

# Application of Particle Transformer to quark flavor tagging in the ILC project

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# Physics fo Higgs Particle and flavor tagging

With more precise measurements of Higgs, the effects of SUSY and many other new TeV physics models can be seen.

- To precisely measure the coupling constants such as  $H \rightarrow bb, cc, gg, ss$ , etc., the performance of **flavor tagging** needs to be improved.

$$\kappa = \frac{g_x}{g_x^{SM}} = 1 + \Delta\kappa$$

$$\Delta\kappa \sim \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2}\right)$$

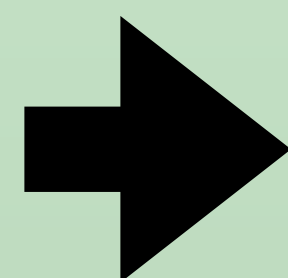
e.g. new physics at 1 TeV

→ expected  $\sim 6\%$  offset

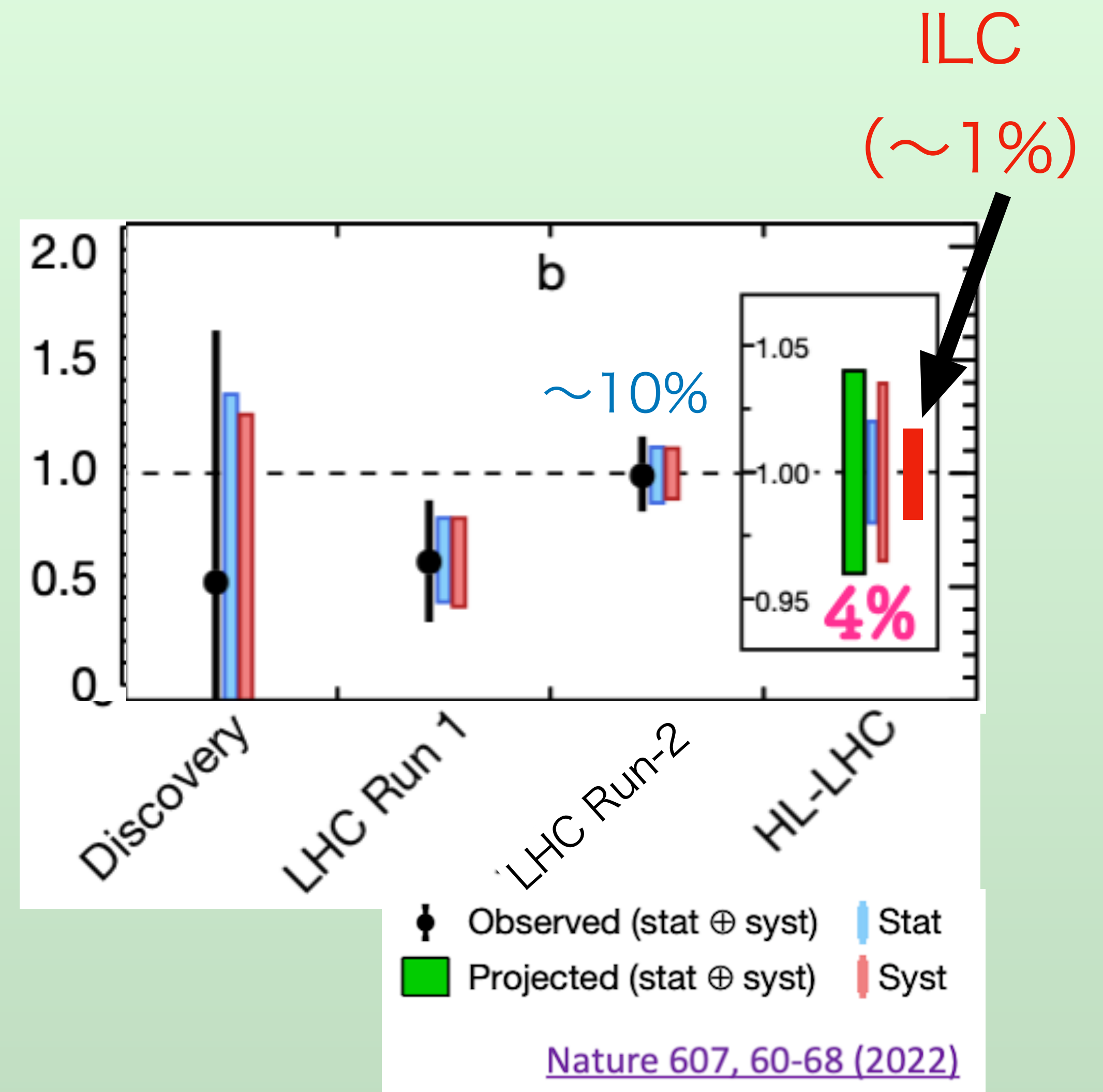
→ Accuracy of about **1%** required

$H \rightarrow bb$  :

