

International Development Team

IDT WG2 Activities

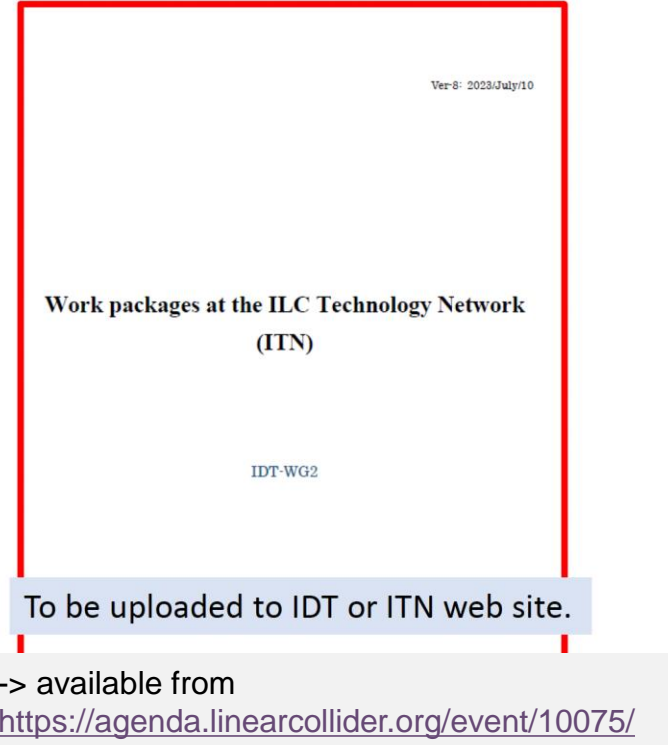
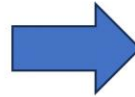
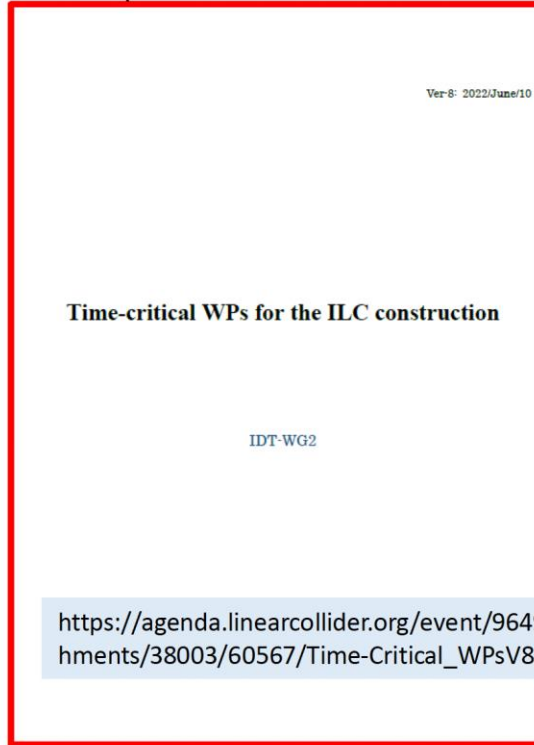
Benno List

ILC Europe Meeting

4.10.2023

ITN document

The CERN-KEK Memorandum of Understanding regarding the ILC Technology Network was signed. Currently, the WPs for the ITN are available on Indico. This is before the term ILC Technology Network was released, so it should be changed to something that refers to **the ILC Technology Network**. Here is the public Ver8b with some minimal changes (Ver8c).



