

SRF Material R&D

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SRF Materials Issues



Collaborations with universities + SRF labs

Understanding SRF physics

- High Field dissipation
- Quench
- Surface resistance
- Thermal behavior
- *Hot spots*
- *Surface nano-analysis*
- *Magneto-optics*
- *Thermal conductance*
- *Kapitza resistance*
- *Beyond Nb...*

Collaborations with industries

Processing

- Specification
- Reproducibility
- Cost issues
- *EP facility Design - Construction*
- *EP Mechanism*
 - *Modeling (hydrodynamics)*
- *Pre-processing (tumbling)*
- *Post-processing (rinsing)*

Large scale Nb supplying QA

- Specification
- Reproducibility
- Cost issues
- *Mechanical properties*
- *Recrystallization*
- *Texture/Orientation issues*
- *Forming process*
- *Fine grain/Large grain*

SRF Materials group



Scientists:

C. Antoine (Processing R&D, University Collab.)

Engineer-Physicists:

D. Hicks* (Cavity, Nb processing)

G. Wu (Materials R&D, Processing R&D)

Engineers:

C. Boffo (Processing R&D and Facilities, Materials R&D)

C. Cooper* (Processing Lab Safety, Processing R&D)

N. Dhanaraj (1 Cell Program)

G. Galasso (Processing R&D)

Designers:

K. Ewald (Processing R&D)

F. McConologue* (FTE Processing R&D)

Designer 1 cell* (1 Cell Program)

Tech:

D. Bice (Processing R&D @ J-Lab)

D. Burke* (Processing Lab support)

O. Frianeza (Processing R&D, SRF Materials Lab)

R. Schuessler (SRF Materials Lab)

FTE:

1 SC

5 ENG

3.5 TEC

2 DES

* Not full time

Improvement of QC/QA and Support to projects

- Ongoing
 - Eddy Current Scanner, microscopy, mechanical measurements (collab. MSU)...
 - Cutting study
 - RRR measurement
- Short term activities
 - Cold tensile test (implementation of the Instron Machine)
 - *Surface routine analysis**
 - *Thermal conductivity measurement*
- Mid-long term activities
 - *Squid Eddy Current scanning (sheets, cavities) ? **.*
 - *Field emission scanner ? ***

* Investment needed
** developed else where

Process R&D Activities

- Ongoing
 - Pre-processing (Tumbling) / Post-processing (dry/plasma cleaning)
 - Samples R&D (*bath aging, Fluorine monitoring with ISE, process understanding,...*)
 - 3.9 GHz 1-cell EP set-up
 - EP modeling (*needs to be reinforced*), BCP (*thermal modeling*)
 - EP/BCP facility @ ANL & FNAL
 - Assembly
- Short term activities
 - Upgrading the 3.9 GHz EP set-up to 1.3 GHz ?
 - Development of nine-cells EP set-up
 - Development of single/nine-cells RF test stand with diagnostic (*T-mapping, replicas...*)
- Mid term activities. *They need to be first demonstrated on 1-cell before being applied to 9-cell. It supposes the 1-cell RF test stand to be running.*
 - Reproducibility of the complete process: EP + HPR + Baking + RF test (1-then 9-cells)
 - Alternative rinsing (ethanol, degreasing)
 - Baking study
 - Feasibility of online F monitoring on the EP set-up.

Materials R&D Activities



- Ongoing

- Surface 3D microprobe analysis (with NU)
- Magnetic characterization, magneto-optic, critical current, influence of grain boundary, baking (with FSU, ex Wisconsin)
- Mechanical characterization, texture analysis (with MSU)

- Short term activities

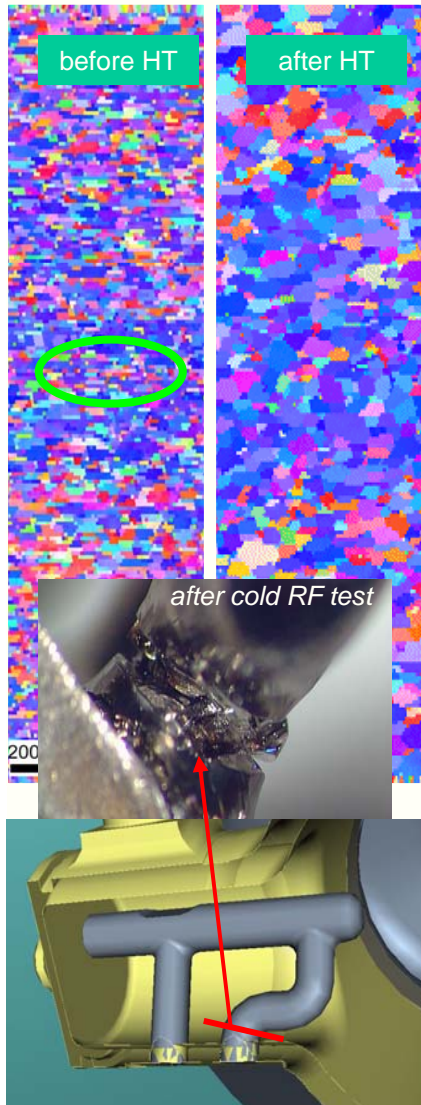
- Recrystallization study, cold and RT mechanical properties (1-2 year post doc)
- Development of large grain/monocrystal cavity fabrication (project, not necessarily within the material's group)
- Magnetometry on monocrystals (e.g. Fermi local PhD program), sensitivity of grain orientation to the processing *
- Rs low field measurement with RF microscope, Theory of SRF (at FSU**)

Mid/long term activities

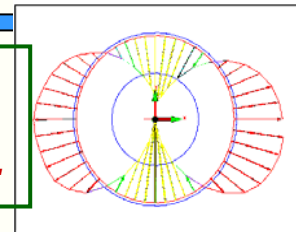
- nm thin films of e.g. MgB₂ on medium/large grain Nb cavities ; collaboration with Argonne, FSU and Penn State U *
- Superconducting Gap measurement by photoemission and STM ; collaboration with Argonne, IIT *

* Investment needed
** developed else where

Why Should We perform Material R&D ?



