



Pacific Northwest
NATIONAL LABORATORY

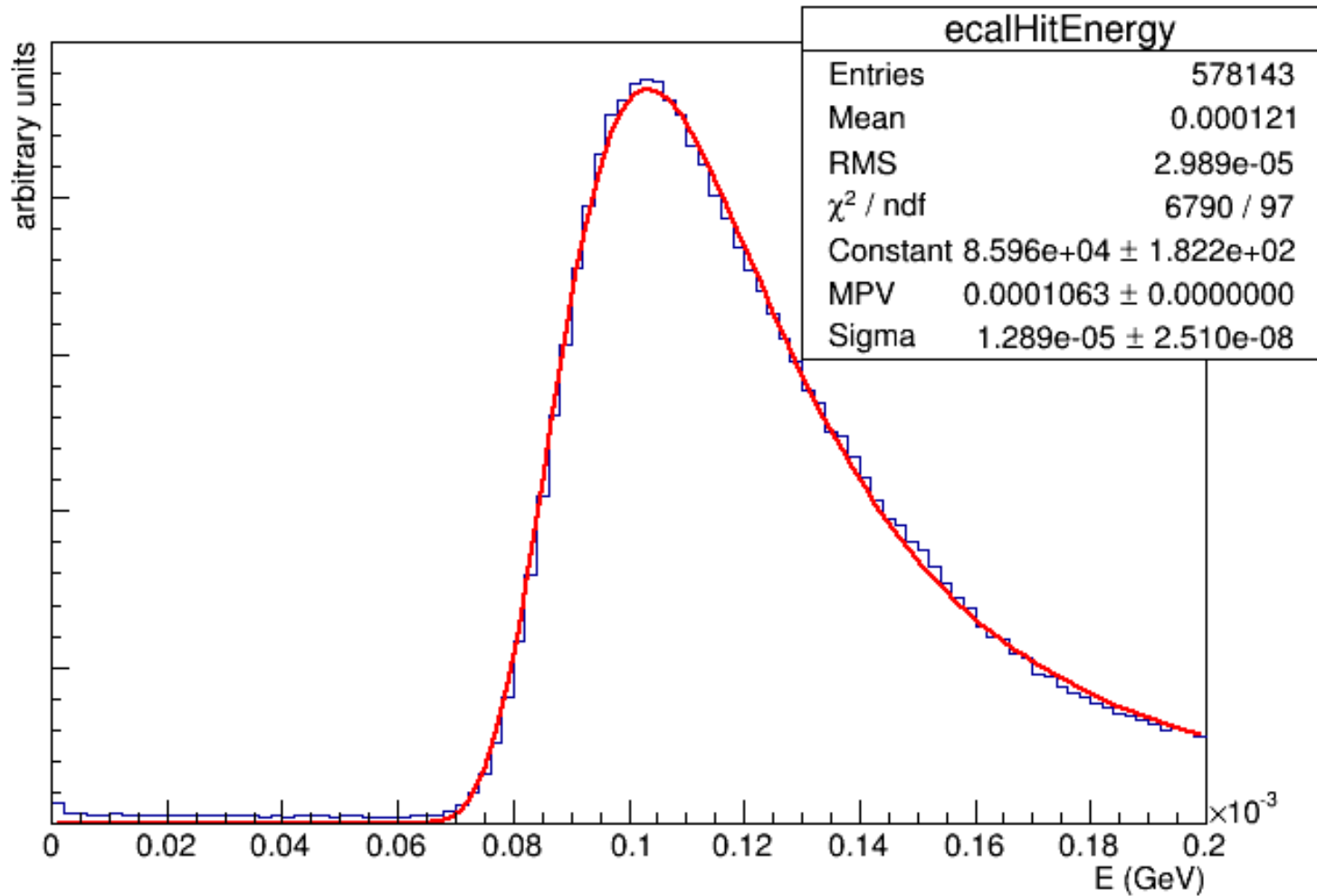
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SiD Scintillator HCAL updates

JAN STRUBE
PNNL

- ▶ Scintillator simulation in SiD was updated with better handling of the material response
- ▶ The default physics list changed from QGSP_BERT to FTFP_BERT
 - Calibration of the subdetectors needs to be re-done
- ▶ SiPM noise and other digitization is not yet implemented
 - Very nice presentation by Oskar Hartbrich on different effects that are relevant to calibration http://desy.de/~ohartbri/2015_04_20_CALICE_AHCAL.pdf
 - Looks like SiPM details are rather irrelevant in HCAL
 - Thanks to Felix for pointing us there

