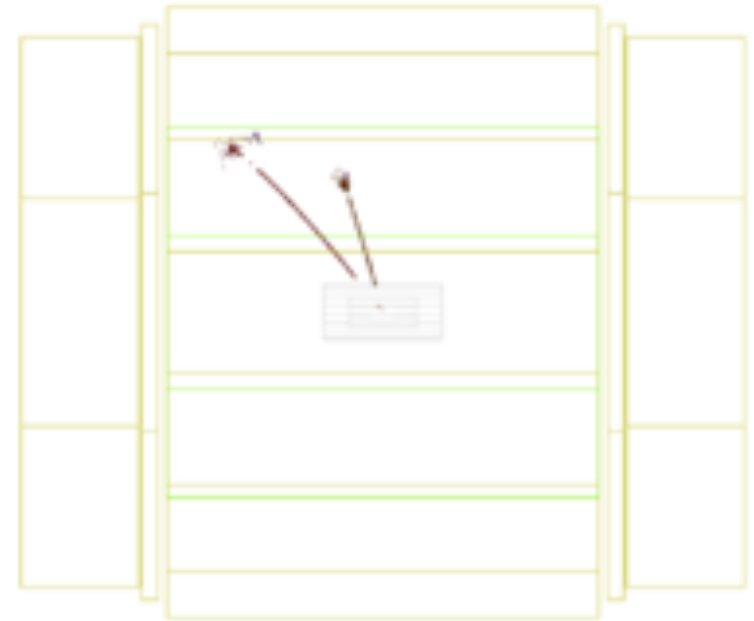
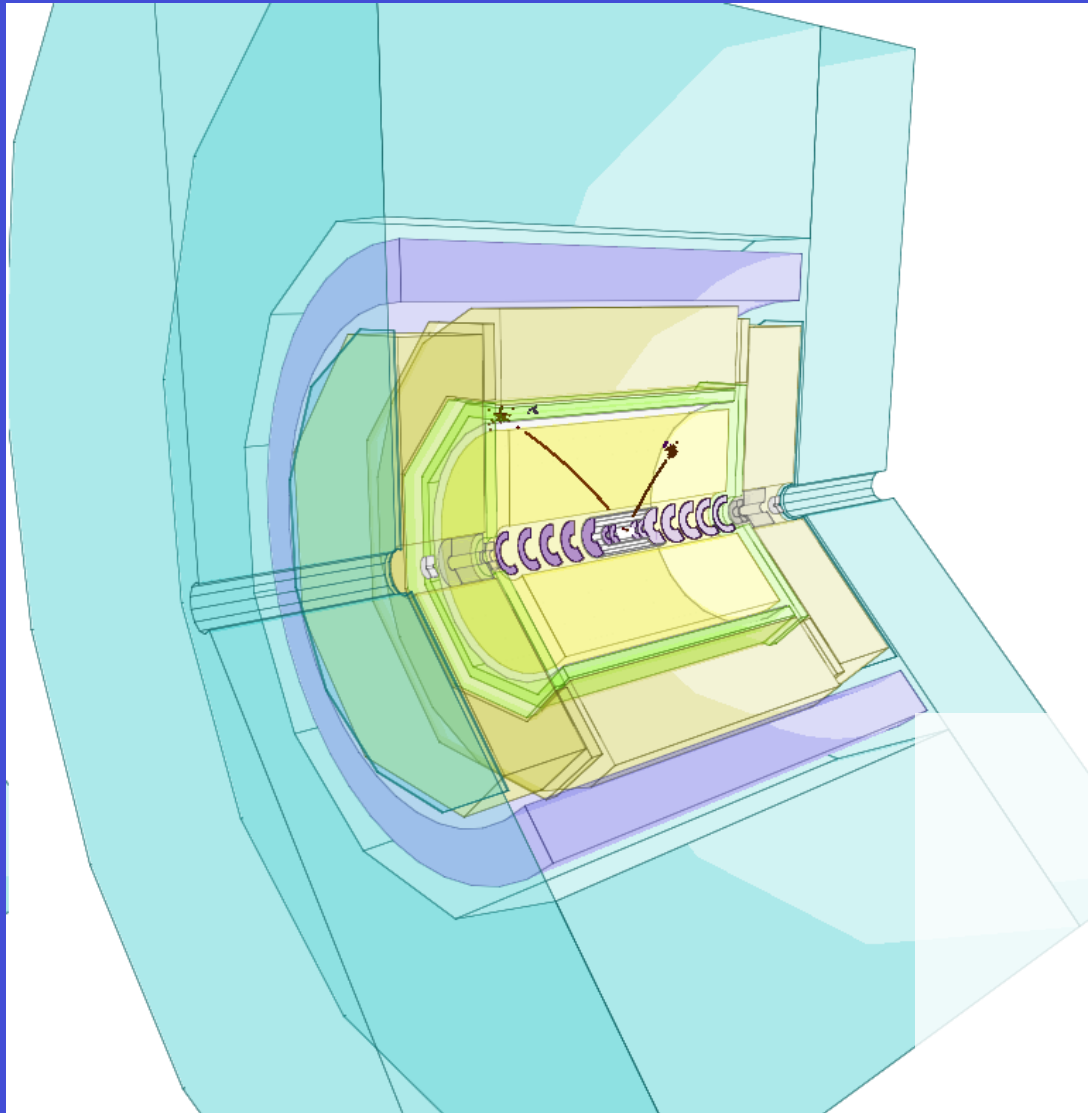


# Characterizing Light Higgsinos from Natural SUSY at ILC $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV



Jacqueline Yan (KEK)

**The 48<sup>th</sup> General Meeting  
of the ILC Physics Subgroup**

**9/10/2016**

# Motivation for Searching Light Higgsinos with Small $\Delta M$

## ❖ From experimental point of view:

- LHC already excluded large regions with large  $\Delta M = M(\text{NLSP}) - M(\text{LSP})$
- Remaining region with compressed spectrum very small visible energy release, near impossible to probe at LHC  
**→ ILC is essential**

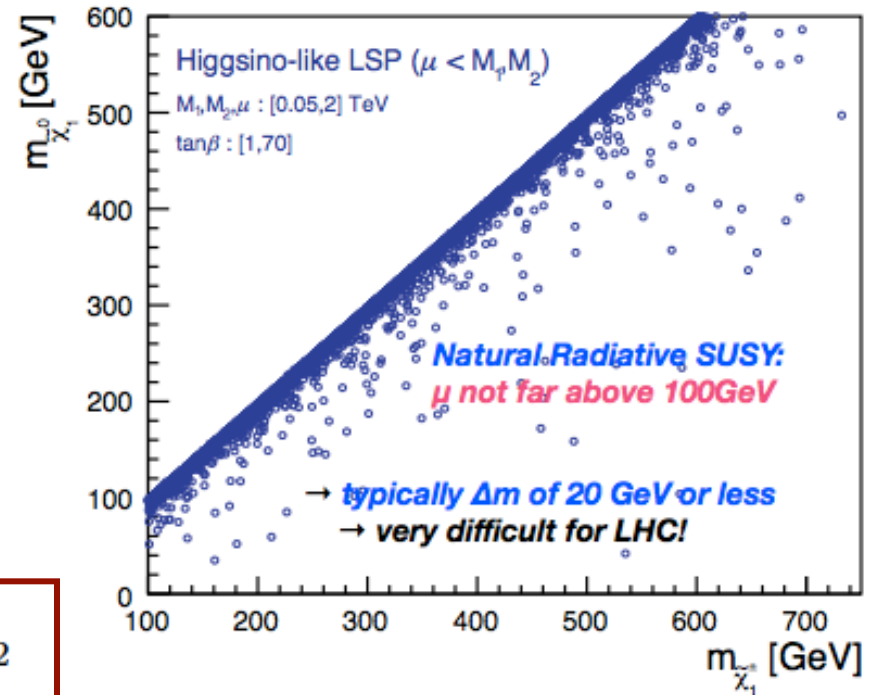
## ❖ From theoretical point of view:

**Compressed Higgsino spectra related to naturalness** [e.g. arXiv:1212.2655, arXiv:1404.7510]

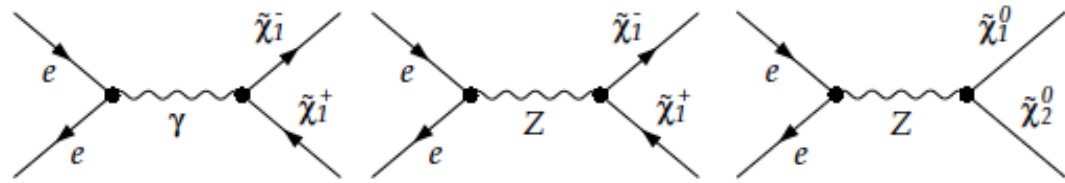
$$\frac{M_Z^2}{2} = \frac{m_{H_d}^2 + \sum_d^d - (m_{H_u}^2 + \sum_u^u) \tan^2 \beta}{\tan^2 \beta - 1} - \mu^2$$

- To maintain **small electroweak fine tuning  $\Delta EW$  ( $< \sim 3\%$ )**, all contributions on right-hand-side should be comparable to  $M(Z)$  **→ requires  $\mu \sim 100\text{--}300$  GeV**  
 top and bottom squarks in the few TeV regime, gluino mass 2–4 TeV,  
 1st, 2nd generation squarks and sleptons in the 5–30 TeV regime

- $\mu$  feeds mass to both SM (W, Z, h) and SUSY particles (Higgsinos)
- Higgsino masses not too far from masses of W, Z, h ( $\sim 100$  GeV)



# Benchmarks in this Study



## RNS model (Radiatively-driven natural SUSY)

- **4 light Higgsinos:**  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$   $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$   $\tilde{\chi}_1^+$   $\tilde{\chi}_1^-$  (LSP)

- **$\Delta M$  about 10-20 GeV** complies with naturalness (ISR tag not needed)

This study:  $\sqrt{s} = 500$  GeV  
Full detector simulation

## NUHM2 model parameters [arXiv:1404.7510]

Benchmark	ILC1	ILC2
$M_0$ [GeV]	7025	5000
$M_{1/2}$ [GeV]	568.3	1200
$A_0$ [GeV]	-10427	-8000
$\tan\beta$	10	15
$\mu$ [GeV]	115	150
$M_A$ [GeV]	1000	1000
$M(\chi_1^0)$ [GeV]	102.7	148.1
$M(\chi_1^\pm)$ [GeV]	117.3	158.3
$M(\chi_2^0)$ [GeV]	124.0	157.8
$M(\chi_3^0)$ [GeV]	267.0	538.8

### Currently studying ILC1 benchmark

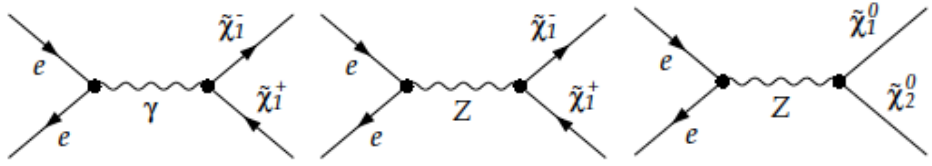
(Pe-, Pe+)	(-1.0,+1.0)	(+1.0,-1.0)
$\sigma(\chi_1^+ \chi_1^-)$ [fb]	1800	335
$\sigma(\chi_1^0 \chi_2^0)$ [fb]	491	379

$BR(\chi_1^+ \rightarrow \chi_1^0 qq')$	67%
$BR(\chi_1^+ \rightarrow \chi_1^0 lv)$ (l=e, $\mu$ )	22%
$BR(\chi_2^0 \rightarrow \chi_1^0 qq')$	58%
$BR(\chi_2^0 \rightarrow \chi_1^0 ll)$ (l=e, $\mu$ )	7.4%

Higgs precision measurements useful for parameter determination

Defined at GUT scale  
Defined at weak scale  
Observables

# Goal of Light Higgsino Study



**Demonstrate measurement precision of Higgsino masses and production cross sections**

**This study**

- Study dependence of cross section on beam polarization  
 → Determine mixing ratio Higgsino vs. Bino vs. Wino



Masses and cross sections as input

**Determine SUSY parameters**  
 e.g.  $M_1, M_2, \mu, \tan\beta$

S.-L. Lehtinen et al

**Why?**

- To get info about unobserved sparticles
- To test GUT-scale models

**How?**

- Global  $\chi^2$  fit of to observables

Study input parameters and required precision for parameter extraction; interplay with Higgs precision measurements

## Existing studies

- (1) "Tackling light higgsinos at the ILC", M. Berggren et al. [arXiv:1307.3566]
  - $\sqrt{s}= 500$  GeV,  $\Delta M \sim 1$  GeV → use ISR tag, , Based on full ILD simulation
- (2) "Physics at a Higgsino Factory", H. Baer et al. [arXiv:1404.7510]
  - $\sqrt{s}= 250$  (340) GeV for ILC1 (ILC2),  $\Delta M = 10-20$  GeV, detector effects based on resolution formula

## Ongoing studies

**Light Higgsinos with  $\Delta M= 10 - 20$  GeV , J. Yan, T. Tanabe et al**  
 $\sqrt{s}= 500$  GeV,  $\Delta M \sim 10-20$  GeV, Based on full ILD simulation

