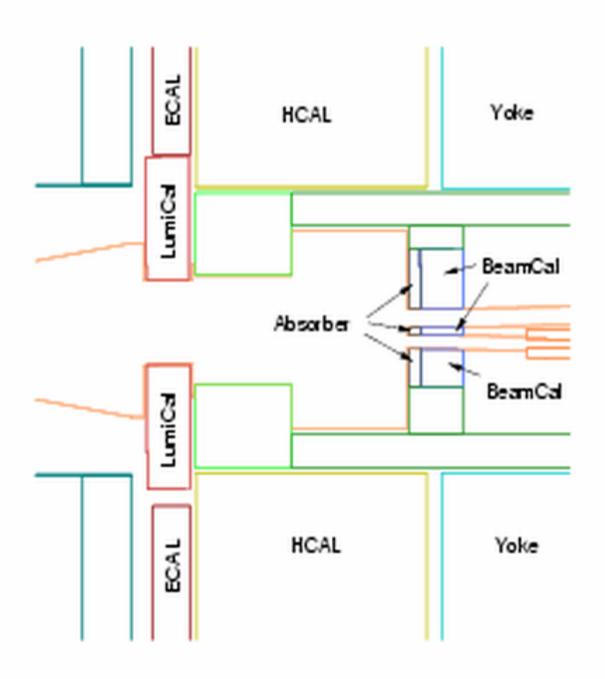
# Studies on absorbers for background suppression in the forward region of the LDC detector at the planned International Linear Collider ILC

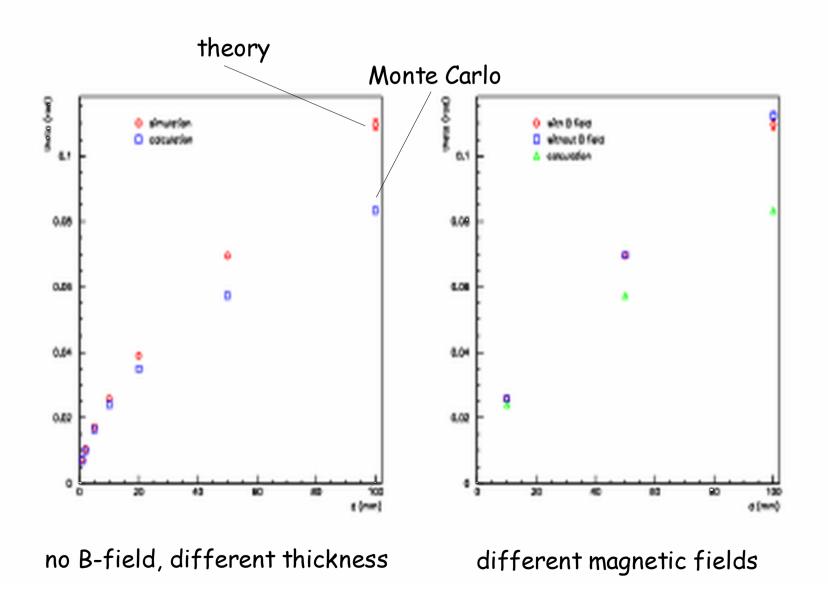
Svenja Niehage

University of Würzburg

# Design of the Forward Region



# Comparison Theory - GEANT4



# Measuring back scattering

differentiate between two layers

layer 1 sensitive layer in front of the graphite absorber

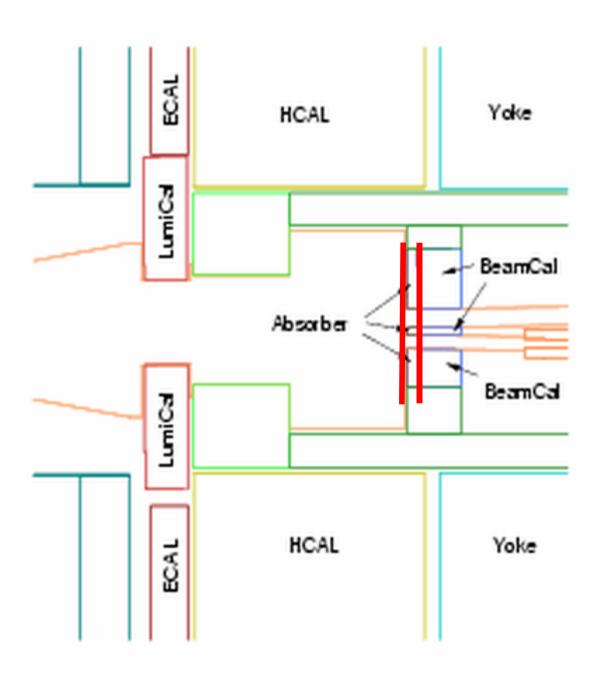
layer 2 sensitive layer between graphite absorber and detector

