NLO Electroweak Corrections to Lepton Collider Processes IDT-WG3-Phys Open Meeting

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Particle Physics Phenomenology after the Higgs Discovery

NLO EW corrections in an automated tool

 \Rightarrow Include $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$ corrections in cross sections and differential distributions for arbitrary final states at hadron and lepton colliders

Major enhancement effects of $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$ corrections at lepton colliders

- $\mathcal{O}(\alpha \log^2 p_{ij}^2/M_W^2)$ EW Sudakov suppressions large
 - for any high-energy lepton collider, $p_{ij}^2 \sim \hat{s} \sim s$
- $\mathcal{O}(\alpha \log s/m_l^2)$ enhancements for QED ISR
 - \blacktriangleright especially for high-energy e^+e^- colliders, $s\gg m_e^2$
- $\mathcal{O}(\alpha \log s/E_{\gamma}^2)$ enhancements due to soft photon radiation
 - ▶ especially for lepton-collider energies close to mass thresholds

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What do we do?

• Apply universal principles of NLO EW corrections in the Monte-Carlo generator WHIZARD [EPJ C71 (2011) 1742]

Overview

Parts:

- I) Automation of NLO EW corrections in $\tt WHIZARD$
- II) Application of fixed $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$ corrections to muon-collider processes
- III) Status: NLL electron PDFs for lepton-collider processes at NLO EW

I) Automation of NLO EW corrections in $\tt WHIZARD$

I) NLO framework in WHIZARD

What is WHIZARD?

Multi-purpose event generator for cross sections and differential distributions of **arbitrary processes** at HEP experiments (LHC, Belle II, ILC/CLIC/FCC/CEPC, MuCol, ...)

Essential elements of WHIZARD at NLO

- physics models: SM (internal BSM and UFO models)
- phase-space integrator: VAMP (VEGAS AMPlified) [CPC 120 (1999) 13],

VAMP2_[EPJ C79 (2019) 4 344] incl. MPI parallelization

- matrix elements: tree-level ME generator O'Mega [LC-TOOL (2001) 040], interface to OLPs OpenLoops[1907.13071], RECOLA[1711.07388] and GoSam[1404.7096]
- \bullet infrared subtraction: FKS-scheme (POWHEG matching + <code>PYTHIA-interface)</code>

I) NLO framework in WHIZARD

(contributors: PB, B. C.-Nejad, W. Kilian, J. Reuter, V. Rothe, P. Stienemeier, C. Weiss)

 $\sigma_{\rm NLO} = \underbrace{\int d\Phi_n \mathcal{B}}_{\rm Born} + \underbrace{\int d\Phi_{n+1} \mathcal{R}}_{\rm div. \ real} + \underbrace{\int d\Phi_n \mathcal{V}}_{\rm div. \ virtual} = \text{finite}$

Need observables **exclusive** in kinematic properties!

$$\sigma_{\rm NLO} = \int d\Phi_n \mathcal{B} + \int \underbrace{d\Phi_{n+1} \left[\mathcal{R} - d\sigma_S \right]}_{\text{finite by construction}} + \underbrace{\int d\Phi_n \mathcal{V} + \int d\Phi_n d\sigma_{S,\text{int}}}_{\text{IR poles cancelled analyt.}}$$

 $^{\prime}j^{\prime}$ radiated with several different emitters

 \Rightarrow Subtract singularities related to IR splittings systematically!



Frixione-Kunszt-Signer (FKS) subtraction

Divide phase space into disjoint regions with ${\bf at}$ most one soft and/or collinear singularity.

 \Rightarrow kinematical weight factors related to pairs (i, j)

I) NLO framework in WHIZARD: NLO QCD

(contributors: PB, B. C.-Nejad, W. Kilian, J. Reuter, V. Rothe, P. Stienemeier, C. Weiss)

For pp and e^+e^- colliders

- Automation of fNLO simulation of cross sections and distributions
 - \rightarrow Validated for about 50 processes with MG5_aMC@NLO[1405.0301] and SHERPA[1905.09127]
- Automation of POWHEG-matched event generation for NLO QCD corrections

(thanks to Pascal Stienemeier)

 $\rightarrow~{\rm Validated~for}~pp\rightarrow e^+e^-~{\rm and}~e^+e^-\rightarrow t\bar{t}j~{\rm with}~{\rm POWHEG-BOX}_{\rm [1002.2581]}$

I) NLO framework in <code>WHIZARD</code>: NLO EW

Extension to electroweak corrections – Basics

• QED FKS subtraction terms:

$$d\sigma_{S,\text{coll}} \sim \alpha \underbrace{\hat{P}_{E \to (i,j),\text{QED}}^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{B}_{\mu\nu}^{(E)}}_{\text{pol. AP kernel \times spin-corr.}}, d\sigma_{S,\text{soft}} \sim \alpha \sum_{k,l=1}^{n} \underbrace{\frac{k_k \cdot k_l}{(\bar{k}_k \cdot \hat{k}_j)(\bar{k}_l \cdot \hat{k}_j)} \mathcal{B}_{kl}}_{\text{eikonal \times charge-corr.}}$$

- EW loop contributions (interface to OpenLoops, RECOLA, GoSam)
- EW renorm. schemes & photons entering at Born level

$\hat{Q}_{\gamma}^2 ightarrow 0$	$Q_{\gamma}^2 \sim \mathrm{EW} \; \mathrm{scale}$
on-shell photons	off-shell photons
no γ splittings	$\gamma^* o f ar{f}$
lpha(0)	$lpha _{G_{\mu}},lpha\left(M_{Z} ight)$
$\left[\frac{\delta\alpha(0)}{\alpha(0)} + \delta Z_{AA}\right]_{\text{light}} = 0$	$\left[\frac{\delta\alpha(M_Z)}{\alpha(M_Z)} + \delta Z_{AA}\right]_{\text{light}} + \delta Z_{\gamma,\text{PDF}}$
	\rightarrow mille overall photon factor $\neq 0$

with photon virtuality Q_{γ}^2

 $\rightarrow~\alpha$ coupling constant, renormalization factors

I) NLO framework in $\tt WHIZARD:$ NLO EW and mixed

Interfering correction types (NLO QCD×EW): for processes with $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^n)$ contributions with $n \ge 1$:



