



Low compression force seal for cavity flanges

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Outline:

- Overview
- Tests made
- Next steps
- First conclusions

• NB. R&D still in progress





R&D on cavity flange o-rings

- Investigate the possibility to use a seal with low setting load:
 - minimize the flange dimensions
 - reduce distance between cavities
 - simplify the fastening system

* Tests performed on Garlock Ultra-Flex seals



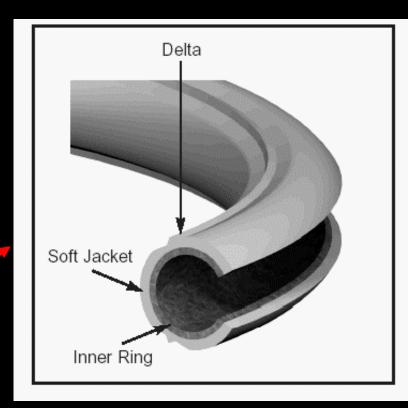


Garlock Ultra-flex gasket

General specs:

- ➤ Inner ring Inconel (X750)
- Ext. jacket Aluminum (A5)
- ➤ Inner/outer diameter: 99.6 x 106.1 mm
- Cross- section outer diameter: 4.65 mm
- Compression gap: 0.55 mm
- \triangleright Seal working force Y2 = 26 N/mm
- ➤ Total contact force = 8401 N









Summary of tests:

Materials:

- ▶ 10 Garlock Ultra-Flex gaskets custom made to match ILC design
- ► Test flanges similar to those used at LASA-Mi
 - to allow comparison with standard o-ring

Tests:

- ► He-leak tests on Ultra-Flex o-rings at Pisa and Milan-LASA
- ► He-leak tests on standard Al diamond shape at Pisa
- > Pollution contamination measurements in Pisa clean rooms.
 - Developed testing technique
 - Made measurements with diamond shape gaskets and Ultra-flex gaskets



He-leak tests in Pisa on Ultra-flex gaskets

- Tests at room temperature and 77 K
- Use stainless steel flanges and NbTi.
- Use several configurations of bolts and torques applied :
 - 12 bolts with 5 or 16 Nm
 - 6 bolts with 20 Nm
- Measurements in liquid nitrogen and after several thermal cycles from 77 to 300 K.





- With 12 bolts or 6 bolts with the SS flanges or SS/NbTi optimum seal at room temperature (leak rate < 10⁻¹⁰ mbar *I /s with a vacuum of the order of 10⁻³ mbar).
- At cryogenic temperature some leaks (3.4 x 10⁻⁸, 8.4 x 10⁻⁶ mbar *l /s).





He-leak tests in Pisa on diamond shaped gasket

- Tests at room temperature and 77K with plastic bag around the flanges.
- Pisa stainless steel flange and the NbTi blind flange (CuNiSil nuts).
- Recommended torque value on screws (24 Nm) (12 bolts used).



- Optimum seal at room temperature (< 10⁻¹⁰ mbar *l /s).
- At cryogenic temperature :
 - He-leak rate = 2×10^{-8} mbar *I /s





Pictures of He-leak tests











He-leak tests at LASA on Ultra-flex

- Tests at room temperature and 77 K following the LASA procedure.
- Stainless steel flanges made in Milan
- 12 bolts mounted
- Precise evaluation of applied torque and correlation between leak-rate and flange distance.
- New measurements during thermal transitions.





- Min. torque to have no He-leaks at room temperature = 2 Nm (against the 24 need for standard gasket)
- Optimum seal at **both** room temperature and 77 K (< 10⁻¹⁰ mbar *I /s).
- During the thermal transitions we noticed some peak of 1x10⁻⁶ mbar *I /s leak rate.





Pictures of He-leak tests at Mi-LASA







First pollution contamination measurements in Pisa

- Made measurements in Pisa class 100 clean rooms
- Set particle counter probe inside the flange pipe and check air pollution inside during flange assembly and tightening of the bolts.





- No particles detected if o-ring is preloaded before screws insertion
- No particle detected with diamond shape gasket (with SS flanges or SS/NbTi).
- Some particles detected during the squashing of Ultra-flex gasket.