**LHC Run-2 (precision)**  
 $\sim 10\%$

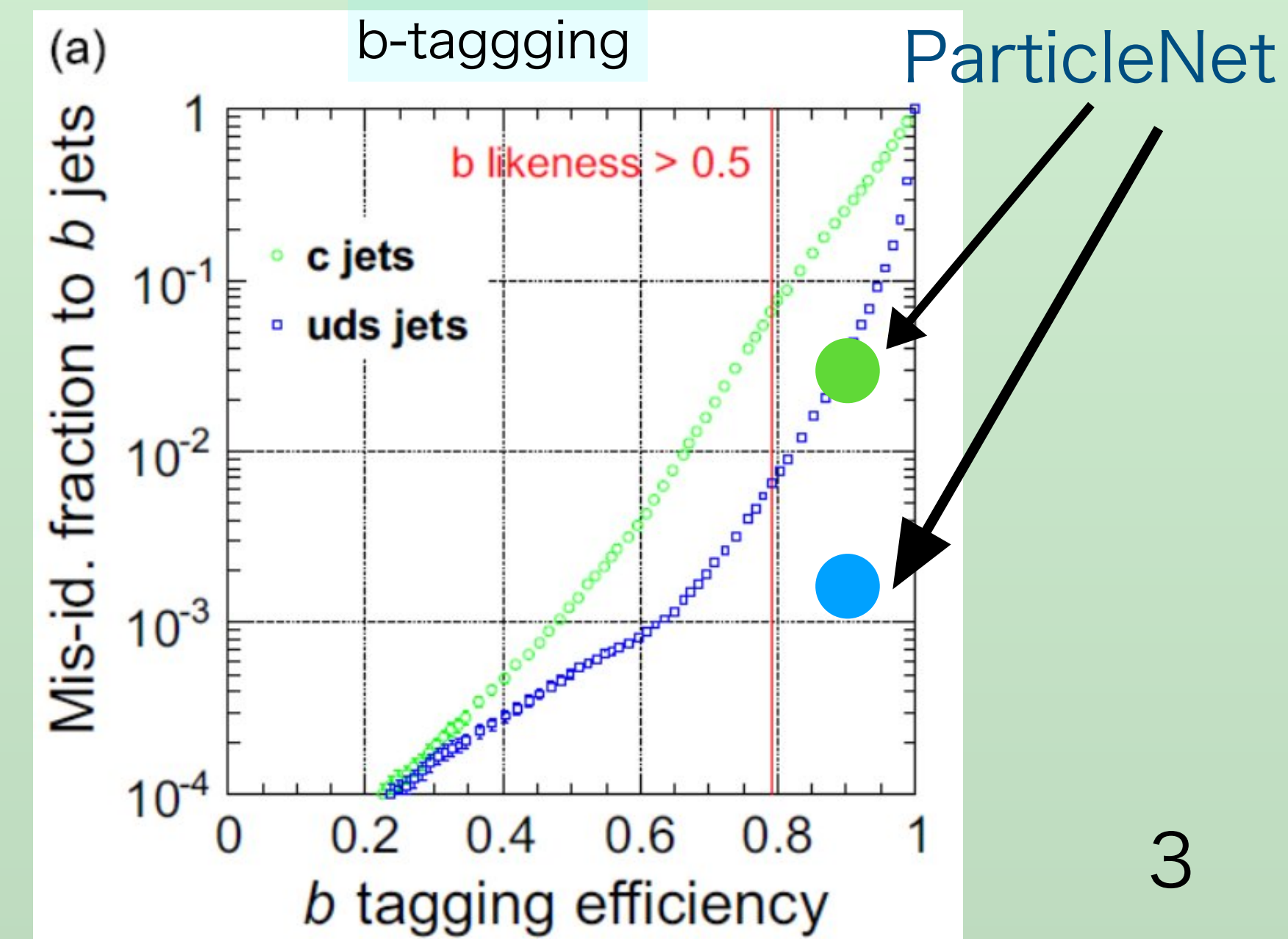
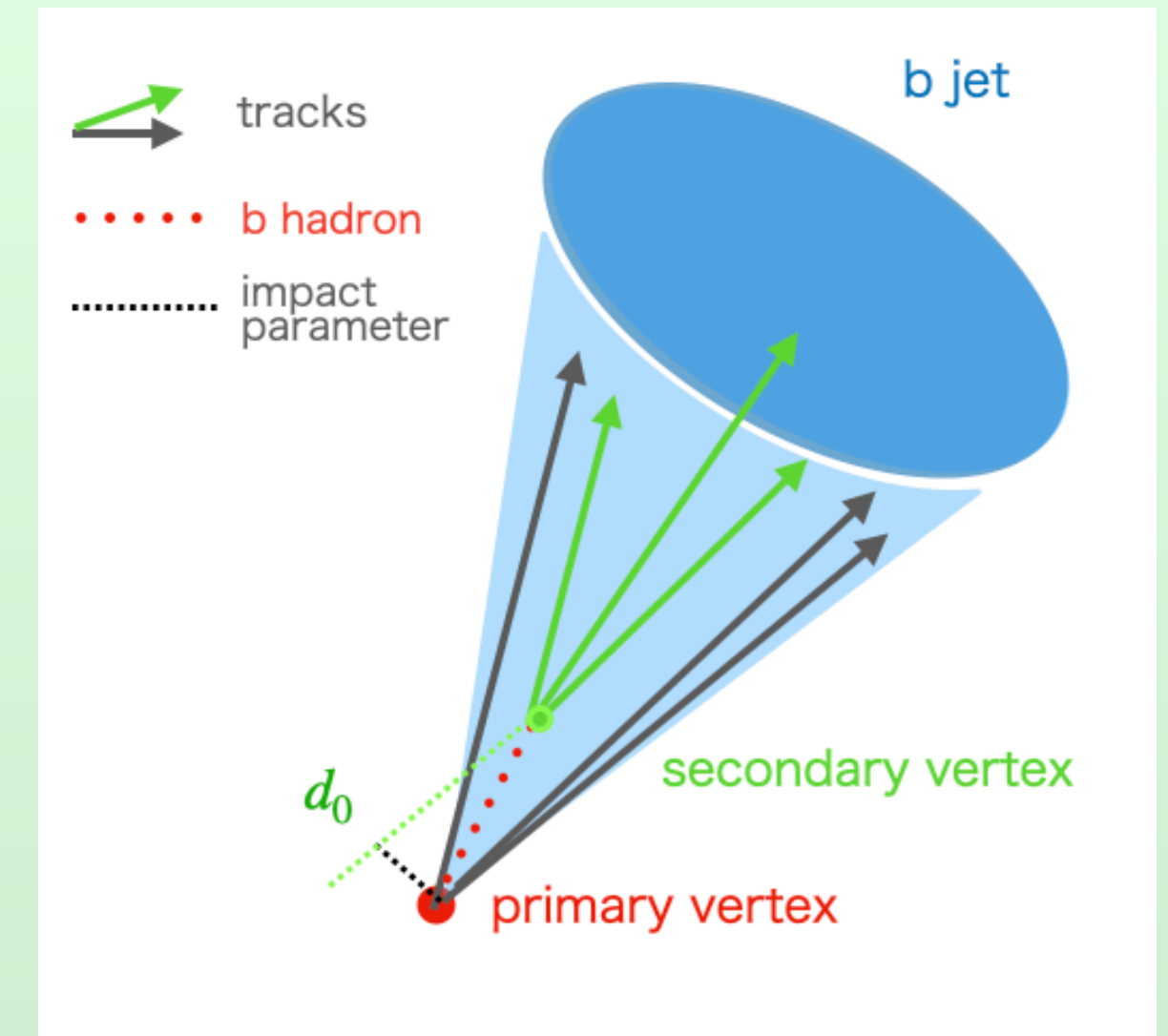


**ILC**  
 $\sim 1\%$



# Flavor tagging for Higgs factories

- For flavor tagging, the software **LCFIPlus** (published 2013) has been used in ILC/CLIC studies.
  - Flavor tagging using machine learning techniques (BDT)
  - b-tag:  $\sim 80\%$  eff., 10% c / 1% uds mis-ID
  - c-tag:  $\sim 50\%$  eff., 10% b / 2% uds mis-ID
- Recently FCCee's group reported this  $\sim 10$  times better performance.
  - Flavor tagging using **ParticleNet** (GNN)
  - the dataset used was fast simulation
- **Particle Transformer** (ParT) research is currently being conducted by a group at the LHC
  - ➔ Trying to improve the performance of flavor tagging by applying **ParT** to **full simulation data of ILC**





# Particle Transformer (ParT)

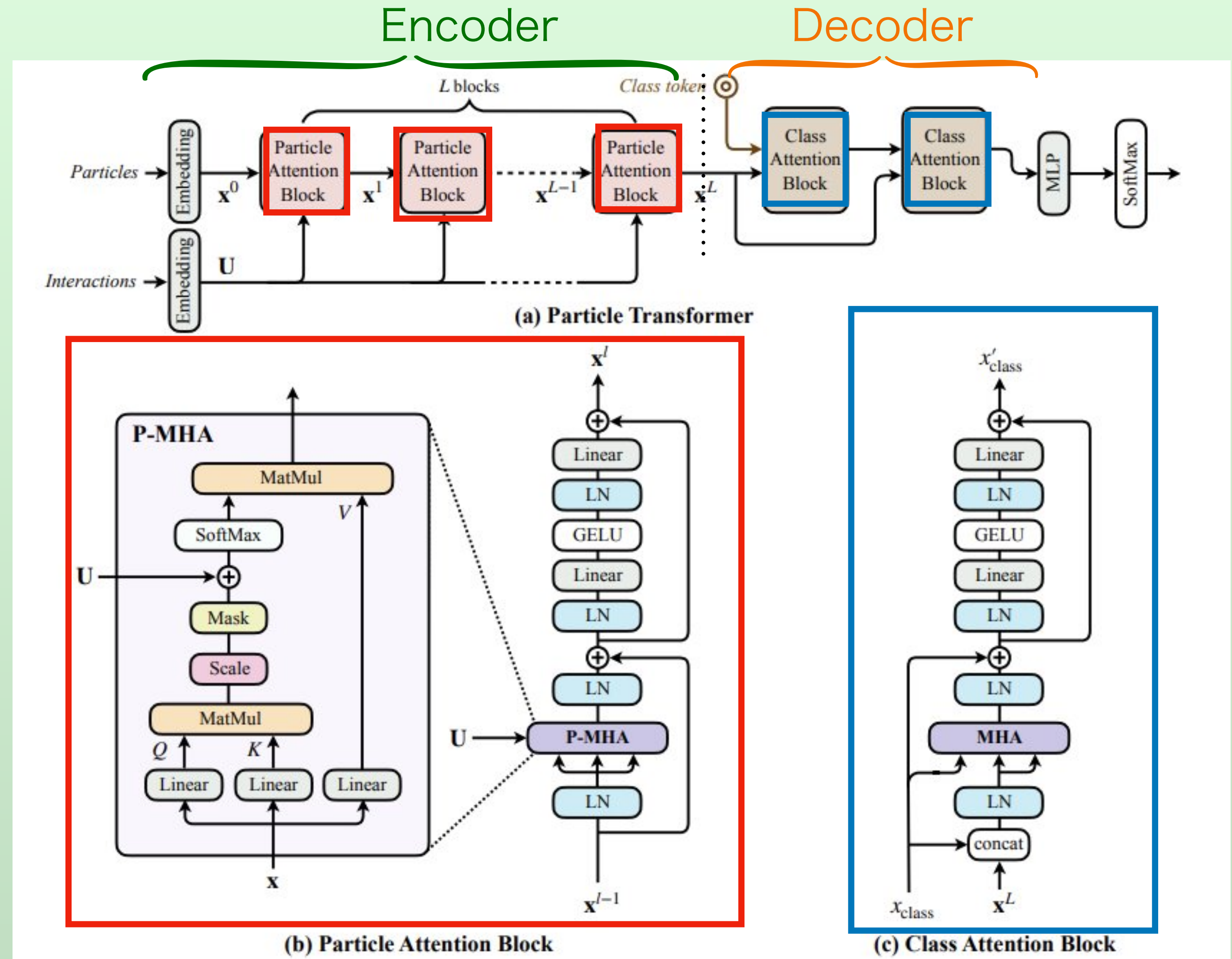
- **ParT** is a modified Transformer model for Jet research (published in 2022.)