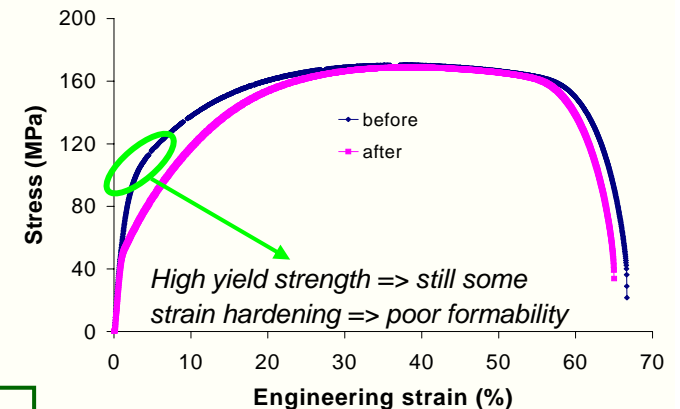
Forming Problems at AES: Nb too hard, spring back, 6 passes vs 1, ovalization...



Deviation from circular shape

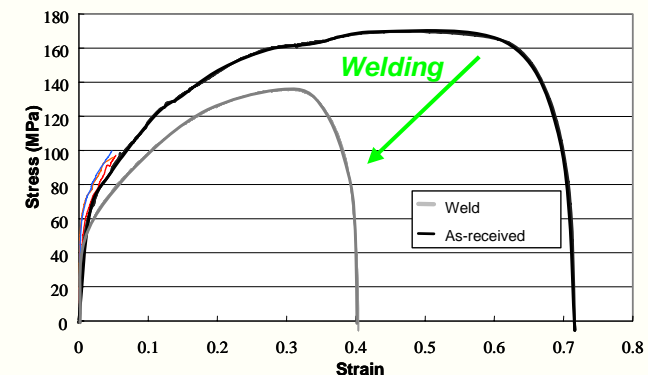
Microstructure & Mechanical Properties studied (MSU):

- **Diagnostic:** non fully recrystallized material
- **Recommendations**
 - Re-annealing of the batch (~ 200 sheets)
 - QA : delivered material should meet tightly specifications
 - We must work with the suppliers to help them to meet specification



Antenna breaking in HOM coupler

- **Diagnostic:** brittle fracture, but precursor cracks during processing ?
- **Recommendation**
 - we need to know better cold and room temperature mechanical properties of Nb



Why Should We perform Process R&D ?

Surface processing 1

Large spread of results for electropolishing (EP)

Why are EP results are not reproducible ?

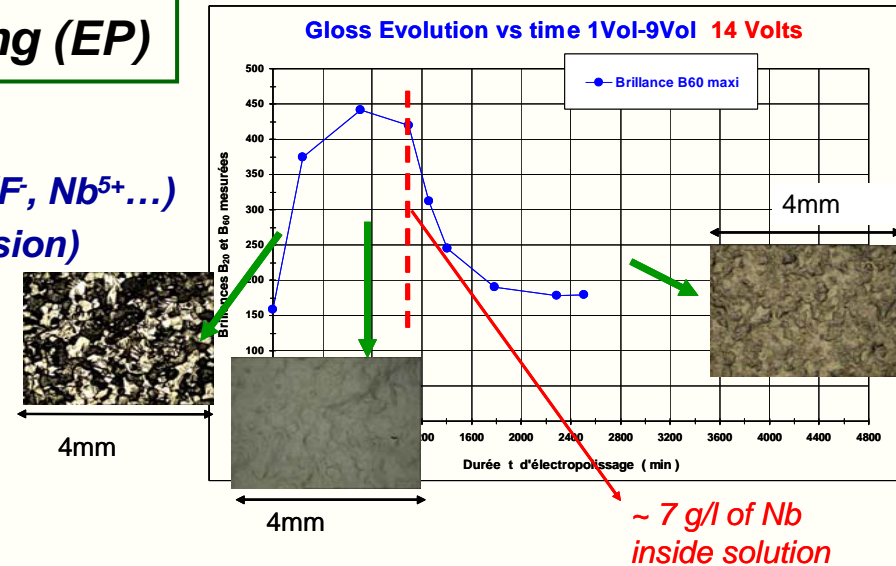
- Aging of the solution, evolution of the composition (F^- , Nb^{5+} ...)
- Impurities, particles generation (Sulfur vs field emission)
- Variation of the surface composition ?
- Variation of the surface roughness ?

Surface processing 2

Field emission is the major practical limitation

What are the possible sources?

- Poor control of the wet process : particle counting is not effective
- Poor cleaning of the ancillaries : e.g. couplers
- Contamination during assembly : long, complex, man-made
- Absence of post processing solution



Recommendations

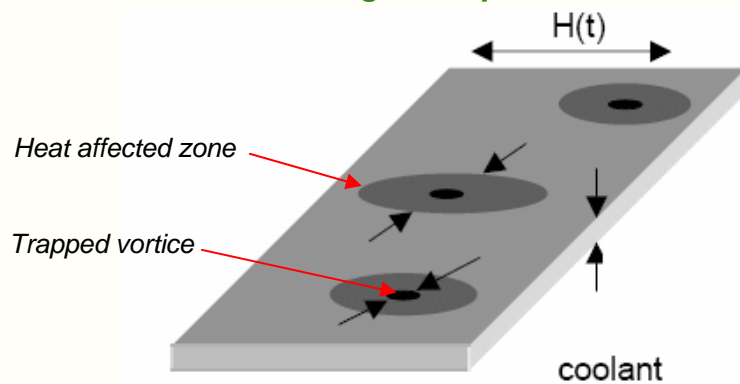
- Need to do R&D on samples, 1-cells before 9-cells
- Developing monitoring (F^- , Nb^{5+} ...)
- Modeling
- Surface studies (composition, morphology)
- Develop new designs/tooling to ease assembling (Collabn Jlab)
- Develop post processing applicable to assembled cavities (e.g. Plasma cleaning w ECR plasma)

Why Should We perform Advance Material R&D? (1/3)