IDT-WG2 (July 11,2023)

ITN: Work Packages

Time-critical WPs

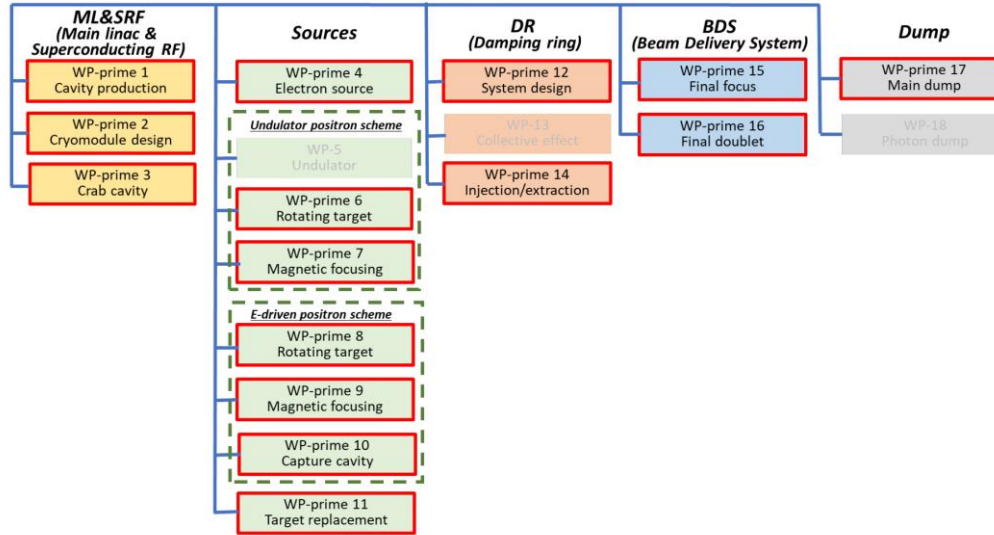


Figure 3: Time-critical WPs at the ILC Technology Network (ITN)

	P1	P2	P3	P4									
Pre-lab proposal	Pre-lab ~4 years			Construction ~10 year									
Time-critical WPs	Y1	Y2	Y3/P1?	Y4/P2?									
	~4 years				Pre-lab 3~4 years			Construction ~10 year					

Figure 2: Assumed schedule of the time-critical WPs

https://agenda.linearcollider.org/event/10075/contributions/52733/attachments/38998/61522/Time-Critical_WPsV8e.pdf

Korea visit by KEK/IDT delegation

KEK/IDT delegation visited Korea University and Pohang Accelerator Laboratory (PAL) and explained ILC Technology Network.

Korea Univ. and PAL will attend the ITN Information Meeting.



https://sejong.korea.ac.kr/user/boardList.do?boardId=1464&siteId=kr&id=kr_060200000000&boardSeq=188465&command=view

IDT-WG2 (Oct.3, 2023)

04.10.2023

S. Michizono 3.10.23

<https://agenda.linearcollider.org/event/10183/>

Recent progress of SRF 5-year plan

- Japan (KEK)
 - License agreement with DESY is under progress
 - KEK discussed with H. Weise which institutes are included in ITN
 - Leaders for each sub-group were assigned at KEK
 - MG material procurement
 - A vendor cannot produce any MG material for cavity production from this FY
 - KEK should consider to change the strategy, KEK and FNAL will negotiate strongly with a vendor
 - Procurement for dust-free gate valve and shortest connecting bellows beampipe
 - Negotiation on HPGS with KHK and local government is continuing
 - KEK started the discussion with oversea vendors for cavity production
 - Discussion with some vendors related to power coupler started
 - Discussion with some vendors related to SCQ started
- Overseas
 - Americas
 - JLAB sent the proposal for ITN to KEK
 - Europe
 - Enrico went back to CEA
 - We discussed cavity production, radiation simulation, magnetic shield, etc.
 - DESY is preparing for new license agreement with KEK

Medium Grain Material

Summary of MG disk material (updated!)

