

# Searching for New Physics in WW and singleW Events

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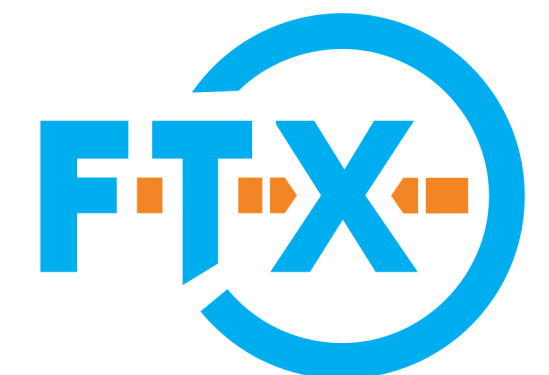
<sup>2</sup> Univeristy of Coimbra

<sup>3</sup> Bonn University

<sup>4</sup>CERN



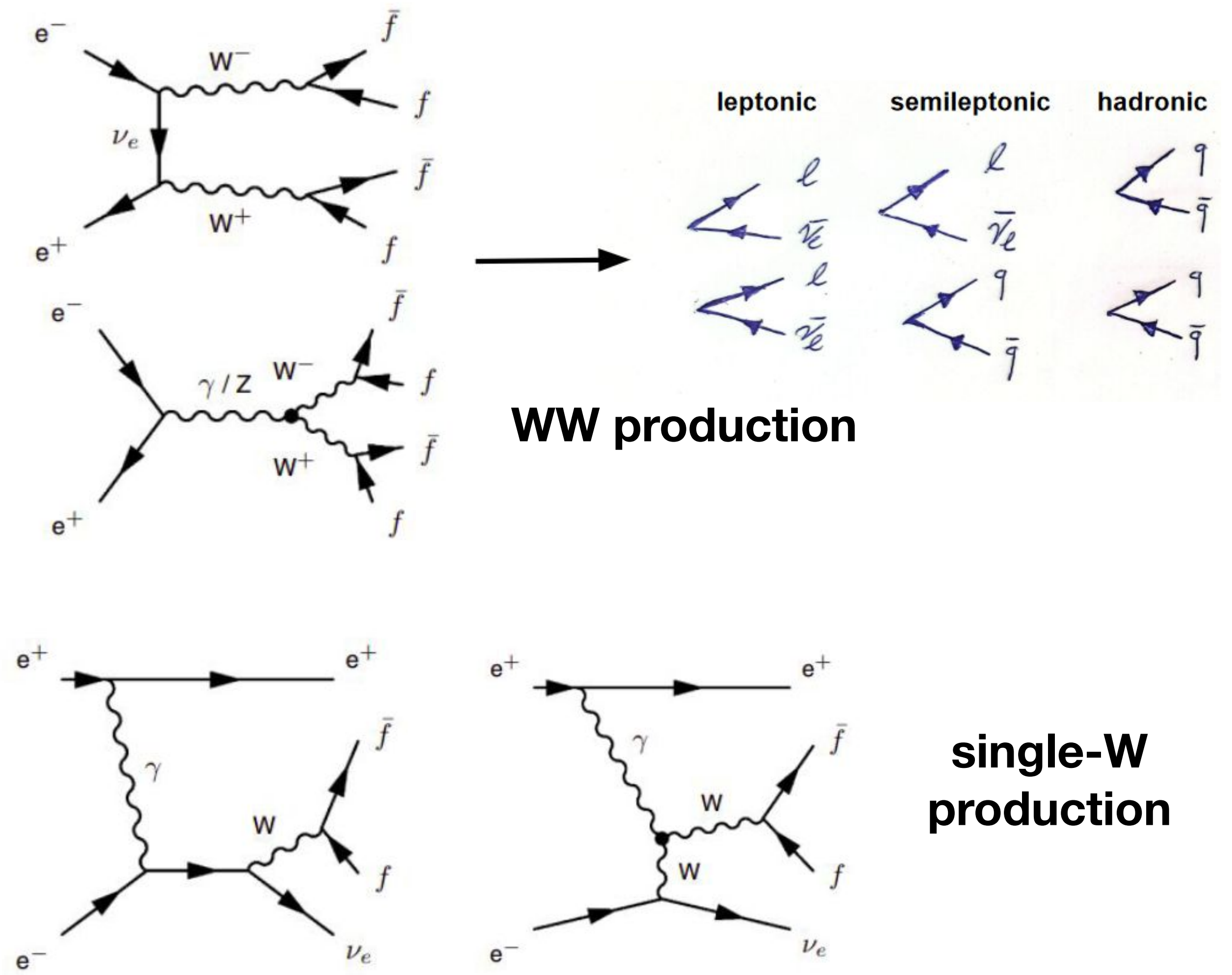
CLUSTER OF EXCELLENCE  
QUANTUM UNIVERSE



# Introduction

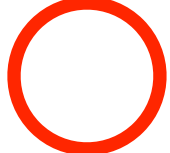
## Overview on WW /singleW in e+e-

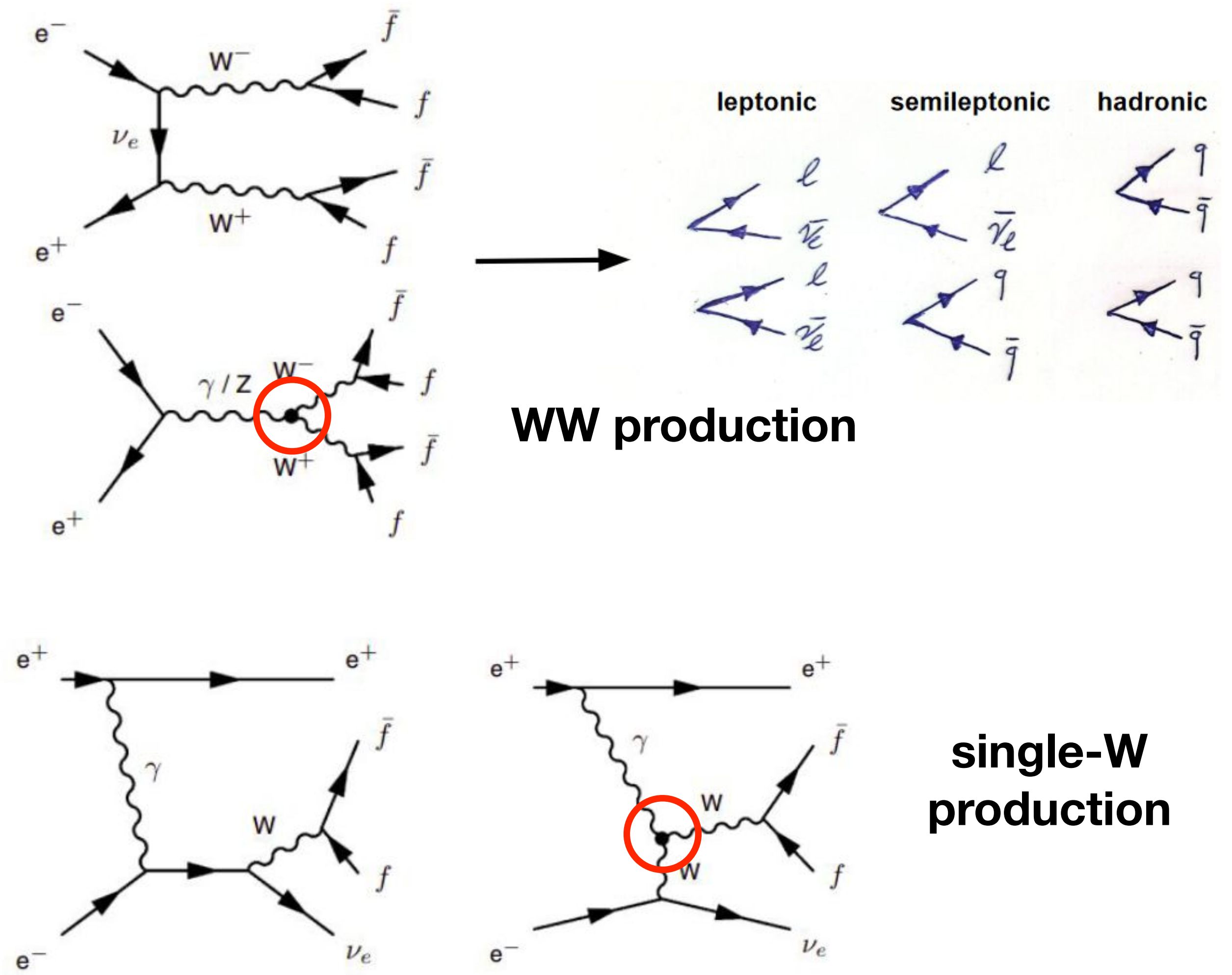
- single and pairwise production
- total number of W bosons produced in ILC250 + ILC500 running  $\approx 1.2E8$
- FCCee very similar (1E8)
- This talk:
  - Triple Gauge Couplings
  - Flavour Physics with W's: CKM matrix elements
  - ongoing work, contributing to ECFA focus topics



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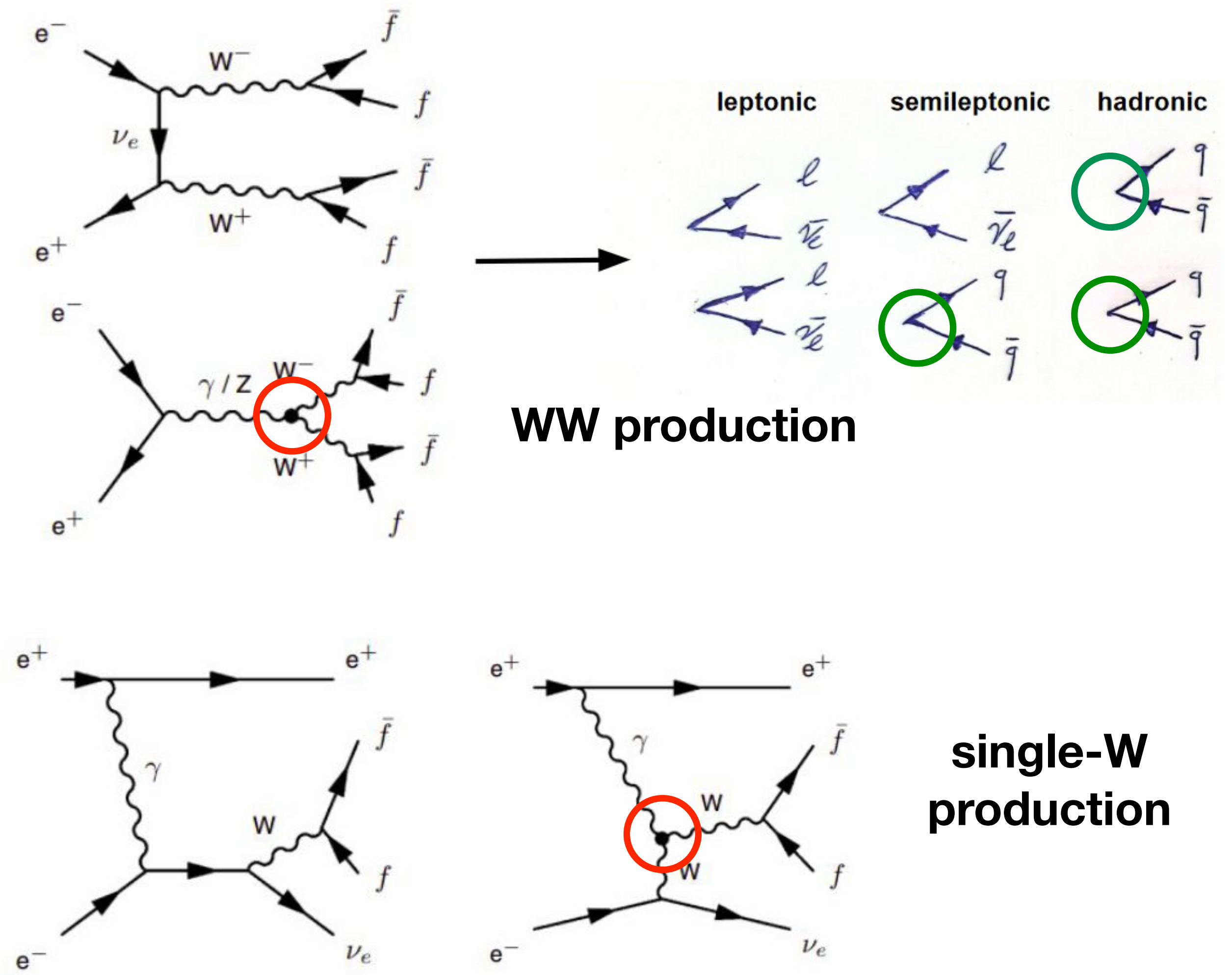
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# Triple Gauge Couplings

# Triple Gauge Couplings

## Definitions and LEP / LHC status

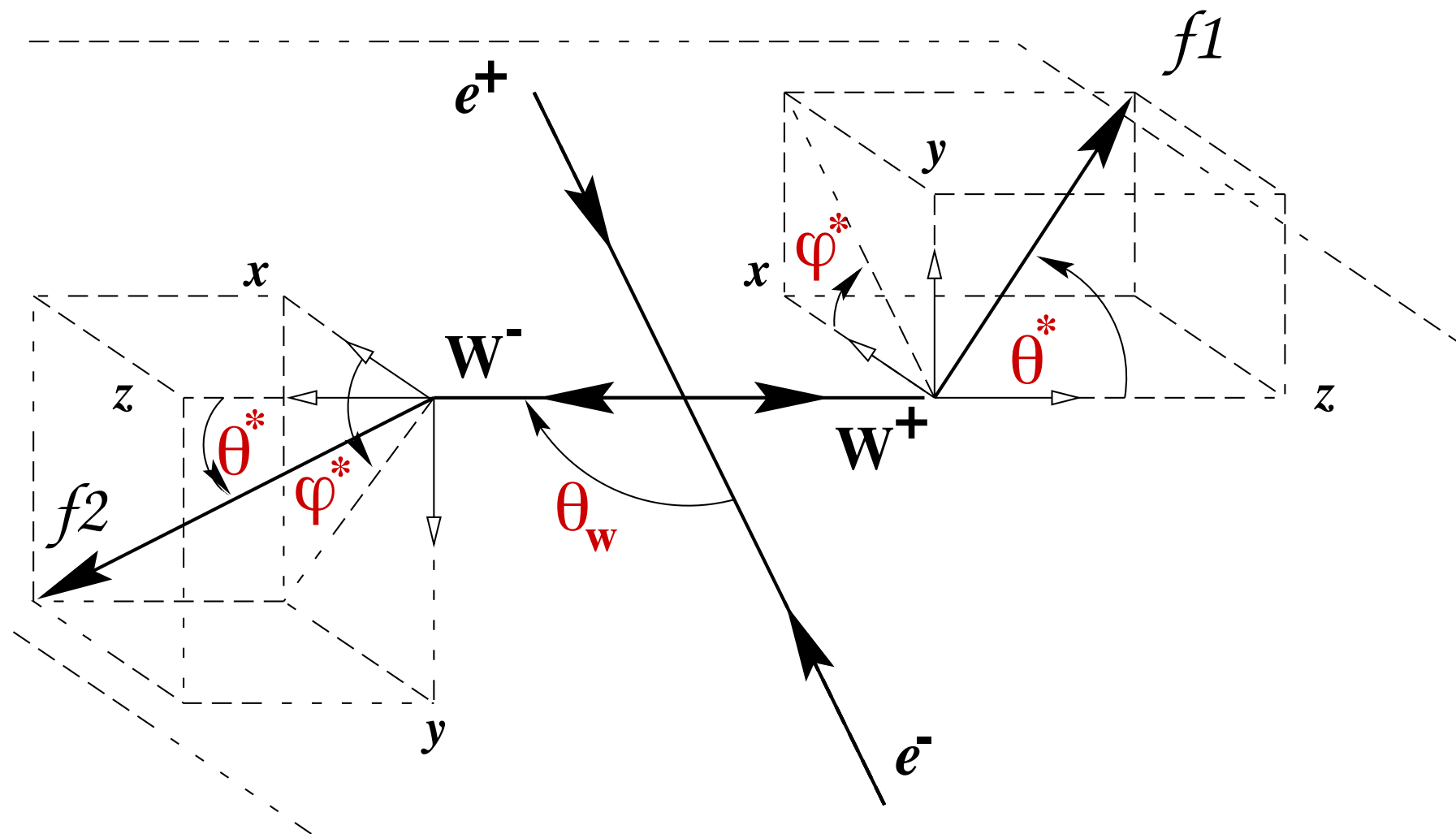
most general WWV (V=Z/γ) Lagrangian: 14 complex couplings (=28 real parameters):

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{i}{g_{WWV}} \mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}^{WWV} = & g_1^V V^\mu (W_{\mu\nu}^- W^{+\nu} - W_{\mu\nu}^+ W^{-\nu}) + \kappa_V W_\mu^+ W_\nu^- V^{\mu\nu} \\ & + \frac{\lambda_V}{m_W^2} V^{\mu\nu} W_\nu^{+\rho} W_{\rho\mu}^- + ig_5^V \varepsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} [(\partial^\rho W^{-\mu}) W^{+\nu} - W^{-\mu} (\partial^\rho W^{+\nu})] V^\sigma \\ & + ig_4^V W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ (\partial^\mu V^\nu + \partial^\nu V^\mu) - \frac{\tilde{\kappa}_V}{2} W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ \varepsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} V_{\rho\sigma} \\ & - \frac{\tilde{\lambda}_V}{2m_W^2} W_{\rho\mu}^- W^{+\mu}_\nu \varepsilon^{\nu\rho\alpha\beta} V_{\alpha\beta} \end{aligned}$$

**SM:**  
 **$g_1^Z = g_1^\gamma = \kappa^Z = \kappa^\gamma = 1$**   
**all others = 0**

often (incl. SMEFT) restricted to  
**“LEP parametrisation”** due to lack of data:  
 C, P invariance, EM gauge & SU(2)xU(1) invariance  
**=>  $g_1^Z, \kappa^\gamma, \lambda_\gamma$**

**ee->WW: relevant 5 angles**



analysis technique plays an important role - watch out whether

- binned or unbinned analysis
- 5 or 3 angles used
- single- or multi-parameter fits
- treatment of systematics
- ...

# Theory-Level Studies

## using optimal observables

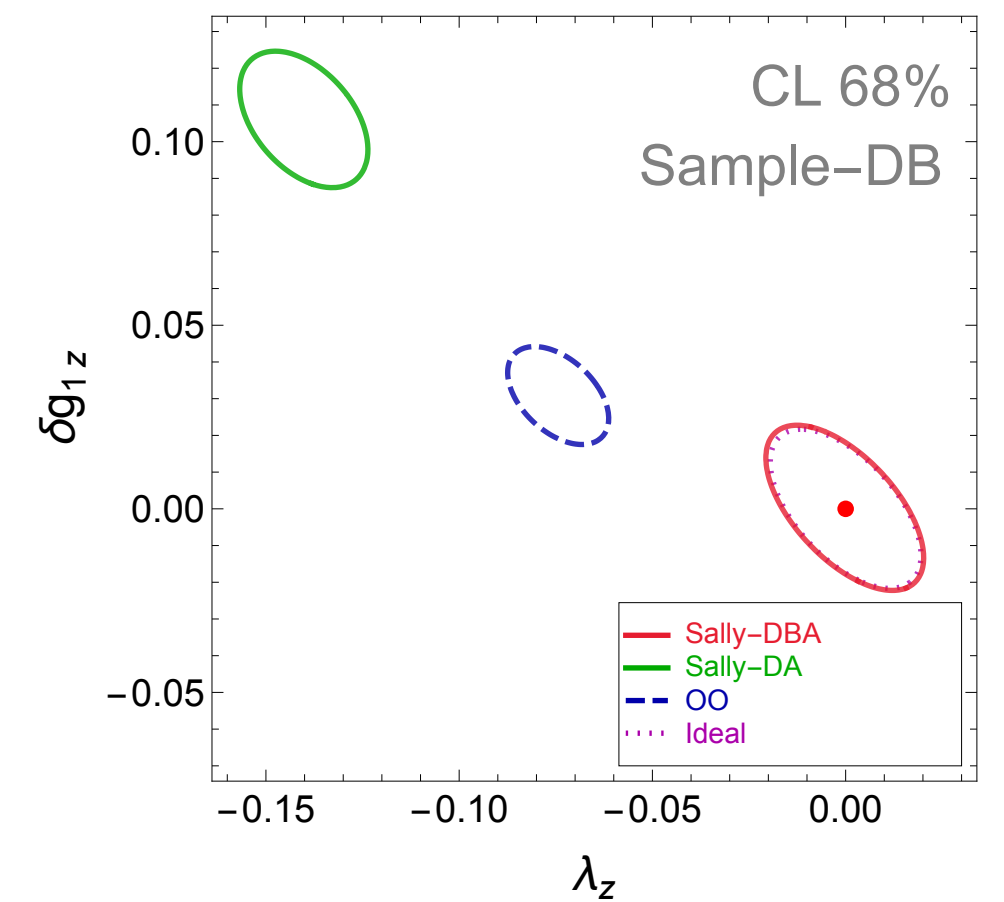
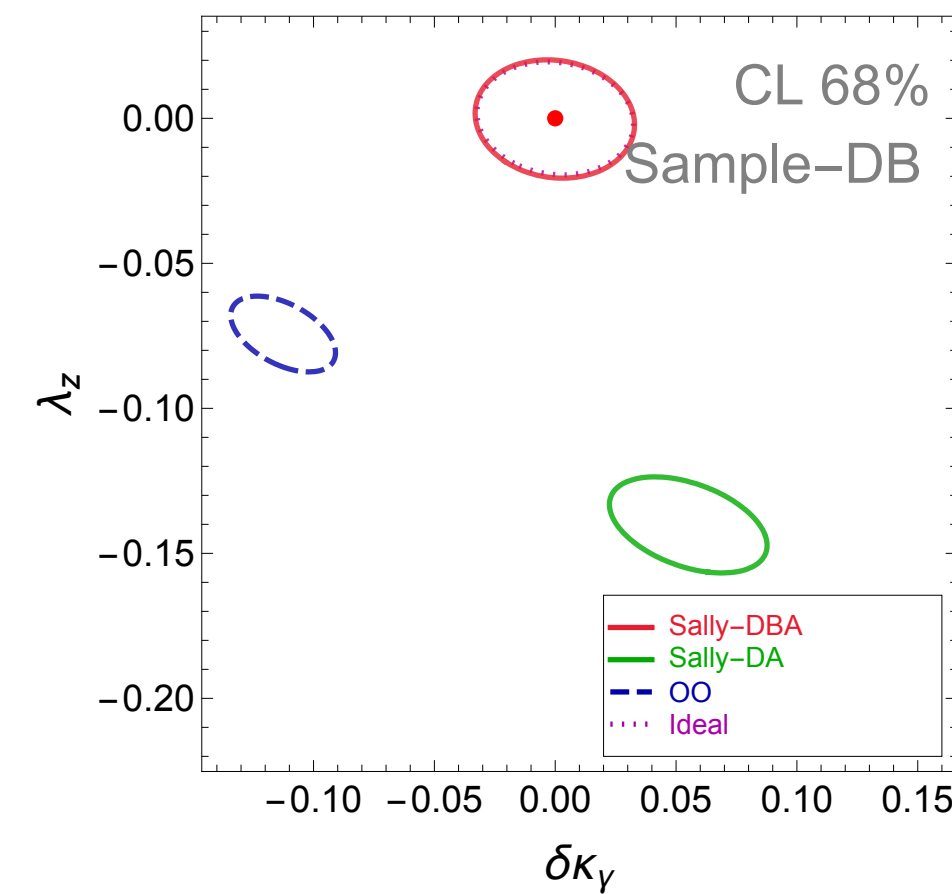
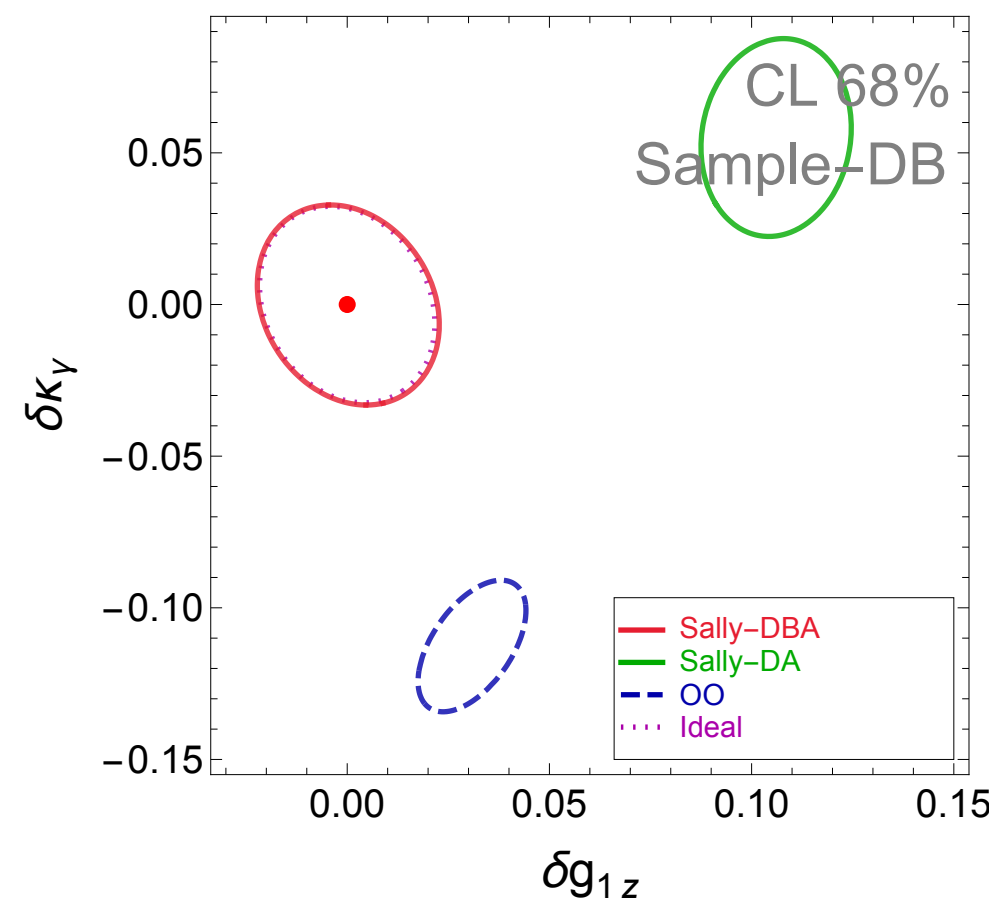
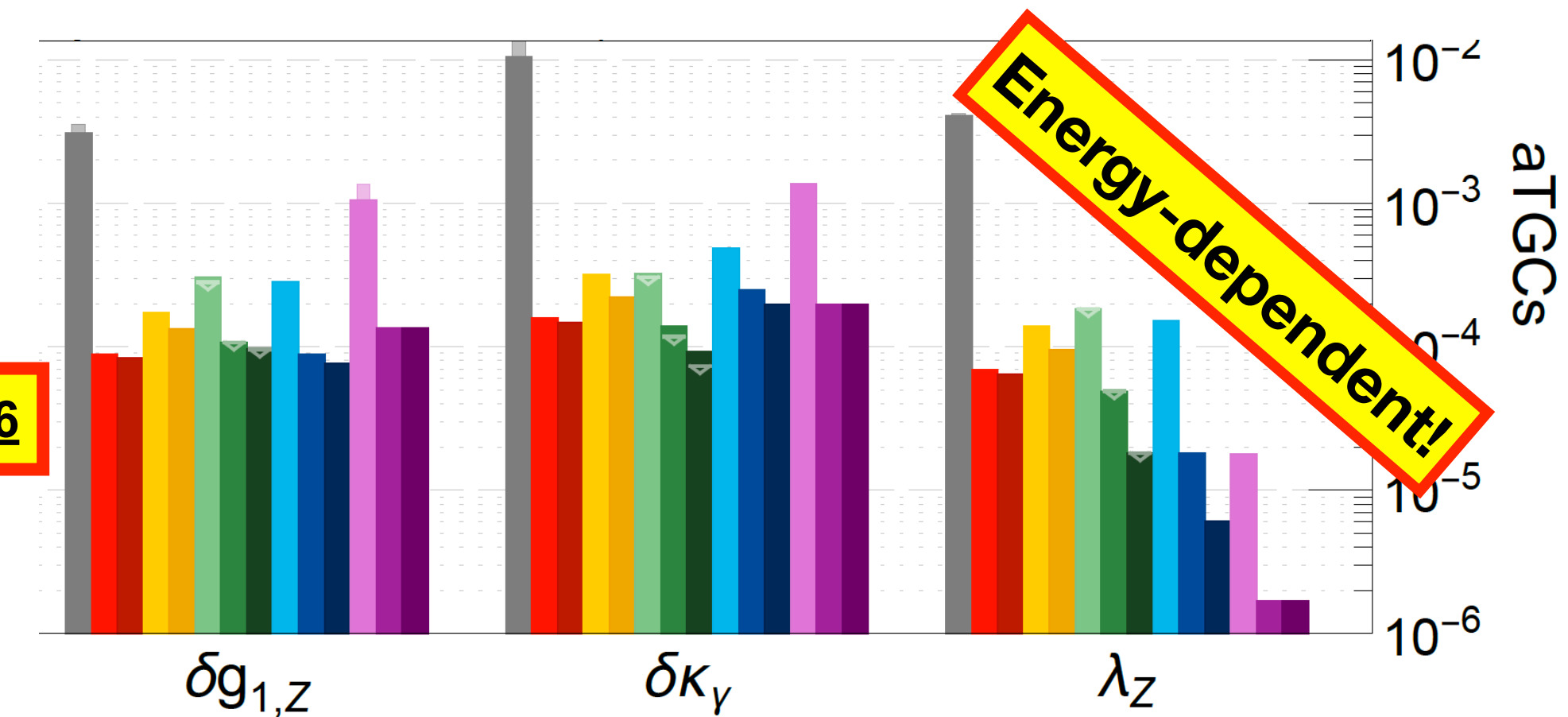
- Markus Diehl et al 2003 (!)
  - all 28 real parameters (no detector, no background...)
  - **can disentangle all at 500 GeV with polarised beams**
- For Snowmass SMEFT fits (Jorge de Blas et al):
  - three “LEP” couplings (no detector, no systematics)
  - ~100x gain beyond HL-LHC!
- Jiayin Gu et al: OOs with ML