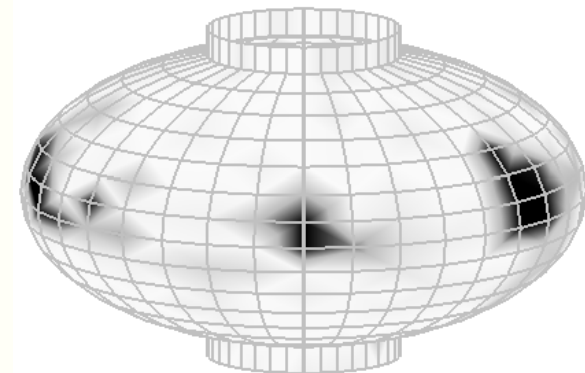
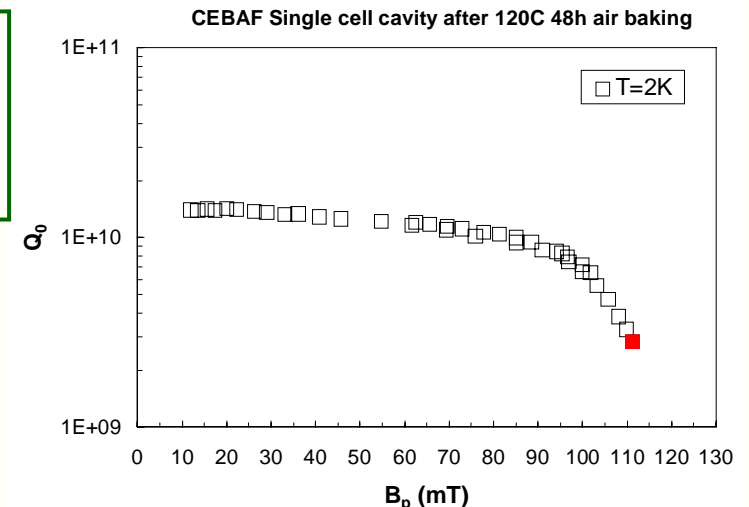
Superconductivity limits

The theoretical limits for RF superconductivity aren't well known

- **What causes the high field losses/ hot spots ?**
 - Morphology ?
 - Grain boundaries
 - Surface contamination (O)
- **Recommendations**
 - Basic R&D on superconductivity
 - e.g. Hot Spot Model – A. Gurevich (Coil:n w FSU)



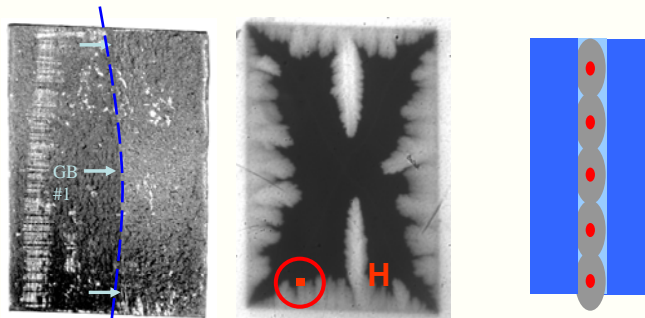
- **Effect of trapped vortices**
- **Heat source ~ can be very small (nm to mm)**
- **Thermally affected zone: ~ 5 mm and growing with B!**



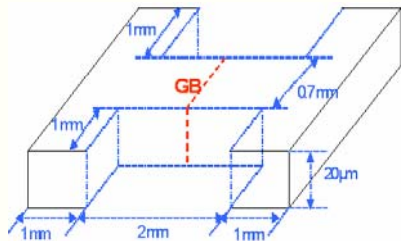
Why Should We perform Advance Material R&D? (2/3)

What is the problem with GB ?
Morphological effect or depleted SC ?

Flux penetration @ GB

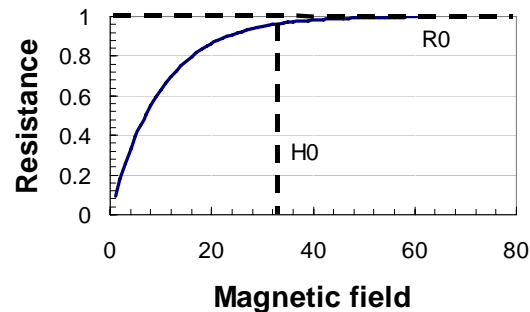


[Collabo. WU/FSU]



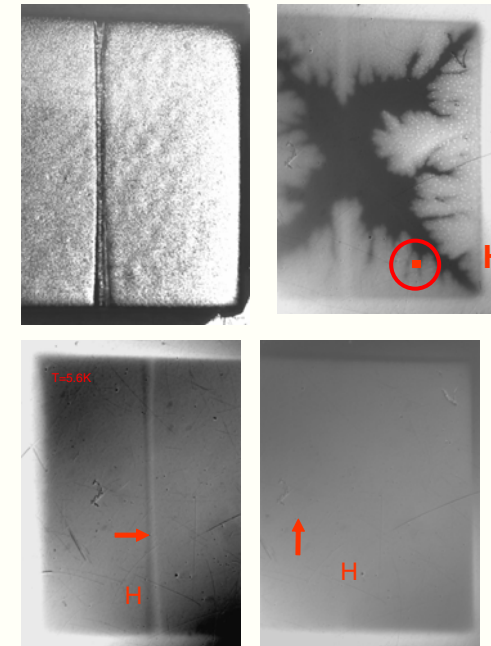
[A. Polyanskii et al, WU/FSU]

[Sung Hawn]



