

# ILC Physics that Challenges SiD

- An *Incomplete* list of challenging processes
- LHC will be 1<sup>st</sup>: can guide what will be needed  
but may have missed something!
- Don't forget the Tevatron – New Physics hints

# Long List of Benchmark Processes

TABLE II: Benchmark reactions for the evaluation of ILC detectors

	Process and Final states	Energy (TeV)	Observables	Target Accuracy	Detector Challenge	Notes
<i>Higgs</i>	$ee \rightarrow Z^0 h^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- X$	0.35	$M_{\text{recoil}}, \sigma_{Zh}, \text{BR}_{bb}$	$\delta\sigma_{Zh} = 2.5\%, \delta\text{BR}_{bb} = 1\%$	T	{1}
	$ee \rightarrow Z^0 h^0, h^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}/c\bar{c}/\tau\tau$	0.35	Jet flavour, jet ( $E, \vec{p}$ )	$\delta M_h = 40 \text{ MeV}, \delta(\sigma_{Zh} \times \text{BR}) = 1\%/7\%/5\%$	V	{2}
	$ee \rightarrow Z^0 h^0, h^0 \rightarrow WW^*$	0.35	$M_Z, M_W, \sigma_{qqWW^*}$	$\delta(\sigma_{Zh} \times \text{BR}_{WW^*}) = 5\%$	C	{3}
	$ee \rightarrow Z^0 h^0/h^0 \nu\bar{\nu}, h^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	1.0	$M_{\gamma\gamma}$	$\delta(\sigma_{Zh} \times \text{BR}_{\gamma\gamma}) = 5\%$	C	{4}
	$ee \rightarrow Z^0 h^0/h^0 \nu\bar{\nu}, h^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$	1.0	$M_{\mu\mu}$	$5\sigma$ Evidence for $M_h = 120 \text{ GeV}$	T	{5}
	$ee \rightarrow Z^0 h^0, h^0 \rightarrow \text{invisible}$	0.35	$\sigma_{qqE}$	$5\sigma$ Evidence for $\text{BR}_{\text{invisible}} = 2.5\%$	C	{6}
	$ee \rightarrow h^0 \nu\bar{\nu}$	0.5	$\sigma_{bb\nu\nu}, M_{tb}$	$\delta(\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \times \text{BR}_{bb}) = 1\%$	C	{7}
	$ee \rightarrow t\bar{t}h^0$	1.0	$\sigma_{tth}$	$\delta g_{tth} = 5\%$	C	{8}
	$ee \rightarrow Z^0 h^0 h^0, h^0 h^0 \nu\bar{\nu}$	0.5/1.0	$\sigma_{Zh h}, \sigma_{\nu\nu h h}, M_{hh}$	$\delta g_{hh h} = 20/10\%$	C	{9}
<i>SSB</i>	$ee \rightarrow W^+ W^-$	0.5		$\Delta\kappa_\gamma, \lambda_\gamma = 2 \cdot 10^{-4}$	V	{10}
	$ee \rightarrow W^+ W^- \nu\bar{\nu} / Z^0 Z^0 \nu\bar{\nu}$	1.0	$\sigma$	$\Lambda_{*4}, \Lambda_{*5} = 3 \text{ TeV}$	C	{11}
<i>SUSY</i>	$ee \rightarrow \tilde{e}_R^+ \tilde{e}_R^-$ (Point 1)	0.5	$E_e$	$\delta M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 50 \text{ MeV}$	T	{12}
	$ee \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1^+ \tilde{\tau}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-$ (Point 1)	0.5	$E_\pi, E_{2\pi}, E_{3\pi}$	$\delta(M_{\tilde{\tau}_1} - M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}) = 200 \text{ MeV}$	T	{13}
	$ee \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1$ (Point 1)	1.0		$\delta M_{\tilde{t}_1} = 2 \text{ GeV}$		{14}
<i>-CDM</i>	$ee \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1^+ \tilde{\tau}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-$ (Point 3)	0.5		$\delta M_{\tilde{\tau}_1} = 1 \text{ GeV}, \delta M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 500 \text{ MeV},$	F	{15}
	$ee \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_3^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-$ (Point 2)	0.5	$M_{jj}$ in $jj\cancel{E}, M_{e\ell}$ in $jj\ell\ell\cancel{E}$	$\delta\sigma_{\tilde{\chi}_2\tilde{\chi}_3} = 4\%, \delta(M_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} - M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}) = 500 \text{ MeV}$	C	{16}
	$ee \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^- / \tilde{\chi}_i^0 \tilde{\chi}_j^0$ (Point 5)	0.5/1.0	$ZZ\cancel{E}, WW\cancel{E}$	$\delta\sigma_{\tilde{\chi}\tilde{\chi}} = 10\%, \delta(M_{\tilde{\chi}_3^0} - M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}) = 2 \text{ GeV}$	C	{17}
	$ee \rightarrow H^0 A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ (Point 4)	1.0	Mass constrained $M_{bb}$	$\delta M_A = 1 \text{ GeV}$	C	{18}
<i>-alternative SUSY breaking</i>	$ee \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1^+ \tilde{\tau}_1^-$ (Point 6)	0.5	Heavy stable particle	$\delta M_{\tilde{\tau}_1}$	T	{19}
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma + \cancel{E}$ (Point 7)	0.5	Non-pointing $\gamma$	$\delta\sigma_\tau = 10\%$	C	{20}
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 + \pi_{\text{soft}}^\pm$ (Point 8)	0.5	Soft $\pi^\pm$ above $\gamma\gamma$ bkgd	$5\sigma$ Evidence for $\Delta\tilde{m} = 0.2\text{-}2 \text{ GeV}$	F	{21}
<i>Precision SM</i>	$ee \rightarrow t\bar{t} \rightarrow 6 \text{ jets}$	1.0		$5\sigma$ Sensitivity for $(g-2)_e/2 \leq 10^{-3}$	V	{22}
	$ee \rightarrow f\bar{f}$ ( $f = e, \mu, \tau; b, c$ )	1.0	$\sigma_{f\bar{f}}, A_{FB}, A_{LR}$	$5\sigma$ Sensitivity to $M_{ZLR} = 7 \text{ TeV}$	V	{23}
<i>New Physics</i>	$ee \rightarrow \gamma G$ (ADD)	1.0	$\sigma(\gamma + \cancel{E})$	$5\sigma$ Sensitivity	C	{24}
	$ee \rightarrow KK \rightarrow f\bar{f}$ (RS)	1.0			T	{25}
<i>Energy/Lumi Meas.</i>	$ee \rightarrow ee_{\text{fwd}}$	0.3/1.0		$\delta M_{\text{top}} = 50 \text{ MeV}$	T	{26}
	$ee \rightarrow Z^0 \gamma$	0.5/1.0			T	{27}

