

The ALICE TPC in lead-lead collisions at LHC Run 3: space charge corrections

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ALICE Time Projection Chamber

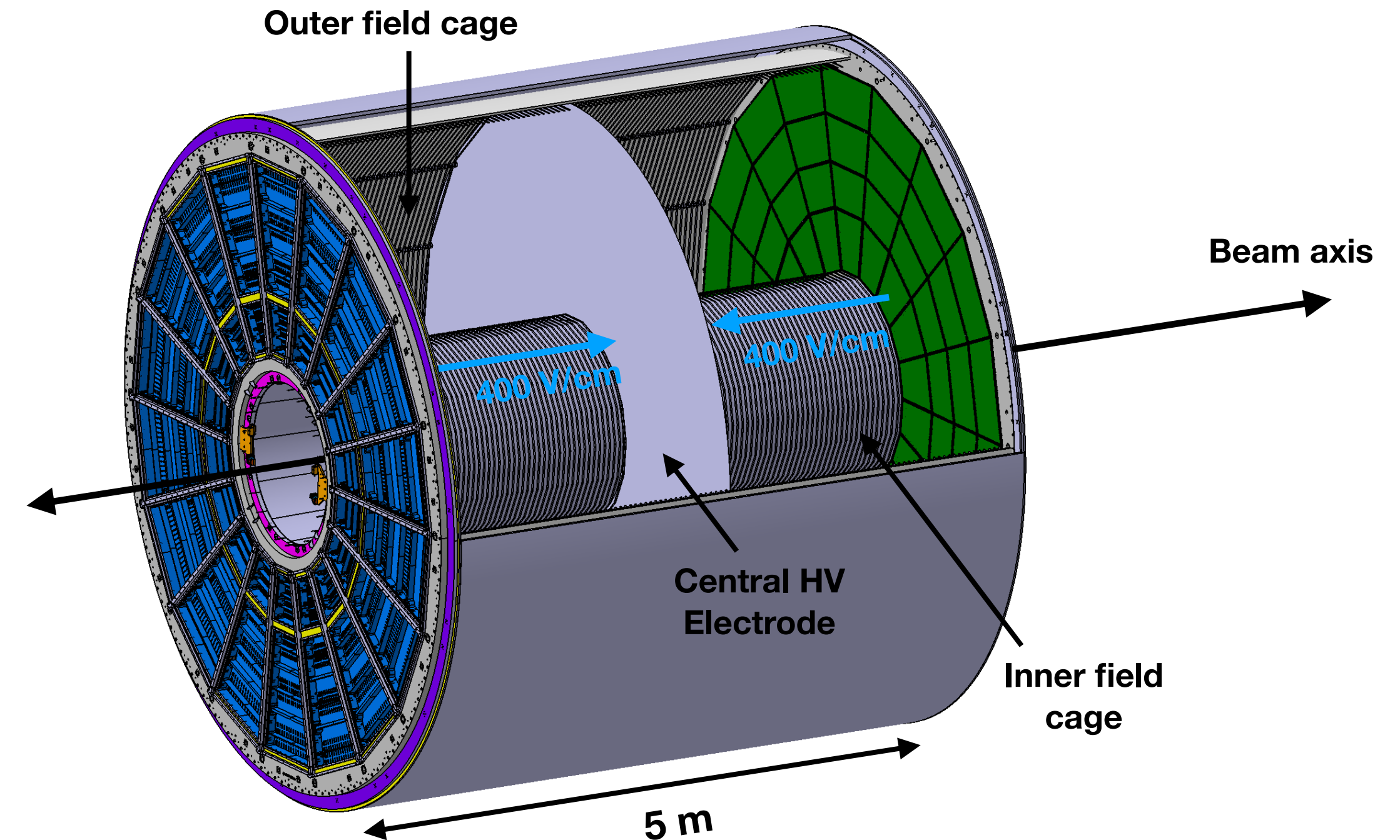
Main tracking and charged-particle identification (PID) detector

Properties

- Total length: 5m
- Radial dimension: $83.5 \text{ cm} < r < 254.5 \text{ cm}$
- Gas mixture: Ne-CO₂-N₂ (90-10-5)
- Central electrode and field cage
 - Uniform electric field 400 V/cm along beam (z) axis

Run 3 upgrade

- Run 1 and Run 2: Multi-Wire Proportional Chambers
 - ➡ ~1 kHz Pb-Pb: triggered readout
- Run 3 (2022): Gas Electron Multipliers (GEM)
 - ➡ 50 kHz Pb-Pb: continuous readout



Ion backflow (IBF)

Multiplication of primary electrons

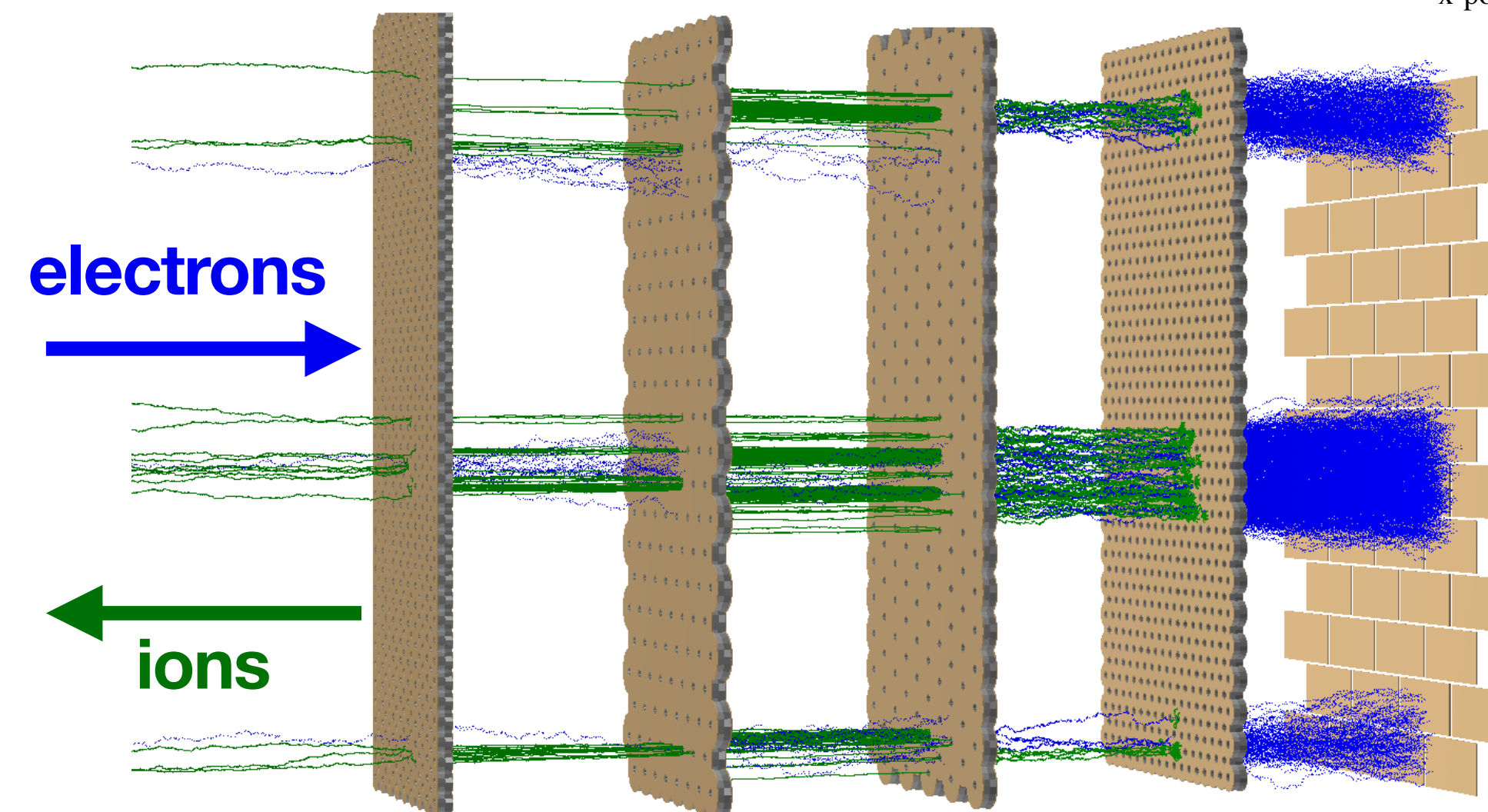
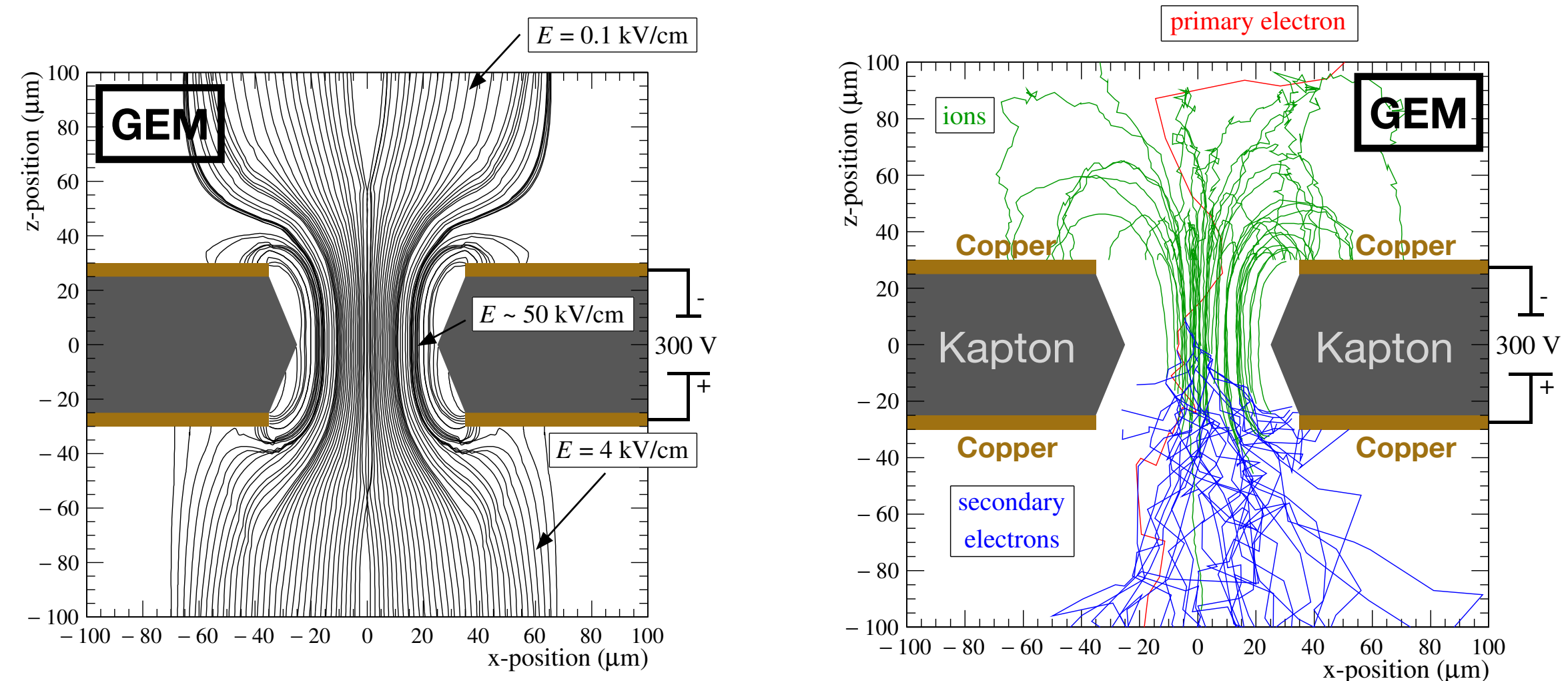
- Stacks of four Gas Electron Multipliers (GEM)

Ions from amplification enter drift volume

- Slow drift velocity compared to electrons
 - $T_{Electron} \approx 100 \mu\text{s}$ vs $T_{Ion} \approx 200 \text{ms}$
- Optimisation of $\langle IBF \rangle$ to $\sim 1\%$ (gain ~ 2000)
- Ions from n events piling up in the drift volume
 - e.g. 10.000 events for 50 kHz Pb-Pb
- $\varepsilon = IBF \cdot gain$

Space-charge density

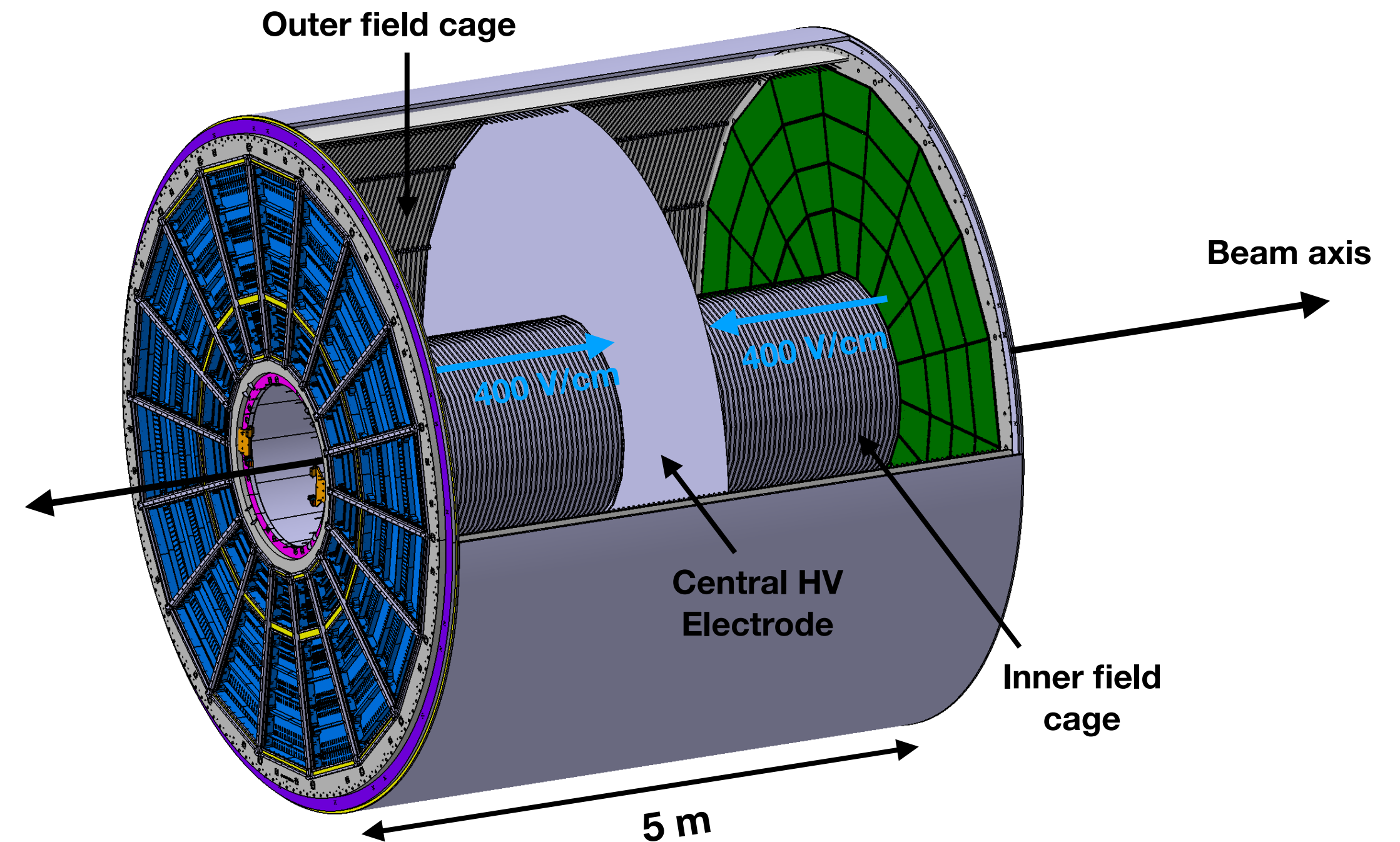
- Depends on the interaction rate and collision type
- Local variations of ε
- Fluctuations
 - Number of events
 - Event multiplicity



