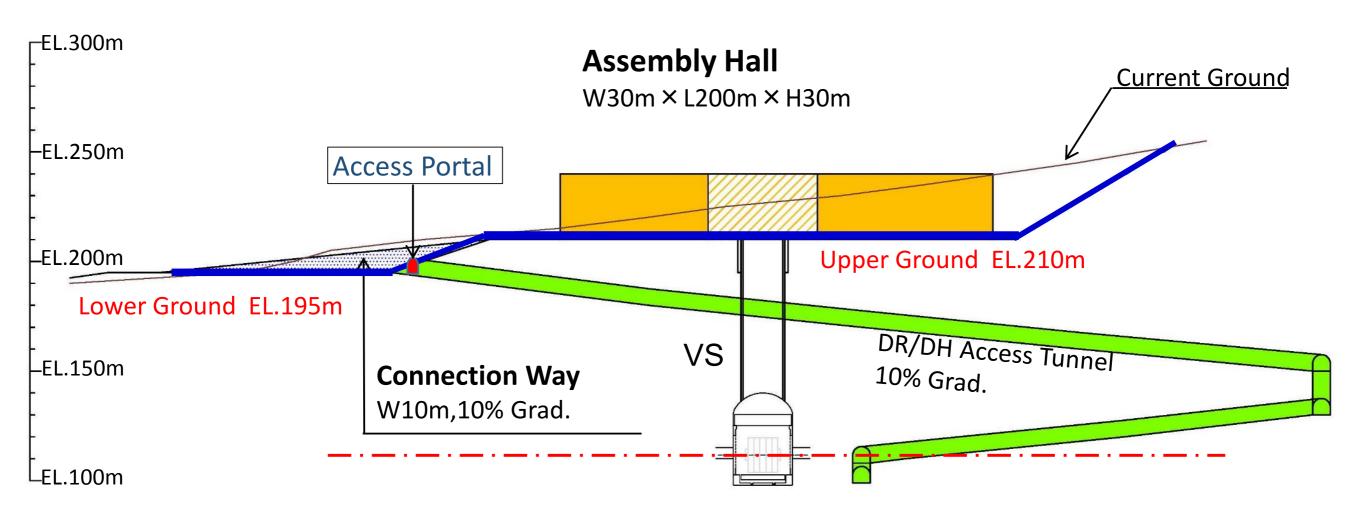
Option #1: Vertical shafts





Y. Nishimoto



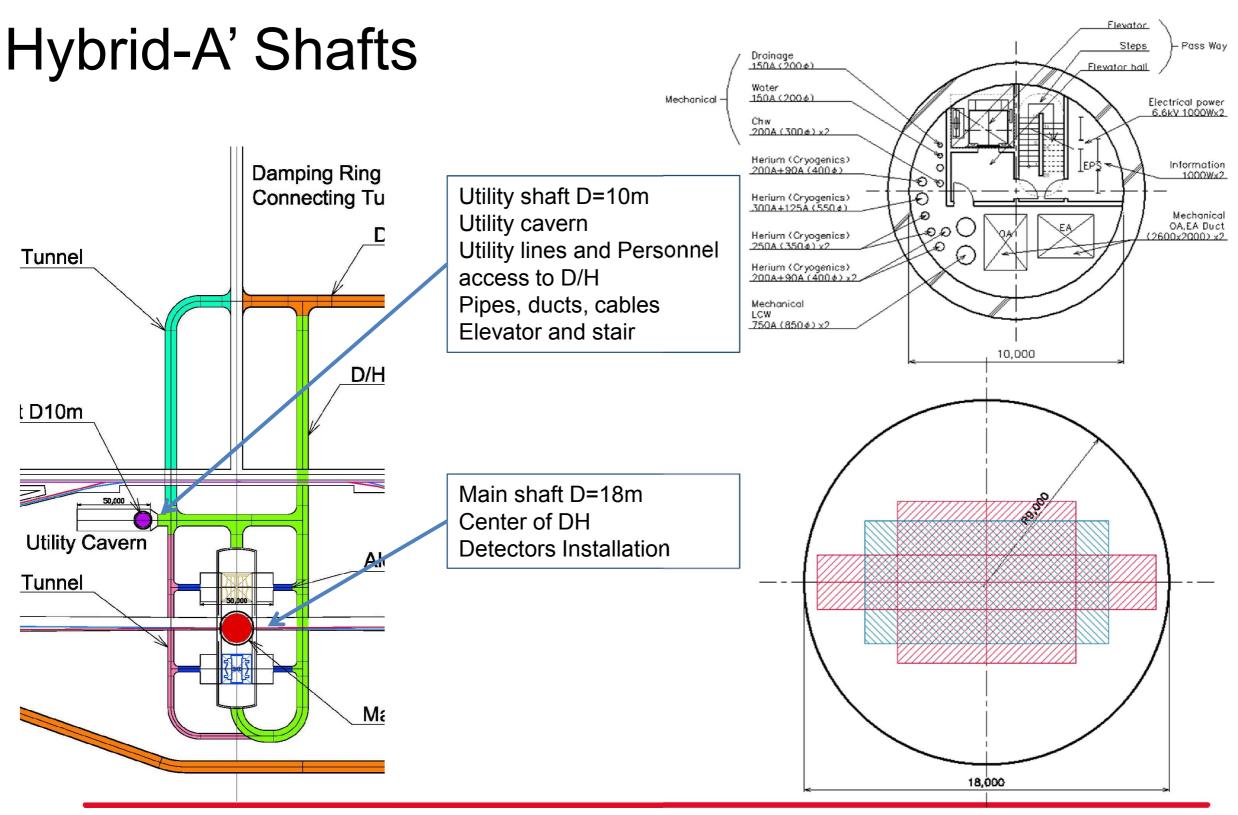