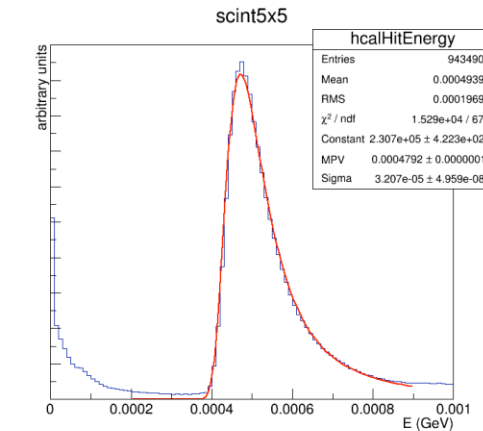
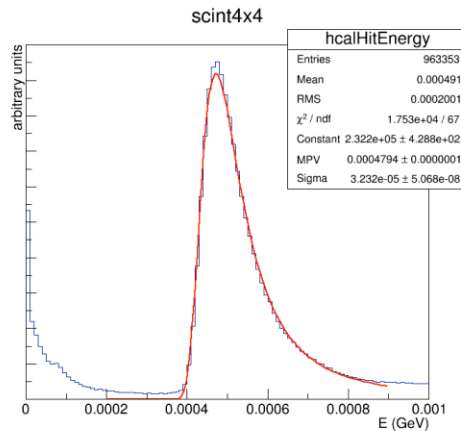
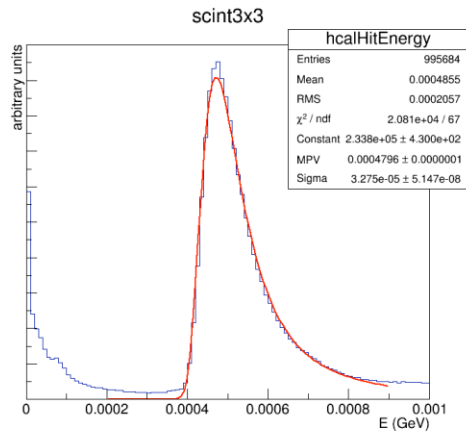
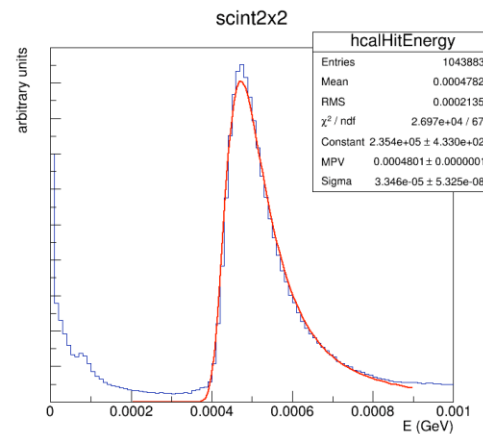
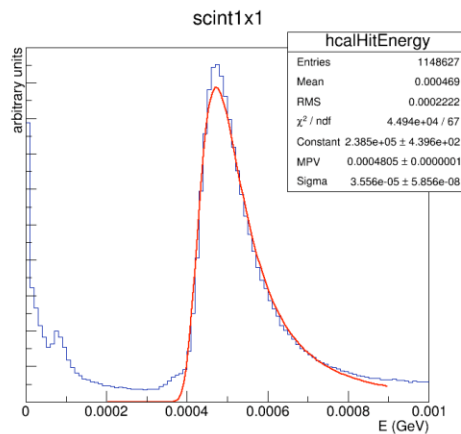
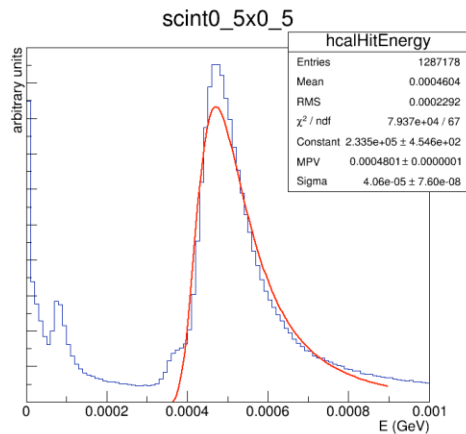
scint5x5