Example: $pp \to Zj$ at $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$: Contributions from $q\bar{q} \to Zg\gamma$ at $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2\alpha_s)$ \Rightarrow Need cancellations from $[\mathcal{B}(q\bar{q} \to Zg) \text{ at } \mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)] \times [\text{QED splitting}]$ and $[\mathcal{B}(q\bar{q} \to Z\gamma) \text{ at } \mathcal{O}(\alpha^2)] \times [\text{QCD splitting}]$

For lepton collider processes relevant in case of at least 3 colored final states

I) NLO framework in $\tt WHIZARD:$ Lepton collisions at NLO EW

Fixed-order massive approximation for NLO cross sections and distributions:

- $\bullet~{\rm IS}$ leptons considered as massive \Rightarrow no collinear counterterms needed
- lepton mass dependencies kept explicit in matrix elements
- naive NLO phase-space construction with on-shell projection:
 - ▶ radiated momentum according to FKS parametrisation
 - keep IS momenta fixed
 - boost of Born FS into recoiling system of radiated photon

I) NLO framework in WHIZARD: NLO EW

pp processes: Validation for

• $pp \rightarrow VV(H), VH(H), t\bar{t}(V/H)$ for $V \in \{W^{\pm}, Z\}$ with MATRIX/MUNICH orig. ref. [1412.5157]

• $pp \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e(H/j/\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu), e^+ e^-(H/j/\mu^+ \mu^-), Hjj, tj$ with MG5_aMC@NLO [1804.10017]

Lepton-collider processes: Checks with MCSANCee, e.g.

$e^+e^- \rightarrow HZ$	MCSANCee[S	adykov,2020]	WH	IZARD+RECOLA	L Contraction of the second se	$\sigma^{ m sig}$
$\sqrt{s} [\text{GeV}]$	$\sigma_{ m LO}^{ m tot}$ [fb]	$\sigma_{ m NLO}^{ m tot}$ [fb]	$\sigma_{ m LO}^{ m tot}$ [fb]	$\sigma_{ m NLO}^{ m tot}$ [fb]	$\delta_{\rm EW}$ [%]	$\rm LO/NLO$
250	225.59(1)	206.77(1)	225.60(1)	207.0(1)	-8.25	0.4/2.1
$\begin{array}{c} 500 \\ 1000 \end{array}$	$53.74(1) \\ 12.05(1)$	$62.42(1) \\ 14.56(1)$	53.74(3) 12.0549(6)	$62.41(2) \\ 14.57(1)$	$^{+16.14}_{+20.84}$	$0.2/0.3 \\ 0.5/0.5$

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	MCSANCee	[2206.09469]	WHI	ZARD+RECOLA		$\sigma^{ m sig}$
\sqrt{s} [GeV]	$\sigma_{ m LO}^{ m tot}~[{ m pb}]$	$\sigma_{ m NLO}^{ m tot}$ [pb]	$\sigma_{ m LO}^{ m tot}~[{ m pb}]$	$\sigma_{ m NLO}^{ m tot}$ [pb]	$\delta_{\rm EW}$ [%]	LO/NLO
5	2978.6(1)	3434.2(1)	2978.7(1)	3433.5(3)	+15.27	0.3/2.2
7	1519.6(1)	1773.8(1)	1519.605(4)	1773.1(2)	+16.68	0.05/3.0

II) Application of fixed $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$ corrections to muon-collider processes



large IS mass:

- large scales (multi-TeV)
- \rightarrow high new physics discovery potential: Scanning for BSM theories related to $(g-2)_{\mu}$



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 - reduced Bremsstrahlung; 'leading log. term beyond NLO' $\sim (\alpha/\pi)^2 \log^2(Q^2/m^2) \sim 0.1\%$ sufficiently small
- \rightarrow fixed $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$ expansion viable



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- \rightarrow fixed $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$ expansion viable
- ⇒ Fixed-order massive approximation for $\mu^+\mu^- \to V^n H^m$ with $V \in \{W^{\pm}Z\}$ and $n + m \leq 4$ at NLO EW

$\mu^+\mu^- o X, \sqrt{s} = 3$ TeV	$\sigma_{\sf LO}^{\sf incl}$ [fb]	$\delta_{\sf EW}$ [%]	δ_{ISR} [%]
W^+W^-	$4.6591(2) \cdot 10^2$	+4.0(2)	+13.82(4)
ZZ	$2.5988(1)\cdot 10^{1}$	+2.19(6)	+15.71(4)
HZ	$1.3719(1) \cdot 10^{0}$	-1.51(4)	+30.24(3)
$W^{+}W^{-}Z$	$3.330(2) \cdot 10^{1}$	-22.9(2)	+2.90(9)
W^+W^-H	$1.1253(5) \cdot 10^{0}$	-20.5(2)	+7.10(8)
ZZZ	$3.598(2) \cdot 10^{-1}$	-25.5(3)	+5.24(8)
HZZ	$8.199(4) \cdot 10^{-2}$	-19.6(3)	+8.39(8)
HHZ	$3.277(1) \cdot 10^{-2}$	-25.2(1)	+7.58(7)
$W^{+}W^{-}W^{+}W^{-}$	$1.484(1) \cdot 10^{0}$	-33.1(4)	-1.3(1)
W^+W^-ZZ	$1.209(1) \cdot 10^{0}$	-42.2(6)	-1.8(1)
W^+W^-HZ	$8.754(8) \cdot 10^{-2}$	-30.9(5)	-0.1(1)
W^+W^-HH	$1.058(1) \cdot 10^{-2}$	-38.1(4)	+1.7(1)
ZZZZ	$3.114(2) \cdot 10^{-3}$	-42.2(2)	+0.8(1)
HZZZ	$2.693(2) \cdot 10^{-3}$	-34.4(2)	+1.4(1)
HHZZ	$9.828(7) \cdot 10^{-4}$	-36.5(2)	+2.2(1)
HHHZ	$1.568(1) \cdot 10^{-4}$	-25.7(2)	+5.7(1)

WHIZARD+RECOLA, G_{μ} scheme, $m_{\mu} = 0.1056...$ GeV

with $\delta_{\rm EW} = \sigma_{\rm NLO}^{\rm incl} / \sigma_{\rm LO}^{\rm incl} - 1$ and $\delta_{\rm ISR} = \sigma_{\rm LO,LL-ISR}^{\rm incl} / \sigma_{\rm LO}^{\rm incl} - 1$

