

# Status of DHCAL Slice Test Data Analysis

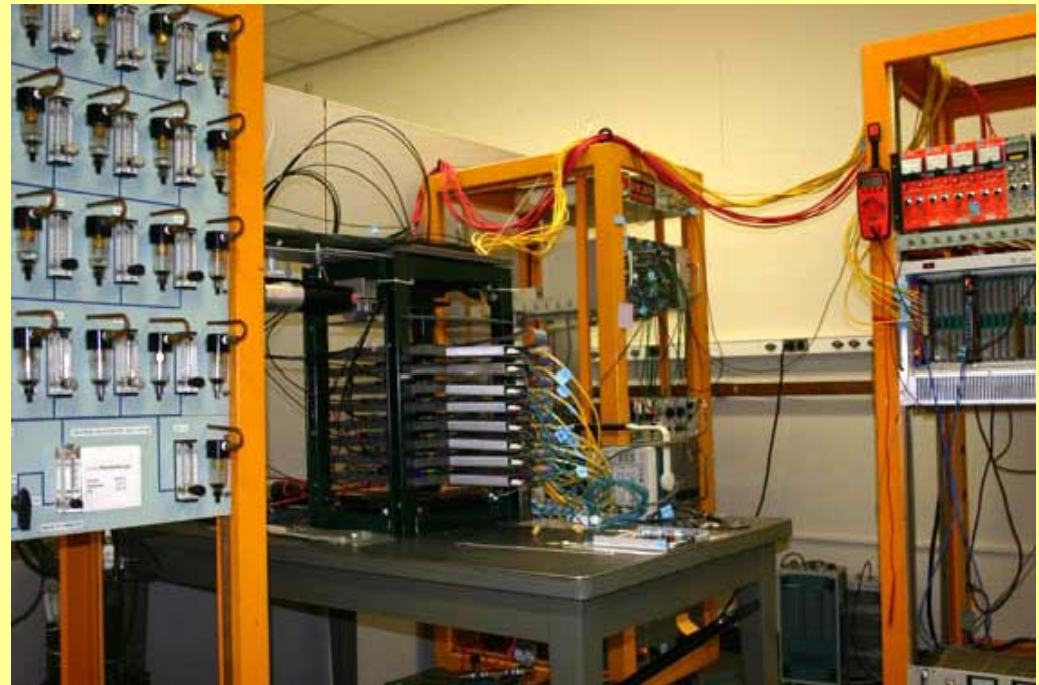
Lei Xia  
ANL-HEP

**All results preliminary**



## RPC DHCAL Slice Test: T970 MTBF - FNAL

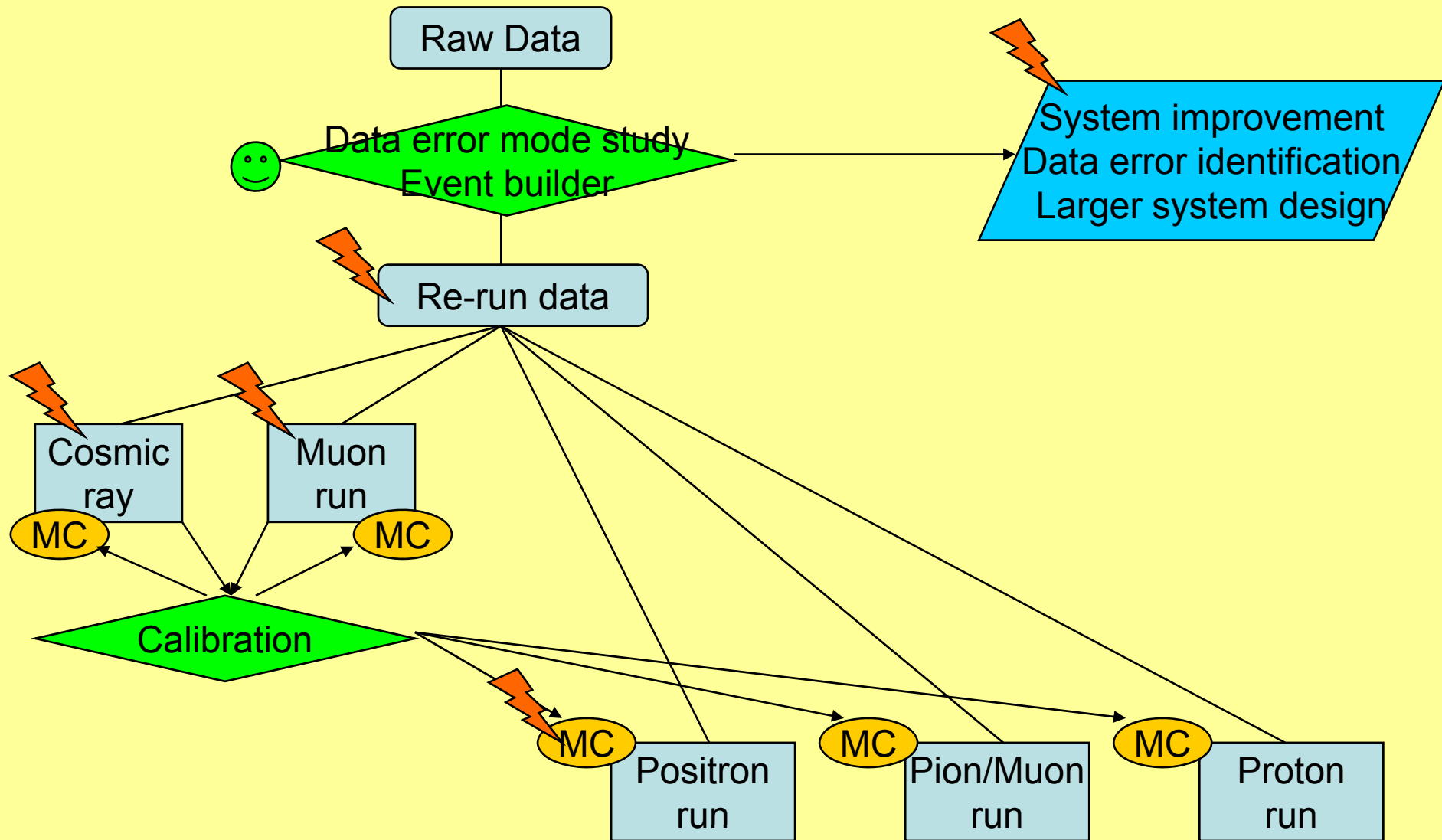
Back to ANL, continue running...



# Data set

- Beam data
  - Muon runs ('calibration run', RPC eff/pad multiplicity vs HV/Thr )
    - 120 GeV proton beam hitting beam stop
    - Steel (16mm) + copper (4mm) absorber
  - Positron runs ('EM shower')
    - 1,2,4,8,16 GeV/c secondary beam (Čerenkov trigger)
    - Steel (16mm) + copper (4mm) absorber
  - Pion/muon runs ('hadronic shower/MIP track')
    - 1,2,4,8,16 GeV/c secondary beam (veto on Čerenkov trigger)
    - With/without additional Fe absorber in front of stack
    - Steel (16mm) + copper (4mm) absorber
  - Proton runs ('rate measurement')
    - 120 GeV primary beam
    - Scan beam rate (from lowest possible rate to ~30k/spill)
    - PVC 'absorber' plate (17x17cm<sup>2</sup> hole at center == no absorber)
- Cosmic ray data ('calibration')
  - Before beam test (ANL lab)
  - Right after beam test (FNAL MTBF + ANL lab)
- Charge Injection data ('FE diagnostics')
  - After beam test