**Eur.Phys.J.C 27 (2003) 375-397  
& Eur.Phys.J.C 32 (2003) 17-27**

**arXiv:2206.08326**

- **ILD Delphes card**
- optionally 10% ZZ background
- => application of theory-level OO to real analysis can lead to huge bias** — but when MLing OO on reco data with background, this can be corrected (to be studied further)

**JHEP 05 (2024) 292**

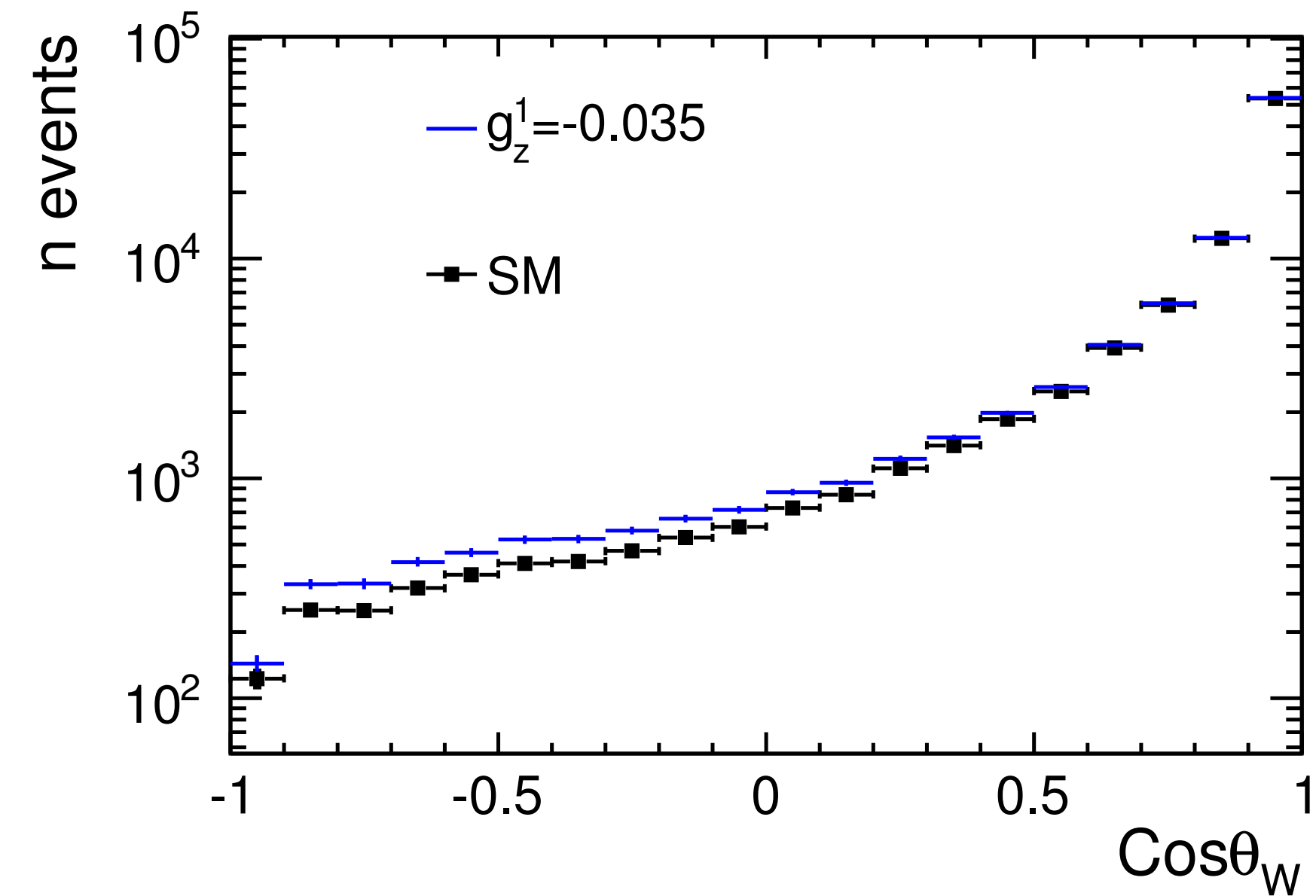


# Detector-level Simulations

ILD & SiD for ILC TDR (Marchesini, Rosca, Barklow ~2011 ff)

- 500 GeV and 1 TeV
- joint extraction of 3 TGCs (LEP parametrisation) **and beam polarisations** => model impact of all parameters on detector-level
- restricted to WW -> mnuqq and WW->enuqq
- 3 TGCs and their covariance matrix passed on to global interpretations, e.g. SMEFT fits

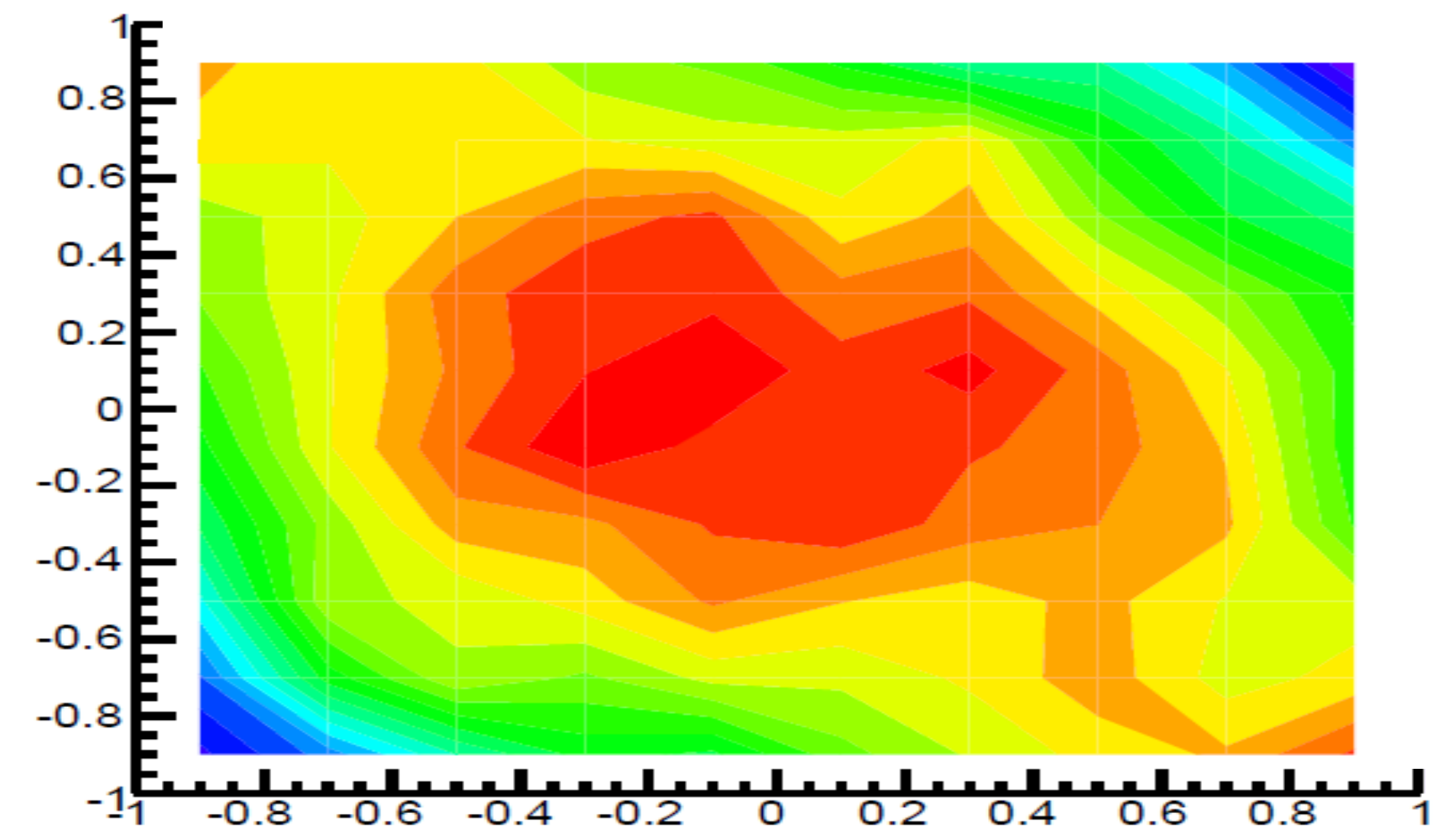
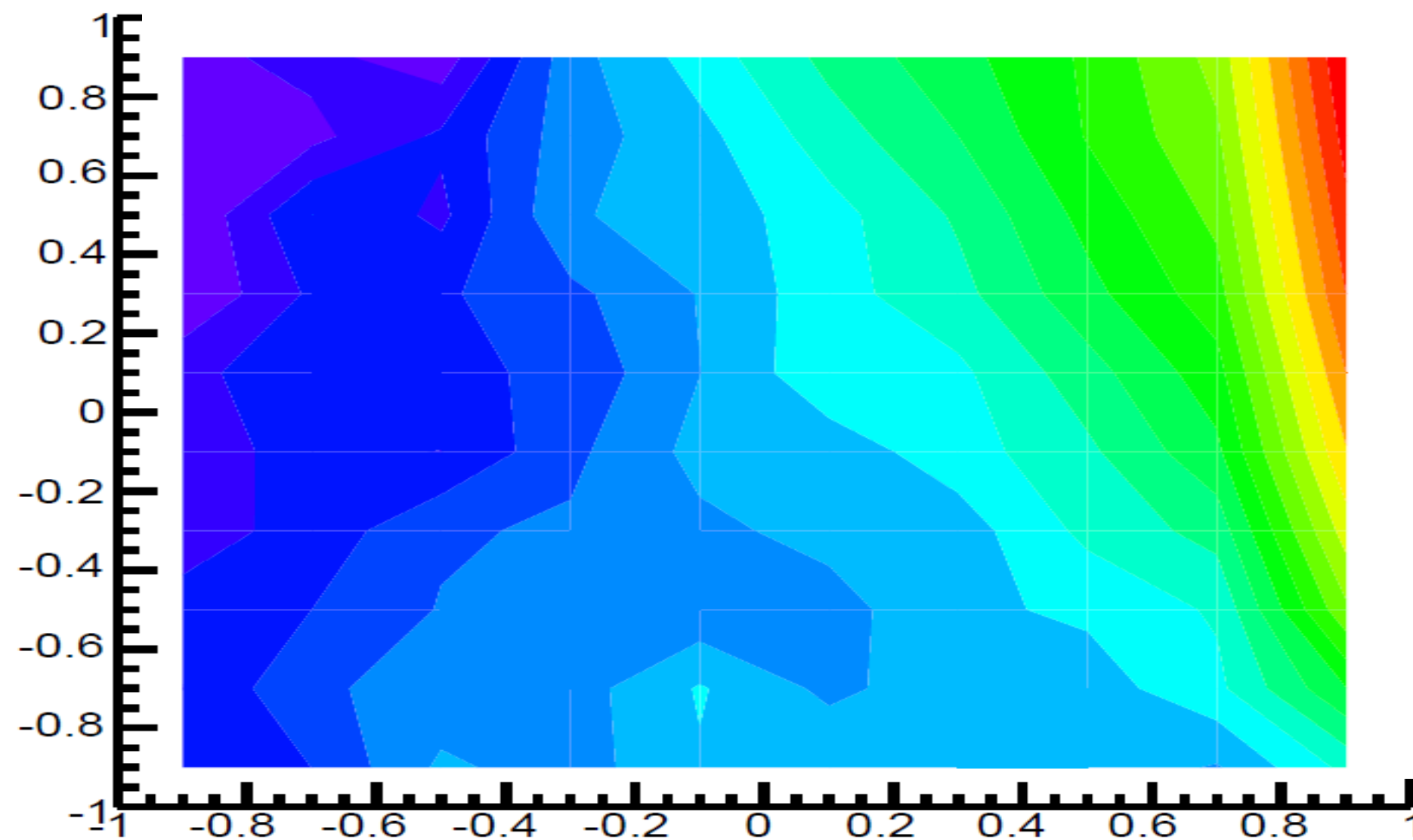
PhD Thesis I. Marchesini



$$P(e^+, e^-) = (+1, -1)$$

$\cos\theta_{decay}$  vs  $\cos\theta_W$

$$P(e^+, e^-) = (-1, +1)$$



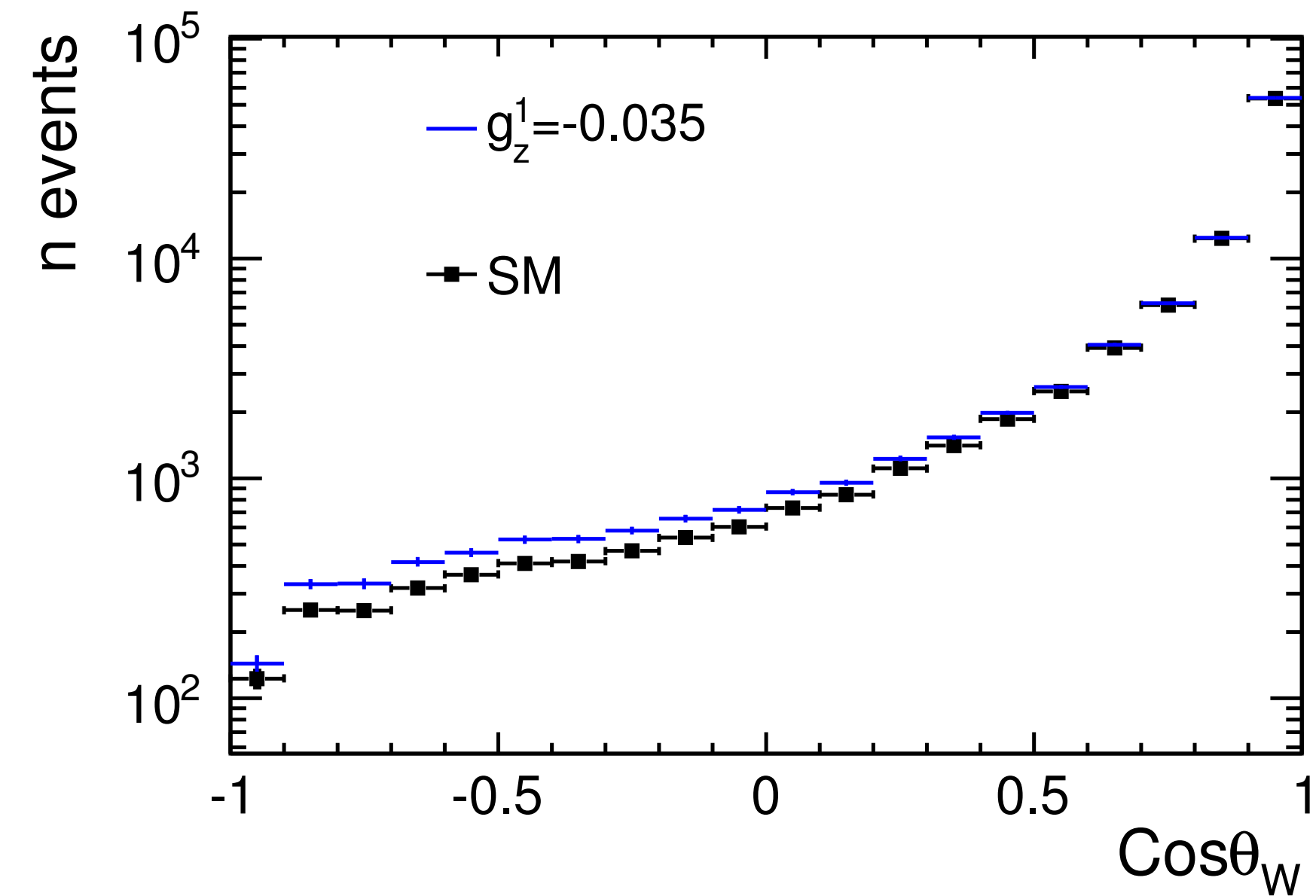


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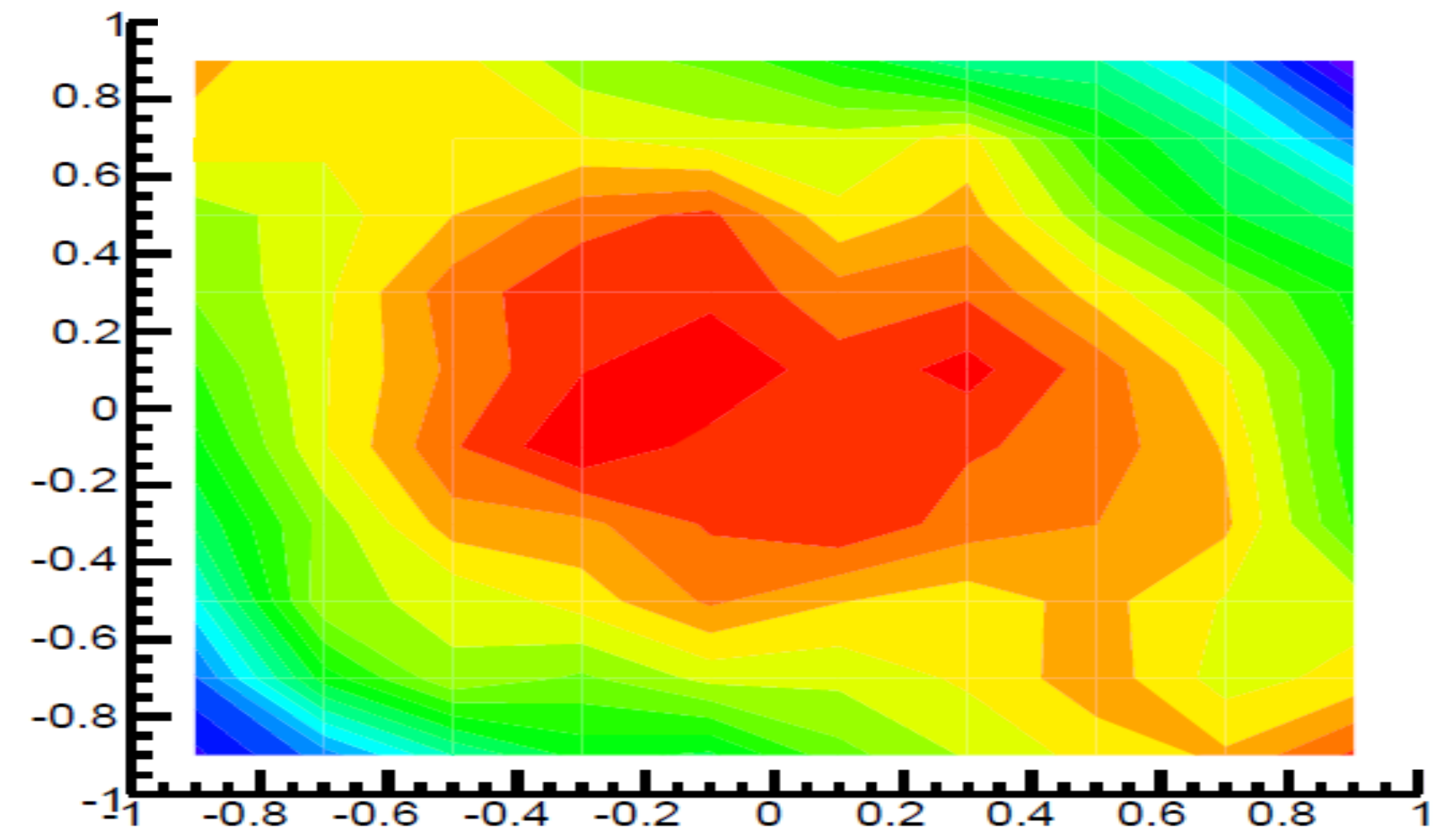
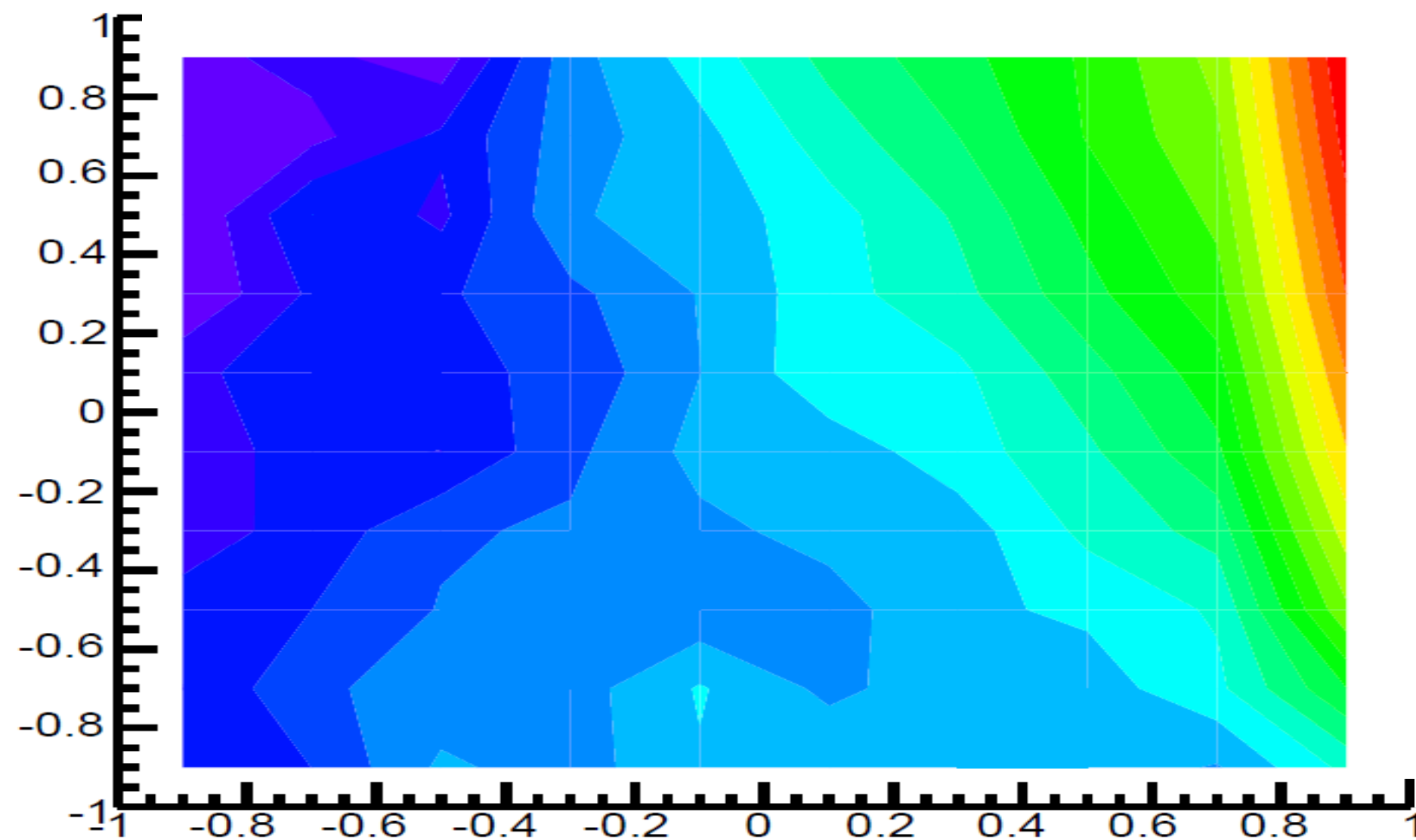