- Considering the nature of Jet, input the physical quantity calculated from the quaternion momentum of two particles to Multihead attention.

- ParT has surpassed the performance of ParticleNet, which has been the highest-performing (arXiv: 2202.03772) .

Event classification for JetClass

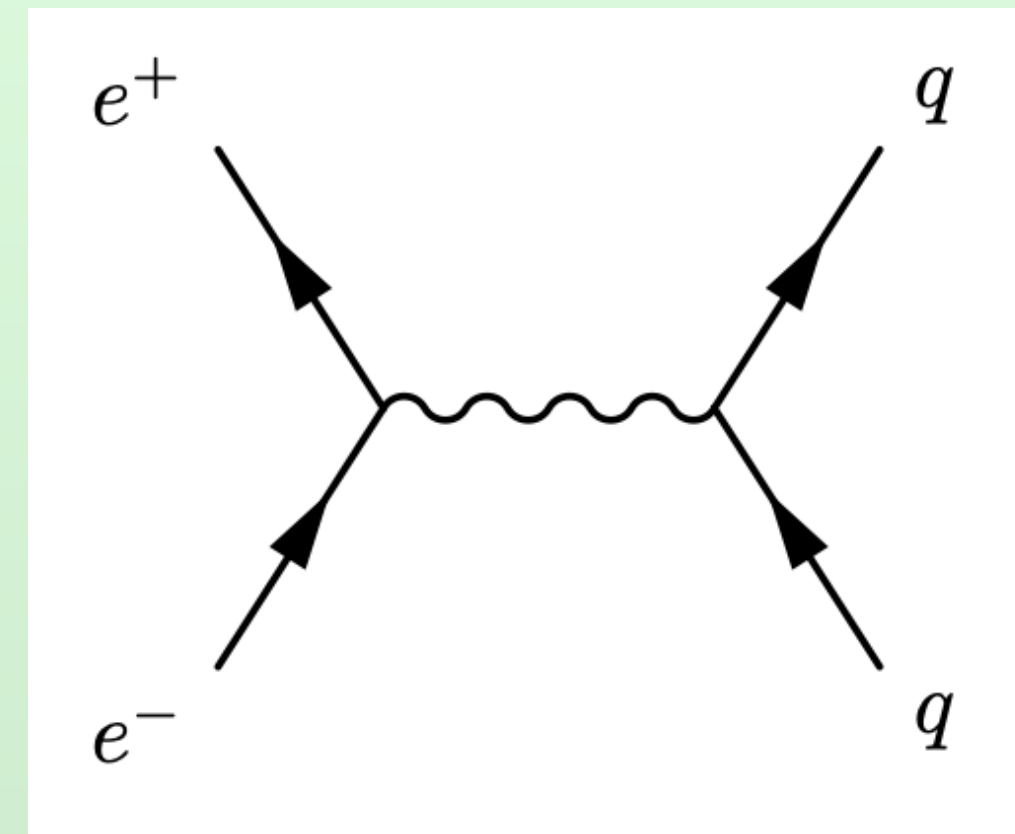
Event	H→bb Rej. 50%	H→cc Rej. 50%
Particle Net	0.013 %	0.04 %
ParT	0.0094%	0.024%



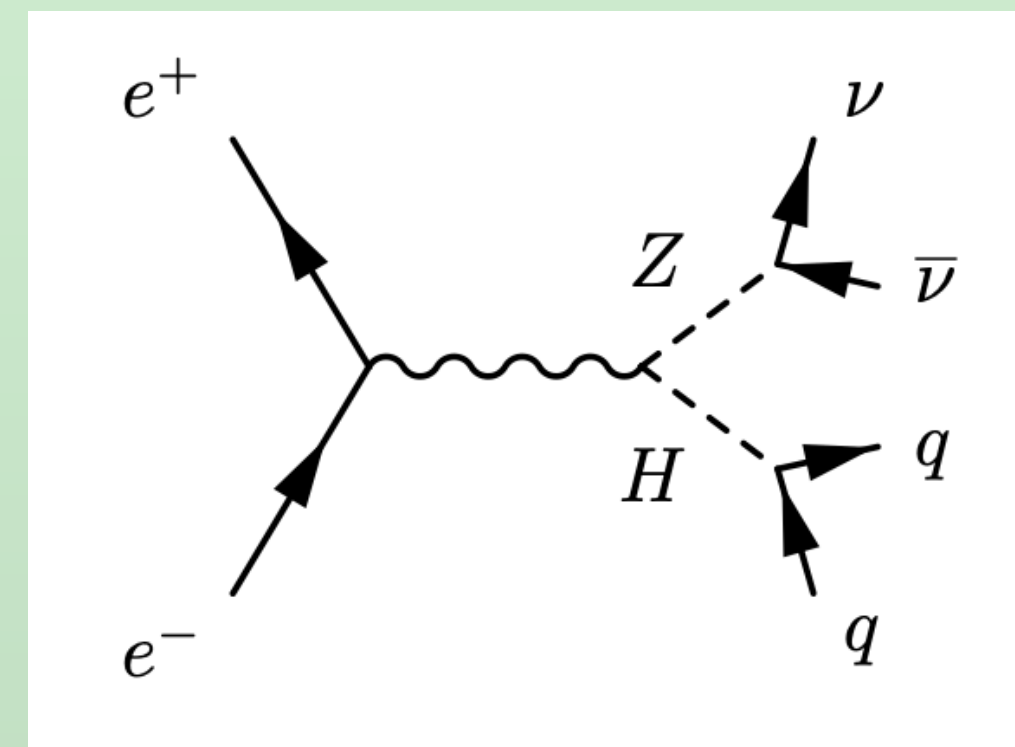
Application ParT for ILD datasets

# Dataset

- The dataset used for this study was the **ILD full simulation dataset**.
  - $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z \rightarrow qq$  (at 91 GeV, 1M jets)  
(Same as used in the LCFIPlus study)
  - $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$  ( $H \rightarrow qq$ ) (at 250 GeV, 1M jets)
- training 80%, validation 5%, test 15%