# Analysis plan

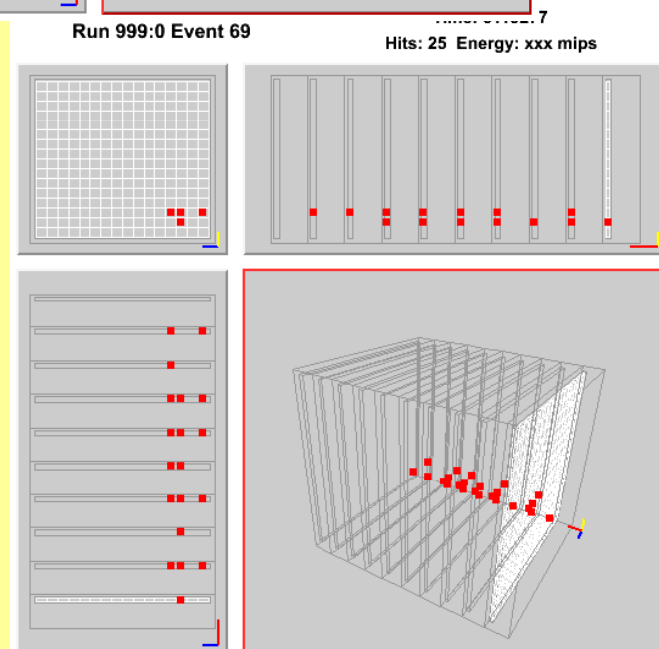
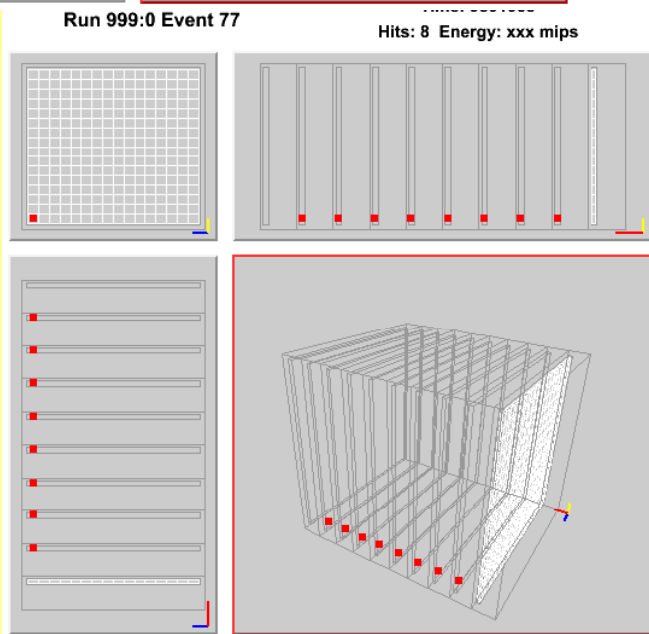
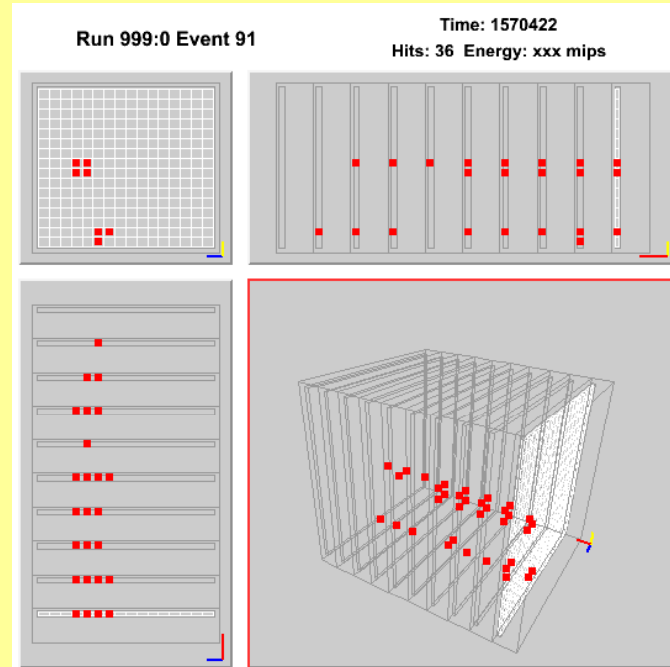
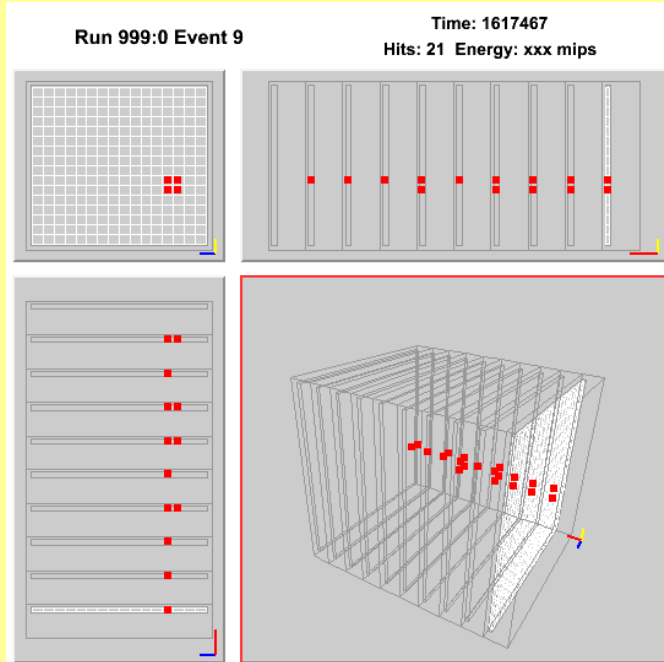