Saturation-field H_0 gives information on de-pairing J_d of SC GB

@ artificial notch

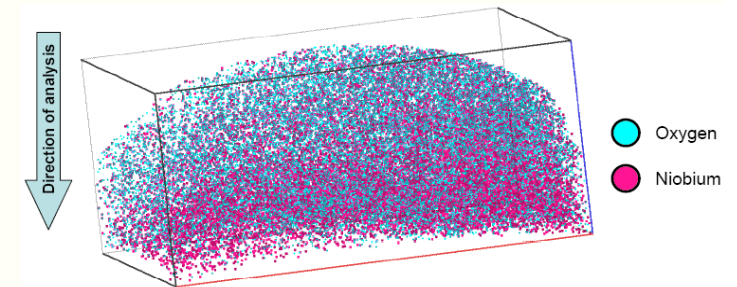
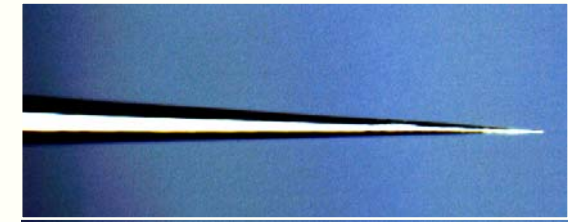
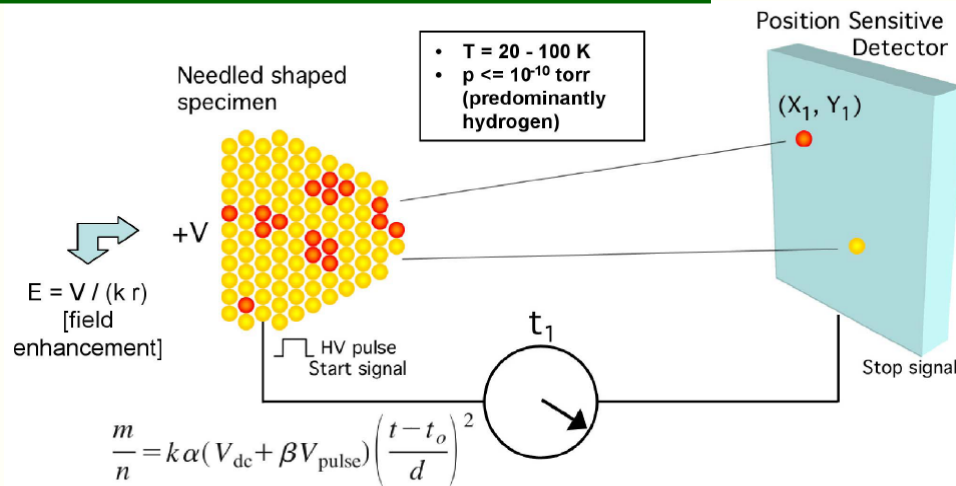


There is a local field enhancement due to roughness

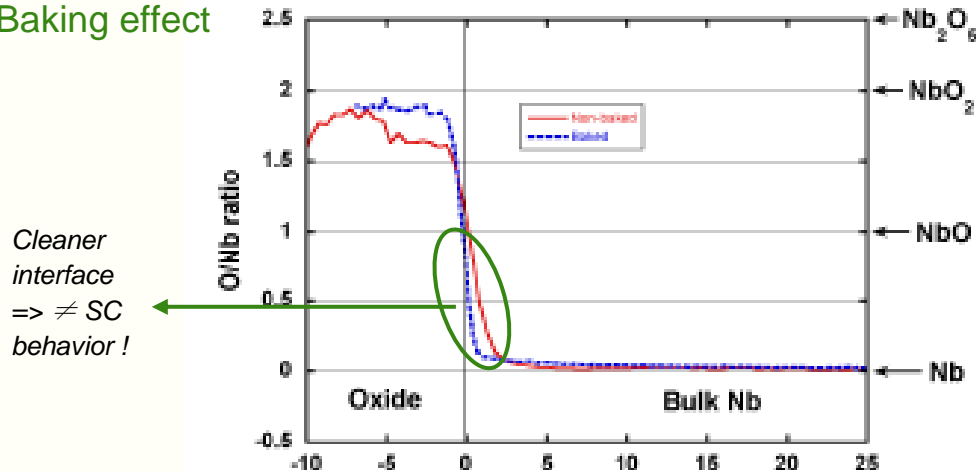
Why Should We perform Advance Material R&D? (3/3)

Surface contamination

Atom-probe tomography (APT) [Collbn University]



Baking effect



- **Atomic resolution !!!**
- **Very sensitive**
- But**
- **No direct chemical information**
- **Complex => low turnover**
- **Need to be completed with other techniques**

Priority # 1 Single cell test program

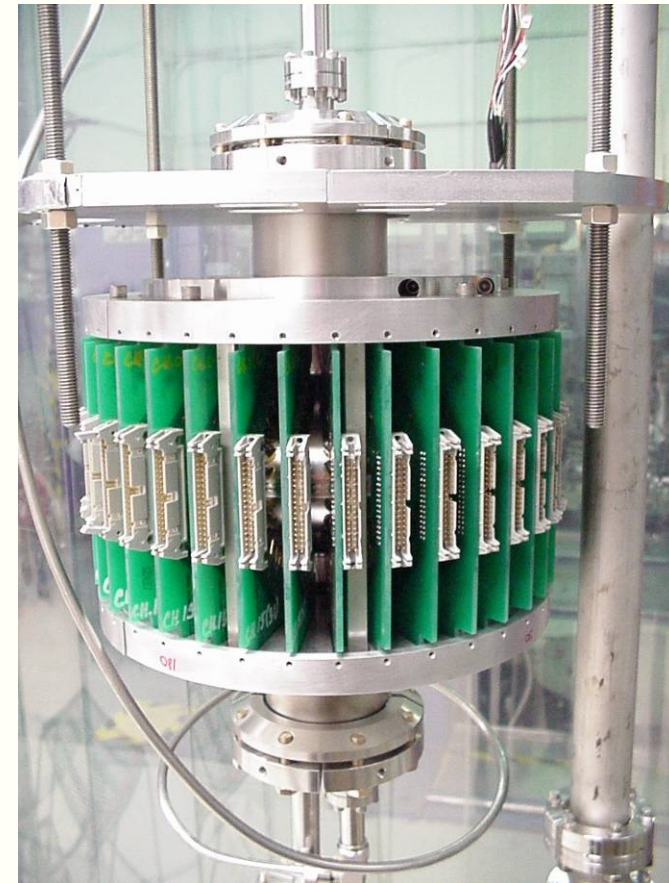
R&D aims at ↑ performances => ultimate test is cavity !