20 GeV μ in the HCAL

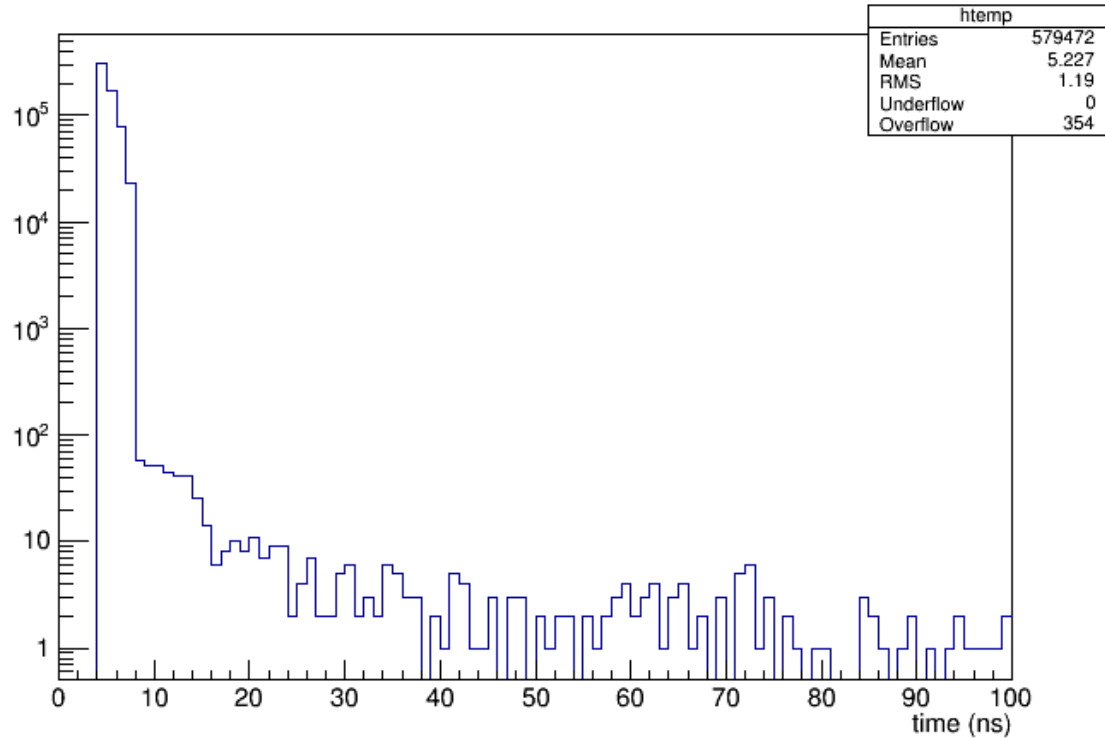


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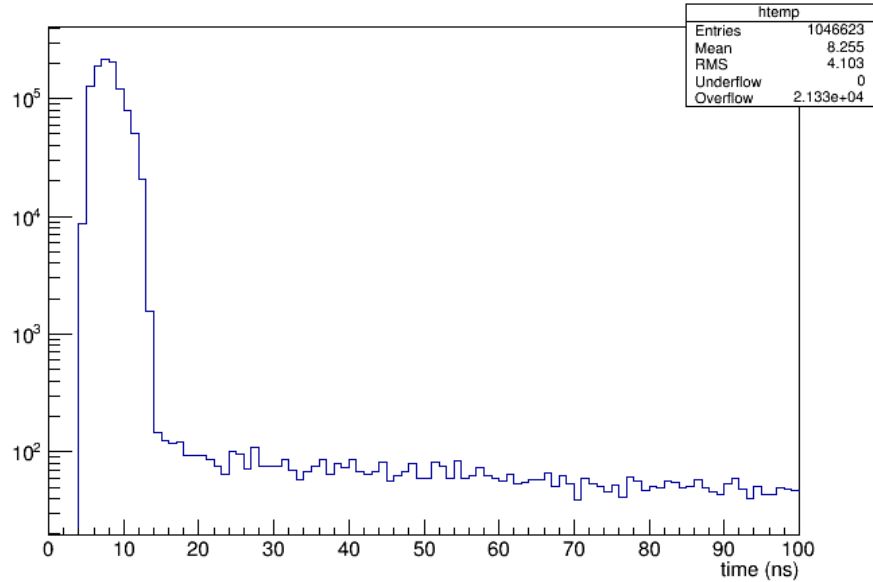
ECAL Time

time (ECAL)