This is not consistent as interplay with other operators and other processes is neglected!

$$P(e^+, e^-) = (+1, -1)$$

$\cos \theta_{decay}$  vs  $\cos \theta_W$

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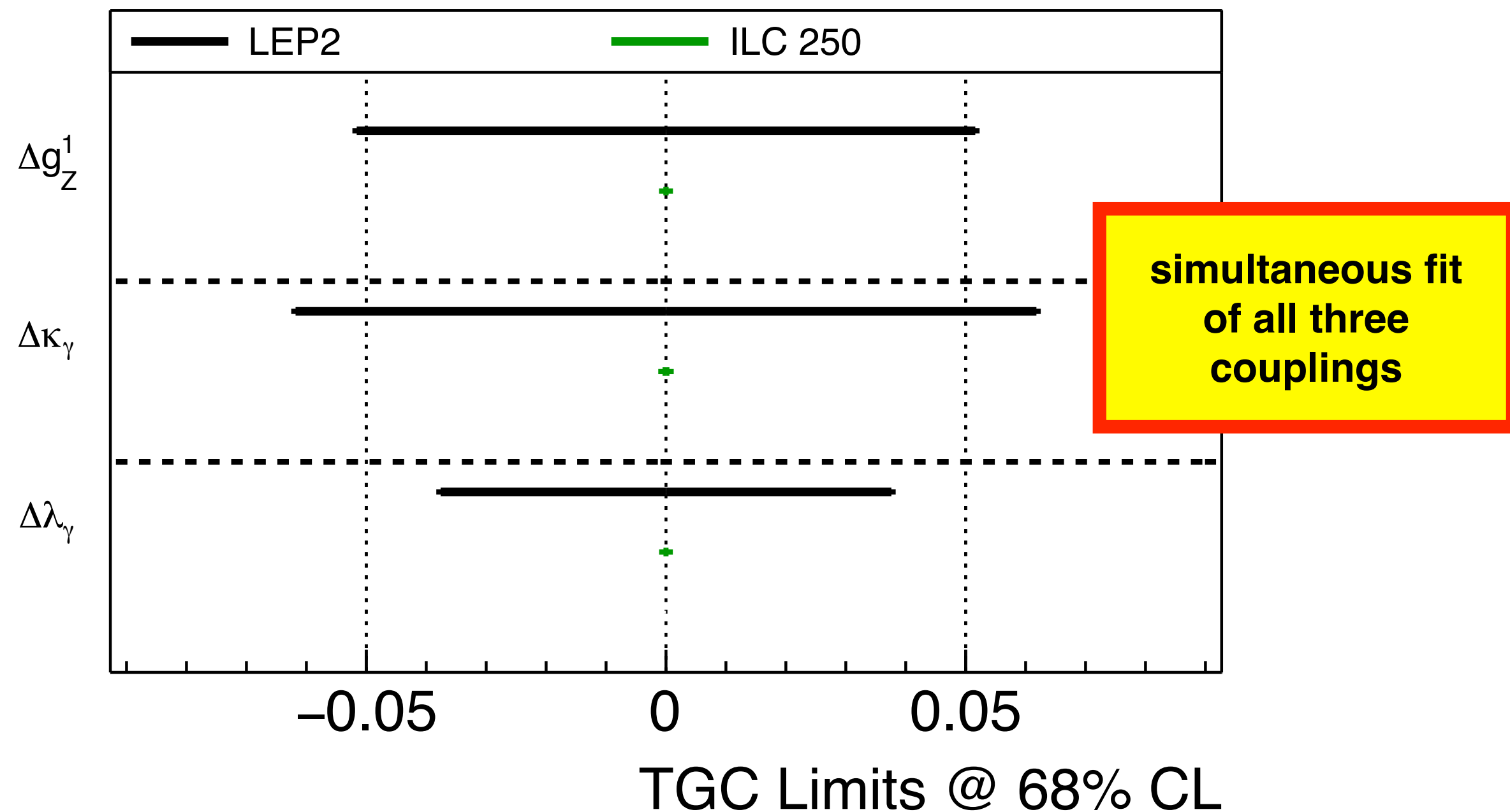


# More recently

PhD Thesis R. Karl

including 250 GeV (~2017-2018)

- Extrapolation of 500 GeV / 1 TeV detector-level studies to 250 GeV
- And first look into “single-W” contribution to  $evqq$  final-state (detector effects parametrized, but systematics included)  
=> single-W important contribution to TGC precision  
=> must be fully included in the future!

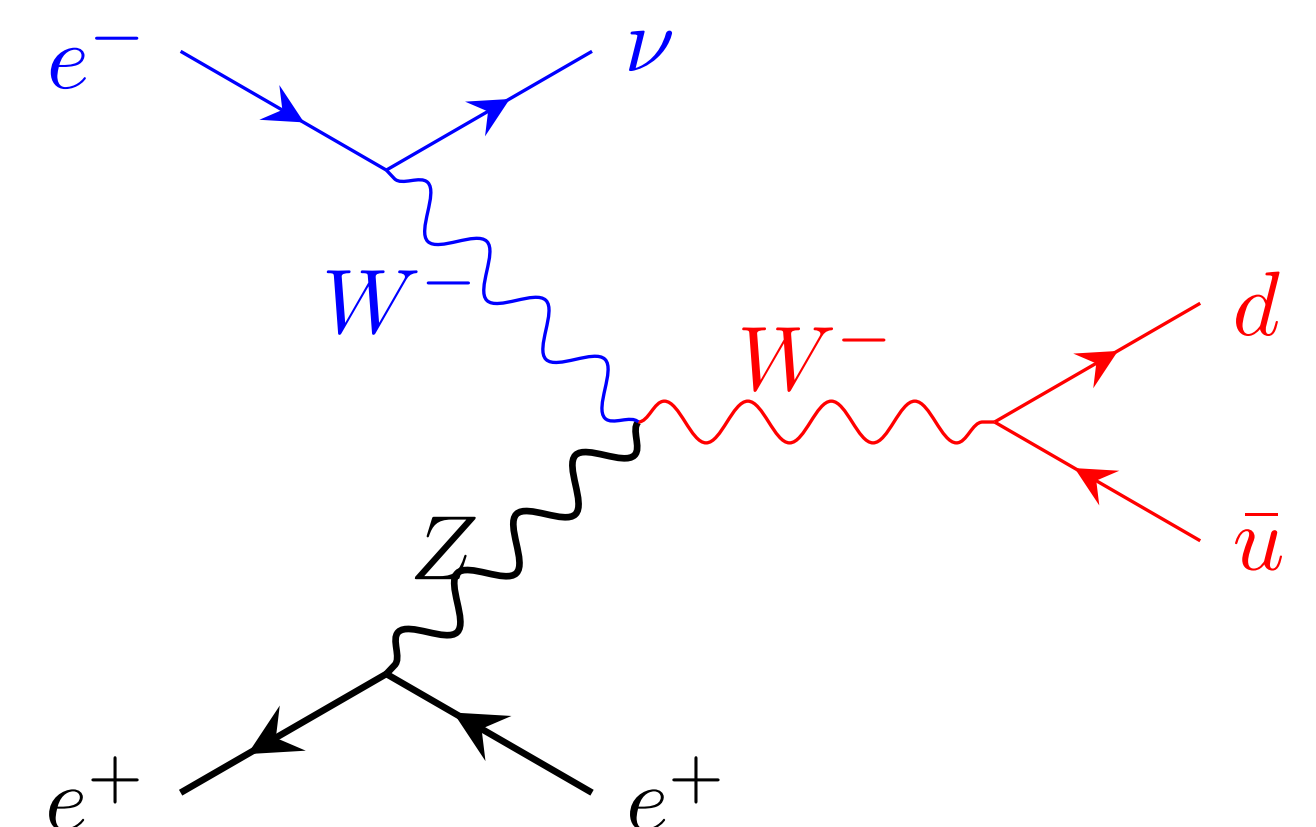
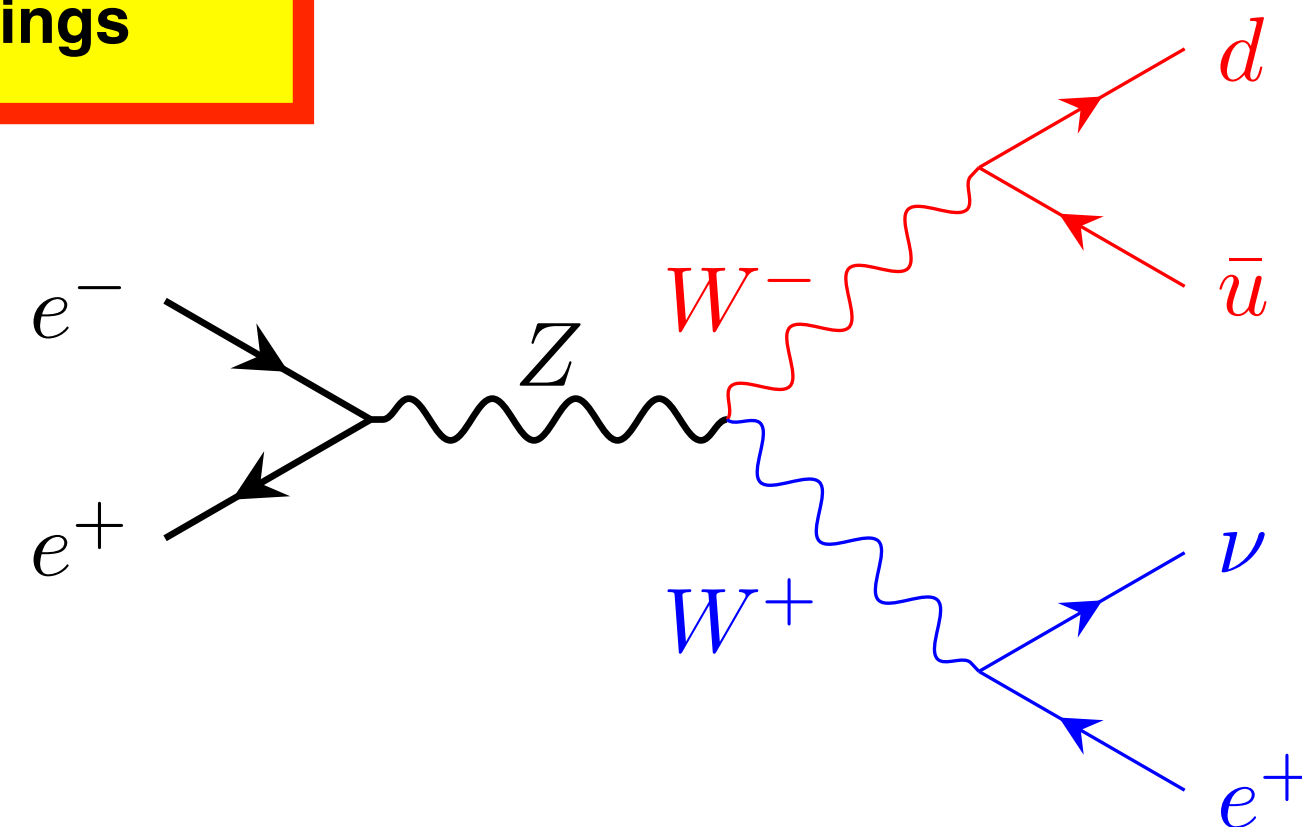
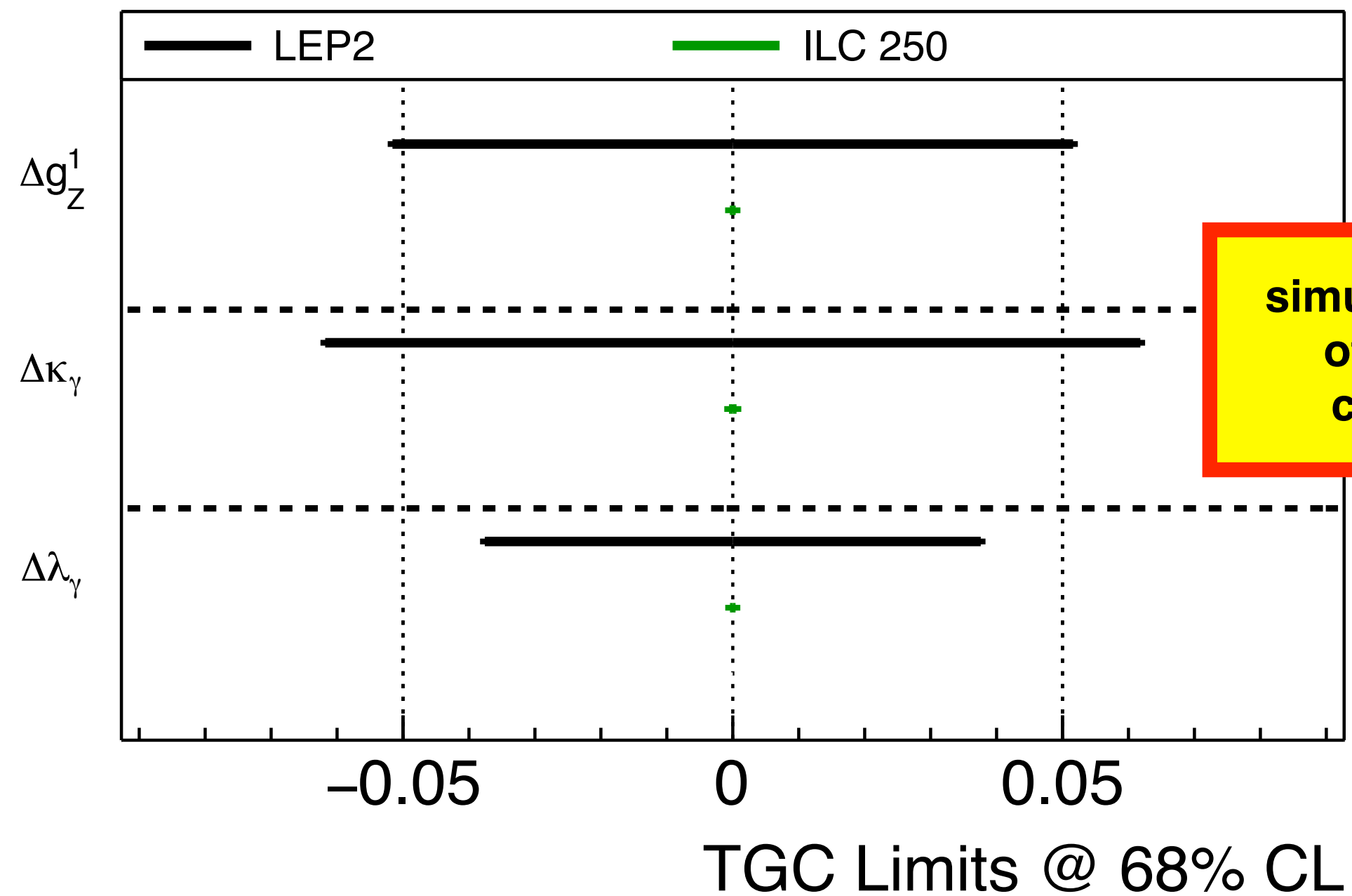


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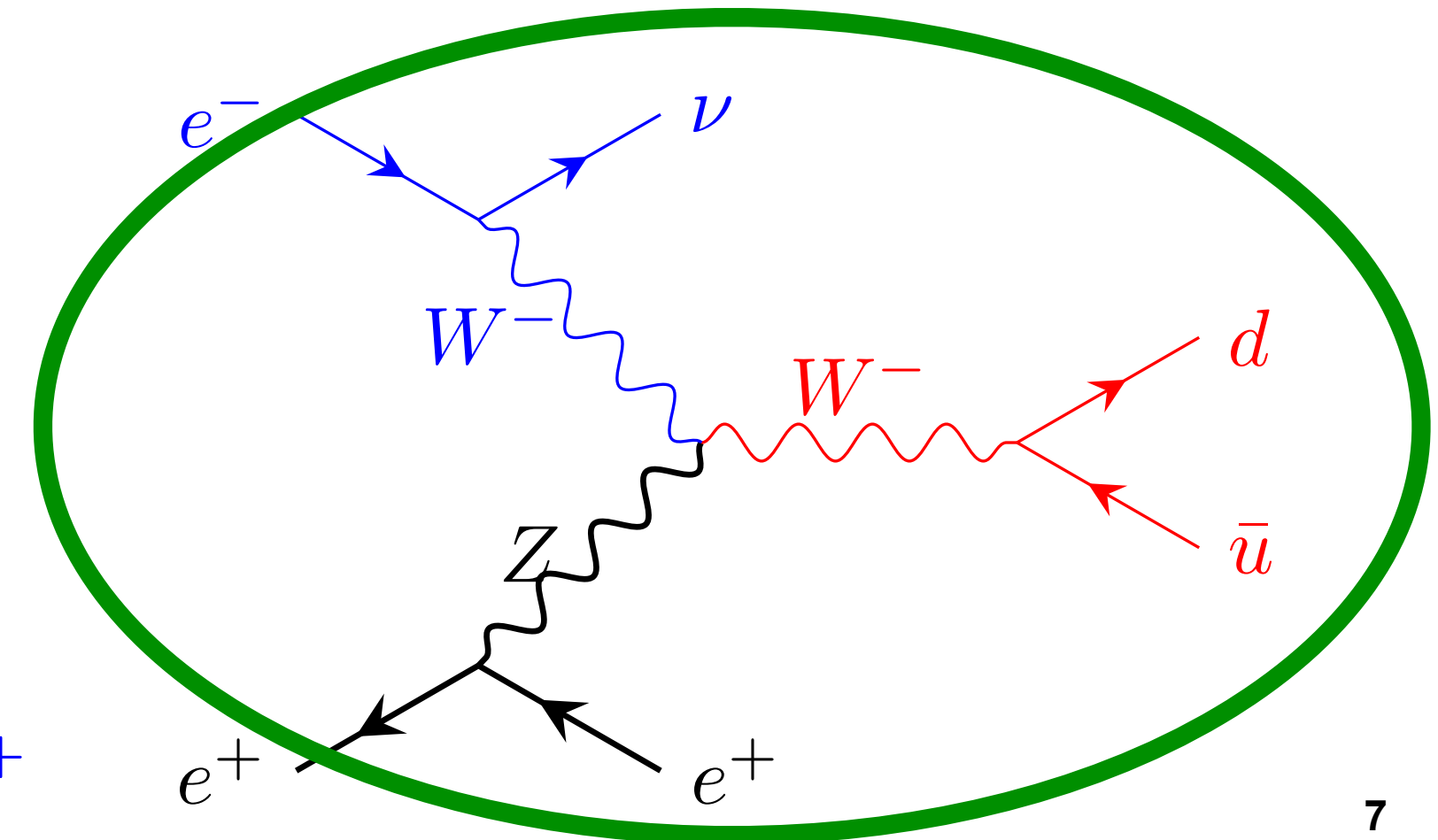
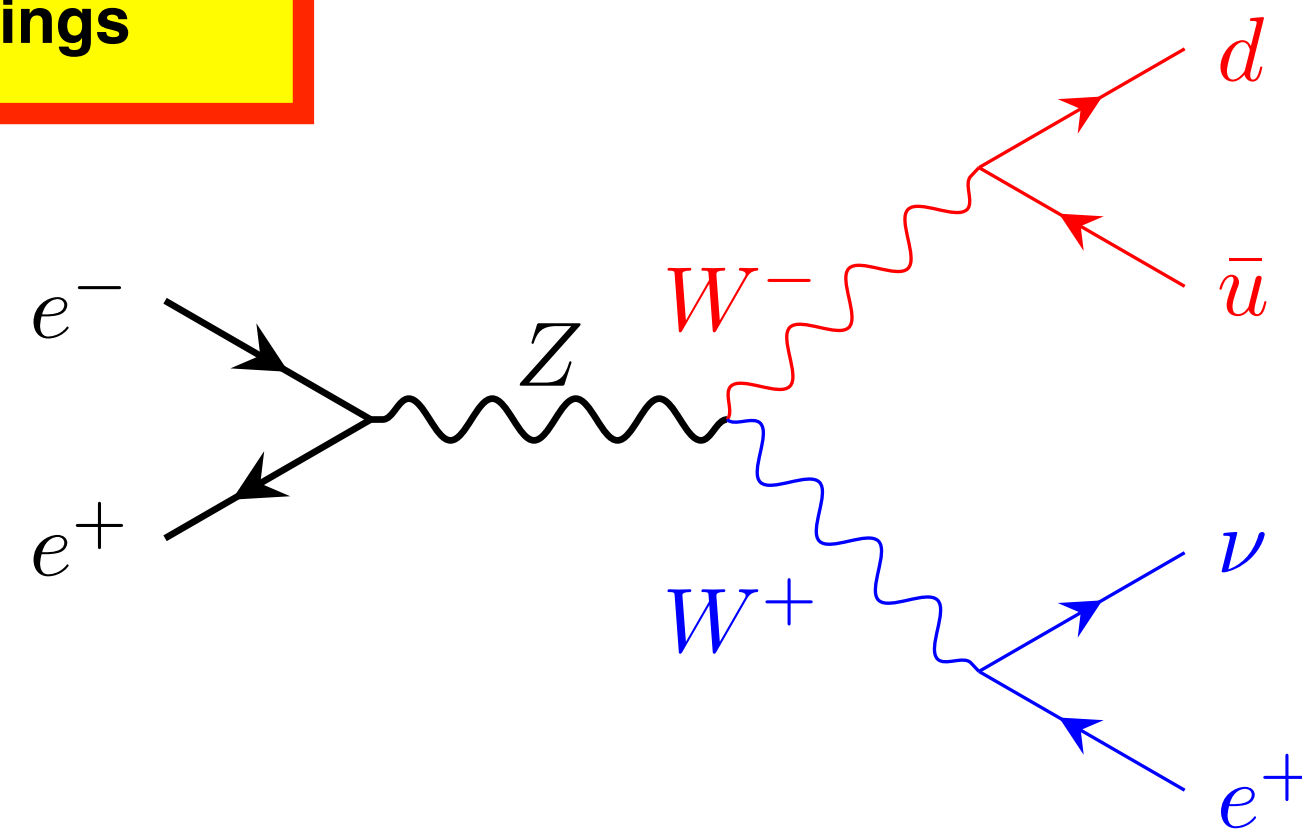
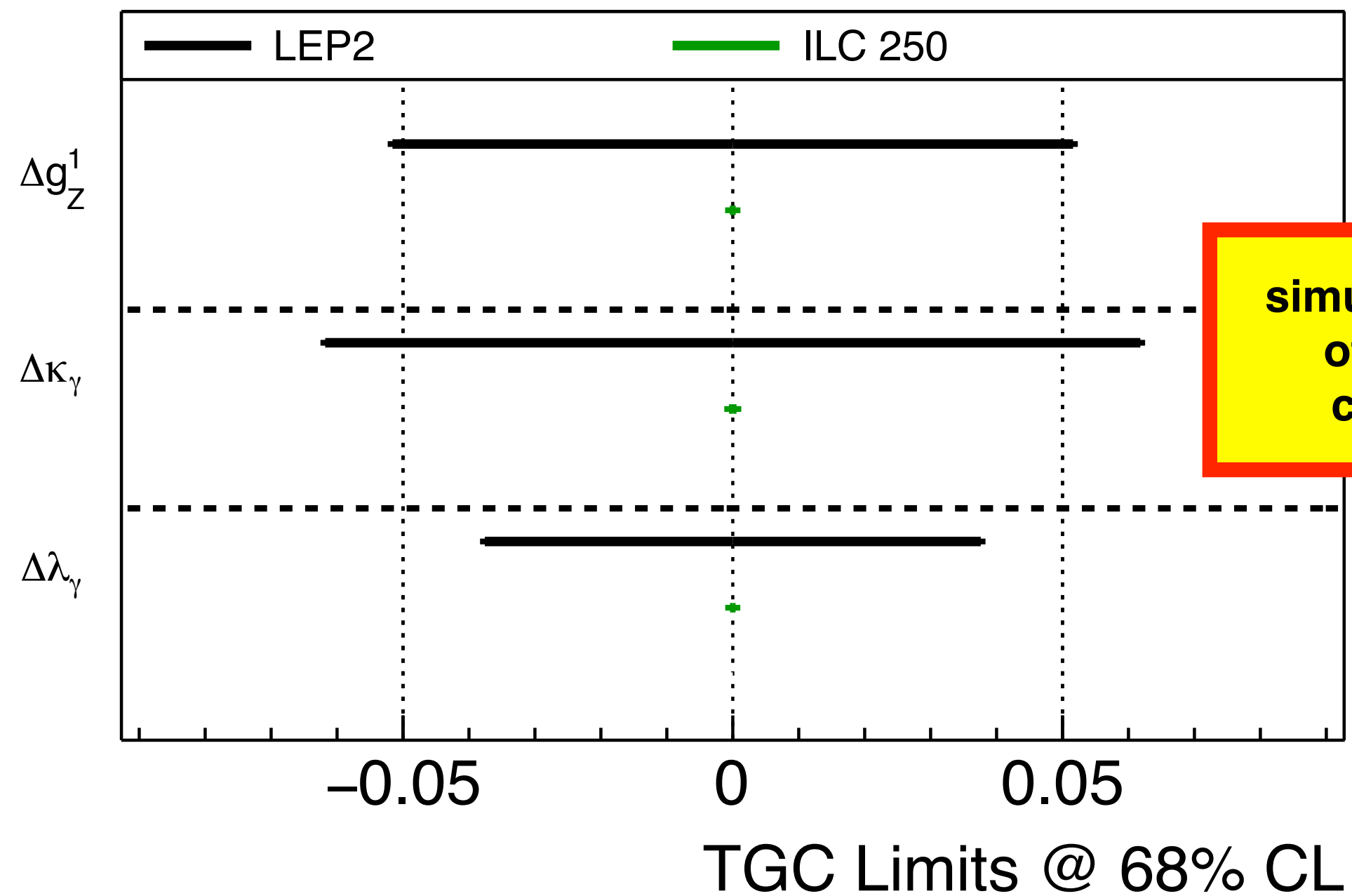


