

# Precise Measurements of SM Higgs at the ILC

## Simulation and Analysis

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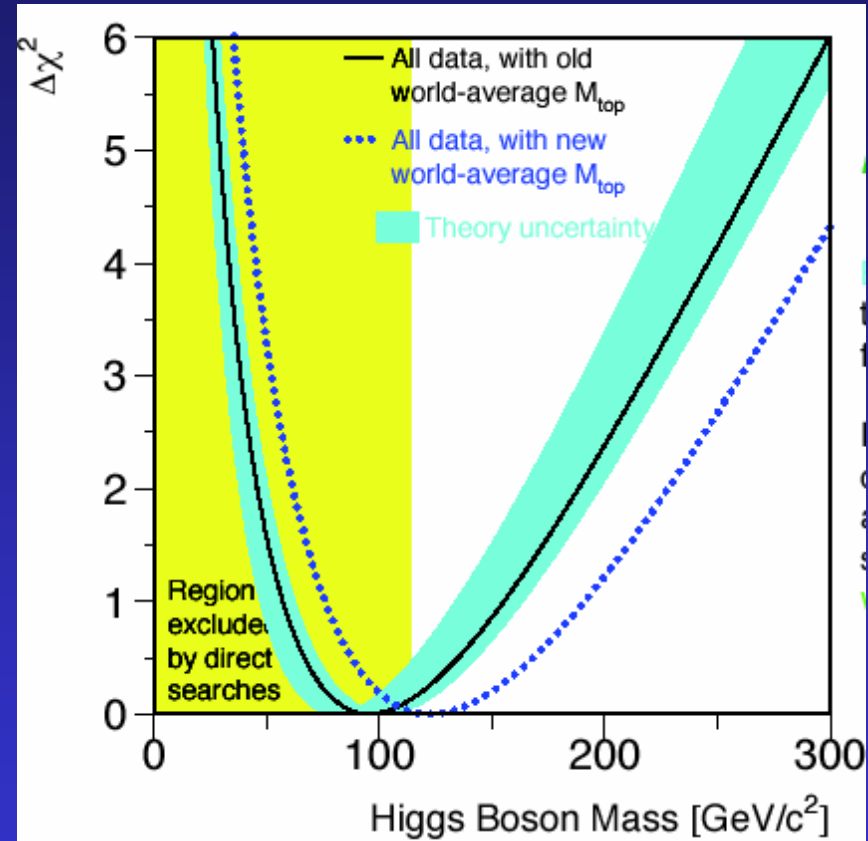
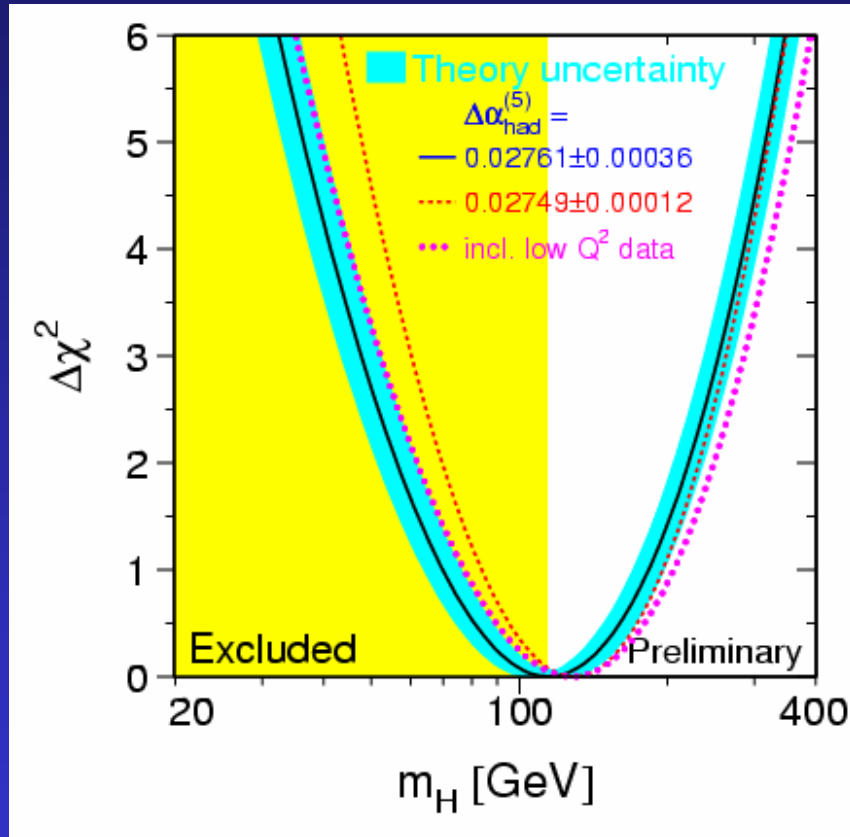
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# SM Higgs Study at ILC

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- The Higgs boson plays the central role in the electroweak symmetry breaking and the generation of masses for quarks, leptons, and vector bosons.
  - In the Standard Model, Higgs is scalar particle which couples to each fermion and boson species proportionally to its mass.
  - If the Standard Model is not correct, the unexpected could come at many different points.
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# SM Higgs Study at ILC



The Global Fit: Limits on the Higgs mass (Robert Clare talk)