Billet	length [mm]	# of disks	necessary disk	Purpose
1st batch (slicing done)		21	4	Korea 1-cell
			4	CFF MG 1-cell
			6	DESY (they are interested in inspection on this MG disks)
			4	EU 1-cell (one cavity)
			1	KEK-9 for welding test related to HPGS (iris)
			1	KEK-9 for welding test related to HPGS (CET)
			1	KEK-9 for welding test related to HPGS (equator) 1.7mm as mill ends
270L (currently stored in KEK, slicing will be done in FY2023) Eddy current scan @DESY as free of charge	270	86	25	CFF 9-cell 2024 (HPGS)
			22	EU 9-cell 2024 (HPGS)
			8	EU-training disks(RI=4, ZANON=4)
			4	US 1-cell (unknown number)
			9	Supporting back data related HPGS documentation for safety check
			6	for delivery inspection
			10	US 9-cell 2024 (HPGS)
			2	reserve
			25	CFF 9-cell 2025 (HPGS)
			25	CFF 9-cell 2025 (HPGS)
200L (currently stored in KEK)	200	65	12	US 9-cell 2024 (HPGS)
			3	reserve
			25	Oversea vendor from Japan 9-cell 2025 (HPGS)
			22	Oversea vendor from Japan 9-cell 2025 (HPGS)
270L (currently stored in KEK)	270	86	22	EU 9-cell 2025 (HPGS)
			6	for delivery inspection
			11	reserve
			1	Crab
1200L (delivery deadline will be the end of CY2024)	200	65	25	CFF 9-cell 2026 (HPGS)
			25	CFF 9-cell 2026 (HPGS)
			15	US 9-cell 2026 (HPGS)
			6	reserve
			25	EU 9-cell 2026 (HPGS)
			25	EU 9-cell 2026 (HPGS)
			6	for delivery inspection
			9	reserve
			25	EU 9-cell 2026 (HPGS)
			25	US 9-cell 2026 (HPGS)
15	reserve			
25	US 9-cell 2026 (HPGS)			
25	US 9-cell 2026 (HPGS)			
15	reserve			

A vendor stops this production!
KEK and FNAL will negotiate
with a vendor before TTC
meeting in Dec.

← united to one 9-cell cavity

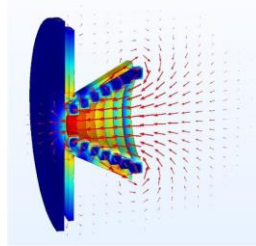
29/Aug/2023

4

New developments on the pulsed solenoid and the optic matching (Carmen)

➤ Design parameters

- ✓ ~50 kA peak
- ✓ 4 ms half-sine pulse + 1ms flat-top
- ✓ 7 turns, linear taper (\varnothing 20mm · 80mm)
- ✓ Peak field ~5 T
- ✓ Average heat load on target: 73 W + 711 W
- ✓ Peak force on wheel 612 N
- ✓ Mechanical prototype design pending



2023/05/02 WG2
K.Yokoya

5

Engineering design to be done at DESY
Financed by ITN

Plan for Pulsed Solenoid

- ✓ Funding available for prototype design
 - ✓ Mechanical design department at DESY signaled available manpower for design
 - ✓ Goal of development is a prototype solenoid to demonstrate ---- field strength & distribution, field stability, mechanical stability, thermal stability.
 - ✓ No vacuum vessel in the first prototype
 - ✓ Start of mechanical design in ~autumn
- Overall goal is to resolve open questions on mechanical feasibility of design

2023/05/02 WG2
K.Yokoya

6

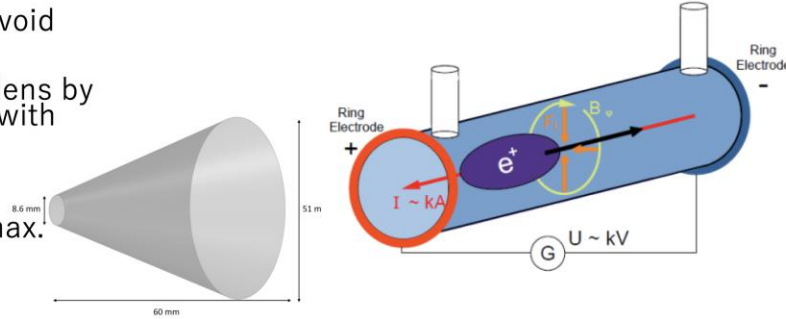
Positron Source R&D: Plasma Lens as OMD



Current status of the prototype plasma lens as an optical matching device for the ILC e+ source