# How do these signals look in the detector? (1)

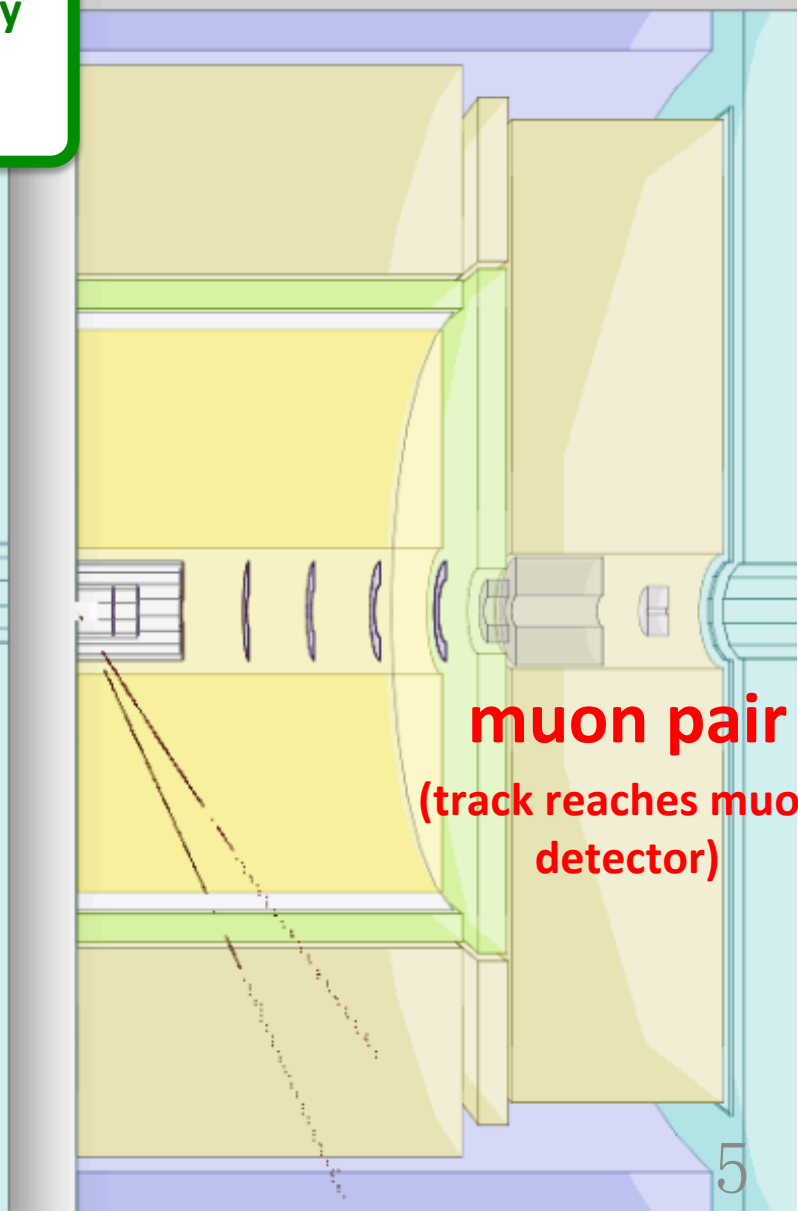
$\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}$

Neutralino mixed production with leptonic decay

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$$



**electron pair**  
(compact EM showers)



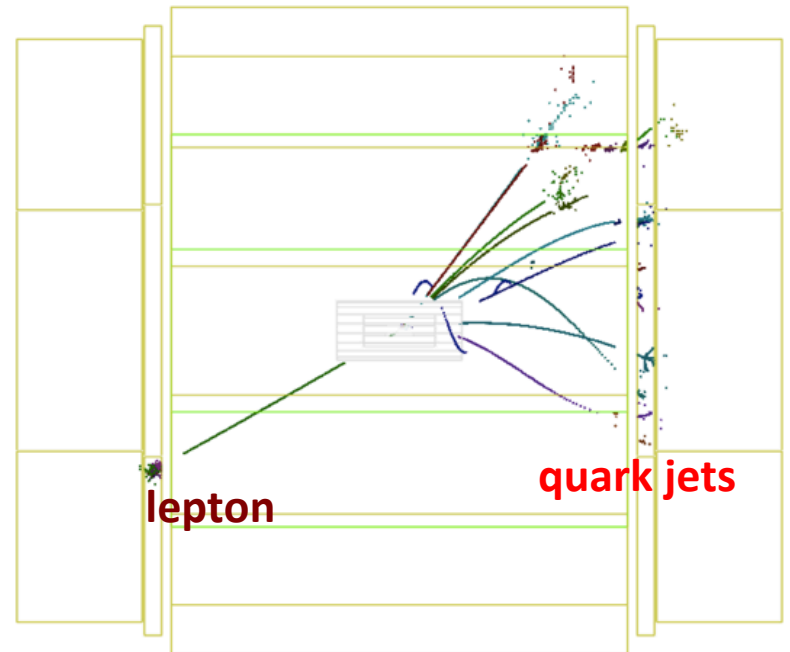
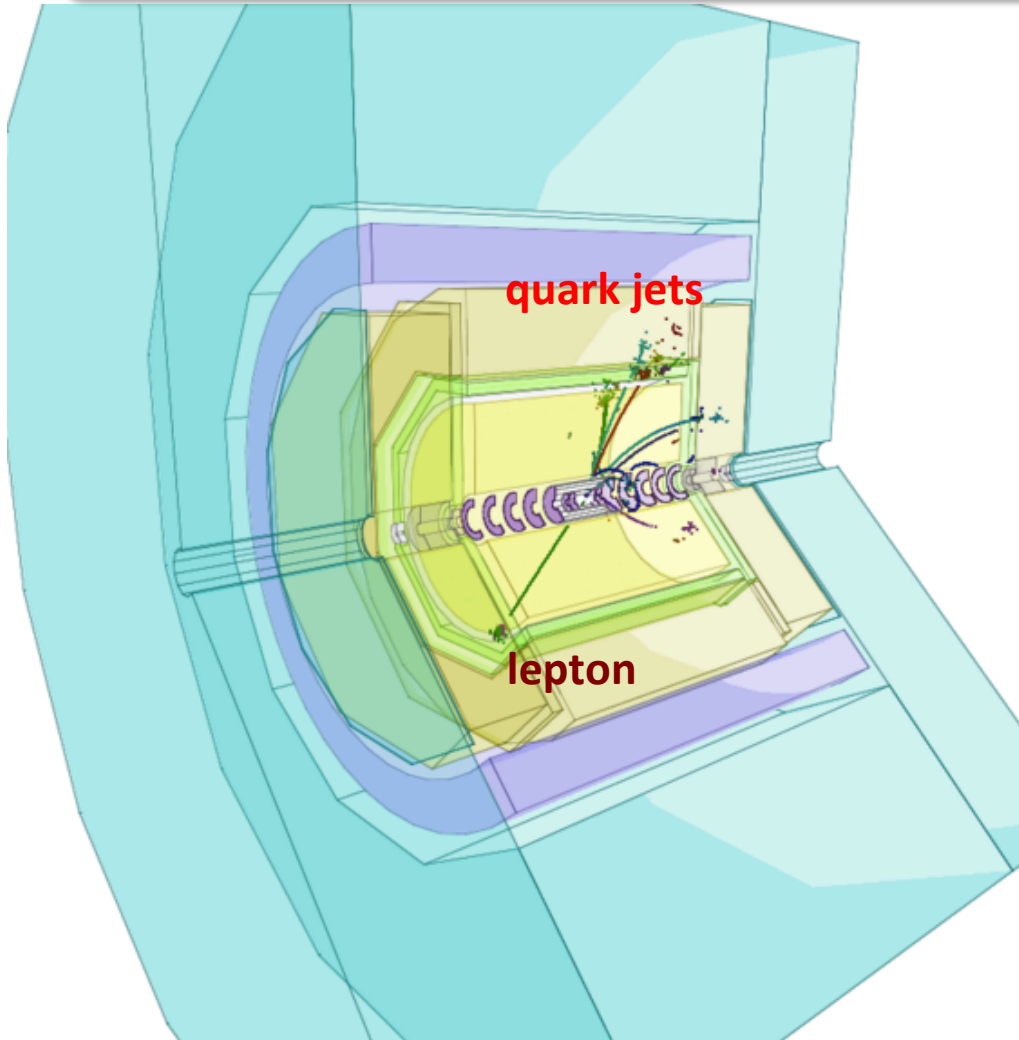
**muon pair**  
(track reaches muon detector)

# How do these signals look in the detector? (2)

$\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}$

Chargino pair production with semileptonic decay

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 q q' \ell \nu$$



# Event Selection

## Neutralino mixed production with leptonic decay

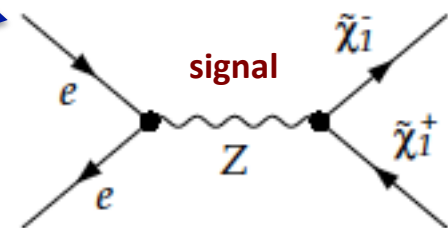
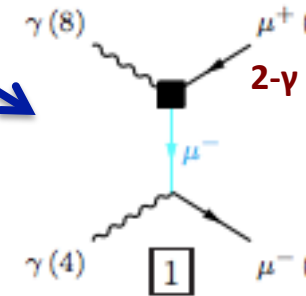
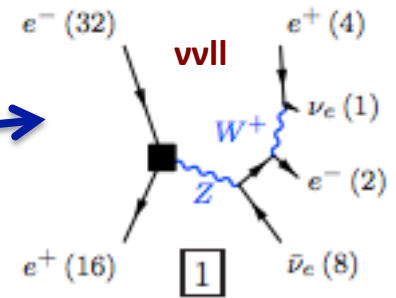
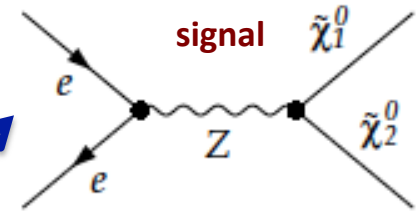
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$$

- Reconstruct **two leptons (ee or  $\mu\mu$ )** which originate from  **$Z^*$  emission in decay of  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$**
- Major residual bkg. are 4f processes accompanied by large missing energy (vll)
- 2- $\gamma$  processes are removed by BeamCal veto, cuts on lepton track  $p_T$ , and coplanarity

## Chargino pair production with semileptonic decay

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 qq' \ell \nu$$

- Reconstruct **two jets which originate from  $W^*$  emission in decay of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$  to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$**
- Use lepton (e or  $\mu$ ) from the other chargino as tag
- BeamCal veto, cuts on missing  $p_T$ , # of tracks, # of leptons, and coplanarity remove almost all bkg.



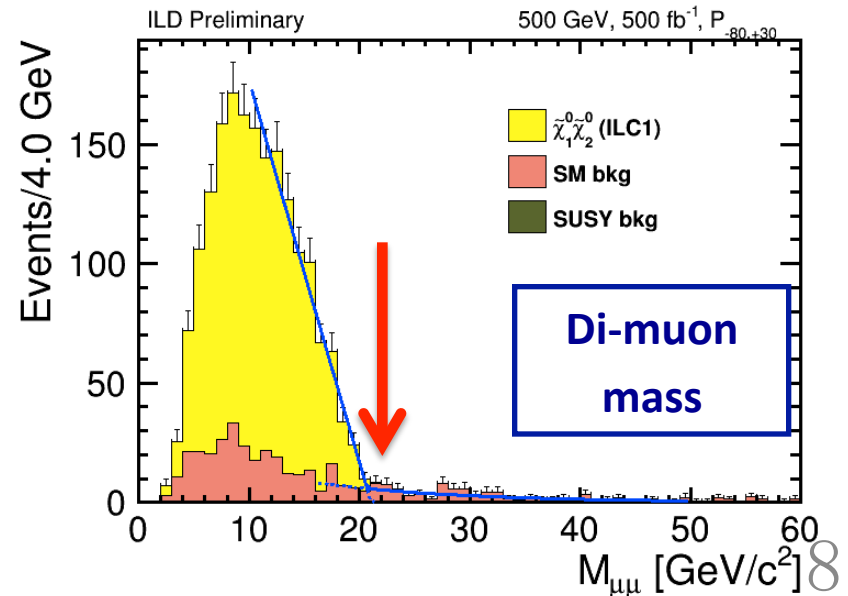
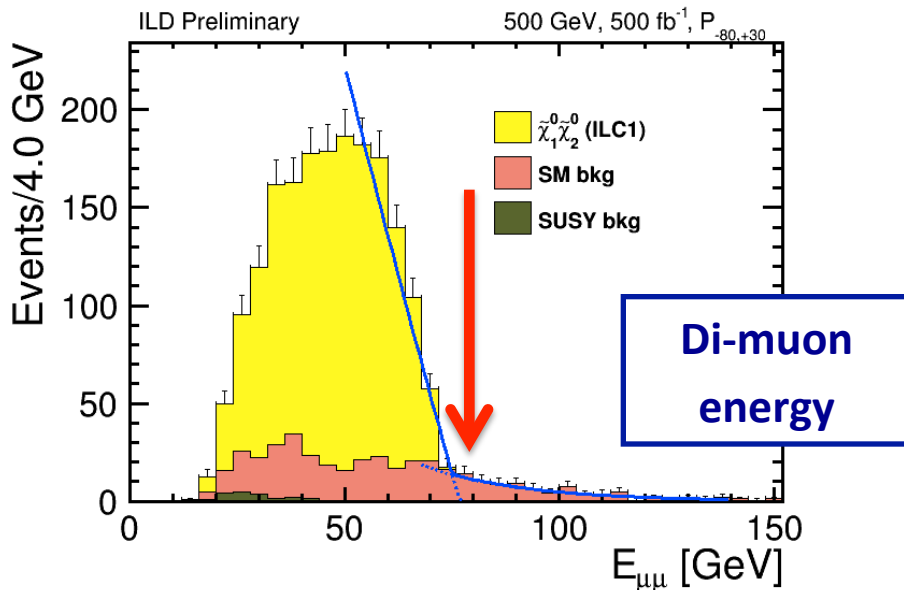
# Extraction of Higgsino Mass

Neutralino mixed production with leptonic decay

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$$

- The position of the kinematic edges of the dilepton energy ( $E_{ll}$ ) and invariant mass ( $M_{ll}$ ) are functions of CM energy and the two neutralino masses.
- $E_{ll,max}$  and  $M_{ll,max}$  are extracted by a fit to obtain the neutralino masses  
 need correction for detector/reconstruction effects

Similar for case of chargino pair production ( $ll \rightarrow jj$ )