Overview of distortions

Distortions of drift electrons

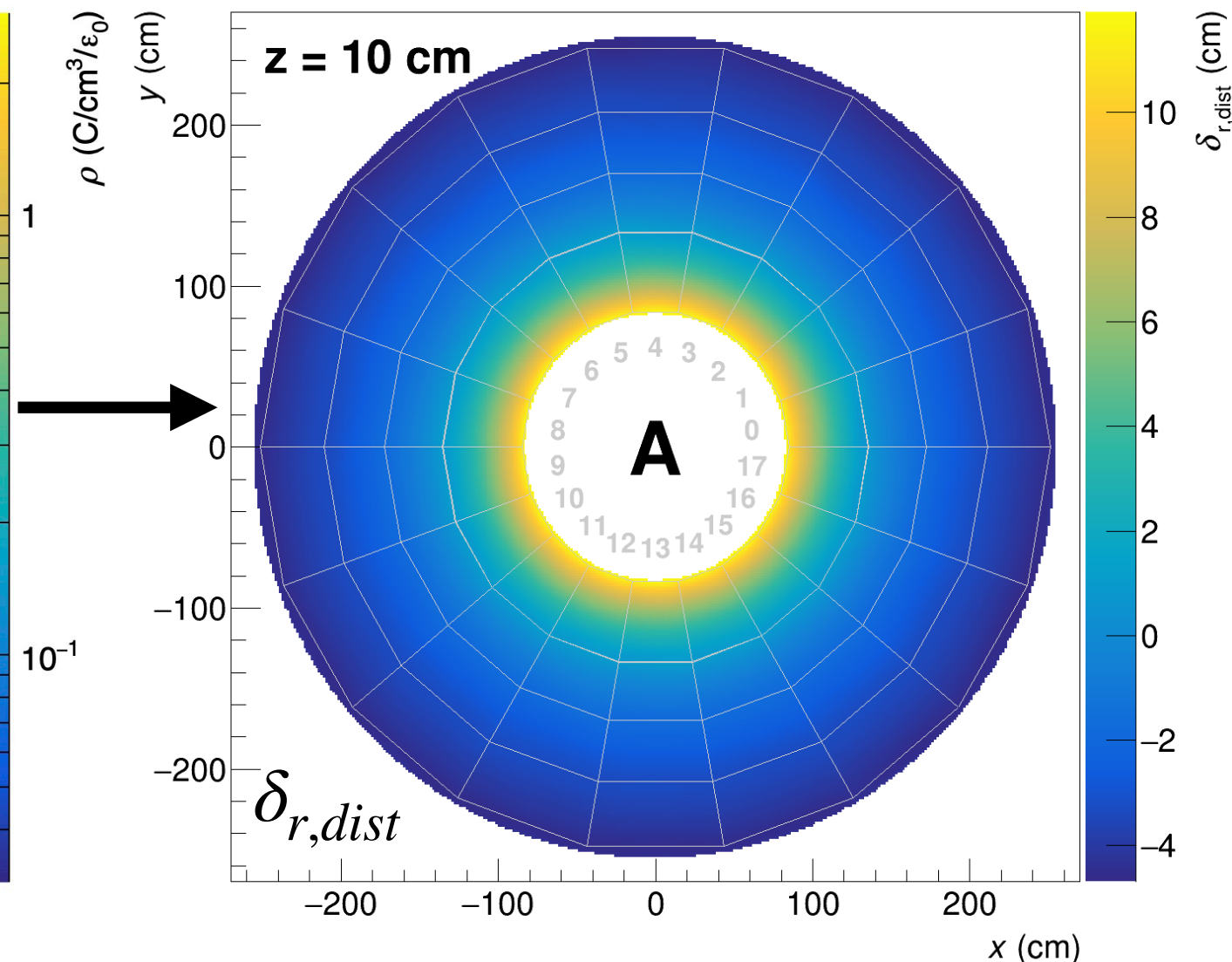
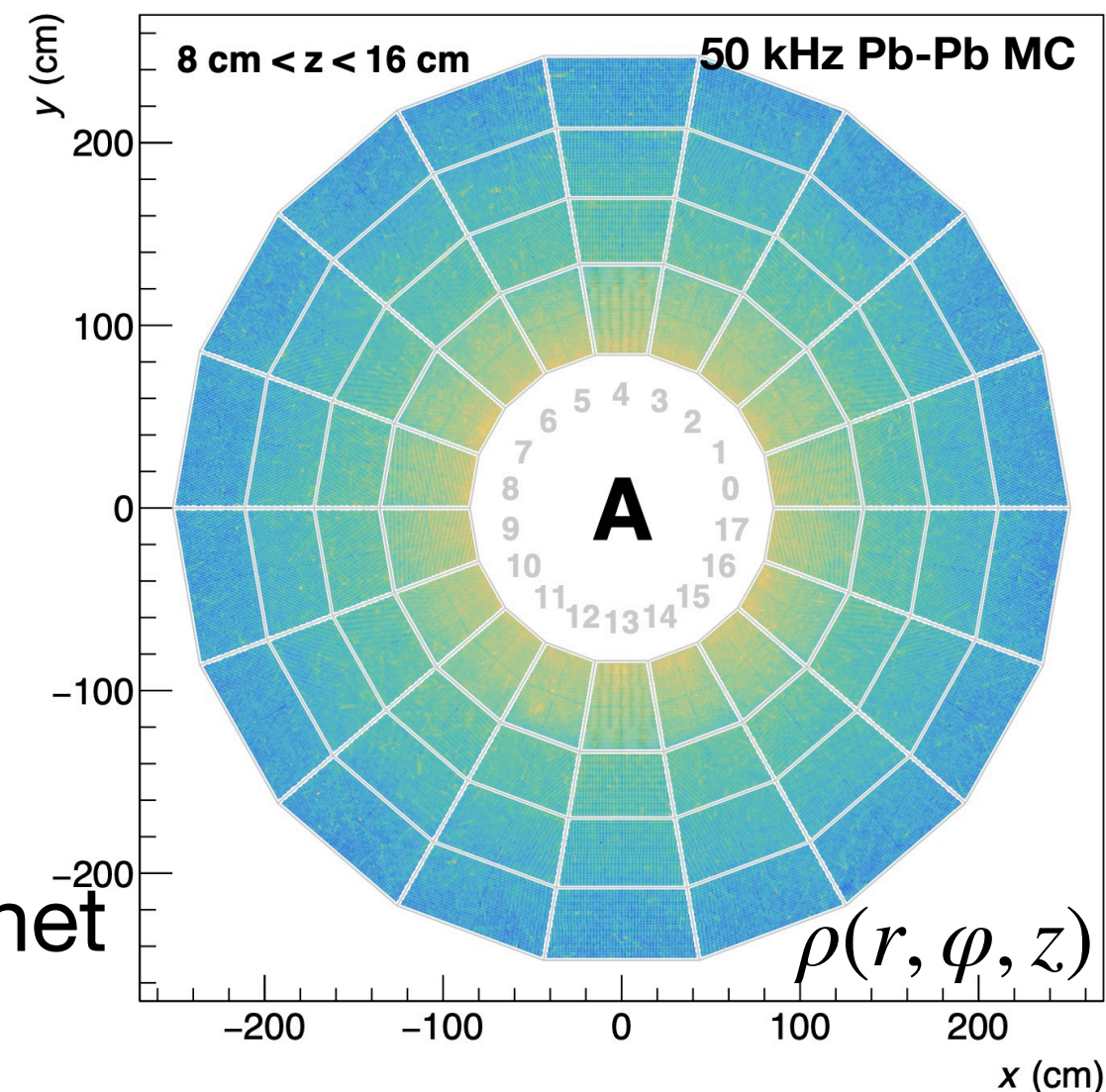
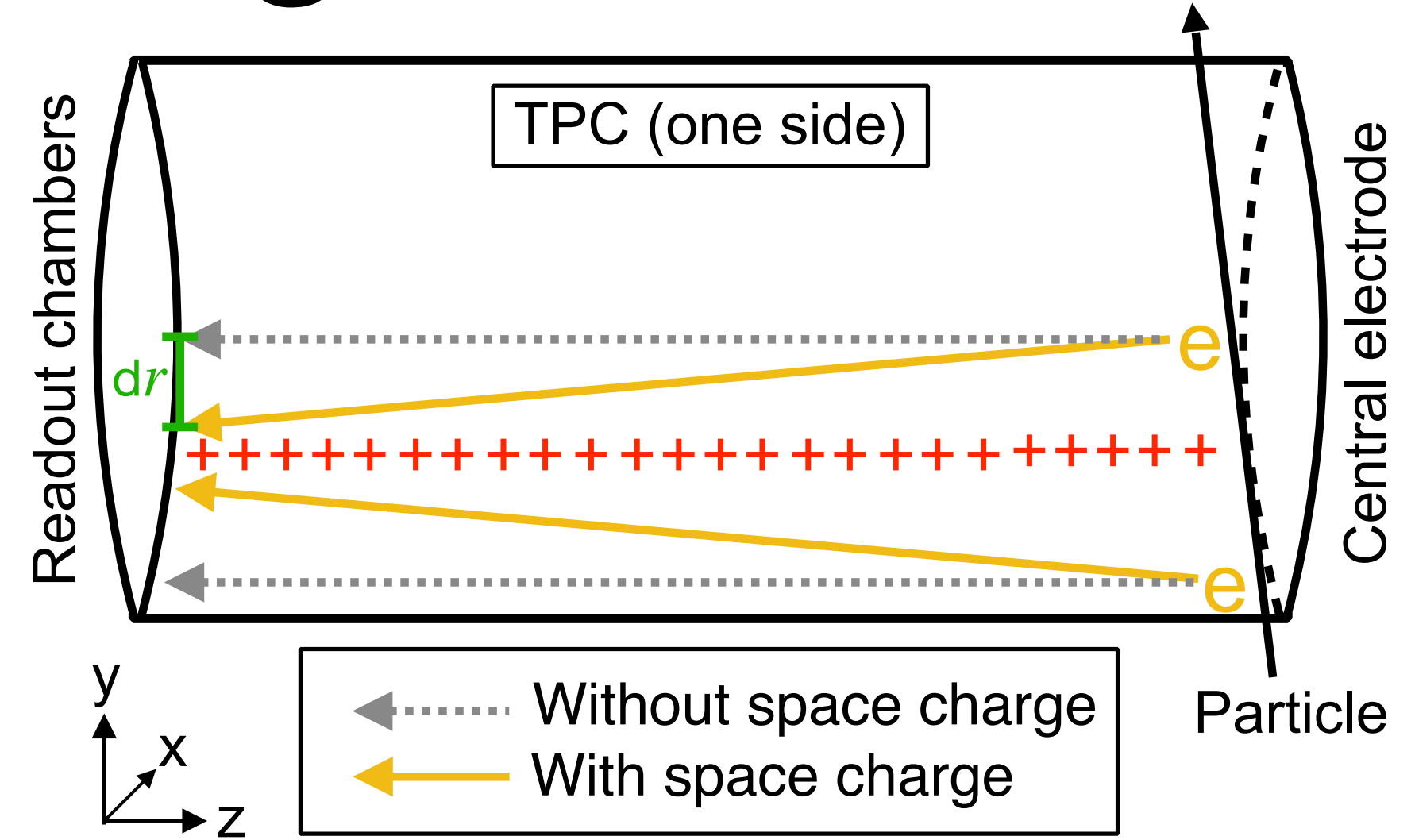
- IR dependent
 - Space-charge from ion back flow and primary ionization
 - 10 ms
 - Inner field cage charging up
 - Charging up: $\mathcal{O}(\text{min})$
 - Discharge: $\mathcal{O}(10\text{min})$, $\mathcal{O}(\text{s})$
 - Distortions at higher rates for one IROC, B+ (A-side)
 - Semi static
 - Charge up of GEM frames
 - Static
 - Misalignment of electric and magnetic field
 - Time dependent
 - M-shape distortions
- ➡ 50 kHz Pb-Pb: ~15 cm distortions
- ➡ 500 kHz pp: ~3 cm distortions



Electron movement through the gas

Langevin equation

- Equation of motion: $m \frac{d\vec{u}}{dt} = q\vec{E} + q[\vec{u} \times \vec{B}] - K\vec{u}$
- $\delta_r(r, \varphi, z) = c_0 \int_{z_1}^{z_1+\Delta z} \frac{E_r}{E_z} dz + c_1 \int_{z_1}^{z_1+\Delta z} \frac{E_\varphi}{E_z} dz - c_1 \int_{z_1}^{z_1+\Delta z} \frac{B_\varphi}{B_z} dz + c_2 \int_{z_1}^{z_1+\Delta z} \frac{B_r}{B_z} dz$
- $\delta_{r\varphi}(r, \varphi, z) = c_0 \int_{z_1}^{z_1+\Delta z} \frac{E_\varphi}{E_z} dz - c_1 \int_{z_1}^{z_1+\Delta z} \frac{E_r}{E_z} dz + c_2 \int_{z_1}^{z_1+\Delta z} \frac{B_\varphi}{B_z} dz + c_1 \int_{z_1}^{z_1+\Delta z} \frac{B_r}{B_z} dz$
- Integration of E and B fields along electron drift path
- Electric fields
 - Space-charge (ion backflow + primary ionisation)
 - Obtained by simulations (uncertainty IBF, MC)
 - Poisson equation: $\Delta\Phi(r, \varphi, z) = -\rho(r, \varphi, z)$
 - Electric fields: $\vec{E}(r, \varphi, z) = -\nabla\Phi(r, \varphi, z)$
 - Potential inhomogeneities
 - Misalignment of GEMs etc.
- Magnetic field components: Imperfections of L3 magnet



Data driven approach to extract corrections

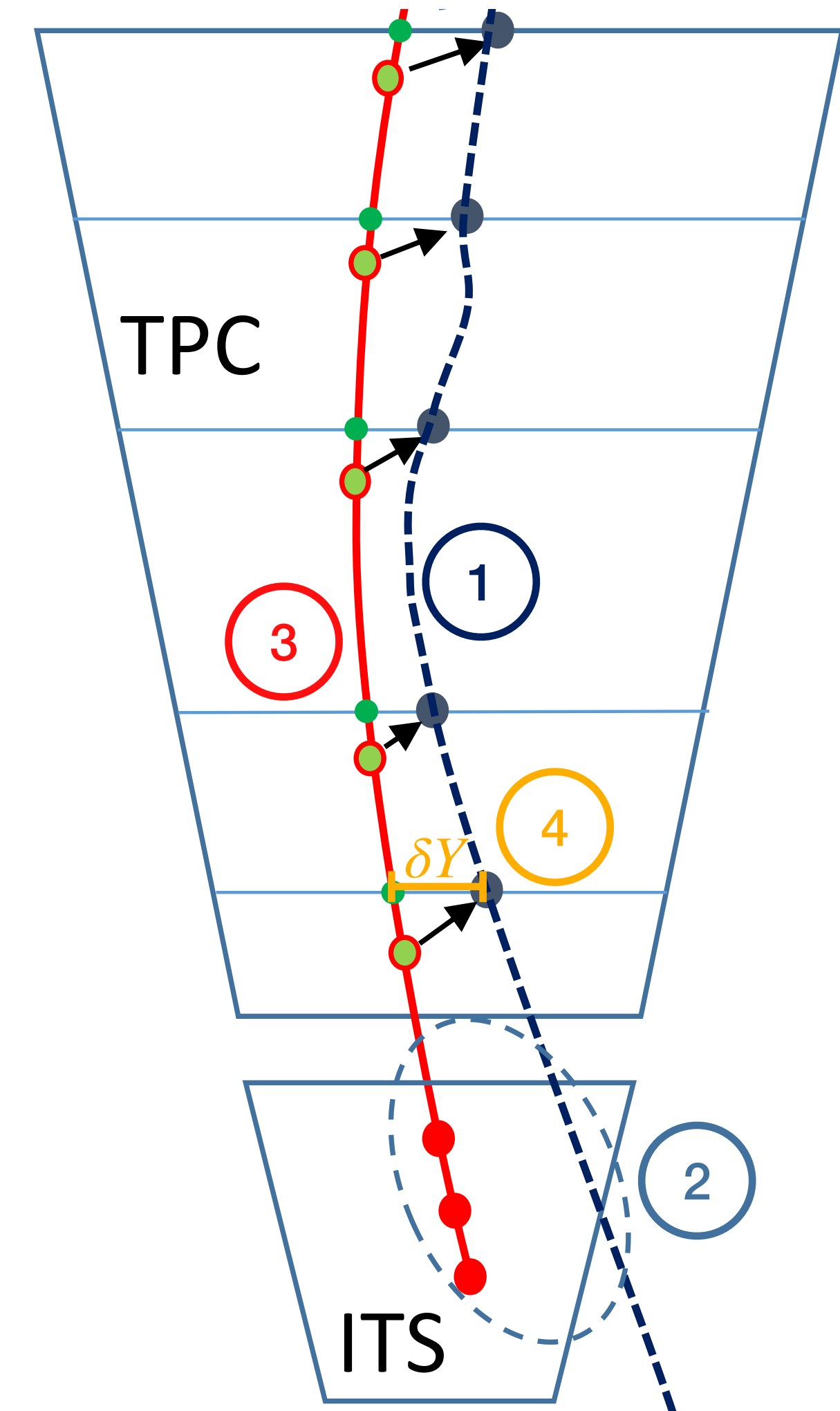
Correction of average distortions

- Already performed during Run 2

Procedure

1. Reconstruction of distorted TPC track
 - Tracking with relaxed tolerances
2. Track matching with ITS track segments
3. Residuals between TPC clusters and reference ITS track
 - Measurement of $\delta Y, \delta Z$
 - Storage in 3D map
4. Collect data for full TPC volume ($\mathcal{O}(\text{min})$)
 - $\delta Y, \delta Z \rightarrow \Delta x, \Delta y, \Delta z$
5. Smooth parametrisation of extracted corrections