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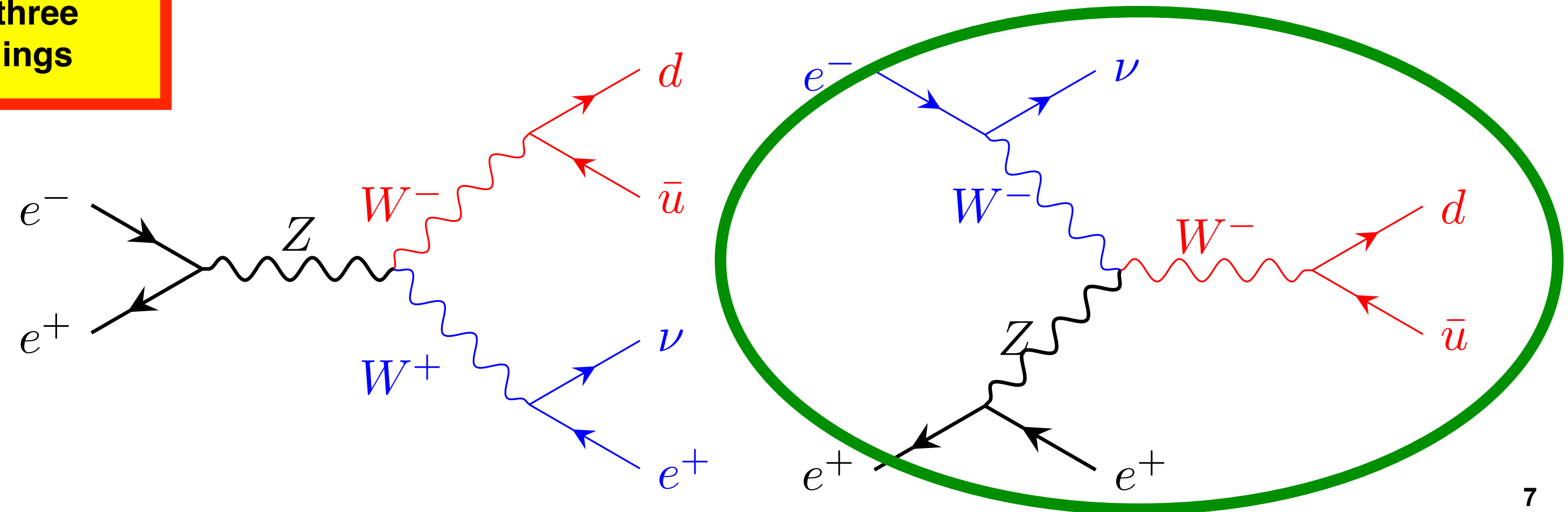
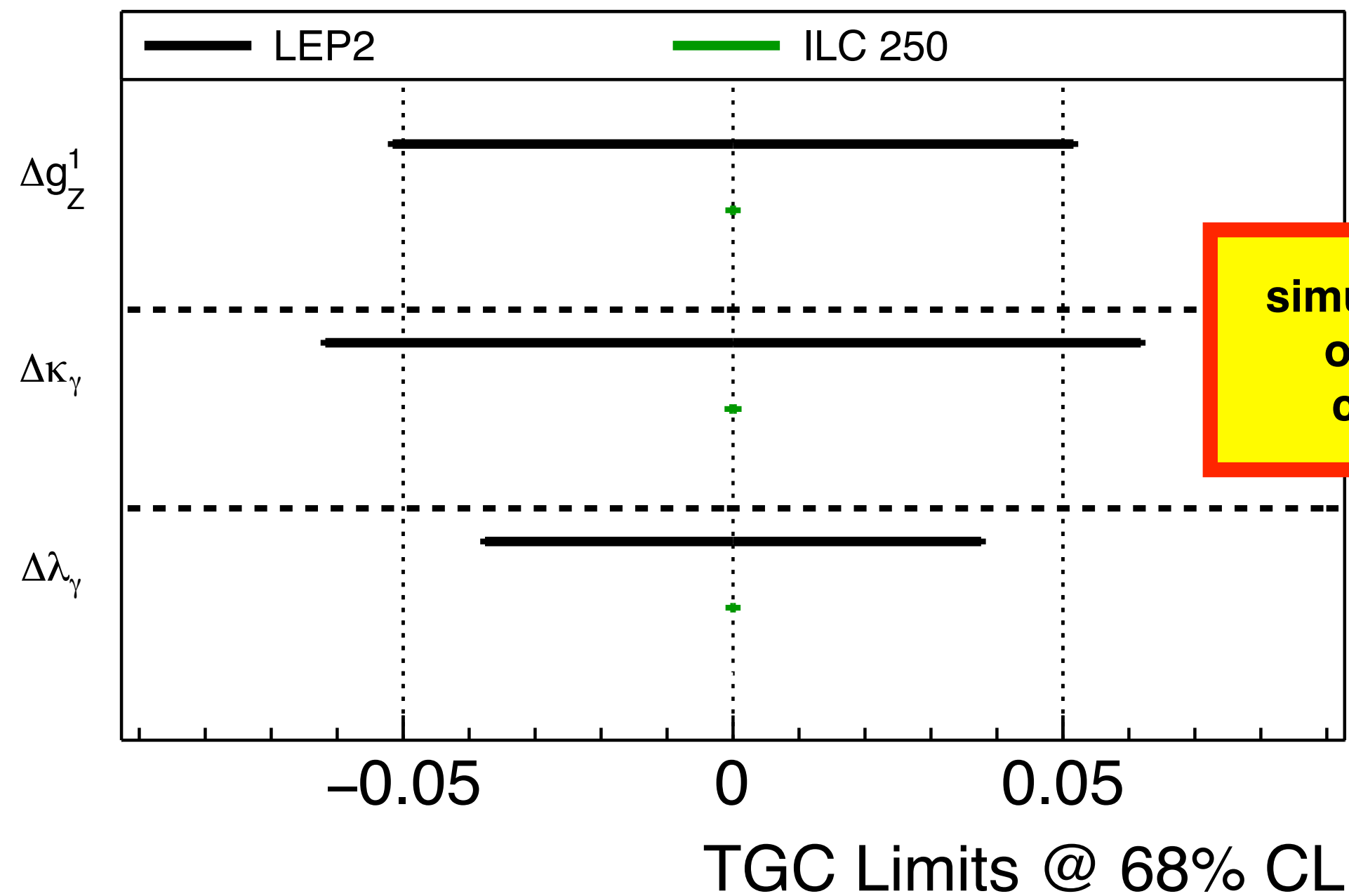
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$\Delta g [10^{-4}]$	250	45.8	15.8	13.9
	500	8.46	4.14	3.52
$\Delta\kappa [10^{-4}]$	250	54.9	19	16.5
	500	8.85	4.63	3.65
$\Delta\lambda [10^{-4}]$	250	68.6	22.5	21.6
	500	15.6	6.14	5.77



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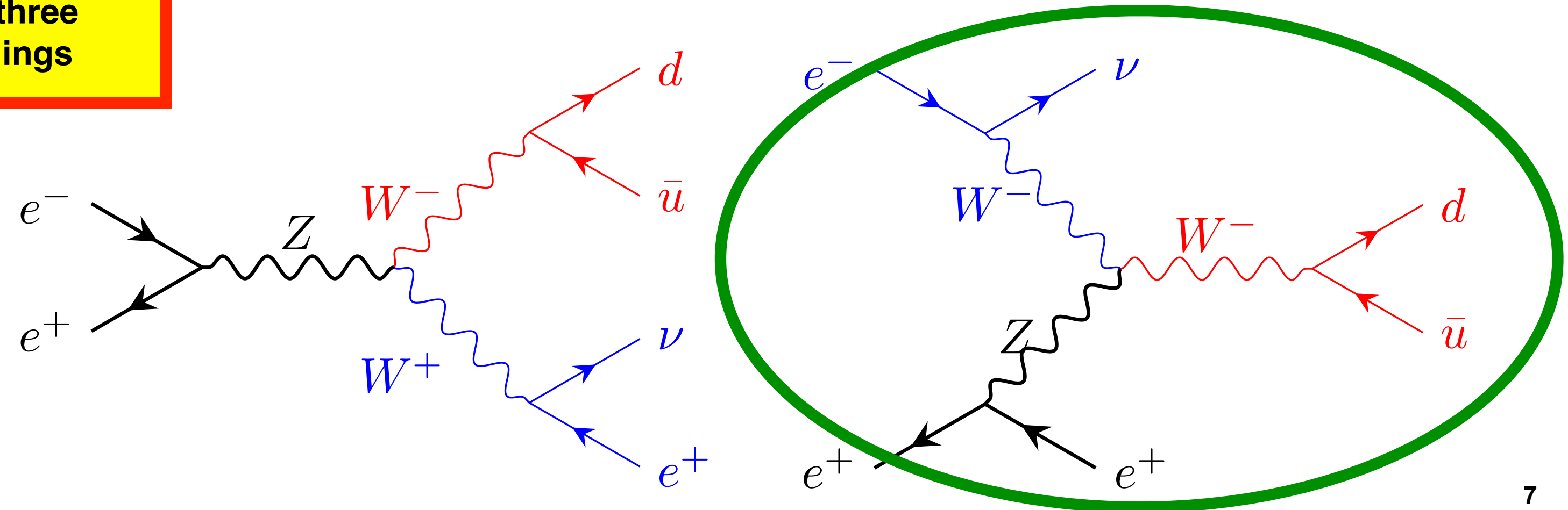
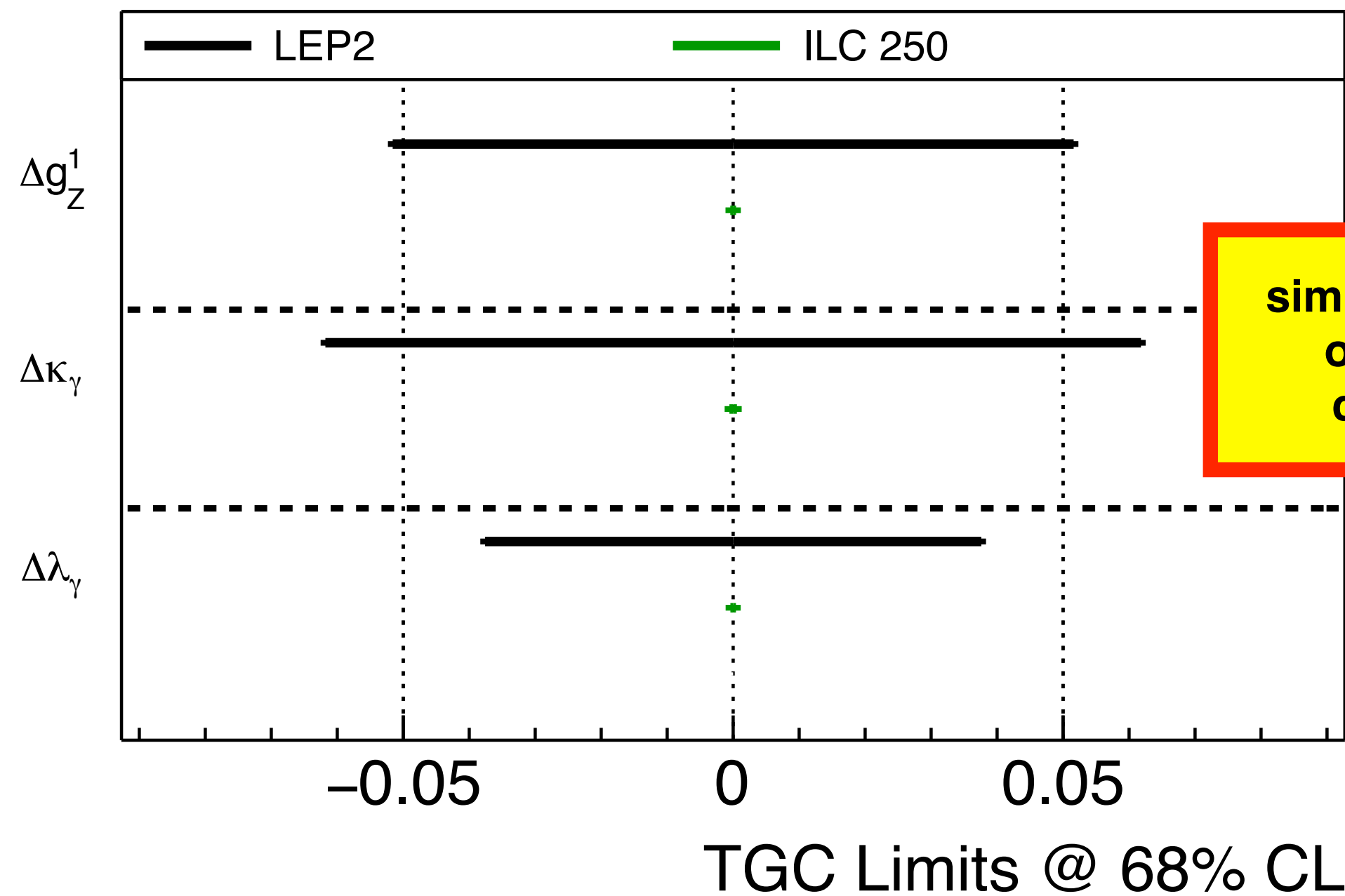
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+single-W

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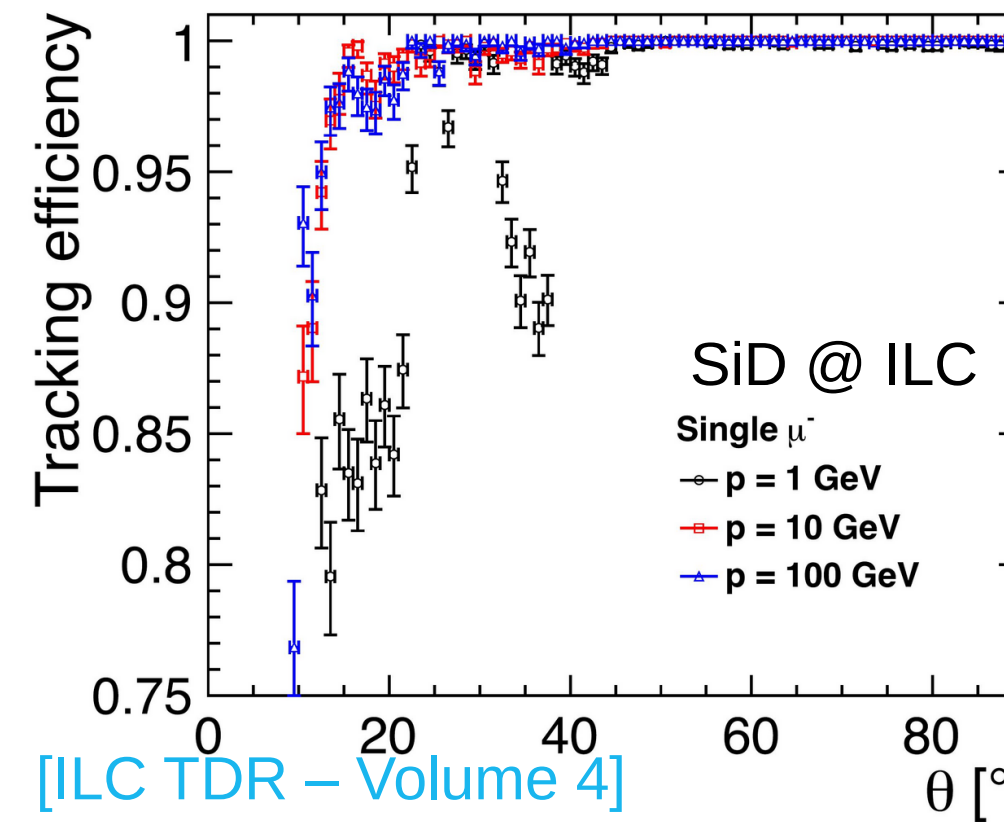


# Even more recently

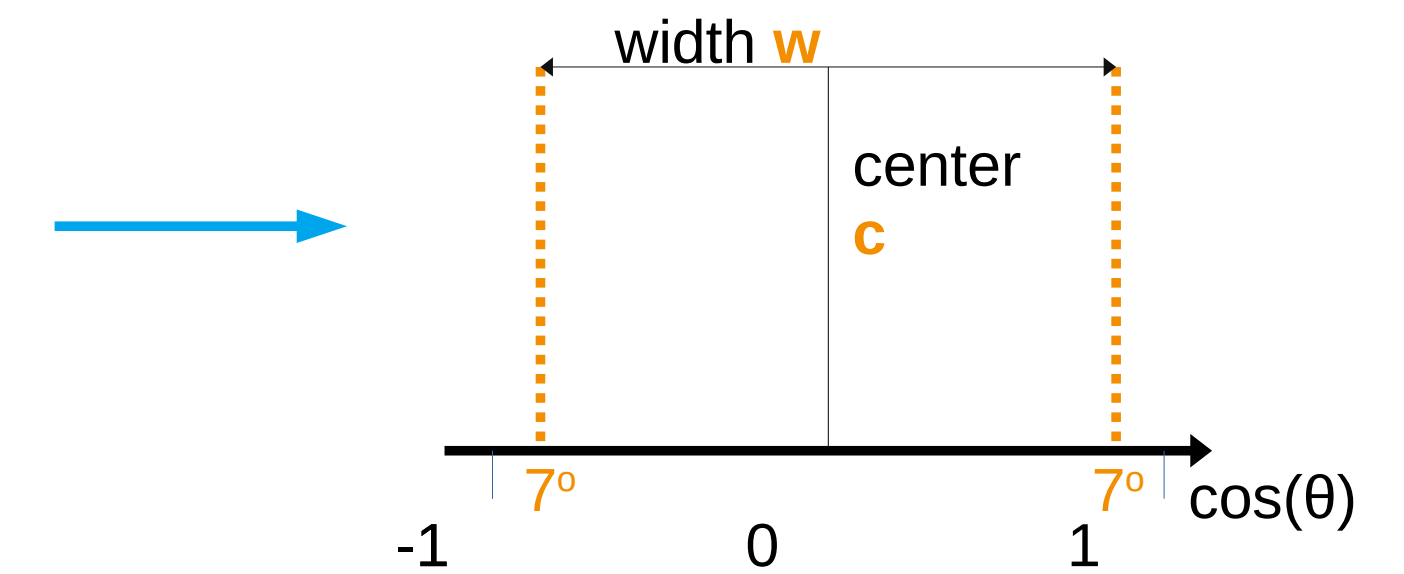
## 4f and 2f final state combination with detector effects eq acceptance

- detector acceptance in forward region was a leading systematic in  $ee \rightarrow \mu\mu$  at LEP
- future colliders aims for much higher precision  
=> can we eliminate this source of uncertainty by extracting the acceptance directly together with physics parameters?
- **detailed study of ability to reduce impact systematics by combined fits to differential cross sections of 2f and 4f processes including many nuisance parameters at 250 GeV using LEP parametrisation**