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	$4.6591(2) \cdot 10^2$	+4.0(2)	+13.82(4)
$\Lambda_{ m EW,Sud} \sim -rac{lpha}{8\pi} \sum_{k} \sum_{l} I^{a}(k) I^{ar{a}}(l) \log l$	$\log^2 \frac{(p_k + p_l)^2}{M^2} =$	\Rightarrow virtual 1	$\mathcal{V} \stackrel{+15.71(4)}{+30.24(3)}$
$\delta \pi k, l \neq k a = \overline{\gamma, Z}, W$	^{IVI}W		+2.90(9)
777	2 509(2) 10-1		+7.10(8)
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W^+W^-HZ	$8.754(8) \cdot 10^{-2}$		$\tau \tau^{\text{LL}(1)} $ αs $\tau^{\text{LL}(1)} $
W^+W^-HH	$1.058(1) \cdot 10^{-2}$	LL PDI	$T = \frac{1}{\mu/\mu} \sim \frac{1}{2\pi} \log \frac{1}{m^2} \Rightarrow \operatorname{real} \mathcal{K}$
ZZZZ	$3.114(2) \cdot 10^{-3}$		2π m_{μ}
HZZZ	$2.693(2) \cdot 10^{-3}$	-34.4(2)	+1.4(1)
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$\mu^+\mu^- \to X$	$\sqrt{s} = 10$	ГeV	$\sqrt{s} = 14$	TeV	
	$\sigma_{\rm LO}^{\rm incl}$ [fb]	$\delta_{\sf EW}$ [%]	$\sigma_{\sf LO}^{\sf incl}$ [fb]	δ_{EW} [%]	- Suppression due to
W^+W^-	$5.8820(2) \cdot 10^{1}$	+3.9(2)	$3.2423(1) \cdot 10^{1}$	+3.6(2)	- Suppression due to
ZZ	$3.2730(4) \cdot 10^{0}$	+3.9(1)	$1.80357(9) \cdot 10^{0}$	+3.8(2)	EW Sudakov logarithms
HZ	$1.22929(8) \cdot 10^{-1}$	-14.12(7)	$6.2702(4) \cdot 10^{-2}$	-18.7(1)	at high energies
W^+W^-Z	$9.609(5) \cdot 10^{0}$	-39.0(2)	$6.369(3) \cdot 10^{0}$	-45.0(4)	pronounced for
W^+W^-H	$2.1263(9) \cdot 10^{-1}$	-38.4(5)	$1.2846(6) \cdot 10^{-1}$	-43.3(9)	(di) Higgsstrahlung!
ZZZ	$8.565(4) \cdot 10^{-2}$	-38.5(9)	$5.475(3) \cdot 10^{-2}$	-44.2(6)	(di-)mggsstramung:
HZZ	$1.4631(6) \cdot 10^{-2}$	-34.9(4)	$8.754(4) \cdot 10^{-3}$	-39.7(4)	
HHZ	$6.083(2) \cdot 10^{-3}$	-51.6(5)	$3.668(1) \cdot 10^{-3}$	-59.4(3)	



II) Multi-boson processes at a muon collider at NLO EW [PB, W. Kilian, J. Reuter, P. Stienemeier; JHEP 12 (2022)] Fixed order differential distributions: $d\sigma(\mu^+\mu^- \to HZ)/d\cos\theta_H$



'NLO-cuts': phase-space cut on hard photons occuring at NLO: $E_{\gamma} < 0.7\sqrt{s}$

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II) Multi-boson processes at a muon collider at NLO EW [PB, W. Kilian, J. Reuter, P. Stienemeier; JHEP 12 (2022)] NLL EW $\mu^+\mu^- \rightarrow HZ$ Sudakov factor: $\rightarrow \Lambda_{\text{est}}^{\text{unpol}}(\theta_H = 90^\circ)$ (black dashed line)



- Λ^κ_λ: Sudakov factors for muon chiralities κ = L, R and Z polarisations λ = T, L
- $\Lambda_{\text{est}}^{\text{unpol}}$: estimated unpolarised correction factor at $\theta_H = 90^\circ$

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• $\Lambda^{\text{unpol}}_{\text{est,c}}$: $\Lambda^{\text{unpol}}_{\text{est}}$ without angular dependent terms III) Status: NLL electron PDFs for lepton-collider processes at NLO EW

III) Precision of lepton-collider observables

Soft photon radiation:
$$\sim (\alpha/\pi)^k \log^k \left(\frac{s}{E_{\gamma}^2}\right) (\rightarrow \text{YFS resummation})$$

Collinear ISR:
 $\sim \underbrace{(\alpha/\pi)^k \log^k \left(\frac{s}{m^2}\right)}_{\text{LL}} + (\alpha/\pi)^k \log^{k-1} \left(\frac{s}{m^2}\right) + \dots$

 \Rightarrow Observables unreliable for $s\gg m^2$ unless resumming these logs!

III) Collinear factorisation

$$\begin{split} d\bar{\sigma}_{e^+e^-}(p_{e^+},p_{e^-},m^2) &= \sum_{ij=e^{\pm},\gamma} \int dz_+ dz_- \Gamma_{i/e^+}(z_+,\mu^2,m^2) \Gamma_{j/e^-}(z_-,\mu^2,m^2) \\ &\times d\hat{\sigma}_{ij}(z_+p_{e^+},z_-p_{e^-},\mu^2) \end{split}$$

- Absorb all resummed collinear logarithms (mass dependencies!) into $\Gamma_{i/e}$
 - $d\bar{\sigma}_{e^+e^-}$ at LO+LL accuracy:

$$d\bar{\sigma}_{e^+e^-}^{\rm LO+LL} = \Gamma_{e^+/e^+}^{\rm LO+LL} \star \Gamma_{e^-/e^-}^{\rm LO+LL} \star d\hat{\sigma}_{e^+e^-}^{\rm LO}$$

with $\Gamma_{e/e}^{\text{LO}+\text{LL}}$ from [Cacciari, Deandrea, Montagna, Nicrosini, 1992; Skrypek, Jadach, 1991] $d\bar{\sigma}_{e^+e^-}$ at NLO+NLL accuracy:

$$d\bar{\sigma}_{e^+e^-}^{\rm NLO+NLL} = \sum_{ij=e^{\pm},\gamma} \Gamma_{i/e^+}^{\rm NLO+NLL} \star \Gamma_{j/e^-}^{\rm NLO+NLL} \star d\hat{\sigma}_{ij}^{\rm NLO}$$

with $\Gamma_{j/e^-}^{\rm NLO+NLL}$ from [Frixione, 1909.03886; Bertone, Cacciari, Frixione, Stagnitto, 1911.12040]