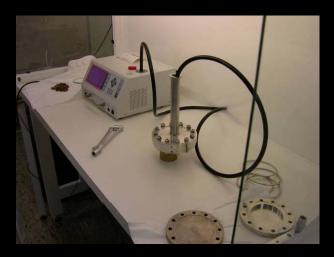
_____ International Linear Collider



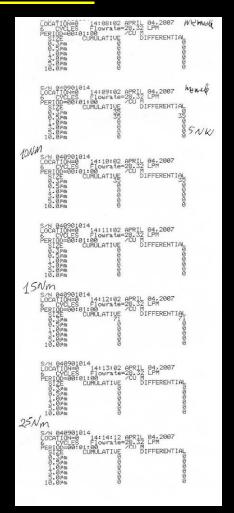
Pictures from first pollution contamination measurements in Pisa clean rooms













Second pollution contamination measurements in Pisa

- We opened also the blind flange to have a flow of clean air inside during the flange assembly.
- We put the probe inside the tube of the bottom flange and the top tube in contact with the starting point of laminar flow inside the hood.
- We flow clean air inside the flanges for all the night before the final tightening of the screws.





RESULTS:

• This time no particles detected using both Diamond shaped and Ultra-Flex gaskets.





Pictures from second pollution contamination measurements in Pisa clean rooms













Summary of test results

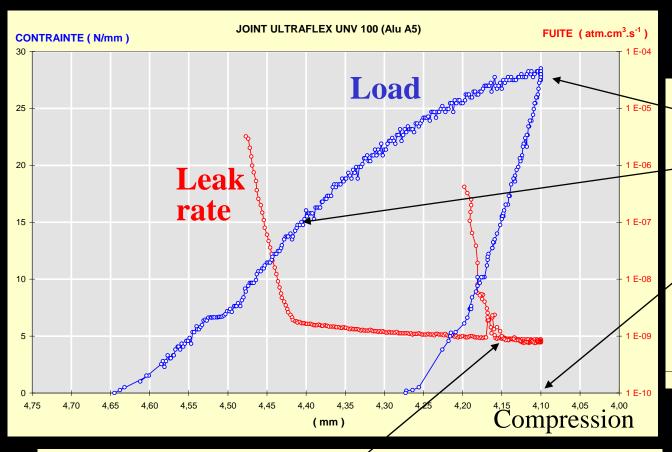
Ultra-flex gasket:

- No leaks at room temperature
- Some leaks at 77K detected during Pisa tests but no leaks found during Milan tests at same temperature.
- \triangleright Low sealing force (2 Nm 6 Nm).
- Leaks detected during thermal transitions in Milan tests
- ➤ Some particles detected if the volume air inside the flanges is closed.
- No particle detected if we flow clean air inside the flanges during the screw assembling.
- Garlock company contacted to have more information





Experimental plot from Garlock:



Optimum linear load:

Y2 = 28.5 N/mm

• Min linear load to obtain request leak-rate:

Y1 = 15 N/mm

• Optimum compression value:

E2 = 4.1 mm

Gasket spring-back = 0.05 mm

(similar cross section in helicoflex seal have a value of about 0.2 mm)





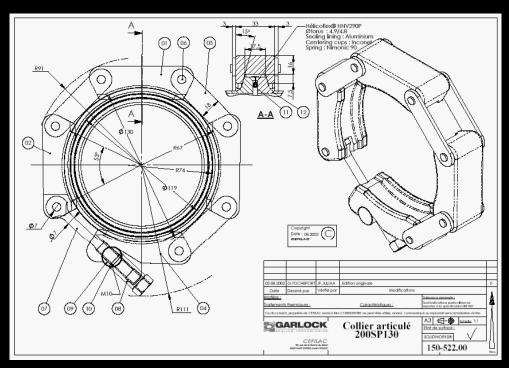
Preliminary conclusions:

- ➤ Ultra-flex gaskets have shown He leak-rate at room temperature and 77 K adequate for cavity specifications (< 10⁻¹⁰ mbar *I/s)
- The gasket setting load is indeed very low
- Some problems noticed during thermal transitions and sometimes at LN₂ temperature
- ➤ With proper procedure no particulate detected during the assembly phase and the final tightening of the bolts
- Compression plot shows a very low spring-back (possibly related to the problems observed)
 - Will test new o-rings with larger transverse section and helico-flex (specially made)





Next steps:



- Will receive from Garlock a clamp as drawn
 - Will prepare two matching flanges to repeat all test made
- Will test also larger section gaskets and helico-flex