$q = b, c, u, d, s$   
 $\nu = \text{neutrino}$

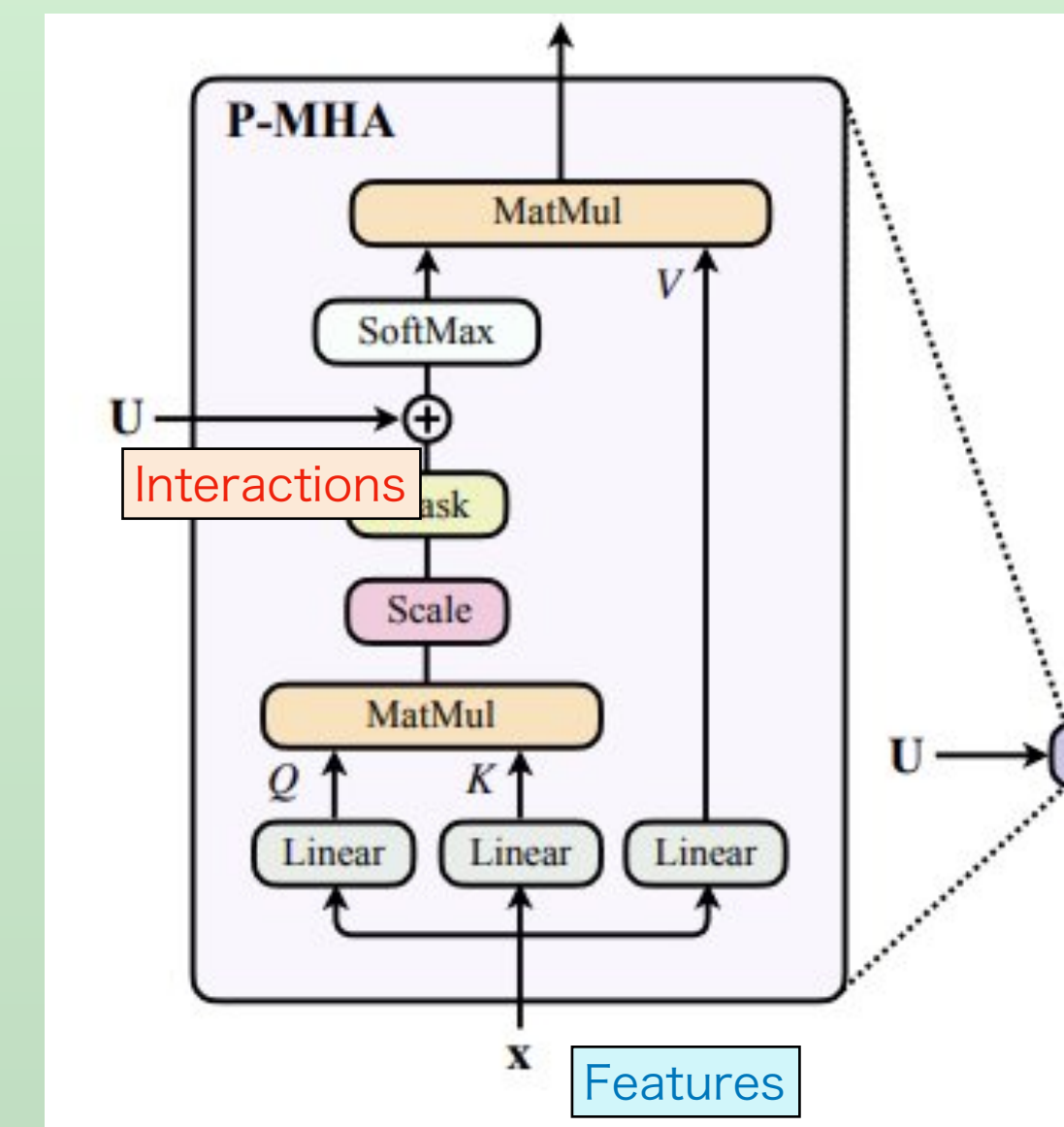
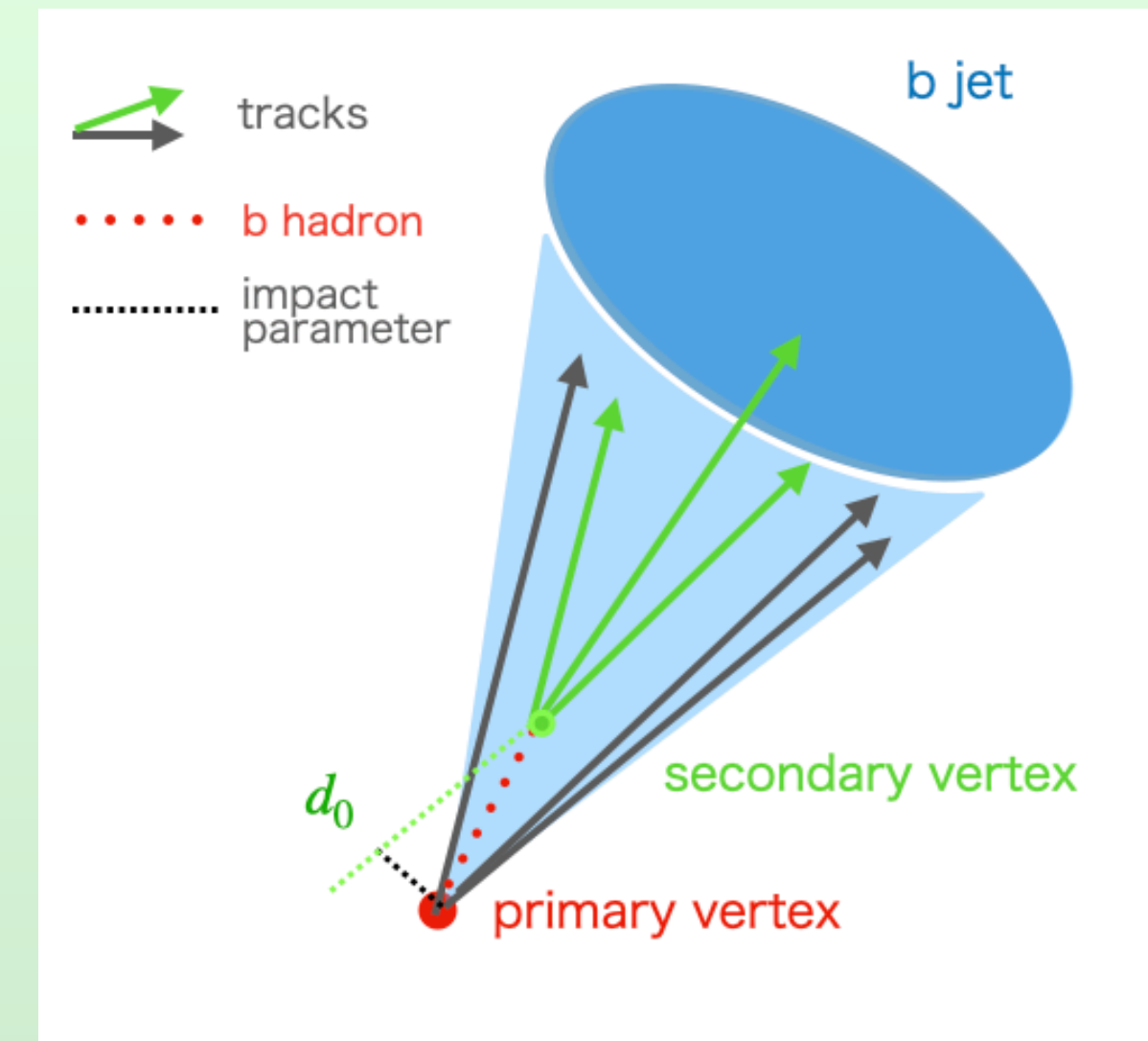


# Input variables

- **Features** (for each track/neutral)
  - Impact Parameter (6): Distance between primary vertex and track (2D/3D)
  - Particle ID (6) : Each particle's character is expressed as 0 or 1. (e, mu, charged hadron, gamma, neutral hadron)
  - Kinematic (4) : particle energy/jet energy etc.
  - Track Errors (15) : covariant matrix
  - Jet Distance (2) : Distance between jet axis and each track (2D/3D)

- **Interactions**

- Several variables calculated in pairs using quaternion momentum are listed as input variables
- Add as MASK in the middle of attention





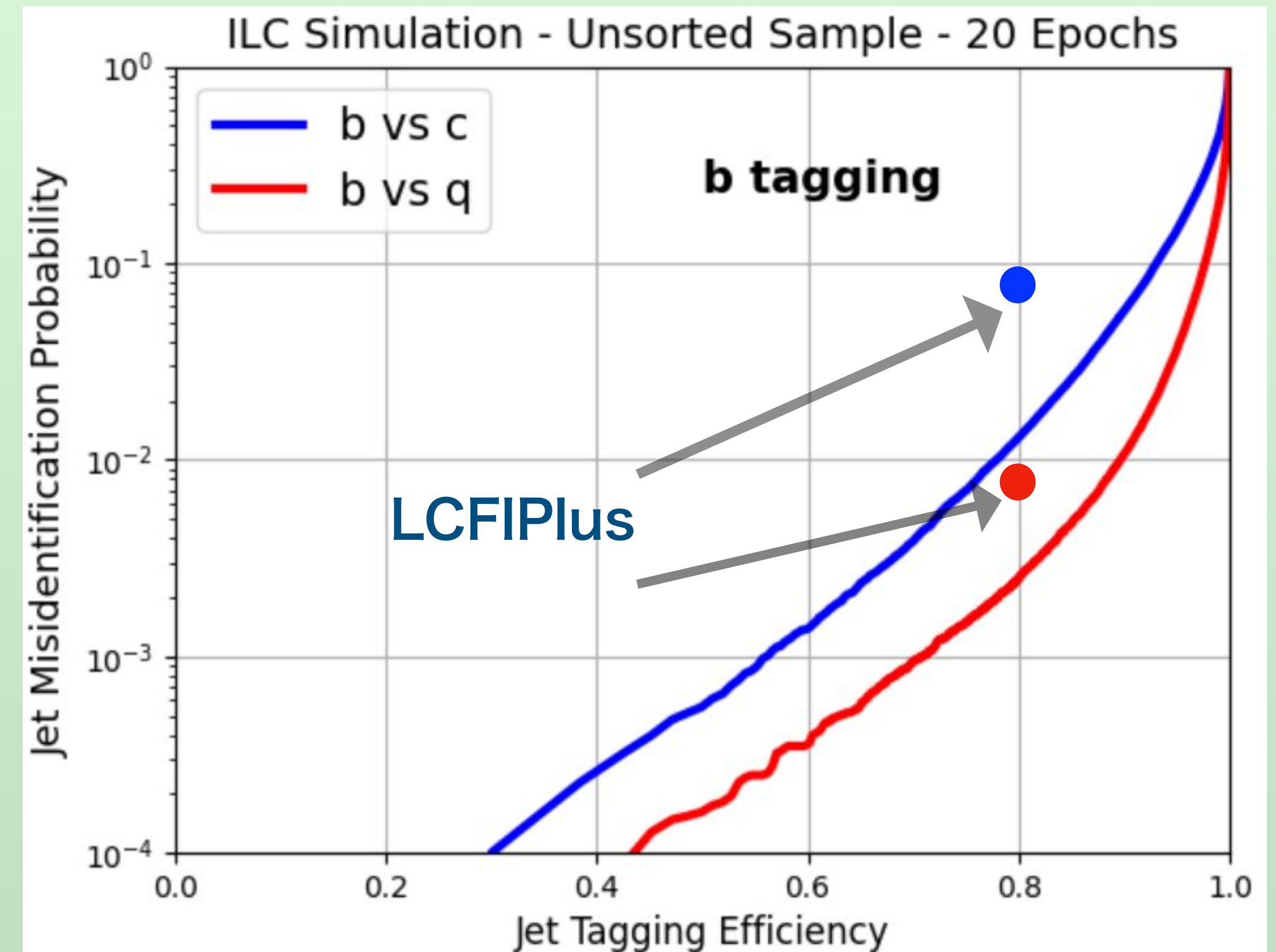
# Compare LCFIPlus and ParT (ILD full simulation)