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III) NLL electron PDFs for lepton-collider processes at NLO EW

$$d\bar{\sigma}_{e^+e^-}^{\mathrm{NLO+NLL}} = \Gamma_{i/e^+}^{\mathrm{NLO+NLL}} \star \Gamma_{j/e^-}^{\mathrm{NLO+NLL}} \star d\hat{\sigma}_{ij}^{\mathrm{NLO}}$$

- accurate enough for any IS lepton mass and any collider energy
- electron PDFs have **singular** behavior at $z \simeq 1$
- $\Rightarrow\,$ requires appropriate MC integration methods to ensure numerical stability in $z \rightarrow 1$ regions

In WHIZARD:

- $d\bar{\sigma}_{e^+e^-}^{\rm LO+LL}$ with $\Gamma_{i/e}^{\rm LO+LL}$ in the form of (well-known) 'ISR structure functions'
- $d\bar{\sigma}_{e^+e^-}^{\text{NLO+NLL}}$ work-in-progress with $\Gamma_{i/e}^{\text{NLO+NLL}}$ implemented (bottle-neck: adequate mapping of random numbers to beam-energy fractions at NLO)

Summary

I) Automated computation of NLO EW corrections in WHIZARD

- \rightarrow well-tested for pp processes
- $\rightarrow\,$ fixed-order EW corrections to lepton collider processes
- II) Application of fixed $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$ corrections to muon-collider processes
 - $\rightarrow\,$ EW corrections highly significant for multi-TeV scales and high boson multiplicities at a future muon collider
- III) NLL electron PDFs for lepton-collider processes at NLO EW
 - $\rightarrow\,$ motivated for a fully generic usage of EW corrections for any lepton-collider setup
 - $\rightarrow\,$ work to be done in <code>WHIZARD</code> w.r.t. a decent treatment of the numerics

Back-Up

1 FKS subtraction scheme & POWHEG matching

- 2 Validations
- 3 Electron/photon PDFs for lepton collisions
- 4 Complex-mass scheme at NLO
- (5) NLL EW $\mu^+\mu^- \to HZ$ Sudakov factor
- 6 WHIZARD features

FKS parametrisation:

For $2 \to n$ processes: integrands parametrised by Φ_n for $\mathcal{B}, \mathcal{V}, d\sigma_{S,\text{int}}$ and $\Phi_{n+1} = (\Phi_n, \Phi_{\text{rad}})$ for $\mathcal{R}, d\sigma_S$

FKS variables:
$$\Phi_{\rm rad} \to \{\xi, y, \phi\}$$

$$d\Phi_{n+1} = d\Phi_{\rm rad} d\Phi_n = \underbrace{\mathcal{J}(\xi, y, \phi)}_{\rm Jacobian} d\xi dy d\phi d\Phi_n$$

with $\xi \equiv 2E_{\rm rad}/\sqrt{s}$, $y \equiv \cos\theta_{ij}$ and ϕ : angle difference in transversal plane

collinear limit: $y \to 1$ soft limit: $\xi \to 0$

IR cancellation:

• Define:

$$\mathcal{R}_{(i,j)} = \mathcal{S}_{(i,j)}\mathcal{R}$$

with $S_{(i,j)}$ depending on the kinematics of (i, j), $\sum_{i,j} S_{(i,j)} = 1$ and $\lim_{y\to 1} S_{(i,j)} = 1$, $\lim_{\xi\to 0} S_{(i,j)} = S_{(i,j)}^{\text{soft}}$ Subtraction:

$$\tilde{\mathcal{R}}(\xi,y) \equiv (1-y)\xi^2 \mathcal{R}(\xi,y)$$
$$\frac{\hat{\tilde{\mathcal{R}}}_{(i,j)}(\xi,y)}{\xi^2(1-y)} = \frac{1}{\xi^2(1-y)} \left(\tilde{\mathcal{R}}_{(i,j)}(\xi,y) - \underbrace{\tilde{\mathcal{R}}_{(i,j)}(0,y)}_{\text{soft}} - \underbrace{\tilde{\mathcal{R}}_{(i,j)}(\xi,1)}_{\text{collinear}} + \underbrace{\tilde{\mathcal{R}}_{(i,j)}(0,1)}_{\text{soft-collinear}} \right)$$

Subtraction "events" get Born phase-space configuration
 ⇒ Mind IR-safe observables for event generation!

$$\lim_{p_i \parallel p_j} O_{n+1}(p_1, \dots, p_i, \dots, p_j, \dots, p_{n+1}) = O_n(p_1, \dots, p_{ij}, \dots, p_n)$$
$$\lim_{p_i \to 0} O_{n+1}(p_1, \dots, p_j, \dots, p_{n+1}) = O_n(p_1, \dots, p_{j-1}, p_{j+1}, \dots, p_n)$$

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Subtraction terms: For split, partons $\overline{\mathcal{I}}_i \to \mathcal{I}_i \mathcal{I}_j$ and $k_i^2 = 0$ for emitting parton \mathcal{I}_i after splitting

 \bullet collinear limit: unreg. polarised splitting functions \times spin-correlated ${\rm ME}^2$

$$\lim_{y \to 1} \tilde{\mathcal{R}}_{(i,j)}(\xi, y) \simeq \tilde{\mathcal{R}}_{(i,j)}(\xi, 1) = \lim_{y \to 1} \frac{8\pi\alpha_s(1-y)\xi^2}{\bar{k}_i^2} \hat{P}_{\bar{\mathcal{I}}_i \to \mathcal{I}_i \bar{\mathcal{I}}_j, \text{QCD}}^{\mu\nu}(z, k_\perp) \mathcal{B}_{\mu\nu}^{(i)}$$