With limited manpower, a lot of analyses are not covered at the moment...

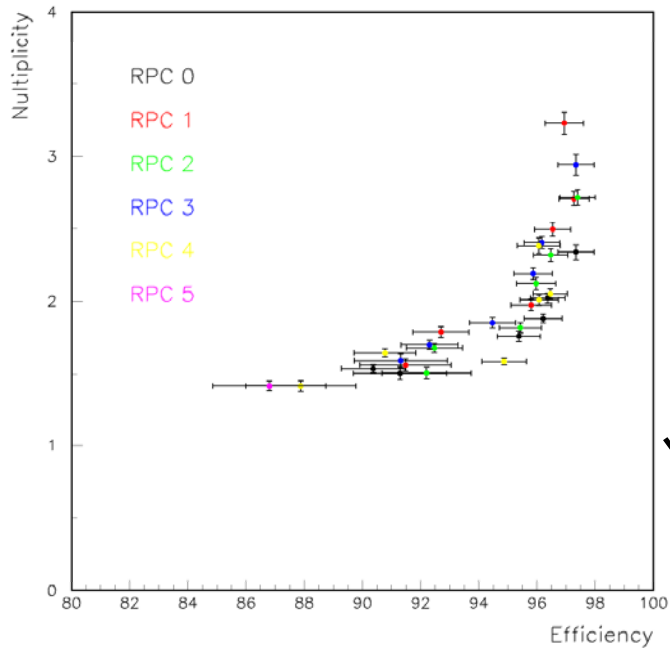
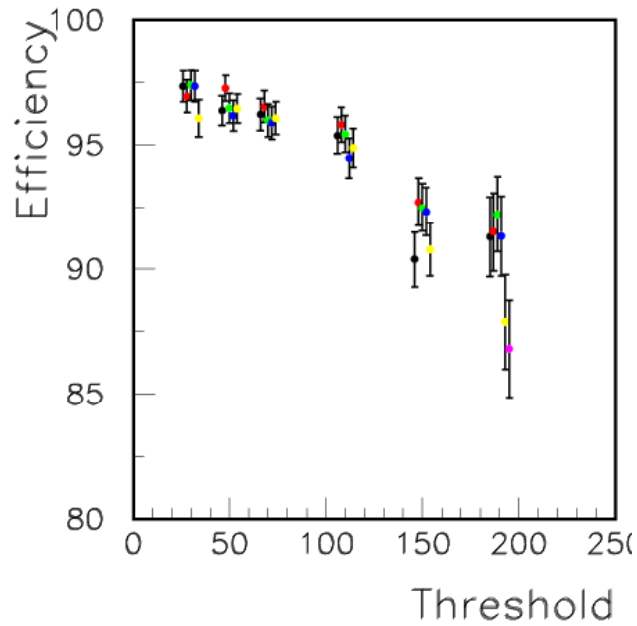
# Data error modes