Longitudinal section

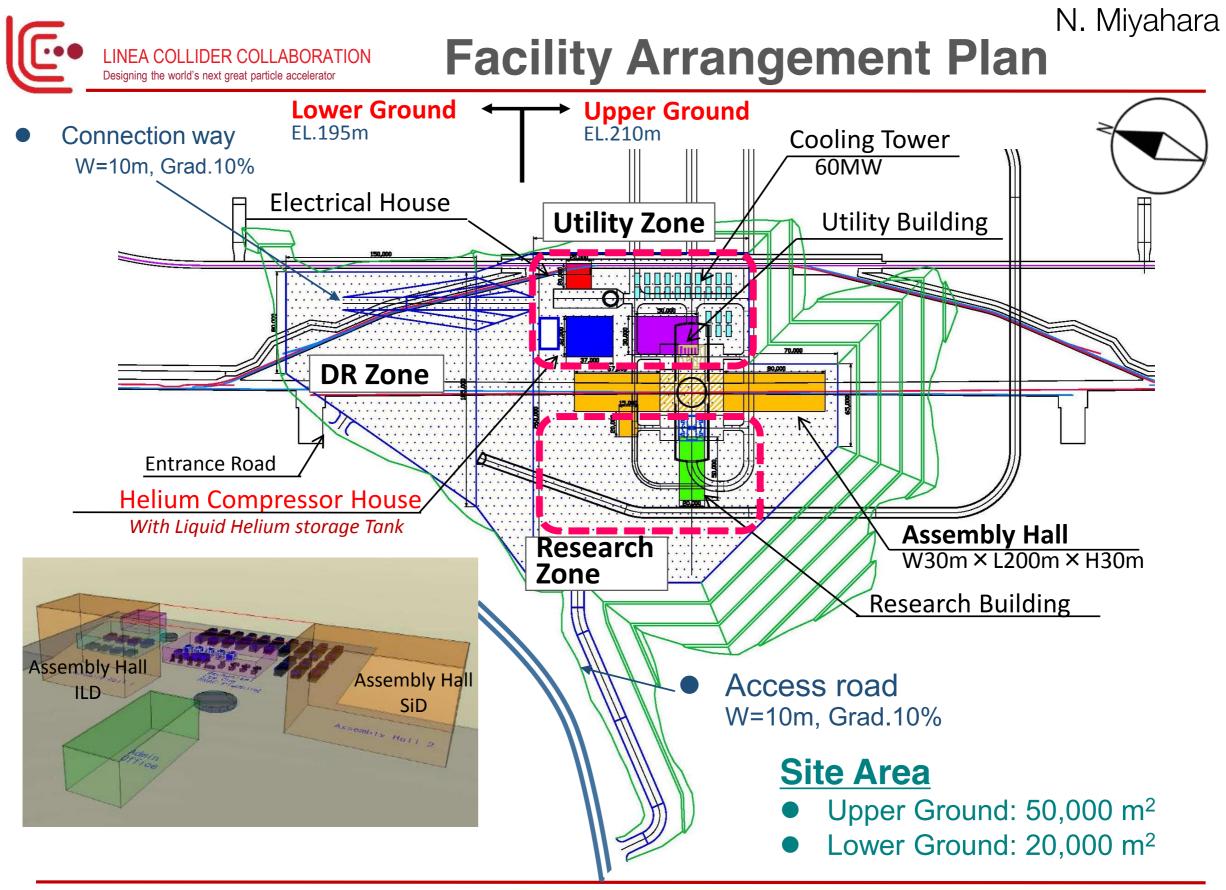
LINEAR COLLIDER COLLABORATION