For $\bar{\mathcal{I}}_i = g$, $\mathcal{B}_{\mu\nu}^{(i)} = N_B \sum_{\{m\}, s_i, s'_i} \mathcal{M}_n(\{m\}, s_i) \mathcal{M}_n^{\dagger}(\{m\}, s'_i) (\epsilon_{s_i})^*_{\mu} (\epsilon_{s'_i})_{\nu}$

with $\{m\}$ colour, spins of Born conf. and s_i the spin of emitting gluon

 \bullet soft limit: eikonal \times color- or charge-correlated Born $\rm ME^2$

$$\lim_{\xi \to 0} \tilde{\mathcal{R}}_{(i,j)}(\xi, y) \simeq \tilde{\mathcal{R}}_{(i,j)}(0, y) = 4\pi \alpha_s (1-y) \sum_{k,l=1}^n \frac{\bar{k}_k \cdot \bar{k}_l}{(\bar{k}_k \cdot \hat{k}_j)(\bar{k}_l \cdot \hat{k}_j)} \mathcal{B}_{kl}$$

$$|\mathcal{B}_{kl} = -|\mathcal{M}_{kl}^n|^2 = \langle \mathcal{M}^n | \mathbf{T}_k \cdot \mathbf{T}_l | \mathcal{M}^n
angle$$

with $\mathcal{I}_j = g$ the radiated parton and \mathbf{T}_k the colour charge operator

 $\text{QCD} \to \text{QED:} \{ \underline{g}, \underline{\alpha}_{s}, \hat{P}^{\mu\nu}_{\bar{\mathcal{I}}_{i} \to \mathcal{I}_{i}\mathcal{I}_{j}, \mathbf{QCD}}, \mathbf{T}_{k} \} \longrightarrow \{ \gamma, \alpha, \hat{P}^{\mu\nu}_{\bar{\mathcal{I}}_{i} \to \mathcal{I}_{i}\mathcal{I}_{j}, \mathbf{QED}}, \mathbf{Q}_{k} \}$

Regularisation by integrated subtraction terms:

From dimensional regularisation with $d = 4 - 2\varepsilon$ and expansions in ε

$$\begin{split} \xi^{-1-2\varepsilon} &= -\frac{1}{2\varepsilon}\delta(\xi) + \left(\frac{1}{\xi}\right)_{+} - 2\varepsilon \left(\frac{\log \xi}{\xi}\right)_{+} = -\frac{1}{2\varepsilon}\delta(\xi) + \mathcal{P}_{+}(\xi) \text{ and} \\ (1-y)^{-1-\varepsilon} &= -\frac{2^{-\varepsilon}}{\varepsilon}\delta(1-y) + \left(\frac{1}{1-y}\right)_{+} - \varepsilon \left(\frac{\log(1-y)}{1-y}\right)_{+} \text{ we get} \\ &\int d\Phi_{\mathrm{rad}}\mathcal{R} = \int d\Phi_{\mathrm{rad}}(\xi, y) \frac{\tilde{\mathcal{R}}(\xi, y)}{\xi^{2}(1-y)} \\ &= \frac{s^{1-\varepsilon}}{(4\pi)^{3-2\varepsilon}} \int d\Omega^{(2-2\varepsilon)} \int_{-1}^{1} dy (1-y)^{-1-\varepsilon} \int_{0}^{\xi_{\mathrm{max}}} d\xi \xi^{-1-2\varepsilon} \tilde{\mathcal{R}}(\xi, y) \\ &= \underbrace{\frac{I_{\mathrm{soft-coll}}^{(2)}}{\varepsilon} + \frac{I_{\mathrm{soft}}^{(1)}}{\varepsilon} + H_{\mathrm{soft}}^{(0)} + \underbrace{\frac{I_{\mathrm{coll}}^{(1)}}{\varepsilon} + I_{\mathrm{coll}}^{(0)}}_{(3)} + \int \underbrace{\frac{d\Phi_{\mathrm{rad}}\hat{\mathcal{R}}}{(3)} + \mathcal{O}(\varepsilon)}_{(3)} \end{split}$$

with plus-distributions $\int_{-1}^{1} dy \left(\frac{g(y)}{1-y}\right)_{+} f(y) = \int_{-1}^{1} dy g(y) \frac{f(y) - f(1)}{1-y}$

(1) soft (and soft-collinear) limit: $\sim -\frac{1}{2\varepsilon}\int dy(1-y)^{-1-\varepsilon}\int d\xi\delta(\xi)\tilde{\mathcal{R}}(\xi,y)$

(2) collinear limit: $\sim -\frac{2^{-\varepsilon}}{\varepsilon} \int d\xi \mathcal{P}_+(\xi) \int dy \delta(1-y) \tilde{\mathcal{R}}(\xi,y)$

3 subtracted Real:
$$d\phi dy d\xi \frac{\mathcal{J}(\xi, y, \phi)}{\xi} \left(\frac{1}{\xi}\right)_+ \left(\frac{1}{1-y}\right)_+ \tilde{\mathcal{R}}(\xi, y)$$

Backup: FKS & POWHEG matching

(contributors: PB, B. C.-Nejad, W. Kilian, J. Reuter, V. Rothe, P. Stienemeier, C. Weiss) FKS subtraction per α_r region

$$\mathcal{R} = \sum_{\alpha_r} \mathcal{R}_{\alpha_r} = \sum_{\alpha_r} \mathcal{S}_{\alpha_r} \mathcal{R} \quad \text{for } \mathcal{I}_{\alpha_r} = (i, j) \in P_{\text{FKS}}(f_r)$$

works in conjunction with POWHEG matching scheme

$$d\sigma_{\rm NLO} = \bar{\mathcal{B}}(\Phi_n) \left(\Delta(p_{T,\min}) + \Delta(k_T(\Phi_{n+1})) \frac{\mathcal{R}(\Phi_{n+1})}{\mathcal{B}(\Phi_n)} d\Phi_{\rm rad} \right) d\Phi_n$$

using a *modified* Sudakov form factor

$$\Delta(\Phi_n, p_T) = \exp\left[-\int \frac{\mathcal{R}(\Phi_{n+1})}{\mathcal{B}(\Phi_n)} \theta\left(k_T(\Phi_{n+1}) - p_T\right) d\Phi_{\text{rad}}\right]$$

$$\Delta^{f_{\mathcal{B}}}(\Phi_n, p_T) = \prod_{\alpha_r \in \{\alpha_r | f_{\mathcal{B}}\}} \Delta^{f_{\mathcal{B}}}_{\alpha_r}(\Phi_n, p_T)$$