## Reduced List of Benchmarks

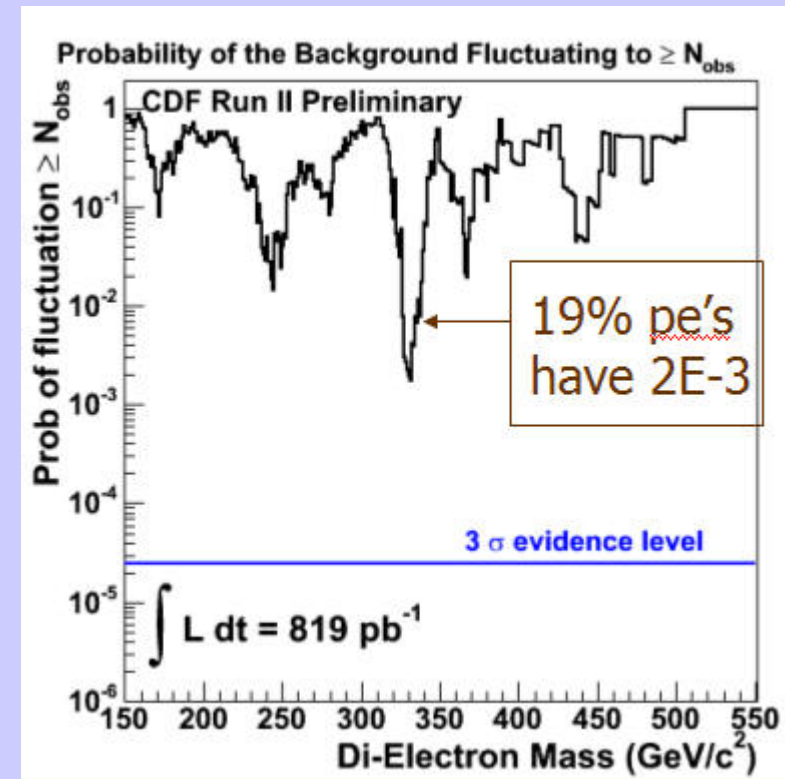
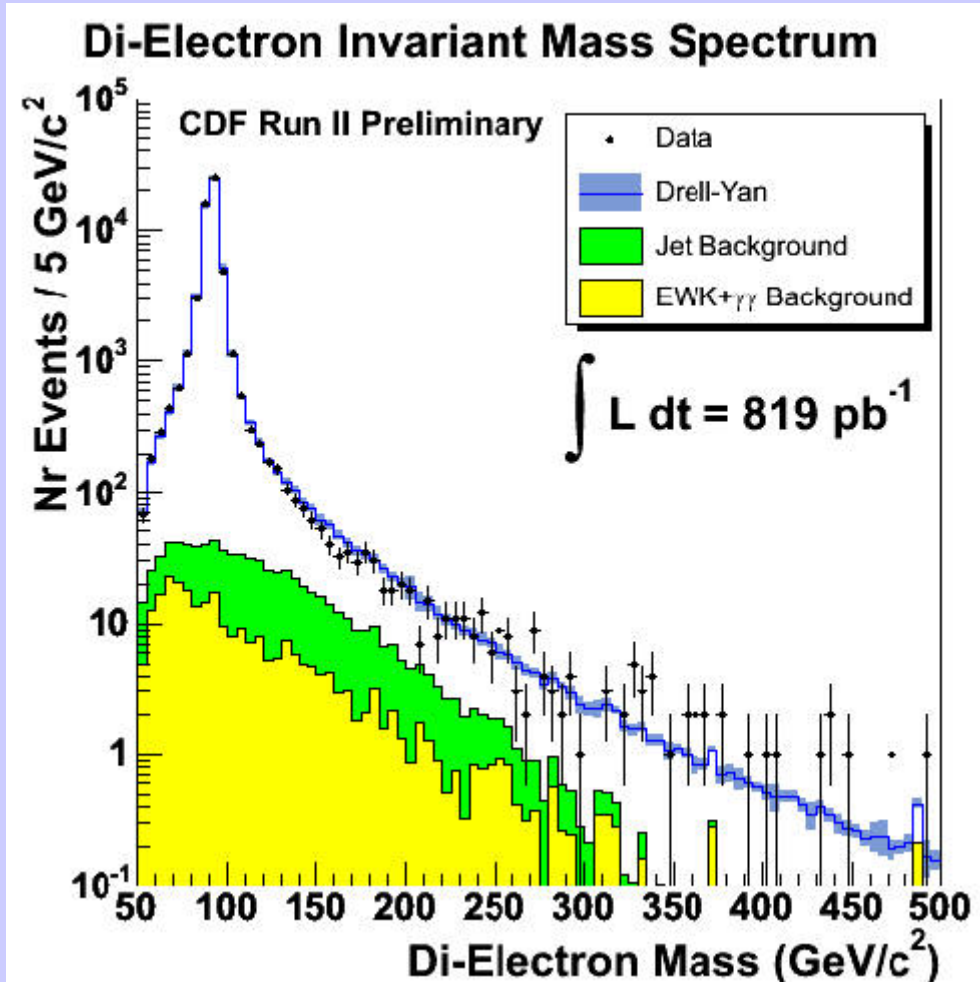
0. Single  $e^\pm, \mu^\pm, \pi^\pm, \pi^0, K^\pm, K_S^0, \gamma, 0 < |\cos \theta| < 1, 0 < p < 500$  GeV
1.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow f\bar{f}, f = e, \tau, u, s, c, b$  at  $\sqrt{s}=0.091, 0.35, 0.5$  and 1.0 TeV;
2.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0h^0 \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-X, M_h = 120$  GeV at  $\sqrt{s}=0.35$  TeV;
3.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0h^0, h^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}, \tau^+\tau^-, WW^*, M_h = 120$  GeV at  $\sqrt{s}=0.35$  TeV;
4.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0h^0h^0, M_h = 120$  GeV at  $\sqrt{s}=0.5$  TeV;
5.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{e}_R^+\tilde{e}_R^-$  at Point 1 at  $\sqrt{s}=0.5$  TeV;
6.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1^+\tilde{\tau}_1^-$ , at Point 3 at  $\sqrt{s}=0.5$  TeV;
7.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-/\tilde{\chi}_2^0\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  at Point 5 at  $\sqrt{s}=0.5$  TeV;

**I have some questions about this:**

**Where is MET +  $\gamma$ , or MET + h, or top? Why  $e^+e^- \rightarrow u\bar{u}$ ?**



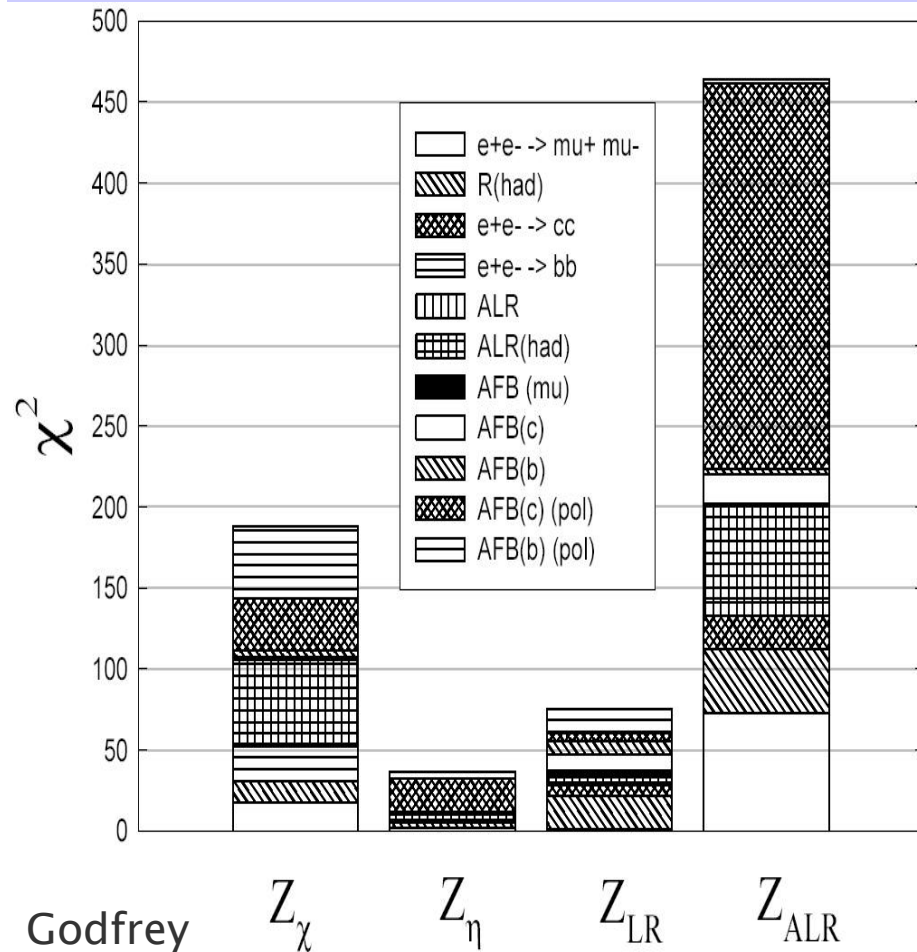
# Tevatron Check: Dilepton Mass Spectrum



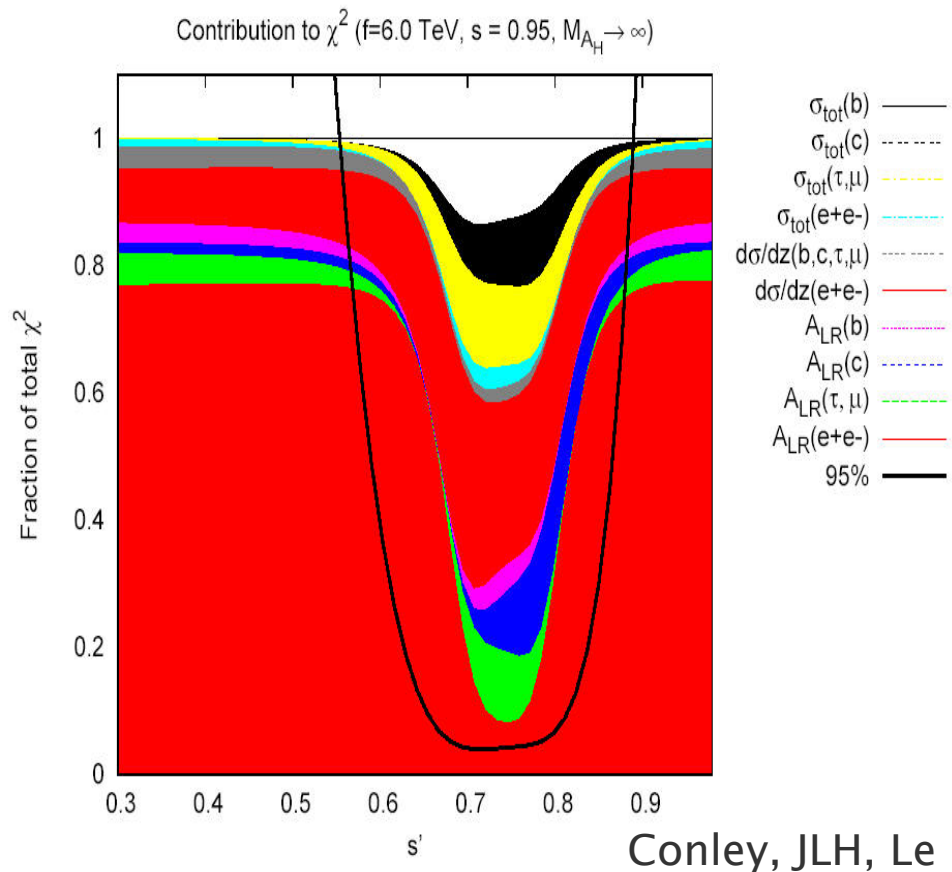
# Contributions to Search Reach

There is no single model independent dominant observable!  
All contributions are potentially important

