



Implementation, performance and physics impact of particle identification at Higgs factories

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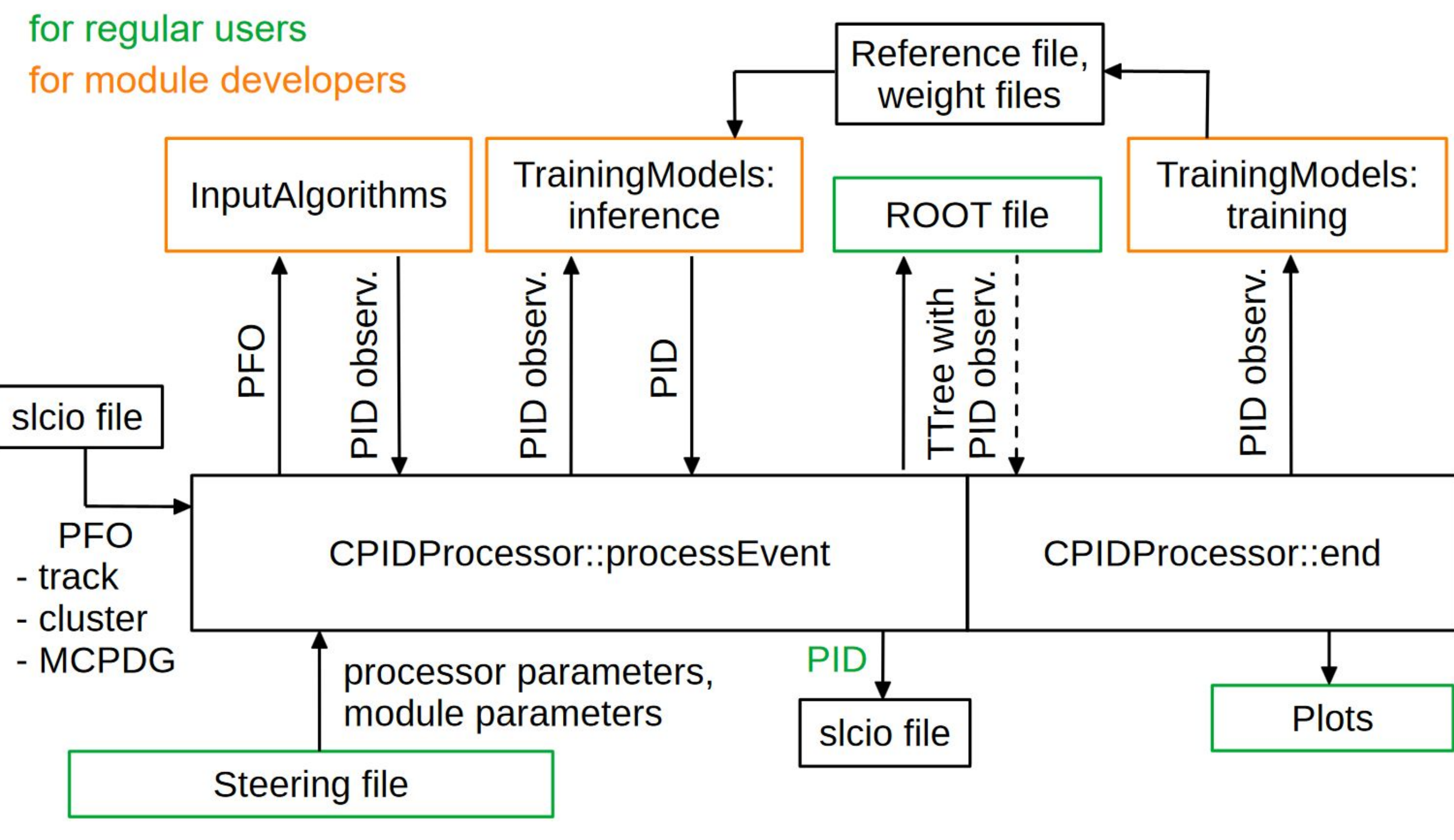
The Future Collider Landscape & PID

Broad landscape of proposed future colliders
 Need to focus personpower on common work, in particular software → key4HEP [1,2]
 One big topic of common interest: particle identification (PID)
 Here: common approach to combined PID at future colliders - Comprehensive PID (CPID) → [3]