PhD Thesis J. Beyer



Simplified picture:  
Event passes if all  $\mu$ 's inside box



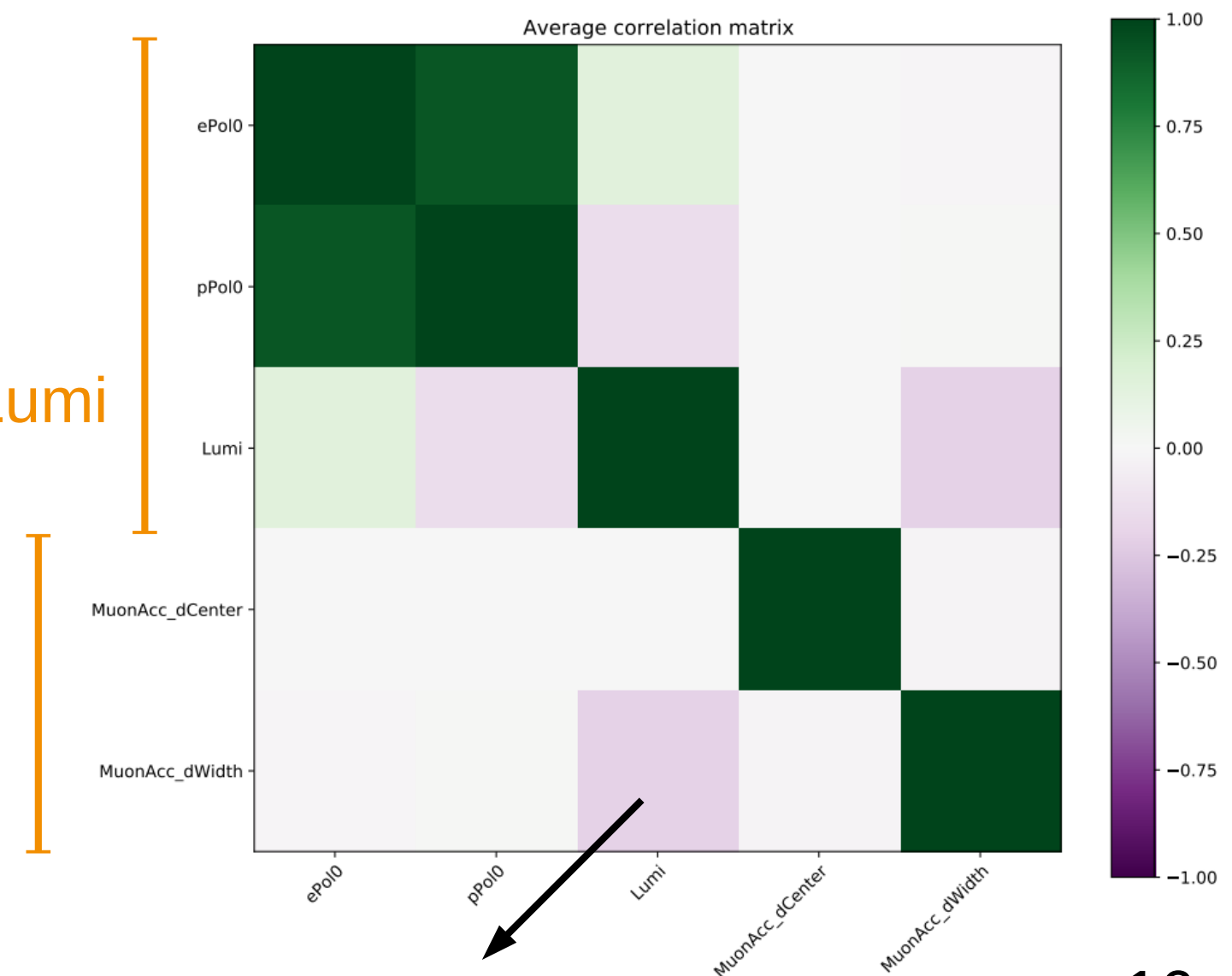
Fit parameters:  $\Delta c, \Delta w$

Example:  
 $2ab^{-1}$  unpolarised

Free parameters:

Polarisations & Lumi  
(w/ constraints)

$\mu$  acceptance parameters



DESY. accept. width & lumi anticorrelated

16

# CKM Matrix elements



# The Motivation

## Complementarity to B decays

- main motivation:
  - persistent  $3\sigma$ -level discrepancy in  $|V_{cb}|$  from B decays:
    - $|V_{cb}|$  from inclusive  $B$  decays  $(42.19 \pm 0.78) \times 10^{-3}$
    - $|V_{cb}|$  from exclusive  $B$ ,  $B_s$  and  $\Lambda_b$  decays  $(39.10 \pm 0.50) \times 10^{-3}$
  - difficult to solve in B decays due to inherent hadronic uncertainties — absent in (real) W decays!
  - LHC prospects:  $\sim 10\%$
  - Higgs Factories offer  $O(10^8)$  W bosons in clean  $e^+e^-$  environment, theory uncertainties estimated to be at the  $10^{-4}$  level
- but also all other CKM MEs!
- Naive number of event level of sensitivity (100%, no background):

$W^- \rightarrow$	$\bar{u}d$	$\bar{u}s$	$\bar{u}b$	$\bar{c}d$	$\bar{c}s$	$\bar{c}b$
BR	31.8%	1.7%	$4.5 \times 10^{-6}$	1.7%	31.7%	$5.9 \times 10^{-4}$
$N_{\text{ev}}$	$64 \times 10^6$	$3.4 \times 10^6$	900	$3.4 \times 10^6$	$63 \times 10^6$	$118 \times 10^3$
$\delta_{V_{ij}}^{\text{th}}$	0.0063 %	0.027 %	1.7 %	0.027 %	0.0063 %	0.15 %

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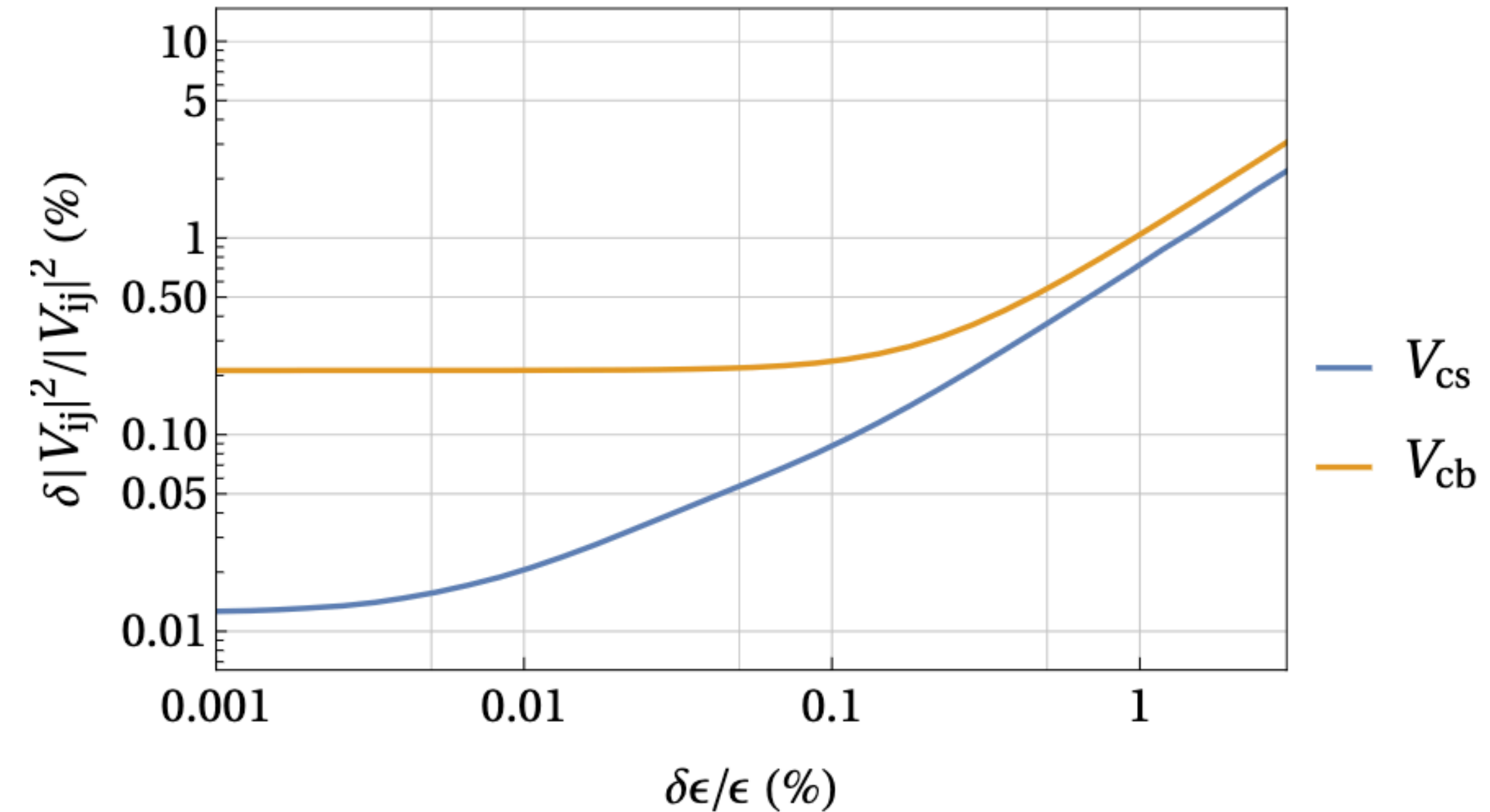
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**How close can we get  
in real-life?  
Implications for  
detector design?**

# State-of-the-Art

## Higgs Factory Projections

- M. Tamaro et al:
  - parametrised flavour tagging as developed for IDEA@FCCee
  - 2f (“QCD”) background only
  - dependence on syst. uncertainty on tagging efficiencies
- brand-new CEPC-240 study [arXiv:2406.01675](https://arxiv.org/abs/2406.01675)
  - ILD@CEPC in full simulation (MokkaPlus + Marlin)
  - 2f, 4f and Higgs backgrounds  
=> **considering only 2f is too optimistic...**
  - dominant systematics: tagging efficiency and background, assume conservative (~LEP) and optimistic (4-8 x better than LEP) scenario
  - extrapolation to ILC250 conditions

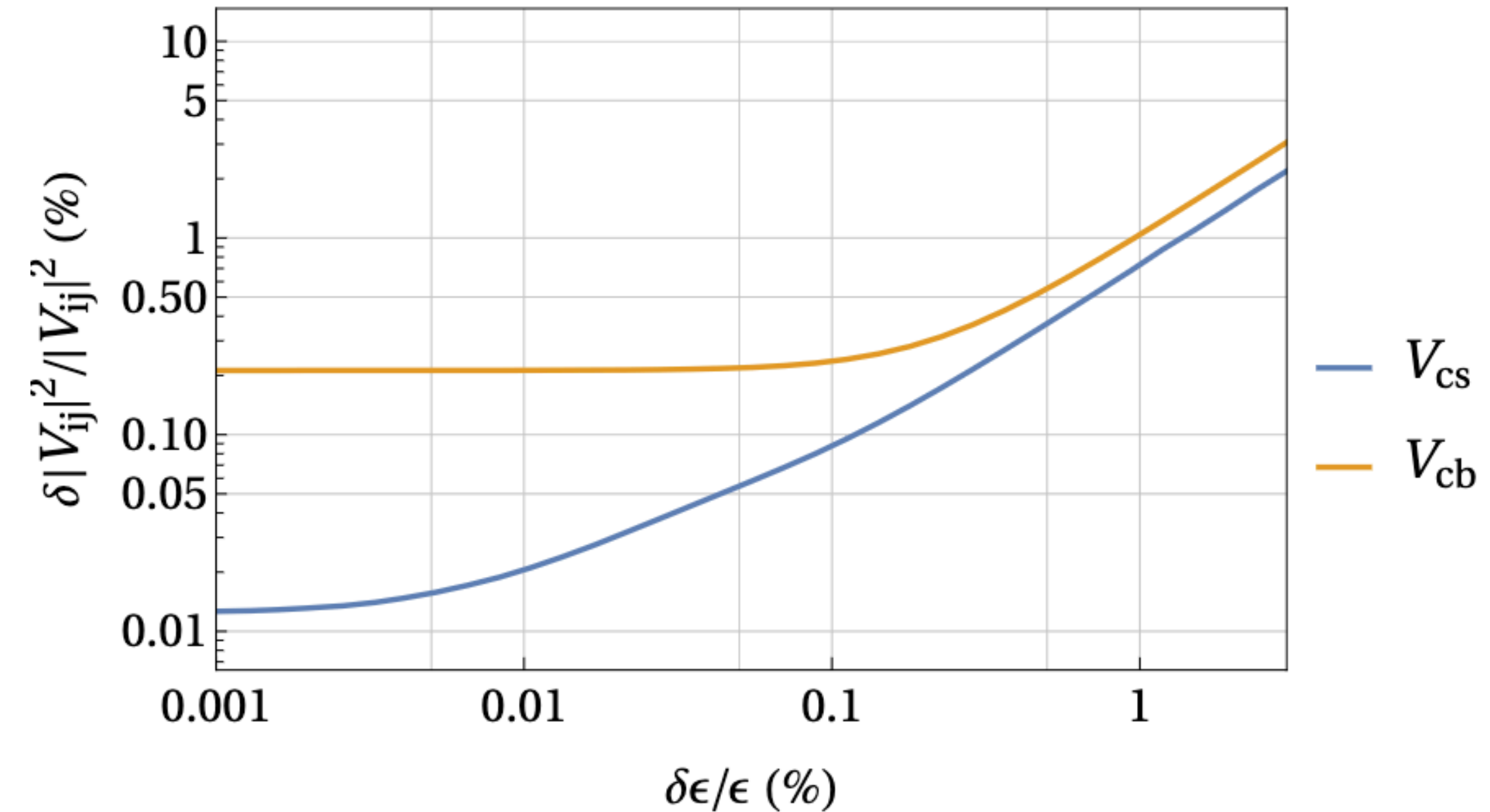


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Unpolarized, Baseline ( $5 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ )	0.72%	1.5%	0.20%
Unpolarized, Extended ( $20 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ )	0.36%	1.5%	0.20%
WW Threshold ( $5 \times 10^7 \text{ WW}$ )	0.95%	1.5%	0.20%
Unpolarized, Baseline + WW	0.58%	1.1%	0.15%
Unpolarized, Extended + WW	0.34%	1.1%	0.18%
Polarized, Baseline ( $0.5 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ )	1.5%	1.5%	0.20%
Polarized, Extended ( $2 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ )	0.75%	1.5%	0.20%

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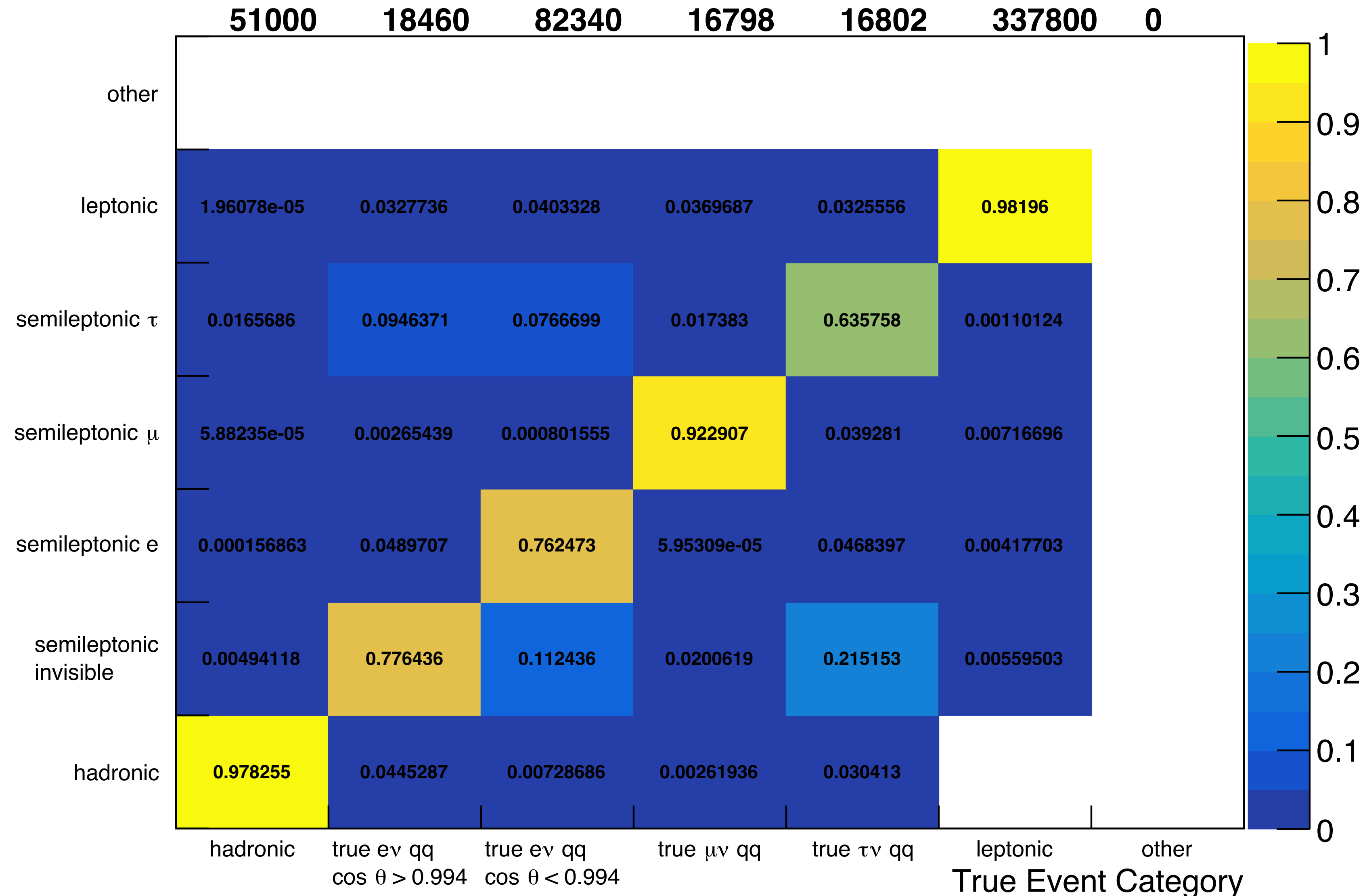
**Planned: Confirm with ILD@ILC, include single W, look at hadronic channel, add 500 GeV (~doubles #Ws)**

# Ongoing Work ILD/CLD

# WW / single W channel separation

Define uniquely & overlap free in order to allow easy combination afterwards

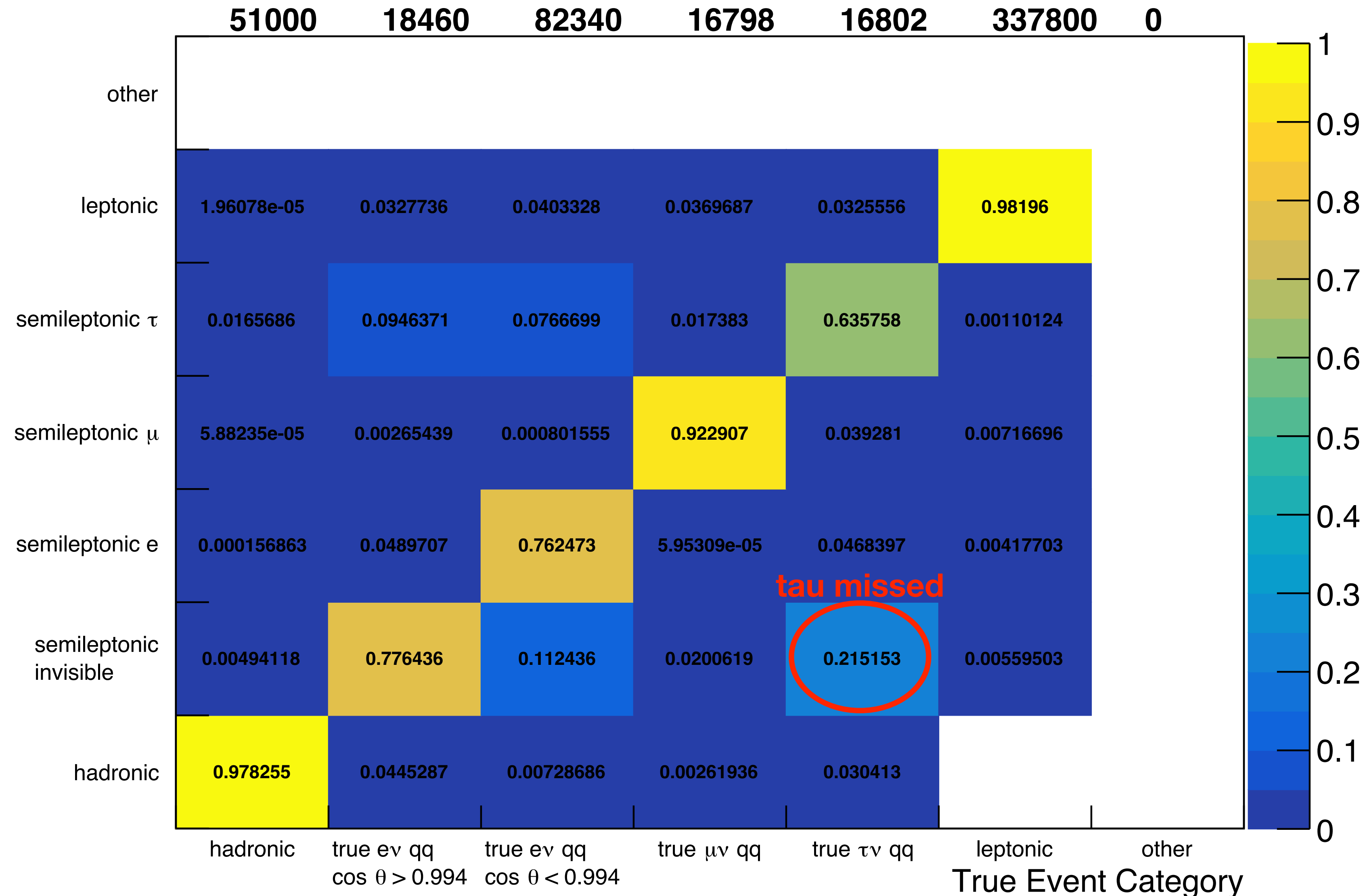
- based on MiniDST
- IsolatedLeptonTagging & TauFinder
- cut-based overlay rejection
- reshuffle events according to  $N_{\text{PFO}}$ ,  $p_{\text{tmiss}}$ ,  $M_{\text{miss}}$
- forward acceptance important for  $e\nu qq$  due to single-W
- $qqqq$ ,  $\mu\nu qq$  => ready for analysis
- $e\nu qq$ ,  $\tau\nu qq$  would profit from reconstruction improvements



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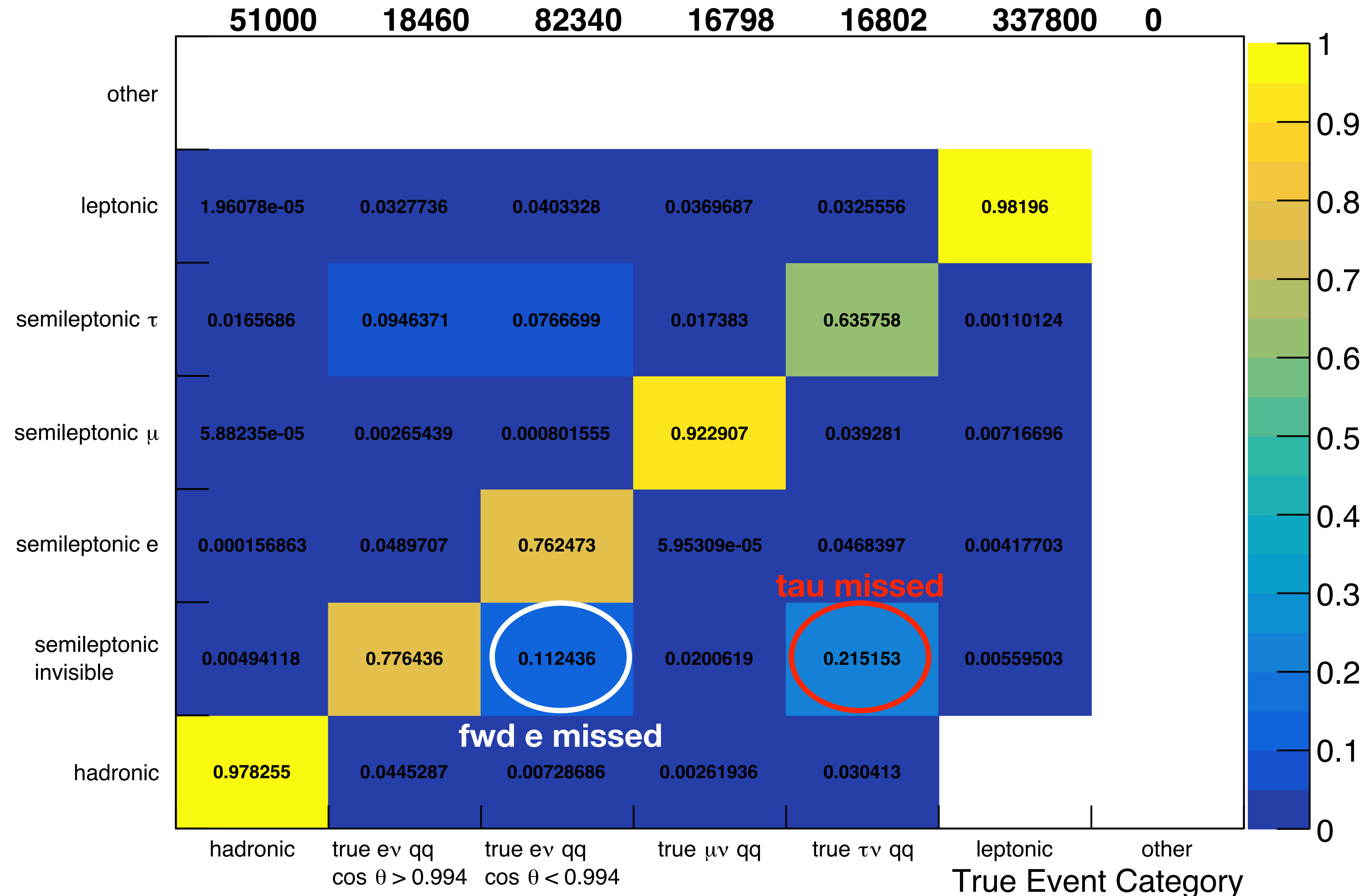
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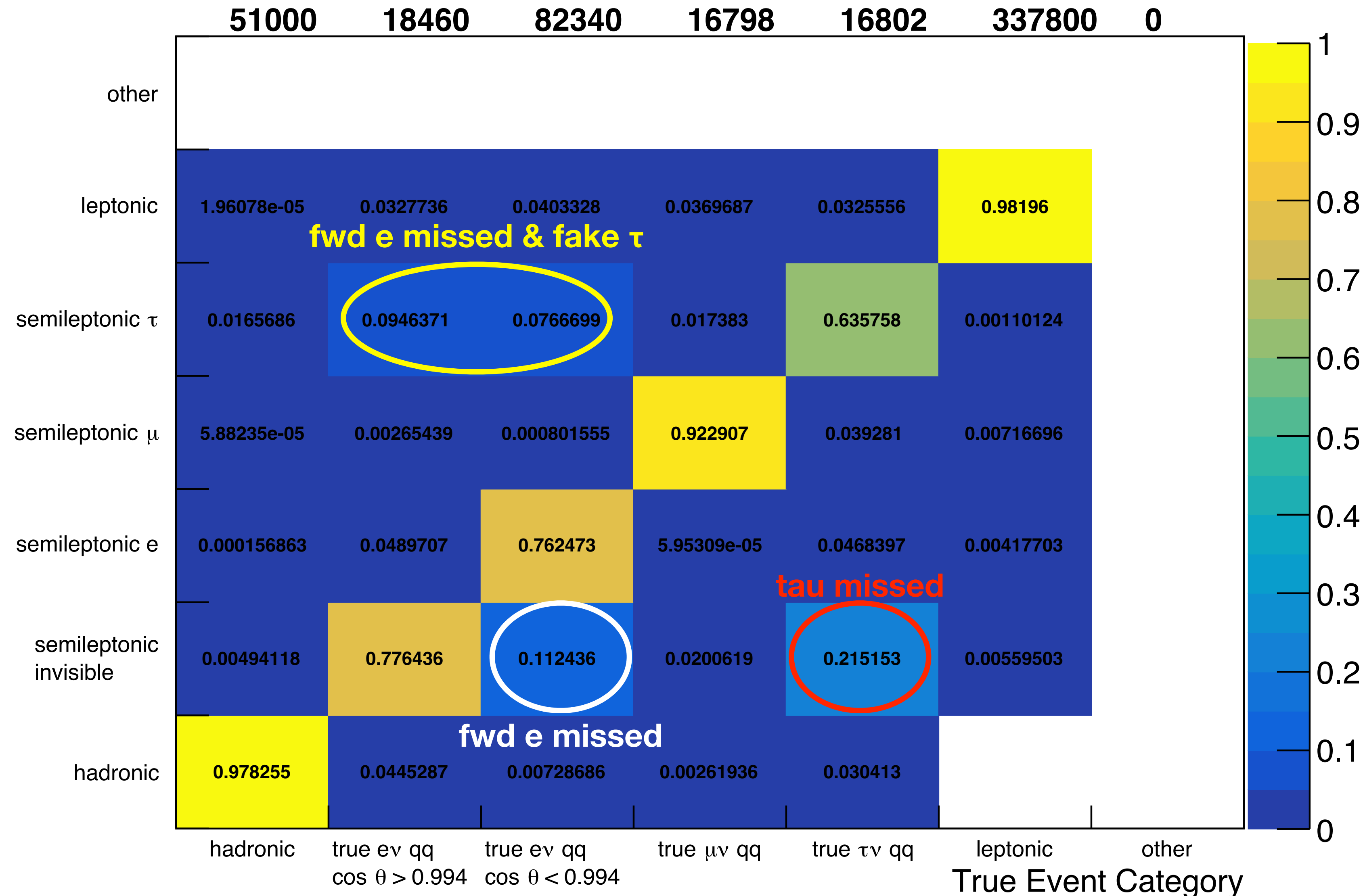