## E<sub>6</sub> Z' Models

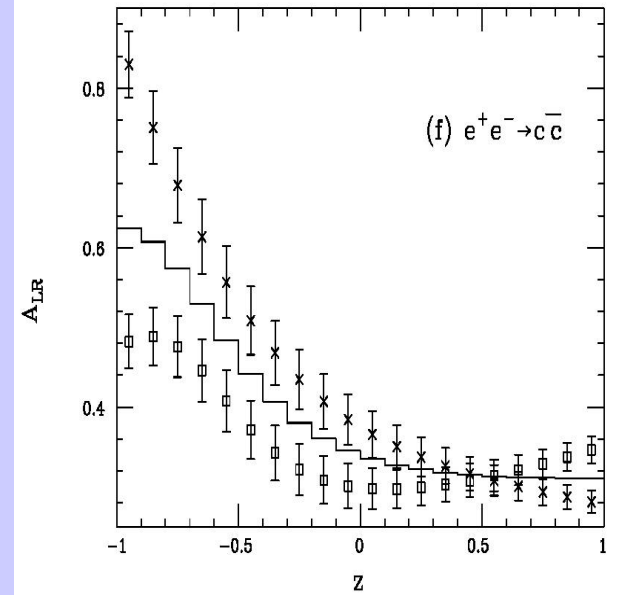
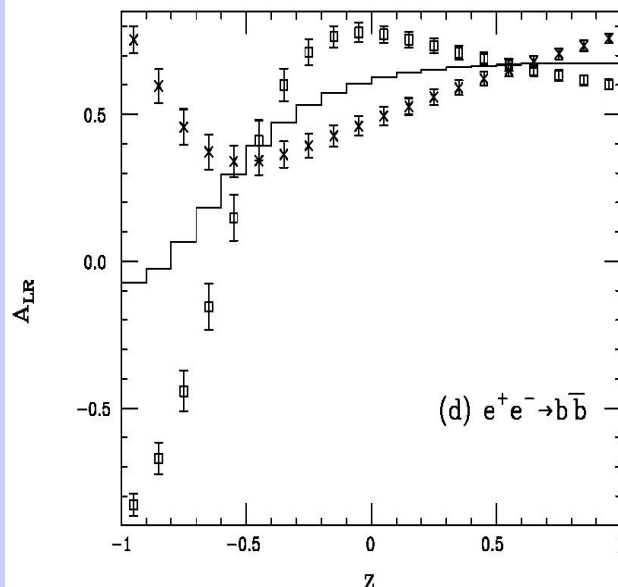
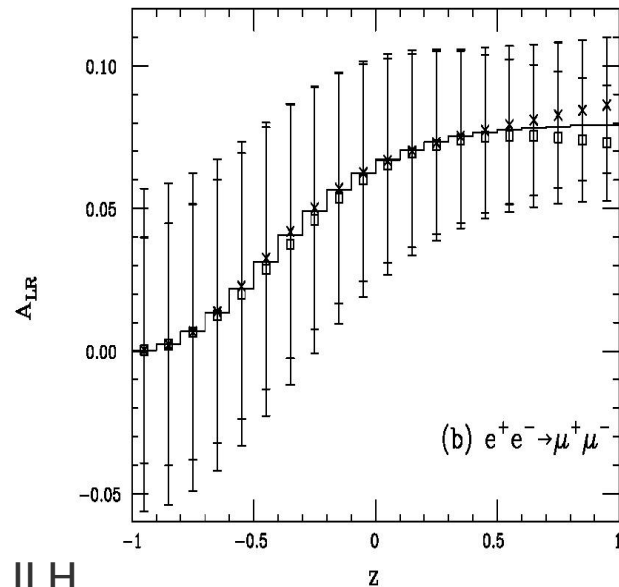
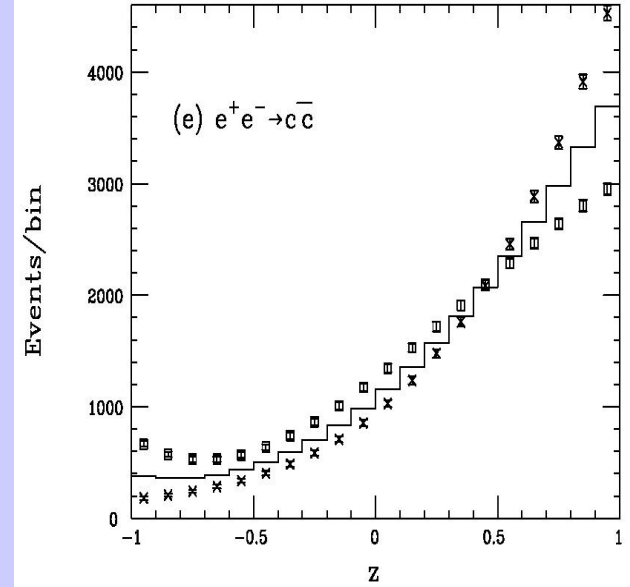
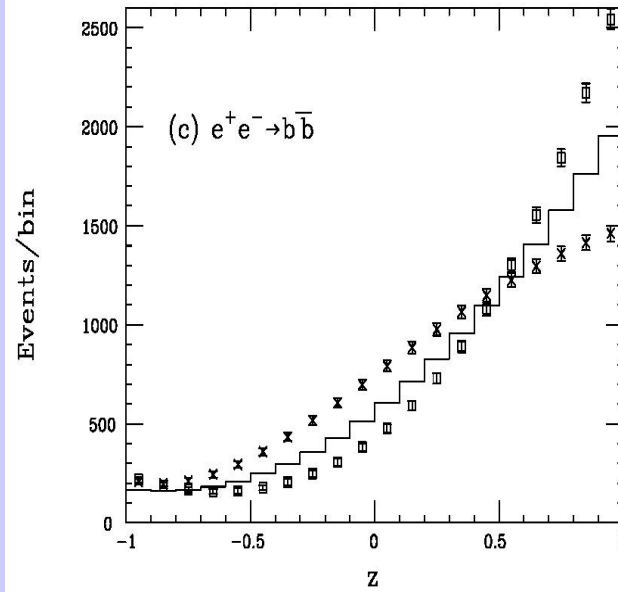
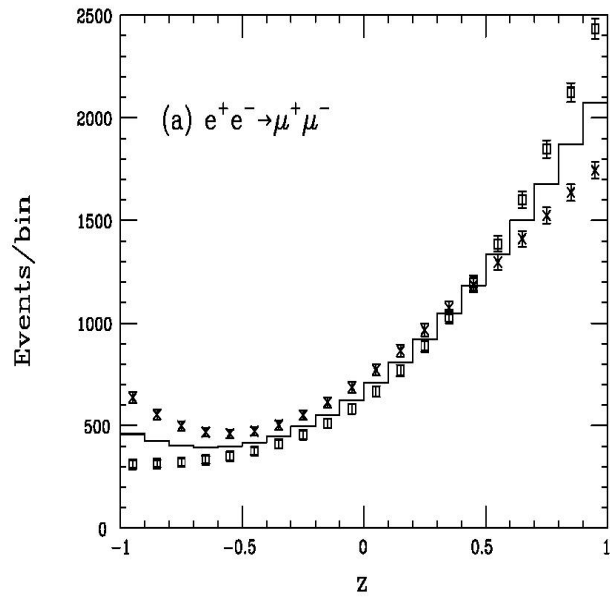


## Little Higgs Z'



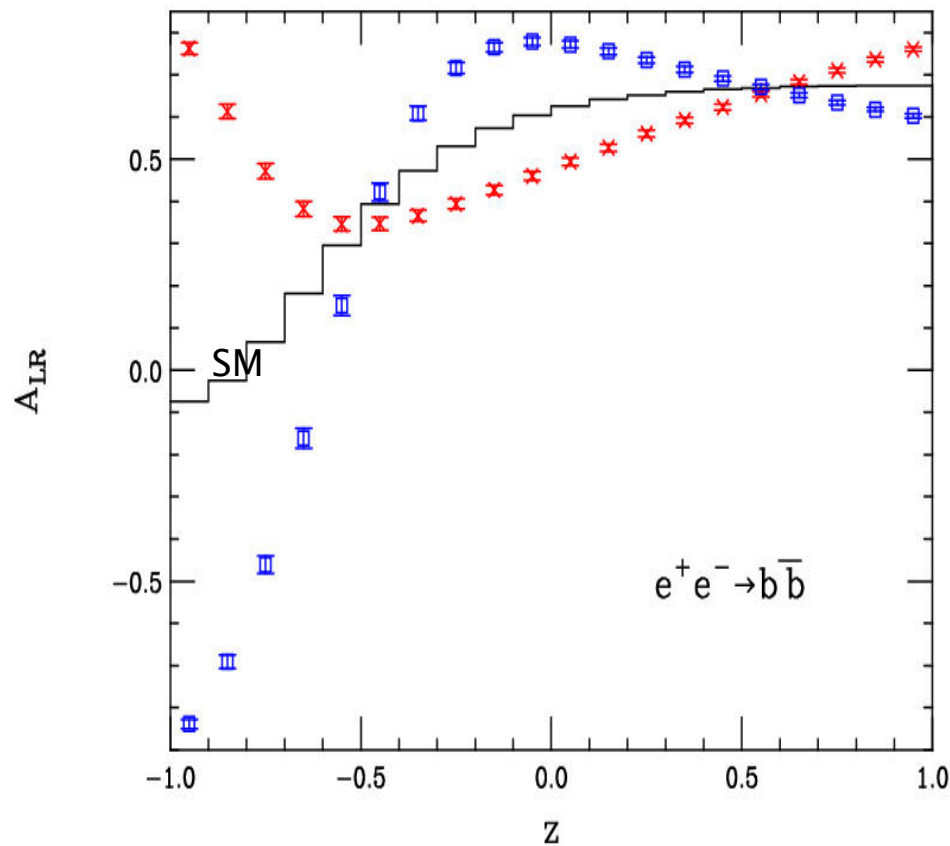
# Indirect Exchange of KK Gravitons

$\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $\Lambda = 1.5 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $75 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