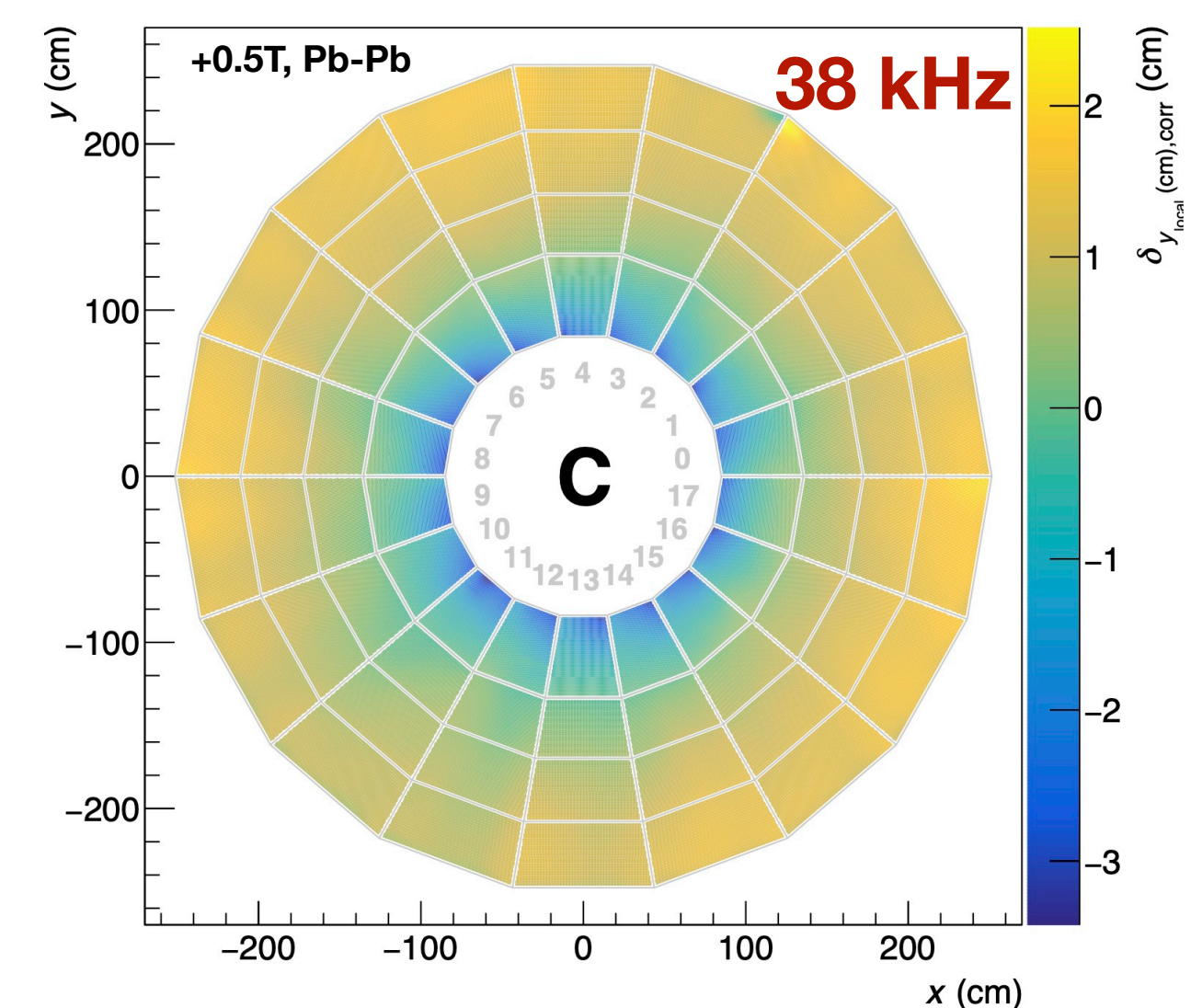
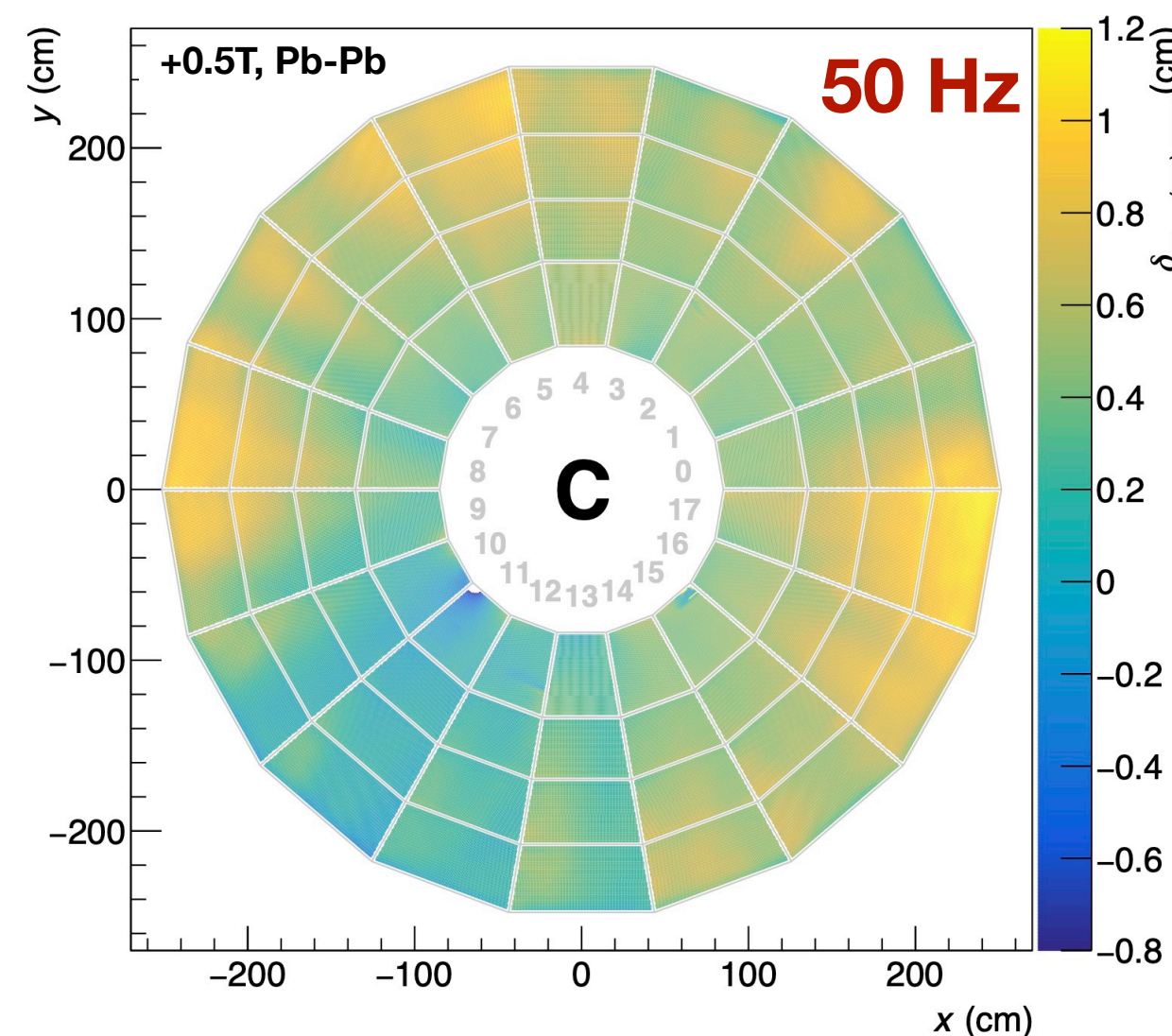
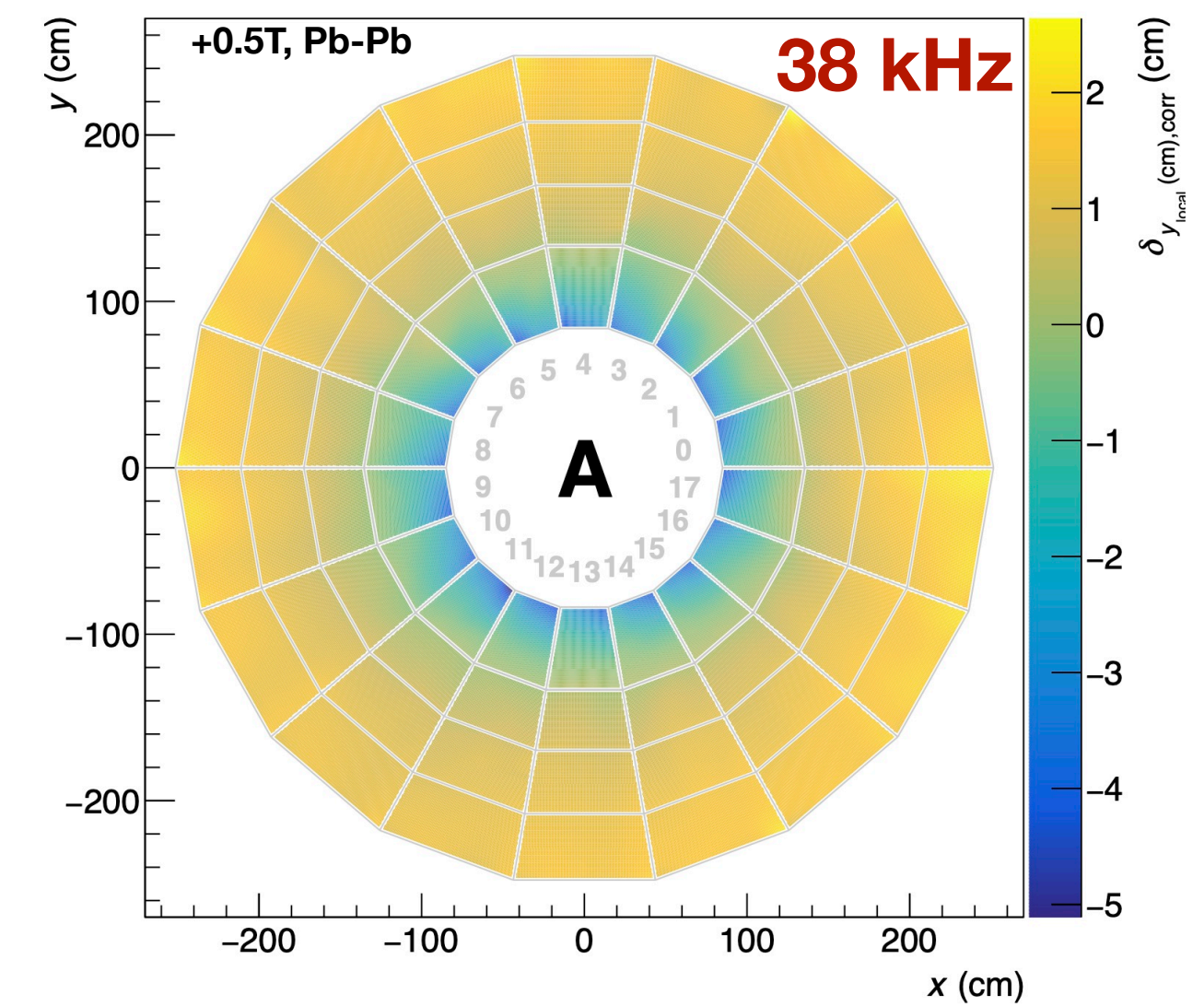
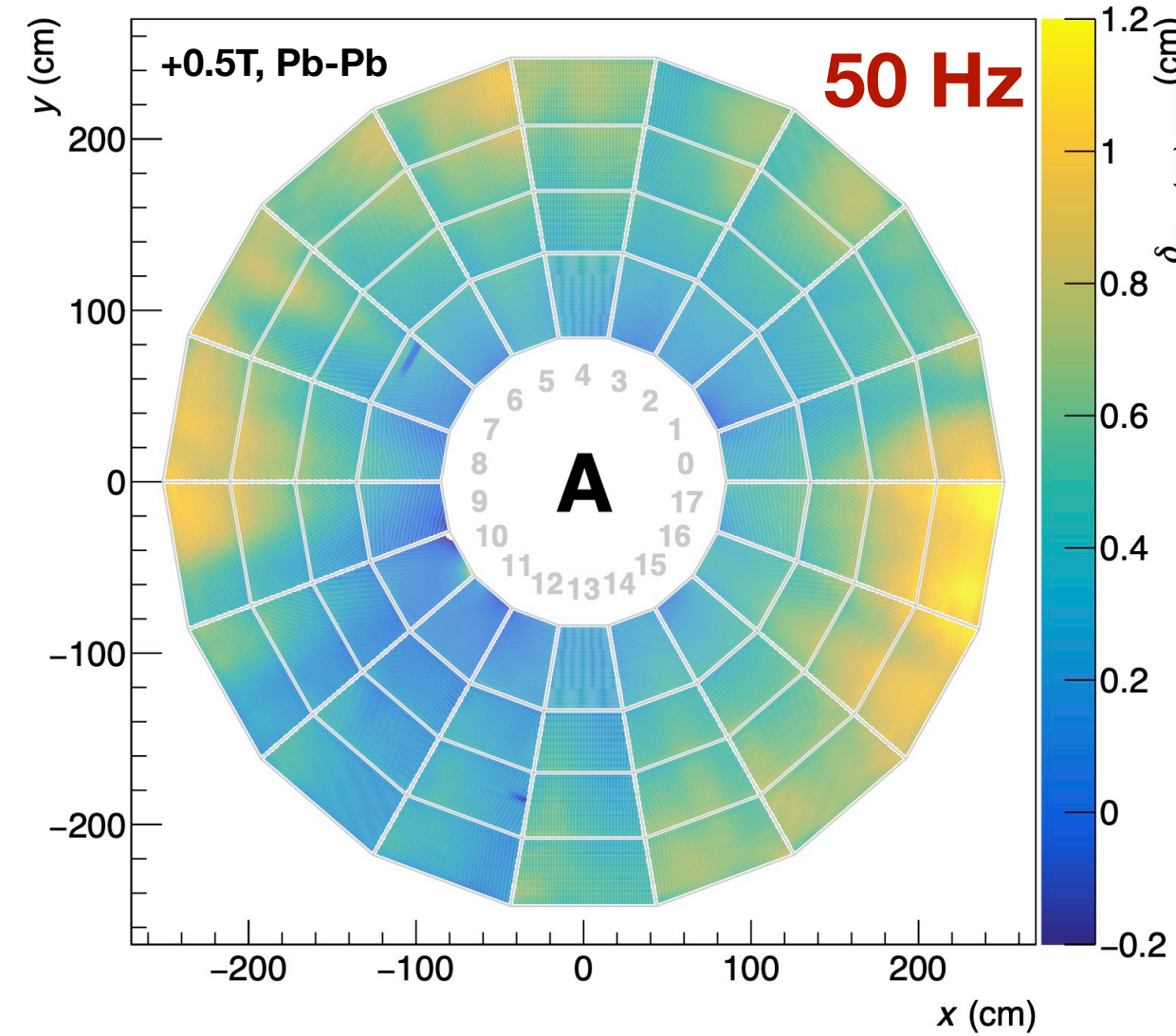
Correction of average distortions