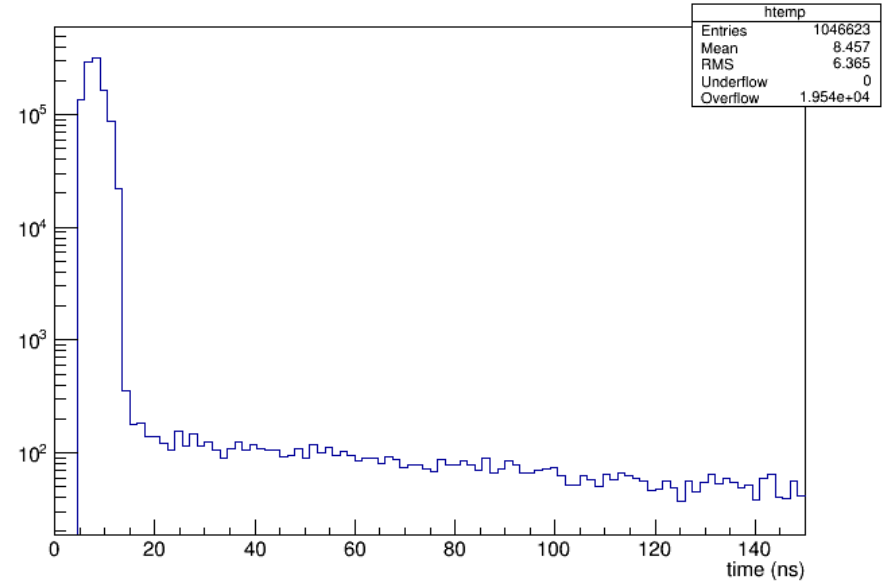


HCAL Time

time (HCAL)



time (HCAL)



sidloi3 (QGSP_BERT)

determined from single muons

values are RAW energy

ECalMip_MPV = $9.6E-5$

ECalMip_sig = $1.2E-5$

Cut at values less than $MPV-3*\sigma$

ECalMip_Cut = $6.0E-5$

timeCut = 100.

New Values (FTFP_BERT)

determined from single muons

values are RAW energy

ECalMip_MPV = $1.06E-4$

ECalMip_sig = $1.29E-5$

Cut at values less than about $MPV-3*\sigma$

ECalMip_Cut = $6.5E-5$

timeCut = 150.

Note: Muon system still RPC-based

Time cut changes efficiency from 98.0% to 98.1%. Change motivated by consistency with DESY studies.

sidloi3_scint (QGSP_BERT)

determined from single muons

values are RAW energy

HCalMip_MPV = 1.1E-3

HCalMip_sig = 1.0E-4

Cut at values less than MPV-3*sigma

HCalMip_Cut = 6.0E-4

New Values (FTFP_BERT)

determined from single muons

values are RAW energy

HCalMip_MPV = 4.8E-4

HCalMip_sig = 3.2E-5

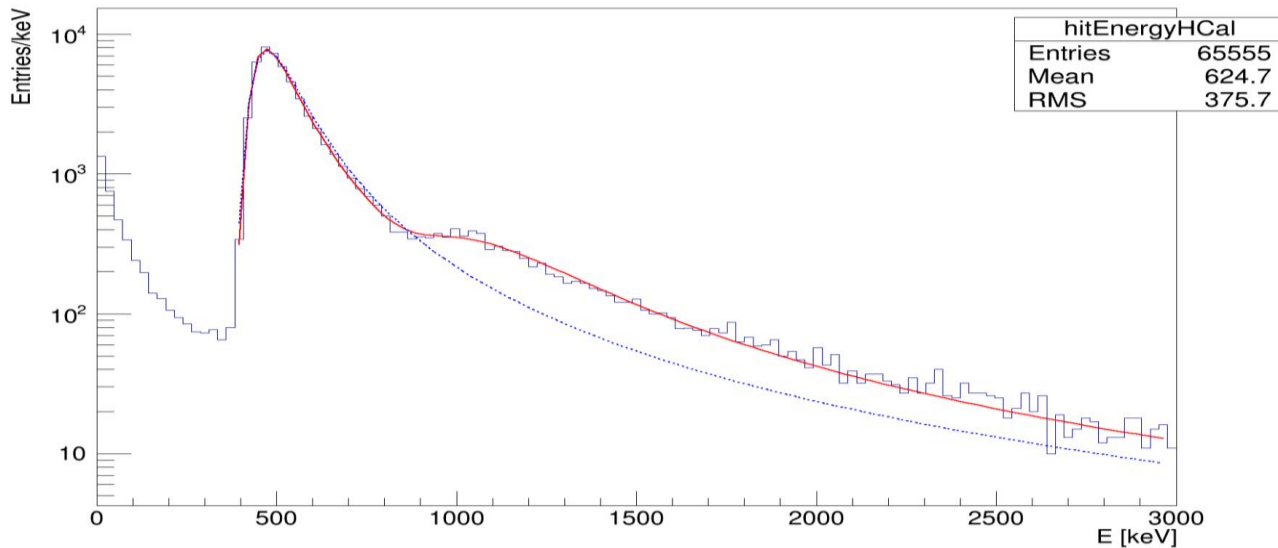
Cut at values less than MPV-3*sigma

HCalMip_Cut = 3.8E-4

ILD cuts at $\frac{1}{2}$ MIP. 3 sigma looks more reasonable...

