First Look at Data from New Frascati Phase Monitor

Jack Roberts

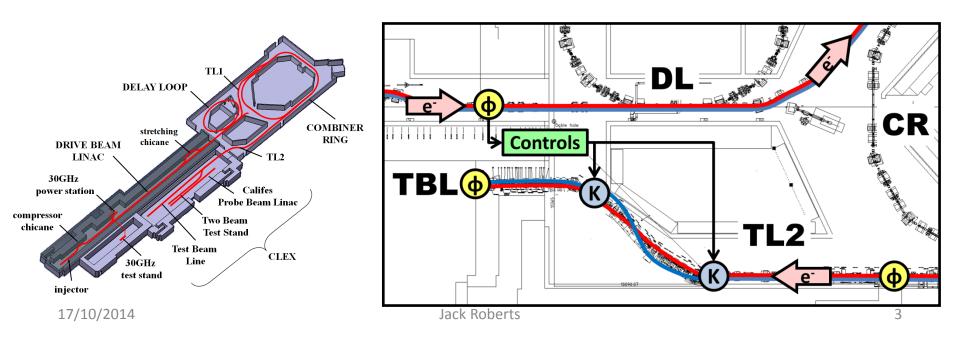
Intro

- 2 new Frascati monitors have been installed:
 - 1 upstream at the end of the linac (neighbouring the old monitor).
 - One downstream of TL2 in TBL.

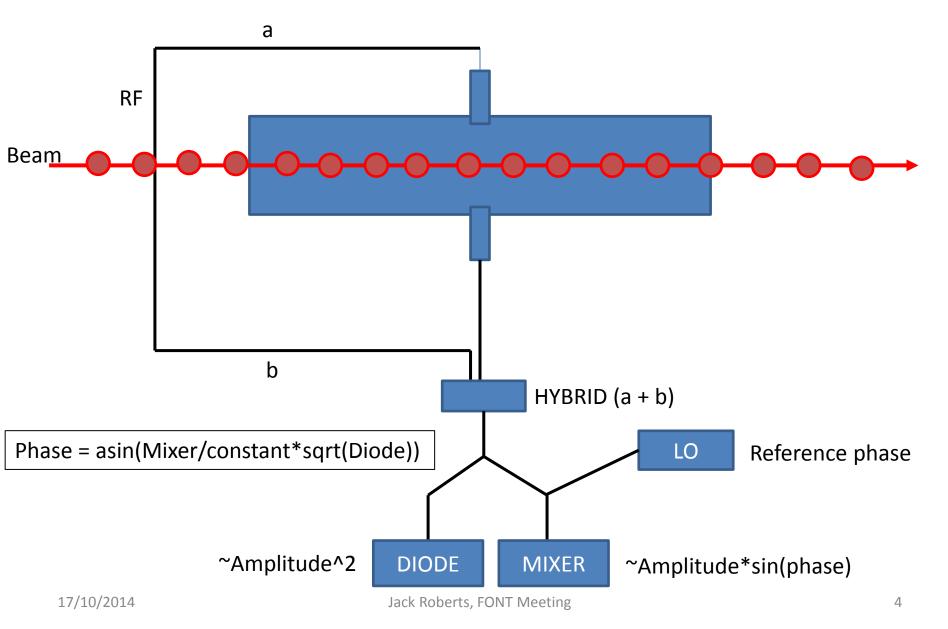
 We took some with the two upstream monitors (new and old) a couple of weeks ago to perform initial cross checks, calibrations etc.

Phase Feedforward Prototype at CTF3

- Phase = difference between time of arrival of bunch and expected/ideal time of arrival
- Phase feedforward system: stabilise phase to 0.2 degrees of 12 GHz (~50fs).
- Correct phase by varying path length of beam through chicane.