# SM Higgs Boson Study at ILC

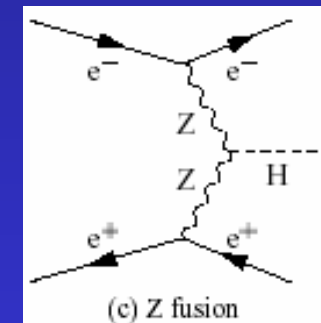
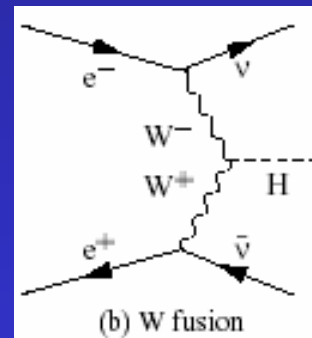
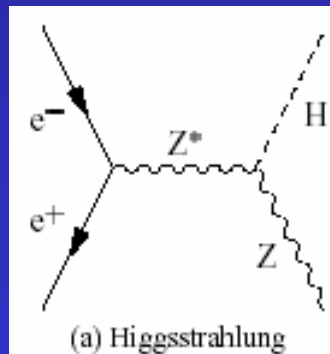
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The main goal this Study is define the Significance of Detecting of SM Higgs at ILC on base of full MC simulation including realistic spectrometer on base Mokka(G4), and full reconstruction chain, with the Particle Flow Algorithm

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# SM Higgs Production at ILC

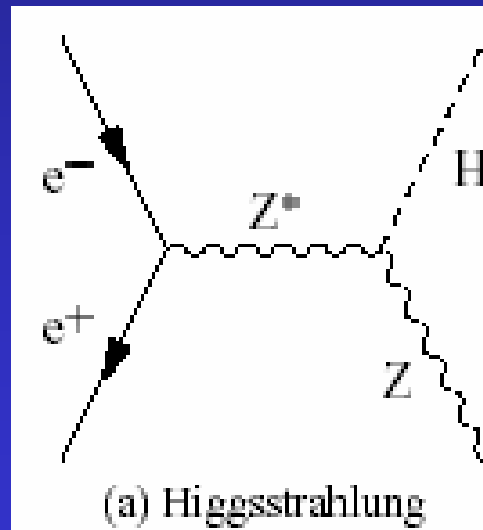
Dominant processes for the SM Higgs Boson at 500 GeV Center Mass Energy and Higgs mass 120-180 GeV is Higgsstrahlung process, others are by fusion of WW and ZZ bozons.



# SM Higgs in Higgsstrahlung (Generator)

## Pythia 6. – version

- CM Energy is 500 GeV...
- Higgs mass is 140 GeV...
- ISR processes is included,
- $Z^0$  is forced decay to  $l^+, l^-$  (ee, mm),
- $h^0$  is forced decay to b, bbar (for further investigations),



# SM Higgs Strahlung Final States

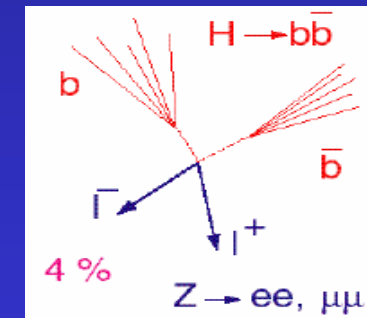
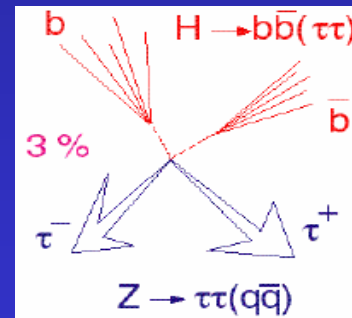
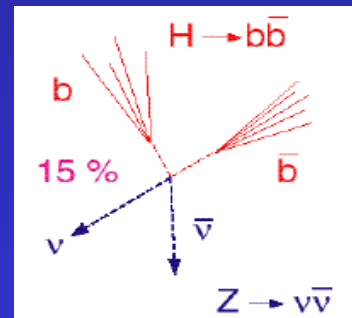
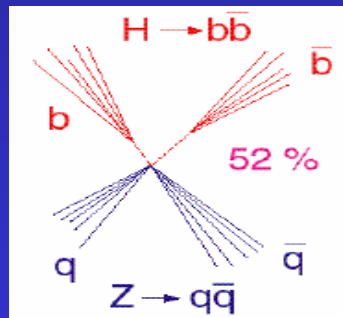
Final States with Good Sensitivity to SM Higgs Boson:  
at cms 500 GeV and Higgs mass 120-180 GeV



$h^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	$WW$	$\tau\bar{\tau}$	$c\bar{c}$	$gg$
77%	6.8%	6.4%	4.9%	4.1%



$Z^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}$	$\nu\bar{\nu}$	$ee$	$\mu\mu$	$\tau\bar{\tau}$
70%	13.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%