References

- [1] P. F. Declara et al.: *The Key4hep turnkey software stack for future colliders*, 2022, <https://doi.org/10.22323/1.398.0844>
- [2] key4HEP codebase: <https://github.com/key4hep>
- [3] CPID (Marlinreco) codebase: <https://github.com/iLCSoft/MarlinReco>
- [4] The ILD Collaboration: *International Large Detector: Interim Design Report*, 2020, <https://arxiv.org/abs/2003.01116>
- [5] A. Albert et al.: *Strange quark as a probe for new physics in the Higgs sector*, 2022, <https://arxiv.org/abs/2203.07535>

CPID Structure



Current CPID Module Library

TrainingModels: so far simple sig/bkg BDT, and Multiclass BDT

InputAlgorithms are (mostly) based on full geant4 simulation
 Performance: confusion matrix of charged detector-stable particles (e, μ, π, K, p), using 12 Multiclass BDTs split along log(p)

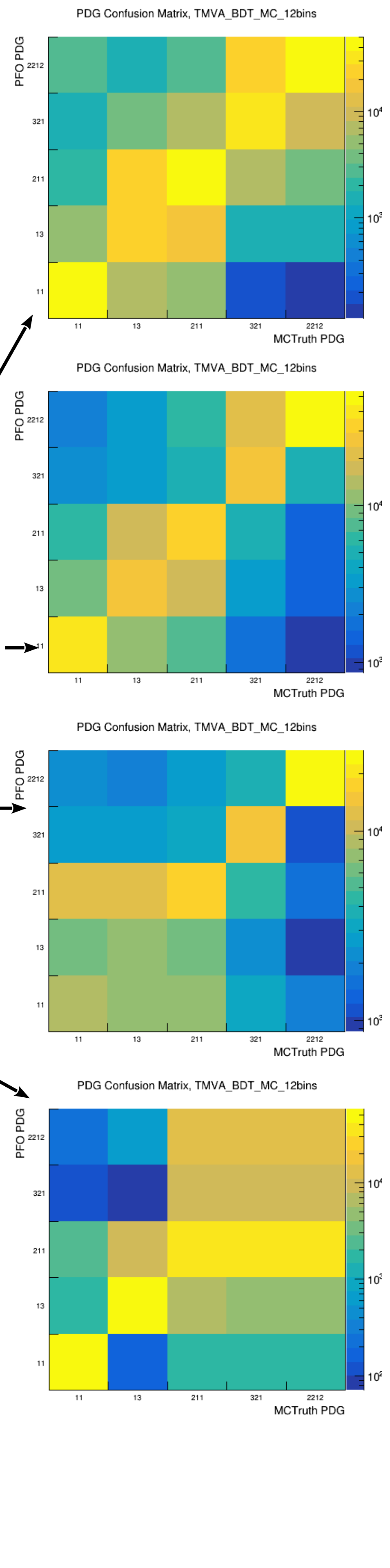
dE/dx: using distance to Bethe-Bloch curves

dN/dx: using distance to cluster-counting curves; based on Delphes parametrisation

Time-of-Flight (TOF): using reconstructed mass based on time resolution of 30 ps at the first ECAL layer