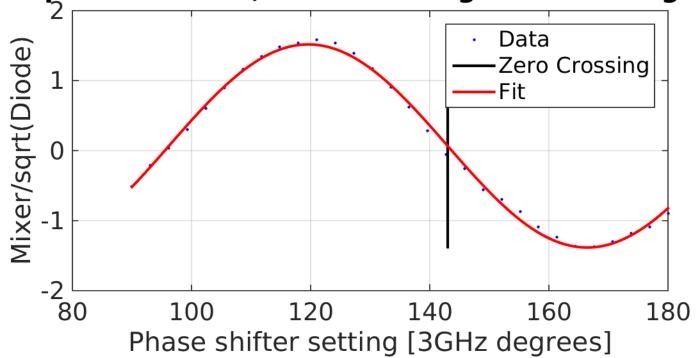


Phase monitors



Old Monitor - Calibration

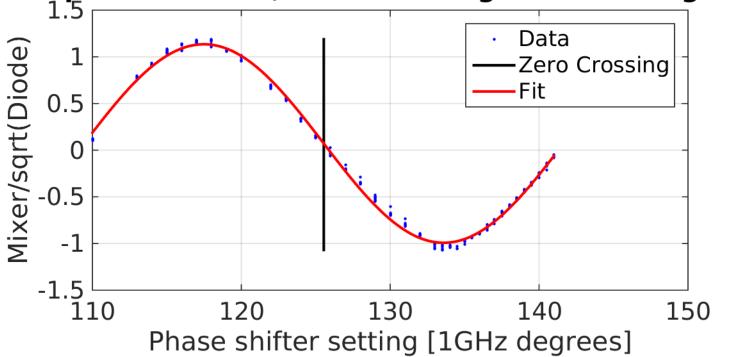
Amplitude: 1.450, Zero Crossing: 143.016 degrees



- LO scan
- Connected to remote phase shifter.

New Monitor – Calibration (Mean)

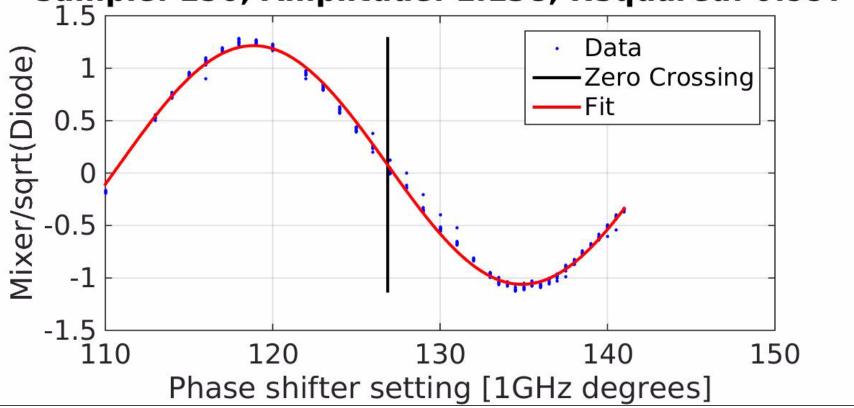




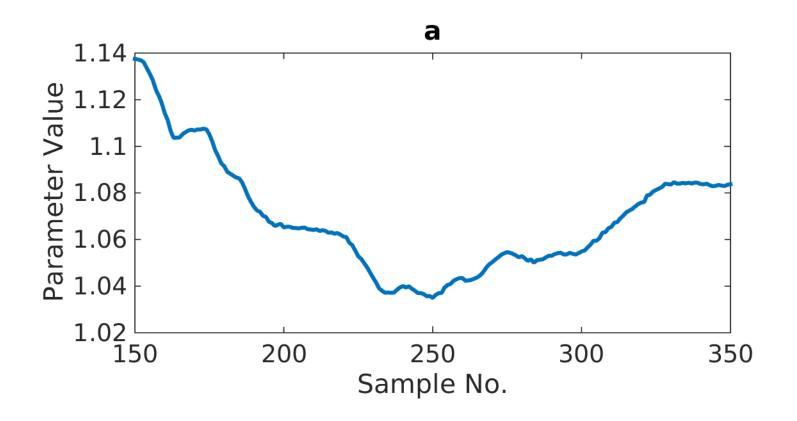
Connected to manual phase shifter.