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- forward acceptance important for  $e\nu qq$  due to single-W
- $qqqq$ ,  $\mu\nu qq$  => ready for analysis
- $e\nu qq$ ,  $\tau\nu qq$  would profit from reconstruction improvements

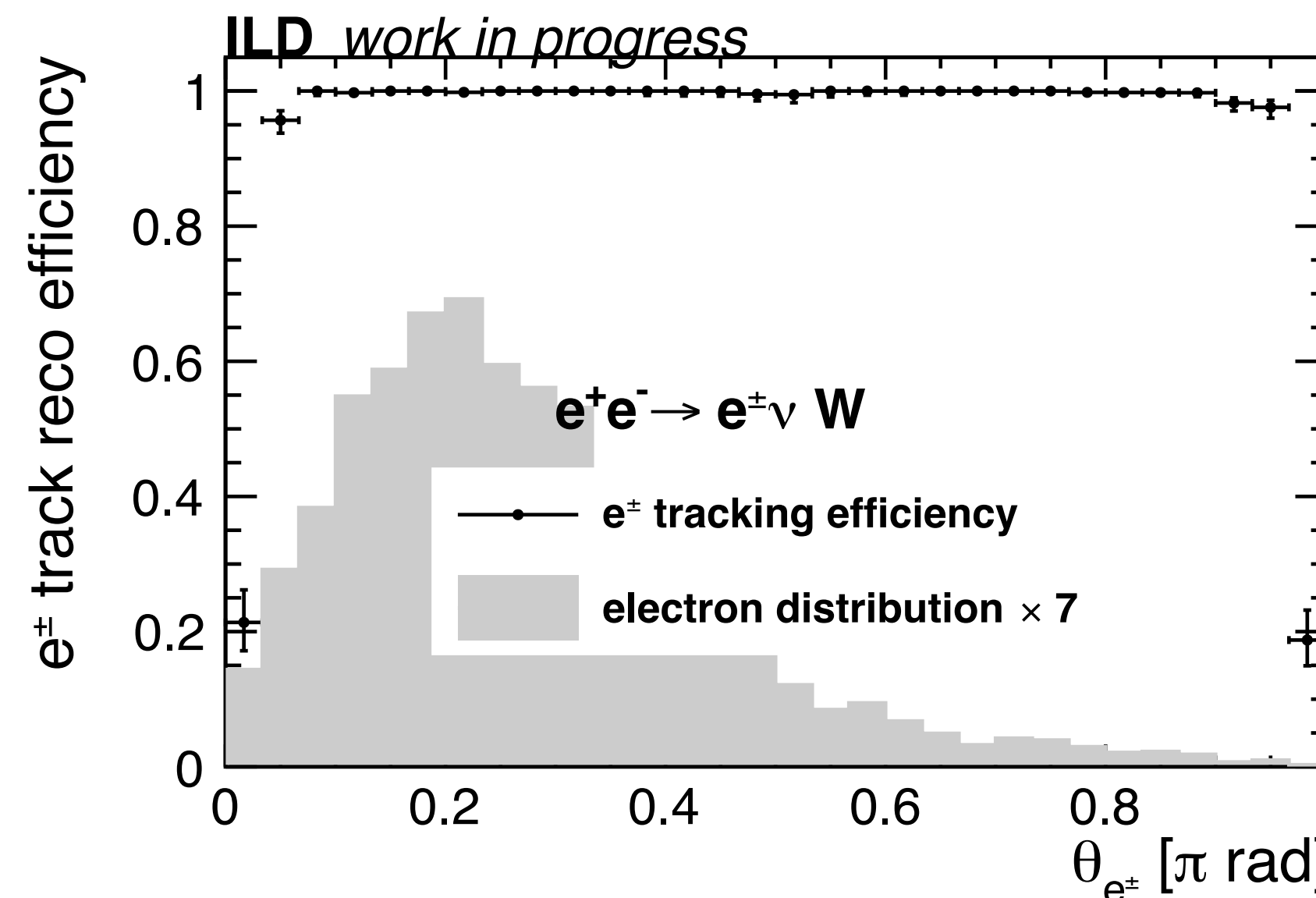
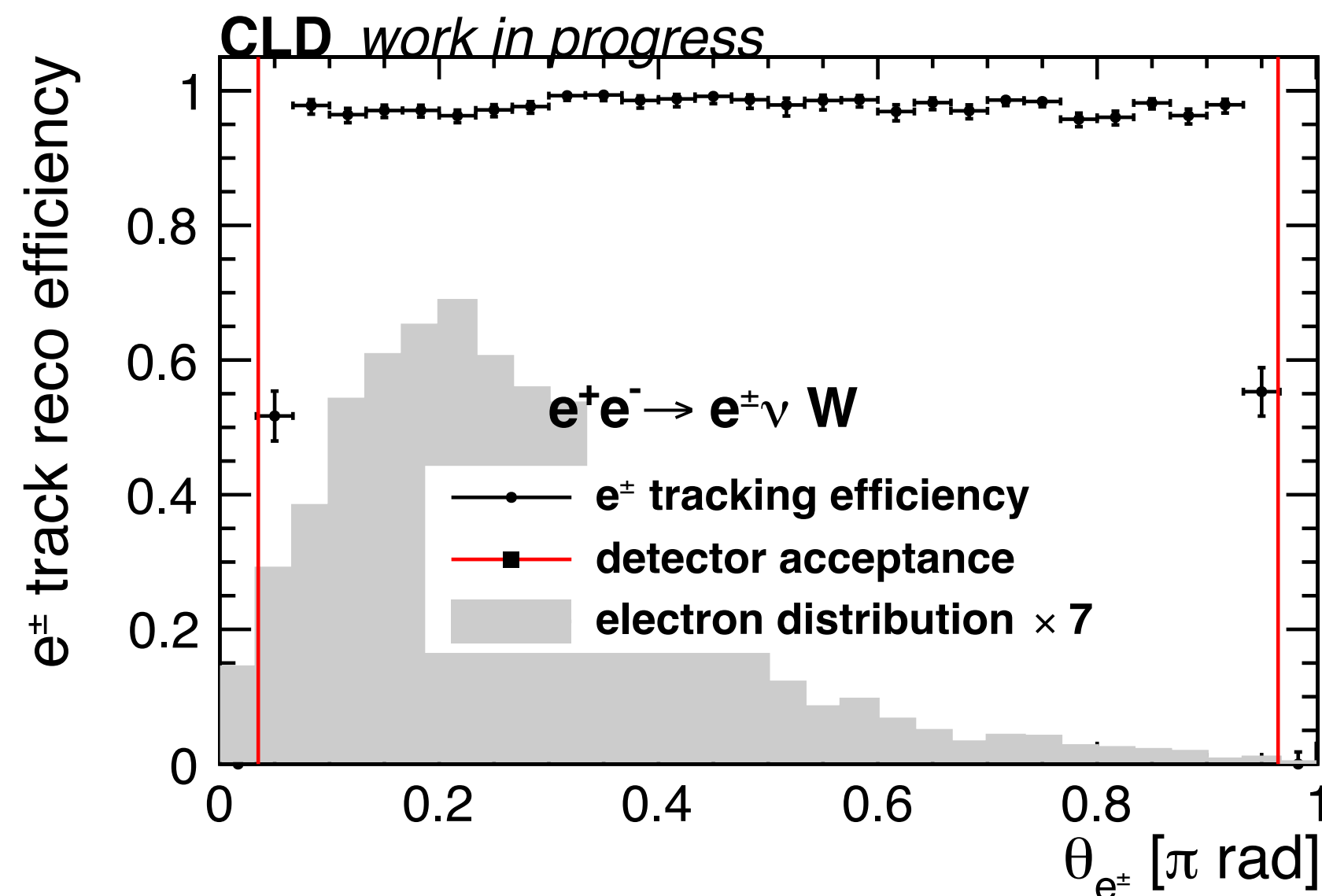
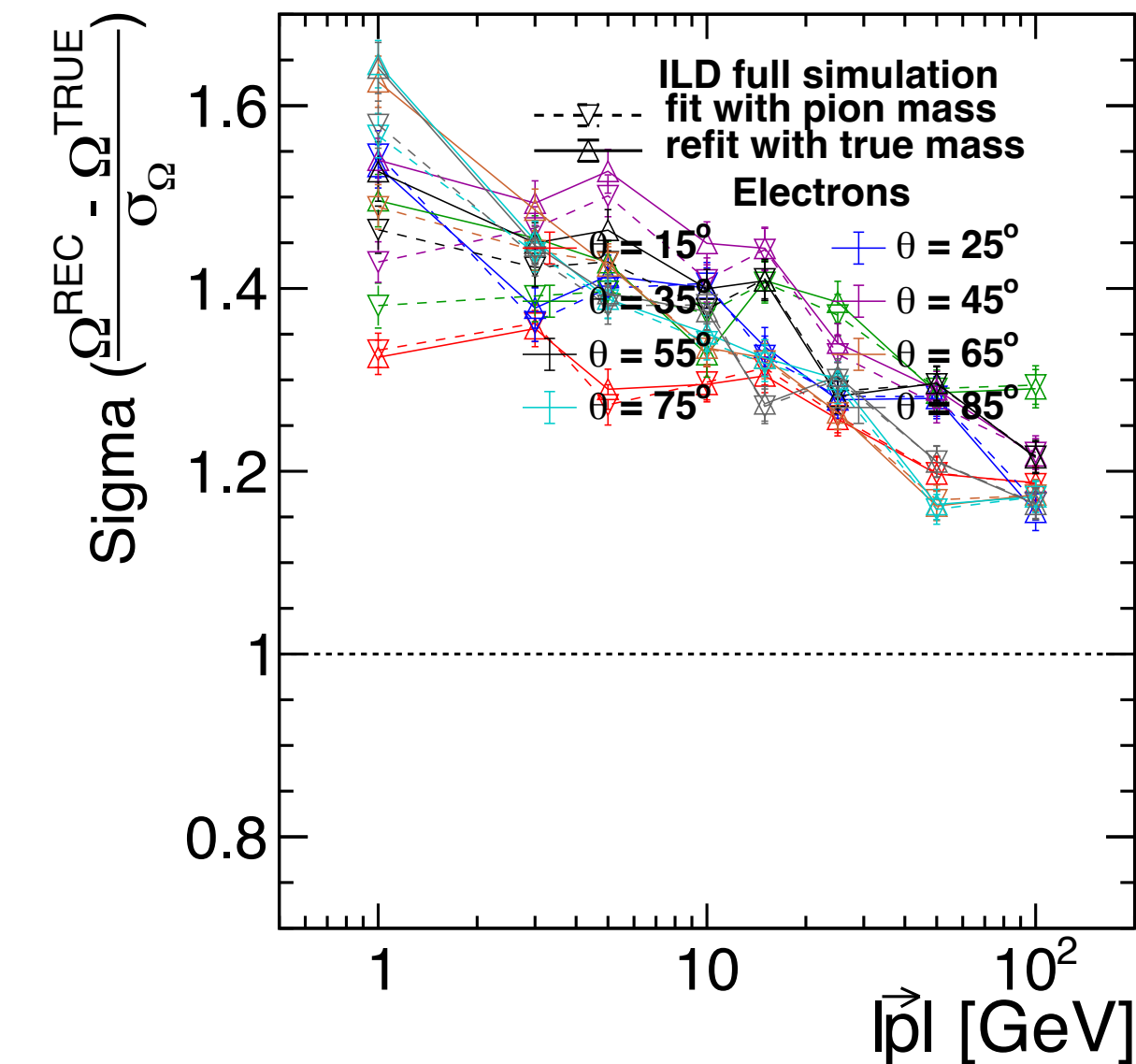
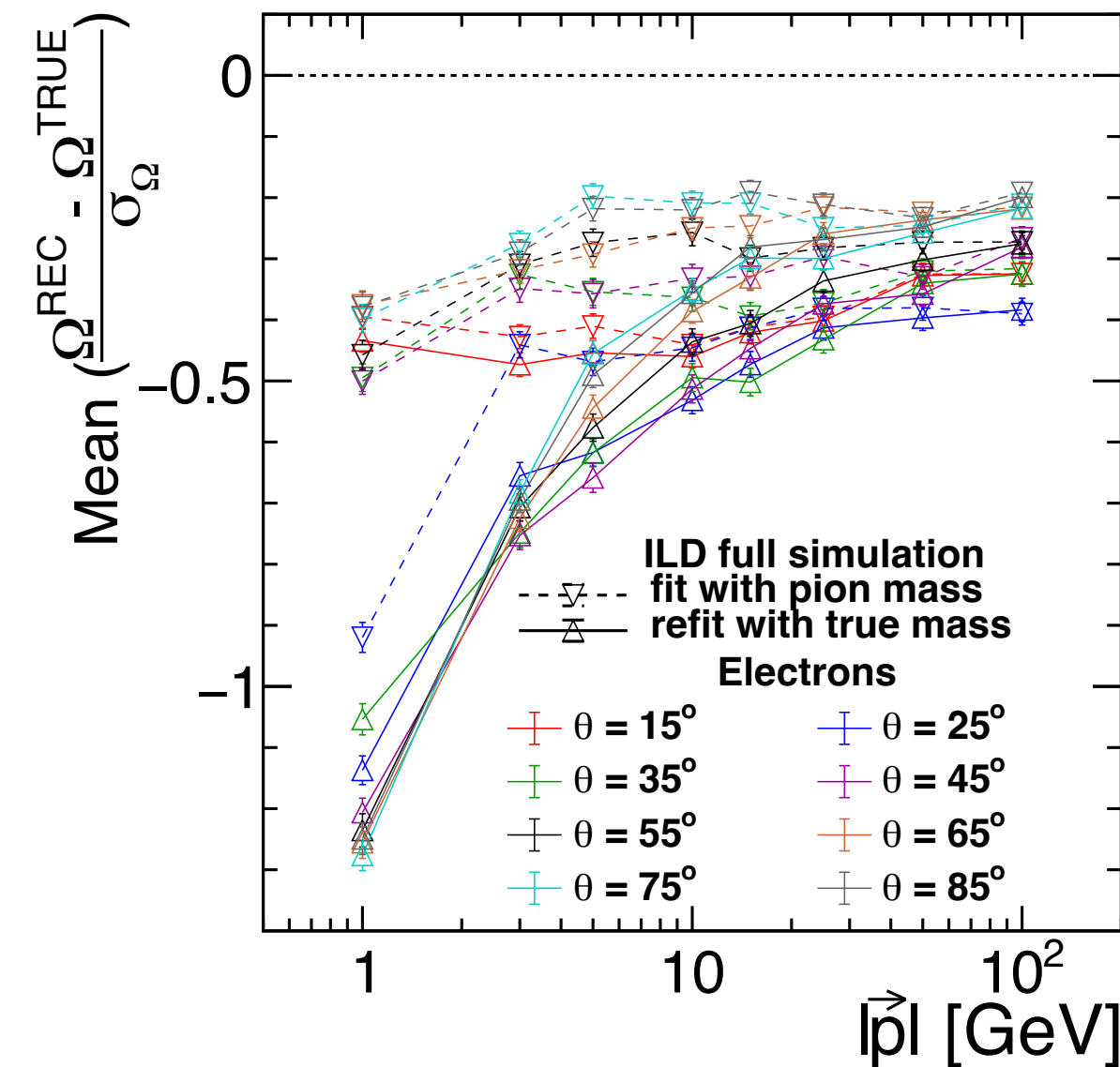


# Single W: forward tracking for electrons

Y.Radkhorrami

## Double challenge due to forward and bremsstrahlung

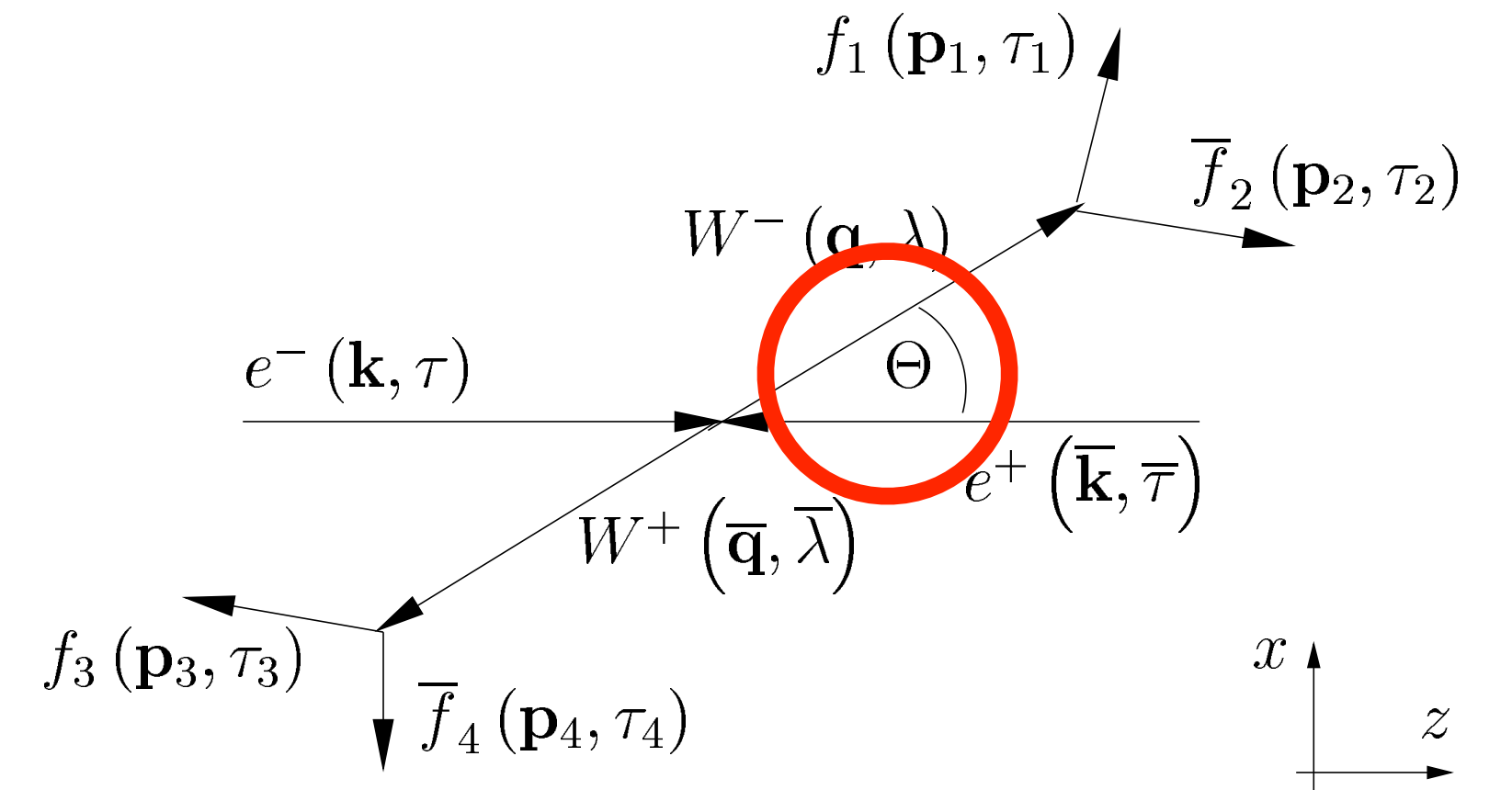
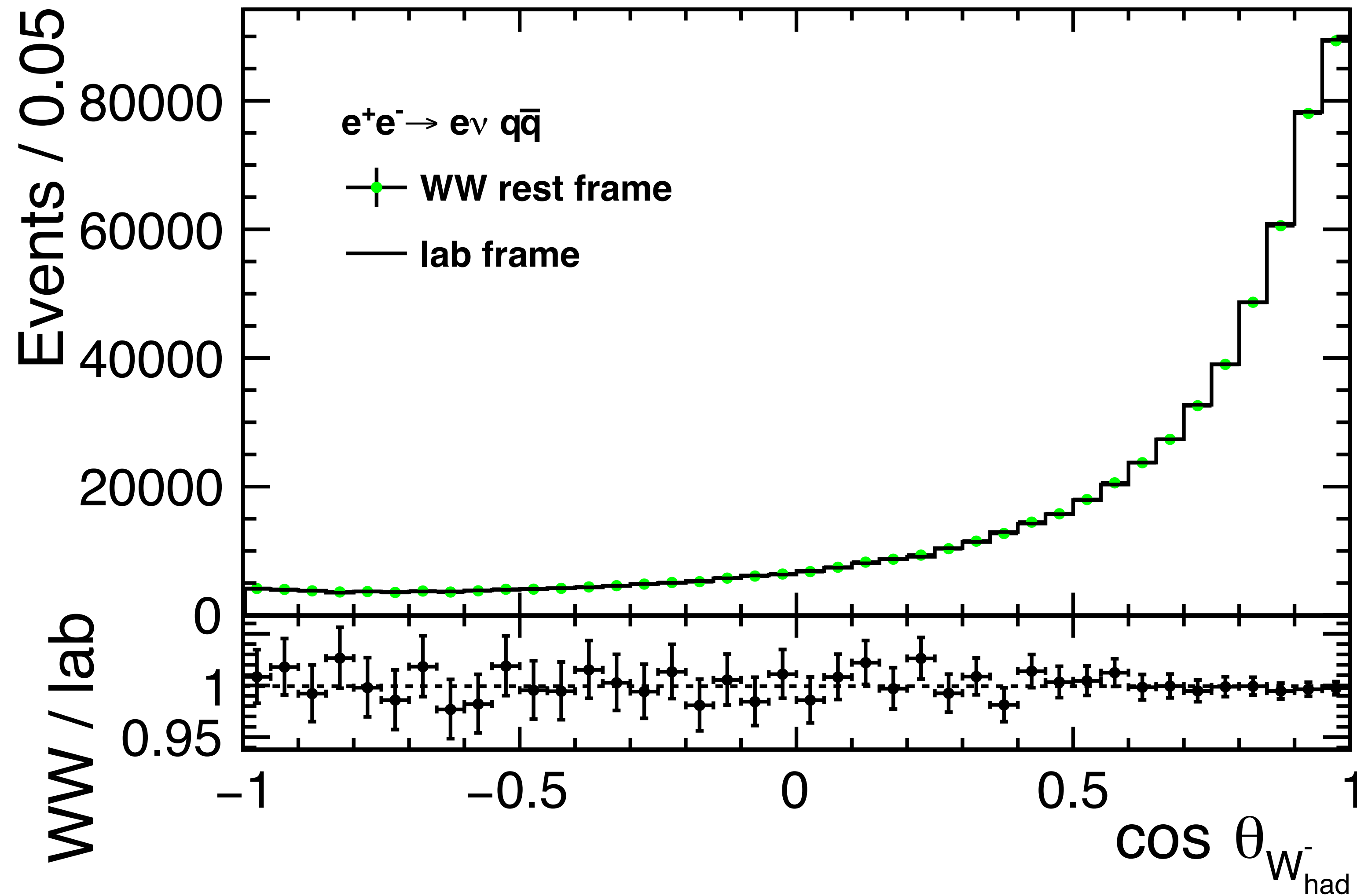
- electron reconstruction and its systematic uncertainties crucial for singleW analysis
- central values and pulls of track parameters biased
- no improvement when using correct mass in track fit
- large bremsstrahlung => Gaussian Sum Filter?
- goal: use ACTS in key4hep, do this for all Higgs Factory concepts providing full detector simulation