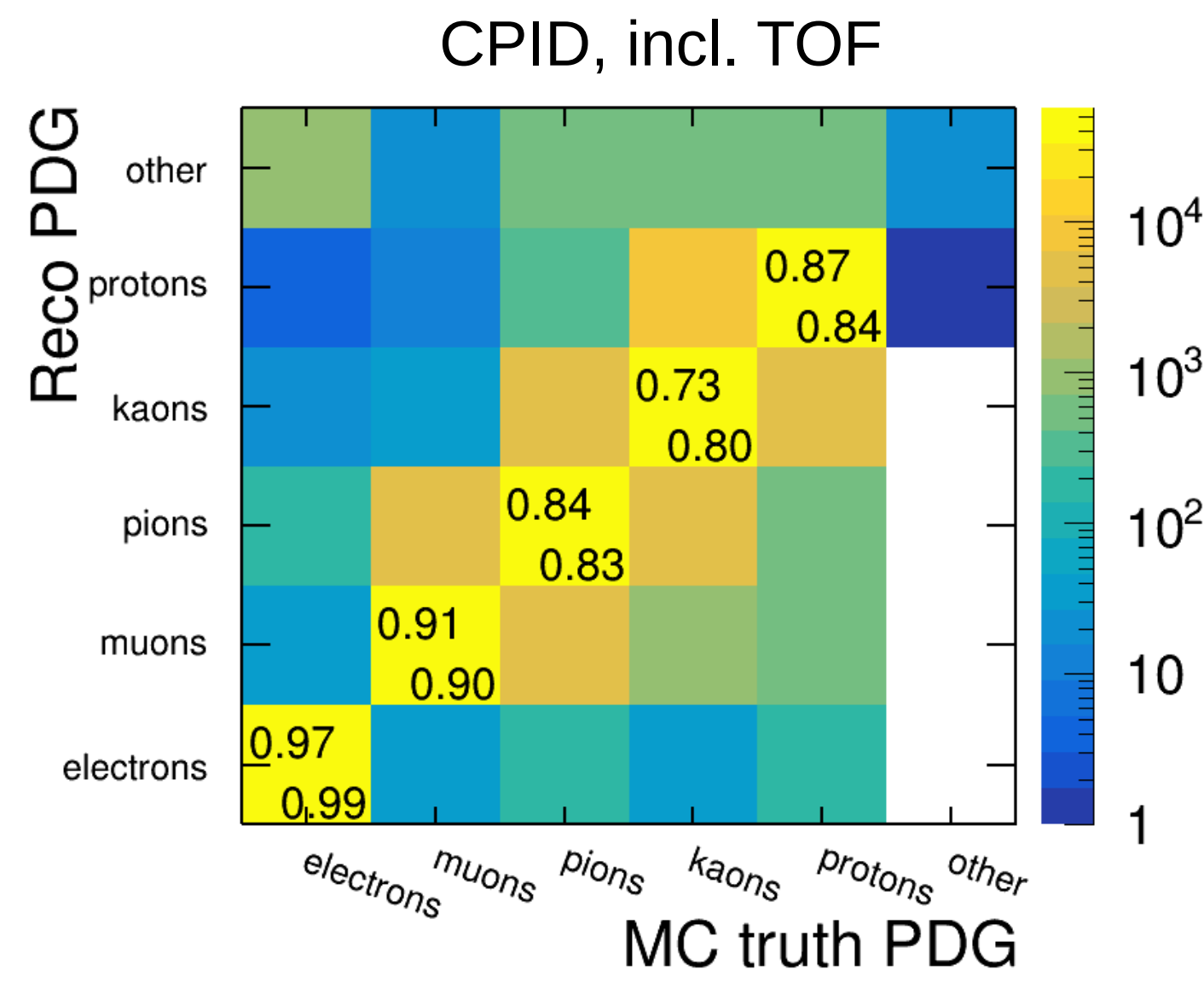
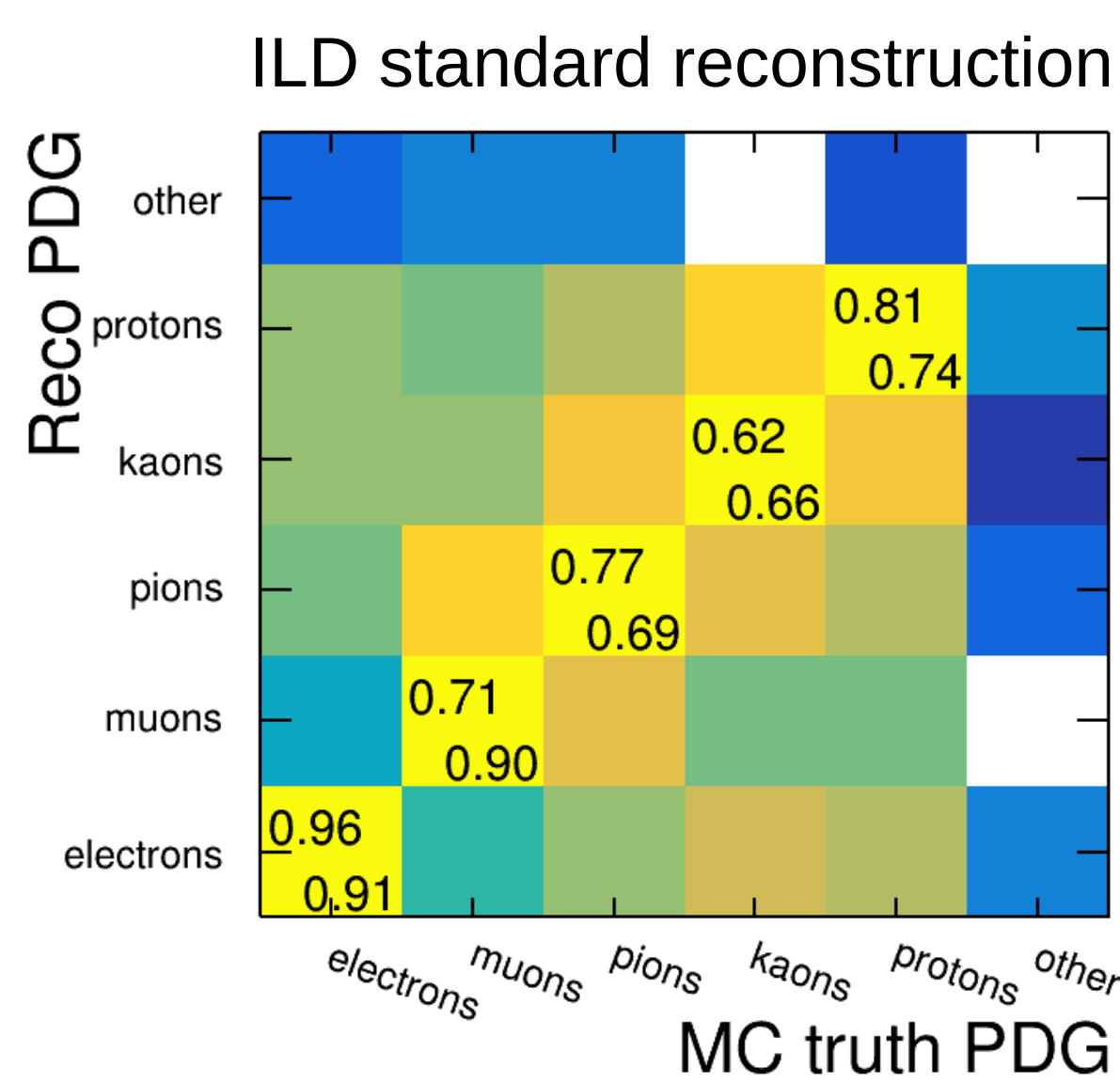