Cuts have been designed so as not to destroy upper edge

- Use toy MC (generated from MC data fit) to evaluate statistical uncertainty



# Outline of Today's Talk

◆ Motivation

◆ Analysis Methods

◆ Current results

**Now have a full set of preliminary results for all channels**

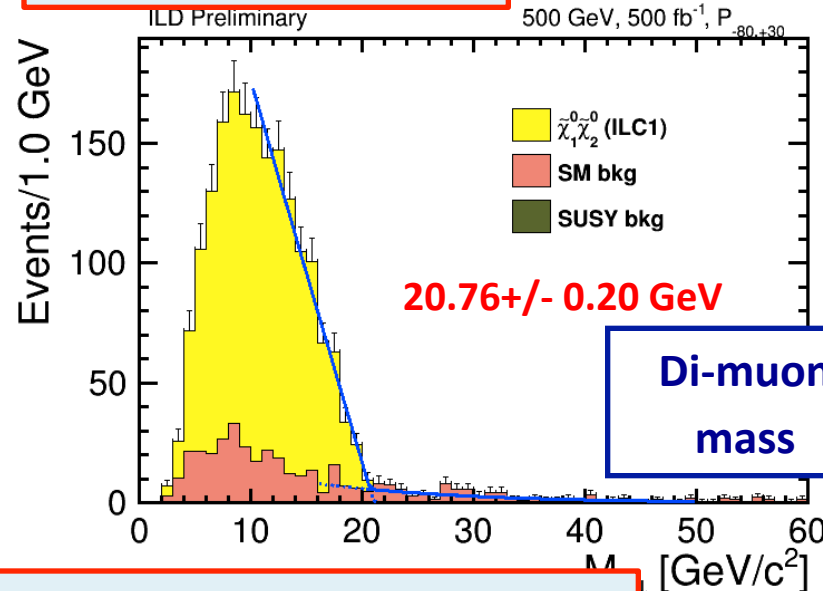
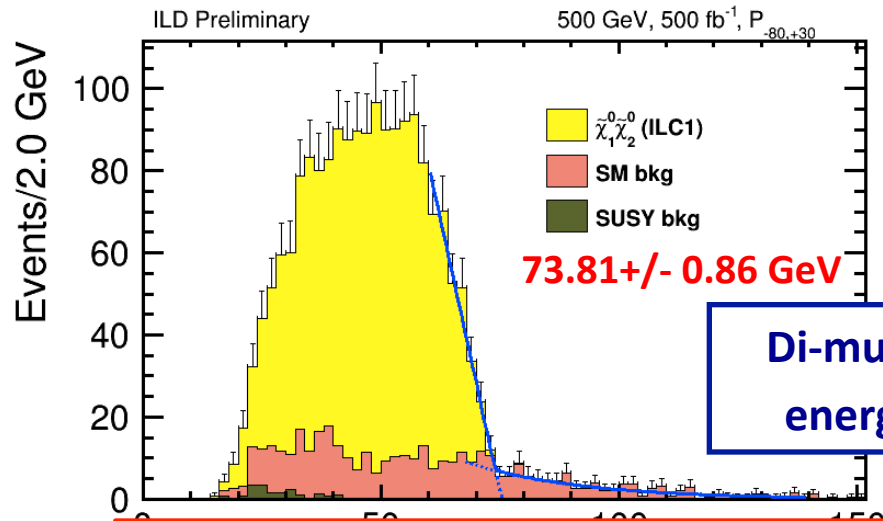
◆ Conclusion and Plans

**Neutralino mixed production with leptonic decay**

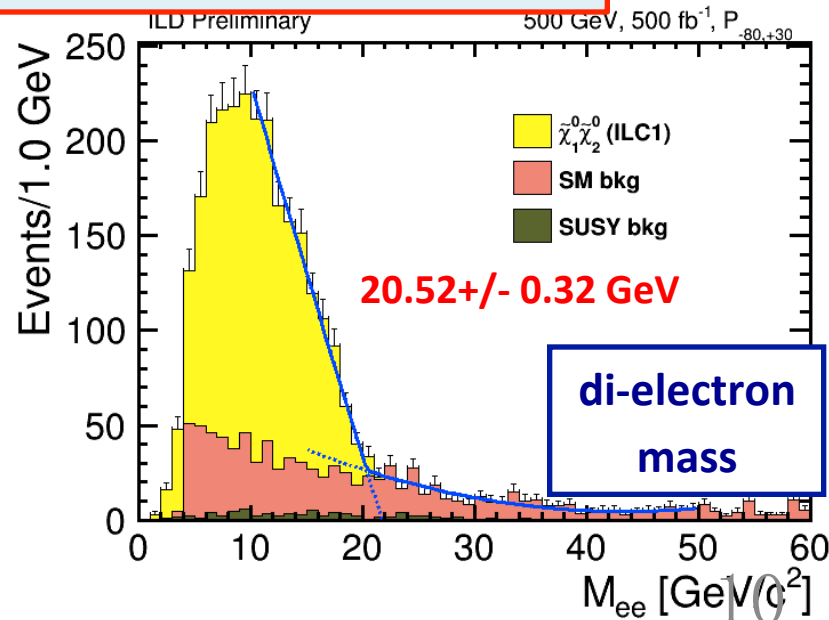
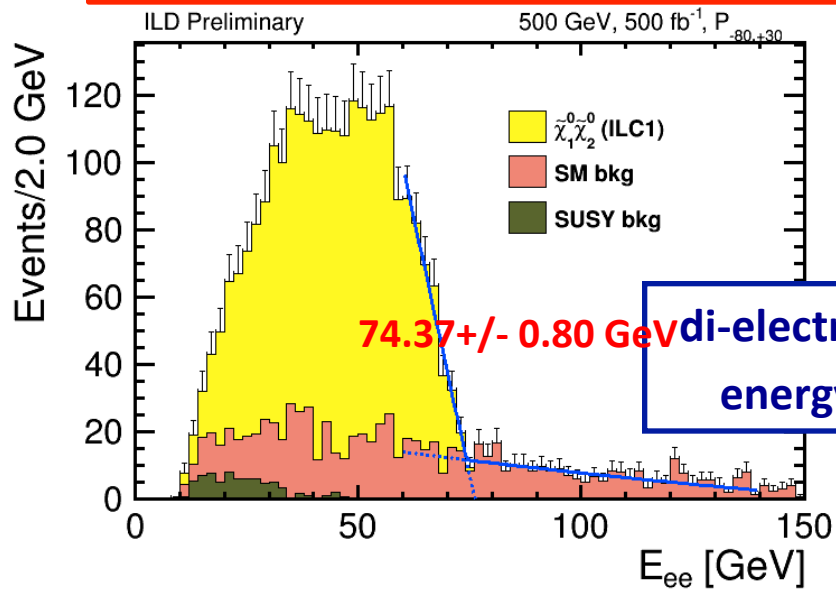
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 l^+ l^-$$

**Left Polarization (Pe-,Pe+) = (-0.8, +0.3)**

**Edge precision  $\sim 1\%$**



**Theoretical values:  $E_{max} = 74.9$  GeV  $\Delta M = 21.3$  GeV**



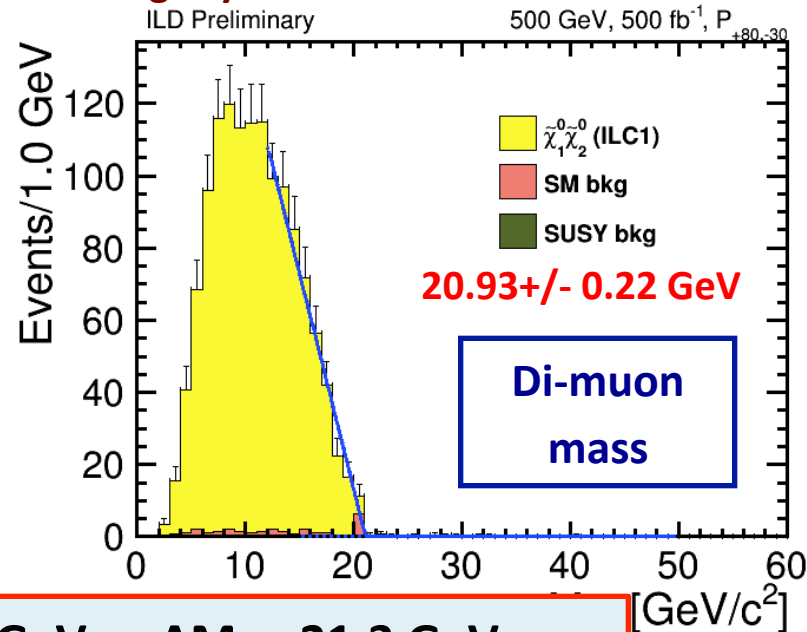
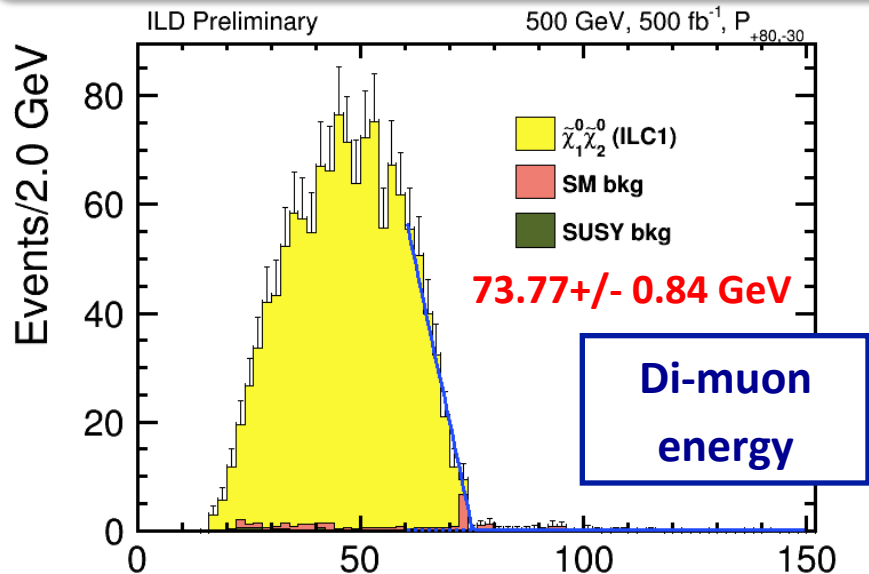
**Neutralino mixed production with leptonic decay**

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$$

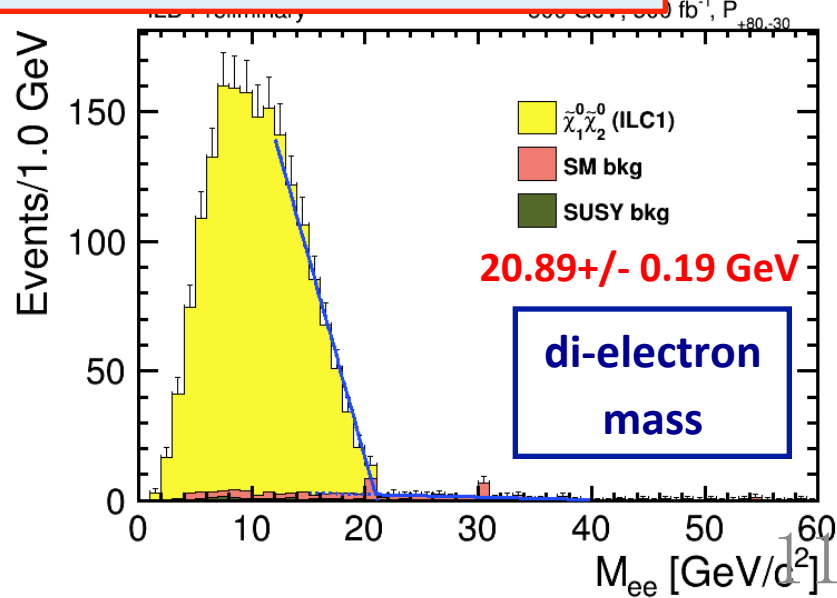
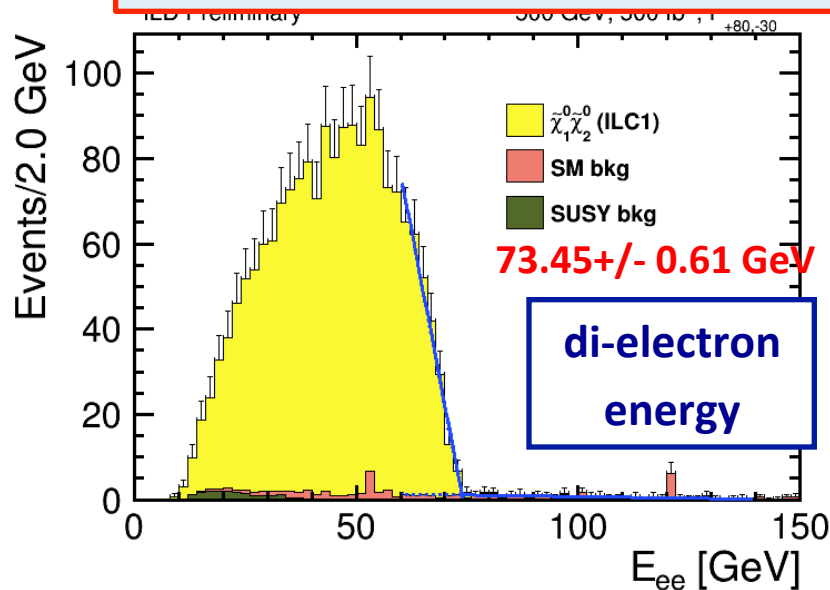
**Right Polarization** (Pe-,Pe+) = (+0.8, -0.3)

**Much less bkg**  
**Precision slightly better**

**Edge precision < ~ 1%**



**Theoretical values: E\_max = 74.9 GeV ΔM = 21.3 GeV**

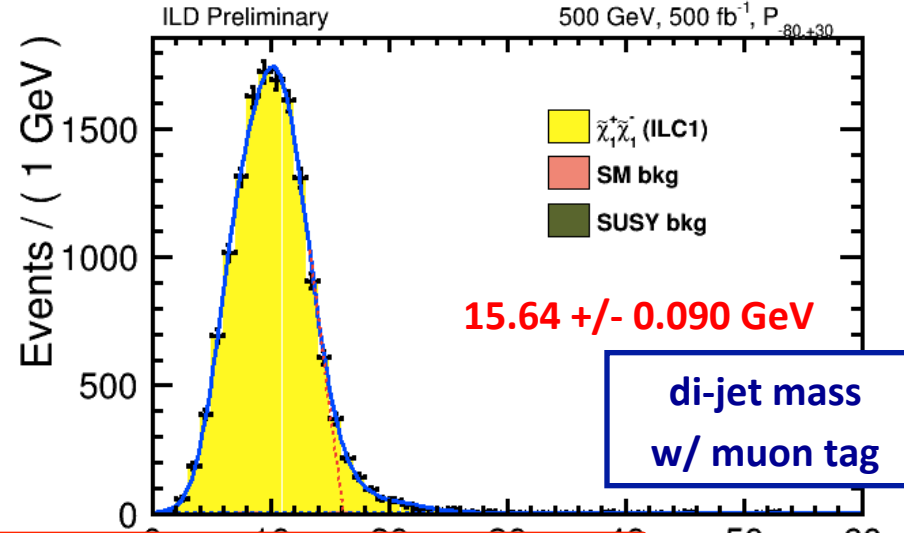
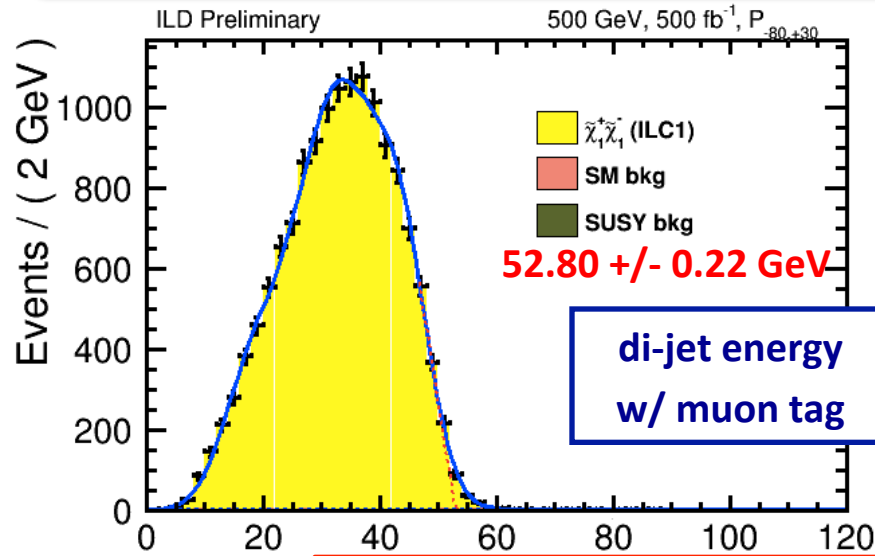