Validations: NLO EW

process	$MUNICH_{(CS)} \sigma_{NLO}^{tot}$ [fb]	WHIZARD $\sigma_{ m NLO}^{ m tot}$ [fb]	δ [%]	dev [%]	σ^{sig}
$pp \rightarrow$	+OpenLoops	+OpenLoops			
ZZ	$1.05729(1) \cdot 10^4$	$1.05729(11) \cdot 10^4$	-4.20	0.0001	0.01
W^+Z	$1.71505(2) \cdot 10^4$	$1.71507(2) \cdot 10^4$	-0.15	0.001	0.88
W^-Z	$1.08576(1) \cdot 10^4$	$1.08574(1) \cdot 10^4$	+0.07	0.001	0.90
$W^{+}W^{-}$	$7.93106(7) \cdot 10^4$	$7.93087(21) \cdot 10^4$	+4.55	0.002	0.89
ZH	$6.18523(6) \cdot 10^2$	$6.18533(6) \cdot 10^2$	-5.29	0.002	1.17
W^+H	$7.18070(7) \cdot 10^2$	$7.18072(9) \cdot 10^2$	-2.31	0.0003	0.18
W^-H	$4.59289(4) \cdot 10^2$	$4.59299(5) \cdot 10^2$	-2.15	0.002	1.62
ZZZ	$9.7429(2) \cdot 10^0$	$9.7417(11) \cdot 10^0$	-9.47	0.012	1.01
W^+W^-Z	$1.08288(2) \cdot 10^2$	$1.08293(10) \cdot 10^2$	+7.67	0.004	0.45
W^+ZZ	$2.0188(4) \cdot 10^1$	$2.0188(23)\cdot 10^1$	+1.58	0.0001	0.01
$W^{-}ZZ$	$1.09844(2) \cdot 10^1$	$1.09838(12) \cdot 10^1$	+3.09	0.006	0.51
$W^{+}W^{-}W^{+}$	$8.7979(2) \cdot 10^1$	$8.7991(15) \cdot 10^1$	+6.18	0.014	0.79
$W^{+}W^{-}W^{-}$	$4.9447(1)\cdot 10^{1}$	$4.9441(2) \cdot 10^{1}$	+7.13	0.013	2.52
ZZH	$1.91607(2) \cdot 10^{0}$	$1.91614(18)\cdot 10^{0}$	-8.78	0.004	0.39
W^+ZH	$2.48068(2) \cdot 10^{0}$	$2.48095(28)\cdot 10^{0}$	+1.64	0.011	0.96
$W^- ZH$	$1.34001(1) \cdot 10^{0}$	$1.34016(15) \cdot 10^{0}$	+2.51	0.011	1.02
W^+W^-H	$9.7012(2) \cdot 10^{0}$	$9.700(2) \cdot 10^0$	+9.83	0.014	0.75
ZHH	$2.39350(2) \cdot 10^{-1}$	$2.39337(32) \cdot 10^{-1}$	-11.06	0.005	0.41
W^+HH	$2.44794(2) \cdot 10^{-1}$	$2.44776(24) \cdot 10^{-1}$	-12.04	0.007	0.74
W^-HH	$1.33525(1) \cdot 10^{-1}$	$1.33471(19) \cdot 10^{-1}$	-11.53	0.041	2.80

Cross-validation of WHIZARD and MUNICH/MATRIX orig. ref. [Kallweit et. al., 1412.5157]

LHC setup (Run II),

 $\mathrm{II}), \qquad \delta \equiv (\sigma_{\mathrm{NLO}}^{\mathrm{tot}} - \sigma_{\mathrm{LO}}^{\mathrm{tot}}) / \sigma_{\mathrm{LO}}^{\mathrm{tot}}, \qquad \mathrm{dev} \equiv |\sigma_{\mathrm{WHIZARD}}^{\mathrm{tot}} - \sigma_{\mathrm{MUNICH}}^{\mathrm{tot}} | / \sigma_{\mathrm{WHIZARD}}^{\mathrm{tot}}$

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Validations: NLO EW

Pure electroweak pp processes with off-shell vector bosons

process	α^m	MG5_aMC@NL0[1804.10017]	WHIZARD+OpenL	oops	$\sigma_{\rm NLO}^{\rm sig}$
$pp \rightarrow$		$\sigma_{ m NLO}^{ m tot}~[m pb]$	$\sigma_{ m NLO}^{ m tot}$ [pb]	δ [%]	
$e^+\nu_e$	α^2	$5.2005(8) \cdot 10^3$	$5.1994(4) \cdot 10^3$	-0.73	1.24
e^+e^-	α^2	$7.498(1) \cdot 10^2$	$7.498(1) \cdot 10^2$	-0.50	0.004
$e^+ \nu_e \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$	α^4	$5.2794(9) \cdot 10^{-1}$	$5.2816(9) \cdot 10^{-1}$	+3.69	1.69
$e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$	α^4	$1.2083(3) \cdot 10^{-2}$	$1.2078(3) \cdot 10^{-2}$	-5.25	1.26
$He^+\nu_e$	α^3	$6.4740(17) \cdot 10^{-2}$	$6.4763(6) \cdot 10^{-2}$	-4.04	1.24
He^+e^-	α^3	$1.3699(2) \cdot 10^{-2}$	$1.3699(1) \cdot 10^{-2}$	-5.86	0.32
Hjj	α^3	$2.7058(4) \cdot 10^{0}$	$2.7056(6) \cdot 10^{0}$	-4.23	0.27
tj	α^2	$1.0540(1) \cdot 10^2$	$1.0538(1) \cdot 10^2$	-0.72	0.74

LHC setup (Run II): $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV $\mu_R = \mu_F = \frac{1}{2} \sum_i \sqrt{p_{T,i}^2 + m_i^2}$ EW scheme: G_{μ} CMS PDF set: LUXqed_plus_PDF4LHC15_nnlo_100 cuts from ref. [1804.10017]

Validations: NLO EW and mixed

Cross-validation with MUNICH/MATRIX using OpenLoops for $pp \to t\bar{t}$ and $pp \to t\bar{t} + W^{\pm}/Z/H$ with complete NLO SM corrections, e. g.