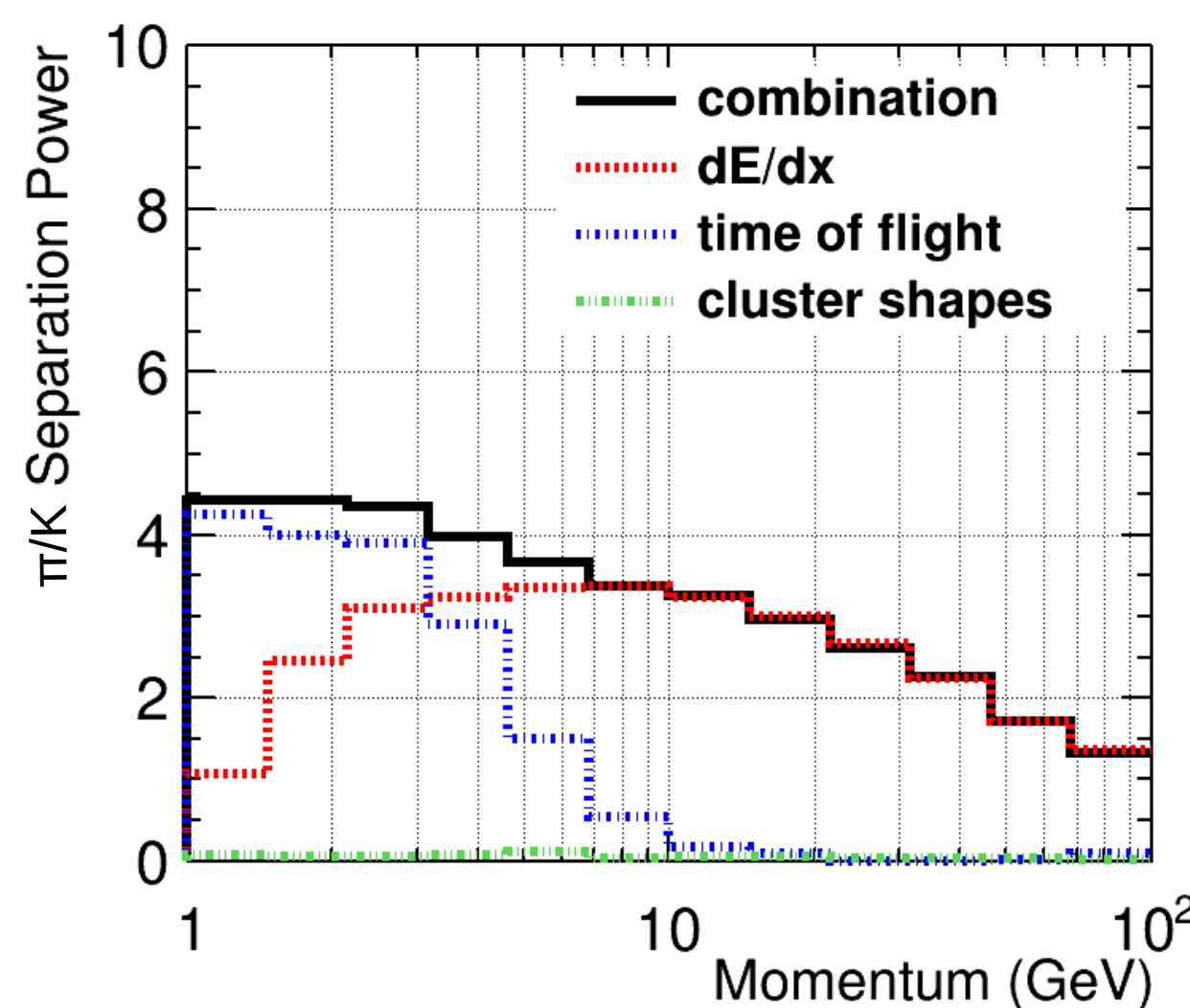
Cluster shapes: 'side product' of particle flow algorithm (PandoraPFA)