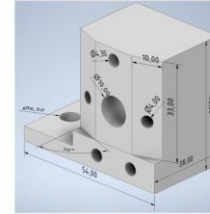
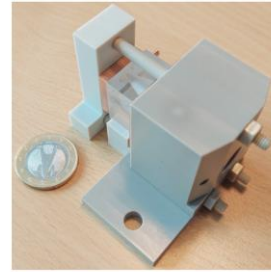
N. Hamann, M. Formela (U.Hamburg), G. Loisch, K. Ludwig, J. Osterhoff (DESY), G. Moortgat-Pick

- Current limited to ~9kA to avoid electrode erosion
- Optimized the shape of the lens by particle tracking simulation with ASTRA
- Yield 43% at 9kA
- Down scale for prototype (max. current ~350 A)

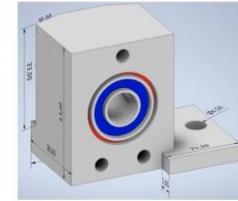


Prototype fabricated

- Electrodes : copper
- Plasma lens: sapphire block (20 x 20 x 12 mm)

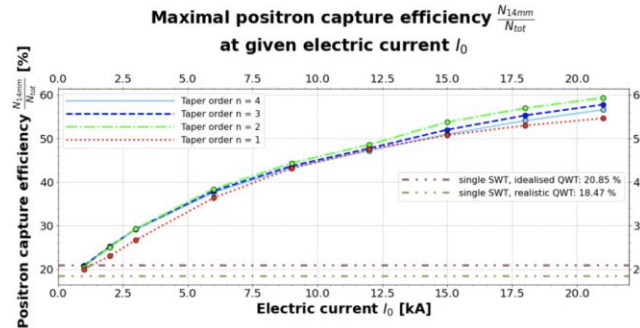


2023/10/03 WG2
K.Yokoya



	ILC	prototype
Total electric current	9 kA	350 A
Plasma lens length	60 mm	11.8 mm
Opening radius	4.3 mm	0.85 mm
Ending radius	25.5 mm	5.03 mm

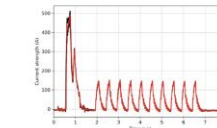
2023/10/03 WG2
K.Yokoya



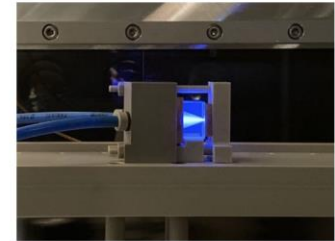
5

First test

- First test successful
 - ✓ Plasma created
 - ✓ But pinching and unstable, yet



- Next step: High temporal resolution imaging of gas discharge at ADVANCE LAB at DESY
 - ✓ Investigation of the exact time and circumstances of the pinching
 - ✓ Put more constraints on plasma lens geometry to stabilize the plasma



2023/10/03 WG2
K.Yokoya

7

K. Yokoya 3.10.23

<https://agenda.linearcollider.org/event/10183/>

04.10.2023

WP-prime 15: System design of ILC FFS

WP-prime-15 related items conducted by KEK on ITN

- The research will be conducted with the following 3 main topics
 - ✓ Improvement of beam tuning techniques for nano-beam
 - ✓ Long-term stabilization of nano-beam
 - ✓ Upgrading of beam diagnostic devices
- The first 2-3 years will be mainly devoted to procurement of the necessary equipment to implement the research items listed in the time-critical WP, and performance tests using the latest accelerator technologies, such as machine learning, will be carried out at the ATF accelerator as needed.