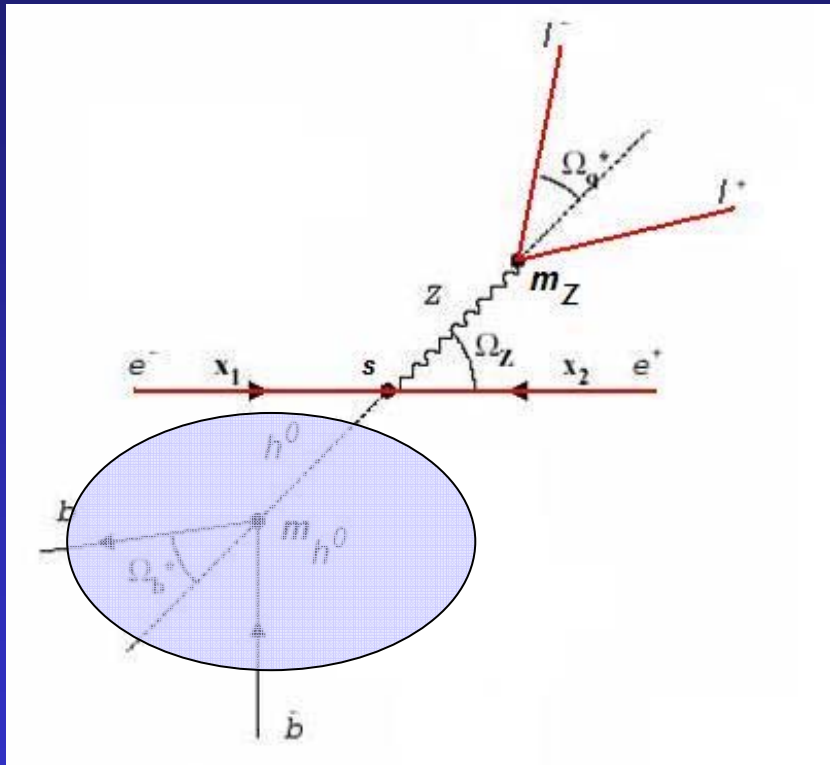
# Statistics

cms 500GeV,  $m_h$  140 GeV

Processes	$\sigma$ [fb]	$\sigma \times \text{Br}(Z \rightarrow l l)$ [fb]	Statistics (one year)
$f_i f_j \rightarrow Z^0 h^0$	58.5	2.04	256
$f_i f_j \rightarrow f_k f_l h^0 (W^+W^-)$	58.9		
$f_i f_j \rightarrow f_i f_j h^0 (Z^0 Z^0)$	5.83		



# Method of Analysis



Analysis of the Invariant Mass of Invisible System (the Recoil Mass):

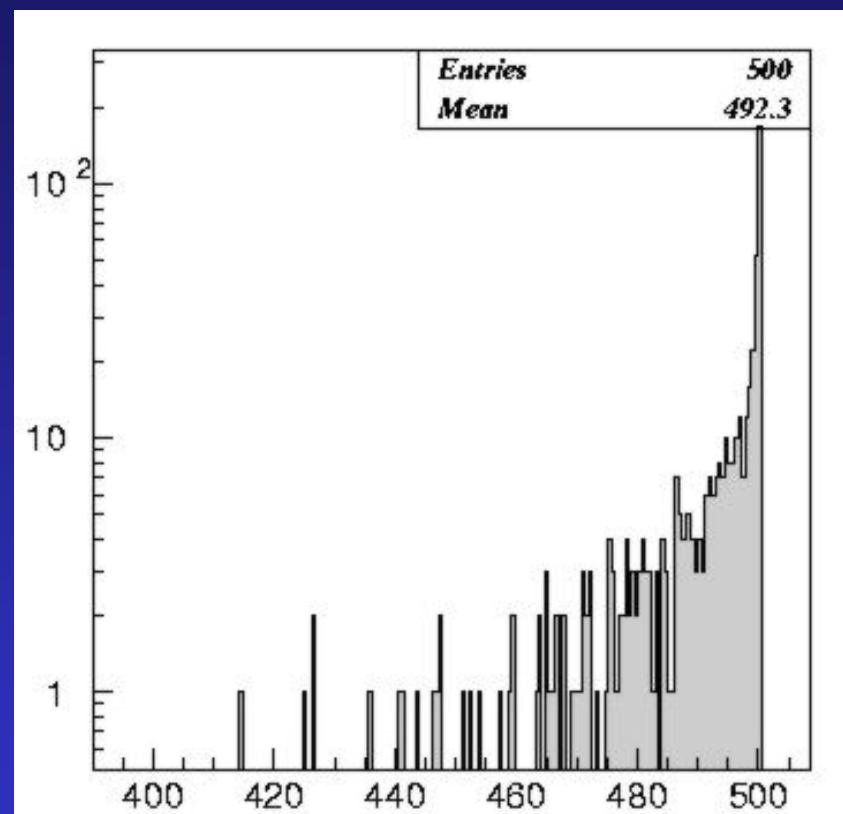
The Recoil Mass is determined by requiring energy and momentum conservation and by constraining the invariant mass of the visible system to the Z mass.

$$m_{rec}^2 = s - 2\sqrt{s}(E_{l^+} + E_{l^-}) + m_z^2$$

which is independent of assumption about SM Higgs decay, and the direct reconstruction of the mass of the Higgs from decay final states