New Monitor Calibration (Per Sample)

Sample: 150, Amplitude: 1.138, RSquared: 0.997



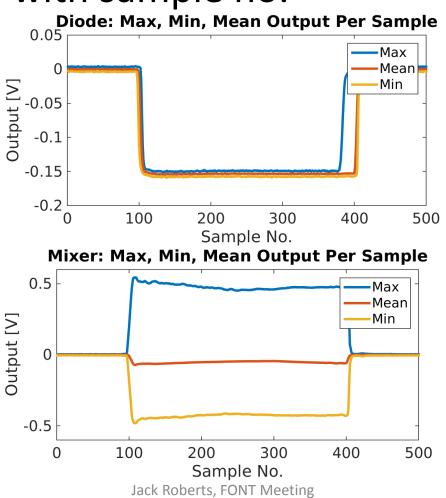
New Monitor Calibration (Per Sample)

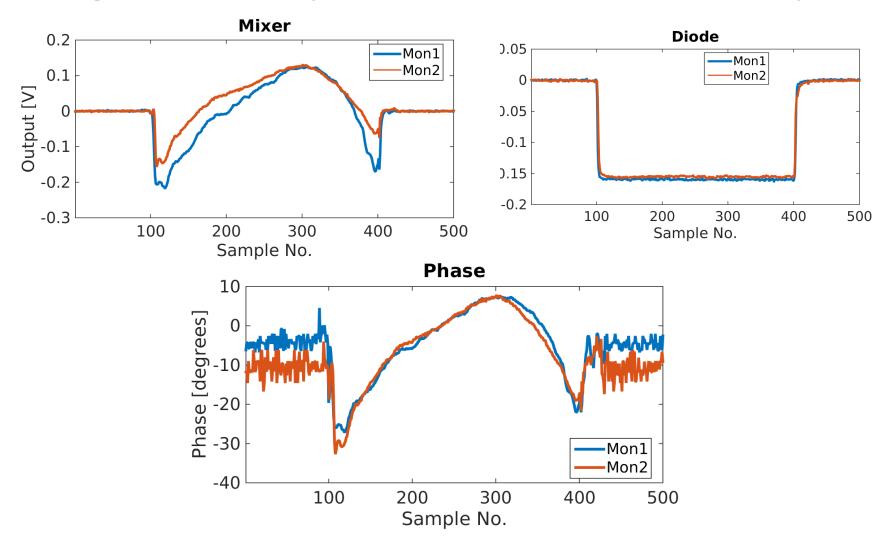


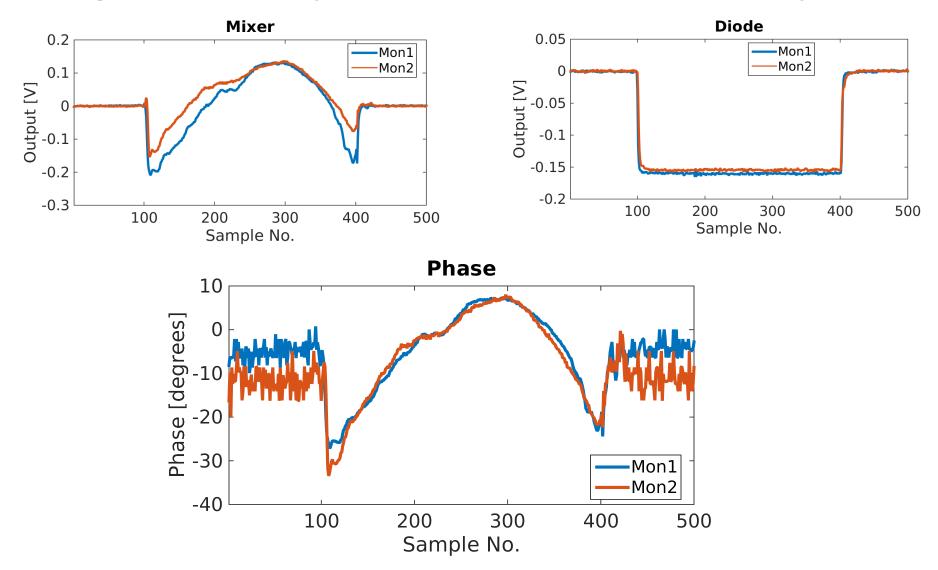
Varying bunch length along pulse?