# Chargino pair production with semileptonic decay

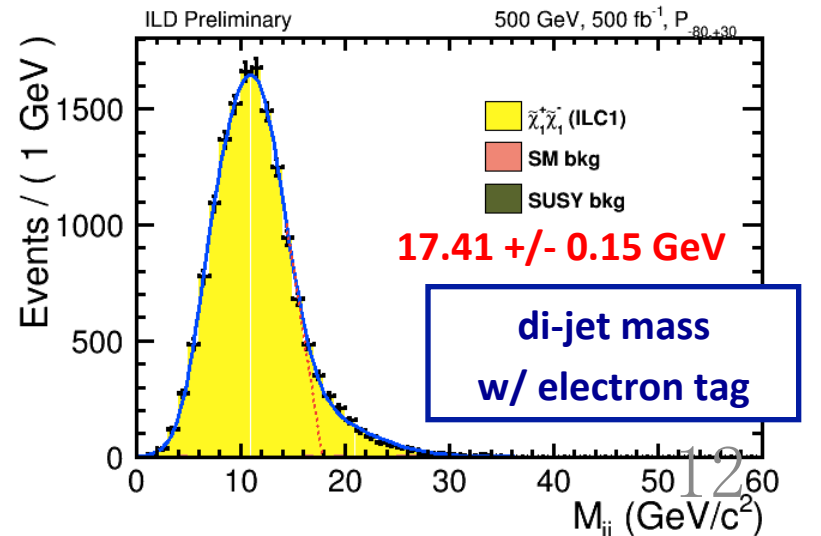
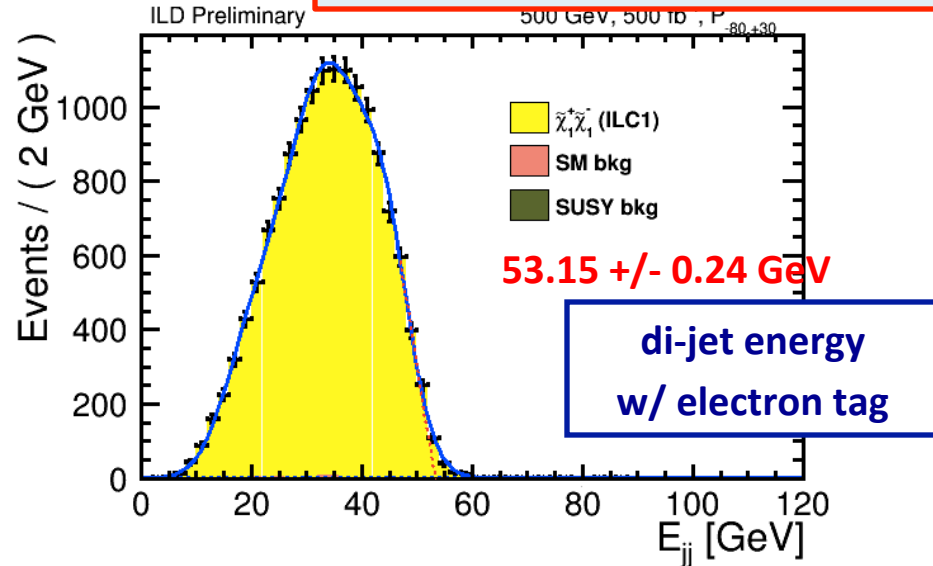
$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 q q' \ell \nu$$

Left Polarization (Pe-,Pe+) = (-0.8, +0.3)

Almost all bkg rejected



Theoretical values: E\_max = 56.4 GeV ΔM = 15.1 GeV

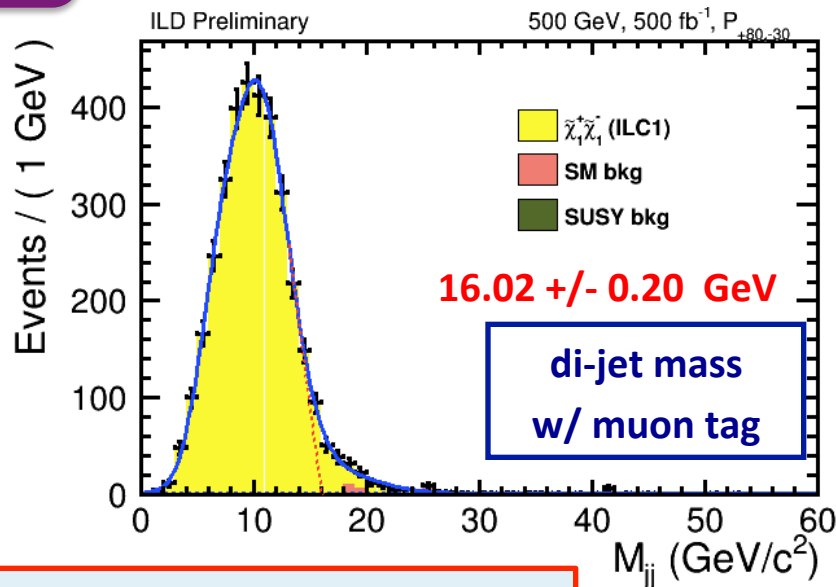
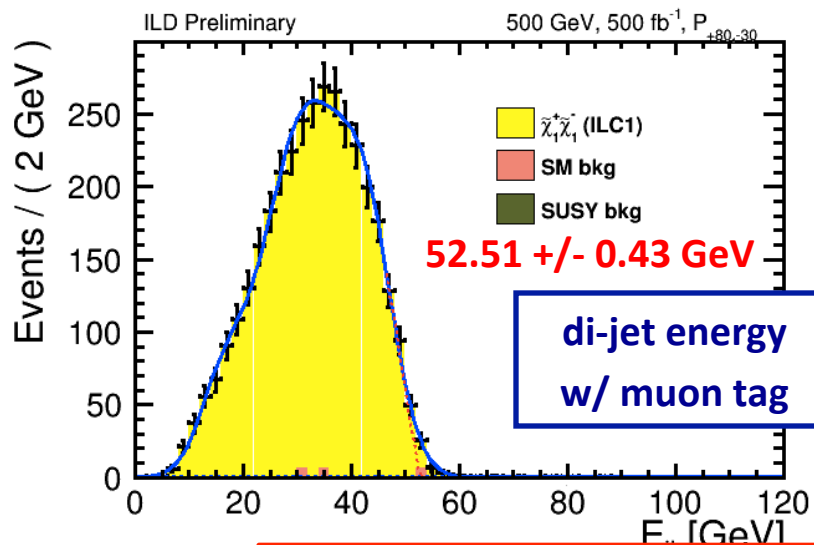


# Chargino pair production with semileptonic decay

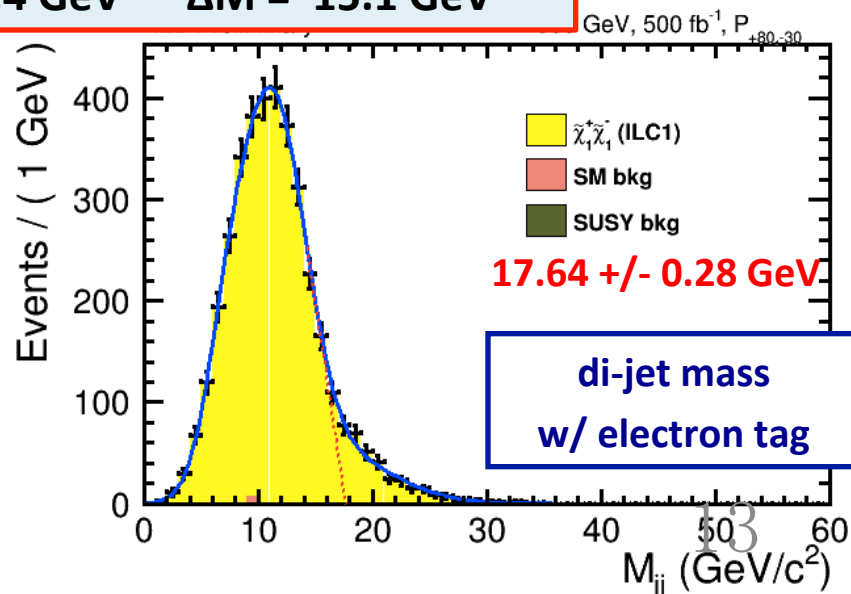
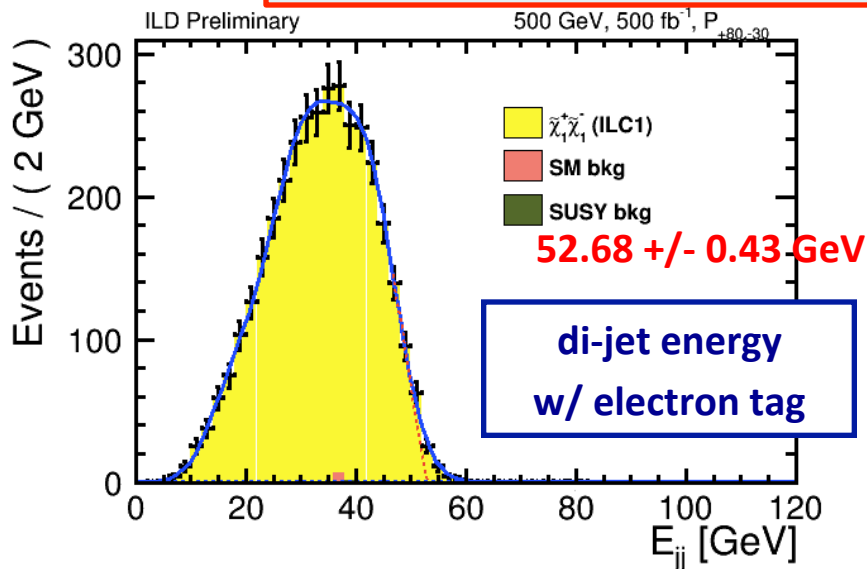
$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 qq' \ell \nu$$

Left Polarization ( $P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}$ ) = (+0.8, -0.3)

Cross section  $\sim 1/5$  of left polarization



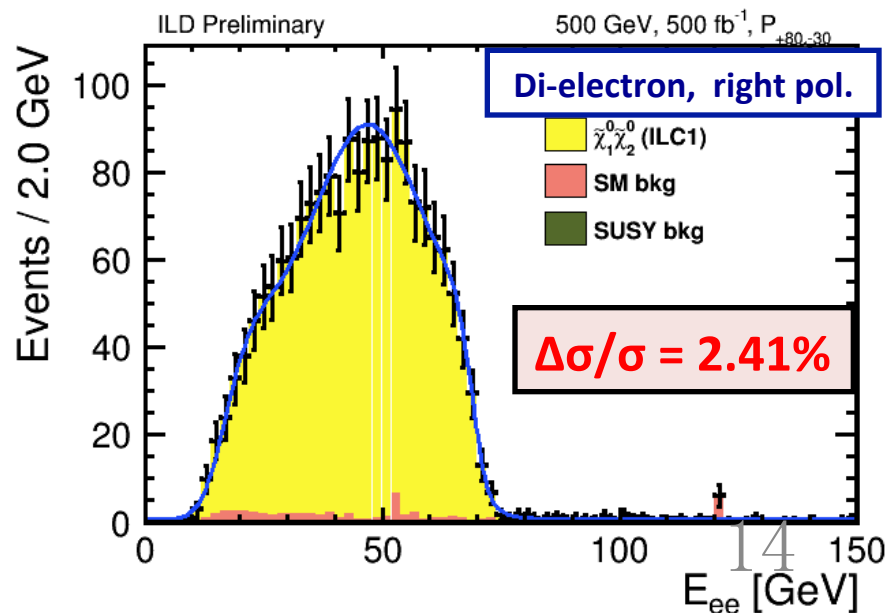
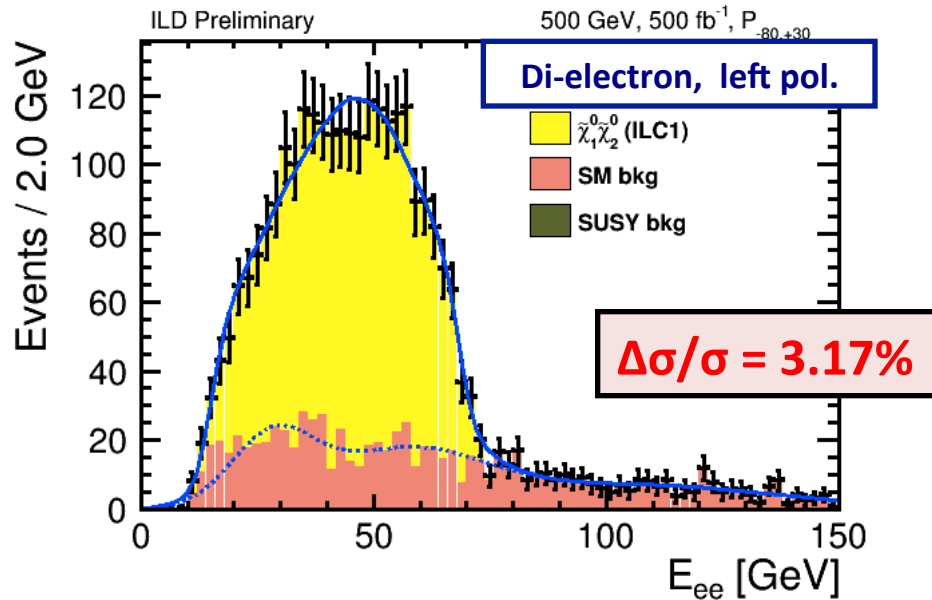
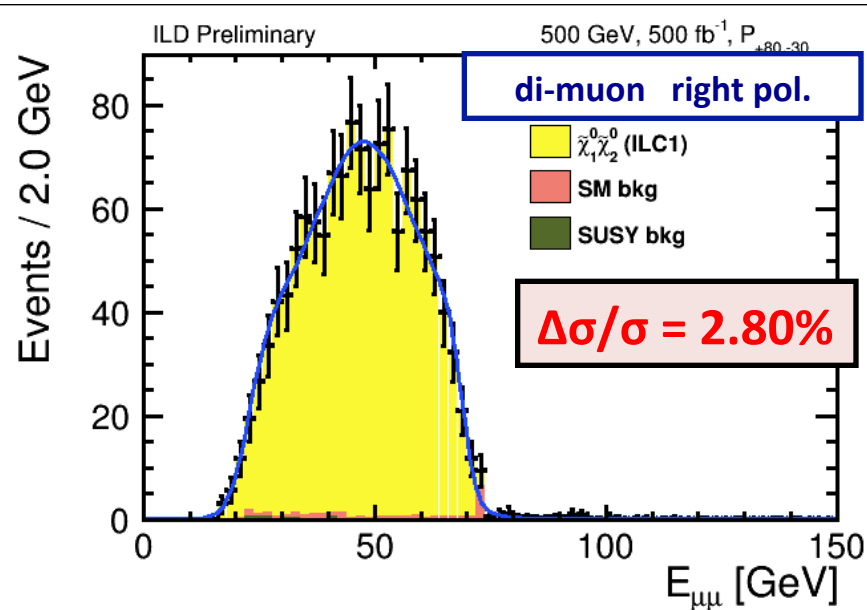
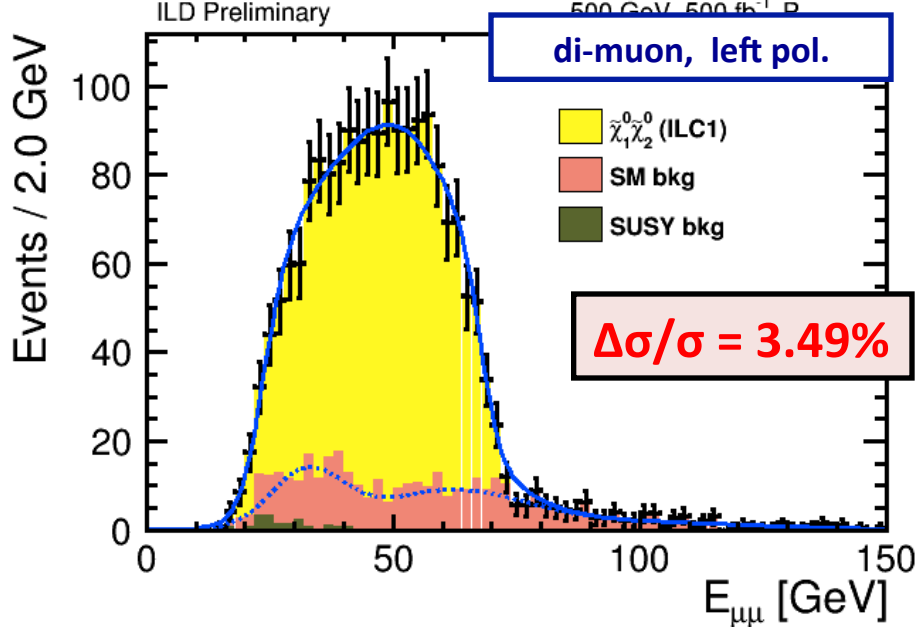
Theoretical values:  $E_{max} = 56.4$  GeV  $\Delta M = 15.1$  GeV