Extracted correction maps

Extracted correction maps

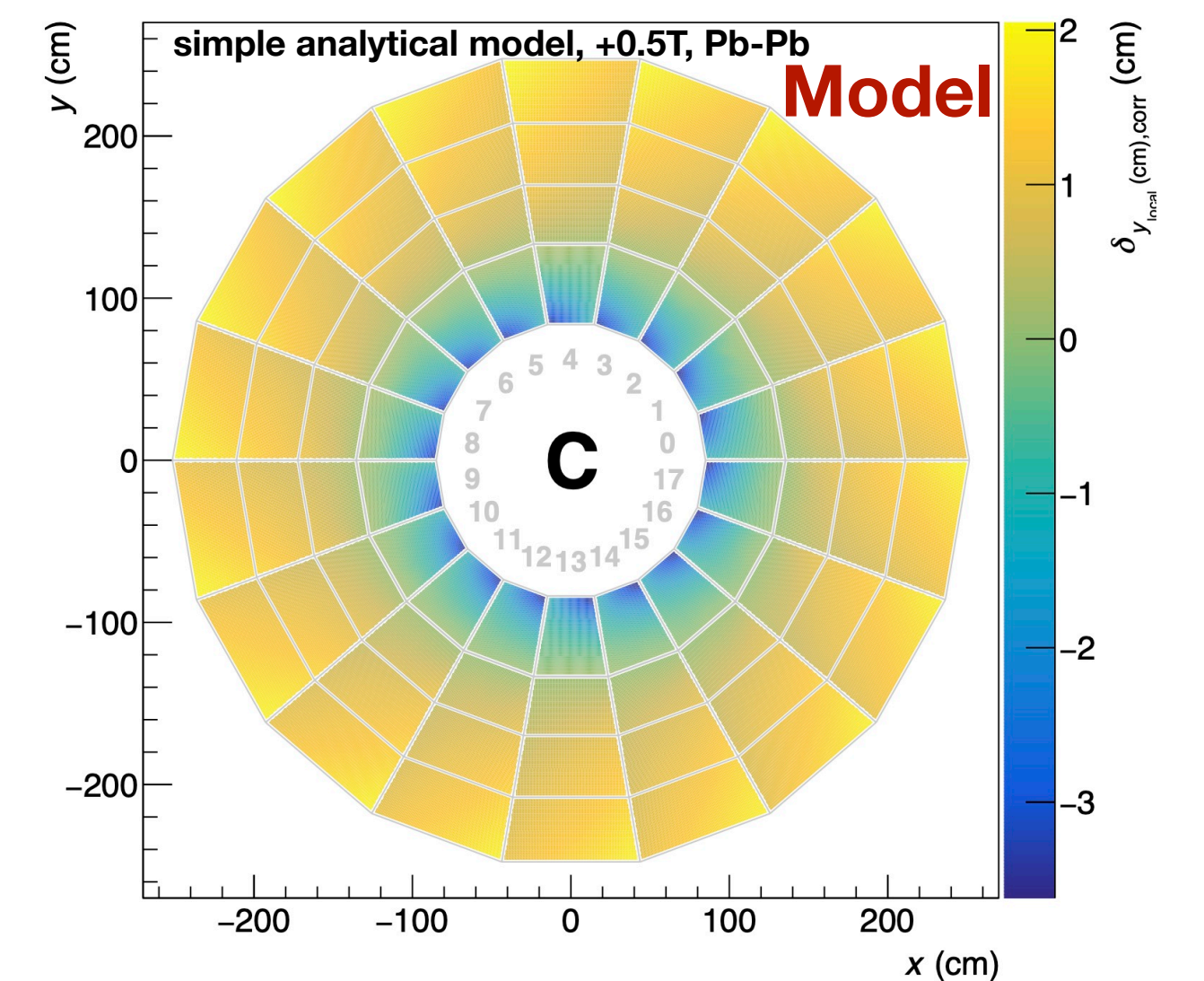
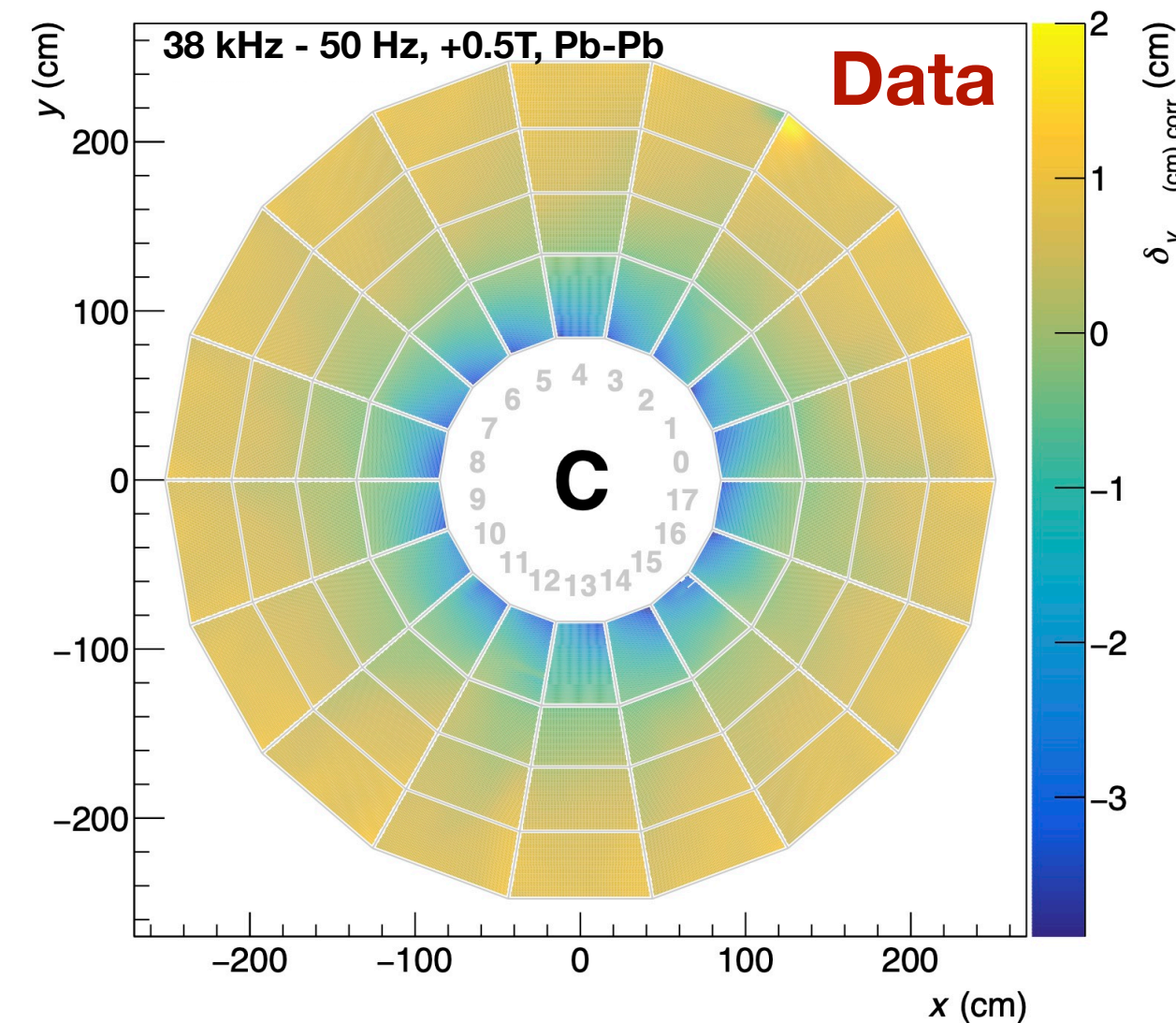
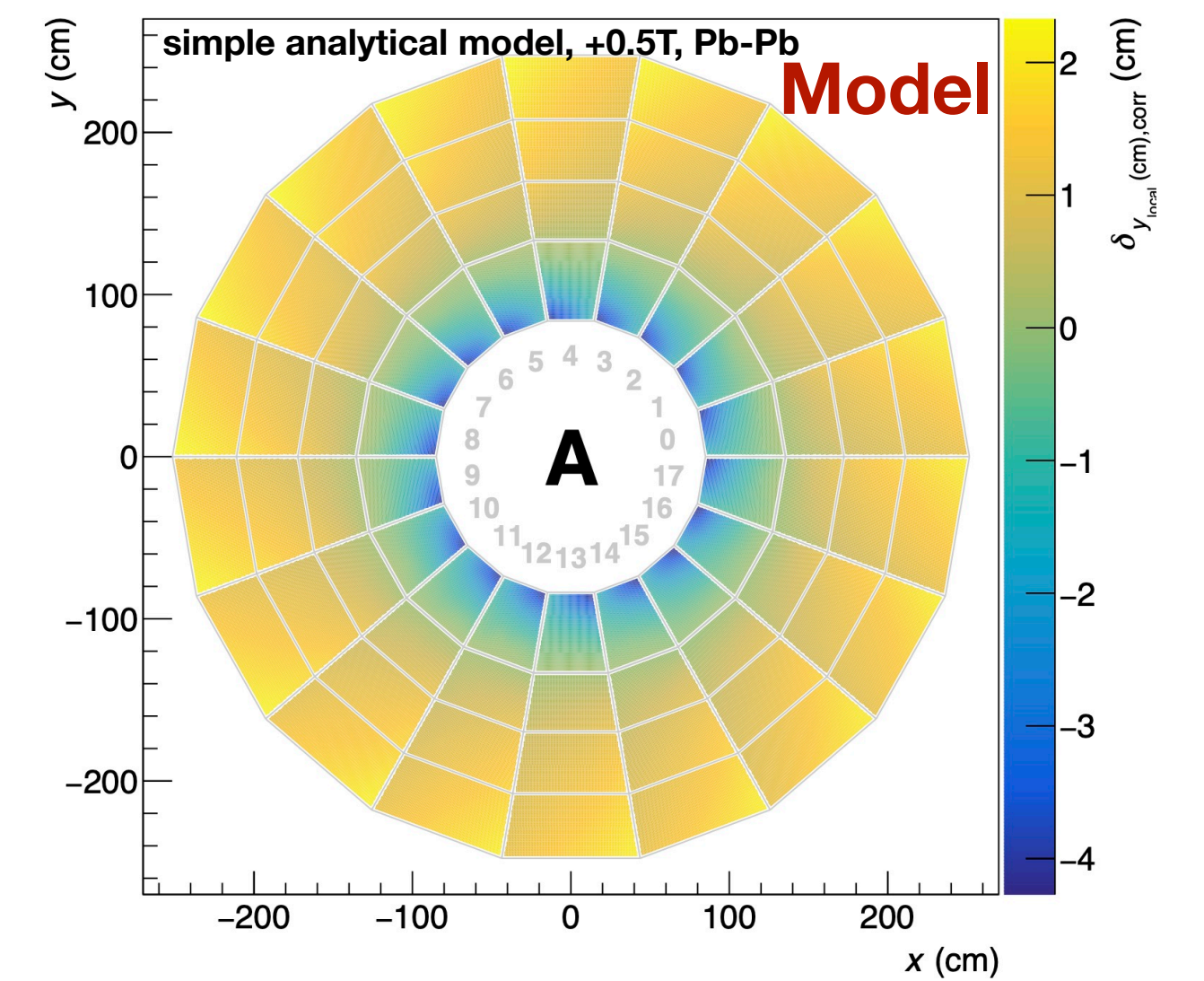
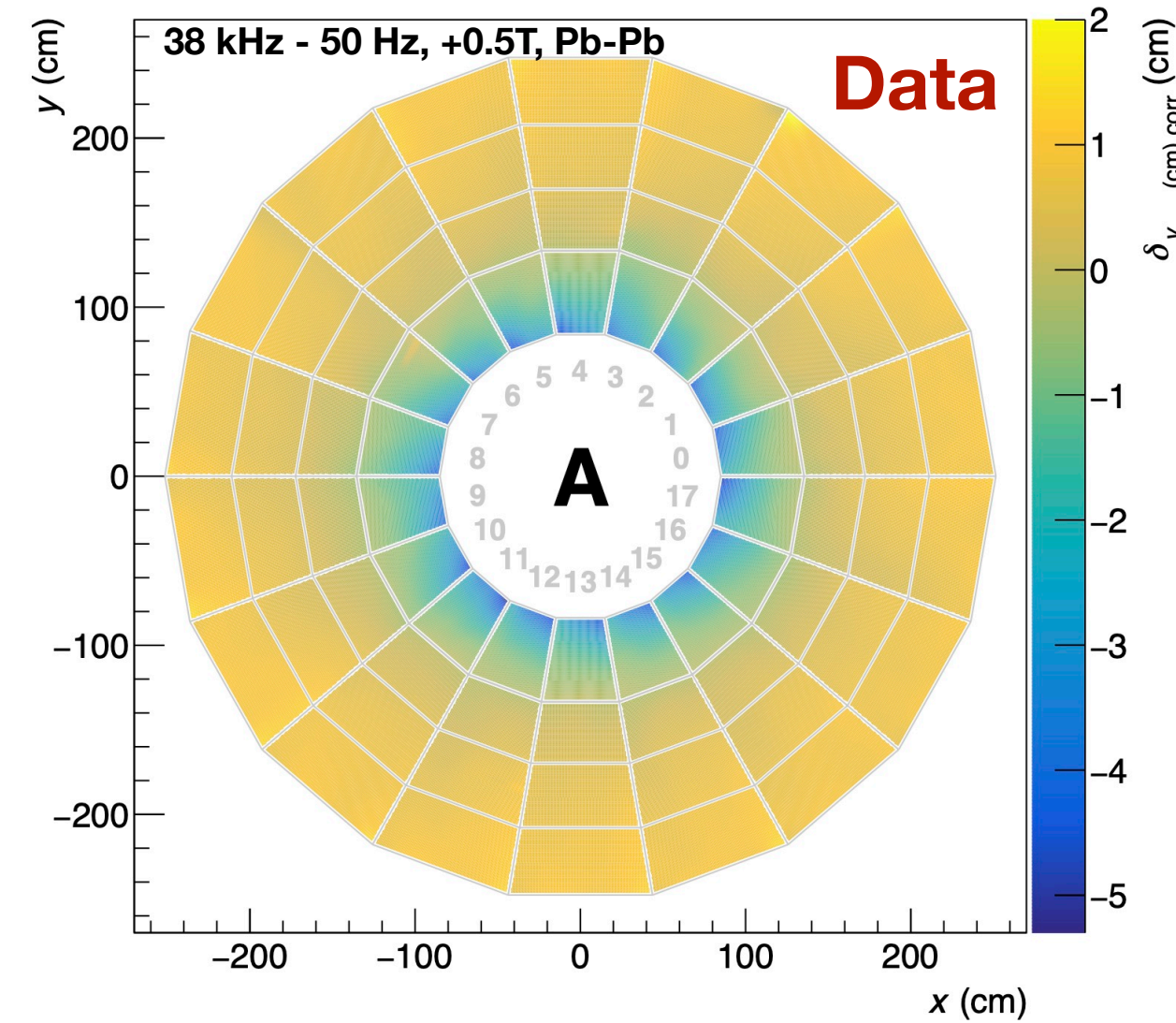
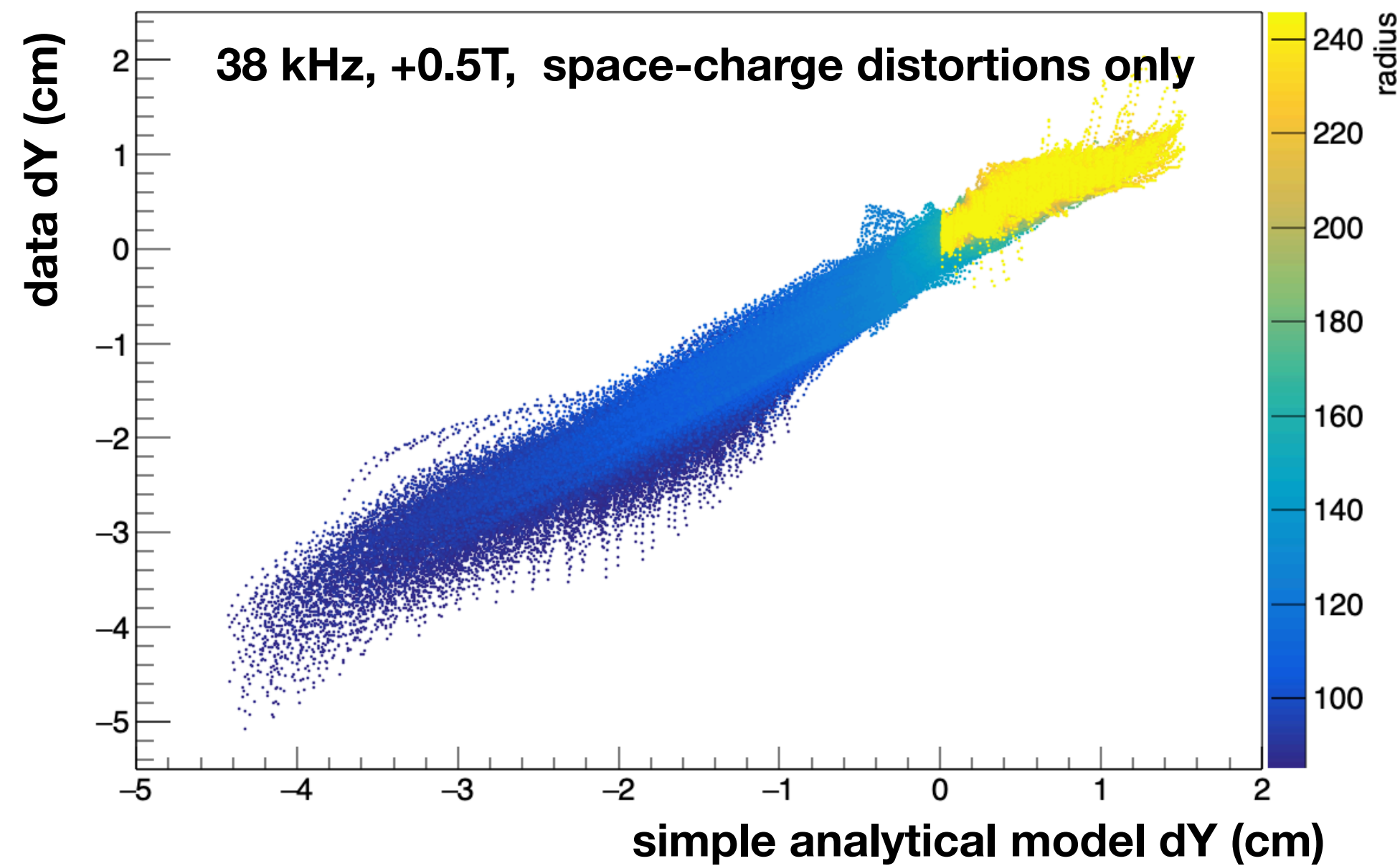
- 50Hz (IR independent distortions)
 - ExB misalignment etc.
- 38kHz (IR dependent distortions)
 - Space-charge