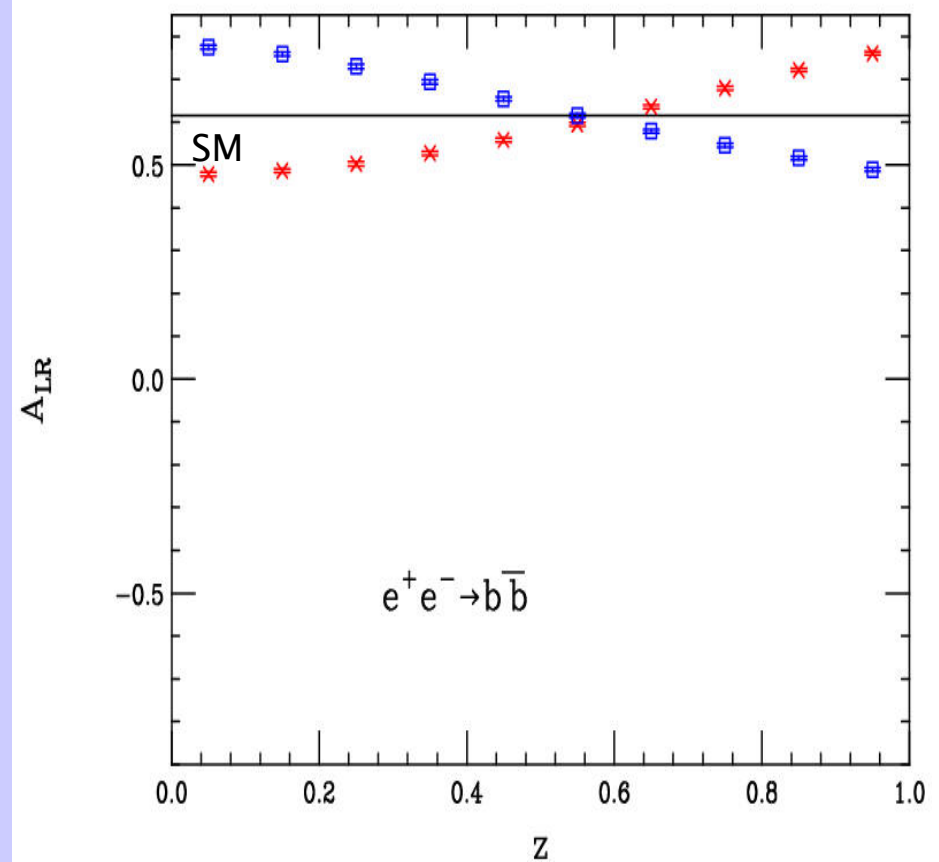


# Full angular dependence in b pairs is important: requires jet-charge measurement

with jet-charge info



without jet-charge info



KK graviton exchange

$\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $\Lambda = 1.5 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Clearly a loss of sensitivity when cannot distinguish b from  $\bar{b}$



# Full angular dependence in b pairs is important: requires jet-charge measurement

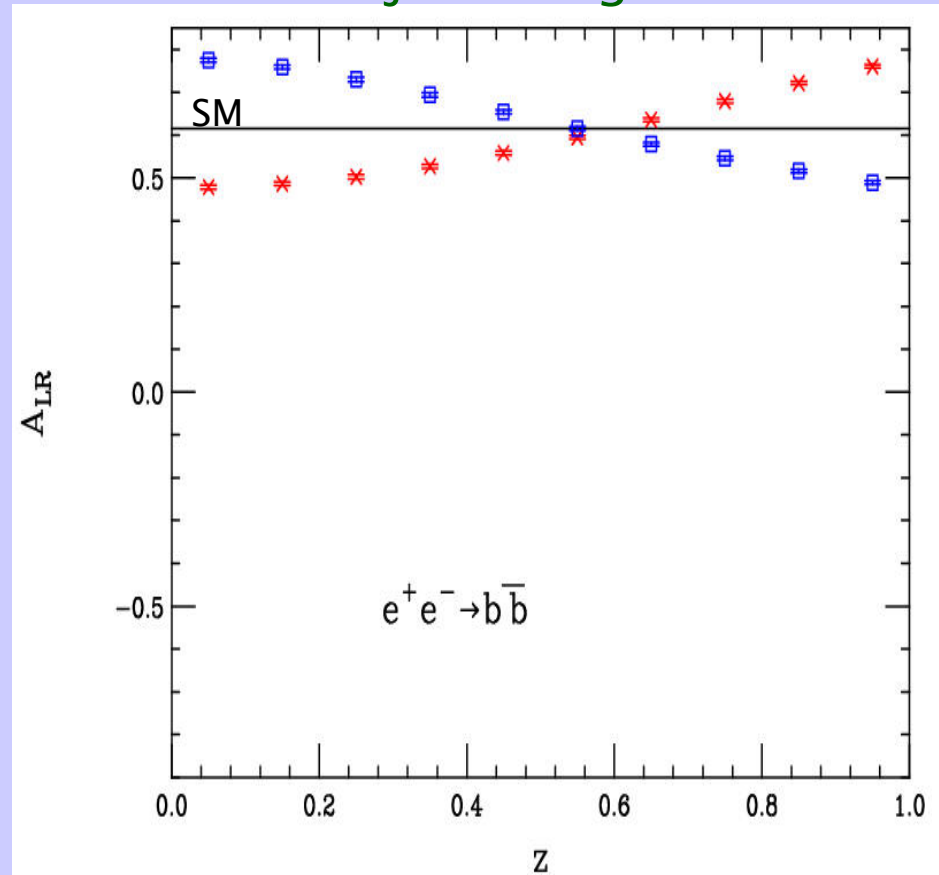
However, this is interesting!

SM and all spin-1 exchange has a constant distribution.

Works for any fermion final state

⇒ Any deviation from a constant value is a measurement of spin  $\neq 1$  (such as sneutrino or graviton)!!

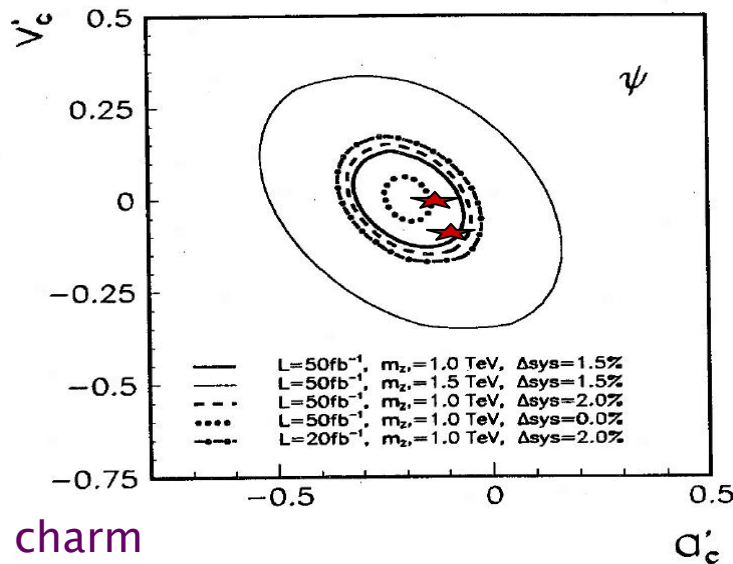
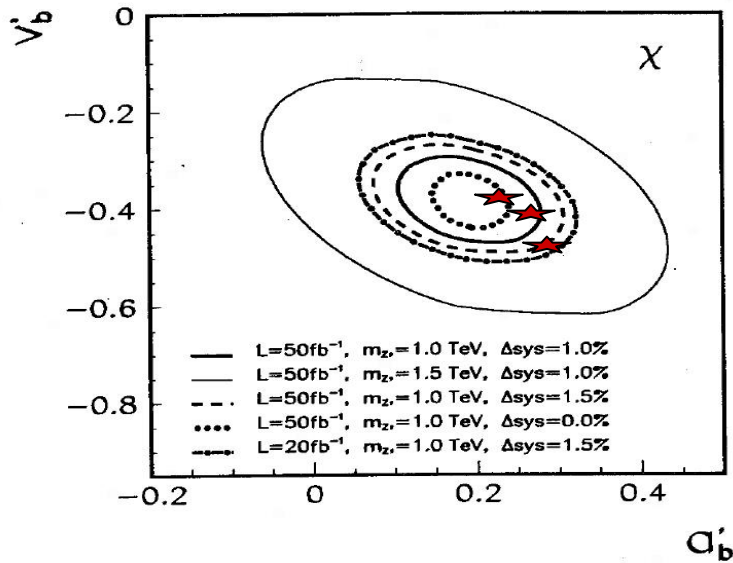
without jet-charge info



KK graviton exchange

# Systematics Dependence of Z' Heavy Quark Coupling Determinations

bottom

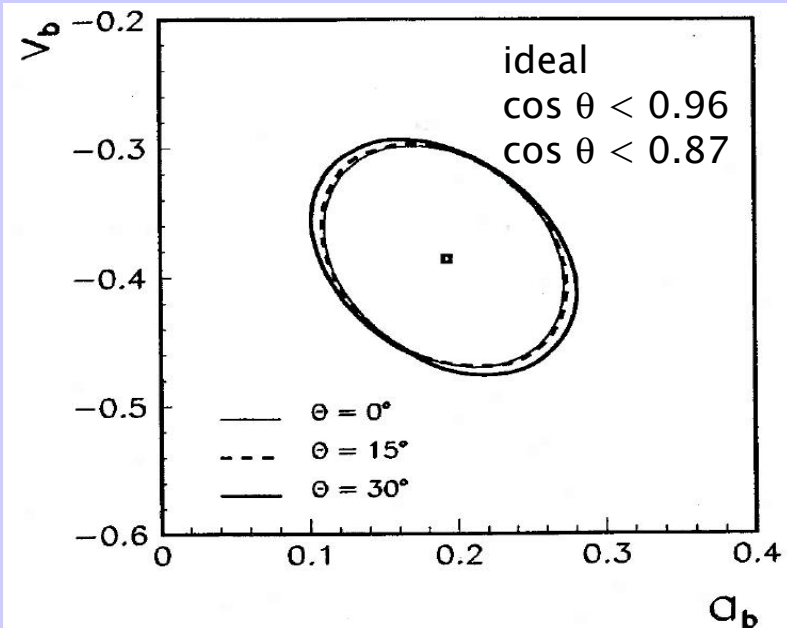


charm

Analysis uses event rate + full (un+)polarized angular info on heavy quark jets

S. Riemann  
50 fb<sup>-1</sup>

Dependence on fiducial volume of vertex detector



## Does the New Physics have Generational Dependent Couplings?

When something is discovered, it's a question we will ask

- Will measure generational dependence in leptonic sector, will also want to study quark sector
- We will want to compare top & charm event rates and (un +)polarized angular distributions.
- It would be awfully, awfully nice to compare bottom and strange event rates and (un + )polarized angular distributions as well (e.g., SLD measurement of  $A_s$  )