# Extraction of Cross Section

Uncertainty of right pol is about 3 / 4 of left pol  
dependent on statistics (evaluated using Toy MC)

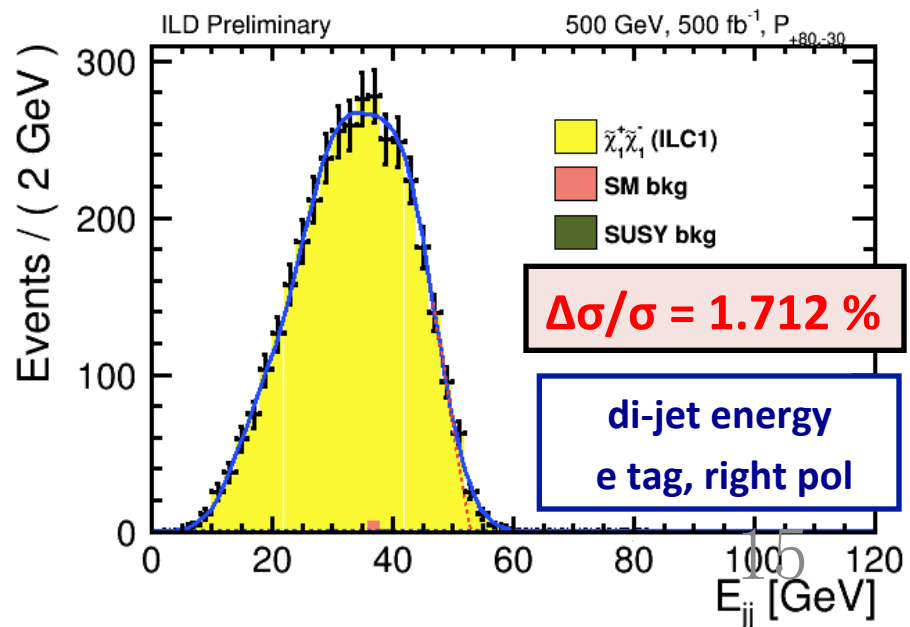
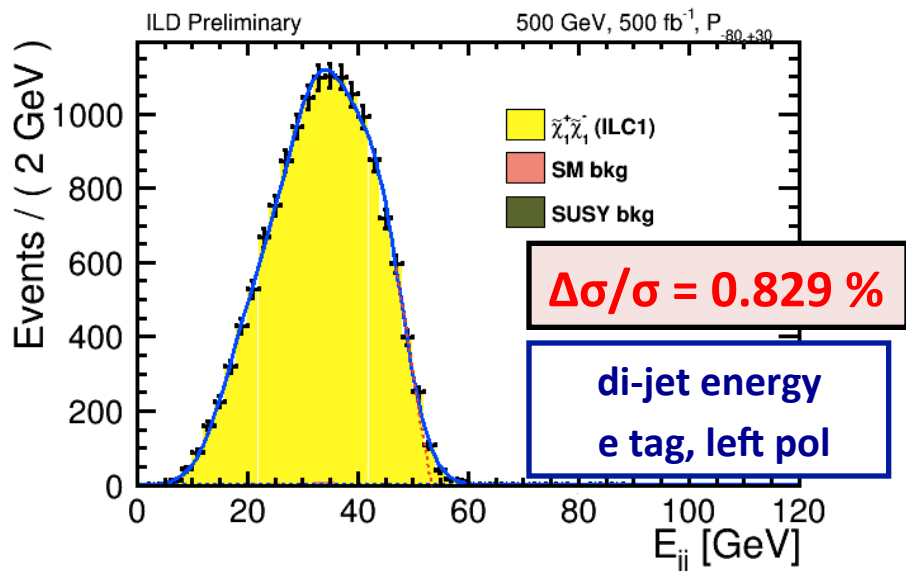
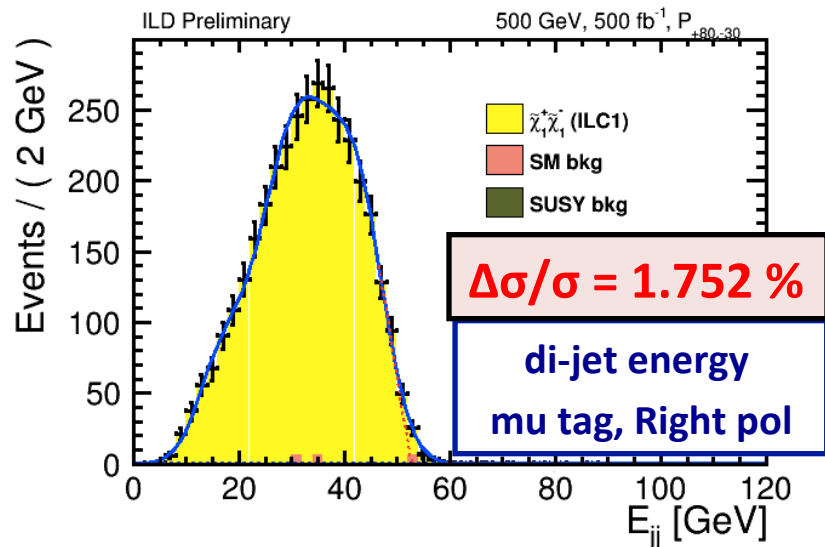
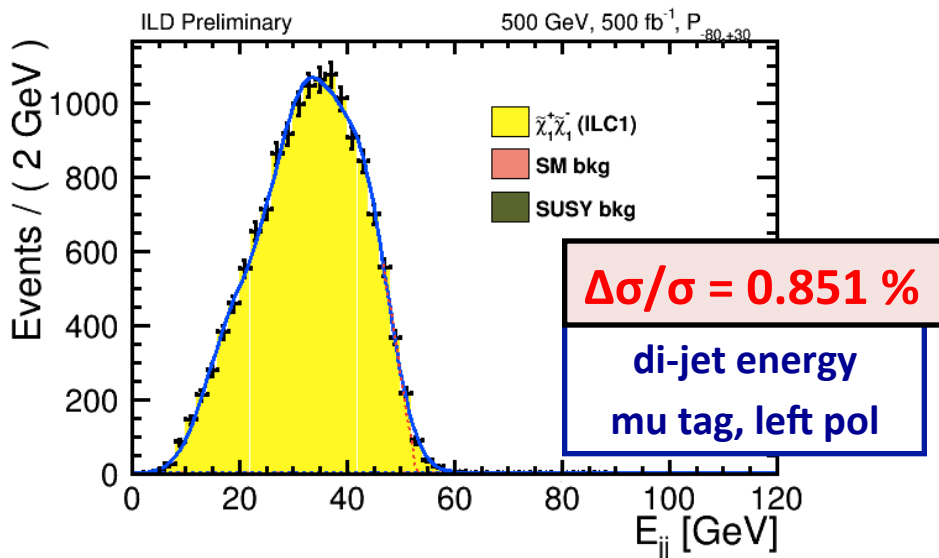
## N1N2



# Extraction of Cross Section

## C1C1

- Left pol has x2 better precision
- dependent on statistics



# Summary of Mass Precisions

Edge precision propagated to mass precision

## N1N2:

- edge precision  $\sim 1\%$ , mass precision about 1 – 2%
- Left polarization ee has worse precision :

high bkg w.r.t right pol + wider distribution than mumu

**C1C1:** mass precision is better for left polarization by a factor of 2 (statistics)

## N1N2

polarization		MN1	MN2	$\Delta$ MN1	$\Delta$ MN1/ MN1	$\Delta$ MN2	$\Delta$ MN2/ MN2
left	mm	102.26	123.02	1.77	1.7%	1.76	1.4%
left	ee	100.30	120.81	2.17	2.2%	2.15	1.8%
right	mm	103.06	123.99	1.82	1.8%	1.81	1.5%
right	ee	103.41	124.30	1.44	1.4%	1.43	1.1%

**Theoretical values: MN1 = 102.7 GeV MN2 = 124.0 GeV, MC1 = 117.8 GeV**

## C1C1

polarization		MN1	MC1	$\Delta$ MN1	$\Delta$ MN1/ MN1	$\Delta$ MC1	$\Delta$ MC1/ MC1
left	mu tag	113.50	129.14	0.82	0.7%	0.82	0.6%
left	e tag	122.96	140.37	1.19	1.0%	1.18	0.8%
right	mu tag	116.42	132.44	1.76	1.5%	1.75	1.3%
right	e tag	125.34	142.98	2.20	1.8%	2.18	1.5%



# Summary of Mass Precisions (Combined Results)

- Combined statistical mass precision better than 0.4%
- Now we juts need to calibrate for systematical shift !

Chi square fit of 4 variables (Ell\_max, Ejj\_max, Mll\_max, Mjj\_max)

polarization		$\Delta MN1/MN1$	$\Delta MN2/MN2$	$\Delta MC1/MC1$
left	mu	0.602%	0.548%	0.580%
left	e	0.772%	0.730%	0.765%
right	mu	1.053%	0.950%	1.027%
right	e	1.019%	0.930%	1.018%
<b>combined</b>		<b>0.398%</b>	<b>0.366%</b>	<b>0.389%</b>
<b>H20</b>		<b>0.223%</b>	<b>0.205%</b>	<b>0.218%</b>

Default : 500 fb-1 for each polarization  
H20: 1600 fb-1 for each polarization

# Summary of Cross Section Precisions

- For N1N2: right polarization benefits from low bkg
- For C1C1, no bkg anyhow, so left polarization is better due to higher statistics (cross section is larger by a factor of 4-5)

N1N2	$\Delta \sigma / \sigma$
left, mumu	3.49%
left, ee	3.17%
right mumu	2.80%
right ee	2.41%

C1C1	$\Delta \sigma / \sigma$
left, mu-tag	0.85%
left, e-tag	0.83%
right mu-tag	1.75%
right e-tag	1.71%

# Summary

## Precision measurement of light Higgsinos with small $\Delta M$ (10-20 GeV)

- Motivated by both experiment (complementary to LHC) and theory (naturalness)

## This study: Full ILD detector simulation

**L=500 fb<sup>-1</sup> at  $\sqrt{s} = 500$  GeV, (Pe<sup>-</sup>, Pe<sup>+</sup>) = (-0.8,+0.3),(+0.8, -0.3)**

- Analysis of **neutralino mixed production ( $\chi_1^0 \chi_2^0$ )** and **chargino pair production ( $\chi_1^+ \chi_1^-$ )**
- Data selection yields good S/B ratio ; almost no background for chargino
- **Fit kinematic edges to extract Higgsino masses**
- **Fit to overall distribution to extract production cross sections**

## Obtained preliminary results for some channels

- **Edge precision  $\sim 1$  %**
- **Combined mass precision  $\sim 0.4\%$   $\rightarrow$  scaled to H20  $\sim 0.2\%$**
- **xsec precision : neutralino: 3.5% (left), 2.8% (right) , chargino: 0.8% (left) 1.7% (right)**
- **results obtained in this study become input to SUSY parameter determination**

To extract other SUSY parameters, test GUT-scale physics and SUSY-breaking mechanism

[S.-L. Lehtinen, in progress]