- 91 GeV data from ILD was used.
- The performance is greatly improved over LCFIPlus.

About **7.8** times

Method	b-tag 80% eff.		c-tag 80% eff.	
	c-bkg acceptance	uds-bkg acceptance	b-bkg acceptance	uds-bkg acceptance
LCFIPlus	10%	1%	10%	2%
ParT	1.29%	0.25%	1.02%	0.43%

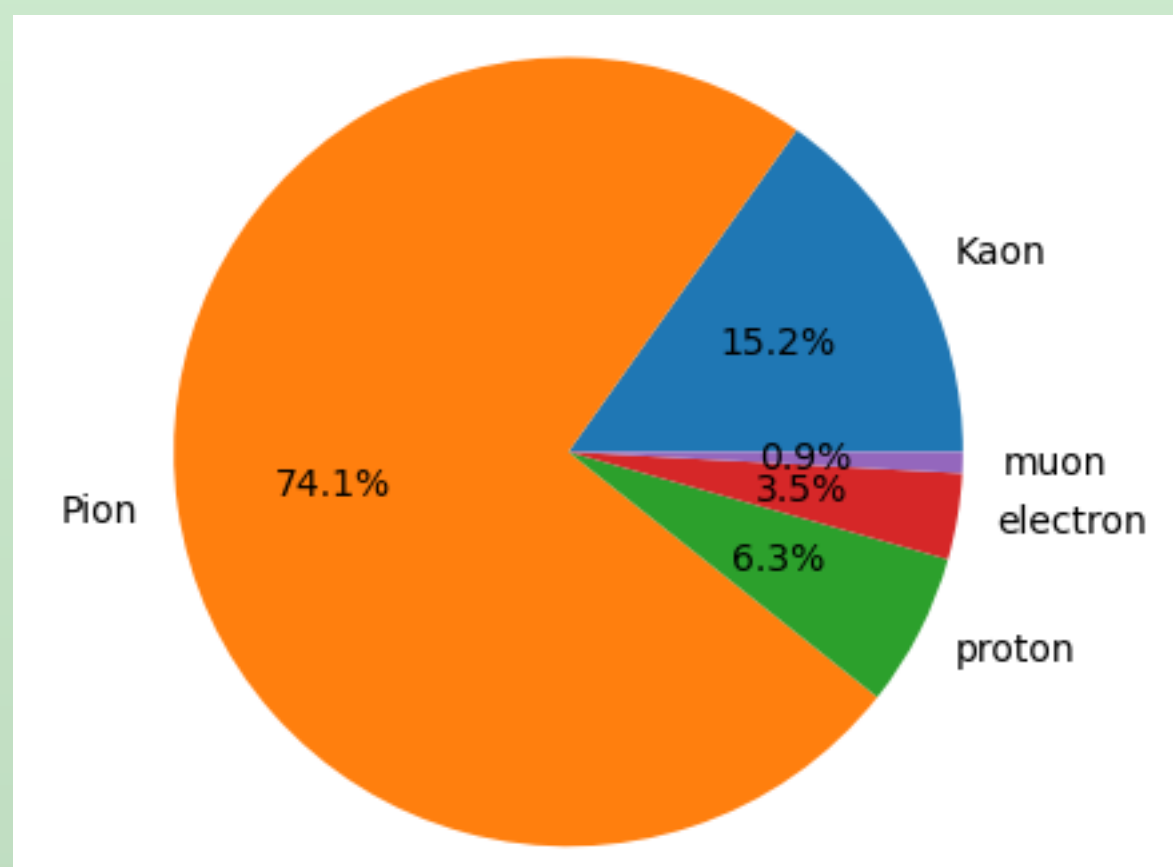
Performance of ParT



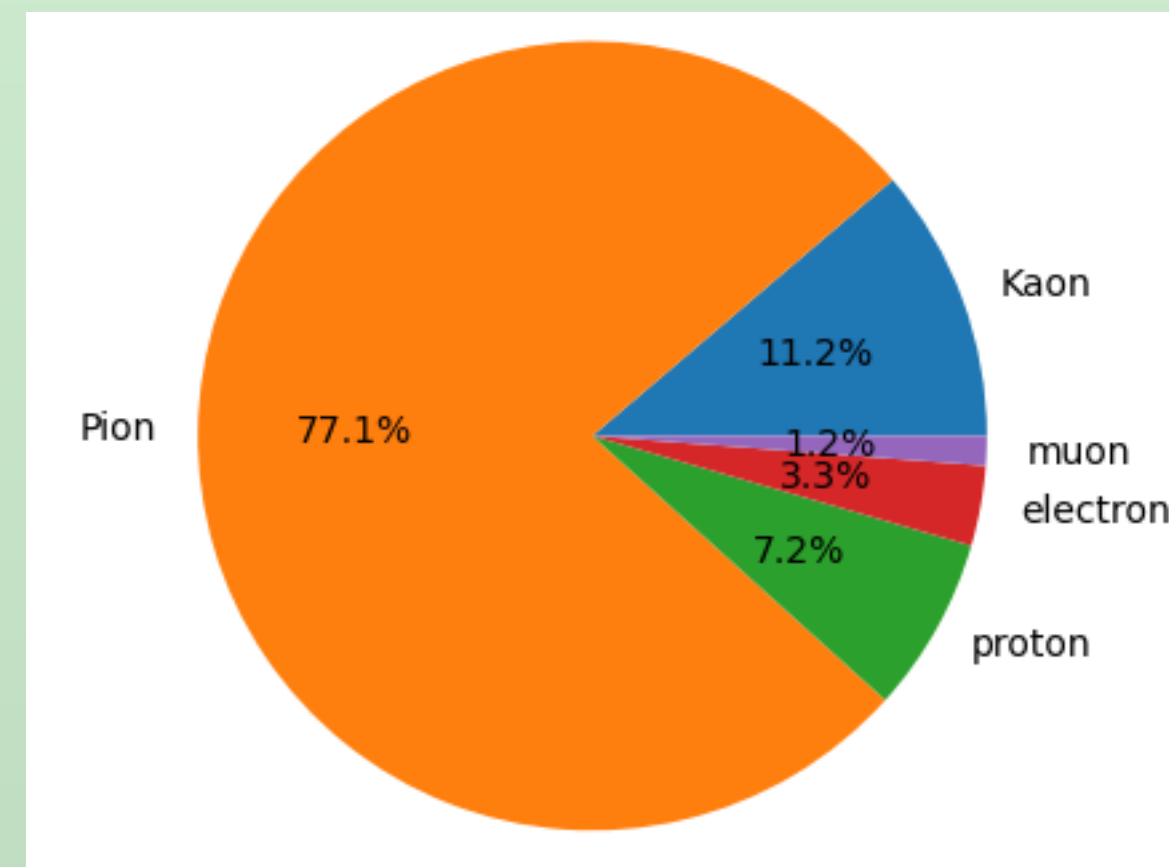


# Strange tagging

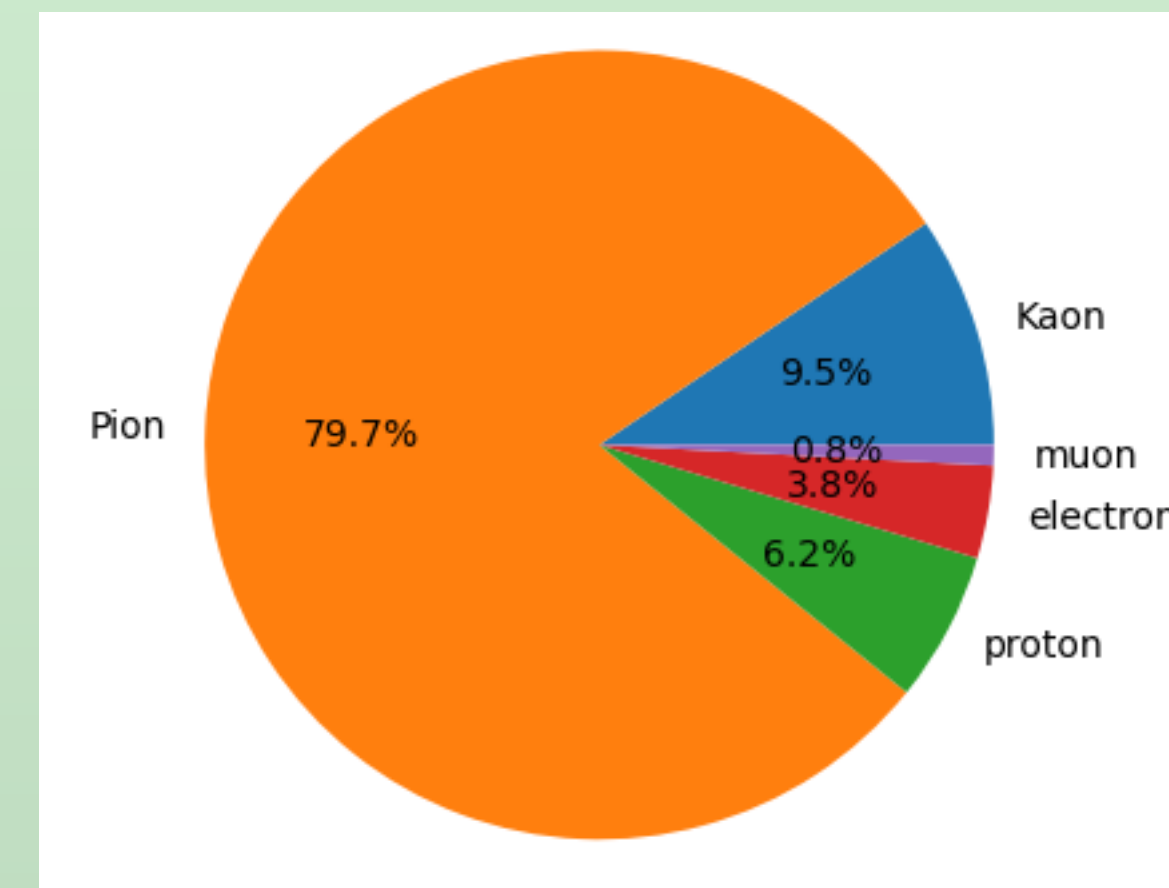
- We also work on to improve the efficiency of **strange jet** tagging by mainly using particle ID of the particles in the jets
- Particle ID
  - Upgrade instant ID to using **CPID**
  - Particles IDs : electron, muon, kaon, pion, proton