Extracted space-charge distortions vs analytical model

Extracted space-charge map

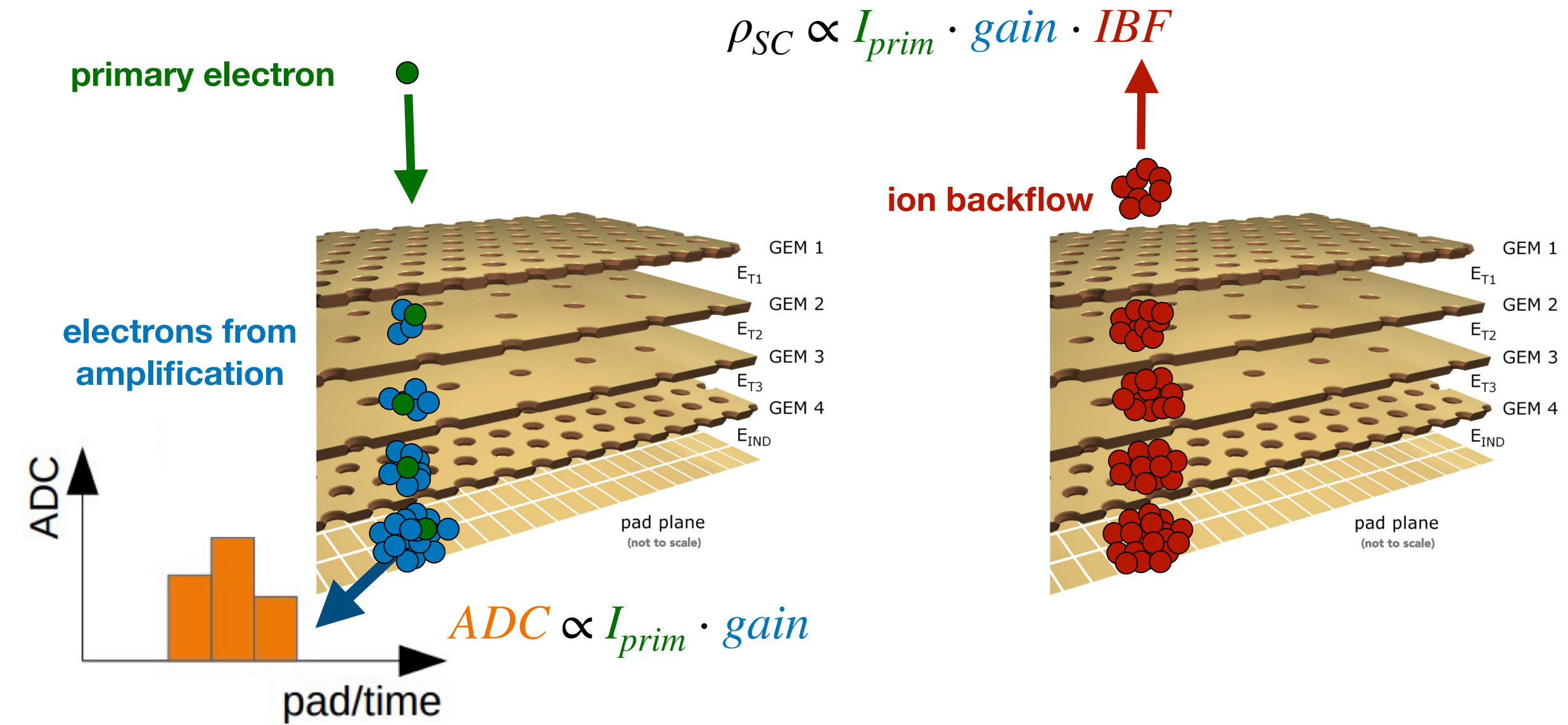
- Subtracting 50Hz map from 38kHz map
 - Space-charge
- Comparison with simple analytical model shows good agreement
 - No variation of IBF across chambers



Time dependent space-charge variations

Integrated digital currents (IDCs)

- Integration of *ADC* values over ~1ms
- $ADC \propto I_{prim} \cdot gain$
- $\rho_{SC} \propto I_{prim} \cdot gain \cdot IBF$
- Estimate for space-charge density and density fluctuations



Time dependent space-charge variations

Integrated digital currents (IDCs)

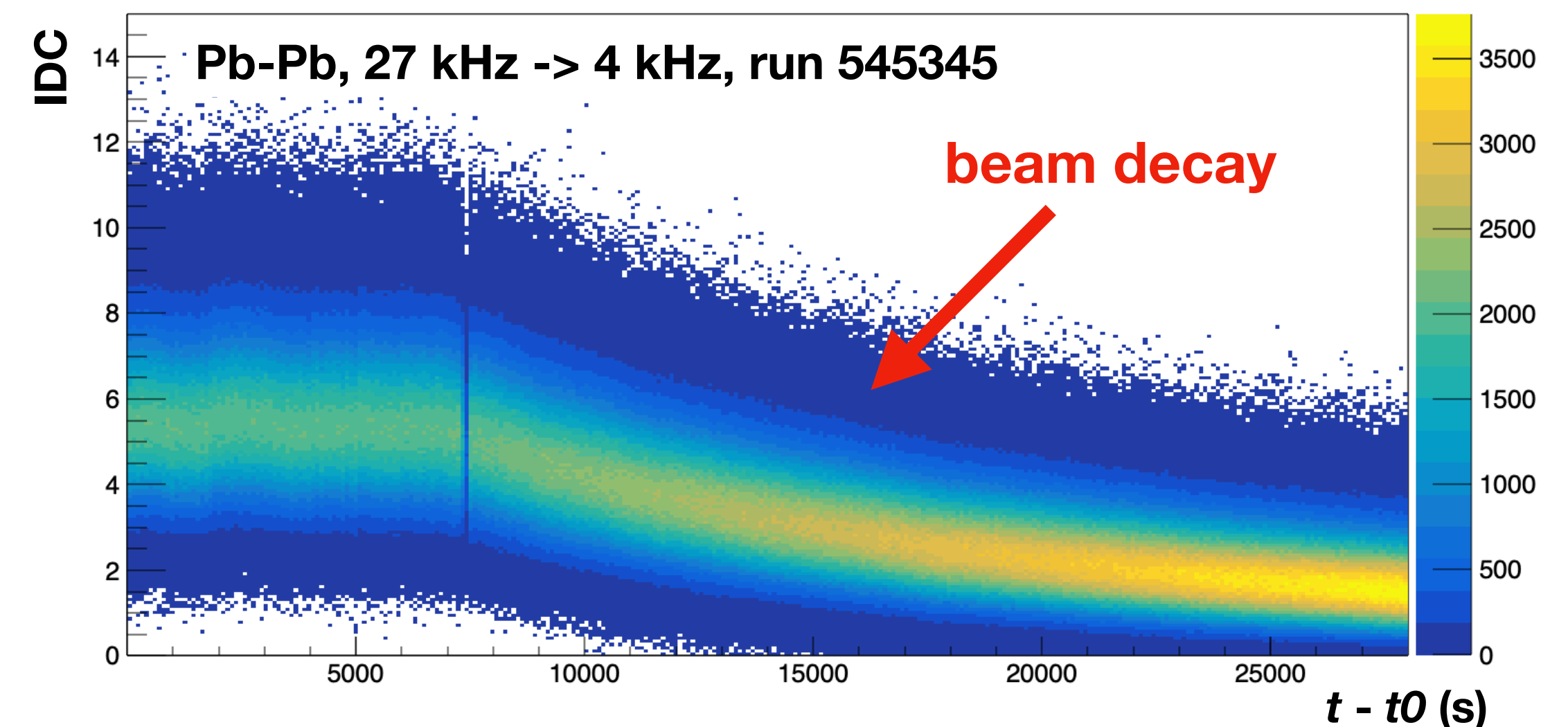
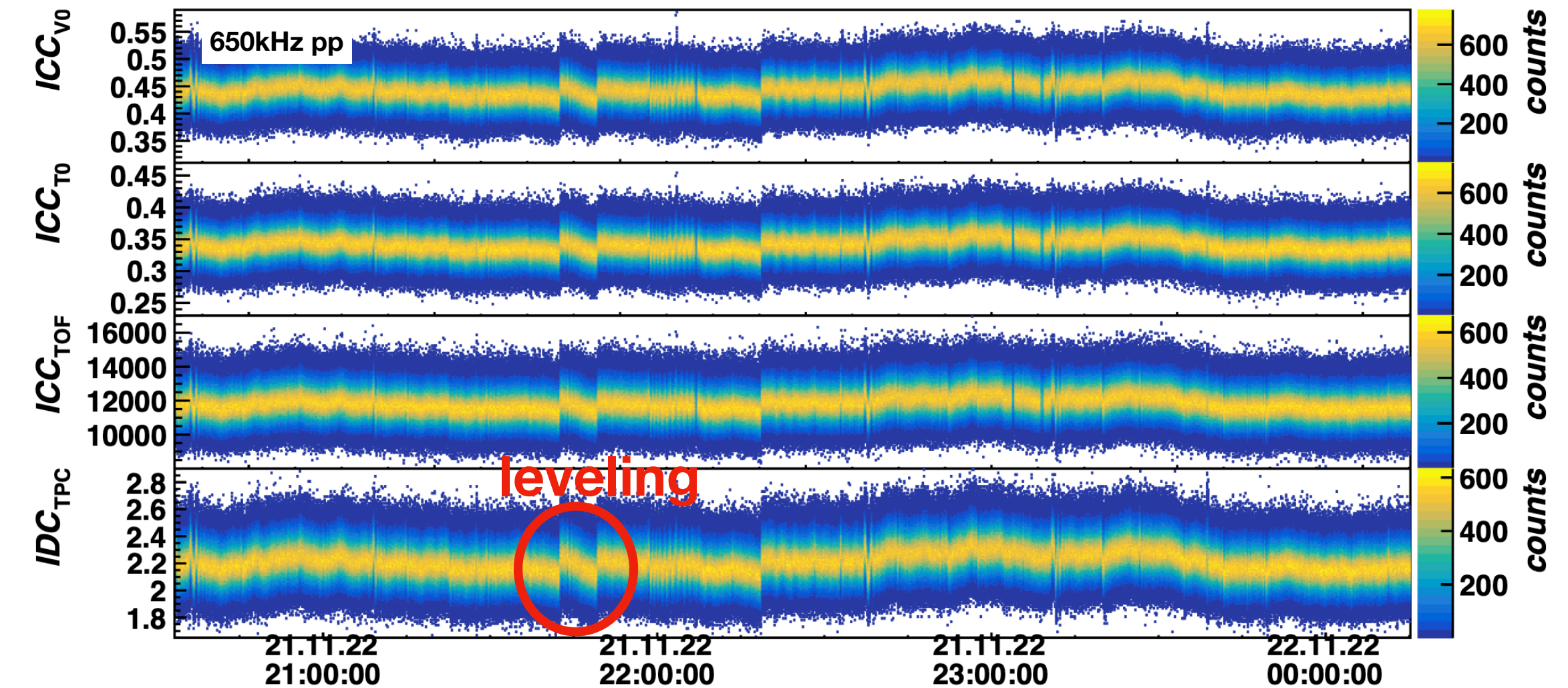
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Integrated cluster currents (ICCs)

- TOF, FT0, FV0, FDD
- Integration of reconstructed clusters

Integrated currents

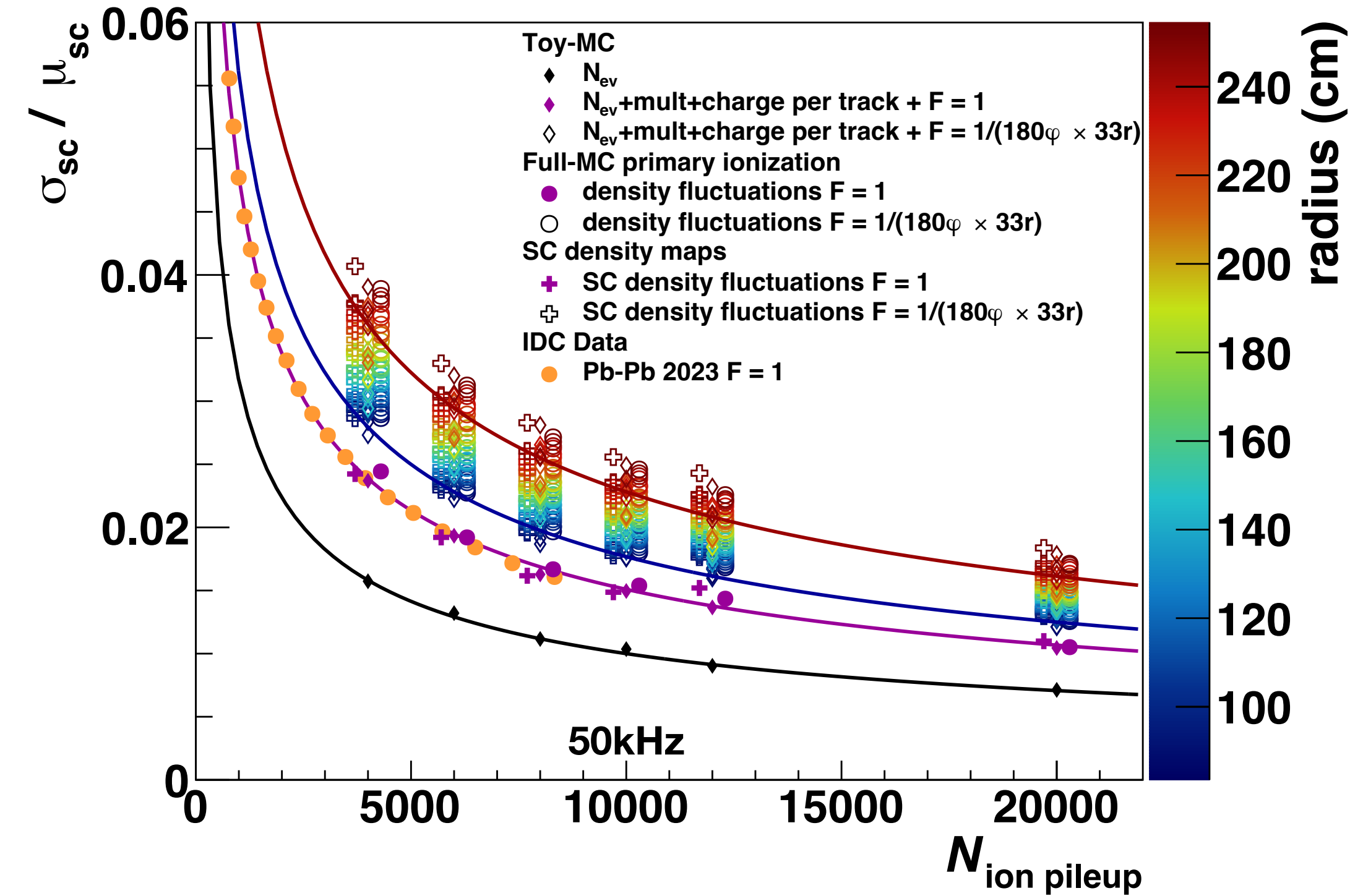
- Online processed
 - Storage in the CCDB (calibration database)
- Input for corrections
 - Beam decay, levelling, space-charge distortion fluctuations