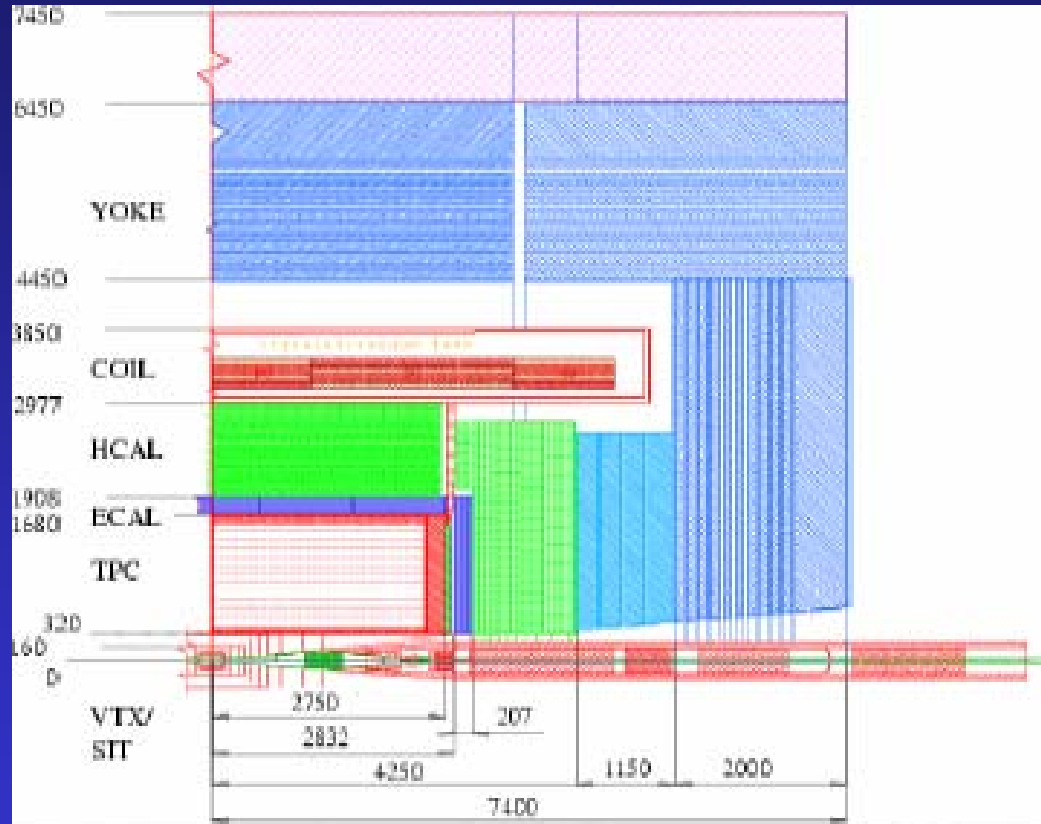
# Experimental Environment at the ILC

- Tunable e e collisions at  $S = 0.5\text{TeV}-1\text{TeV}$ ,  $L = 3-5 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ ,
- Polarisation:  $P_{\text{electron}} \sim 80\%$ ,  $P_{\text{positron}} \sim 60\%$
- “Giga-Z option for  $Z^0$  –pole,  $W$   $W$  threshold runs
- Beamstrahlung energy spread  $\Delta_B = 2.4-3.7\%$  (Accurate spectrum measurement is crucial to LC physics)



Full Simulation included the realistic beamstrahlung processes on base CIRCE – Beam Spectra Simulation.

# ILC Detector (LCD)



$Zh \rightarrow ll+h$  - Precise momentum Resolution

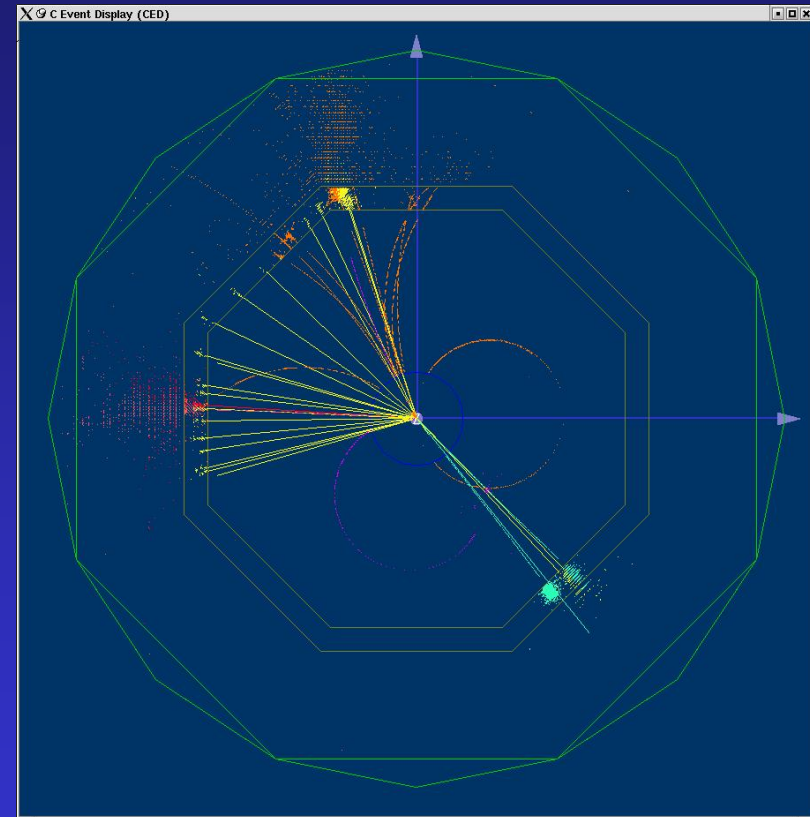
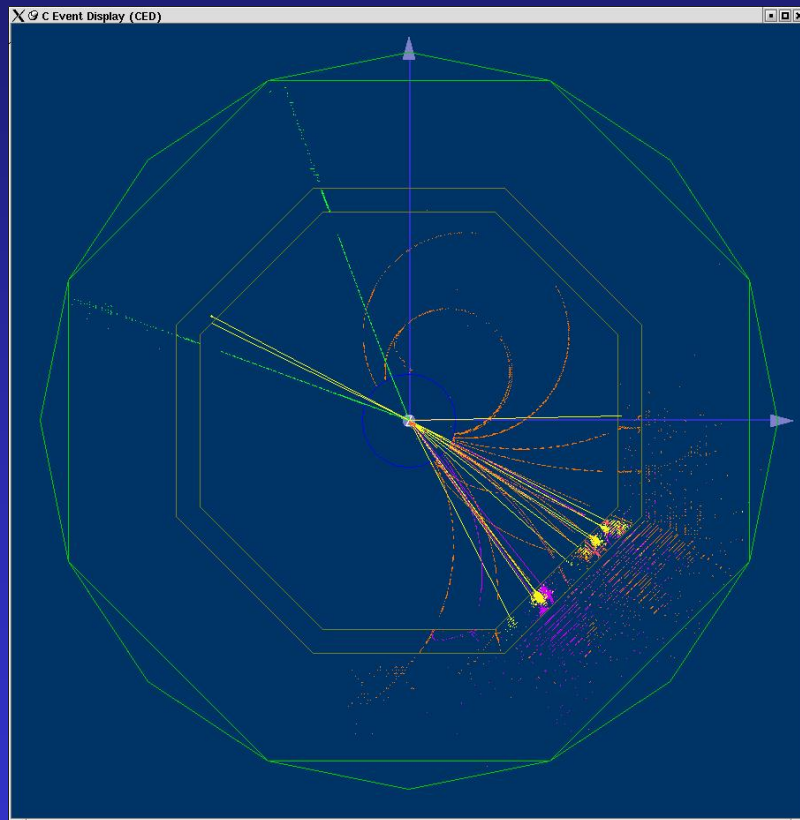
$Br h \rightarrow bb, cc, gg$  - Excellent Vertexing/Flavor Identification

$Zhh \rightarrow qqbbbb$  - Excellent Calorimetry, Particle Flow Algorithm;