# Plan for Analysis

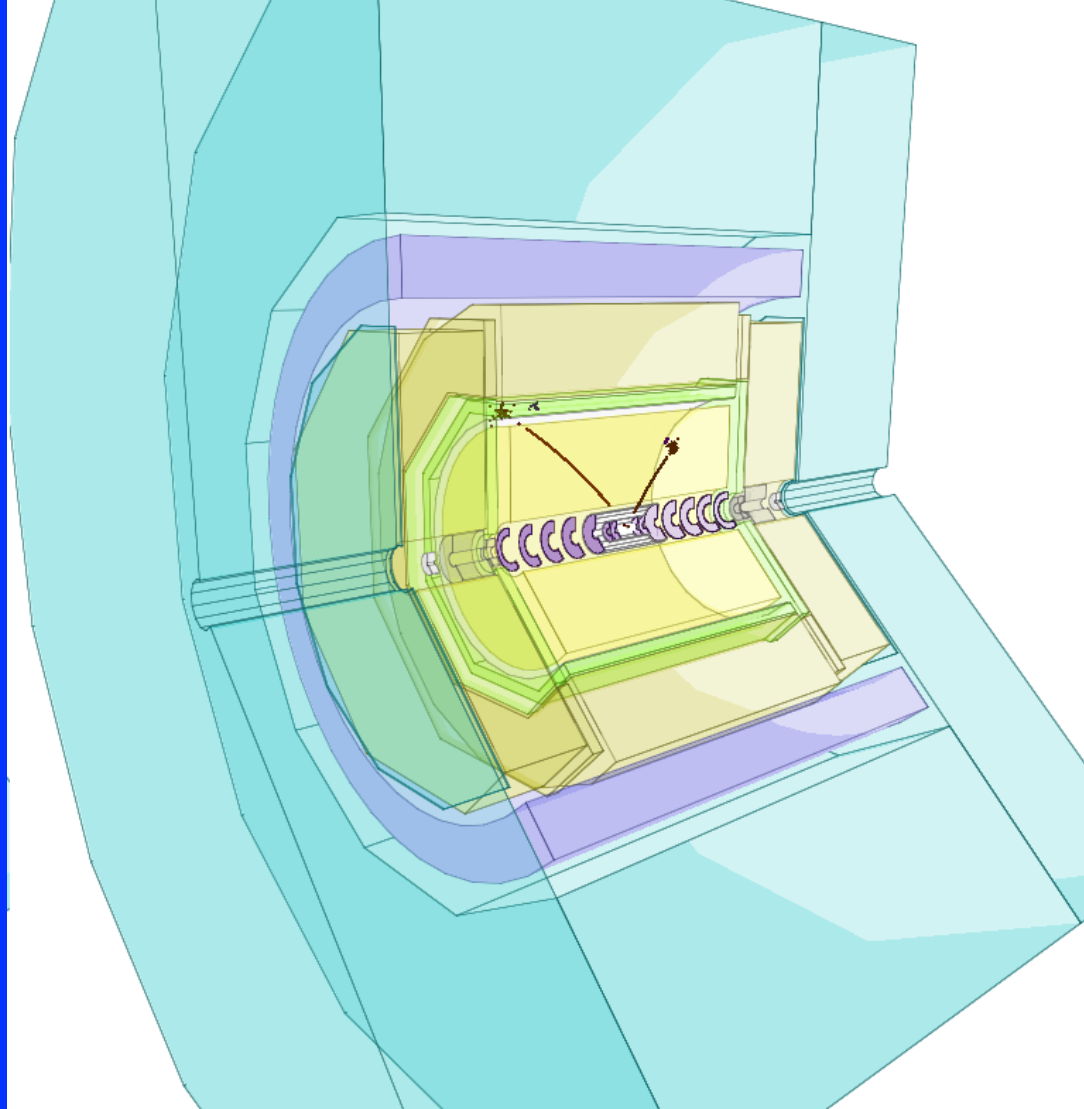
## Top priority is to converge current results

- **Statistic precision obtained using current toy MC**
- **calibration of systematic shift (detector and jet energy resolution)**  
**conduct calibration** using Higgsino samples with different masses  
several points in a  $M(\text{NLSP}) - \Delta M$  plane, Intervals of  $\sim 2$  GeV  
Plan to start simulating samples in mid of September
- **Analysis including gamma gamma over-lay bkg**
- **Analysis at other CM energies and polarizations:**  
Enable more precise gaugino mass determination  
Threshold scan for precise Higgsino mass extraction

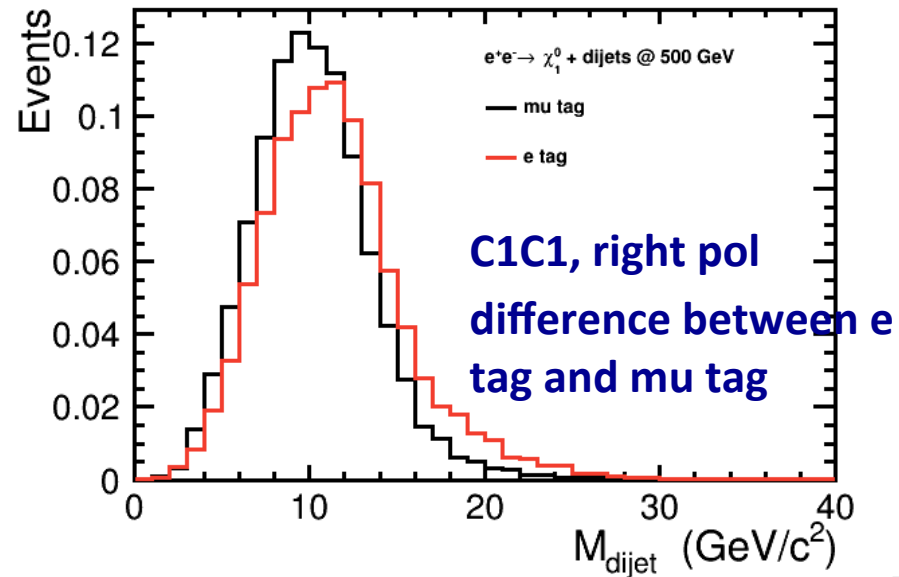
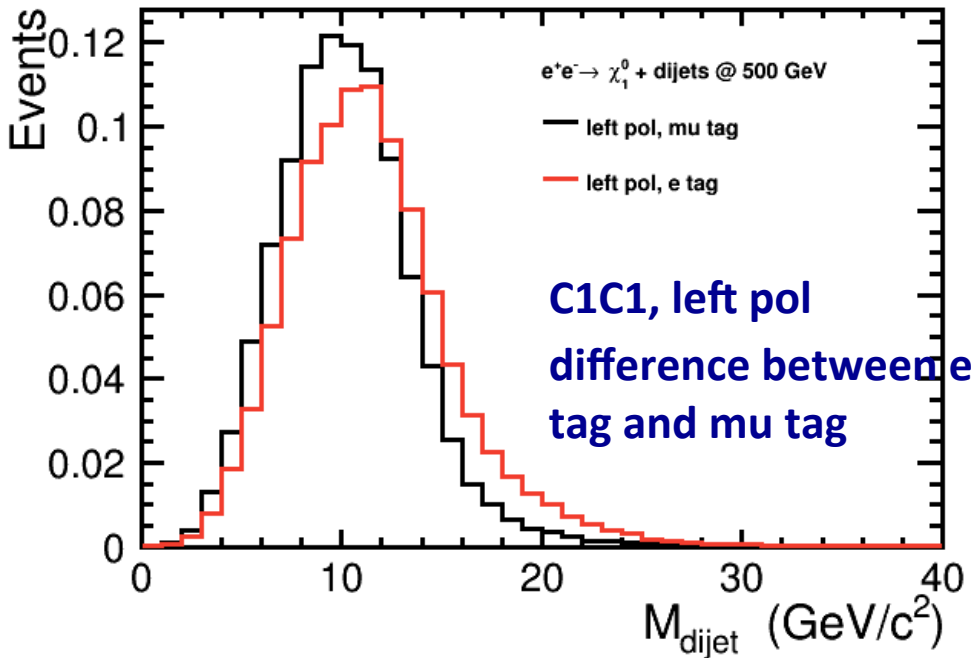
## Plans for publication and document

- **Follow up document to ICFA letter**  
(section on new particle discovery: 1<sup>st</sup> draft  $\sim$  end of September)
- **publication**

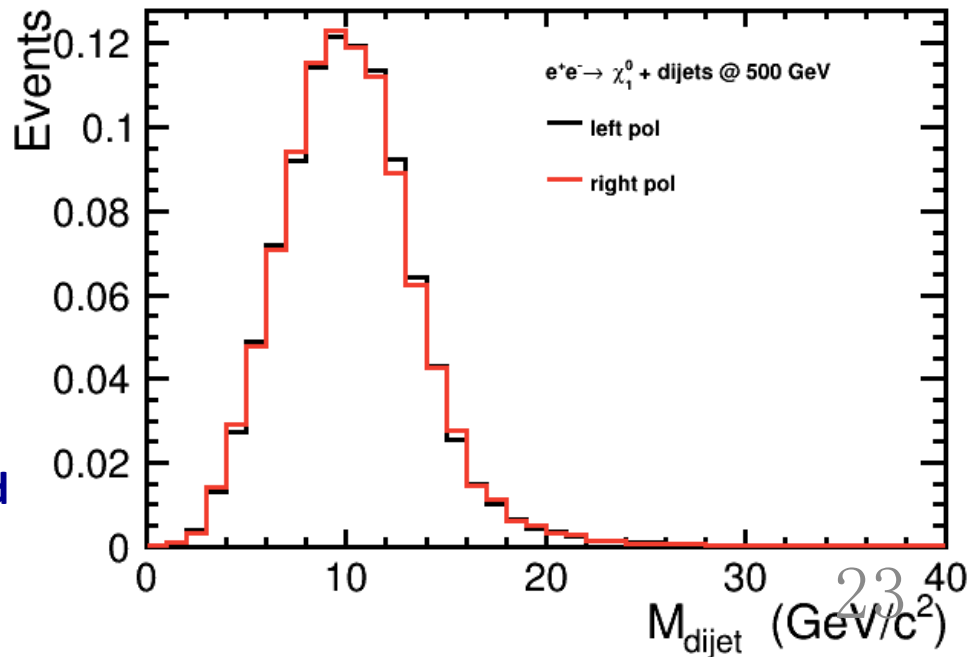
# Thank you for listening

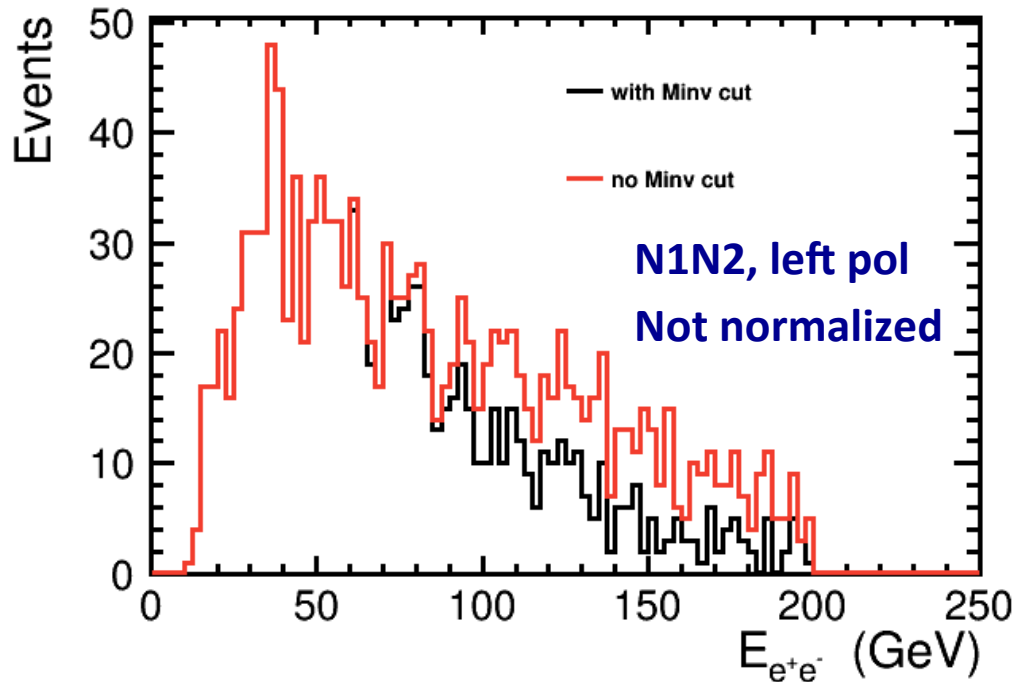


# **Additional Material**



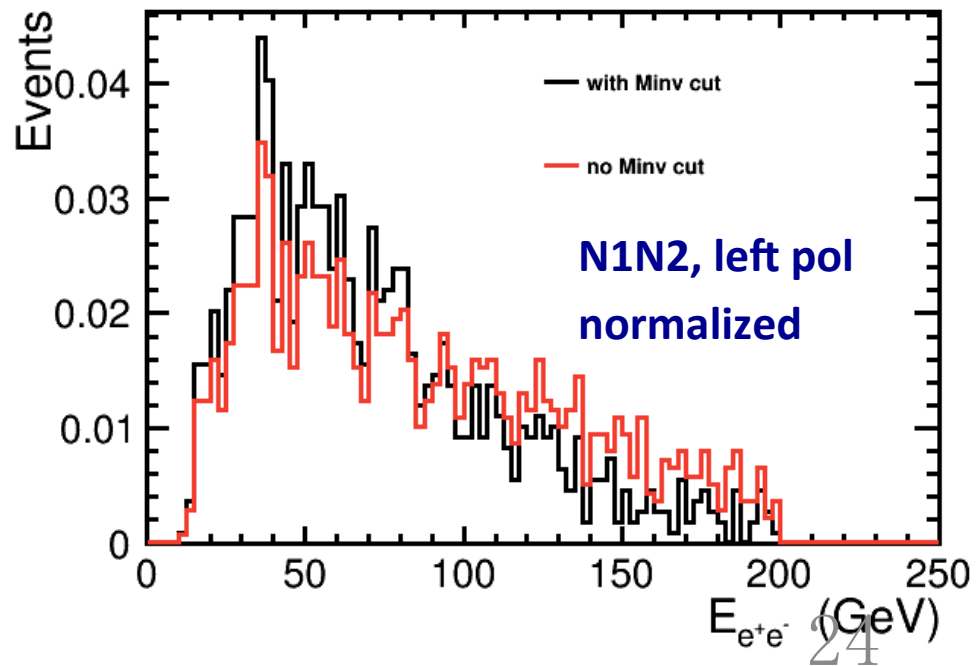
**C1C1 left:  
no difference between left and  
right polarization**