This would give a full check on the theory

## Supersymmetry: Some Superdifficult Processes

Some very likely, yet difficult signatures:

- Charm tagging in stop decays (soft charm)
- Small mass splitting between sparticle & LSP
  - Chargino decay
- LSP is only kinematically accessible sparticle

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1^{\bar{}} \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_0^1 \bar{c} \tilde{\chi}_0^1$$

- Stops can be “light” in various SUSY models
  - Off-diagonal matrix element proportional to  $m_t$
- Main decay mode can be through a Flavor Changing Neutral Current – loop decay!  
stop  $\rightarrow$  charm + LSP

- **Challenges**

- Vertex detector to tag charm (could be soft)
- Hermiticity (MET)

C. Milstene

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1^* \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_0^1 \bar{c} \tilde{\chi}_0^1$$

Do we need to pay attention?: **Theoretically, this is a very real possibility**

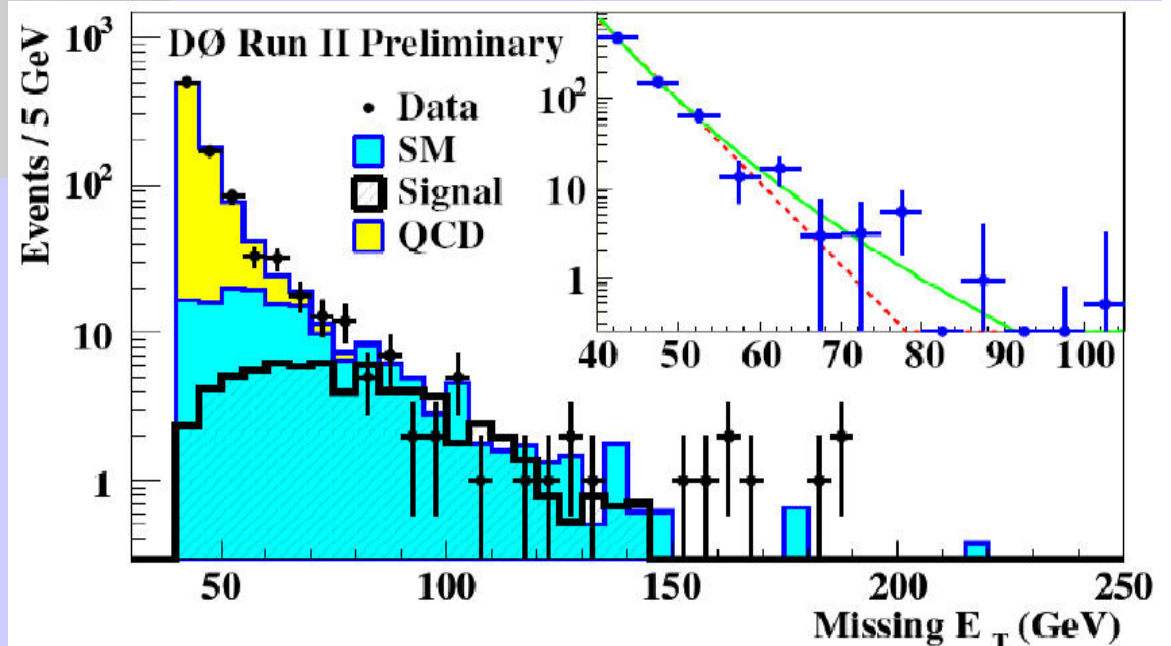
$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1^* \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_0^1 \bar{c} \tilde{\chi}_0^1$$

Do we need to pay attention?: **Tevatron check!**

### D0 analysis:

- Signature is two acoplanar c-jets
- Cuts:
  - Exactly two jets,  $p_T > 40, 20$  GeV,  $d\phi < 165$
  - Quality cuts on mET vs. jet directions
  - At least one jet lifetime tag (c-tag)
  - $mET > 70$  GeV (optimized for each stop mass)

- Slight excess in **data at high mET**



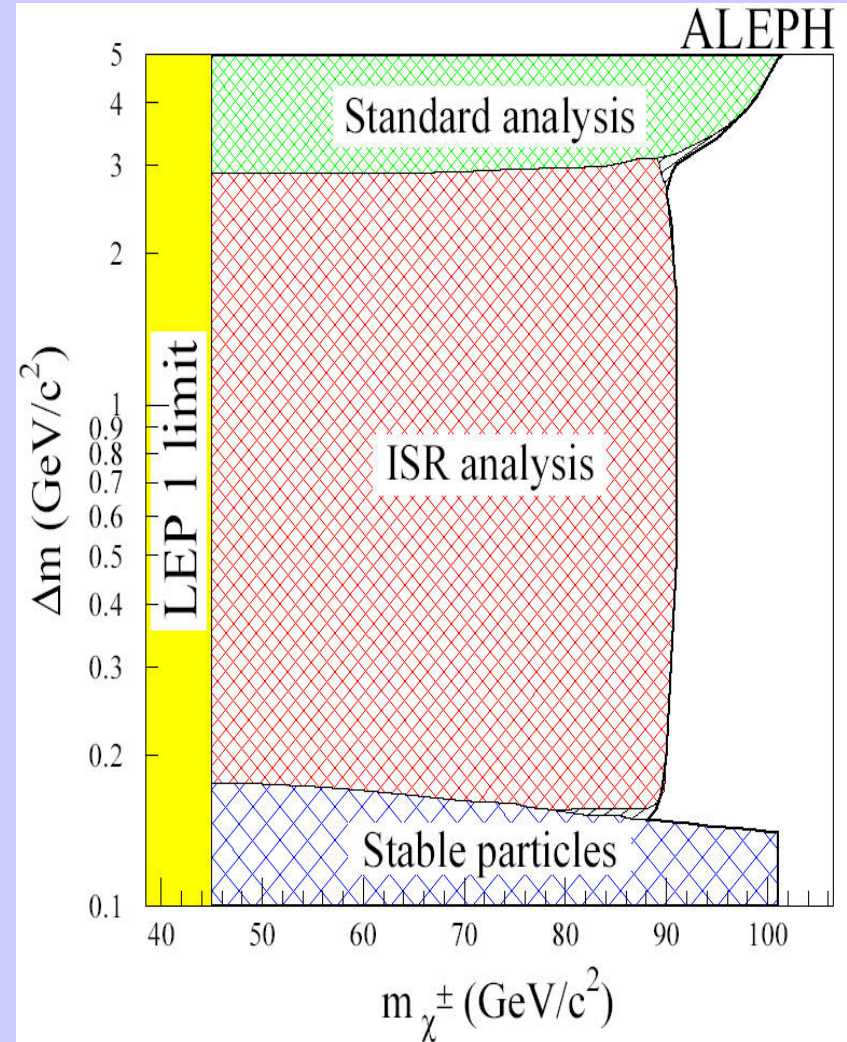
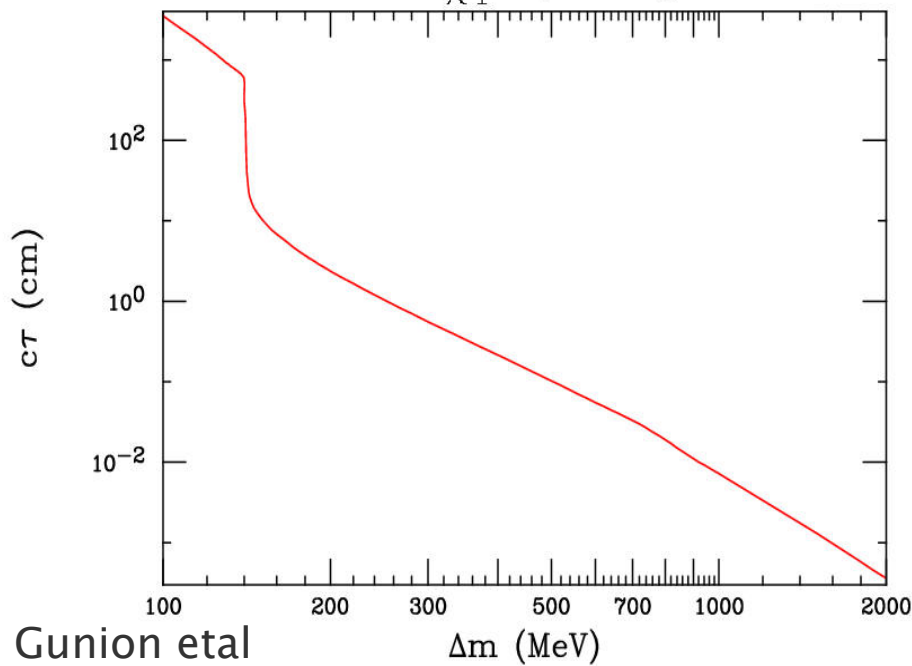
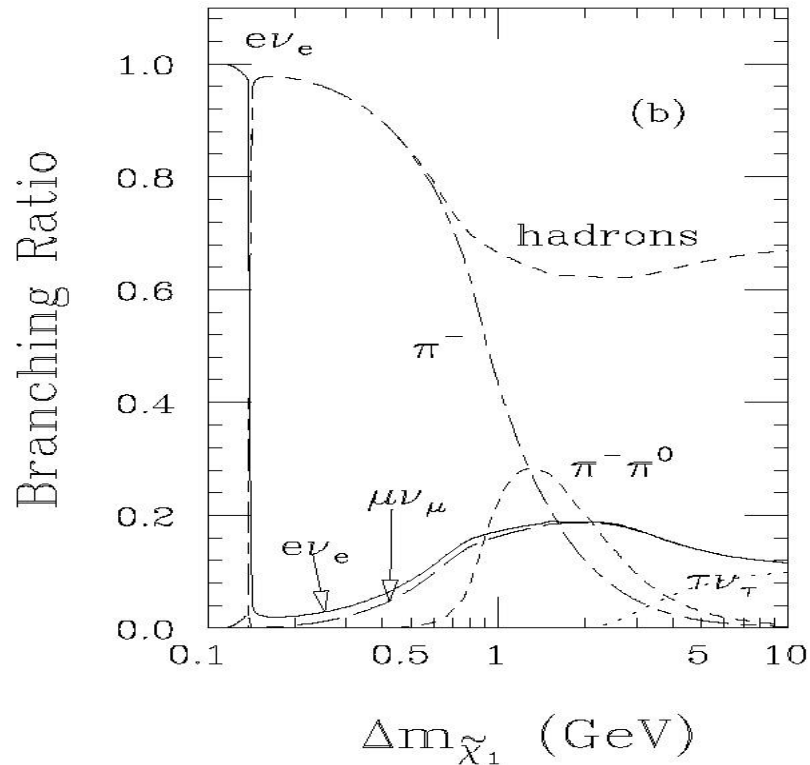
## Small Mass Splittings: Degenerate $\chi_{1\pm}, \chi_1^0$