- ◆ ATF2 beamline is the only existing test accelerator in the world to test the final focus system (FFS) of linear colliders.
- ◆ The following 3 research topics are important topics to be pursued at the ATF.
 - ◆ wakefield mitigation
 - ◆ correction of higher-order aberration
 - ◆ training for ILC beam tuning

ATF2 beamline



Timeline described in the time-critical work package document

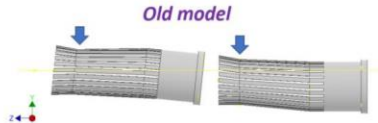
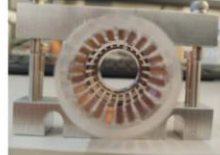
Priority	Items	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4
A	wakefield mitigation				
	mitigation and correction of higher-order aberration				
	training for ILC beam tuning (machine-learning etc.)				

The research topics will be conducted consistent with the content and timeline of WPP-15.

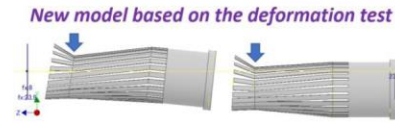
Wakefield mitigation

Wakefield modeling for shielded bellows

The effect of wakefield was simulated using a model that assumes deformation with reference to the deformation of a bellows shield component attached to a plastic pipe.



Old model



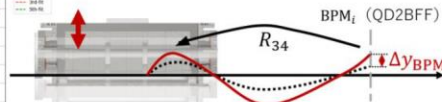
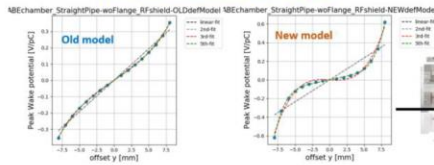
New model based on the deformation test

Assumed distance from the pipe wall at the neck of the shield component to be $1 \pm (\text{mover displacement})/10$.

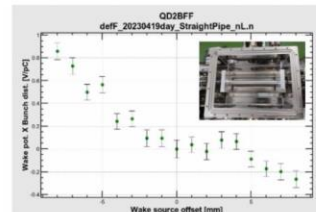
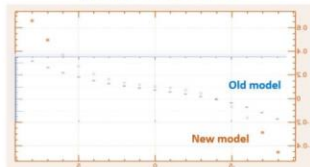
The model is not perfect yet, but it is closer to the actual deformation than the old model.

Wakefield kick test for the straight pipe with shielded bellows

Wakefield simulation with Gdfidl



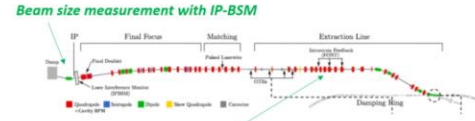
Result of the tracking simulation for the wakefield kick



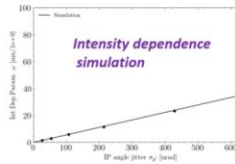
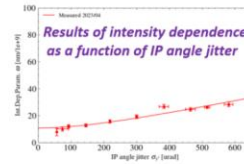
Wakefield confirmation for the entire ATF2 beamline

The effect of wakefield on the entire ATF2 beamline is investigated by measuring the dynamic beam intensity dependence of the IP beam size.

Wakefield model of entire ATF2 beamline



Kickers to create IP angle jitter



- Considered Wakefield sources
 - septum chamber
 - OTR
 - Bellows (masked/unmasked)
 - ICF70 Flange (masked/unmasked)
 - CBPM
 - Wake chamber
 - Collimator (half gap: 3mm)
 - Gate valve
- Not considered
 - wakefield sources misalignment
 - magnet alignment error
 - magnet strength error

Wakefield test for single component

=> tested by beam orbit kick with cavity-BPMs.