LeptonID: dedicated BDT for electron and muon ID, using cluster shapes and dE/dx



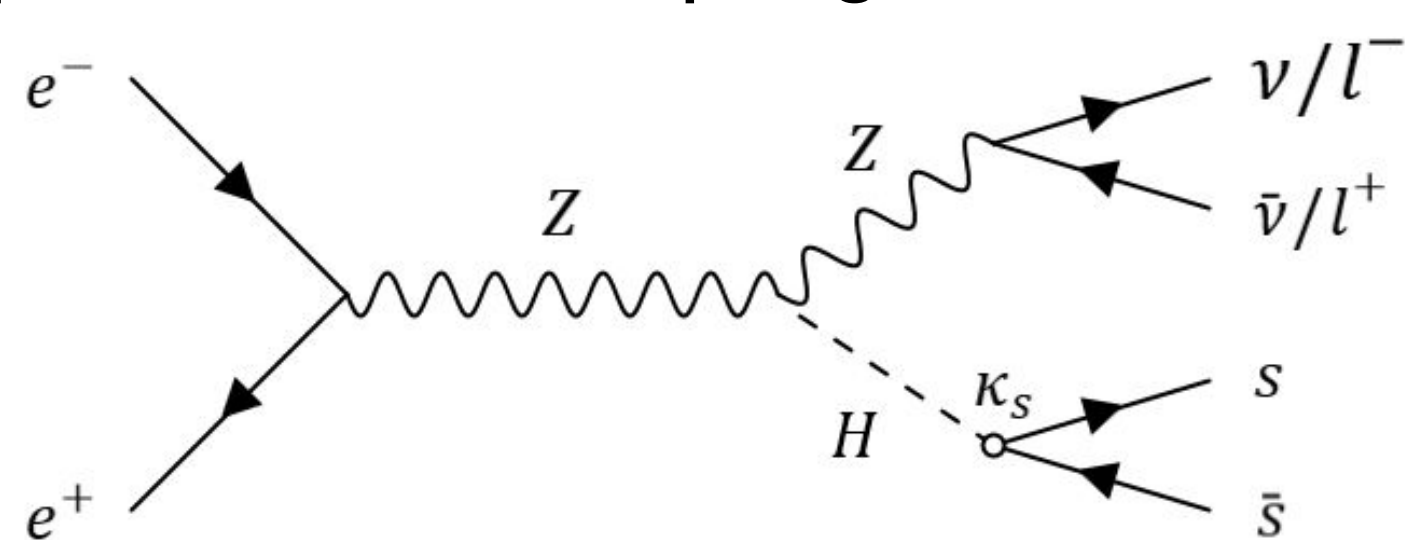
CPID Performance

Based on ILD full simulation & reconstruction [4], single particles flat in log(p) and isotropic
 Right: combination of different modules for pi/K separation
 Below: improvement wrt. current tool in standard reco; numbers are efficiency/purity for the diagonal