Space-charge density fluctuations

Space-charge density dependencies

1. Number of ion pile-up events (Poisson distribution)
 2. Primary + secondary track multiplicity per event
 3. Number of tracks for volume element
 4. Energy loss per track
- Analytical formula agrees well with fluctuations from MC
 - Fluctuations of ~2% expected at 50 kHz Pb-Pb
- ➔ Distortion fluctuations ($\mathcal{O}(\text{mm})$)



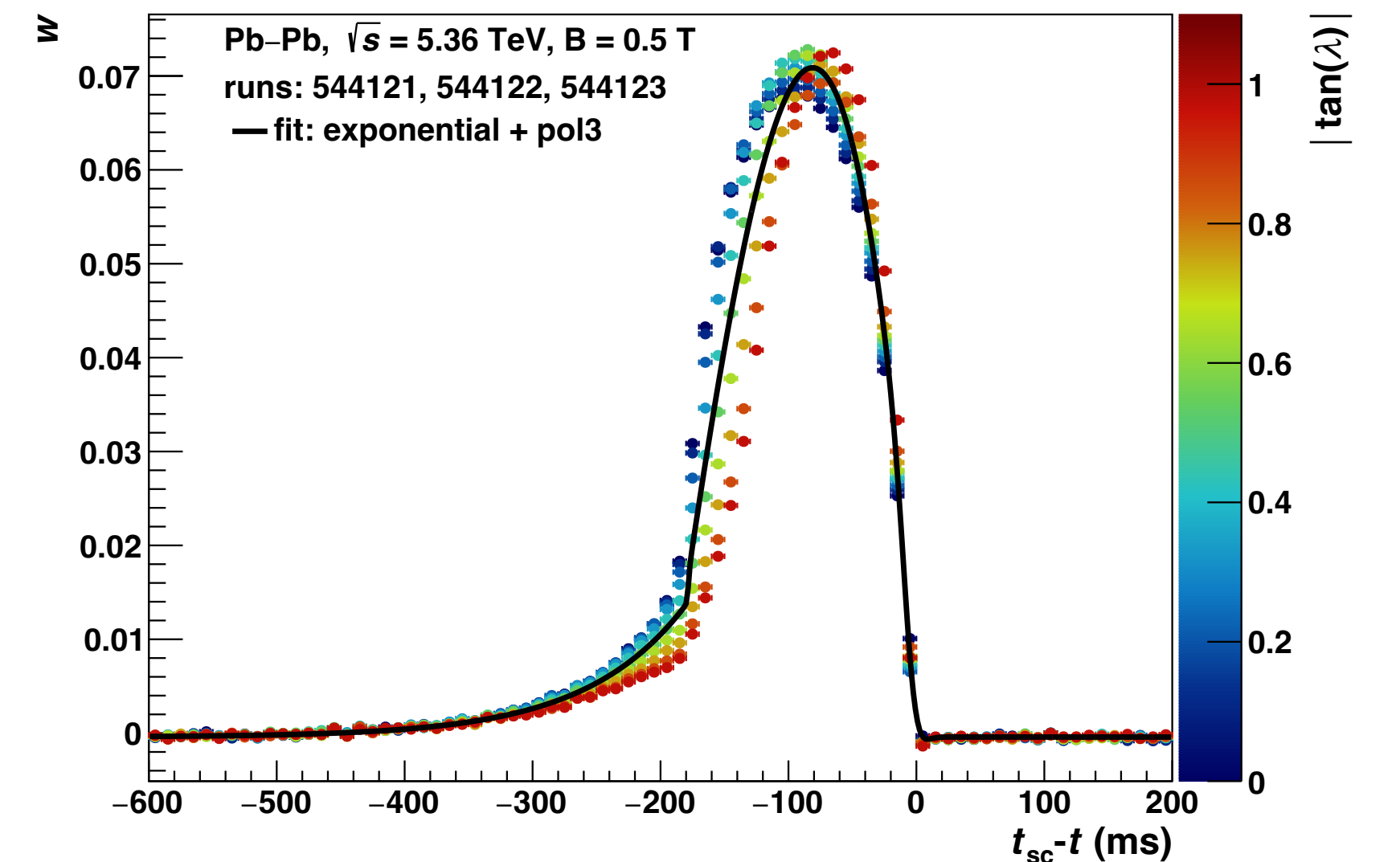
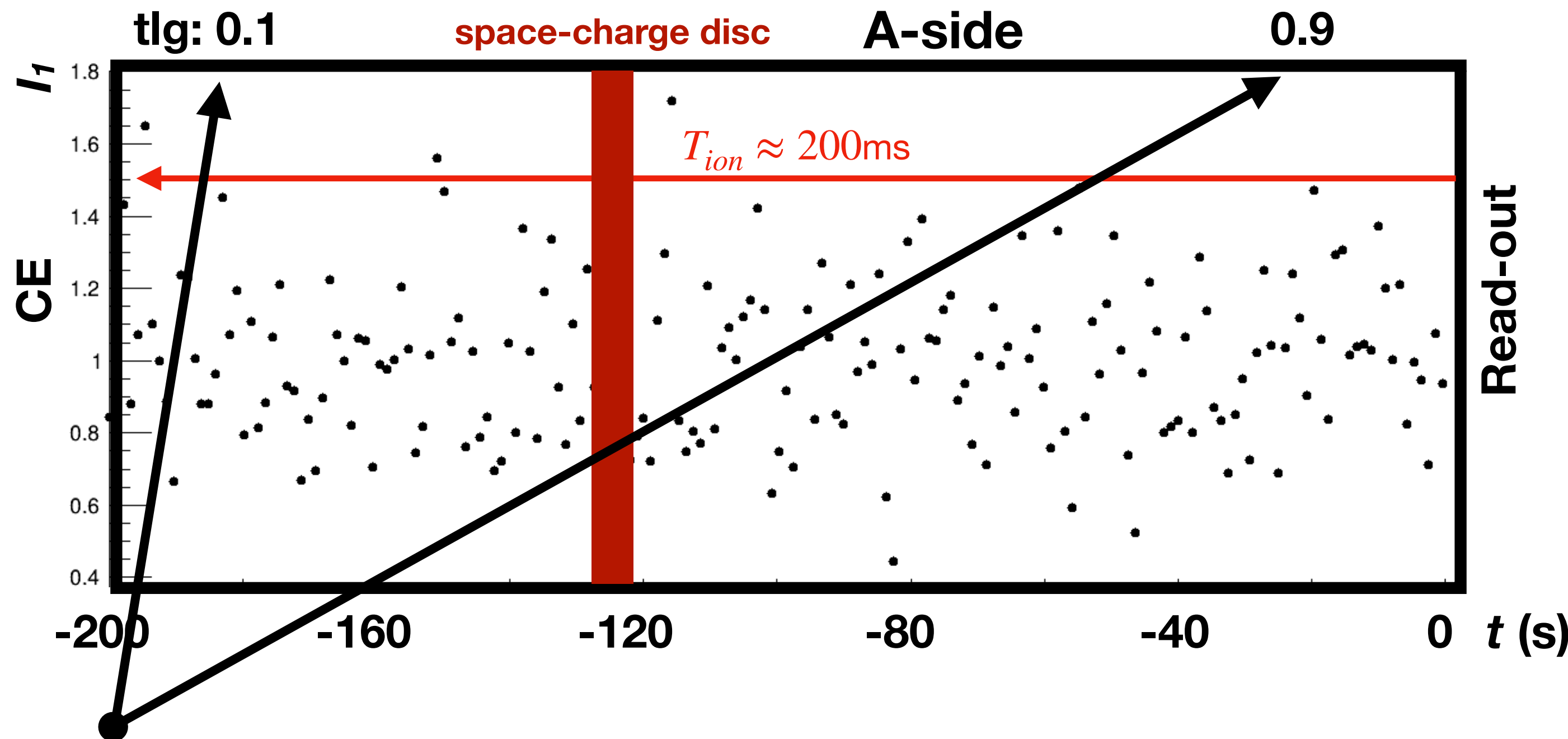
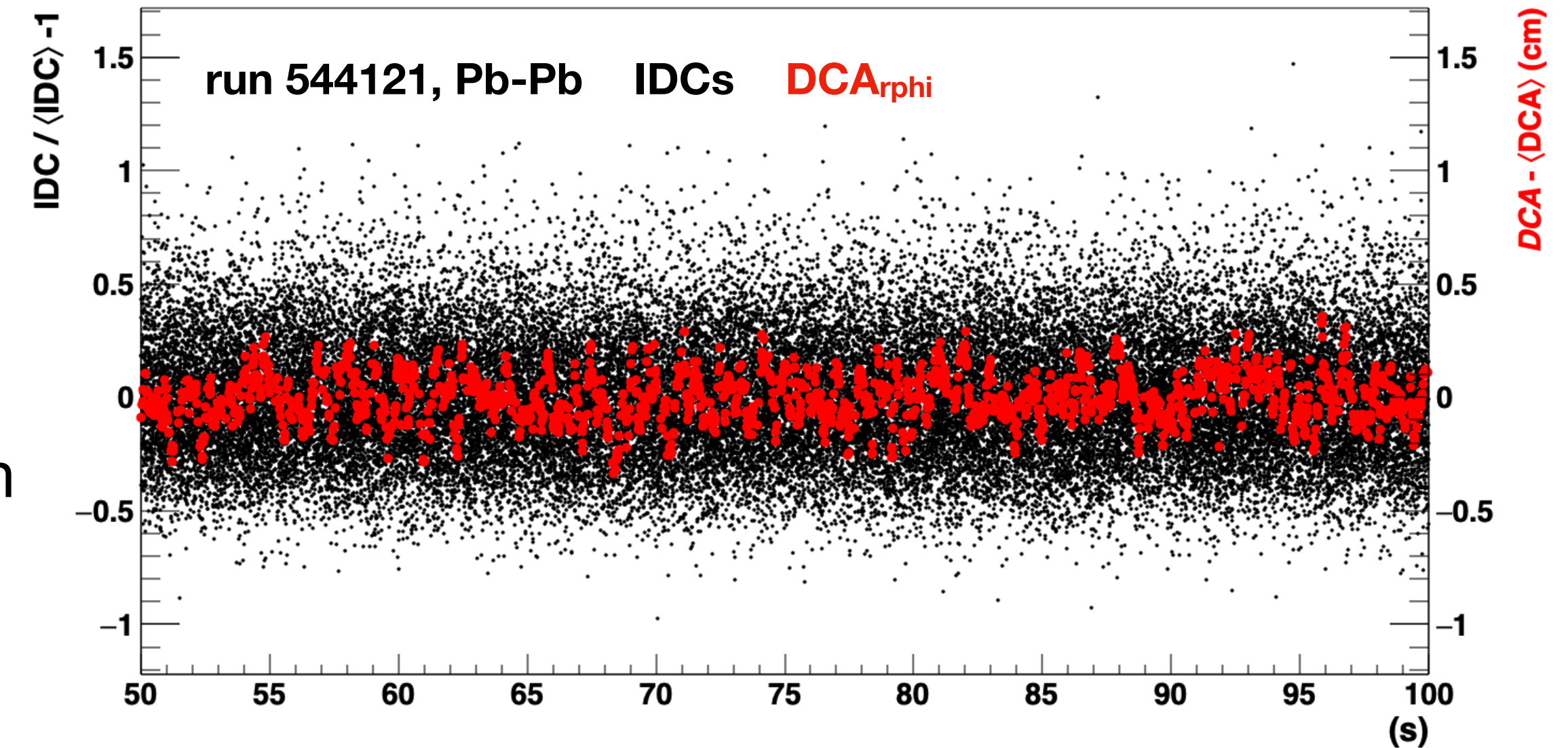
$$\frac{\sigma_{sc}}{\mu_{sc}} = \underbrace{\frac{1}{\sqrt{N_{ion\ pileup}}}}_{(1)} \sqrt{1 + \underbrace{\left(\frac{\sigma_{N_{mult,prim}}}{\mu_{N_{mult,prim}}} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\sigma_{N_{mult,relsec}}}{\mu_{N_{mult,relsec}}} \right)^2}_{(2)} + \frac{1}{\left(F_{prim}(r) \cdot \mu_{N_{mult,prim}} + F_{sec}(r) \cdot \mu_{N_{mult,sec}} \right)} \left[\underbrace{1}_{(3)} + \underbrace{\left(\frac{\sigma_{Q_{track,prim}}(r)}{\mu_{Q_{track,prim}}(r)} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\sigma_{Q_{track,sec}}(r)}{\mu_{Q_{track,sec}}(r)} \right)^2}_{(4)} \right]$$