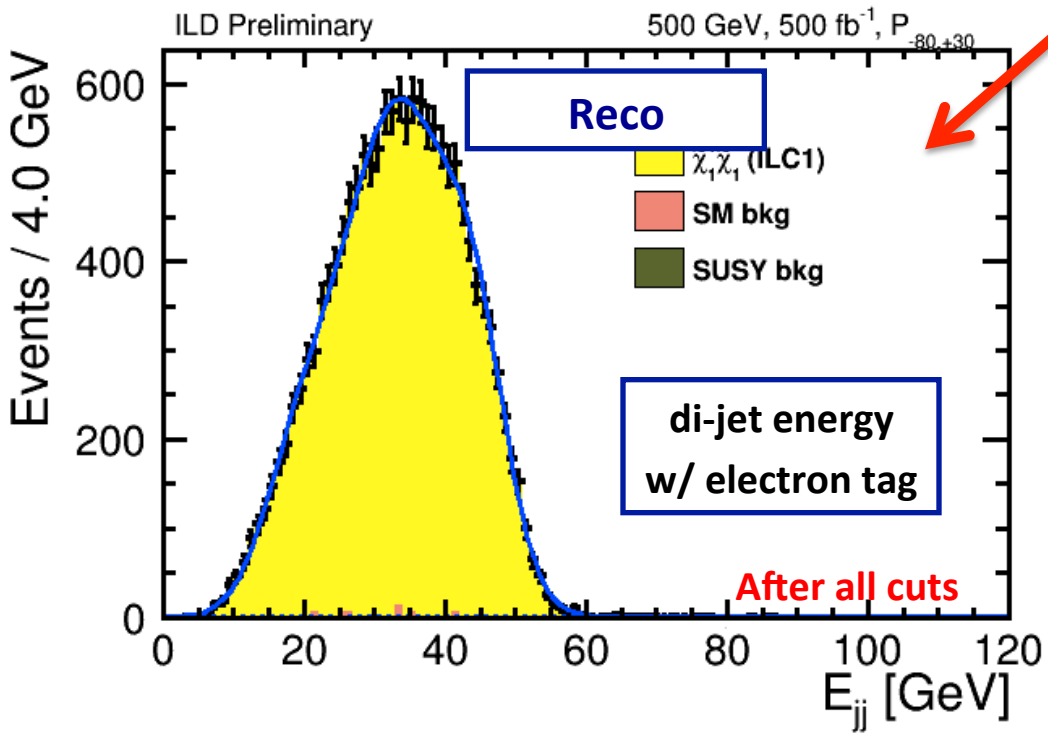
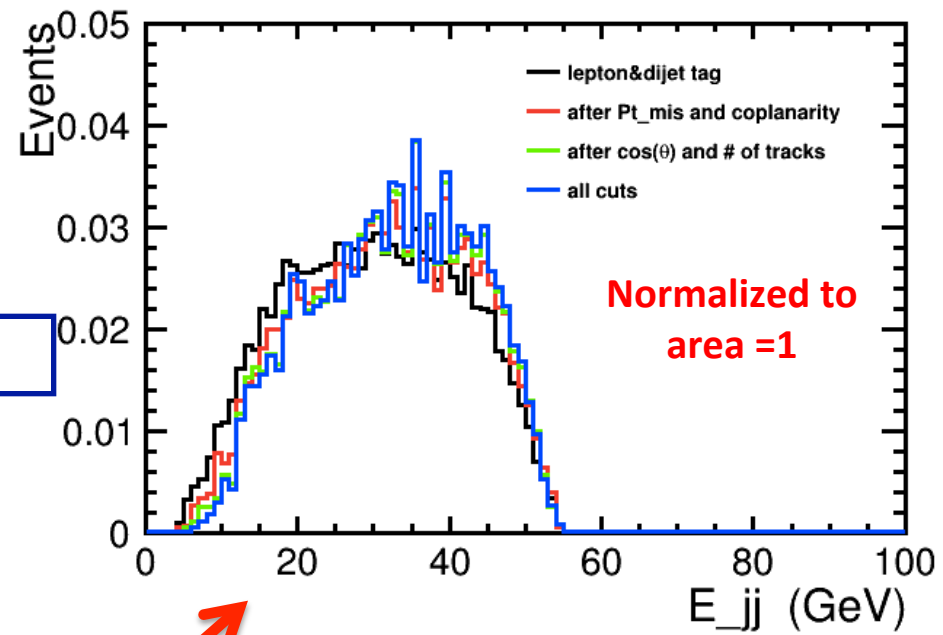
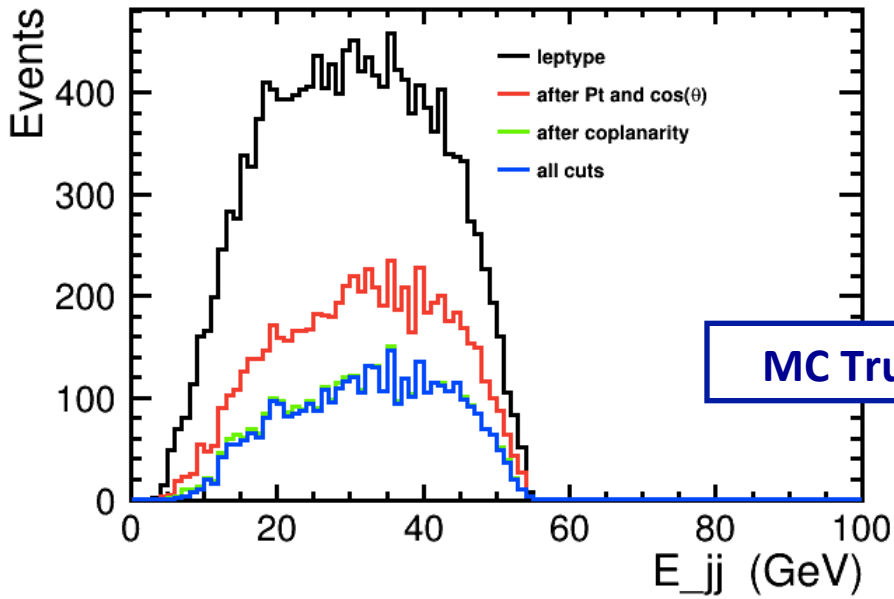


4f\_szeorsw\_l\_lr bkg

**Flatter bkg (without Minv cut)  
has better precision**







Looks SAME

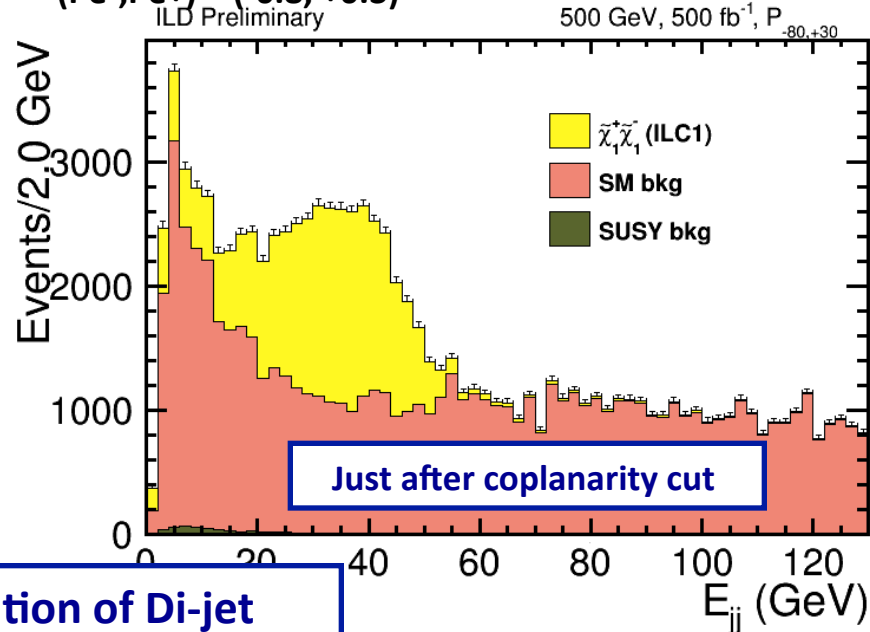
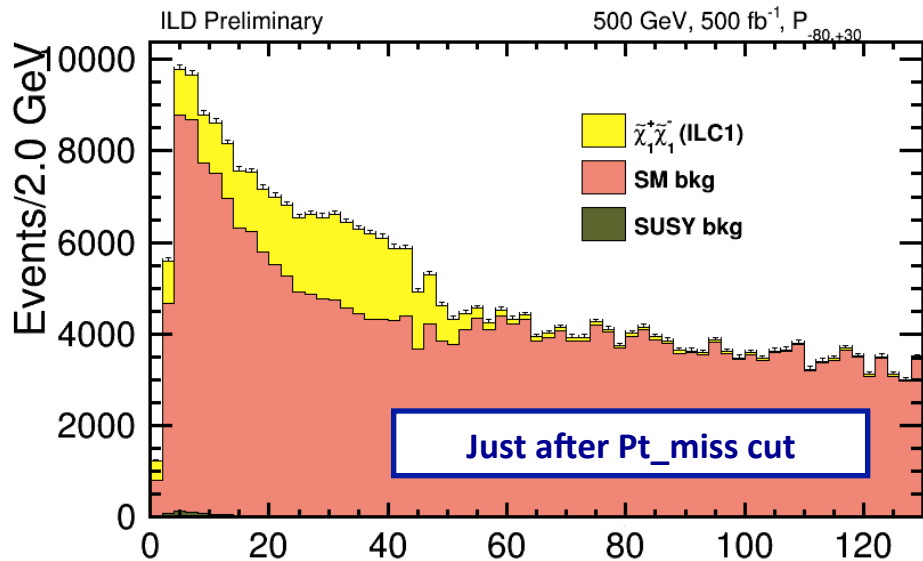
Change in distribution of Di-jet energy with respect to cuts (SIGNAL)

Cuts applied on Reconstructed variables

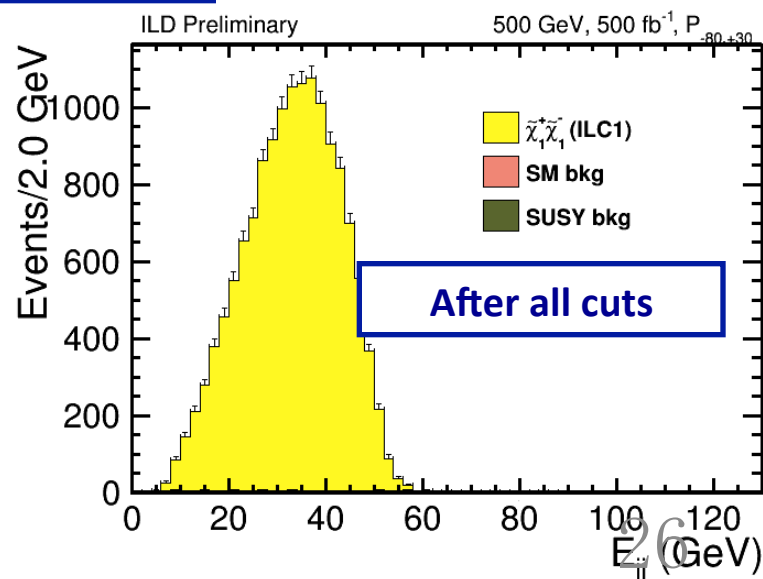
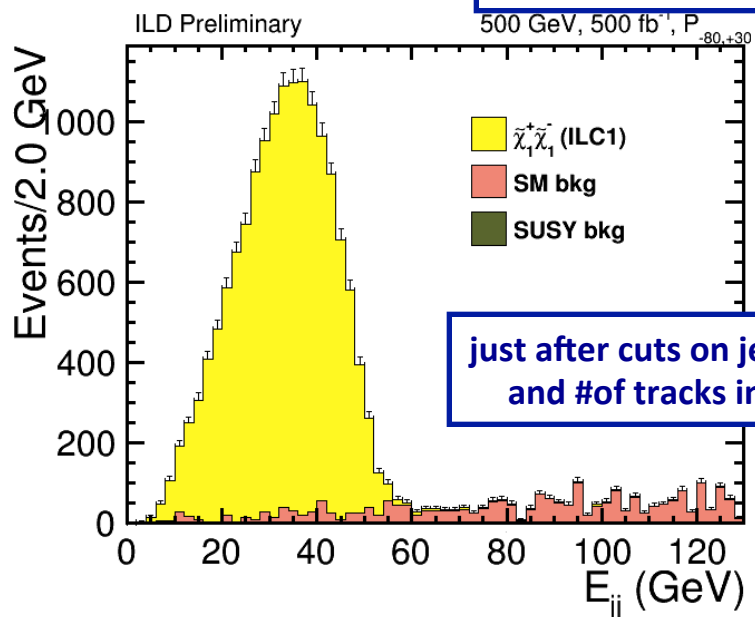
# Chargino pair production with semileptonic decay

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 qq' \ell \nu$$

$(P_{e-,Pe+}) = (-0.8, +0.3)$



Change in distribution of Di-jet energy with respect to cuts (BKG)



## Cuts for N1N2

- **lepton type ( $\mu\mu$  or  $ee$ )** : the two leptonic channels of N1N2 analysis
- **nTrack = 2** : number of charged tracks
- **no hit in BeamCal** : veto  $\gamma\gamma$ 2f BG
- **Pt\_lep1,2 > 6 GeV and  $|\cos\theta_{lep1,2}| < 0.95$ :**
- **Coplanarity < 1.0 rad** : angle between leptons in x-y plane
- **Evis – E $\gamma$ max < 40 GeV** : visible energy (very small for signal)
- **Emis > 300 GeV** : missing energy (very large for signal)
- **$|\cos\theta_{missing}| < 0.98$**  :  $\theta$  of missing energy events
- **$|\cos\theta_Z| < 0.98$**  :  $Z^*$  production angle
- **Pt\_dl < 80 GeV** : transverse momentum of dilepton
- **Minv < 50 GeV** : dilepton invariant mass: determines  $\Delta M$

last of all observe distributions of Minv and dilepton energy (E\_dl)