$Ee \rightarrow \nu\nu h$  - Excellent Hermeticity, Missing Mass Resolution

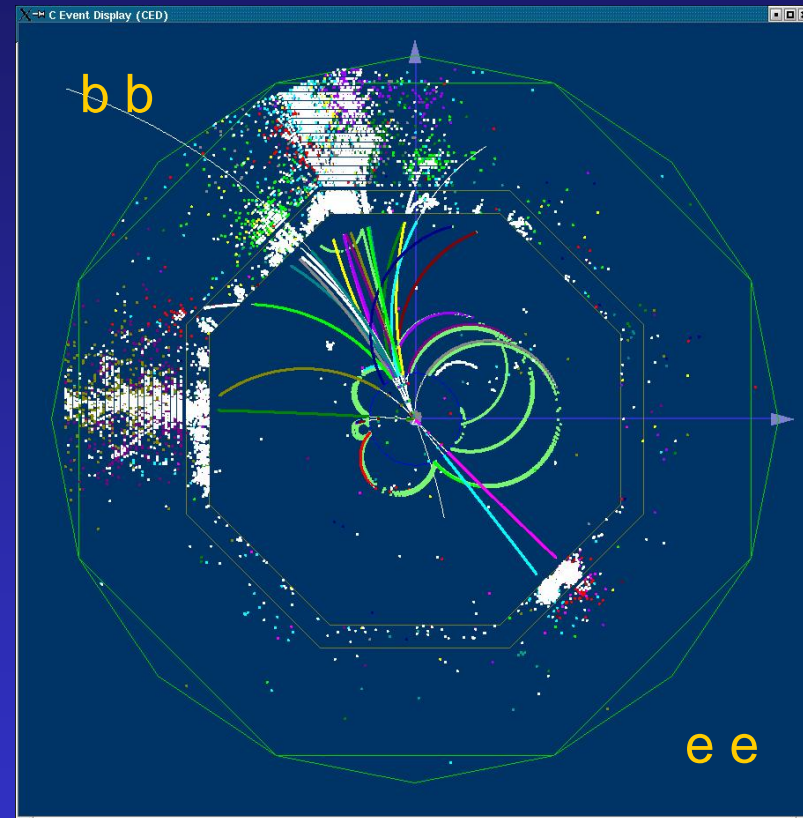
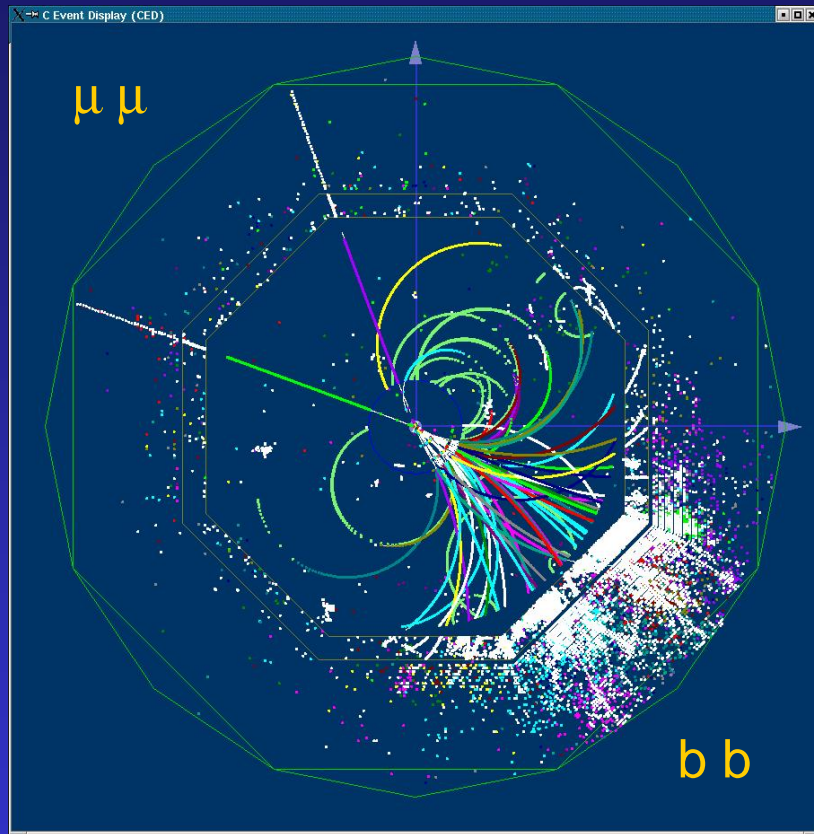
# MOKKA G4 Event Simulations

LDC D12 version of Geometry



Event Display of Full Simulation of the  $h^0 Z^0$  ( $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ ,  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu, e e$ )