**intermediate success:  
run same performance  
evaluation in key4hep on  
CLD and ILD data**

# WW: production angle

verifying effects of ISR on generator level

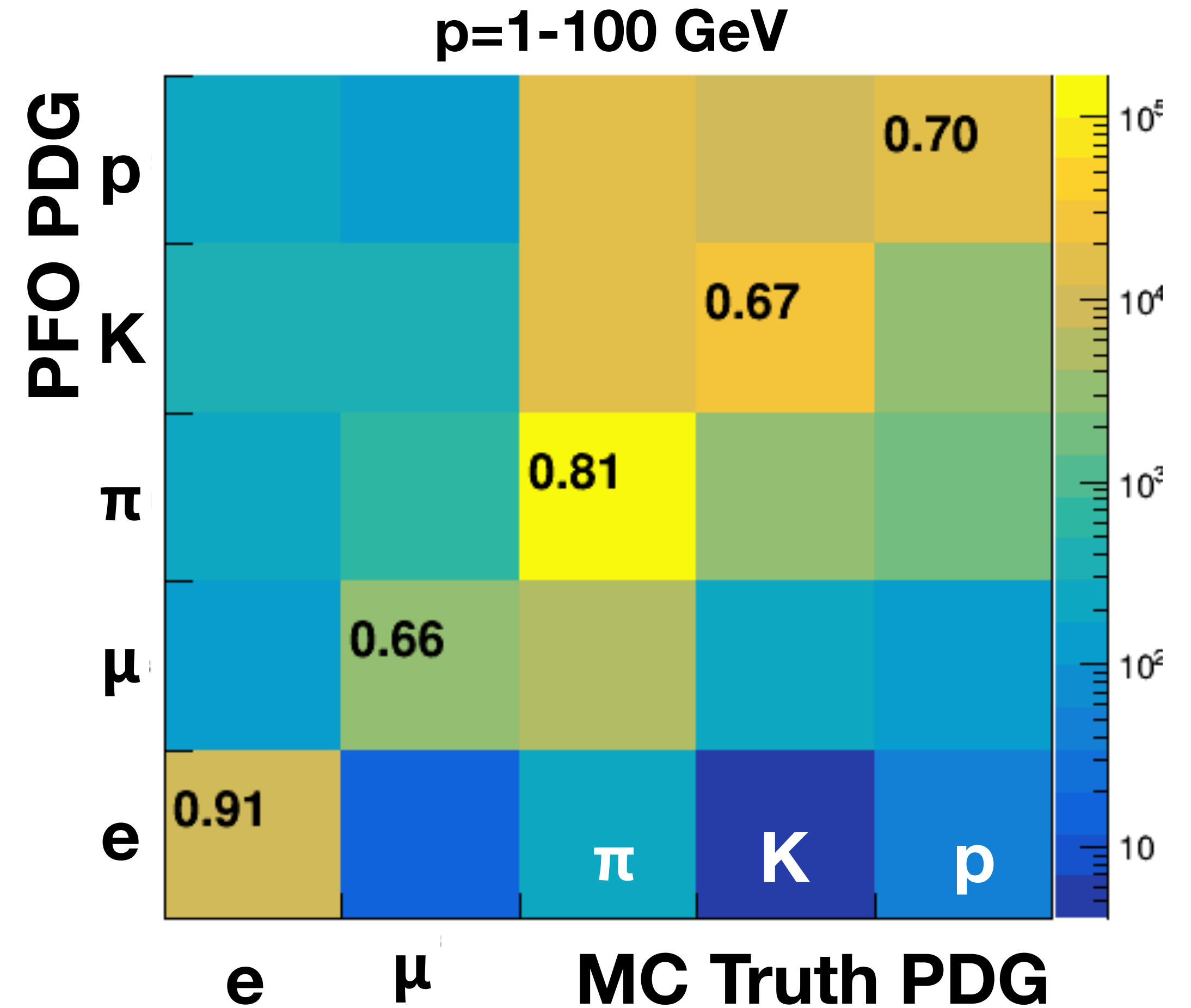
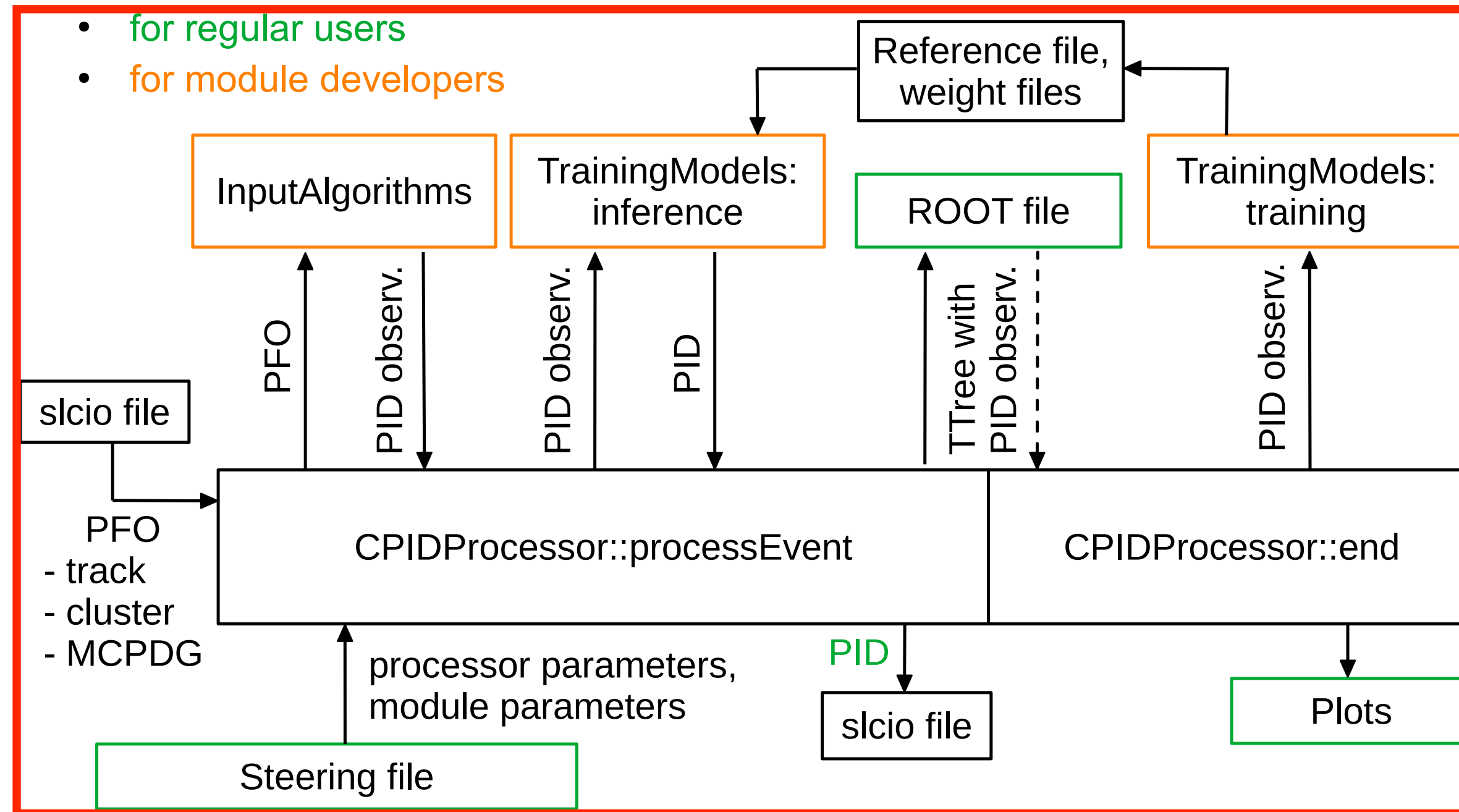


at 250 GeV, rather small  
ISR effects

decay angles & reco-level  
= work in progress

# Particle ID for FlavourTag

towards CKM matrix elements



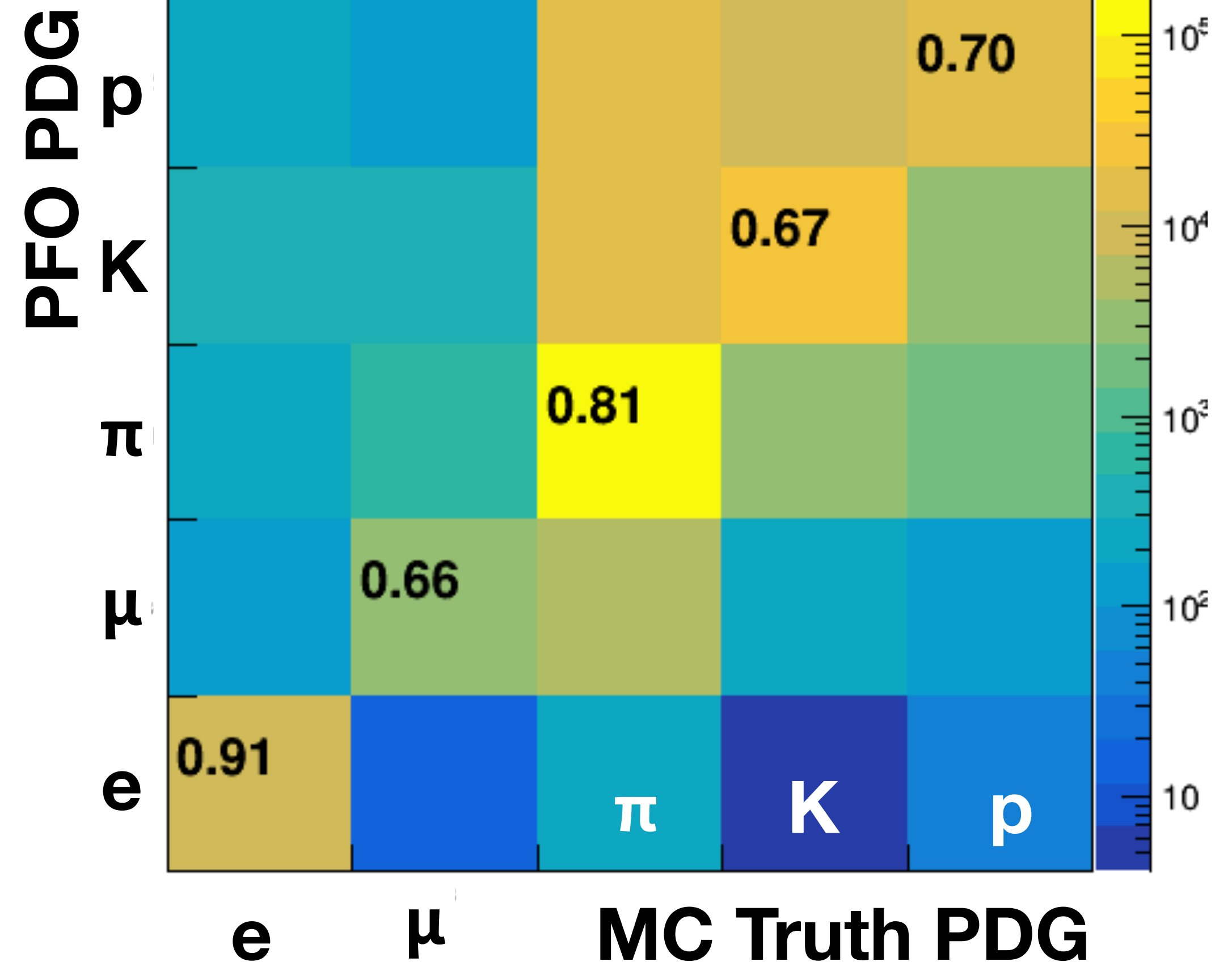
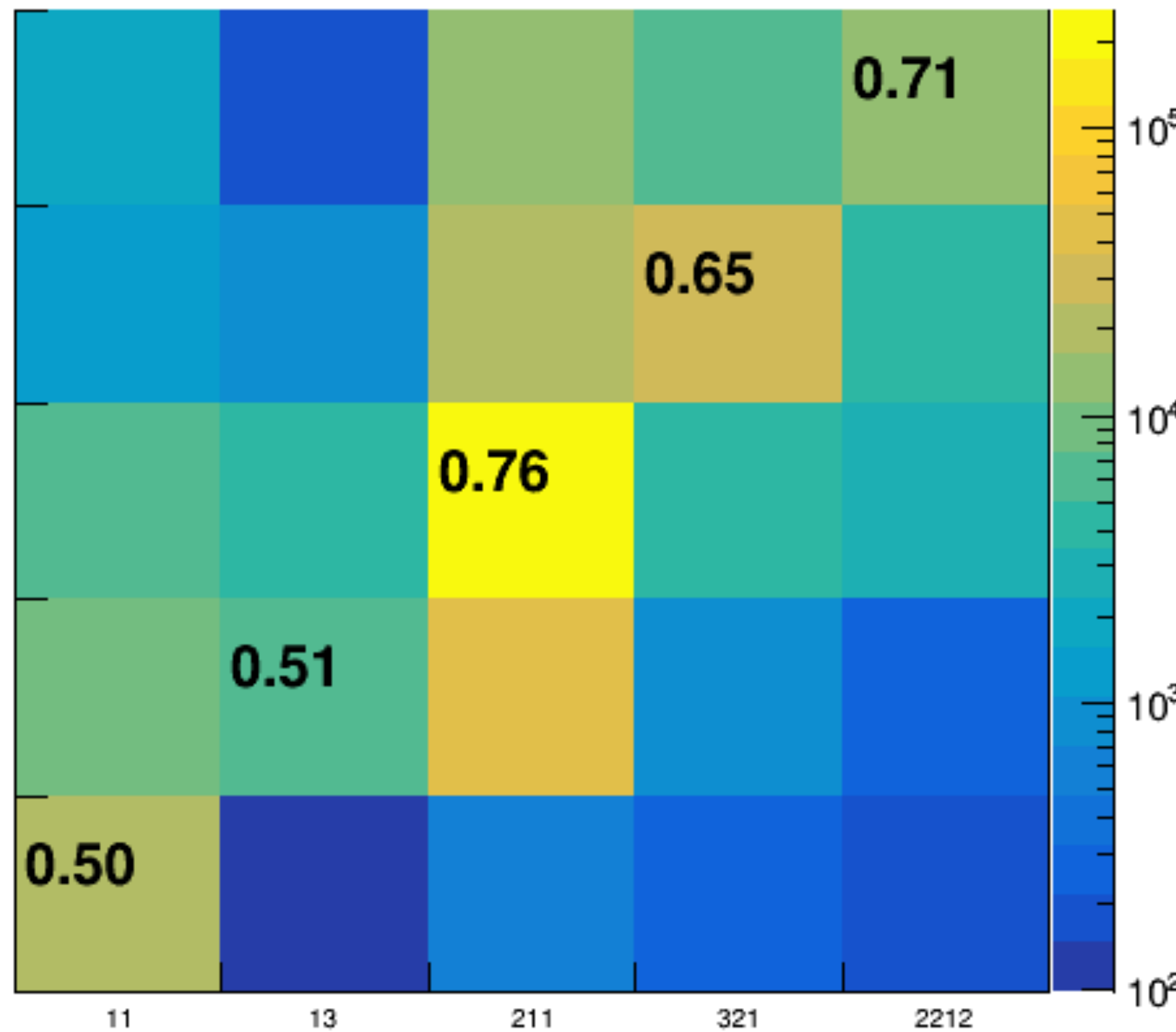
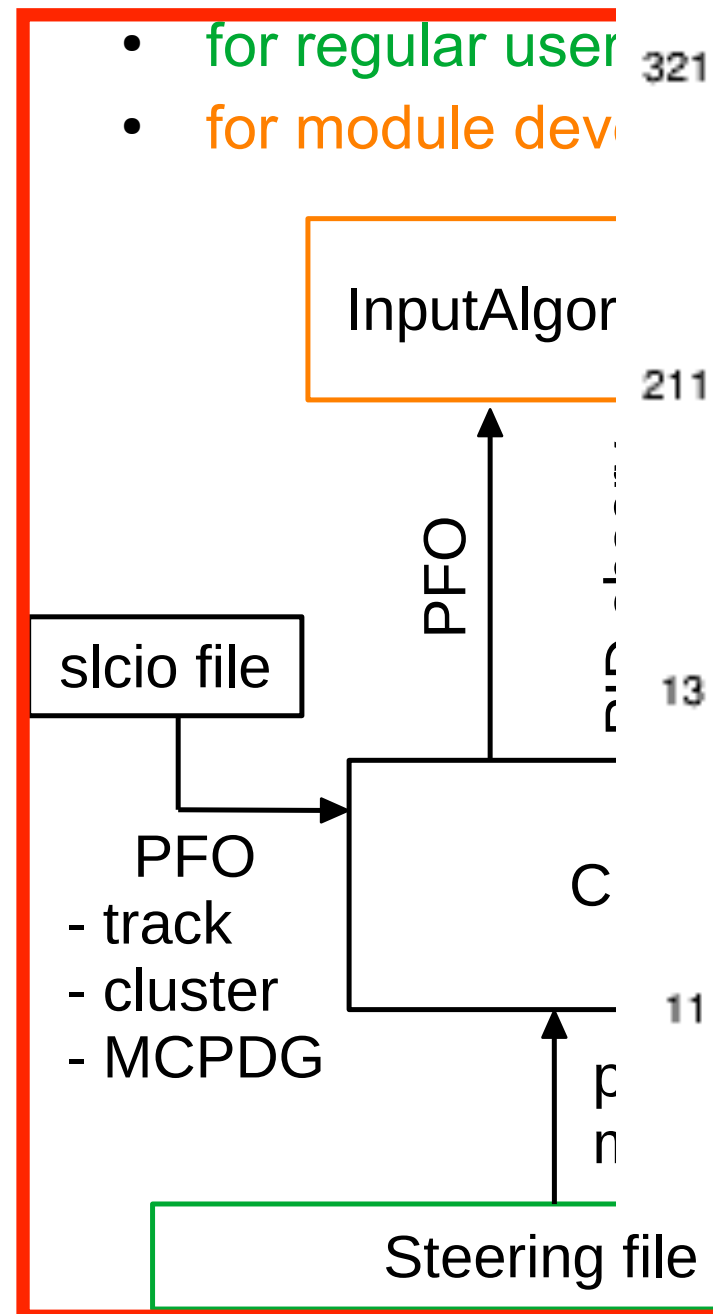
- recent addition to MarlinReco: Comprehensive PID (CPID)
- new: trainings for single particles,  $ee \rightarrow qq$  and  $ee \rightarrow qqqq$
- use as input for ML flavourtag

# Particle I

towards CKM

$p=0.1-100$  GeV

$p=1-100$  GeV



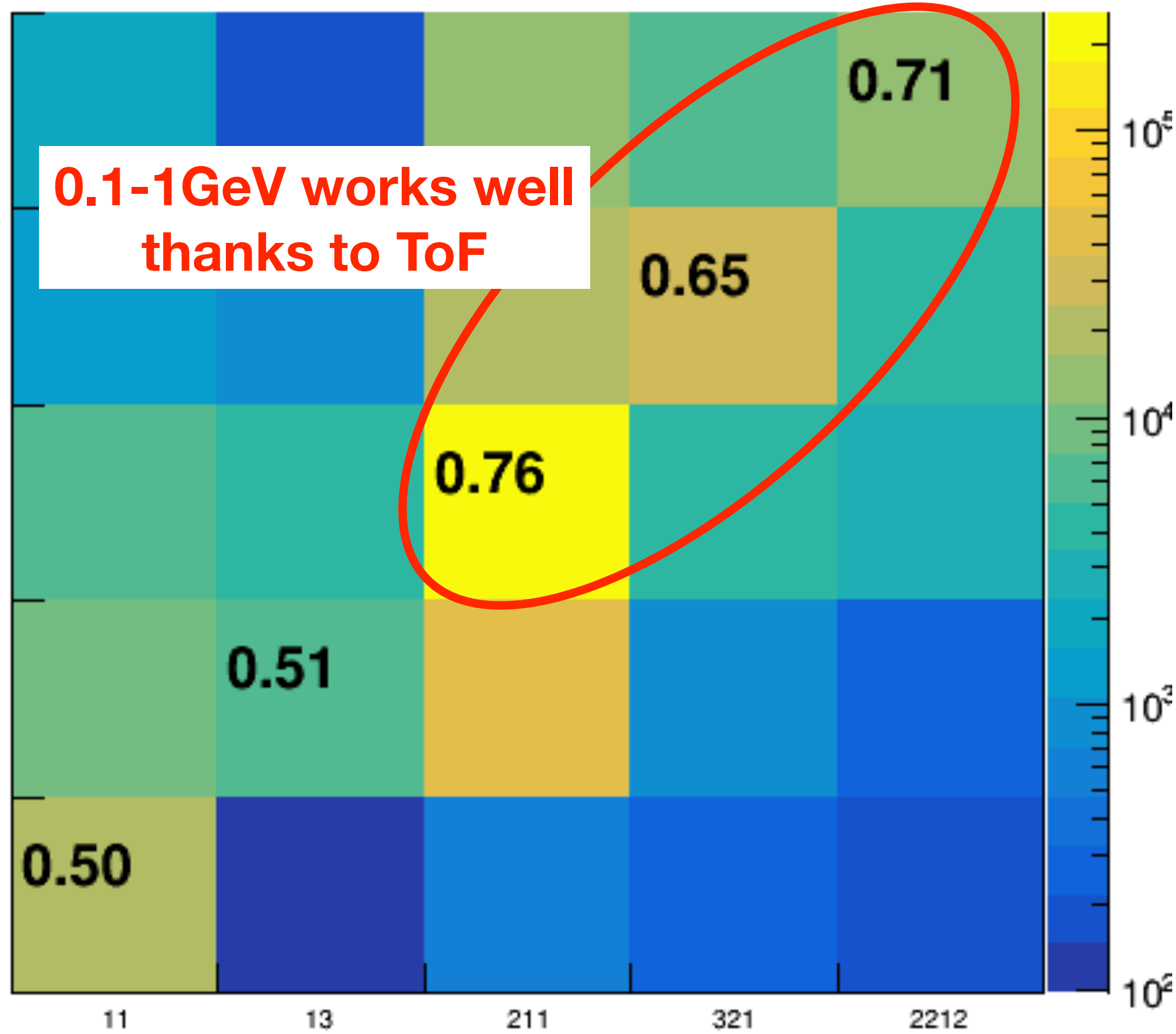
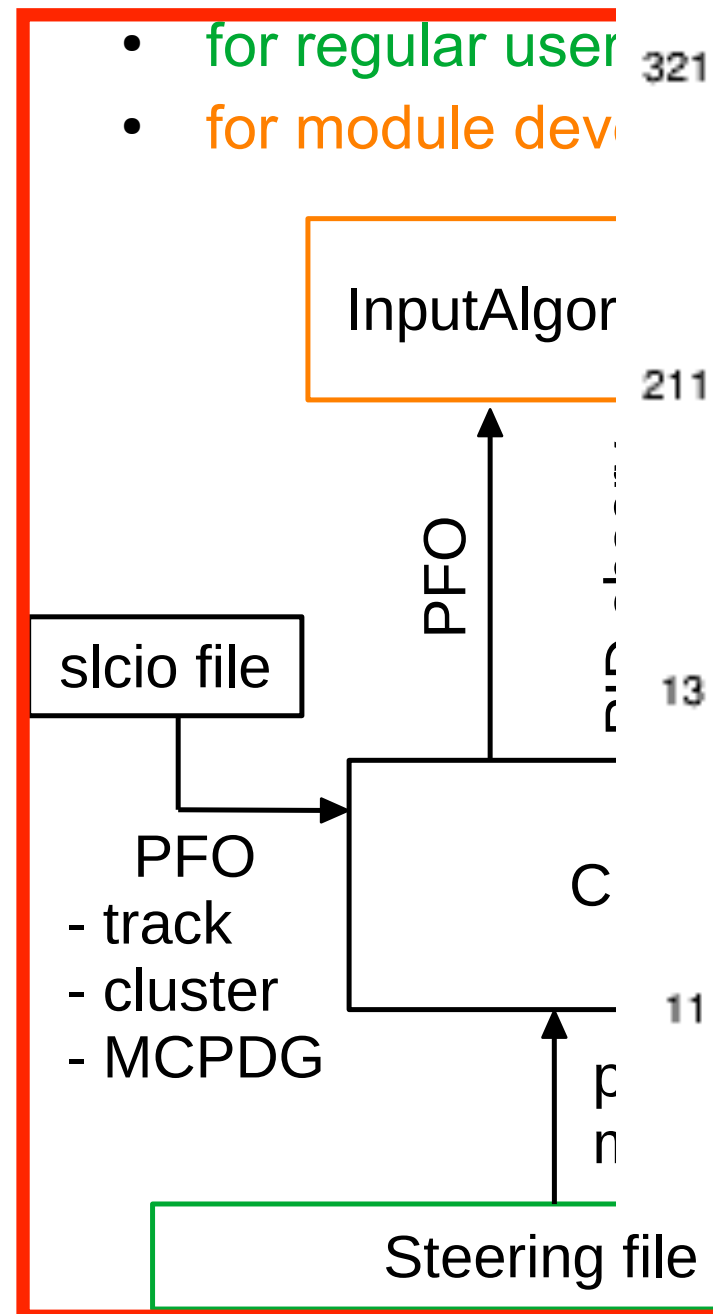
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# Particle I