- As lightest chargino and LSP become degenerate, chargino decay channels change
- Chargino main decay channel can be  $\chi_{1\pm} \rightarrow \pi + \chi_1^0, \pi\pi + \chi_1^0$ , with soft pions
- This is main region of parameter space where model identification is impossible @ LHC
- Trigger on  $\gamma$  in  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \chi_{1\pm}\chi_{1\pm} + \gamma$  radiative production

C. Berger et al



Results: Degenerate  
Chargino/LSP  $\Rightarrow$  need to  
detect soft  $\pi$ 's!

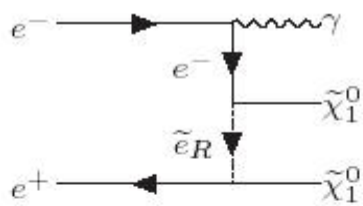


# SUSY is Heavy: Radiative Neutralino Production

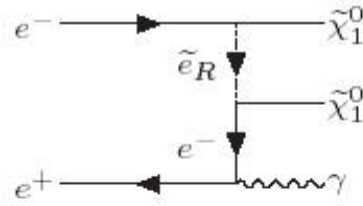
- If LSP is only kinematically accessible sparticle
  - $e^+e^- \rightarrow \chi_1^0 \chi_1^0 + \gamma$  becomes important

- Backgrounds:
 
$$e^+ + e^- \rightarrow \nu_l + \bar{\nu}_l + \gamma, \quad l = e, \mu, \tau$$

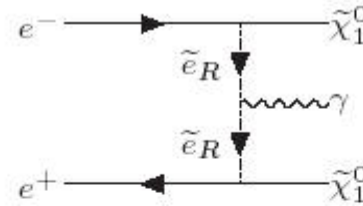
$$e^+ + e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_l + \tilde{\nu}_l^* + \gamma, \quad l = e, \mu, \tau$$



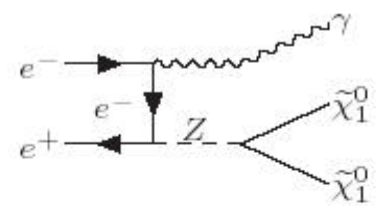
diagr. 1/4



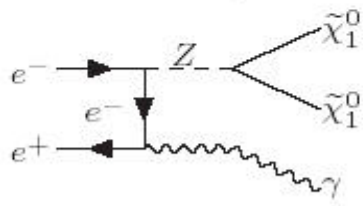
diagr. 2/5



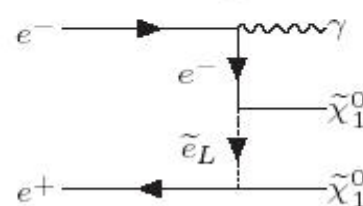
diagr. 3/6



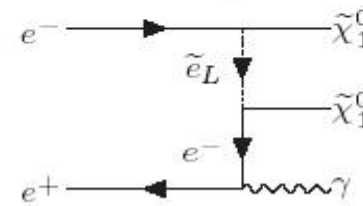
diagr. 7



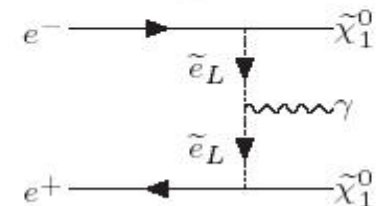
diagr. 8



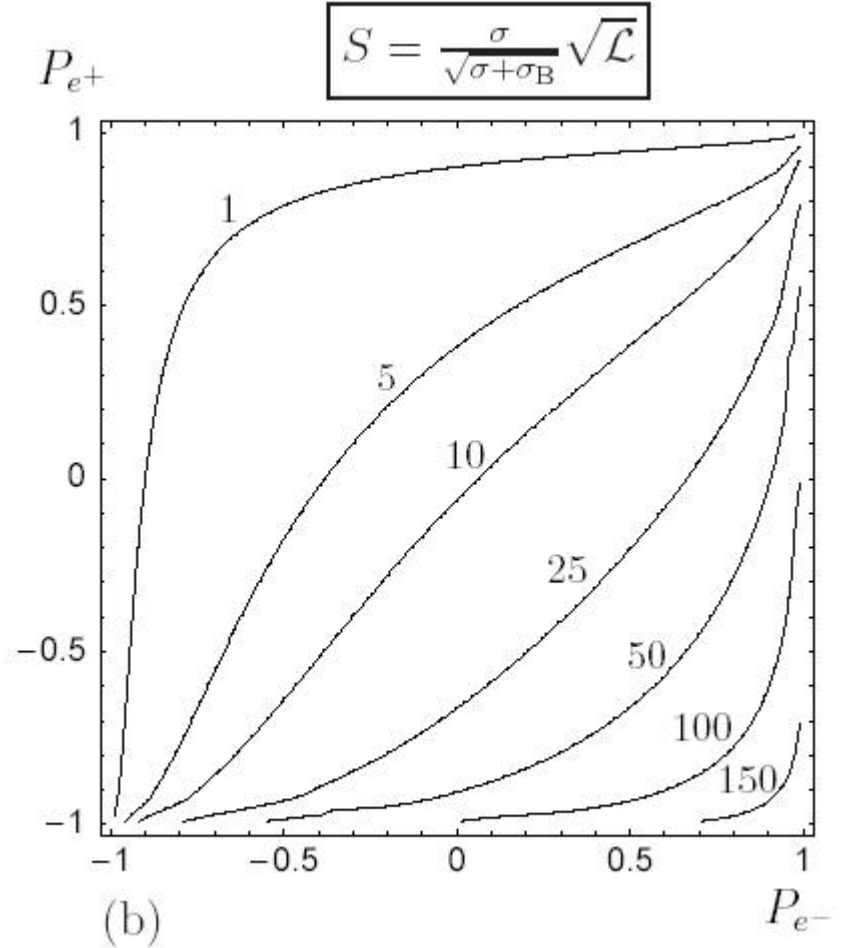
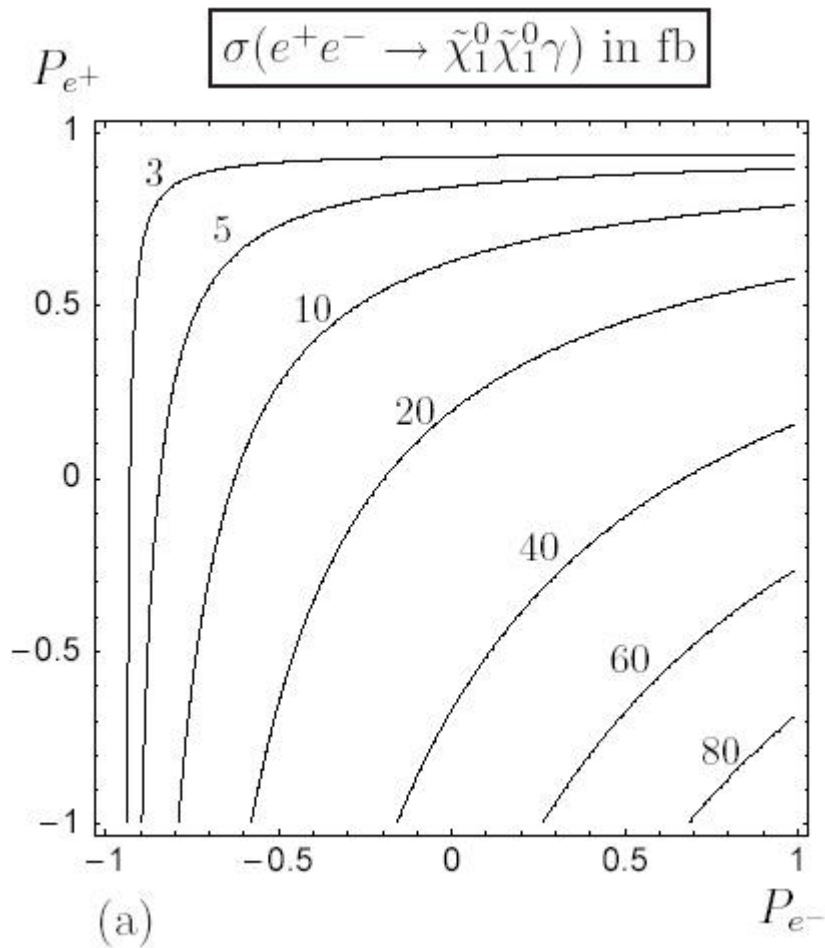
diagr. 9/12



diagr. 10/13



diagr. 11/14



$$-0.99 \leq \cos \theta_\gamma \leq 0.99, \quad 0.02 \leq x \leq 1 - \frac{m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}^2}{E_{\text{beam}}^2}, \quad x = \frac{E_\gamma}{E_{\text{beam}}}$$