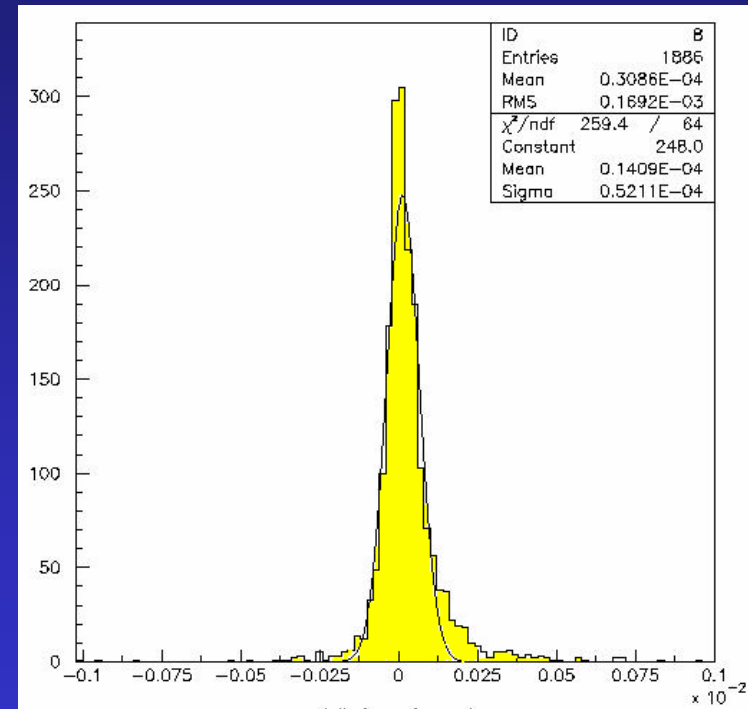
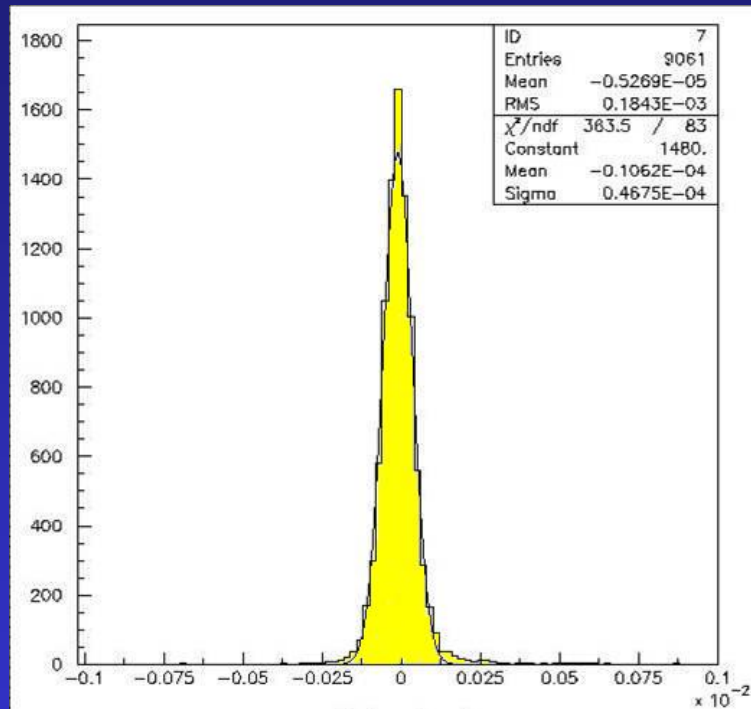
# Marlin Events Reconstruction



Marlin Processor for the Recoil Mass Reconstruction of the  $h^0 Z$   
( $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ ,  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ ,  $e\bar{e}$ )

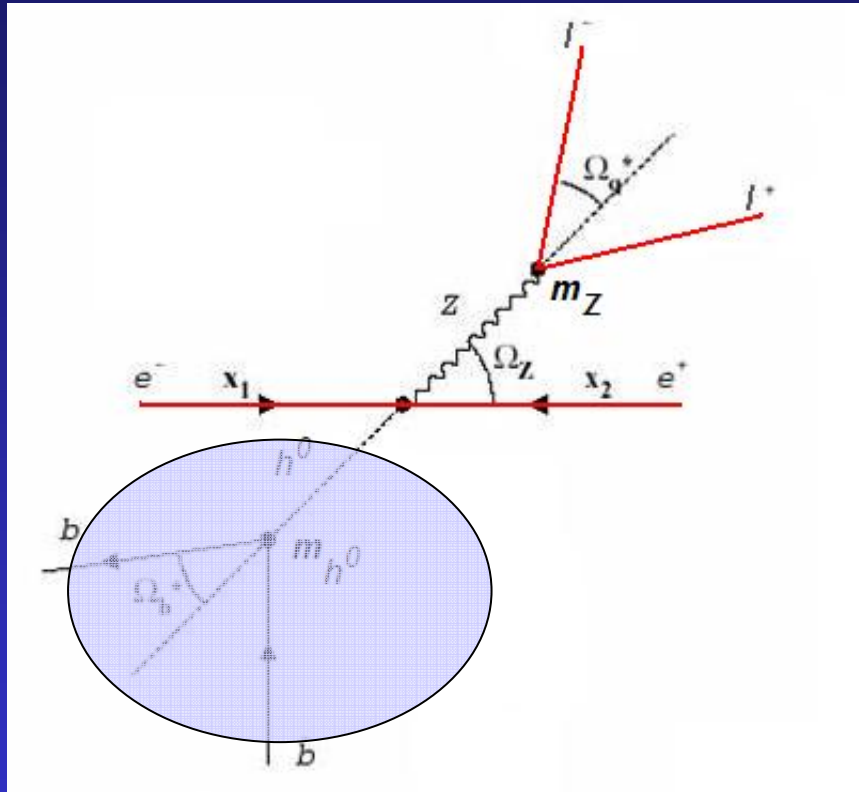
# Reconstruction MARLIN Framework

## Marlin Tracking (LEP algorithms)



Momentum reconstruction resolution for barrel and endcup tracking for muons 30 GeV: central region  $4.7 \times 10^{-5}$ , forward region  $5.2 \times 10^{-5}$