These studies use the same MIP cut for all tile sizes (same thickness)

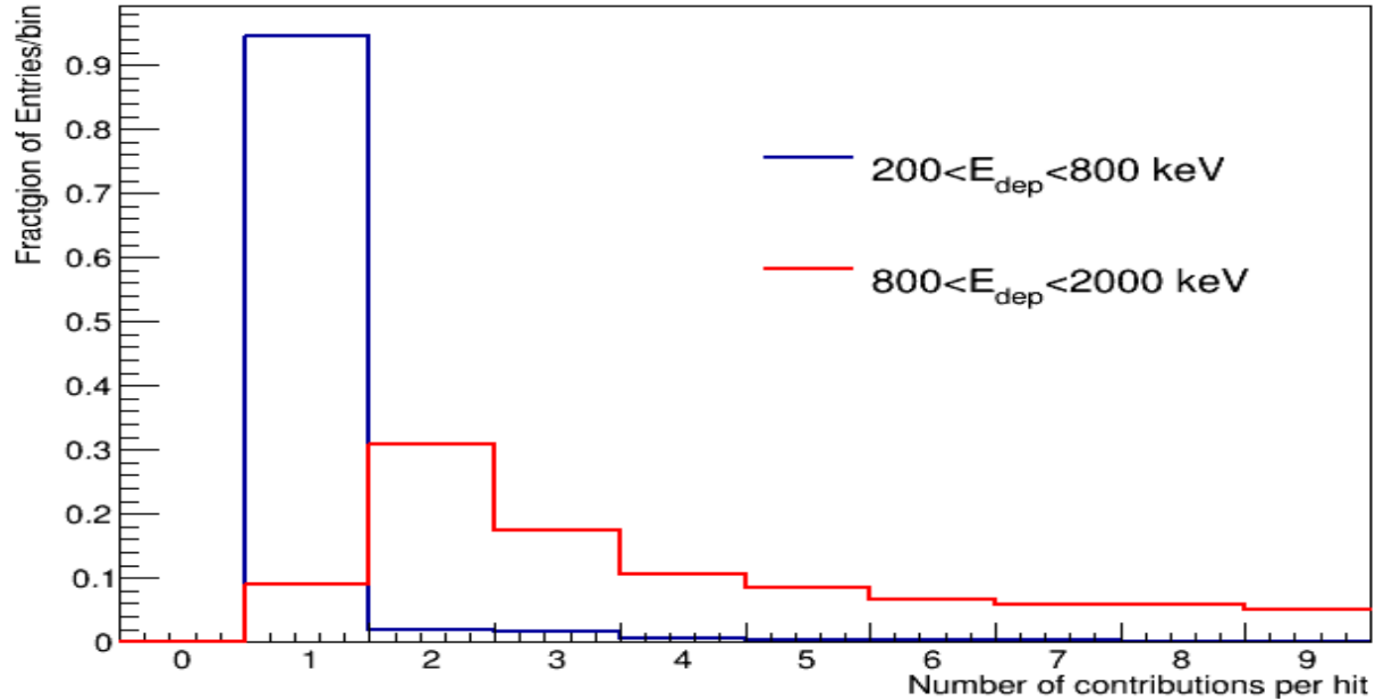
Edep per hit (CLIC HCal Barrel, 10 GeV μ^- @ $\theta=90^\circ$, uniform in φ)



- Secondary peak visible at ~ 1000 keV (2x peak at ~ 500 keV)
- No apparent dependence in ϕ /theta /layer etc
- Sum of two Landau distributions (red) matches much better than single landau (blue)
- No layers with twice the thickness
- -> Secondaries (but no secondary MC contributions visible per hit!)
- => Had to turn detailed shower on: **act.HitCreationMode = 2** (simple calorimeter action)

Number of Contributions per Hit:

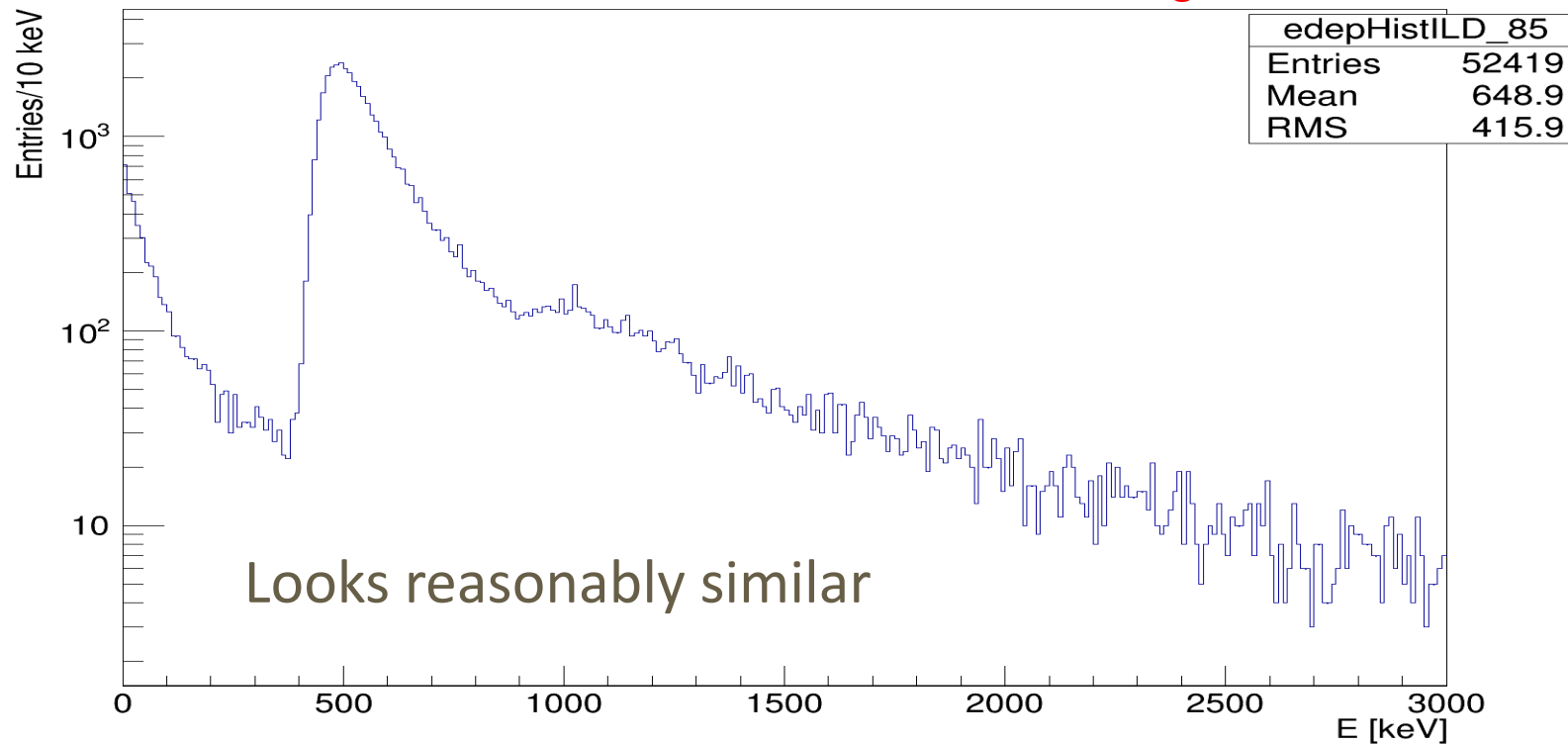
Clearly, the second landau comes from secondaries