Process R&D (ILC-S0)

- Reproducibility of the tight loop processing
- Alternative rinsing (ethanol, degreasing)
- Pre-processing (tumbling)
- Baking study

SRF R&D (1/5 tests in the 1st 2 years)

- Post processing (plasma cleaning)
- Large grain
 - Grain size, orientation
 - Grain boundary dynamics
 - Processing optimization
- Beyond Nb (2-3 years from now)
 - e.g. MgB₂ on large grain
 - Collaboration W. U
 - Few tests



J-Lab Setup

Single cell test program

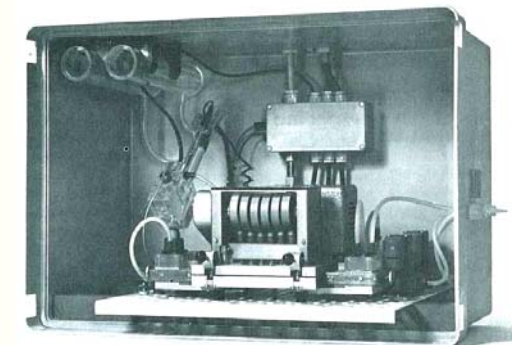
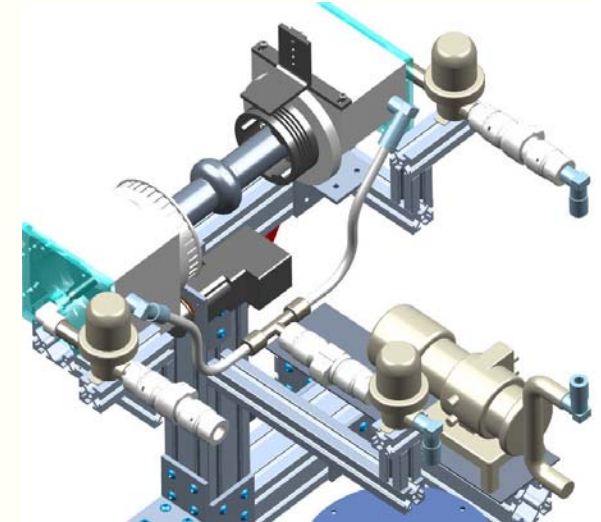


	Priority Description	Manpower @ Fermi	M&S	Time scale	Comments
1	1 Cell test stand				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Setup • Program <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○S0 ○SRF R&D 	1.00 FTE ENG 0.60 FTE DES 0.50 FTE TEC 0.75 FTE ENG 0.50 FTE TEC	\$235K \$100K \$60K	1 year 1 year startup	Includes 3 1-cell cavities Helium + small material 3 additional cavities
Total FTE = 1.75 ENG + 1 TEC + 0.6 DES = 3.35					Total M&S \$395

Priority # 2 Mid term / Process R&D – EP and...

Along with the completion of the EP 9-cell infrastructure design and fabrication at ANL already financed...

- **EP Modeling**
(if HF work at FNAL = authorized...)
- **Upgrading 1cell EP set up from 3.9 GHz to 1.3 GHz**
 - **Issues : e.g. New end parts**
- **Online Fluorine monitoring**
 - **Issues : large volume of consumables + wastes...**
- **9-cell processing facility at FNAL design**
- **tooling, flange design (reduce field emission risk)**
- **Cavity assembly automation**
- **Dry processing (plasma cleaning)**



Process R&D

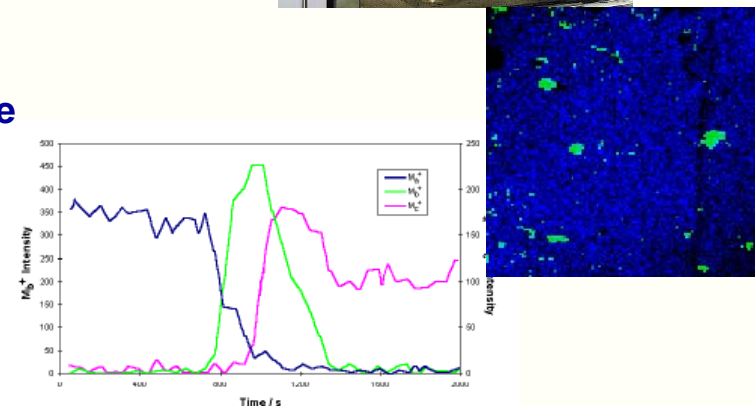


Priority	Description	Manpower @ Fermi	M&S	Time scale	Comments
2	Surface processing R&D				
	• EP processing				
	○ Samples R&D	0.50 FTE SCI 0.25 FTE TEC	\$5K	6 month	Part of program at J-Lab
	○ 1Cell set up	0.25 FTE ENG 0.25 FTE DES 0.25 FTE TEC	\$40K	1 year startup	Start 3.9 GHz and design 1.3GHz
	○ Modeling	1.00 FTE STU	\$5K	1 year	Ongoing
	○ Tumbling	0.25 FTE ENG	\$10K	1 year startup	
	• Processing facilities	1.00 FTE ENG 0.50 FTE DES		2 years	ANL collab. Effort and FNAL facility
• Field emission reduction					
○ New tooling for assembly	0.5 FTE ENG 1.0 FTE DES	\$30K	1 year	J-Lab collab. 1 tech at J-lab for 1 year	
○ Dry processing	1.5 FTE TEC 0.5 FTE ENG	\$5K	5 month	No basic research, but goal oriented 3.9GHz single test	
Total FTE: 0.5 SC + 2.5 ENG + 2 TEC + 1.75 DES + 1STU					Total M&S \$95K

3 Priority : Material Characterization : Mechanical, surface chemistry

Systematic testing of new batches (QA) + Failure analysis

- RT and Cold mechanical properties
 - data for modeling (forming, mechanical resistance , RF behavior...)
 - Recrystallization study (post doc student) => improving specifications for Nb
 - Crystal orientation/texture effects...
- Rapid SIMS characterization
 - High detection sensitivity (metal or non-metal)
 - Spatial resolution 10 μm (horizontal) and 1 nm (depth)
 - Large size sample (100 mm round)
 - Very robust/reproducible analysis conditions => allows to gather statistics
- Additional benefit
 - Hydrogen, oxygen embrittlement at low temperature
 - Effect of welding (mechanical, chemical)
 - Grain boundary strength, composition
 - Oxide layer study
 - Weaker layer study/Coating study