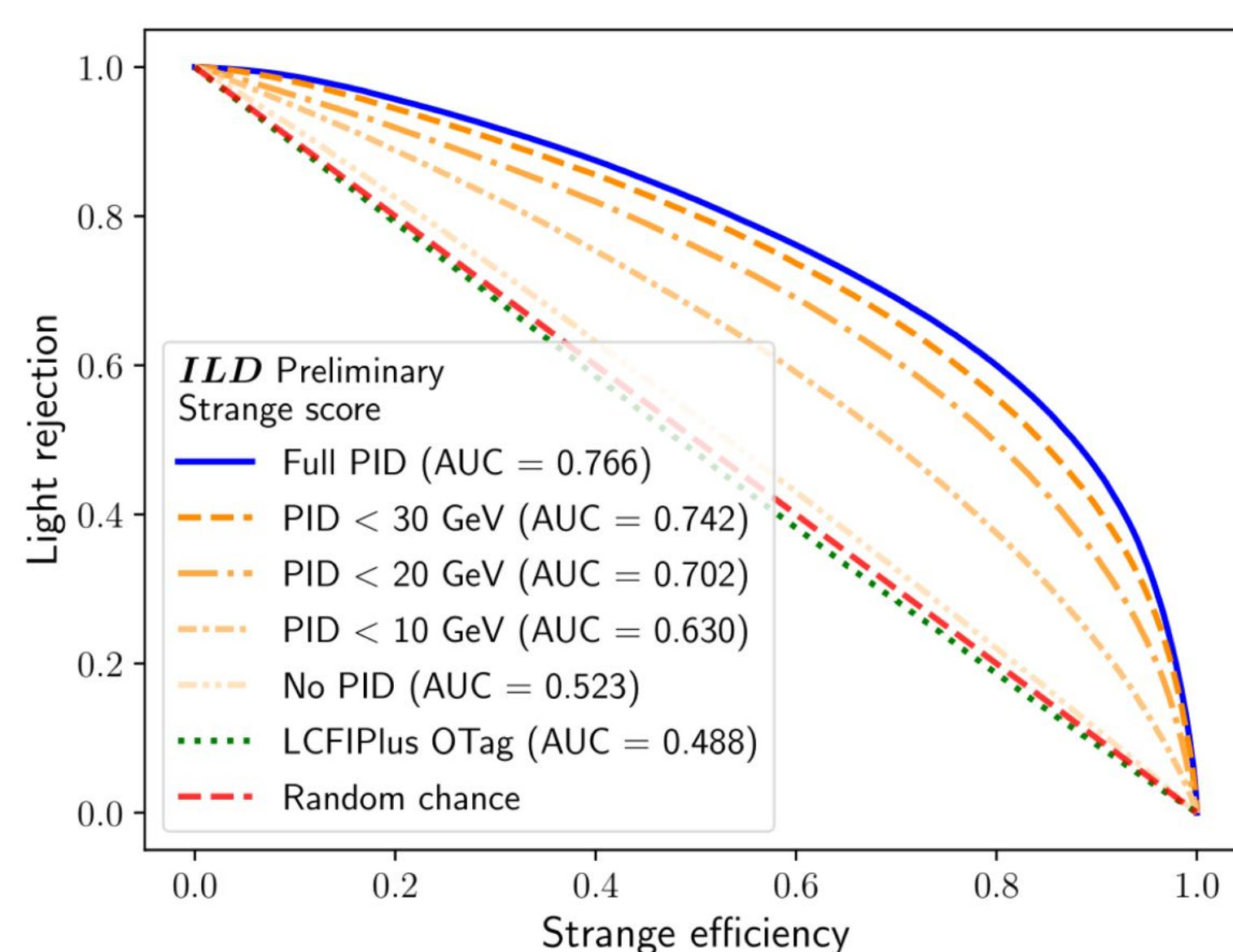
Physics Application Example: Strange Yukawa Coupling

Study of Higgs to $s\bar{s}$ decay [5]
 Very rare in SM, can be enhanced in BSM
 With PID-based strange tagging and clean environment at e+e- colliders will be able to put limits on coupling, here κ_s