H->ss



H->gg



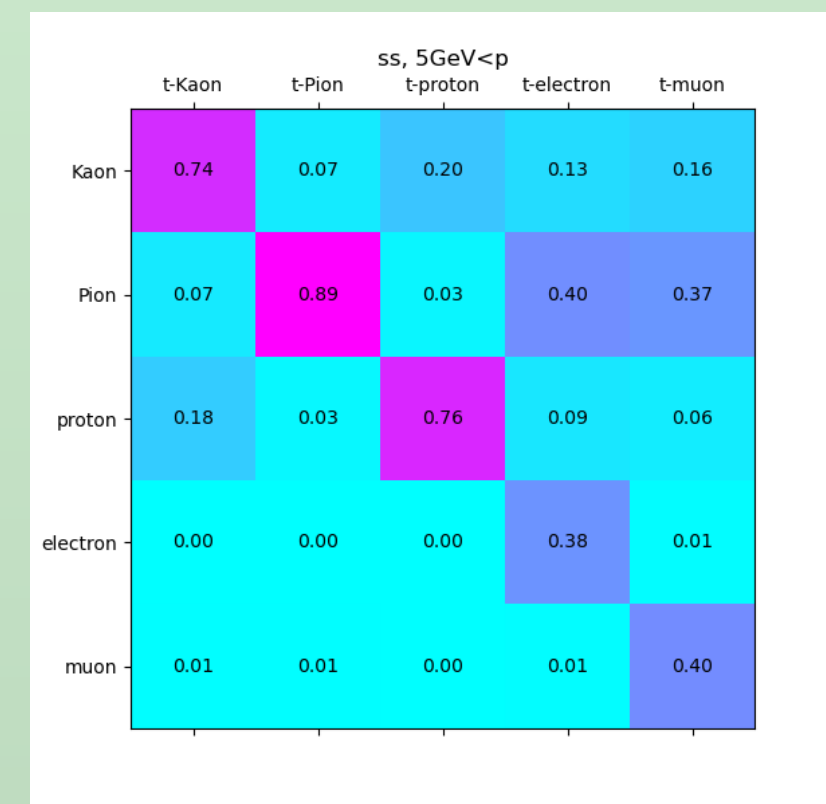
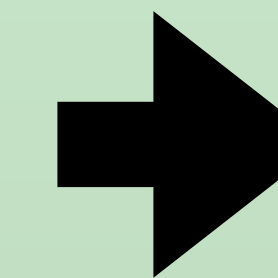
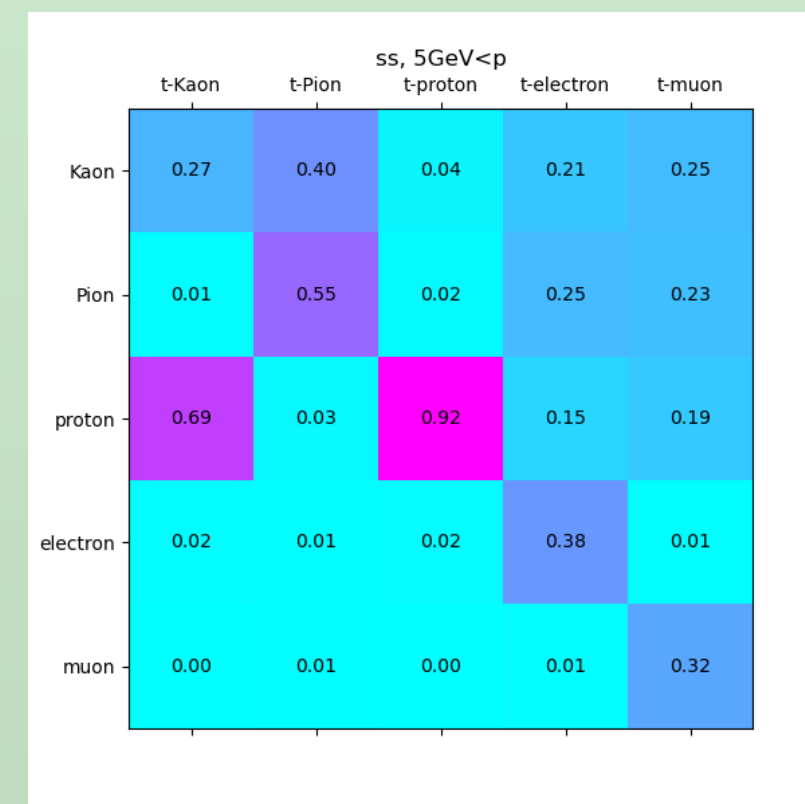
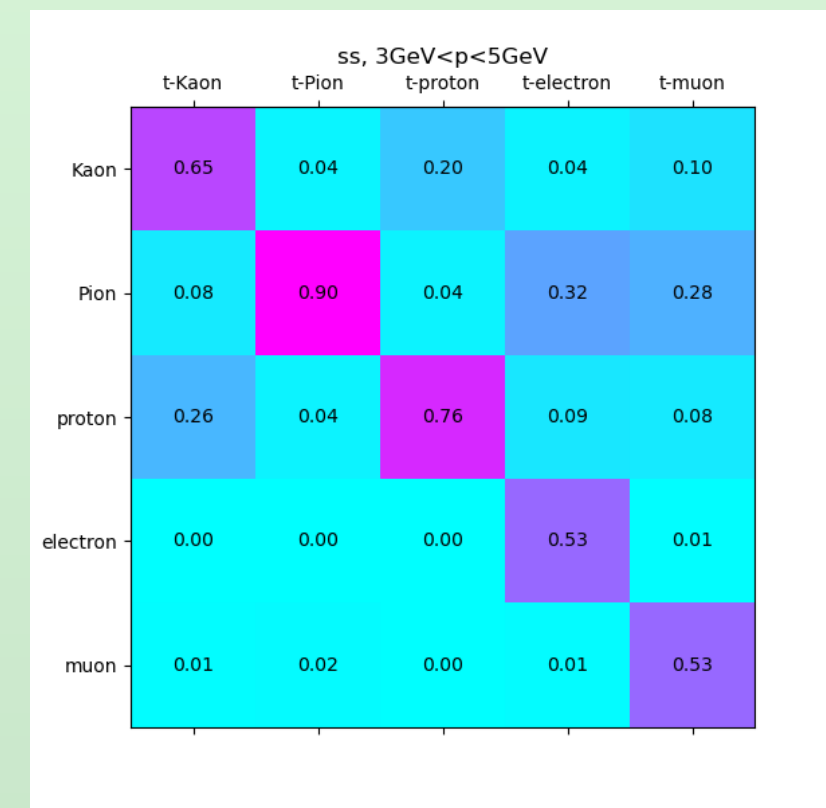