		$\sigma^{ m tot}$	$\sigma^{ m sig} \;/\; dev$		
$pp \to t\bar{t}W^+$	$\alpha_s^n \alpha^m$	$\texttt{MUNICH}_{(CS)}$	WHIZARD	$\texttt{MUNICH}_{(CS)}\text{-}\texttt{WHIZARD}$	
LO_{21}	$\alpha_s^2 \alpha$	$2.411403(1) \cdot 10^2$	$2.4114(1) \cdot 10^2$	0.72~/~0.003%	
LO_{12}	$\alpha_s \alpha^2$	0.000	0.000	$0.00 \ / \ 0.000\%$	
LO_{03}	α^3	$2.31909(1)\cdot 10^{0}$	$2.3193(1)\cdot 10^{0}$	1.76~/~0.009%	
δNLO_{31}	$\alpha_s^3 \alpha$	$1.18993(2) \cdot 10^2$	$1.1905(5) \cdot 10^2$	1.06~/~0.048%	
δNLO_{22}	$\alpha_s^2 \alpha^2$	$-1.09511(9) \cdot 10^{1}$	$-1.0947(3) \cdot 10^{1}$	1.13~/~0.035%	
δNLO_{13}	$\alpha_s \alpha^3$	$2.93251(3)\cdot 10^{1}$	$2.9334(8)\cdot 10^{1}$	1.14~/~0.030%	
δNLO_{04}	$lpha^4$	$5.759(3) \cdot 10^{-2}$	$5.756(4) \cdot 10^{-2}$	0.58~/~0.049%	

Non-negligible and even enhanced EW effects for α_s subleading contributions at NLO!

 $(pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}X \text{ in validation progress})$

Validations: NLO EW and mixed

Comparison with MG5_aMC@NLO for $pp \to e^+\nu_e j$ and $pp \to e^+e^- j$ at NLO EW

process	$\alpha_s^n \alpha^m$	MG5_al	MC@NLO	WHIZ	ARD+OpenLoop	S	$\sigma^{ m sig}$
$pp \to Xj$	Ŭ	$\sigma_{ m LO}^{ m tot}~[m pb]$	$\sigma_{ m NLO}^{ m tot}~[{ m pb}]$	$\sigma_{ m LO}^{ m tot}~[{ m pb}]$	$\sigma_{ m NLO}^{ m tot}$ [pb]	$\delta~[\%]$	$\rm LO/NLO$
$e^+\nu_e j$	$\alpha_s \alpha^2$	914.81(6)	904.75(8)	914.74(7)	904.59(7)	-1.11	0.8/1.5
e^+e^-j	$\alpha_s \alpha^2$	150.59(1)	149.09(2)	150.59(1)	149.08(2)	-1.00	0.05/0.4

LHC-setup (Run II), cuts with photon recombination and jet clustering

Back-Up: Electron/photon PDFs for lepton collisions

• LL resummation[Cacciari, Deandrea, Montagna, Nicrosini, 1992; Skrypek, Jadach, 1991]: Non-singlet evolution equation

$$\Gamma_e(x,\mu^2) = \delta(1-x) + \int_{m^2}^{\mu^2} \frac{dq^2}{q^2} \frac{\alpha(q^2)}{2\pi} \int_x^1 dz P_{ee}(z) \Gamma_e\left(\frac{x}{z},q^2\right)$$

One-loop accurate regularised (unpolarised) Altarelli-Parisi kernels

$$P_{ee}(z) = \langle \hat{P}_{ee} \rangle(z) - \delta(1-z) \int_0^1 dt \langle \hat{P}_{ee} \rangle(t), \qquad \qquad \langle \hat{P}_{ee} \rangle(z) = \frac{1+z^2}{1-z}$$

Recursive approach via auxiliary function $G(x, \mu^2)$

$$G(x,\mu^2) = \int_x^1 dt \Gamma_e(t,\mu^2) \qquad \qquad \Gamma_e(x,\mu^2) = -\frac{\partial}{\partial x} G(x,\mu^2)$$

Solution in asymptotic $x \simeq 1$ limit

$$\Gamma_e(x,\mu^2) = \frac{e^{\eta(\frac{3}{4} - \gamma_E)}}{\Gamma(1+\eta)} \eta(1-x)^{\eta-1} \qquad \eta = \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \log \frac{\mu^2}{m^2}$$

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Back-Up: Electron/photon PDFs for lepton collisions

Alternative approach: Identically, transforming the integro-differential evolution equations into Mellin space by

$$M[f] \equiv f_N = \int_0^1 dz z^{N-1} f(z) \qquad \qquad M[g \star h] = M[g] M[h] \quad .$$

⇒ using the asymptotic limit $N \to \infty$ analogously to $z \to 1$ in z-space ⇒ analytical Mellin inversion of the resulting solution <u>'All x' solution:</u> $G(x, \mu^2)$ and $\Gamma_e(x, \mu^2)$ can be written as a perturbative series expressed as

$$G(x,\mu^2) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\eta^n}{2^n n!} I_n(x), \qquad \qquad \Gamma_e(x,\mu^2) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\eta^n}{2^n n!} \frac{\partial I_n(x)}{\partial x}$$

Find recurrence relation

$$I_n(x) = \int_x^1 dz P(z) I_{n-1}\left(\frac{x}{z}\right)$$

Boundary conditions $G^{(0)}(x, \mu^2) = G(x, m^2) = 1$ implicating $I_0(x) = 1$ and $I_1(x) = \int_x^1 dz P(z)$ \Rightarrow 'all x' solution for G and Γ_e up to $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^3)$ by iterations up to I_3

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Back-Up: Electron/photon PDFs for lepton collisions

• NLO initial conditions of electron and photon PDFs [Frixione, 1909.03886]: Approach:

$$\begin{aligned} d\bar{\sigma}_{e^+e^-}(p_{e^+}, p_{e^-}, m^2) &= \sum_{ij=e^{\pm}, \gamma} \int dz_+ dz_- \Gamma_{i/e^+}(z_+, \mu^2, m^2) \Gamma_{i/e^-}(z_-, \mu^2, m^2) \\ &\times d\hat{\sigma}_{ij}(z_+ p_{e^+}, z_- p_{e^-}, \mu^2) \end{aligned}$$
(1)

- explicit short-distance cross section computation for specific but arbitrary process $e^+e^- \to u\bar{u}(\gamma)$
- \blacktriangleright parton-level cross section $d\hat{\sigma}_{ij}$ computed with massless electrons
- particle-level cross section $d\bar{\sigma}_{kl} = d\sigma_{kl} + \mathcal{O}\left(\left(\frac{m^2}{s}\right)^p\right), p \ge 1$
- \rightarrow (7) solved for PDFs $\Gamma_{i/e^-}, \Gamma_{i/e^+}$
- NLL resummation [Bertone, Cacciari, Frixione, Stagnitto, 1911.12040]: Recursive solutions valid for all z values computed up to $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^3)$ matched to the asymptotic large z solution (valid for $z \simeq 1$) retaining all orders in α