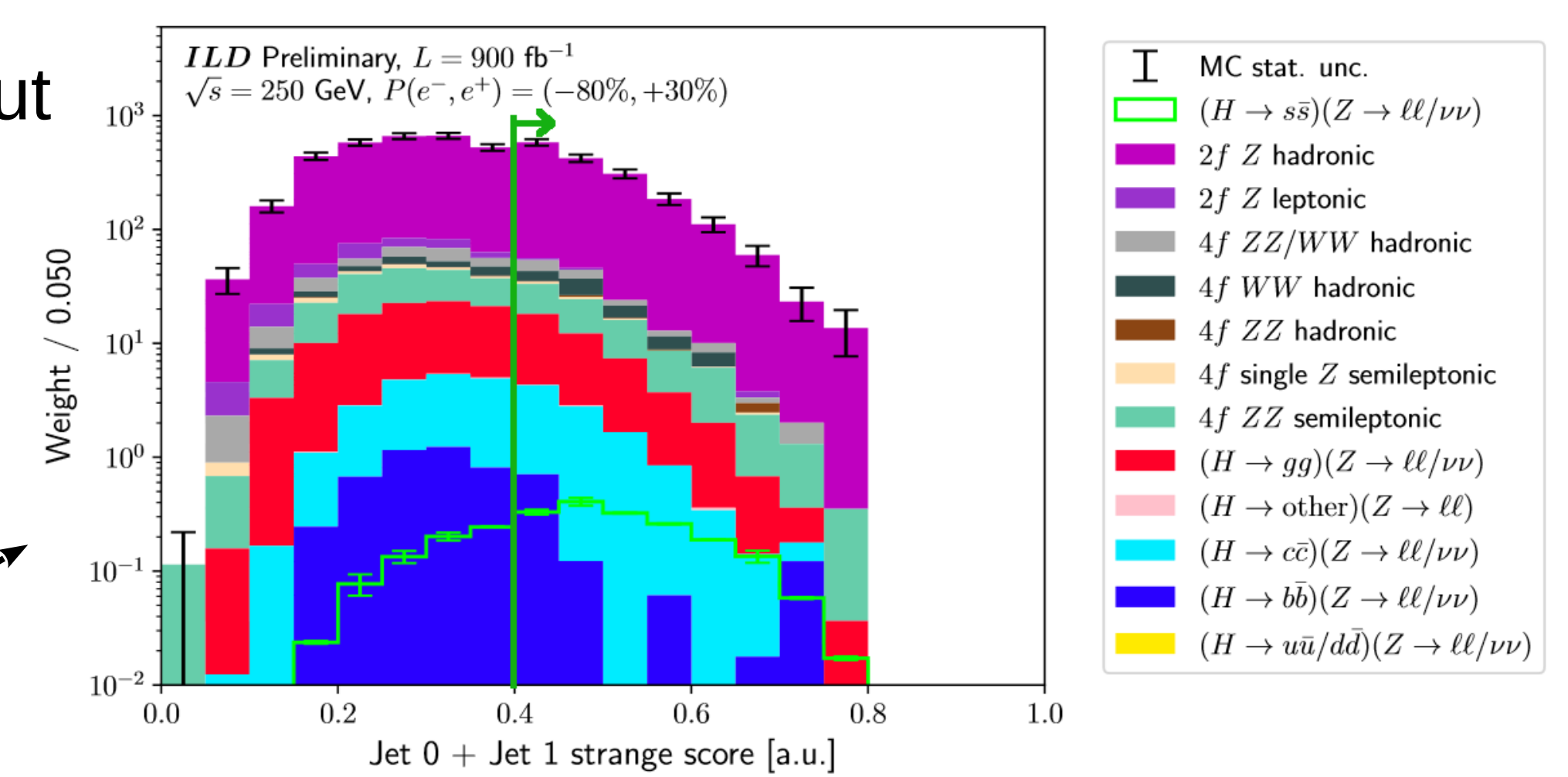


Jets originating from b- and c-quarks can be tagged via secondary vertex ID
 Separation of s vs. u/d only possible via (mostly leading) strange jet constituents

Impact of PID (kaons/pions, V^0 s) on the separation between s- and u/d-jets:



Allows for cut on strange score to enhance sig/bkg:



Leading to upper limit for κ_s :

MC PID was used for now, but looking to apply CPID here and in other analyses