Material testing



Priority	Description	Manpower @ Fermi	M&S	Time scale	Comments
3	Material testing				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cold test and recrystallization study 	1.0 FTE STU 0.25 FTE TEC	\$25K	1 year	6 month facility upgrade, open ended for material study
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Surface analysis 	0.25 FTE ENG	\$200K		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eddy Current Scanning & RRR 	0.25 FTE ENG 1.00 FTE TEC	\$10K	ongoing	operation support M&S
Total FTE = 1.0 STU + 1.25 TEC + 0.5 ENG = 2.75					Total M&S \$235

4 Priority : monocrystal Nb program

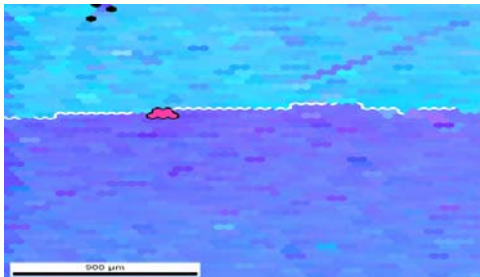
2 complementary goals :

- **Developing local expertise on the fabrication process:**
 - ~ 10-15 1-cell cavities project
 - 3.9 GHz then 1.3 GHz :
- **R&D program on sample: (*PhD or post Doc students*)**
 - **Sensitivity of the crystalline orientation to :**
 - Hydrogen loading
 - Formability ? e.g. (111) = more favorable for small grain textures
 - EP vs BCP, Oxygen diffusion ? (111) = close packed/ (001) = loose packed
 - EP vs. BCP, Oxide thickness ? (idem)
 - **Surface B_C ? (B_{C3}), Superconducting gap ?**
 - Recrystallization @ welding...
 - **Can/ should be completed w surf Analysis**

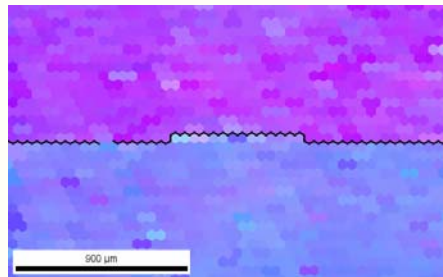


grain orientations:

asymmetric ↓



symmetric ↓



triple point ↓

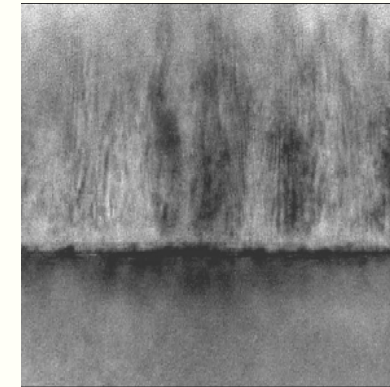
[collabn, MSU]



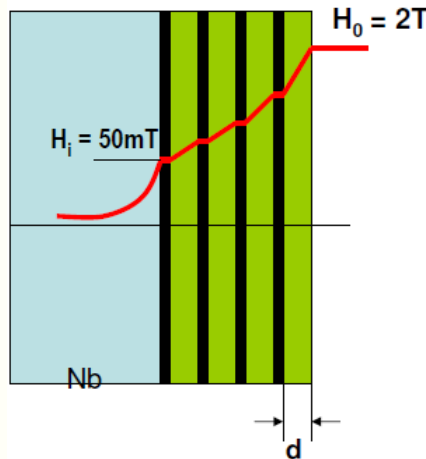
Longer term / SRF R&D: S-I-S Multilayer

Single cell test program, collaboration with Universities

- Theory (FSU-National High Magnetic Field Lab)
- MgB₂ (ANL, Penn State)
- NbN (ANL, JLAB)
- Nb₃Sn (ANL, JLAB)



MgB₂ [X. Xi. Penn State]

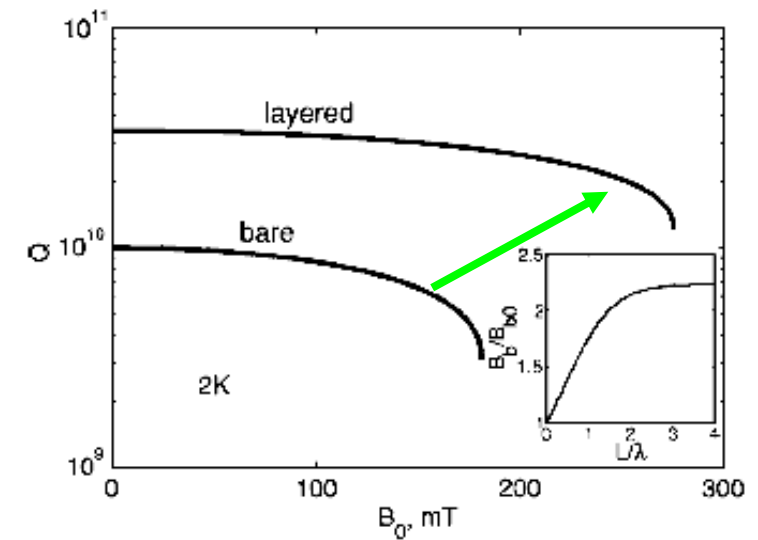


[A. Gurevich, APL 2005]

$$B_{c1} = \frac{\phi_0}{2\pi\lambda^2} \left(\ln \frac{\lambda}{\xi} + 0.5 \right)$$

Enhanced B_{c1}
Surface barrier

$$B_{c1} = \frac{\phi_0}{\frac{1}{2}\pi d^2} \left(\ln \frac{d}{\xi} - 0.07 \right)$$



Advanced SRF R&D



Priority Description	Manpower @ Fermi	M&S	Time scale	Comments
4 Advanced R&D <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Support to monocrystals prog •Superconducting Properties <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○Dissipation sources ○Superconducting gap •Surface fine studies <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○3D probe ○Prime •Multilayer S-I-S 	1.0 FTE STU ? 1.0 FTE SCI 0.25 FTE TEC	\$250K \$50 K	2 years	Magnetometer (external funding?) Collaborations (external funding?) Fermi contribution: •Sample and small material @ short term •1-cell testing @ mid term
Total FTE: 1 SC + 1 STU + 0.25 TEC		Total M&S \$300K		