# Analysis Cuts

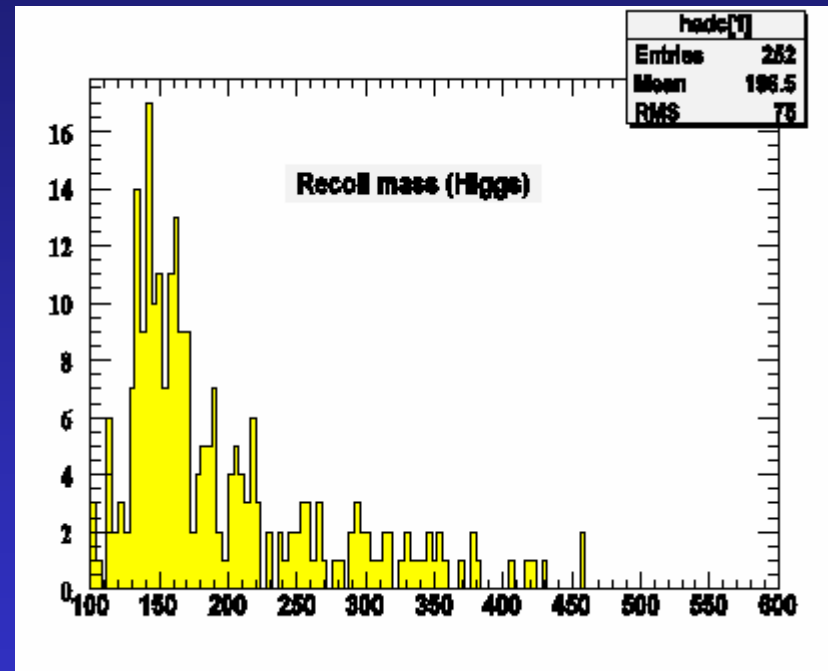
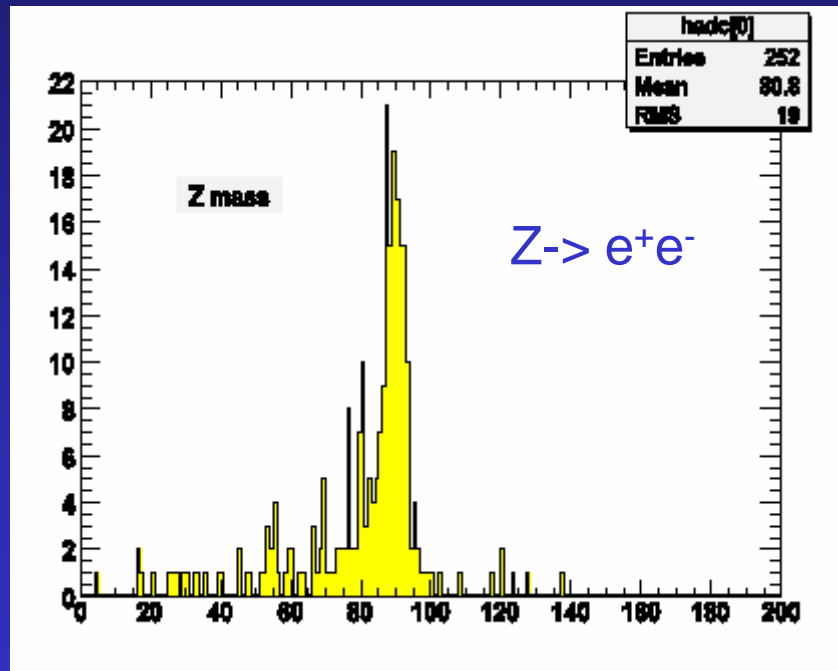


## Cuts:

- Algorithm of single lepton search – cone  $\pm 15^\circ$ ,
- A lepton candidates must have an energy  $>10$  GeV,
- At least 2 leptons candidates in the event,
- The polar angle between leptons ( $Z^0$ )  $\cos -0.85 - +0.85$ ,
- The invariant of the lepton pairs (constraints to the  $Z^0$ ) lie within  $\pm 5$  GeV of the Z mass.

# Z and Higgs Signal Reconstruction

Statistics for the one year of running of ILC with nominal Luminosity

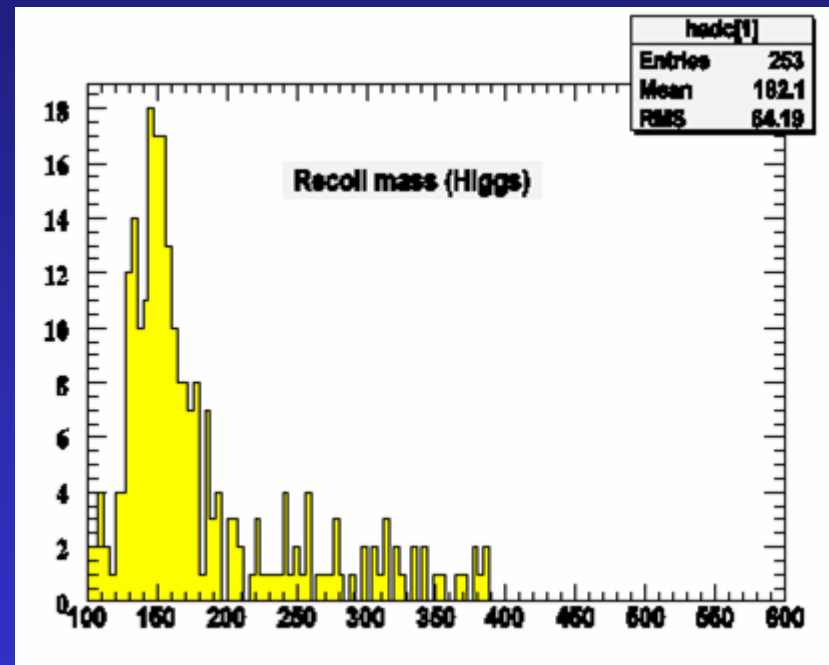
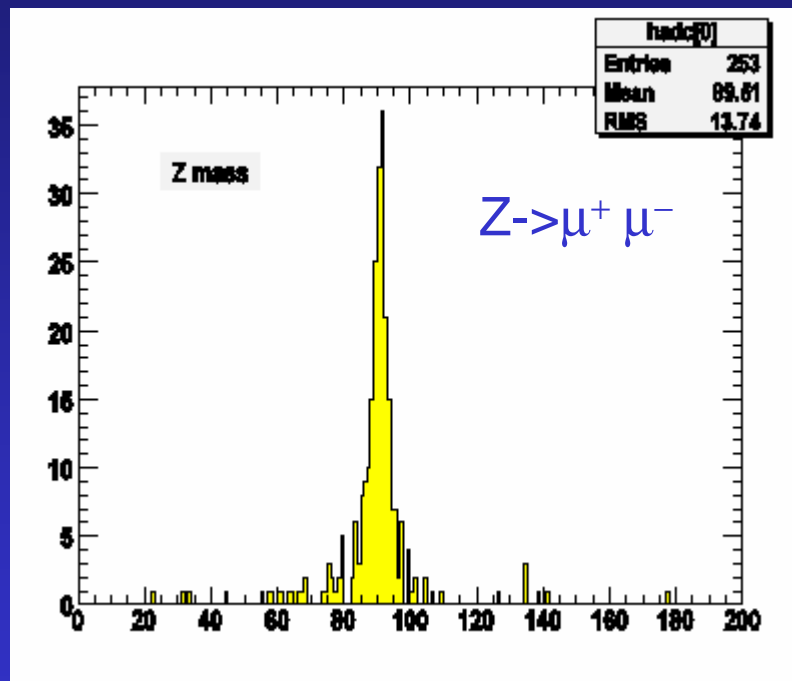