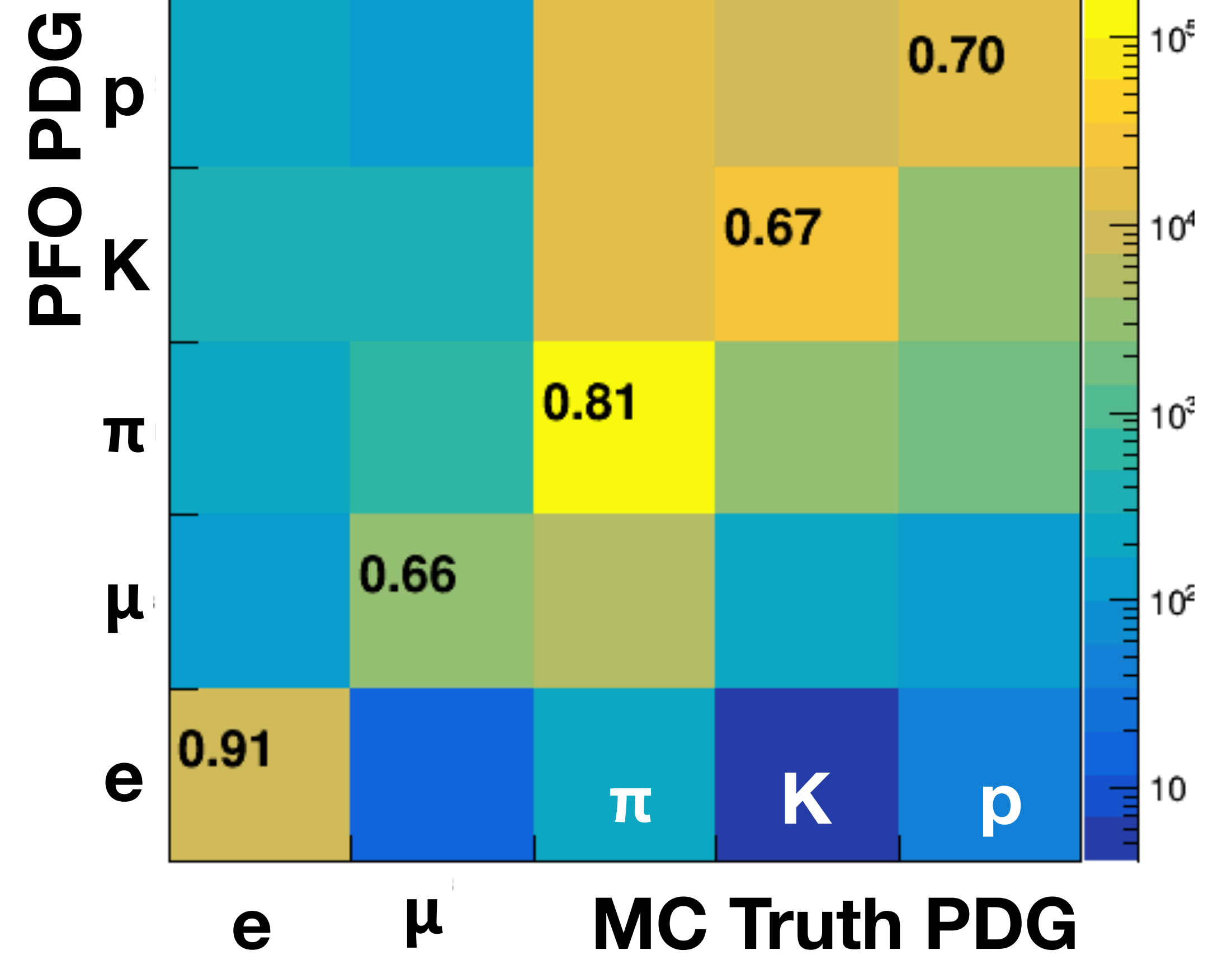
towards CKM

$p=0.1-100$  GeV

$p=1-100$  GeV



0.1-1GeV works well thanks to ToF



- recent addition to MarlinReco: Comprehensive PID (CPID)
- new: trainings for single particles,  $ee \rightarrow qq$  and  $ee \rightarrow qqqq$
- use as input for ML flavourtag

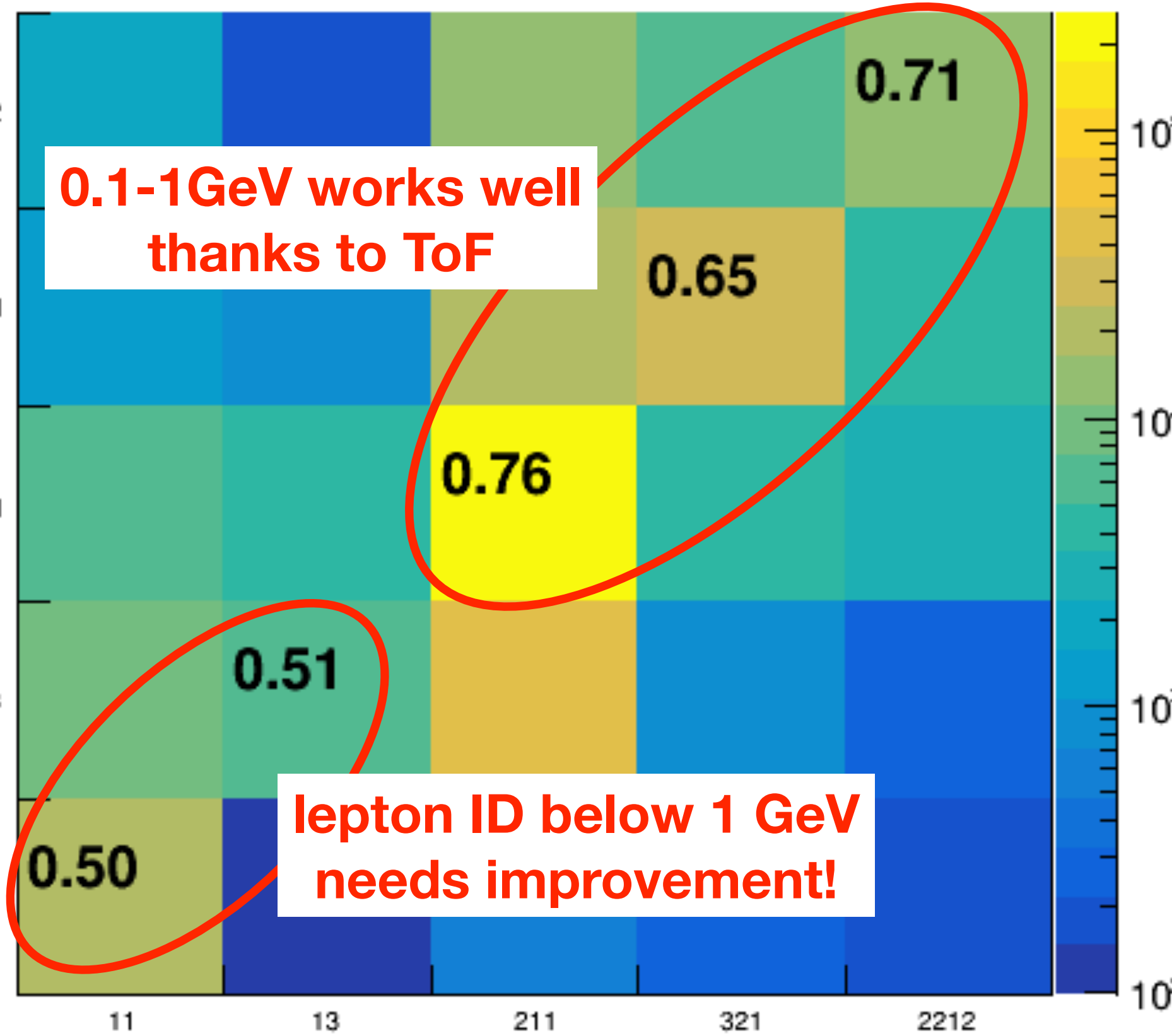
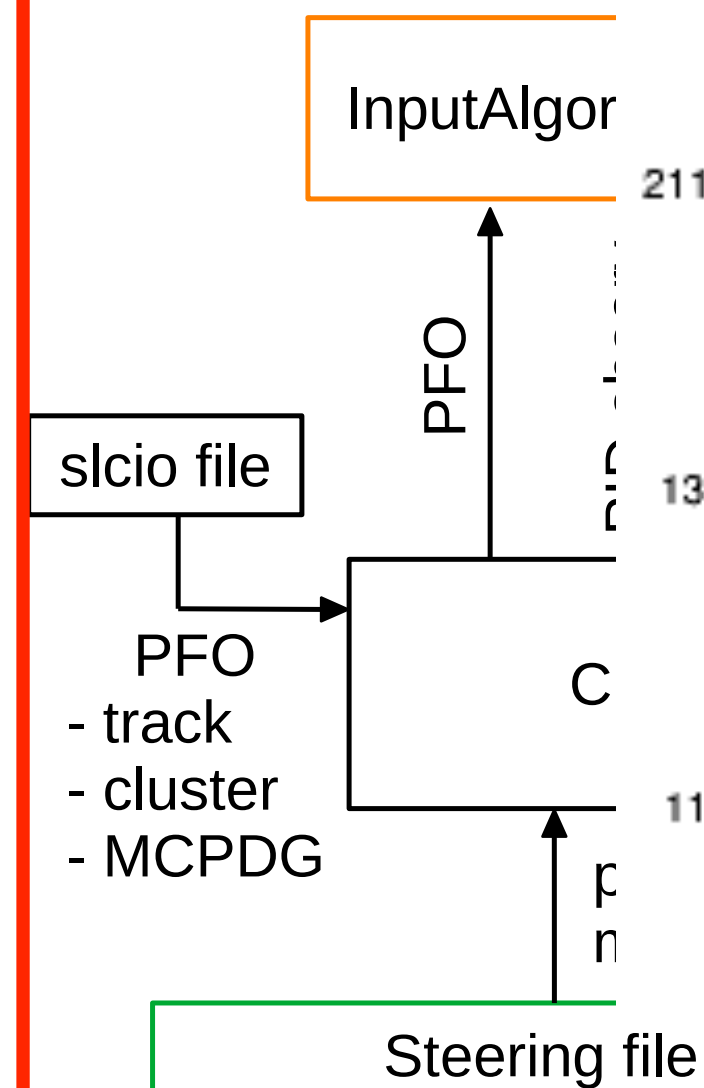
# Particle I

towards CKM

$p=0.1-100$  GeV

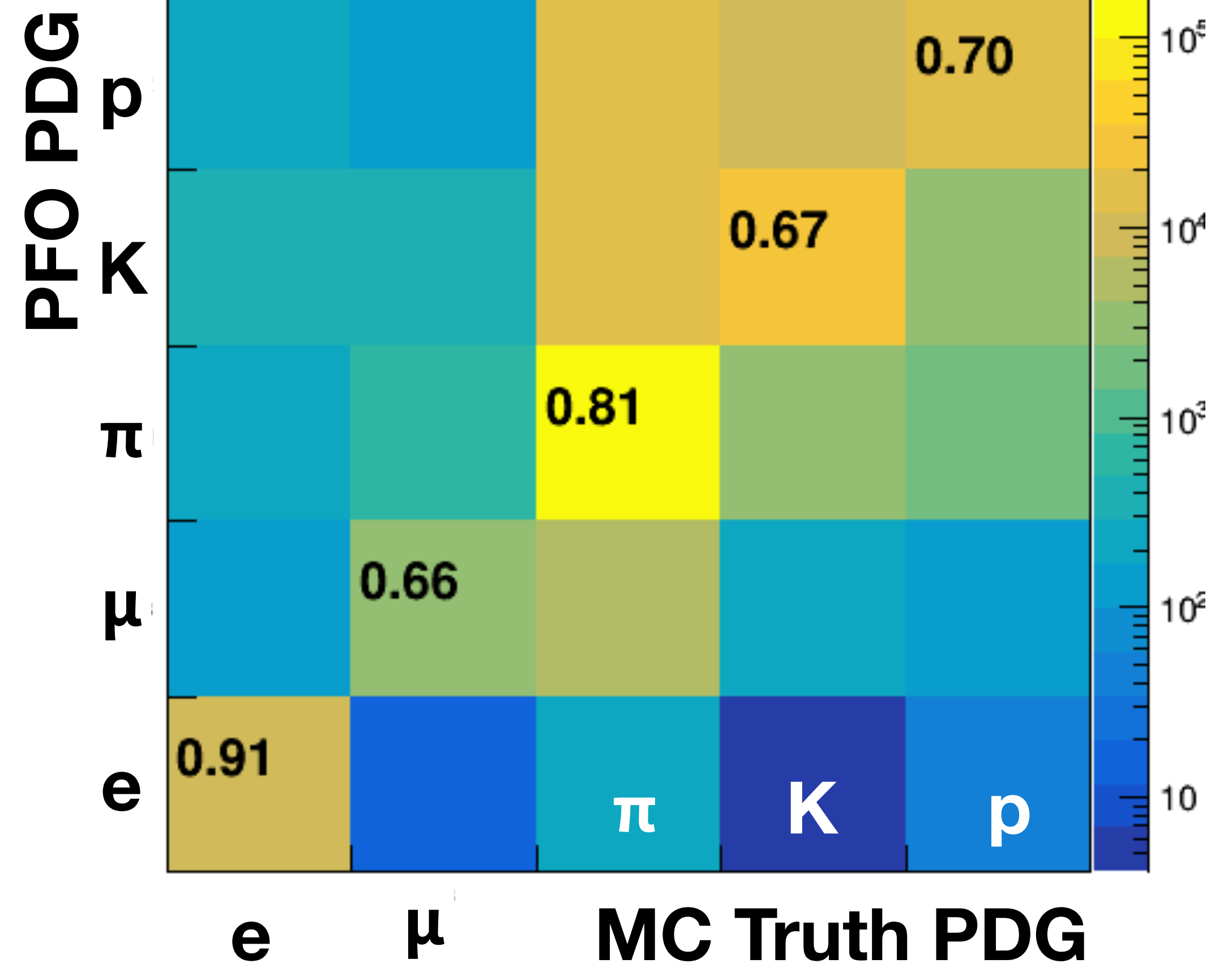
$p=1-100$  GeV

- for regular user
- for module dev



0.1-1GeV works well thanks to ToF

lepton ID below 1 GeV needs improvement!

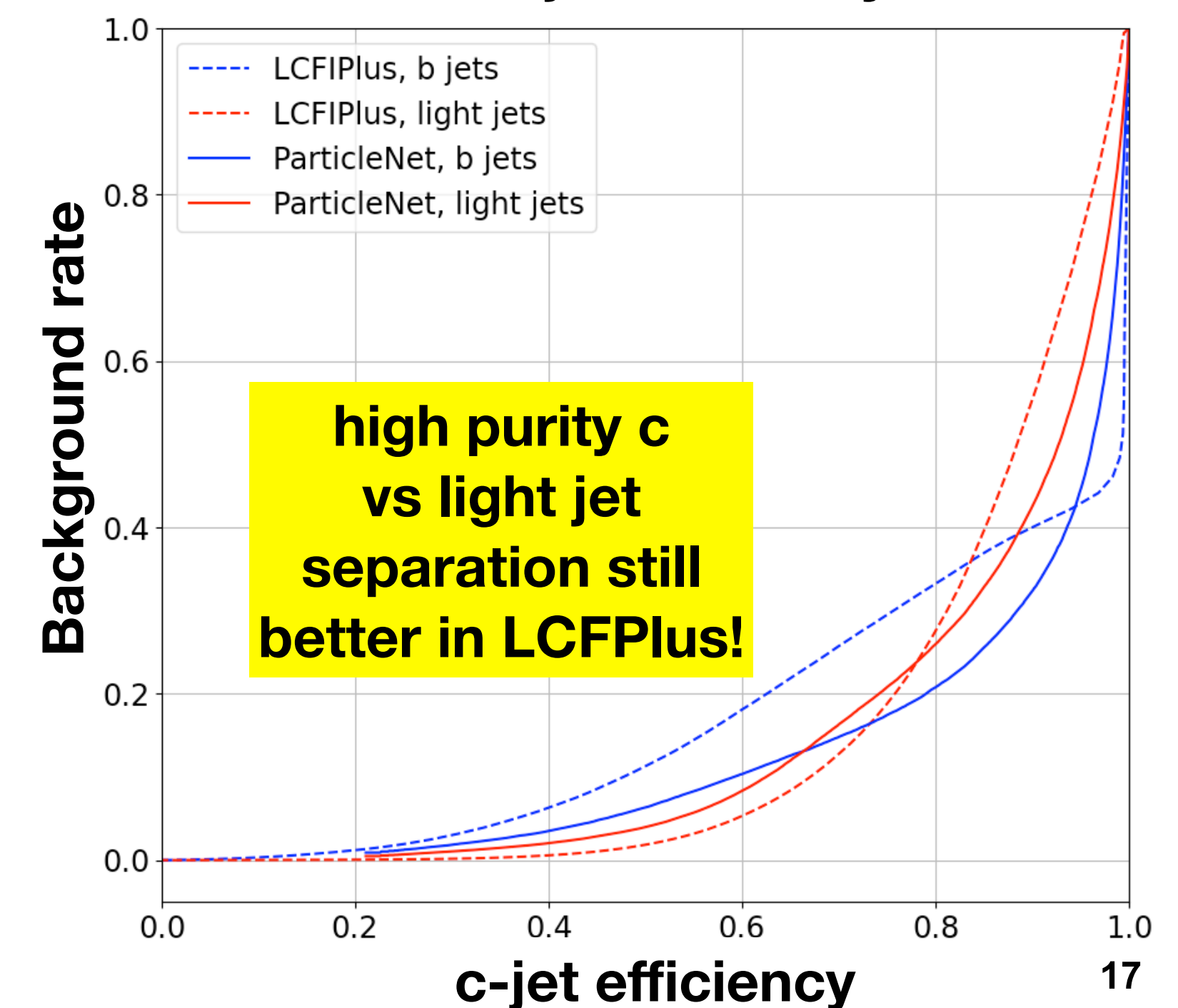
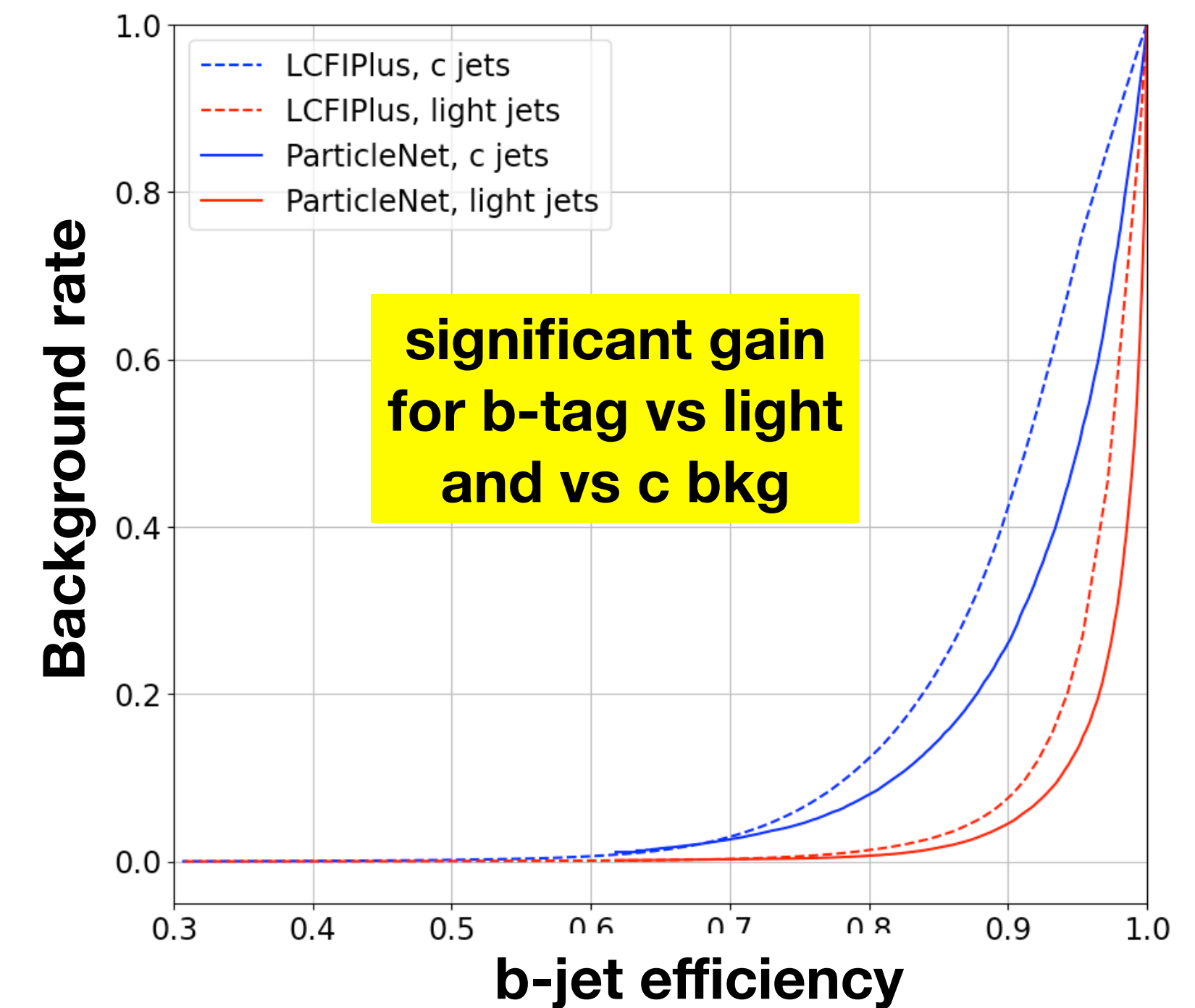


- recent addition to MarlinReco: Comprehensive PID (CPID)
- new: trainings for single particles,  $ee \rightarrow qq$  and  $ee \rightarrow qqqq$
- use as input for ML flavourtag

# FlavourTag beyond LCFIPlus

towards CKM matrix elements

- Flavour Tagging being revolutionized by ML
  - Example here: **FlavorTaggingML** — ParticleNet adapted to ILD (M. Meyer / F. Gaede)
  - many others (M. Selvaggi, T. Suehara, M. Ruan...) even better, e.g. Transformer based
- **Application in physics analysis requires more than a nice ROC curve => need inference from Marlin / Gaudi!**
- for **FlavorTaggingML** training and inference now available from Marlin, via **MarlinMLFlavorTagging**
- **brand-new: integration of inference into ILD-MiniDST**
- **upcoming: new training including full CPID and s-tagging**





# Conclusions

## and Outlook

- W's are an integral part of the physics program of future e+e- colliders
- most W physics is above threshold
- **several new results / analyses contributing to ECFA Higgs Factory study**
- TGCs
  - great place to look for new physics
  - beam polarisation and high energy boost sensitivity
  - **how to best interface full experimental studies with global interpretations?**
  - **extension to more general WWV vertex (incl. CPV etc)?**
- CKM MEs
  - complementary to B-decays, independent theory uncertainties
  - competitive measurements possible for Vcb and others
  - great impact from new ML-based flavour taggers
  - likely limited by experimental systematics (tagging efficiencies, background,...)
- **ongoing ILD/CLD:**
  - inclusion of single-W processes => improvement of forward electron reconstruction
  - coherent approach to include all WW / single-W channels
  - application of new PID and flavour tagging tools