Dreiner et al

Yet another important source of  $\gamma + \text{MET}$  with non-pointing  $\gamma$   
 Challenges Calorimeter for  $\delta\theta, \delta\phi$

## Long-lived/Stable Particles

Many models predict them

- Supersymmetry: Gauge Mediated SUSY Breaking  
Split Supersymmetry  
R-Parity Violation
- Heavy fermions with nearly degenerate masses
- ....

Signatures in the Detector

- particle decay inside detector, timing not coordinated with collision
- jets, leptons,  $\pi$ 's,  $\gamma$ 's appearing from nowhere
- kinks in tracks

# Gauge Mediated SUSY Breaking

- High scale hidden (messenger) sector breaks SUSY
- Sparticle masses proportional to gauge couplings
- Gravitino is the LSP with mass  $\sim$  few eV
- NLSP typically neutralino or stau and is long-lived

$$\chi_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{G} + \gamma/Z$$

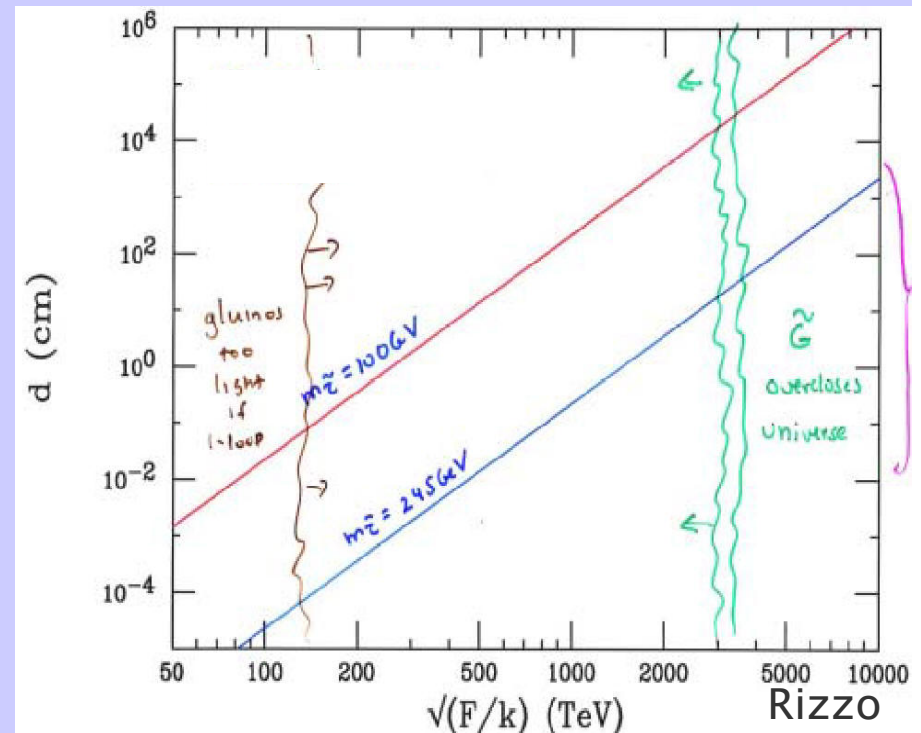
$$\tilde{\tau} \rightarrow \tilde{G} + \tau$$

$$\Gamma(\chi_1^0/\tilde{\tau}) = (k/F)^2 (m_{\chi,\tau}^5/16\pi) \kappa_{\gamma,Z}$$

$k \sim$  messenger coupling

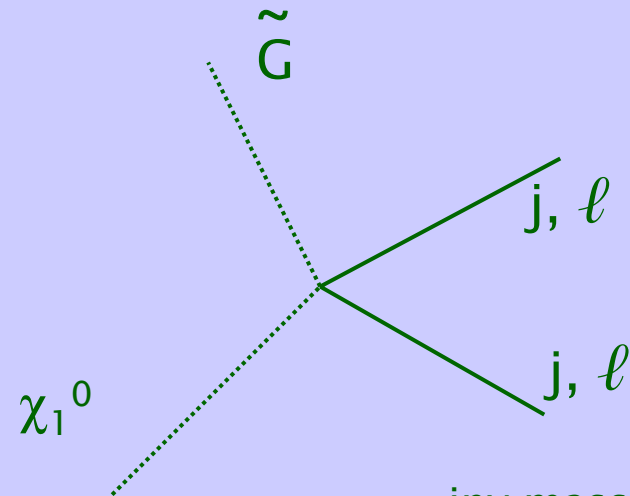
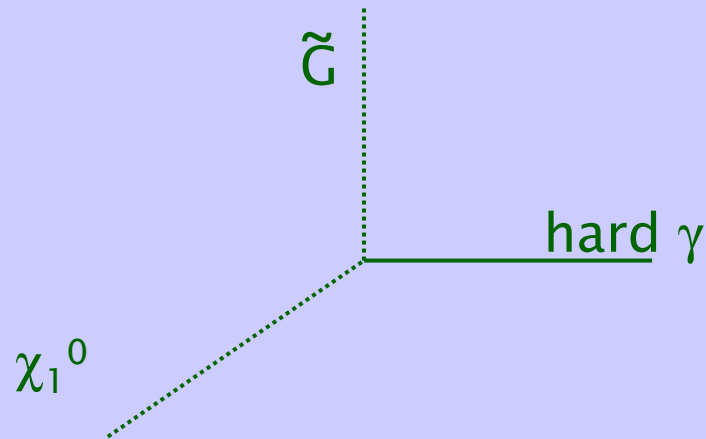
$F \sim$  fundamental scale

$\kappa_{\gamma,Z} \sim$  Clebsch,  $O(1)$



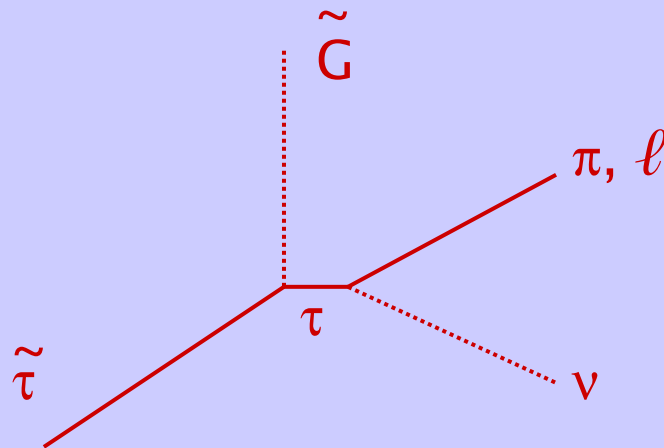
# Signatures: $\chi_{1^0}$ , $\tilde{\tau}$ decays inside the detector

$\chi_{1^0}$ :



inv mass is  $M_Z$

$\tilde{\tau}$ :



tracks not pointing to vertex!  
decay not timed with collision!

# Split Supersymmetry:

Arkani-Hamed, Dimopoulos  
Giudice, Romanino

Energy  
(GeV)