Kinematic edge is a function of Higgsino mass and  $\Delta M$

## Cuts for C1C1

- lepton type ( $\mu$  or e tag) and # of lepton =1
- $Pt_{mis} > 10$  GeV
- Jet Coplanarity  $< 1.0$  rad
- $|\cos\theta_{jet1,2}| < 0.95$ :
- nTrack(in jet)  $> 1$  :
- no hit in BeamCal :
- $\cos\theta_{jet1-lep} < 0.2$ ,  $\cos\theta_{jet2-lep} < 0$  angle between jets and leptons
- $E_{vis} - E_{\gamma max} < 60$  GeV :
- $E_{mis} > 400$  GeV :
- $|\cos\theta_{missing}| < 0.98$  :
- $|\cos\theta_Z| < 0.98$  :
- $Pt_{jj} < 50$  GeV :
- $Minv < 30$  GeV :

last of all observe distributions of  $Minv$  and dijet energy ( $E_{jj}$ )

Kinematic edge is a function of Higgsino mass and  $\Delta M$

# Fits of NUHM2 Parameters

ILC2

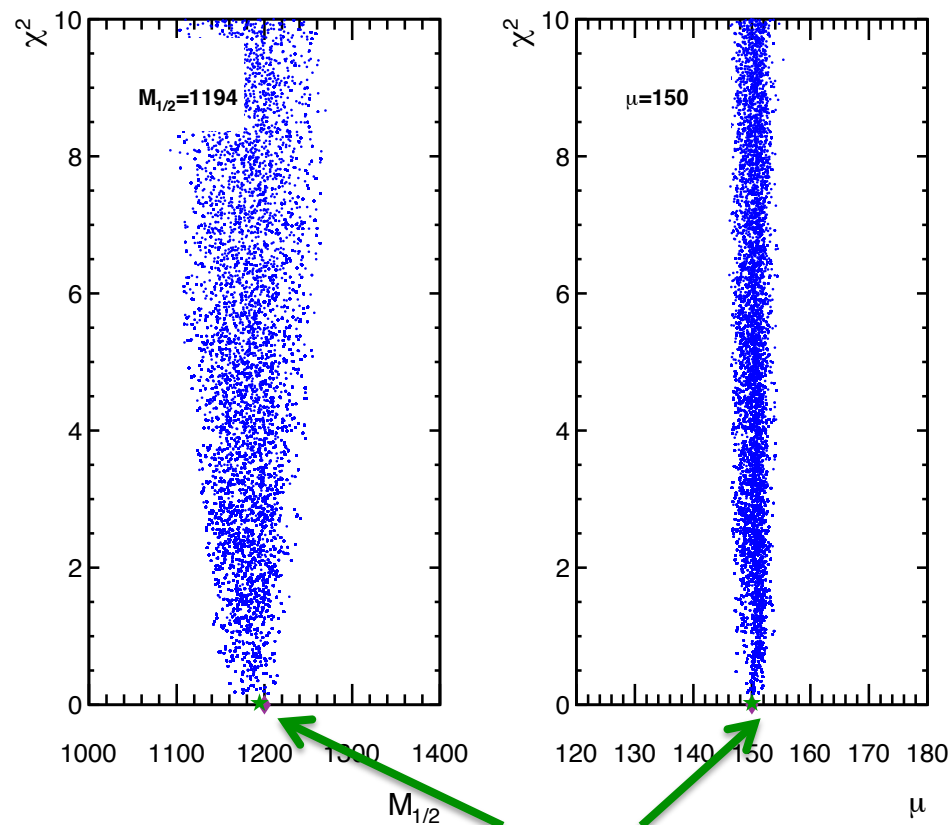
All 6 parameters are simultaneously varied. Initial values are set to be near the model values.

Each blue point corresponds to a set of parameter values. The  $\chi^2$  value is computed for each point.

Using the  $\chi_1^0$ ,  $\chi_2^0$ ,  $\chi_1^\pm$  masses and production cross sections,  $M_{1/2}$  can be determined.

Adding Higgs mass and BR as measured at the ILC fixes  $\mu$  and possibly constrains other parameters

In addition, if  $\chi_3^0$  can be observed in  $\chi_2^0 \chi_3^0$ ,  $\tan\beta$  can be constrained as well. (ILC1)



**Diamond = model point**

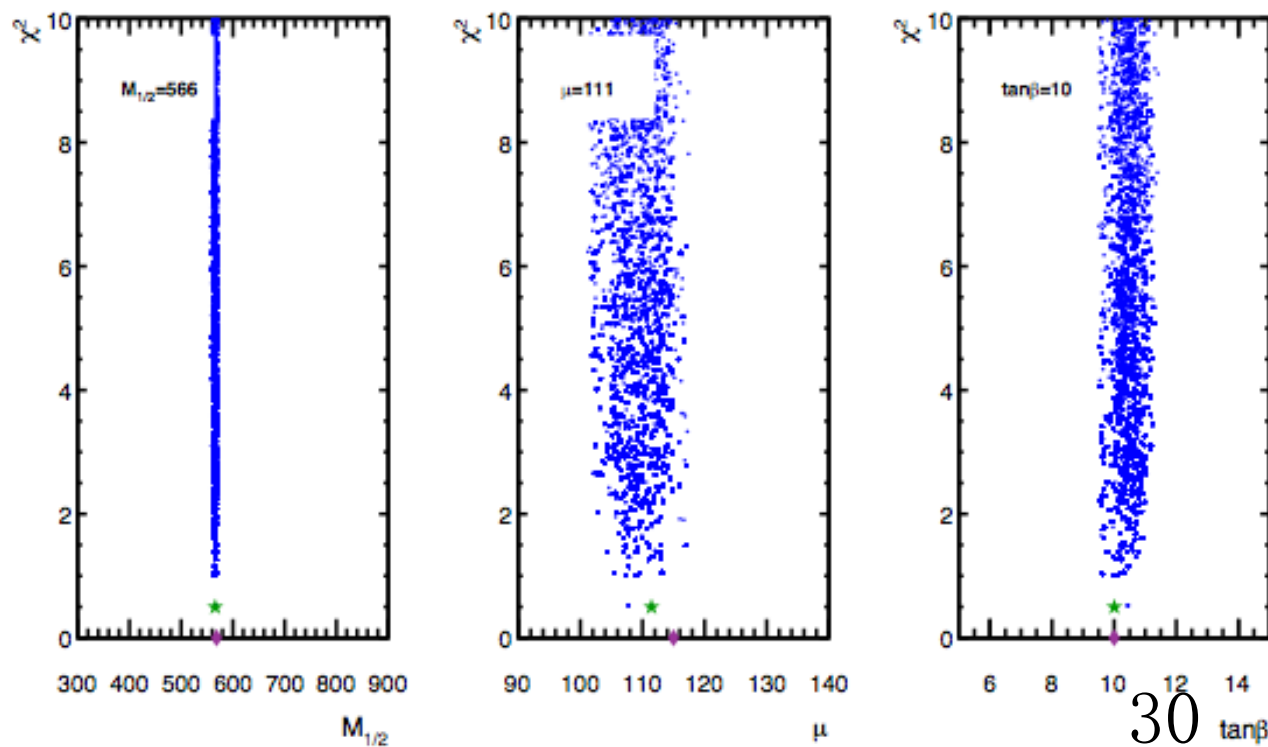
**Star = best fit point**

## Outlook

- Test gaugino mass unification by fitting weak scale parameters  $M_1$  and  $M_2$

parameter	scale	ILC1
$m_0$	GUT	7025
$m_{1/2}$	GUT	568.3
$A_0$	GUT	-10426.6
$\tan \beta$	weak	10
$\mu$	weak	115
$m_A$	weak	1000

- $\tan \beta$  constrained if we add  $\chi_3^0$  mass and  $\chi_1^0 \chi_3^0$  production cross section



## ILC1

Cross sections (pure beam polarizations)  
 $\sqrt{s}=500$  GeV with TDR beam parameters

(Pe-, Pe+)	(-1.0,+1.0)	(+1.0,-1.0)
$\sigma(\chi_1^+ \chi_1^-)$ [fb]	1800	335
$\sigma(\chi_1^0 \chi_2^0)$ [fb]	491	379
$\sigma(\chi_2^0 \chi_3^0)$ [fb]	11.0	8.42
$\sigma(\chi_1^0 \chi_1^0)$ [fb]	2.03	1.56
$\sigma(\chi_2^0 \chi_2^0)$ [fb]	0.53	0.41
$\sigma(\chi_1^0 \chi_3^0)$ [fb]	0.28	0.20

Branching ratios

$\text{BR}(\chi_1^+ \rightarrow \chi_1^0 qq')$	67%
$\text{BR}(\chi_1^+ \rightarrow \chi_1^0 lv)$ (l=e, $\mu$ )	22%
$\text{BR}(\chi_2^0 \rightarrow \chi_1^0 qq')$	58%
$\text{BR}(\chi_2^0 \rightarrow \chi_1^0 ll)$ (l=e, $\mu$ )	7.4%

# Cut table $N1N2, \mu\mu$ ( $P_{e-}, P_{e+}$ ) = (-80,+30)

	sig	bkg	4f_l	aa_2f	ae_3f	SUSY bkg
xsec	300.8	3.00E6	10566.2	2.68E6	261580	1065.2
N_gen	150395	1.50E9	5.28E6	1.34E9	1.31E8	532585
Lep_type nTrack=2	1974	9.1E8	444255	8.9E8	2.2E7	2426
BCAL veto	1950	6.0E6	149871	5.5E6	965354	2411
Pt_lep,1,2	1675	2.0E6	105721	1.4E6	295459	1986
cos $\theta$ _lep	1624	1.3E6	56001	910330	167734	1950
coplanarity	1407	48366	5272	3509	33067	22
Evis	1404	14325	2465	2248	4743	22
Emis, cos $\theta$ mis	1393	1063	929	34	9	19
cosZ, Pt_ll, Minv	1393	545	429	34	9	19



# Cut Table: C1C1 left polarization, mu-tag

Polarization: (e-,e+) = (-0.8,+0.3)

Reduction Table

Process	2f_l	2f_h	4f_l	4f_sl	4f_h	aa_2f	NIN2	aa_4f	ae3f	BG	Signal	Signf	
Cross Section	6773.07	19625.1	10566.2	13232.1	8648.64	2.6771e+06	300.791	26.0064	261580	2.99785e+06	1065.17	0	
Generated	949500	2.3467e+06	2.84884e+06	1.9401e+06	704600	7.17376e+07	1.0963e+06	8300	2.26291e+07	1.04261e+08	2.33207e+06	2.33207e+06	
Expected	3.38654e+06	9.81253e+06	5.28308e+06	6.61606e+06	4.32432e+06	1.33855e+09	150395	13003.2	1.3079e+08	1.49892e+09	532585	532585	13.7538
Cut0	2.5406e+06	0	3.21083e+06	1.6053e+06	1463	1.34285e+09	6448.59	0	1.23824e+08	1.47404e+09	139638	139638	3.63688
Cut1	166279	0	2.05938e+06	12369.8	121.502	1.18992e+06	1135.45	0	860560	4.28976e+06	57982.8	57982.8	27.0078
Cut2	116859	0	2.03424e+06	6042.91	32.1319	465397	964.755	0	519208	3.14274e+06	38240.3	38240.3	21.4408
Cut3	24514.9	0	1.82201e+06	838.307	0	83683.4	530.5	0	109325	2.04091e+06	26085.4	26085.4	18.1438
Cut4	507.2	0	1.75586e+06	541.814	0	554.622	22.288	0	2234.05	1.75972e+06	14611.8	14611.8	10.9695
Cut5	345.949	0	1.75524e+06	514.594	0	131.168	0	0	511.501	1.75674e+06	14307.6	14307.6	10.7511
Cut6	152.933	0	1.75387e+06	6.28999	0	100.16	0	0	41	1.75417e+06	14295.4	14295.4	10.7497
Cut7	20.8147	0	1.75325e+06	0	0	3.20718	0	0	0	1.75327e+06	14230.5	14230.5	10.7039
Cut8	20.8147	0	1.75325e+06	0	0	3.20718	0	0	0	1.75327e+06	14229.6	14229.6	10.7032
Cut9	20.8147	0	1.75325e+06	0	0	3.20718	0	0	0	1.75327e+06	14180.9	14180.9	10.6667
Cut10	14.0019	0	1.75324e+06	0	0	3.20718	0	0	0	1.75325e+06	14173	14173	10.6608

# Cut Table: C1C1 left polarization, e-tag

Polarization: (e-,e+) = (-0.8,+0.3)

Reduction Table

Process	2f_l	2f_h	4f_l	4f_sl	4f_h	aa_2f	N1N2	aa_4f	ae3f	BG	Signal	Signf	
Cross Section	6773.07	19625.1	10566.2	13232.1	8648.64	2.6771e+06	300.791	26.0064	261580	2.99785e+06	1065.17	0	
Generated	949500	2.3467e+06	2.84884e+06	1.9401e+06	704600	7.17376e+07	1.0963e+06	8300	2.26291e+07	1.04261e+08	2.33207e+06	2.33207e+06	
Expected	3.38654e+06	9.81253e+06	5.28308e+06	6.61606e+06	4.32432e+06	1.33855e+09	150395	13003.2	1.3079e+08	1.49892e+09	532585	532585	13.7538
Cut0	2.5406e+06	0	3.21083e+06	1.6053e+06	1463	1.34285e+09	6448.59	0	1.23824e+08	1.47404e+09	139638	139638	3.63688
Cut1	440593	0	2.18564e+06	1.41835e+06	1303.09	4.69081e+06	2280.9	0	6.68666e+06	1.54256e+07	72311.8	72311.8	18.3684
Cut2	183455	0	2.11847e+06	1.29514e+06	363.816	2.01091e+06	1892.27	0	4.70162e+06	1.03118e+07	47855.5	47855.5	14.8682
Cut3	32097.7	0	1.81125e+06	254878	6.65116	448367	1198.9	0	1.50445e+06	4.05224e+06	26589.9	26589.9	13.1659
Cut4	1312.43	0	1.75645e+06	193270	0	51091.1	109.868	0	270643	2.27280e+06	15180.8	15180.8	10.036
Cut5	1194.81	0	1.7549e+06	158984	0	37688.8	15.579	0	228069	2.18085e+06	14591.6	14591.6	9.84785
Cut6	132.869	0	1.75377e+06	187.228	0	16862.3	13.8184	0	7410.43	1.77837e+06	14582.2	14582.2	10.8903
Cut7	0.376225	0	1.75326e+06	0	0	0	11.3776	0	0	1.75327e+06	14507	14507	10.911
Cut8	0.376225	0	1.75326e+06	0	0	0	11.3776	0	0	1.75327e+06	14506.4	14506.4	10.9106
Cut9	0.376225	0	1.75326e+06	0	0	0	11.1108	0	0	1.75327e+06	14455.1	14455.1	10.8721
Cut10	0.376225	0	1.75324e+06	0	0	0	11.1108	0	0	1.75325e+06	14437	14437	10.8586