Space-charge distortion fluctuations correction

DCA as a proxy of distortions and corrections

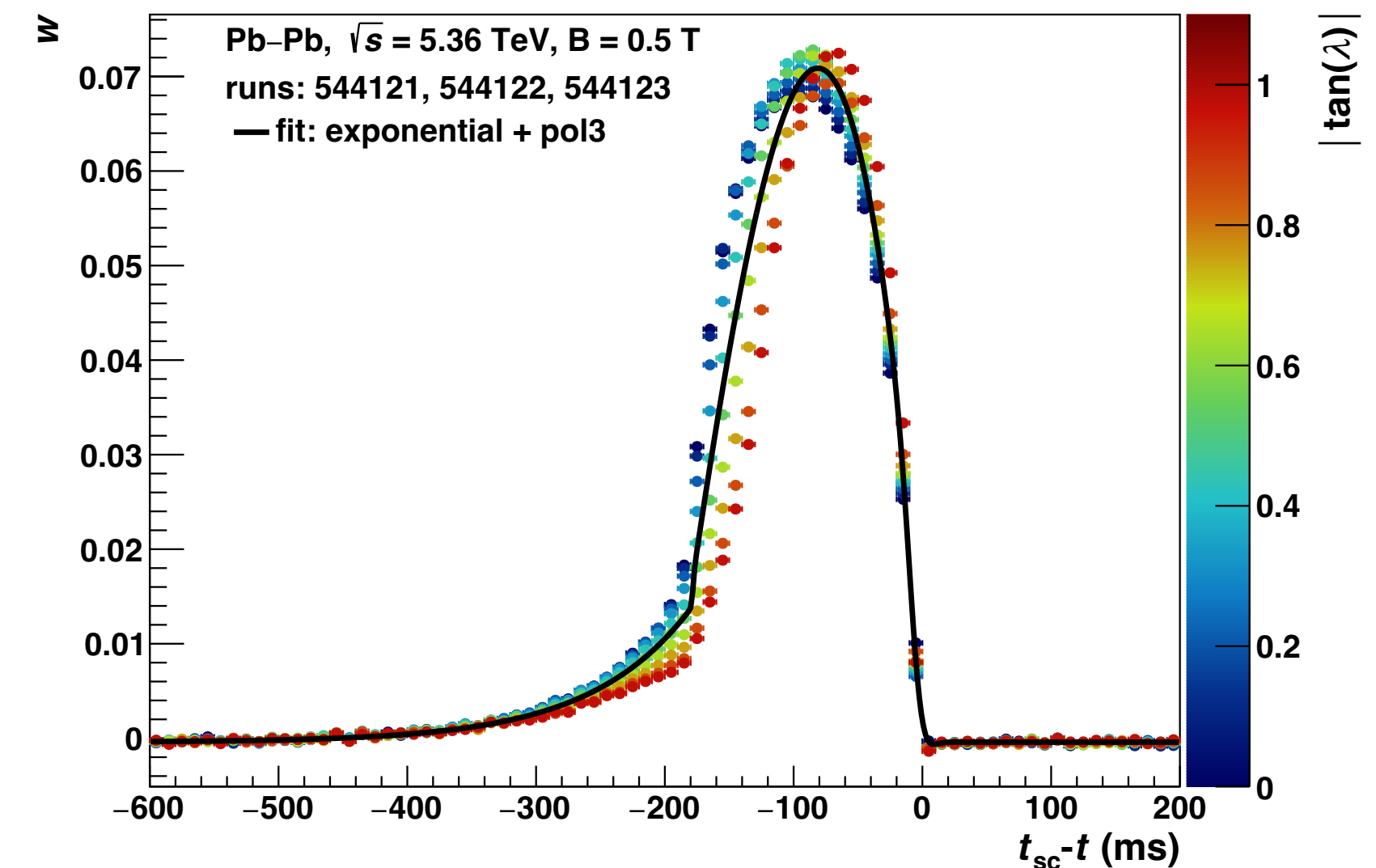
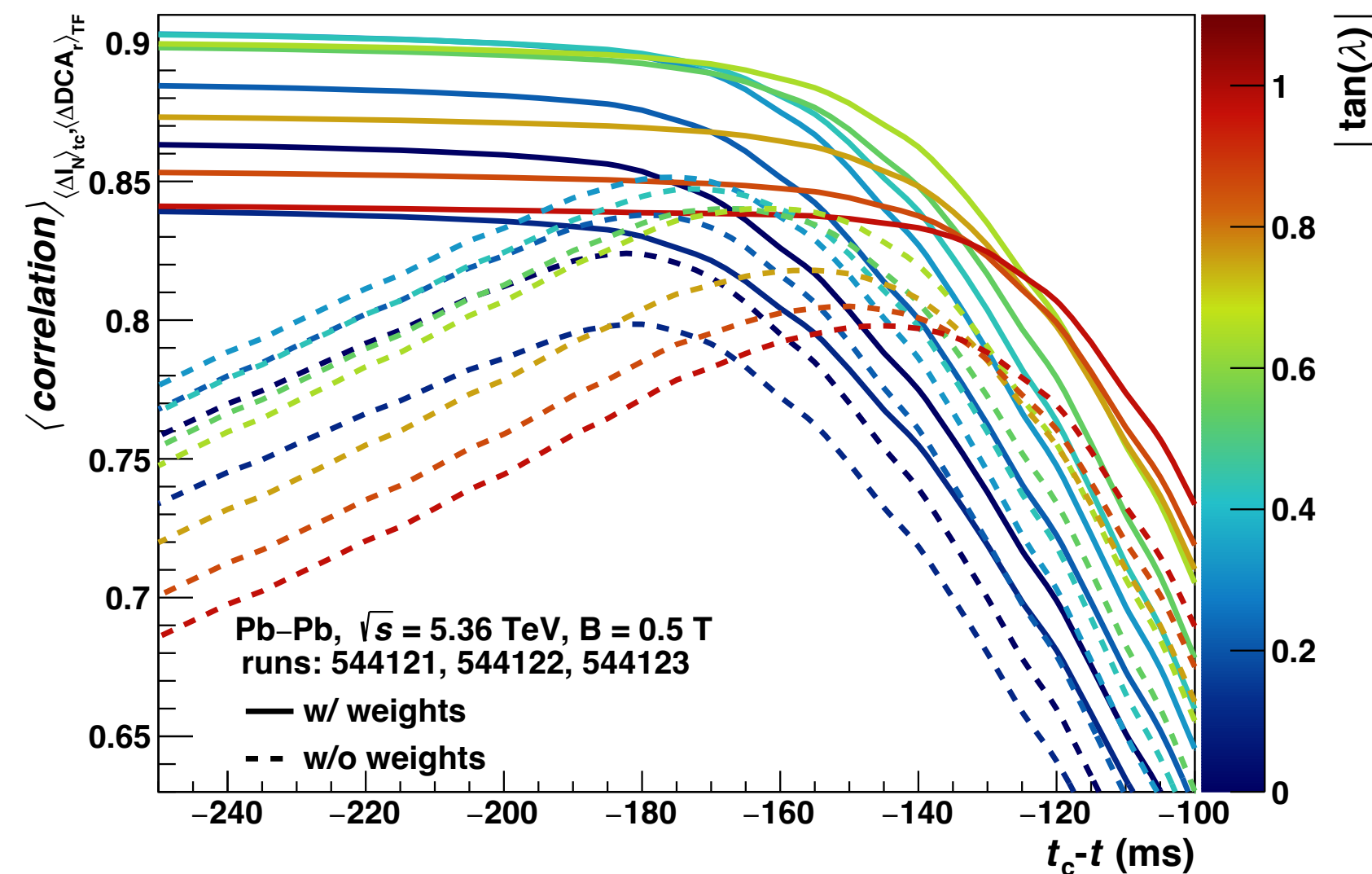
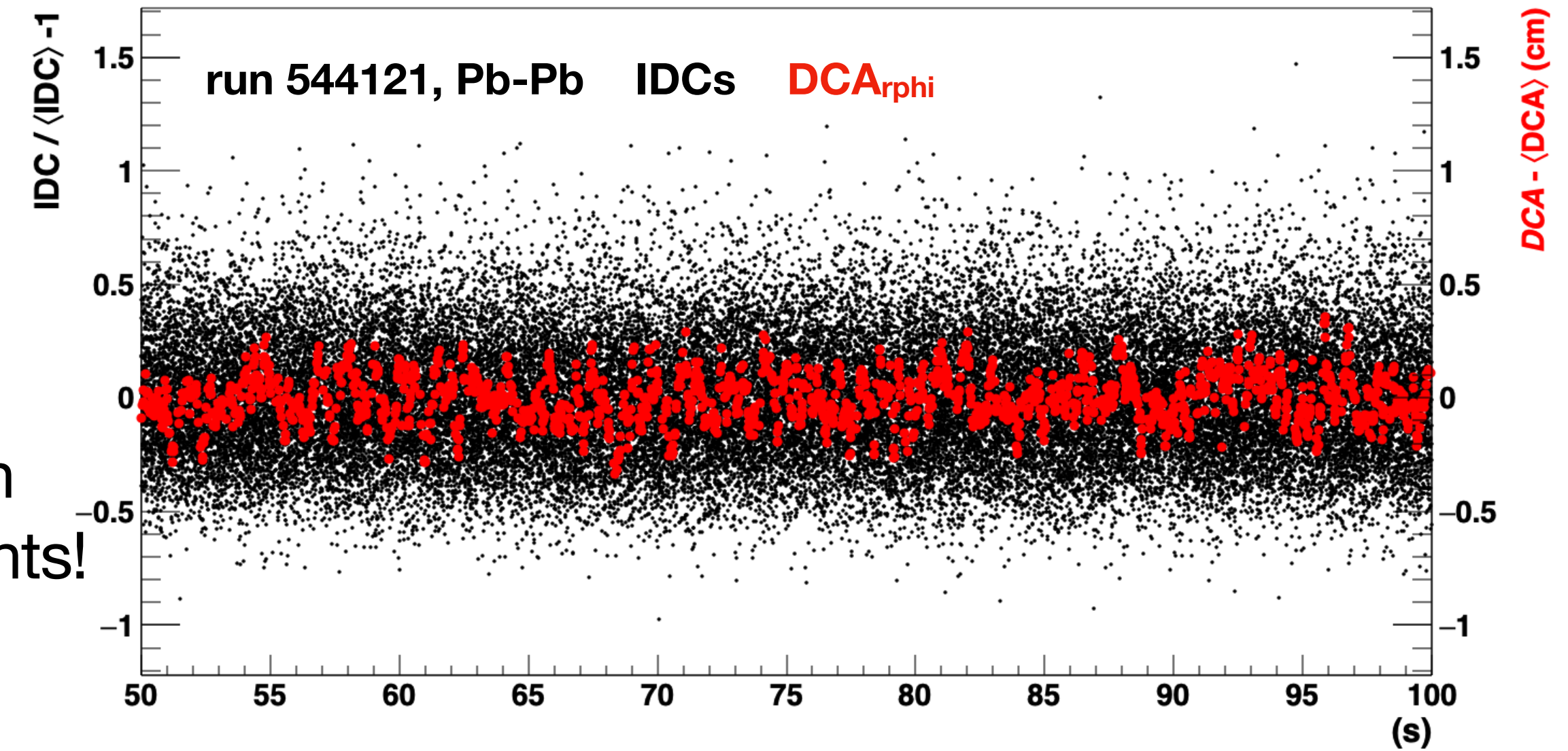
- Extrapolation of (distorted) TPC tracks to primary vertex
 - Average DCA as a function of tgl (~3ms)
- Monitoring of distortions as a function of time and tgl
- Correlation of $\langle \text{DCA} \rangle$ with IDCs from past
 - Weight (w) how much each IDC contributes to distortion