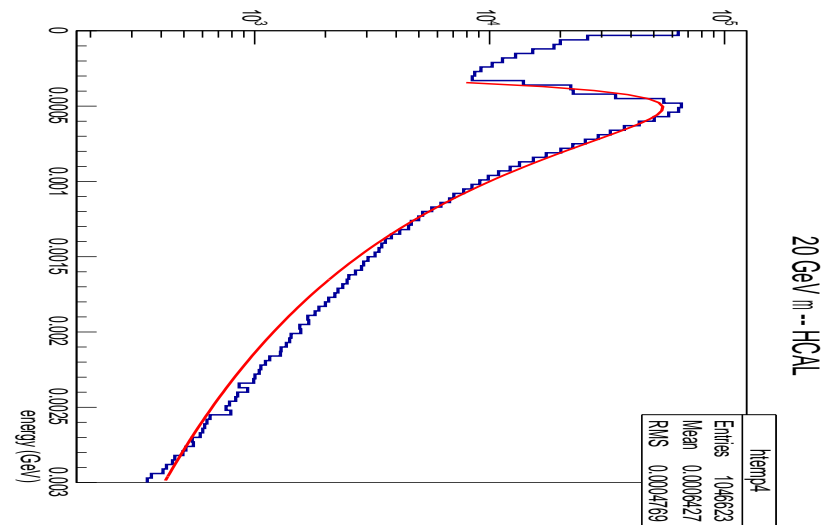
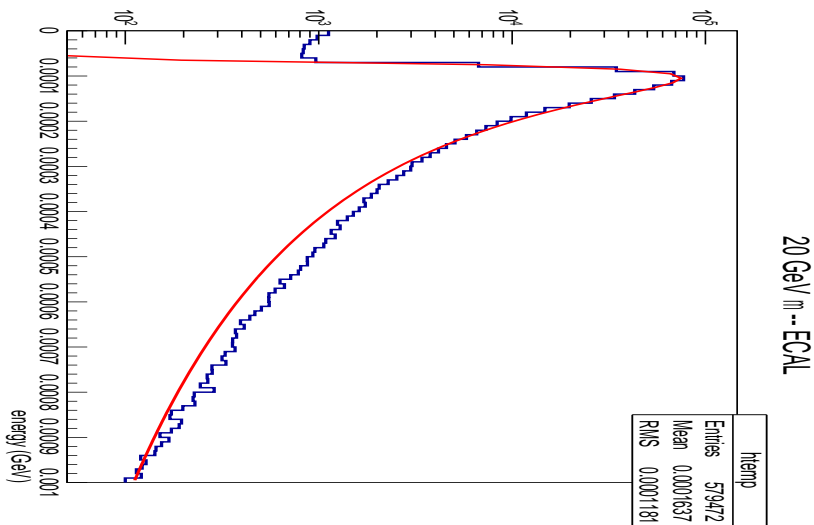
So everything looks OK. Move to other variables -> But first, a look at ILD

ILD HCal ($10 \text{ GeV } \mu^- @ \theta=85^\circ$, uniform in φ)

Needed to avoid TPC cathode and other dead regions in the center

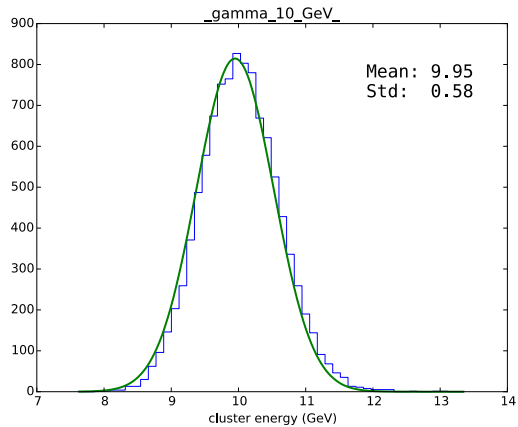


Raw hit energies in SiD



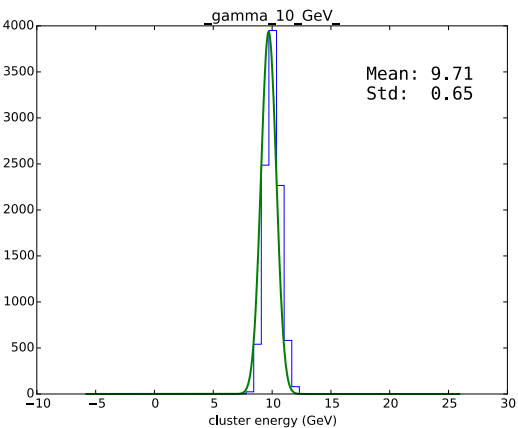
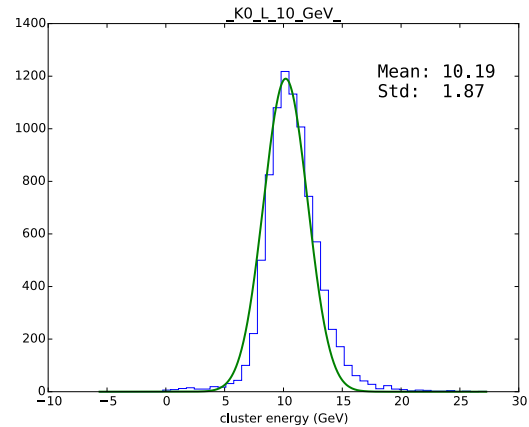
No secondaries visible in either detector