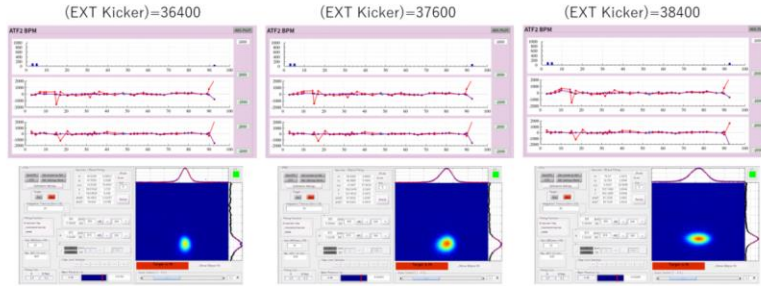
Wakefield test for the entire ATF2 beamline

=> tested by beam size growth for the IP angle jitter.

Correction of higher-order aberration

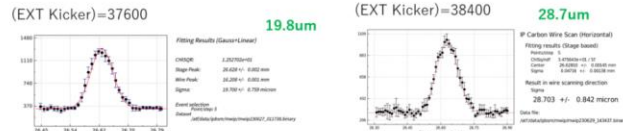
Beam orbit difference at extraction septum (2023 June)

- We changed the kicker strength to investigate the downstream effects of the different trajectories of the beam through the septum chamber.
- Beam orbit after the septum magnet was tuned.

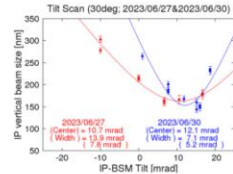


OTR2X profile

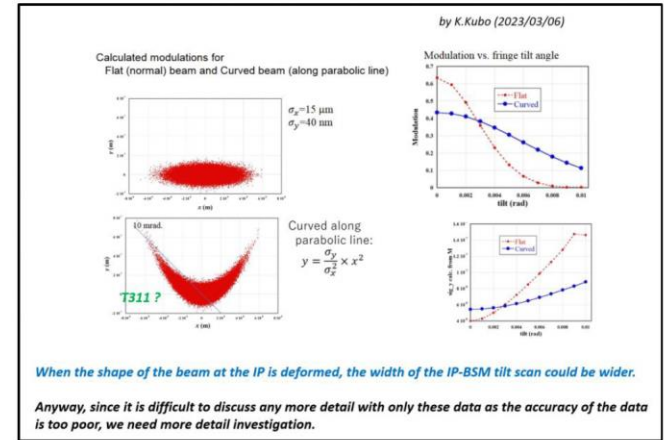
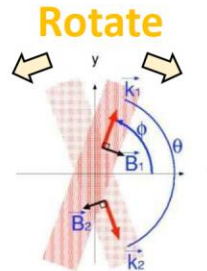
IP horizontal profile



Tilt scan@IP-BSM 30degree mode



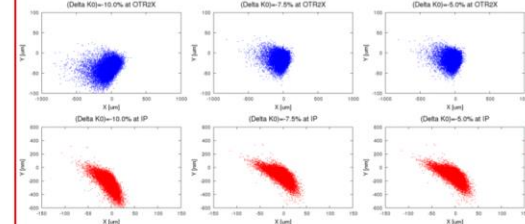
- When the kicker strength was changed, the beam size in OTR and IP changed.
- The IP beam tilt angle and tilt measurement width also changed when the kicker strength was changed.



Simulation

Skew sextupole field error at septum magnets

- Strength of (Bend K2) is assumed to be 200 times stronger than BH1X.
- Rotation of (Bend K2) is assumed to be 50mrad (with sextupole field).



The beam tilt at IP is generated, by normal and skew sextupole field error.

The bend of the beam profile is also generated.

	-10.0%	-7.5%	-5.0%
OTR2X	92.4um (H) / 15.4um (V)	61.7um (H) / 12.0um (V)	53.0um (H) / 10.0um (V)
IP	11.8um (H) / 97.6nm (V)	15.0um (H) / 78.8nm (V)	18.4um (H) / 60.5nm (V)