Collaborations



- Cavity Processing, assembling... (S0 for ILC ...)
 - Jlab, Cornell, ANL
- Chasing Hot Spots
 - Micro & macro scale
 - Local variations in SC properties?
 - Magneto-optics and Transport / ASC-FSU
 - Defects, Impurities?
 - Local nano-chemistry – 3DAP / NU
 - Local superconducting gap - ANL+ IIT
 - Thermal Properties?
 - Thermal conductivity and Kapitza – MSU
- Beyond Niobium
 - Fundamentals of SC, theory / ASC-FSU
 - Multilayers SIS
 - Deposition process ANL/ Penn state
 - Local nano-chemistry – 3DAP / NU, ANL
- Organization of the 1st *extended SRF Material workshop* @ Fermi (Spring 2007)

Summary



Program	Total FTE	Total M&S
1-Cell RF test stand	1.75 ENG + 1 TEC + 0.6 DES = 3.35	\$395
Surface processing R&D	0.5 SC + 2.5 ENG + 2 TEC + 1.75 DES + 1 STU = 4.75	\$95K
Material testing	1.0 STU + 1.25 TEC + 0.5 ENG = 7.75	\$235
Advanced SRF R&D	1 SC + 1 STU + 0.25 TEC = 2.25	\$300K

Total FTE: 15.10

1.5 SC + 4.75 ENG + 4.5 TEC + 2.35 DES + 2 STU

(comp. with present: 1 SC + 5 ENG + 3.5 TEC + 2 DES)

Total M&S:

\$690 K + \$ 300K AARD

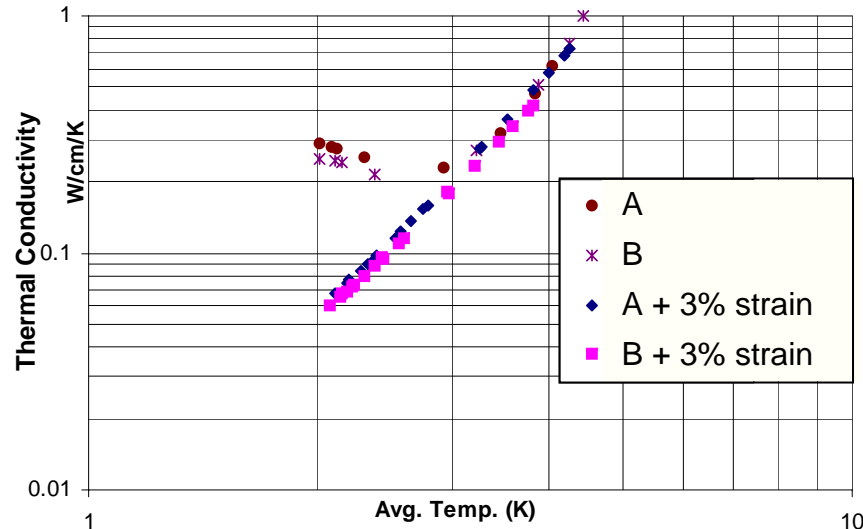
Conclusion

- **SRF material issues affect all kind of SRF projects**
- **3 main activities for the material group**
 - Support to project : QA, failure analysis
 - Process R&D
 - Advanced SRF R&D
- **Advanced SRF R&D is done mainly /collaborations**
 - Grouped AARD proposal (ANL, FSU, MSU, NU...)
- **Fermi needs to expand its advanced SRF R&D program:**
 - Benefit from advanced knowledge on SC
 - Scientific leadership in SRF
 - Improvement of projects (cost, reliability, performance)
- **The material group needs to be reinforced (Sc/Eng, Tec, Des)**



Additional slides...

Thermal behavior

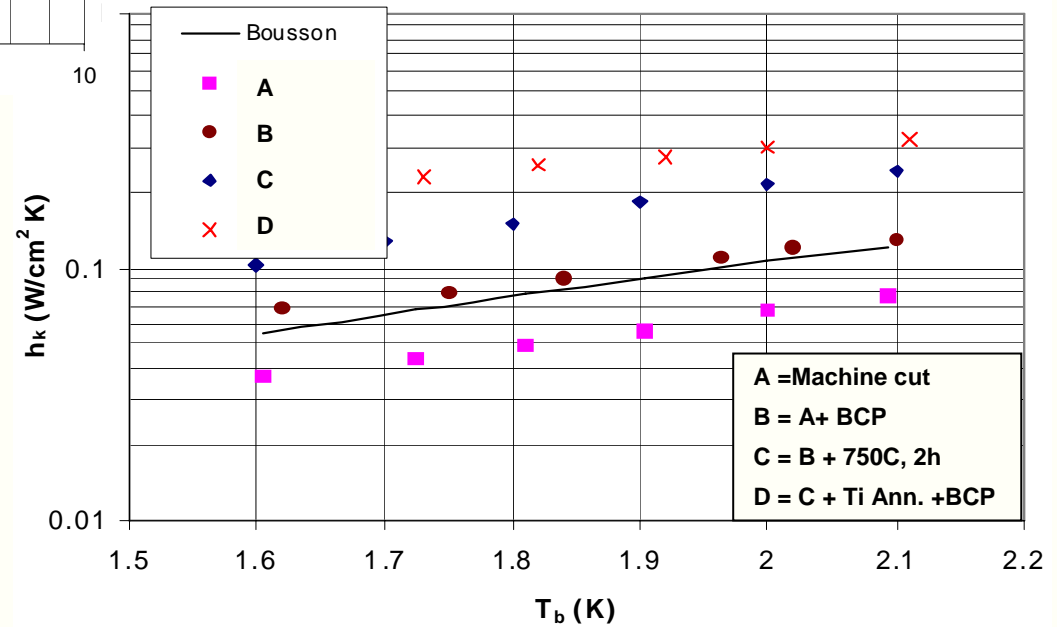


- Thermal conductivity @ 2 K decreases dramatically with strain (80%!)
 - It is not recovered with 750C, 2h
 - It is recovered with Ti annealing (1300-1400 C)
 - Intermediate temp need to be tested

Unexpected results !!!!!