Calibrated energies (Icsim cal-calib output)



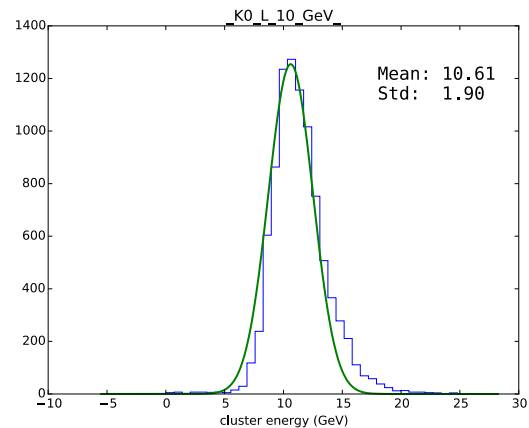
barrel

Photons look reasonable,
but not great.

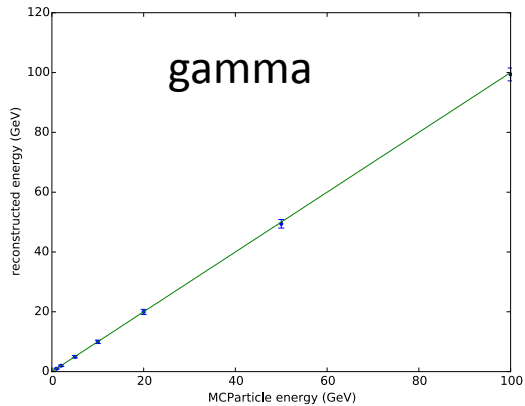


endcap

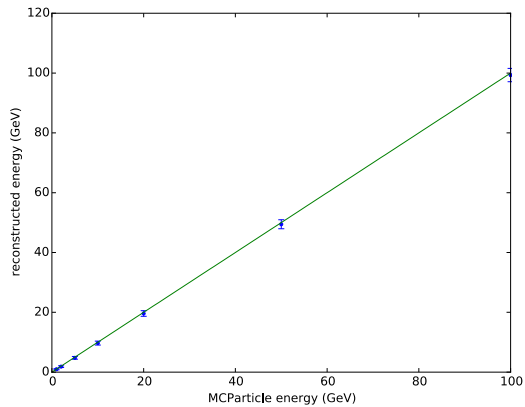
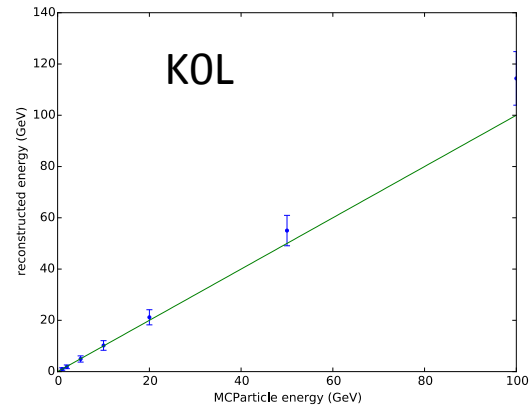
KOL are shifted.



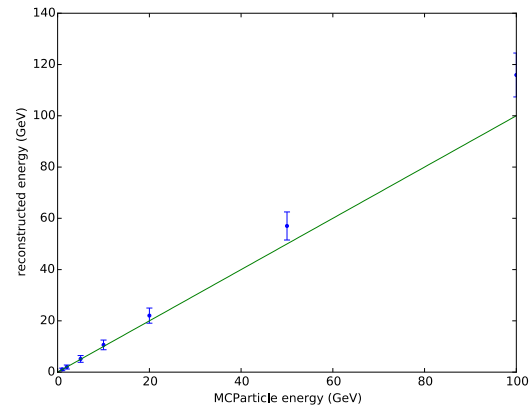
Linearity plots, example: 1x1 cm²



barrel



endcap



- ▶ New Physics list has been implemented
- ▶ Birks now law handled by Geant4 (new hit type in Icdd)
- ▶ Time constant changed to 150 GeV, consistent with ILD/CALICE

- ▶ Calibration of the detectors re-done with cal-calib package.
- ▶ Photons are (maybe) OK, neutral hadrons are biased.

- ▶ Look further into the details of the showers. How can we improve the calibration? Will move to the back burner for a while. More effort needed.