[[••]]

Y. Nishimoto



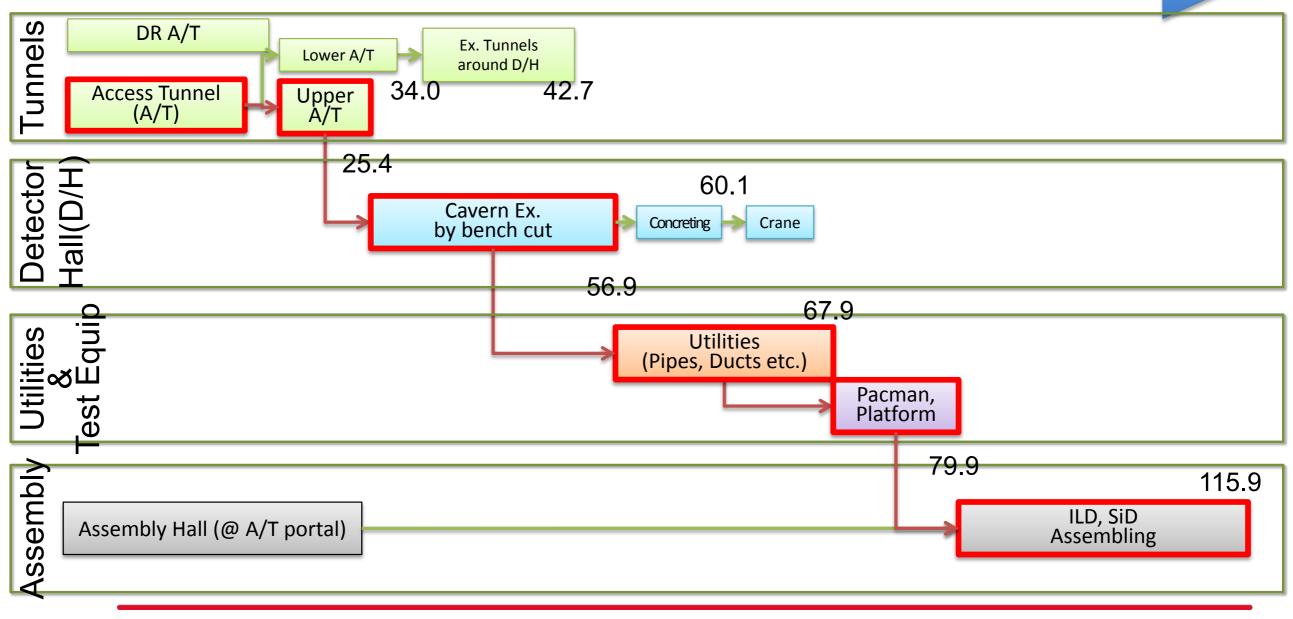
4-6 Sep 2014 MDI-CFS Meeting @Ichinoseki