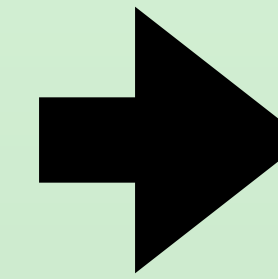
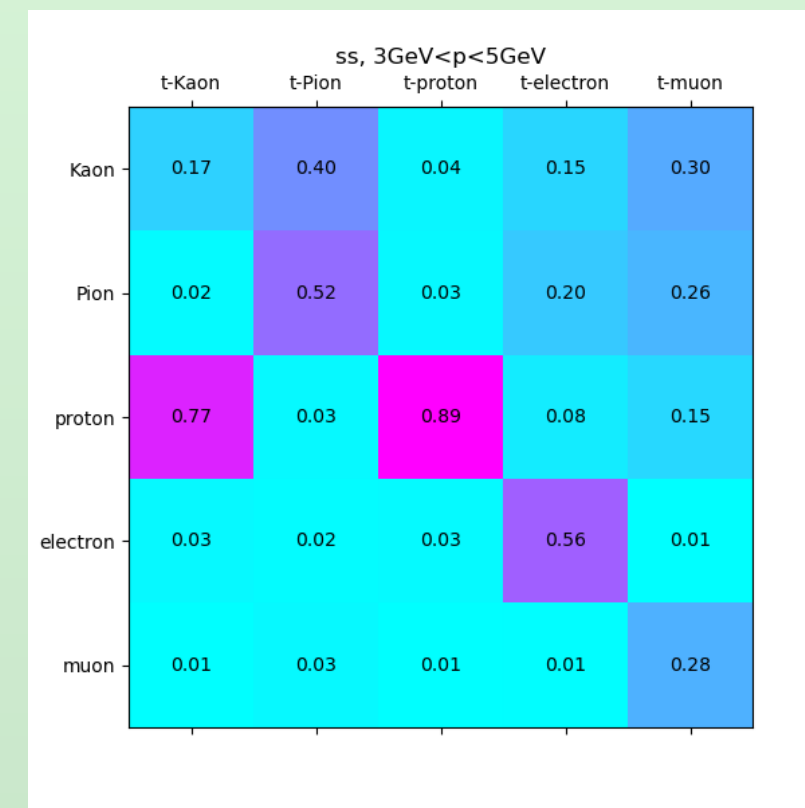
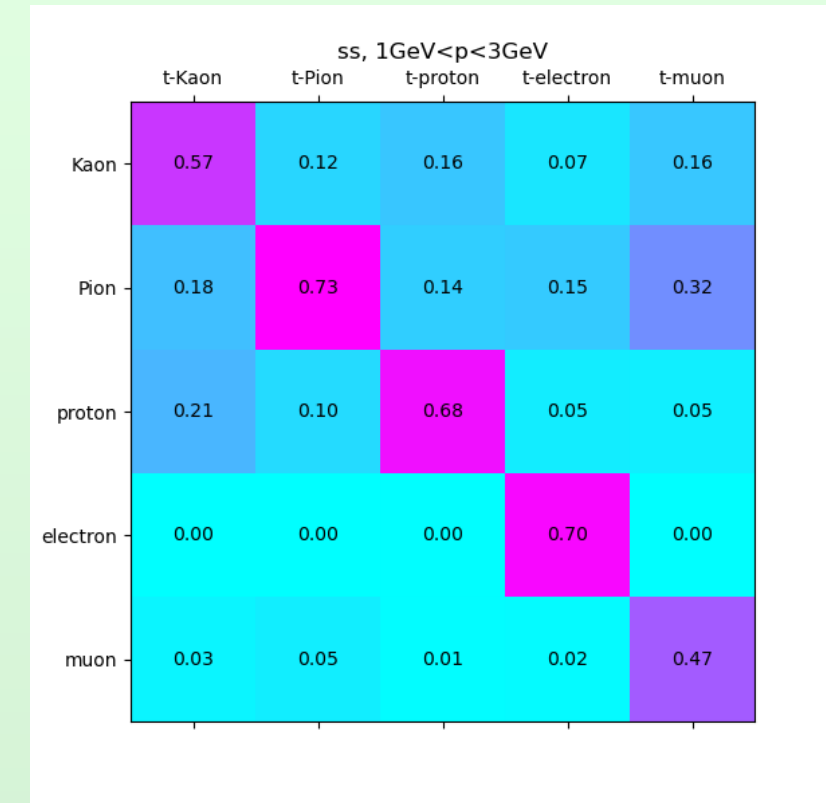
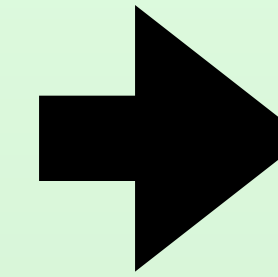
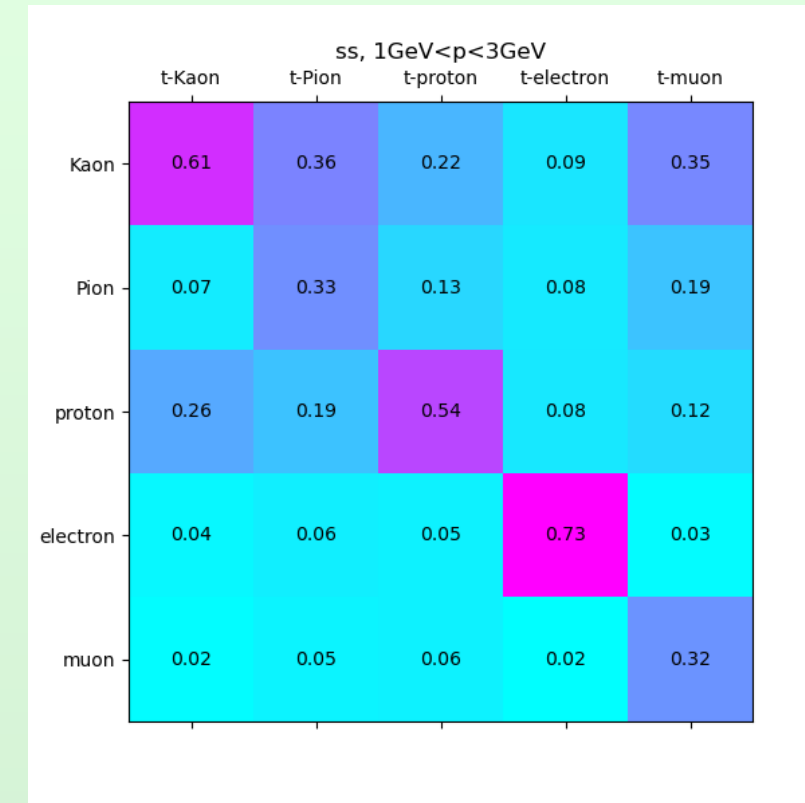
H->dd