two types of particles

all all particles passing through layer 1

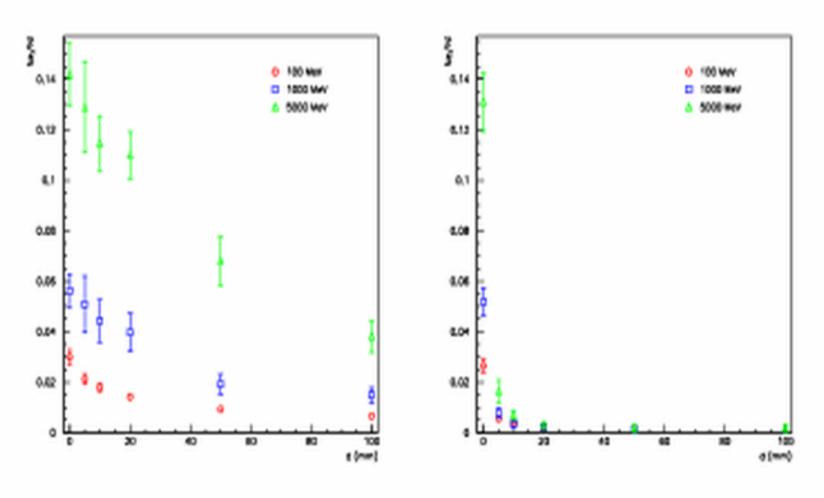
detector only those particles going through layer 1 and layer 2

# Design of the Forward Region



## Electrons and Positrons

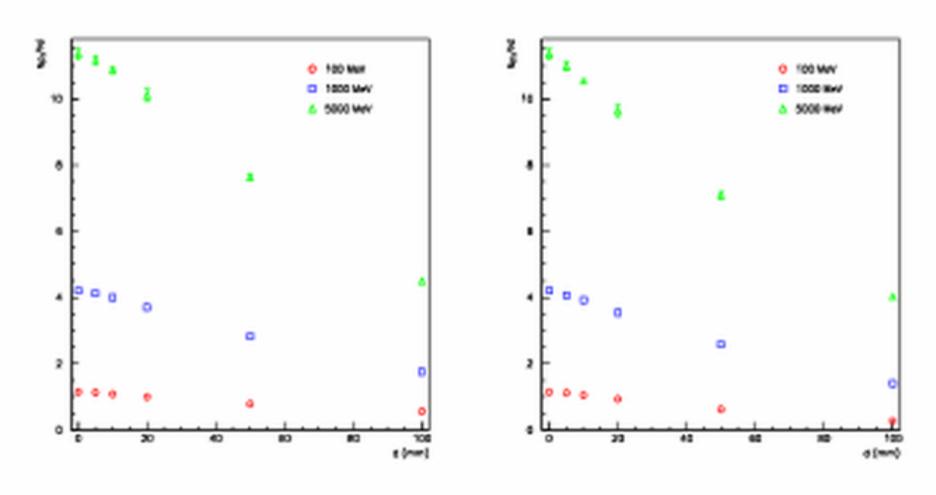
fraction of particles backscattered and existing from the graphite layer



all particles

only those backscattering from the detector

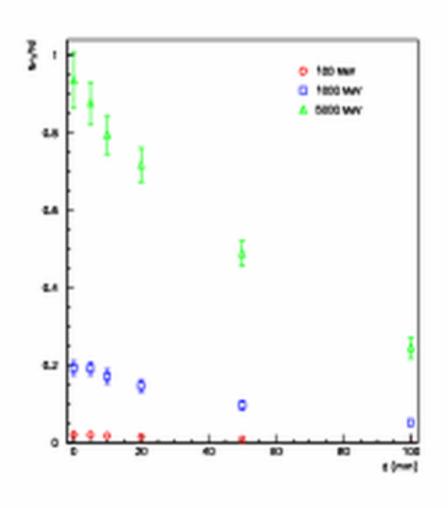
# **Photons**

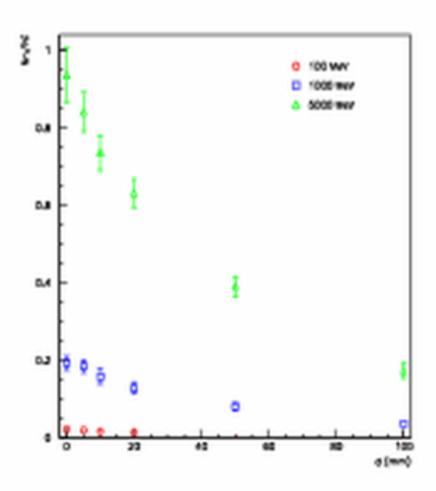


all particles

only those backscattering from the detector

# **Neutrons**





all particles

only those backscattering from the detector

### Be vs C

Compare the graphite absorption layer to a similar beryllium absorption layer

- electrons with 1000 MeV shot on beryllium layer with different thicknesses
- analyse for all particles and for the detector particles
- compare to graphite

Conclusion: no significant difference seen between Graphite and Beryllium

### Conclusion

- The Absorber in front of the beamcal does its job
- a thickness of 4-5 cm seems reasonable, to significantly reduce the number of backscattered particles
- most scattering happens at the face of the detector (as expected)
- The is no significant different between Berylium and Graphite

Work done by Svenja Niehage (summer student at DESY) in collaboration with Adrian Vogel and Karsten Buesser