Outline of the Detector Hall (D/H) construction procedure - Baseline Design -

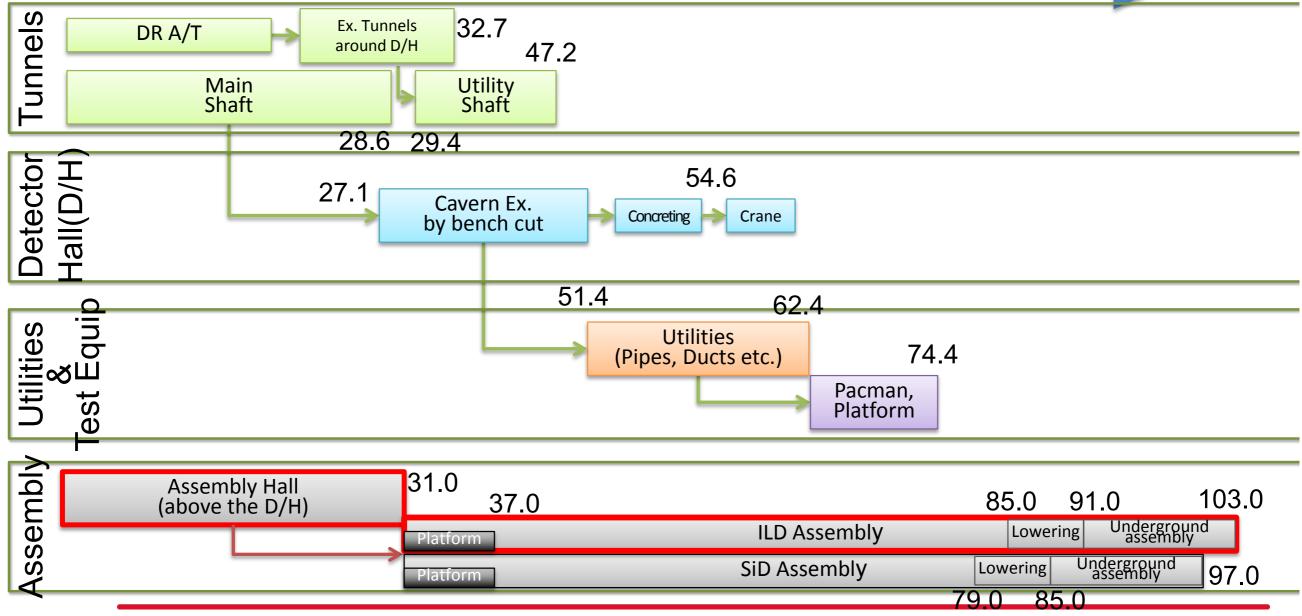
Time-line (const. period: 115.9 months)





Outline of the Detector Hall (D/H) construction procedure - Hybrid A' Design -





MDI-CFS Meeting - Ichinoseki City, JAPAN

Ŀ.

ilr

IIL

- Content is the result of the consensus that has been reached at the MDI/CFS workshop in Ichinoseki
- Draft has been discussed
 - in CFS/MDI phone meetings
 - within ILD, SiD
 - within LCCPDeb
 - at an open session in this workshop
- we have consensus!



LINEAR COLLIDER COLLABORATION Designing the world's next great particle accelerator

CHANGE	EDMS No:	Created: 16-09-2014
REQUEST NO. ILC-CR-000N	D0000000xxxxxxx	Last modified: 24-09-2014

DETECTOR HALL WITH VERTICAL SHAFT ACCESS

Change the underground experimental hall to a design that has a large vertical shaft and allows for the "CMS style" assembly of the detectors.

RATIONALE

Introduction

The baseline (TDR) design of the interaction region (IR) for the ILC in Japan foresees an underground experimental hall that can be accessed only via a horizontal O(1km) long tunnel of ~11m width and a slope of O(7%). This has been defined before the Kitakami site has been selected for the ILC in Japan under the assumption that any Japanese site would be in a mountainous area that does not allow to have an assembly and maintenance area directly on top of the underground IR. The Kitakami site, however, allows to find a position for the IR that has a reasonably flat area above the IR and where a vertical shaft of O(70m) length could be built to access the underground areas.





- In very collaborative efforts we have found an optimised IR design for the Kitakami site
- Detectors assembled mostly on surface
 - especially the magnet systems solenoids, yokes
- Underground area with
 - one central detector assembly shaft (18m)
 - service shaft for detectors and machine (10m)
 - horizontal tunnel (8m) for damping ring and detector hall access
- Agreement between all involved: MDI, CFS, ILD, SiD, ILC...
- Submission of change request document is first step in change control process
 - more detailed information will be provided on request by the Change Management Board