Particle ID (truth) ratio

- Strange jets have more Kaons
- Down jets have more Pions

# CPID

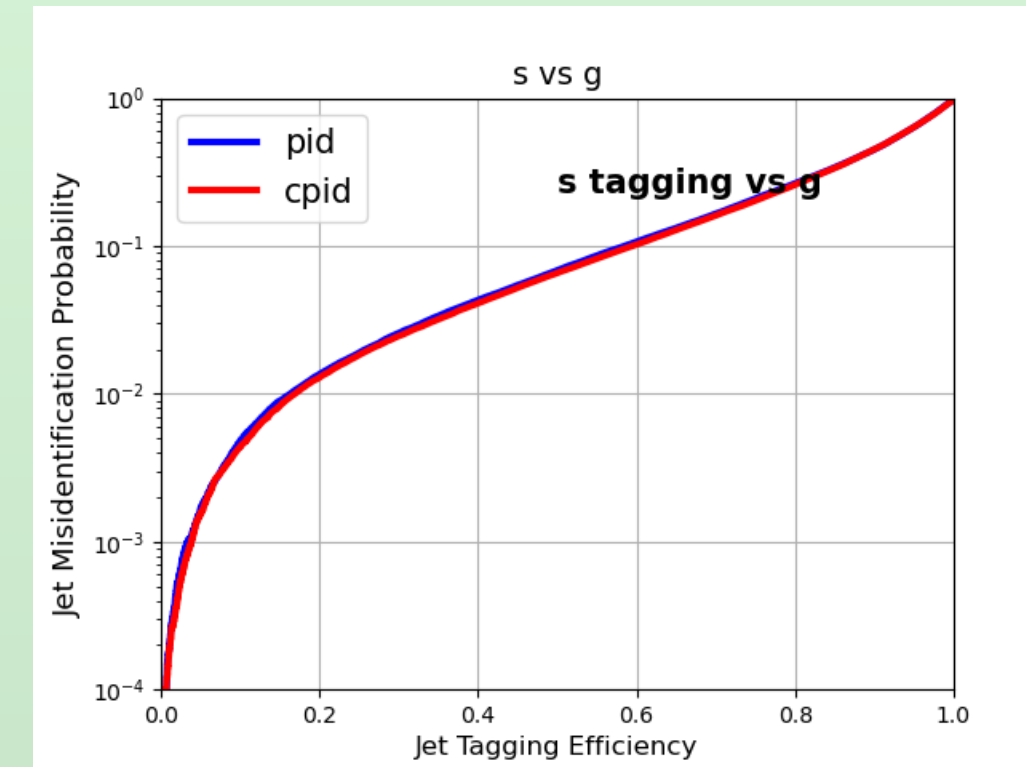
- CPID improves the accuracy of PIDs a lot
- There are not much difference between  $H \rightarrow dd$  and  $H \rightarrow ss$  data except kaon pid and proton pid, so we think we have to make some weights on them



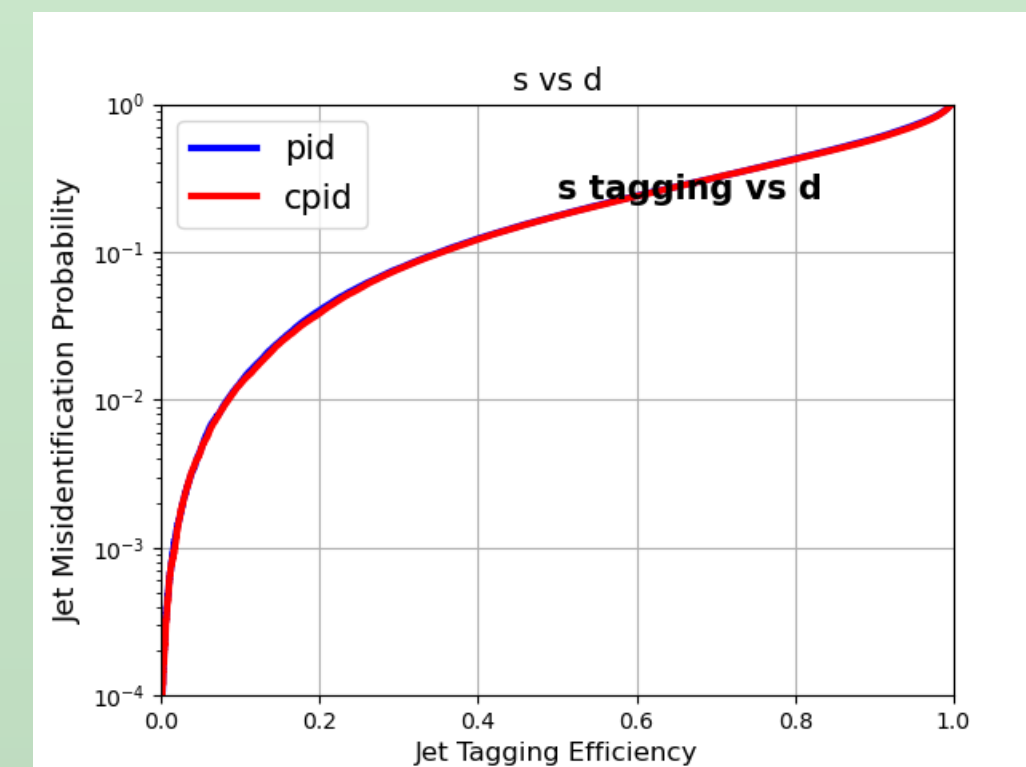
# Strange tagging

- The efficiency of strange tagging is below.
- The efficiencies are just too low. We are trying to investigate the reasons of them and improve the effs.

	s-tag 80% eff.	
Method	g-bkg acceptance (%)	d-bkg acceptance (%)
Previous pid	26.5%	42.8%
CPID	25.7%	42.7%



s vs g



s vs d



# Summary

- **Flavor tagging** is important in the search for new physics through precise measurement of Higgs. Machine learning can be used to improve performance and contribute to the search.
- In this research, **Particle Transformer** with higher performance for flavor tagging was developed by the LHC group and applied to the ILD dataset.
- Particle Transformer is also valid for the ILD datasets. The performance of b-tagging is 8 times better than the conventional software (LCFIPlus).
- We're also trying to improve strange jet tagging by using ParT.

# Back up : Input Variables - Features

- Impact Parameter (6):
  - pf cand\_dxy
  - pf cand\_dz
  - pf cand\_btagSip2dVal
  - pf cand\_btagSip2dSig
  - pf cand\_btagSip3dVal
  - pf cand\_btagSip3dSig

\*d0/z0 and 2D/3D impact parameters, -9 for neutrals
- Jet Distance(2):
  - pf cand\_btagJetDistVal
  - pf cand\_btagJetDistSig

\*Displacement of tracks from line passing IP with direction of jet, -9 for neutrals

- Particle ID (6):
  - pf cand\_isMu
  - pf cand\_isEl
  - pf cand\_isChargedHad
  - pf cand\_isGamma
  - pf cand\_isNeutralHad
  - pf cand\_type

\*Not including strange-tagging related variables (TOF, dE/dx etc.)

\*Simple PID for ILD, not optimal
- Kinematic (4):
  - pf cand\_ereel\_log
  - pf cand\_thetarel
  - pf cand\_phirel
  - pf cand\_charge

\*Fraction of the particle energy wrt jet energy (log is taken)

- Track Errors(15):
  - pf cand\_dptdpt
  - pf cand\_detadeta
  - pf cand\_dphidphi
  - pf cand\_dxydxy
  - pf cand\_dzdz
  - pf cand\_dxydz
  - pf cand\_dphidxy
  - pf cand\_dlambdadz
  - pf cand\_dxyc
  - pf cand\_dxycctgtheta
  - pf cand\_phic
  - pf cand\_phidz
  - pf cand\_phictgtheta
  - pf cand\_cdz
  - pf cand\_cctgtheta

\*Each element of covariant matrix, -9 for neutrals

# Backup: Interaction variables

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \log(\Delta R) \\ \log(kt) \\ \log(z) \\ \log(\text{inv. mass}) \end{array} \right.$$

$$z_{ij} = \frac{pt_{\min}}{pt_i + pt_j}$$