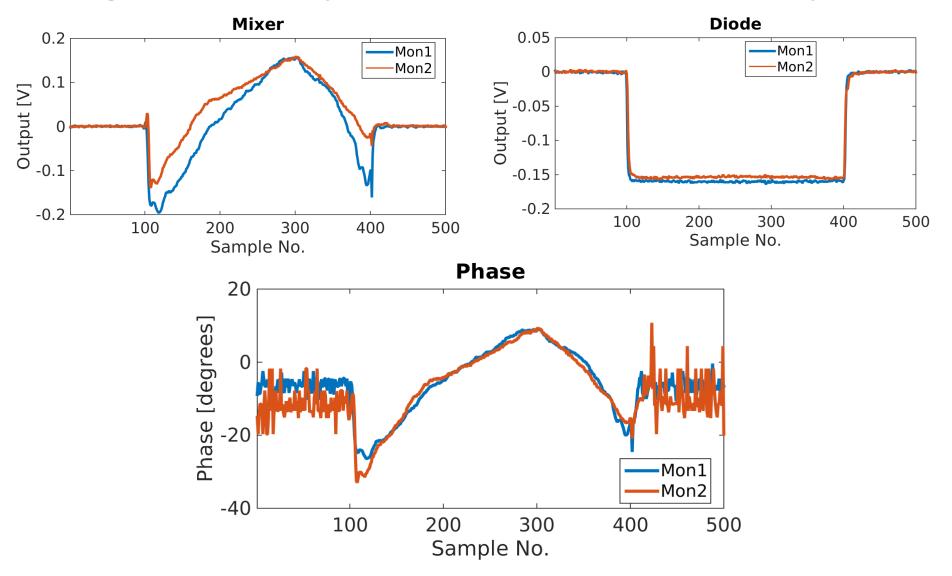
New Monitor Calibration (Per Sample)

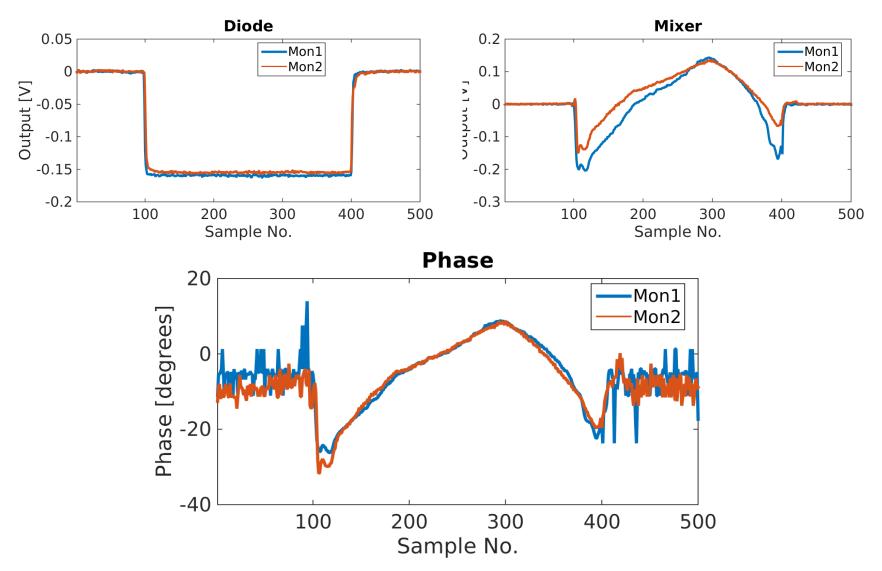
 Sanity check that showing max amplitude does vary with sample no.