$M_{\text{GUT}} \sim 10^{16}$  GeV

$M_S$  : SUSY broken at high scale  $\sim 10^{9-13}$  GeV

Scalars receive mass @ high scale

Squarks, Sleptons

$M_{\text{weak}}$

1 light Higgs + Fermions

Standard Model +  
Guginos/Higgsinos



protected by chiral  
symmetry

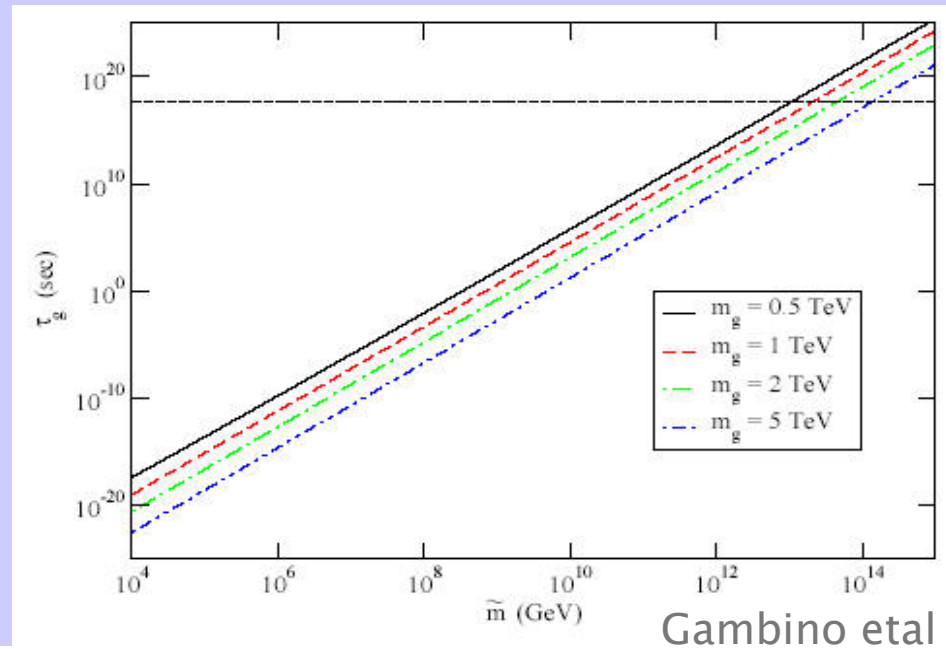
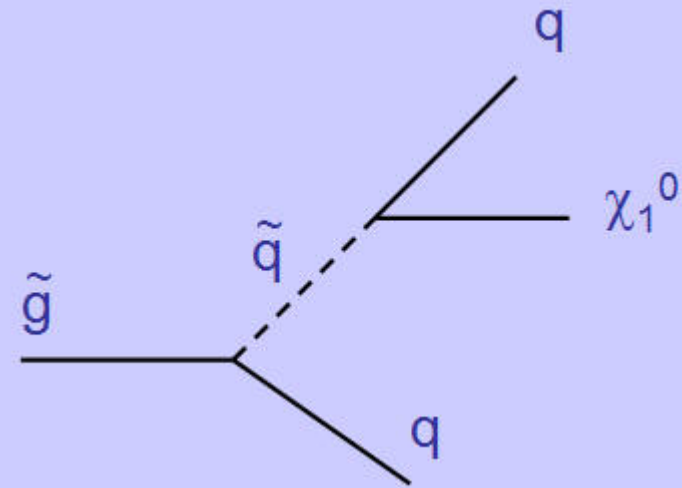
# Gluginos are long-lived

## Glino lifetime:

$$\tau \simeq 8 \left( \frac{m_S}{10^9 \text{ GeV}} \right)^4 \left( \frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{m_{\tilde{g}}} \right)^5 \text{ s}$$

ranges from ps to age of the universe  
for TeV-scale gluinos (Cosmological constraints)

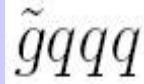
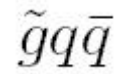
- $\tau \sim \text{ps}$ , decays in vertex detector
- $\text{ps} < \tau < 100 \text{ ns}$ , decays in detector
- $\tau > 10^{-7} \text{ s}$ , decays outside detector  $\Rightarrow$  bulk of parameter space!





# Glauino Phenomenology

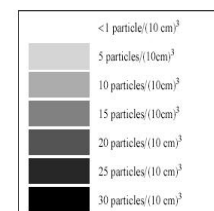
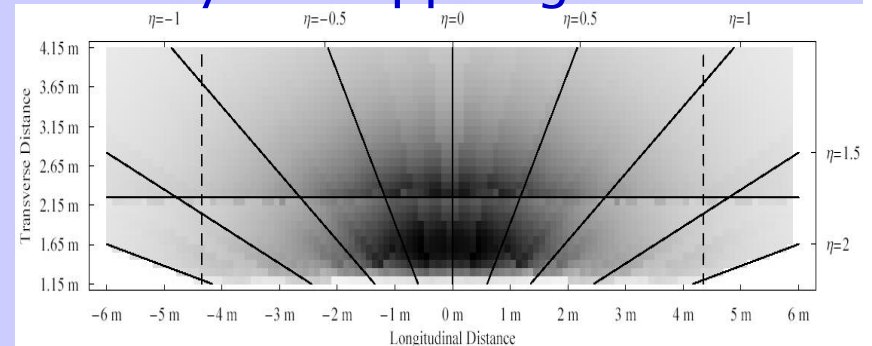
## Glauino hadronizes into color singlet R-hadron



- R is neutral: energy loss via hadronic collisions as it propagates through detector (Had Cal)
- R is charged: energy loss via hadronic interactions and ionization (Had & EM CAL)
- R flips sign: hadronic interactions can change charge of R, can be alternately charged and neutral!  $\Rightarrow$  ionization tracks may stop & start!

- Heavy, charged, slow gluinos can stop in the detector due to ionization energy loss
- Exact calculation of rate highly model dependent!!!
- Signature: off-line analysis of calorimetric energy deposition, no tracks and not timed to collision

## Density of stopped $\tilde{g}$ in ATLAS

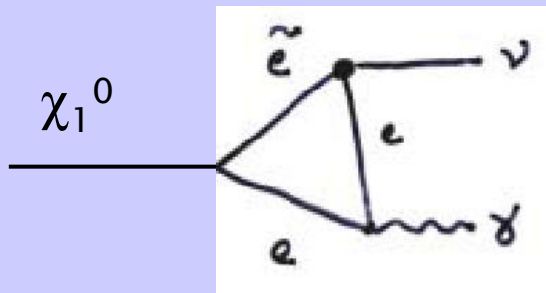


Arvanitaki et al

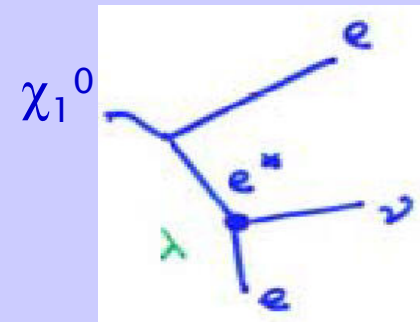
# SUSY with R-Parity Violation

- LSP decays
- Superpotential:  $W = \lambda LLE^c + \lambda' LQD^c + \lambda'' UD^cD^c$

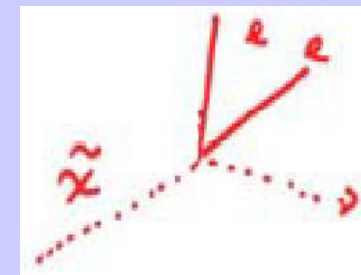
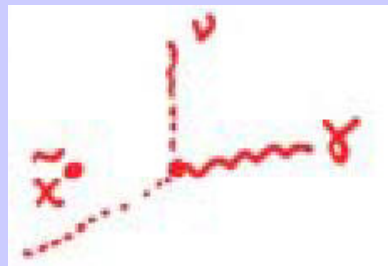
Loop decay:



tree-level decay:



Signatures:



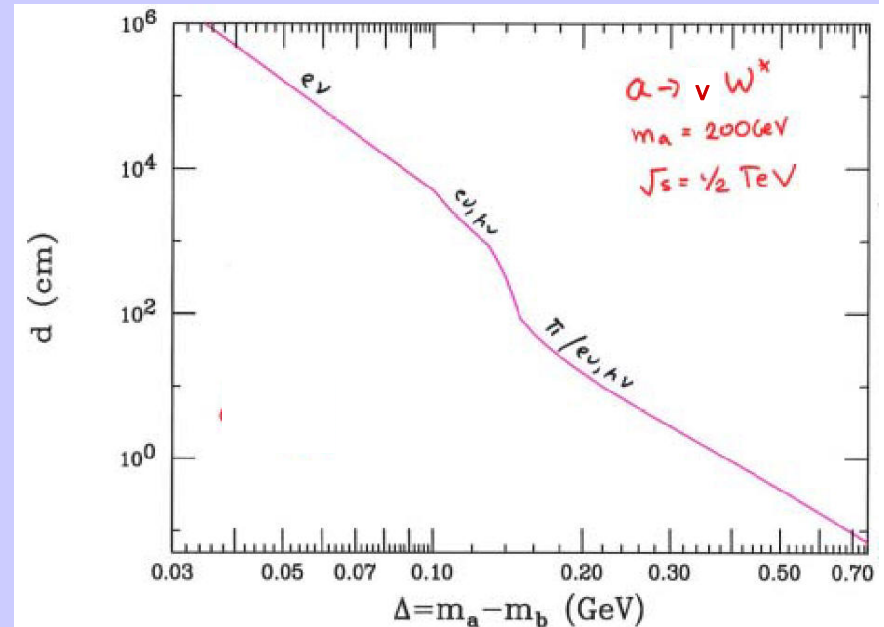
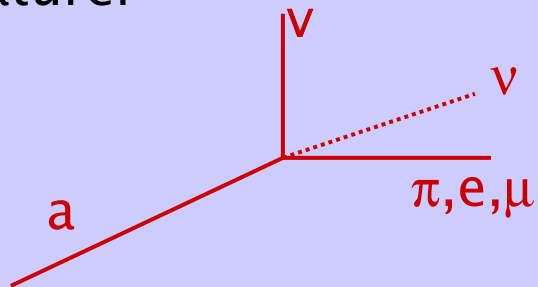
$$\Gamma_{\chi} / \Gamma_{\mu} = 10^{20} (\lambda/g)^2 (m_{\chi} / 100 \text{ GeV})^5$$

# Degenerate Heavy Fermions

- Vector-like fermions naturally degenerate to avoid bounds on STU oblique parameters
- Vector-like fermions contained in many models, e.g., Little Higgs,  $E_6$

$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ v \end{bmatrix}_{L,R}$      $a \rightarrow \nu W^*$ ,  $W^* \rightarrow \{\pi's, e\nu, \mu\nu\}$   
 Large PS suppression leads to long lifetime

Signature:



# Summary: A Theorist's Perspective

- This is our one shot at doing this physics
- We need a detector that can do everything we can possibly dream of
- Nature most likely will have even more surprises in store

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A Theorist's Plea: please ensure the GDE doesn't descope the machine. We need to keep the machine in line with the parameters in the consensus document!!!