Back-Up: Complex-mass scheme at NLO

Renormalised self-energy:

$$\hat{\Sigma}^i(p^2) = \Sigma^i(p^2) - \delta M_i^2$$

Complex location of the pole $p^2 = \mu_i^2$ of propagator: $\mu_i^2 - M_{0,i}^2 + \Sigma(\mu_i^2) = 0 \implies \hat{\Sigma}^i(\mu_i^2)$ vanishes

 \Rightarrow renormalised masses $M_i^2 = M_{0,i}^2 - \delta M_i^2$ fixed at this pole due to OS condition $\delta M_i^2 = \Sigma(p^2)|_{p^2 = \mu_i^2}$ Complex-mass scheme requires calculating self-energies for complex squared momenta! Solutions:

- analytic continuation of the self-energies in the complex momentum variable to the unphysical Riemann sheet (MadLoop)[Frederix et. al., 1804.10017]
- expansion of self-energies around real arguments such that one-loop accuracy is retained (OpenLoops, Recola) [Denner et. al., 0505042]
 - ► 2-point integrals with $p^2 = \mu_i^2 = M_i^2 i\Gamma_i M_i$ can be obtained through first-order expansion in Γ_i/M_i around $p^2 = M_i^2$

Using the abbreviations for double and single logarithmic factors

$$L(s, M_W^2) = \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \log^2 \frac{s}{M_W^2} \qquad \qquad l(s, M_W^2) = \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \log \frac{s}{M_W^2}$$

For $s \gg M_W$, leading logarithmic, angular-independent, terms (from exchange of soft-collinear gauge bosons between pairs of external legs)

$$\Lambda_{l,\lambda}^{\kappa} = A_{\lambda}^{\kappa} L(s, M_W^2) + B_{\lambda}^{\kappa} \log \frac{M_Z^2}{M_W^2} l(s, M_W^2) + C_{\lambda}$$

with $\lambda = T, L$ the transverse and longitudinal polarisation of the Z boson, and $\kappa = L, R$ the muon initial state chirality

$$\begin{aligned} A_T^{\kappa} &= -\frac{1}{2} \left[2C_{\mu^{\kappa}}^{\text{EW}} + C_{\Phi}^{\text{EW}} + C_{ZZ}^{\text{EW}} \right] & A_L^{\kappa} &= - \left[C_{\mu^{\kappa}}^{\text{EW}} + C_{\Phi}^{\text{EW}} \right] \\ B_T^{\kappa} &= 2 (I_{\mu_{\kappa}}^Z)^2 + (I_H^Z)^2 & B_L^{\kappa} &= 2 \left[(I_{\mu_{\kappa}}^Z)^2 + (I_H^Z)^2 \right] \\ C_T &= \delta_H^{LSC,h} & C_L &= \delta_H^{LSC,h} + \delta_{\chi}^{LSC,h} \end{aligned}$$

Subleading, angular-dependent, terms due to W^\pm boson exchange between initial- and final-state legs

$$\Lambda_{\theta,\lambda}^{\kappa} = -\delta_{\kappa L} \frac{D_{\lambda}}{I_{\mu_{\kappa}}^{Z}} \, l(s, M_{W}^{2}) \left[\log \frac{|t|}{s} + \log \frac{|u|}{s} \right]$$

Mandelstam variables t and u approximated in the high-energy limit

$$t = (p_{\mu^+} - p_H)^2 \sim -\frac{s}{2}(1 - \cos\theta_H) \qquad u = (p_{\mu^+} - p_Z)^2 \sim -\frac{s}{2}(1 + \cos\theta_H)$$

Estimation for the unpolarised approximation factor:

• Born amplitudes for transverse polarized Z bosons are suppressed by M_Z^2/s

$$\Lambda_{\lambda}^{\kappa} \mathcal{M}_{0}^{\mu_{\kappa}^{+} \mu_{\kappa}^{-} \to HZ_{\lambda}} \xrightarrow{s \gg M_{W}^{2}} \delta_{\lambda L} \Lambda_{\lambda}^{\kappa} \mathcal{M}_{0}^{\mu_{\kappa}^{+} \mu_{\kappa}^{-} \to HZ_{\lambda}}$$
(2)

• Chirality and helicity of the muon coincide in the ultrarelativistic limit (two helicity configurations (+, -) and (-, +) remaining, equivalent to chiralities $\kappa = L, R$). Spin-averaging yields

$$\Lambda_{\text{est}}^{\text{unpol}} = \frac{\sum_{\kappa} \Lambda_L^{\kappa} |\mathcal{M}_0^{\mu_{\kappa}^+ \mu_{\kappa}^- \to HZ_L}|^2}{|\mathcal{M}_0^{\mu^+ \mu^- \to HZ_L}|^2}$$
(3)



- $\Lambda_{\lambda}^{\kappa}$: Sudakov factors for muon chiralities $\kappa = L, R$ and Z polarisations $\lambda = T, L$
- $\Lambda_{\text{est}}^{\text{inpol}}$: estimated unpolarised correction factor at $\theta_H = 90^{\circ}$
- $\Lambda_{est.c}^{unpol}$: Λ_{est}^{unpol} without angular dependent terms

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Back-Up: NLO QED corrections to $\mu^+\mu^- \to HZ/ZZ$



Relative QED corrections $\delta_{QED} = \sigma_{\text{NLO,QED}}^{\text{incl}} - 1$ to HZ and ZZ production at the muon collider as a function of the collider energy, \sqrt{s}

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Back-Up: WHIZARD features

WHIZARD provides

- phase space evaluation with VAMP2 [Braß et. al.: 1811.09711]:
 - twofold self-adaptive multi-channel parametrization
 - ▶ OpenMP and MPI for parallelization \Rightarrow speedup of factor $\mathcal{O}(100)$
- matching to parton showers: POWHEG scheme
- \bullet showering and hadronization: <code>PYTHIA6</code> shipped with <code>WHIZARD</code>, interface between <code>WHIZARD</code> and <code>PYTHIA8</code>
- event formats: LHE, HepMC2/3, Stdhep, LCIO, ...
- special support for lepton collider processes:

beamstrahlung	CIRCE1/CIRCE2 [CPC 101 (1997) 269]
bremsstrahlung	LL resummation via ISR and EPA functions
beam polarization	inclusion for a user-defineable setup