- Kapitza conductance is improved with annealing
- It is not much affected by roughness

[CollnMSU]



TIG Welding Study

Innovation:

Tig Welding experience @ MSU
+
Ultra pure Ar developed @ FNAL

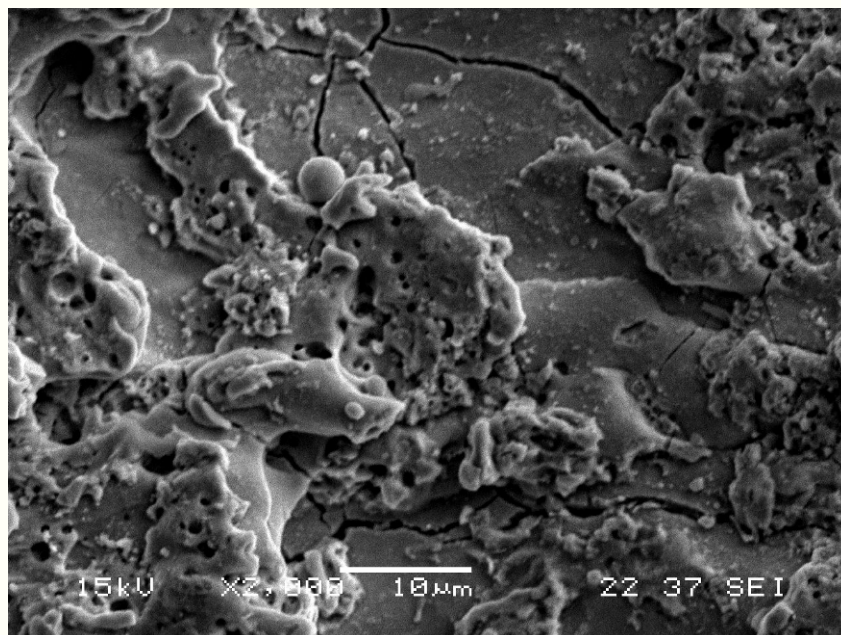


Surface Topology

**Surface Roughness and Chemistry:
Example: Study of different cutting techniques by C. Cooper
/ FNAL**

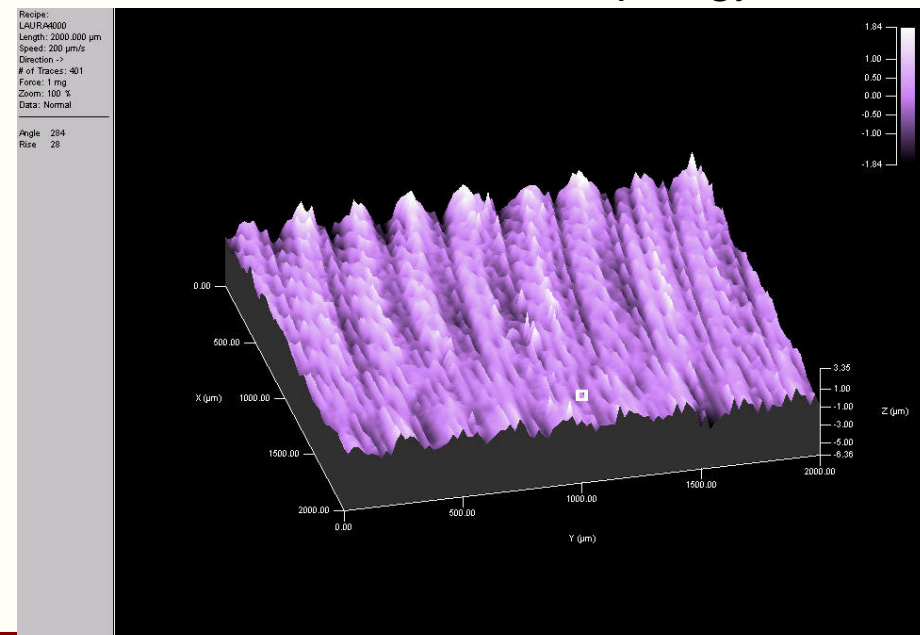
SEM Images of EDM Wire Cut Sample at Various Magnifications

EDM Cut Surface SEM



Feb 13-14, 2007

Milled Surface Topology

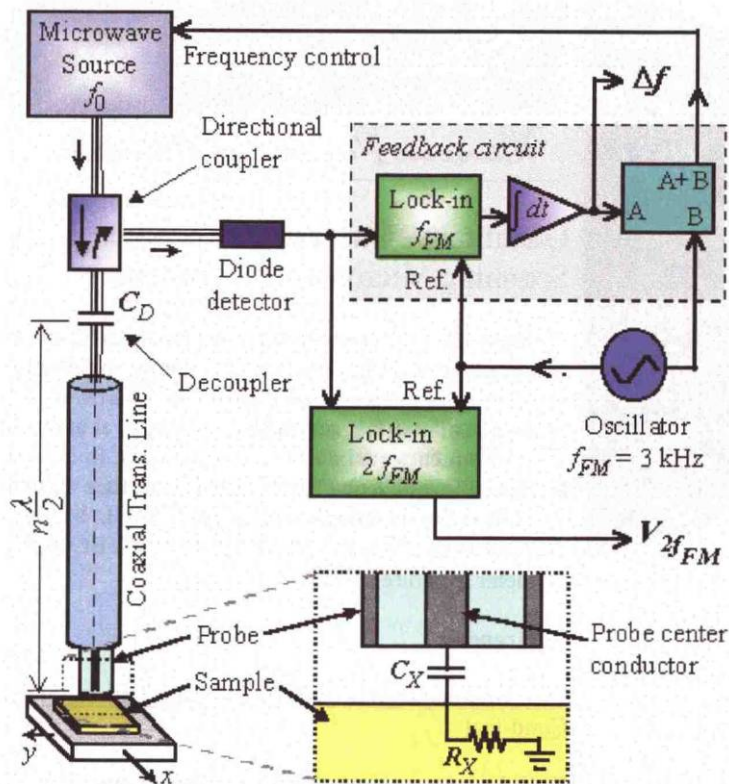


DOE SCRF Review

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Others ideas ...?

RF microscopy



Superconducting gap measurement (Photoemission)