Space-charge distortion fluctuations correction

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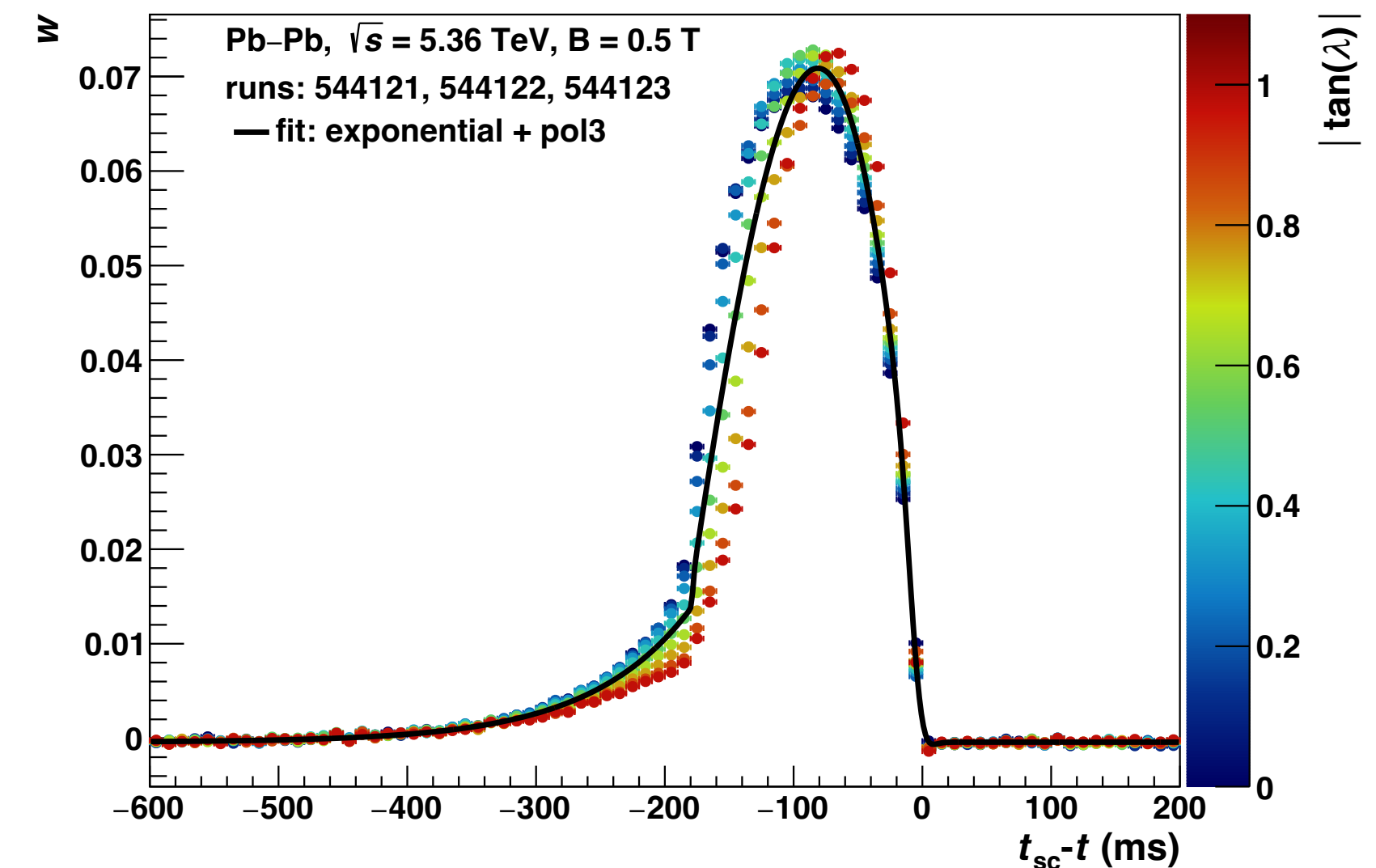
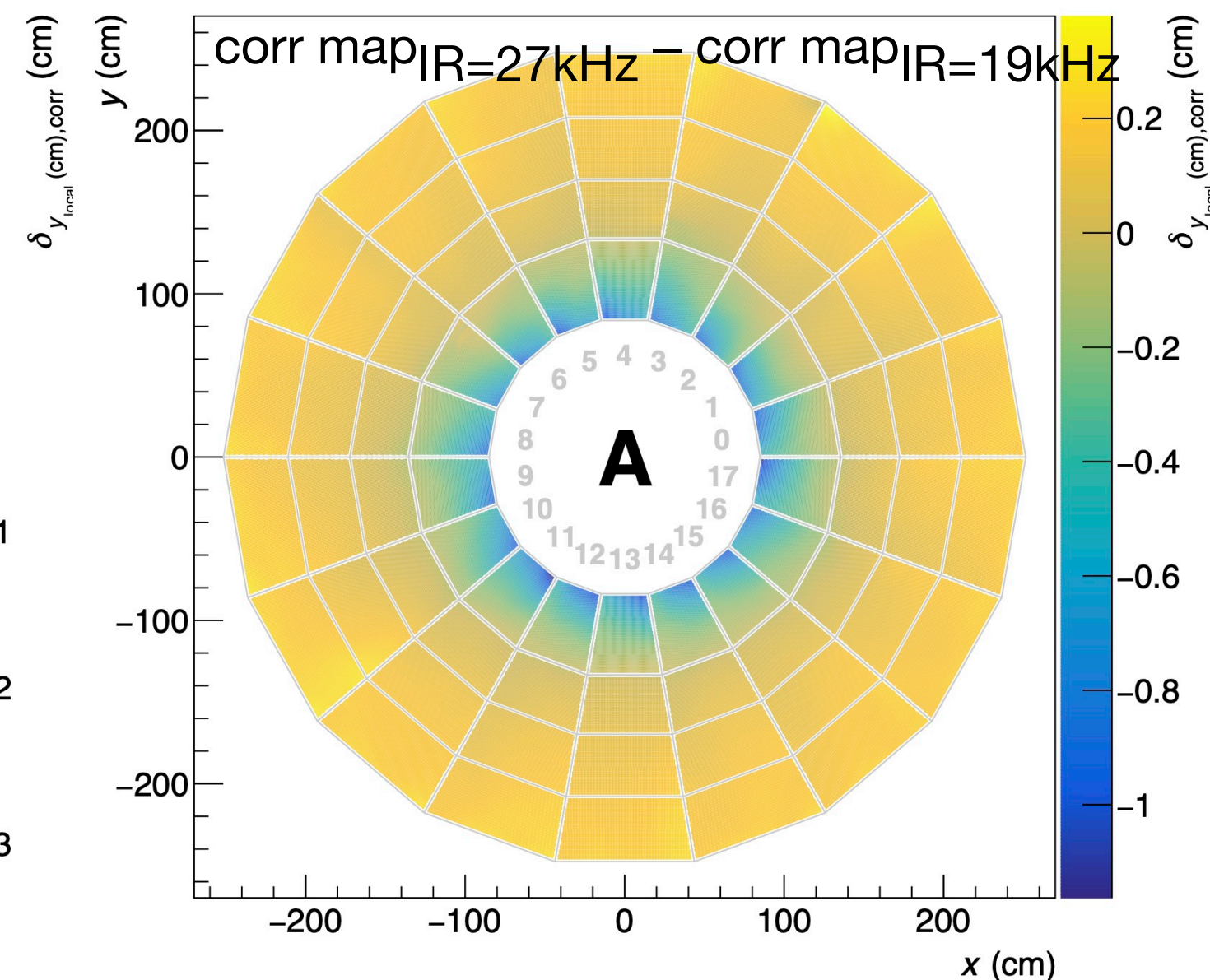
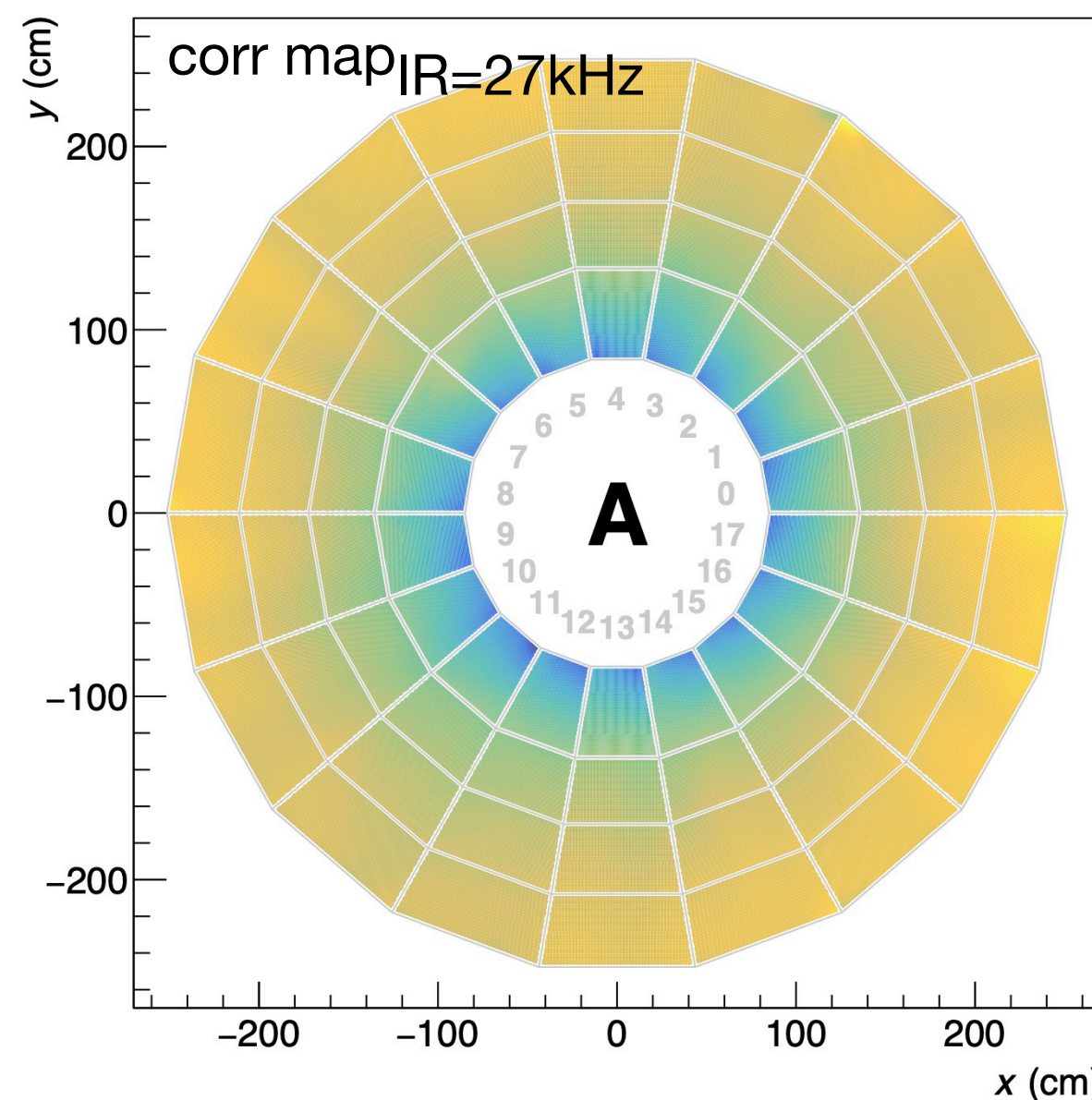
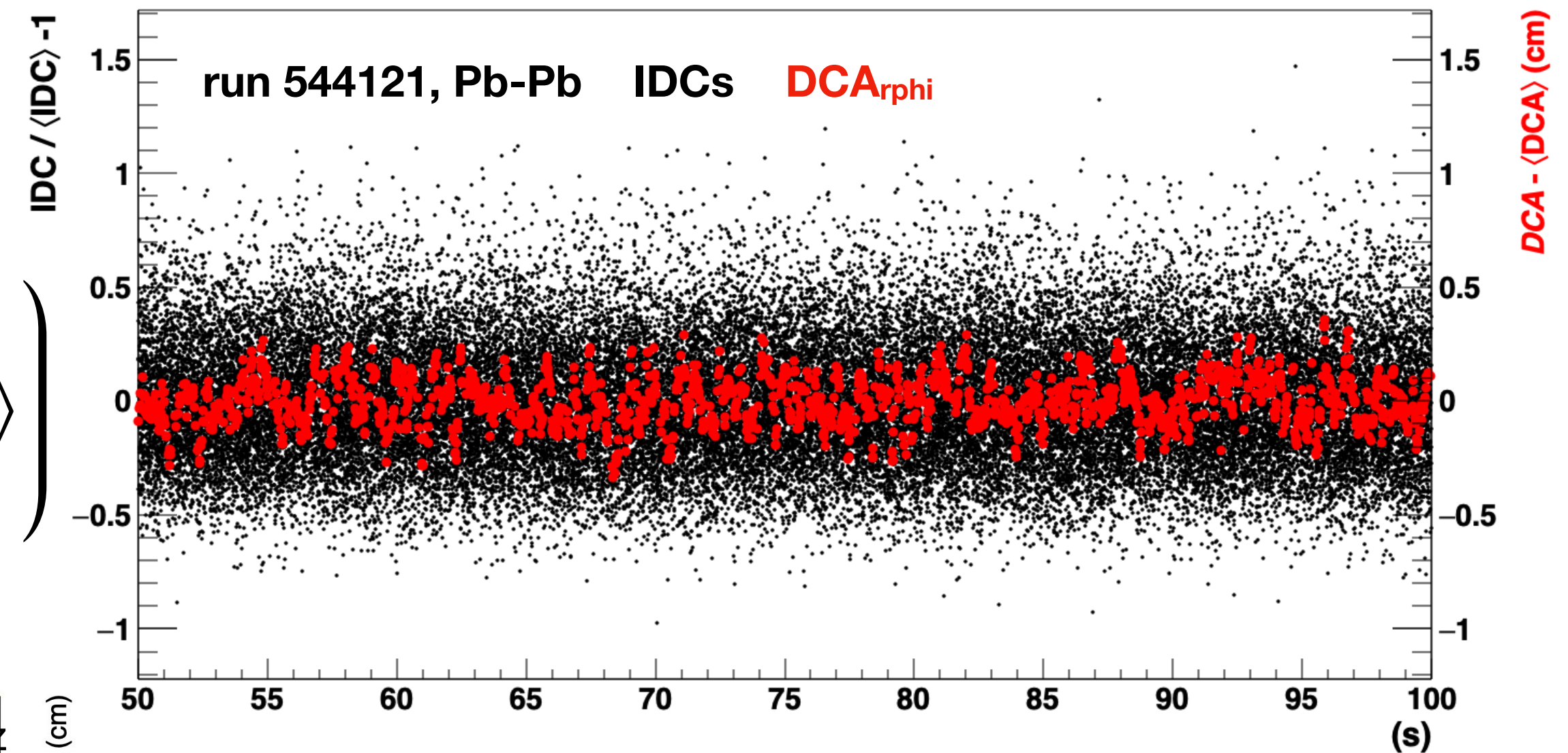
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 - Weight (w) how much each IDC contributes to distortion
- Better correlation of IDCs to DCAs when considering weights!



Space-charge distortion fluctuations correction

Composition of correction map

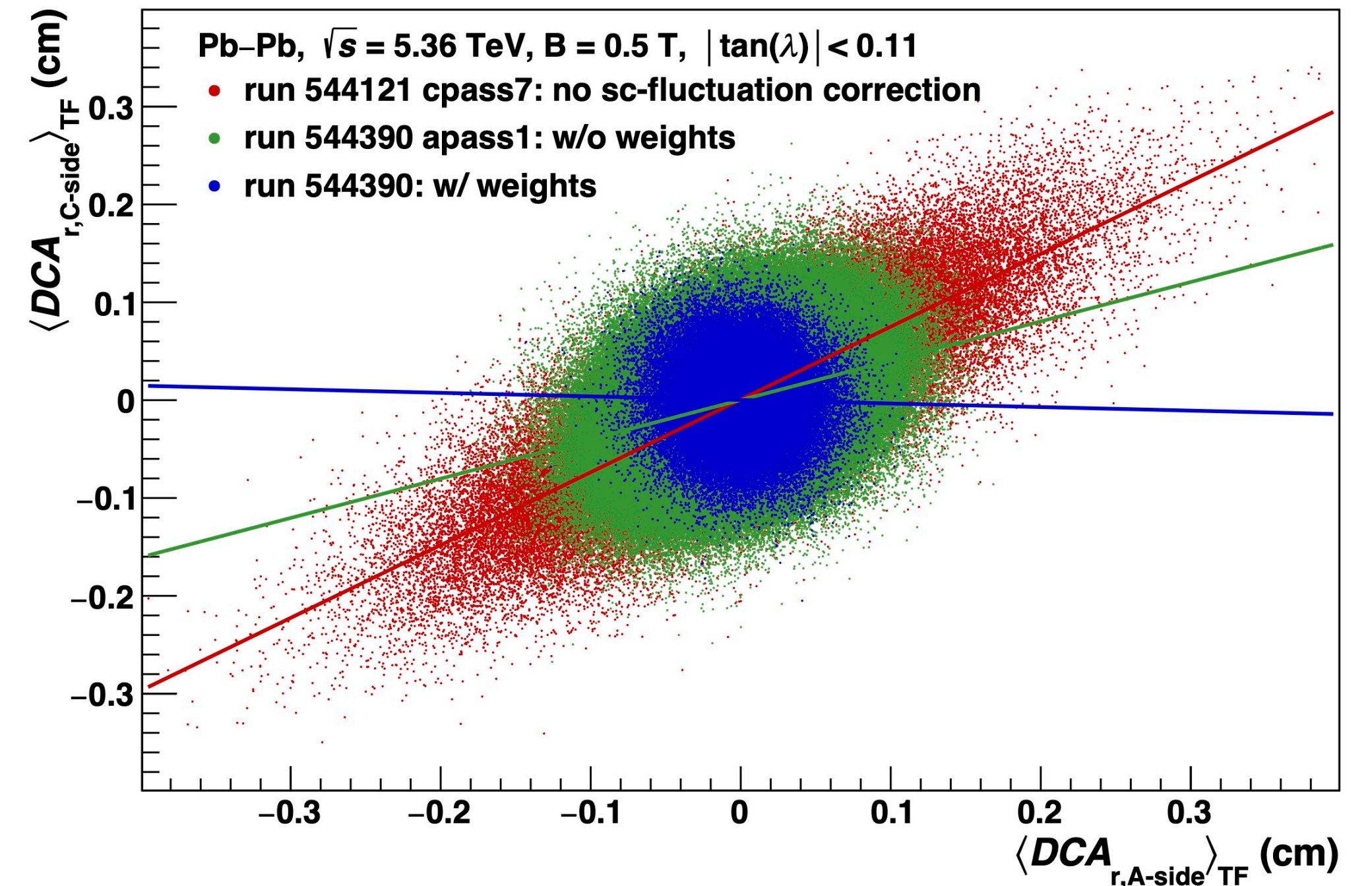
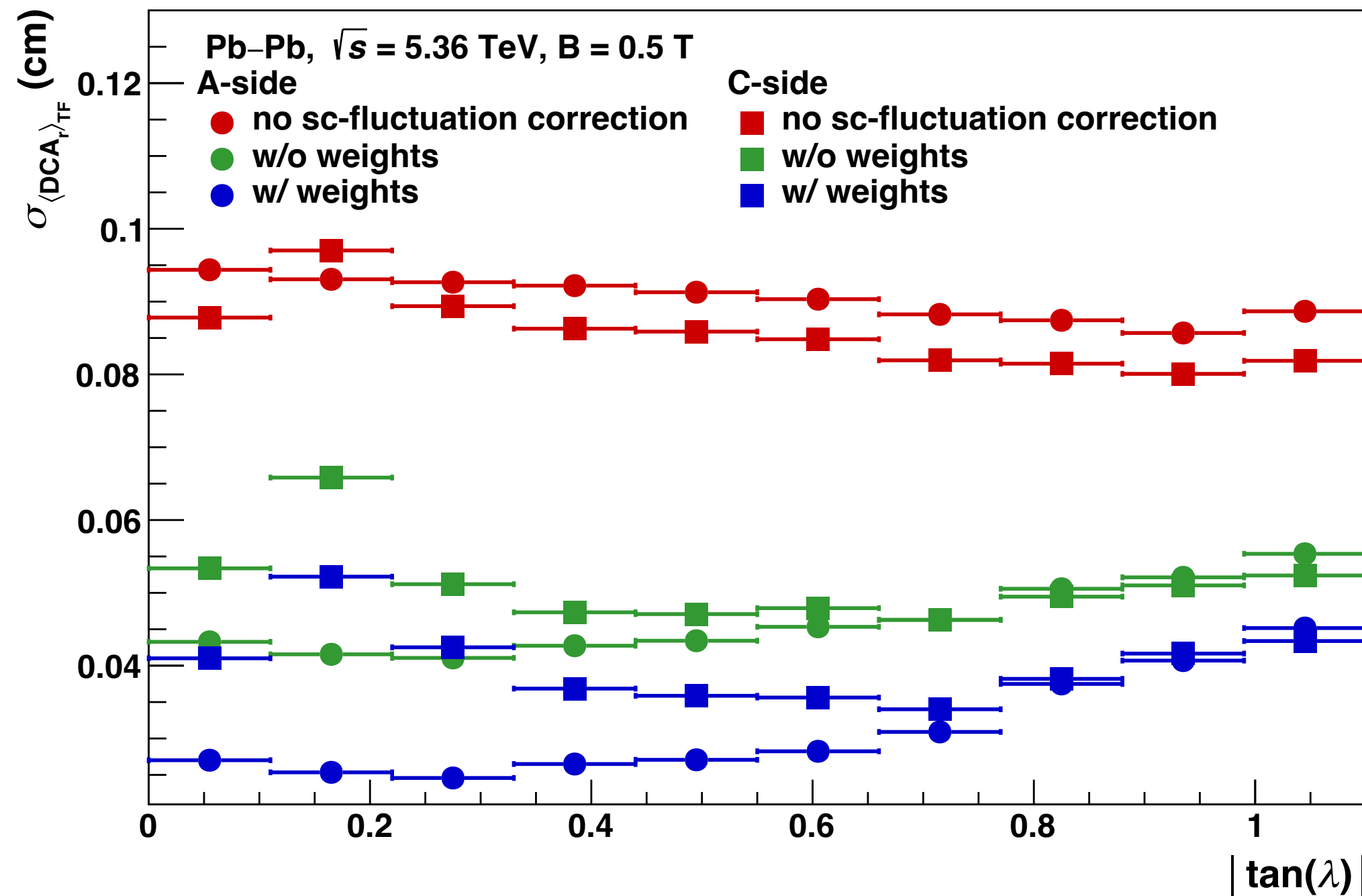
- Derivative correction map: $M_{\Delta} = \frac{M_{\text{avg}+} - M_{\text{avg}-}}{\langle I_{N,\text{avg}+} \rangle - \langle I_{N,\text{avg}-} \rangle}$
- $M(t) = M_{\text{avg}} + M_{\Delta} \cdot \left(\frac{\sum_{t_{\text{SC}}=t_C}^t w(t_{\text{SC}} - t, z) \cdot I_N(t_{\text{SC}})}{\sum_{t_{\text{SC}}=t_C}^t w(t_{\text{SC}} - t, z)} - \langle I_{N,\text{avg}} \rangle \right)$



Space-charge distortion fluctuations correction

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Summary

Space-charge distortions

- 50 kHz Pb-Pb: ~15 cm distortions
- 500 kHz pp: ~3 cm distortions
- Correction with data driven ITS-TPC map
- Space-charge density fluctuations and LHC beam variations
 - Scaling of space-charge correction map with weighted IDCs
- Others sources of distortions are also very important!