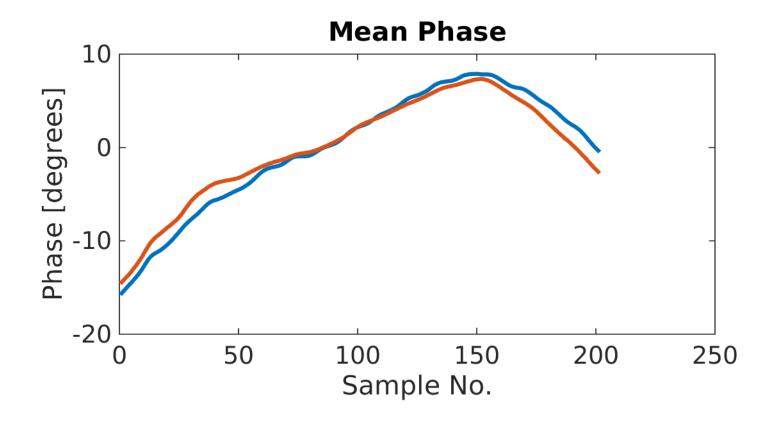




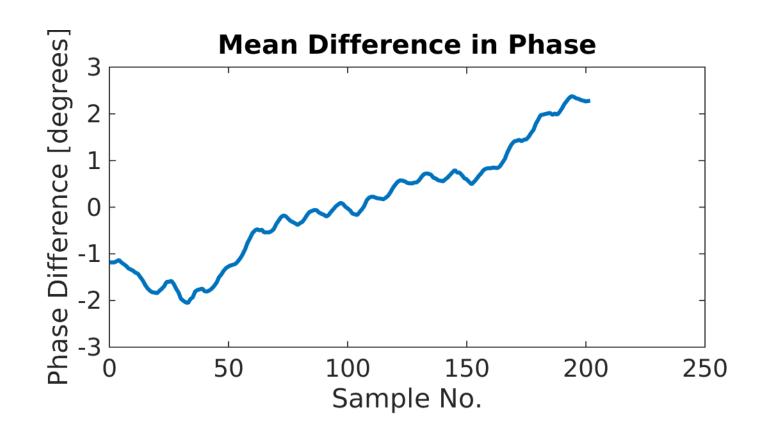




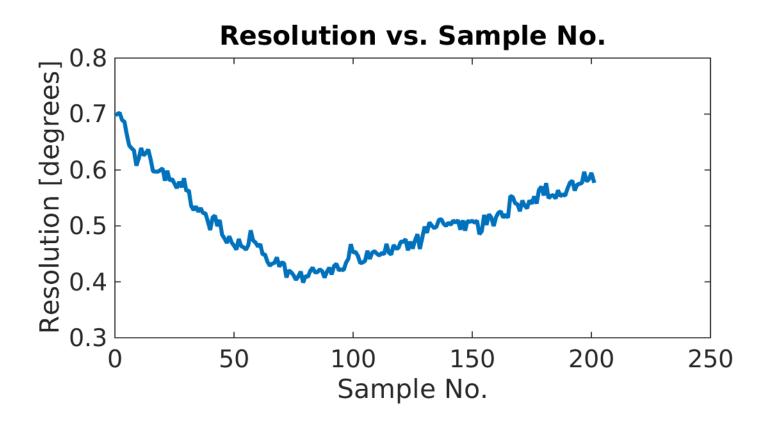
Mean Phase Comparison



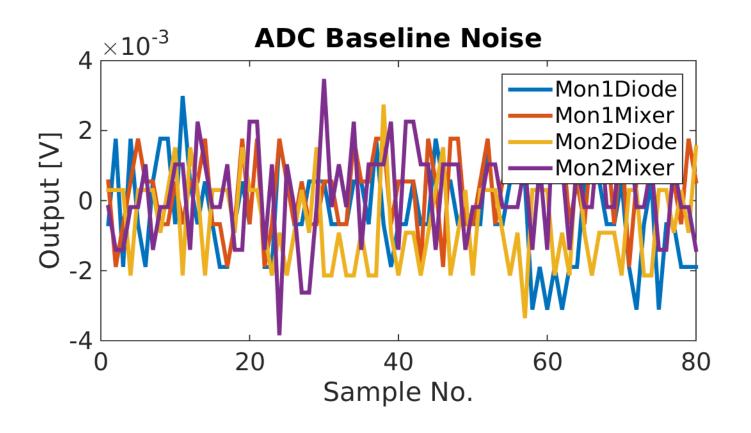
Difference in Phase



Resolution



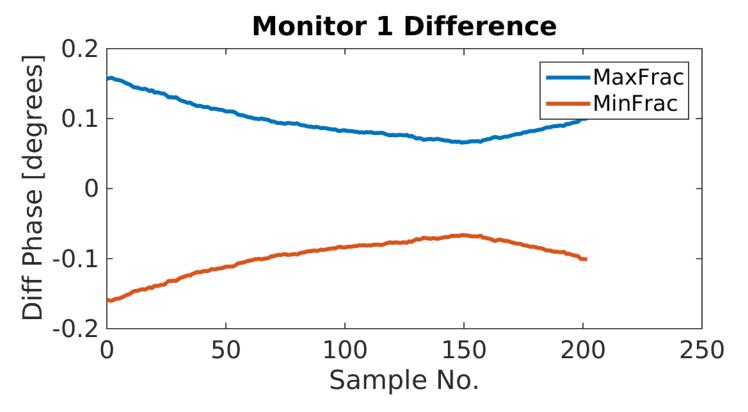
ADC Baseline Noise



ADC Baseline Noise

Difference in phase caused by:

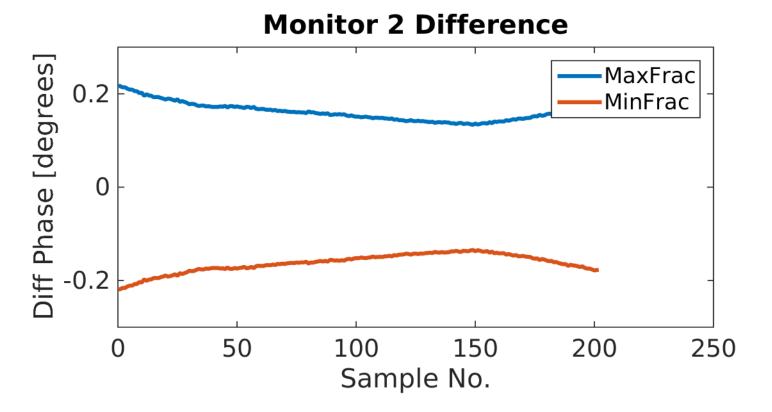
(Mixer +/- ADCNoise)/(cal*sqrt(Diode +/- ADCNoise))



ADC Baseline Noise

• Difference in phase caused by:

(Mixer +/- ADCNoise)/(cal*sqrt(Diode +/- ADCNoise))



Summary

- Two new phase monitors installed, one proven to be operational!
- Only one remote phase shifter at the moment.
- Difference in phase slope of around +/- 2 degrees between the two monitors.
- Resolution minimum of 0.4 degrees with contribution from ADCs of maybe up to 0.2 degrees roughly in agreement with previous measurements.
- Calibration constant varies with sample number.
 - Want to see the effect of using variable calibration constant across pulse rather than just mean.
- More detailed studies to be done on response to different diode signal levels etc.