Geometry acceptance (Efficiency) of the LDC detector is very high 98% (Lost 4 events from 256) for the electrons channel of Z decay



# Z and Higgs Signal Reconstruction

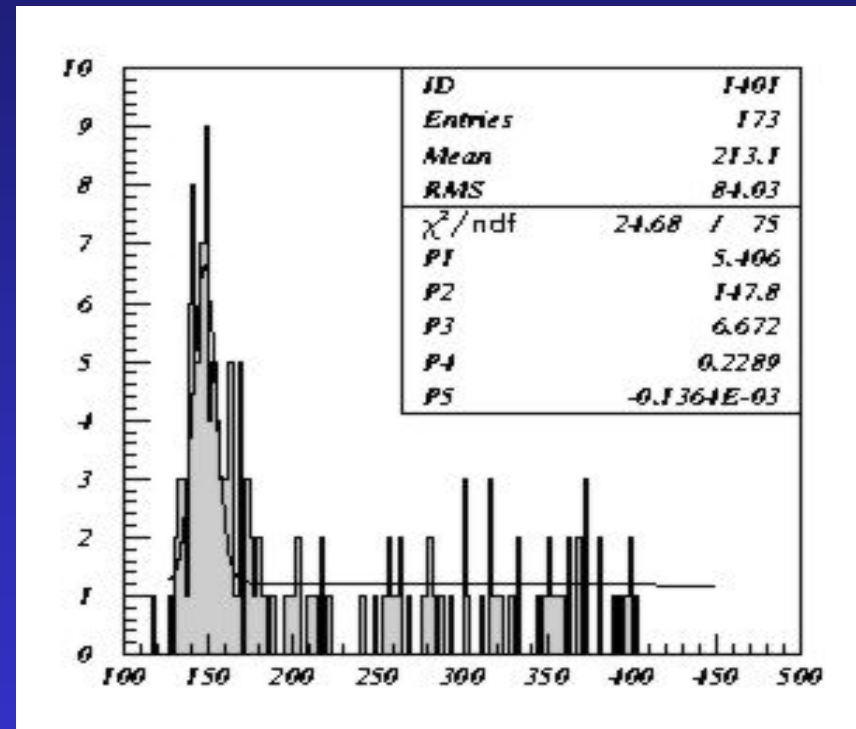
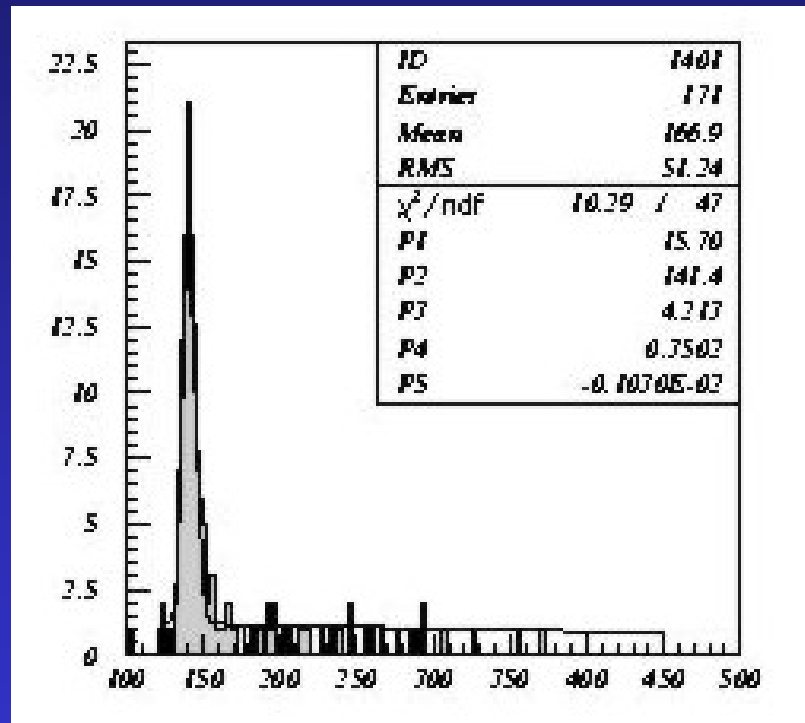
Statistics for the one year of running of ILC with nominal Luminosity



Geometry acceptance (Efficiency) of the LDC detector is very high 98% (3 events from 256) for the muons channel of Z decay

# Preliminary Analysis GEANT3

The Invariant Mass of Invisible System (the Recoil Mass Method)  
Including the ISR and beamstrahlung



SM Higgs Signal Reconstruction Z -> mu+mu- Final State 100 fb<sup>-1</sup>  
SM Higgs Signal Reconstruction Z -> e+e- Final State 100 fb<sup>-1</sup>

# Summary

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- Preliminary analysis of SM Higgs Measurements at ILC with Marlin Reconstruction Framework is done,
  - Necessary optimization of the analysis,
  - Background simulation and analysis,
  - Confident Level Method ( $CL_s$ ) developed at LEP for the Sensitivity Study.
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