- Slice test data errors
  - Rate of data error is very low,  $\sim 0.x\%$  (error package/total package)
  - Need to understand the source, mechanism and scaling properties of these errors
    - Critical for event building and data analysis
    - Helps to find ways to eliminate/identify errors
    - Critical for designing a larger system (1m<sup>3</sup> physics prototype)
- Current status
  - Identified 14 error modes (not all independent)
    - 9 'fatal error' modes: data can NOT be recovered
    - 5 'non-fatal error' modes: data can still be recovered
  - 7 error modes have been eliminated after slice test
  - 4 major errors (2 'fatal'+2 'non-fatal') still exist
    - 2 'fatal' + 1 'non-fatal' errors correlated with noise issues
    - 1 'non-fatal' error likely to be a firmware issue
    - 'Solution(s)' still need to be studied
  - Data re-run just started

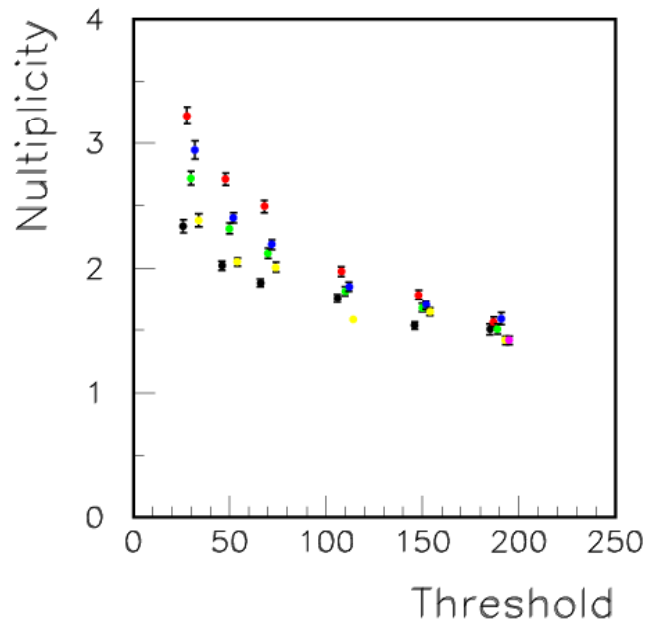
# Muon data



# Muon data: calibration of all runs

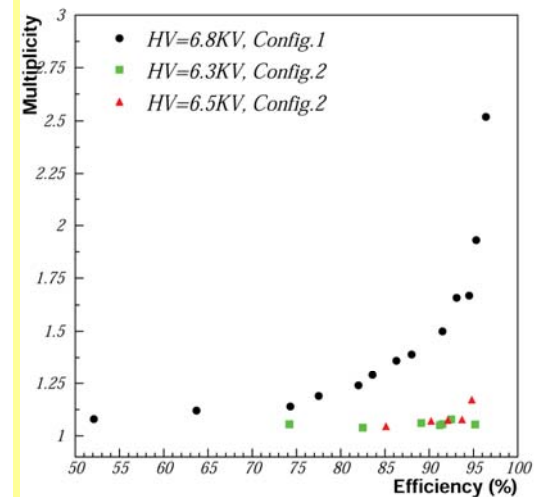


Very similar to results with 'old' VME digital readout

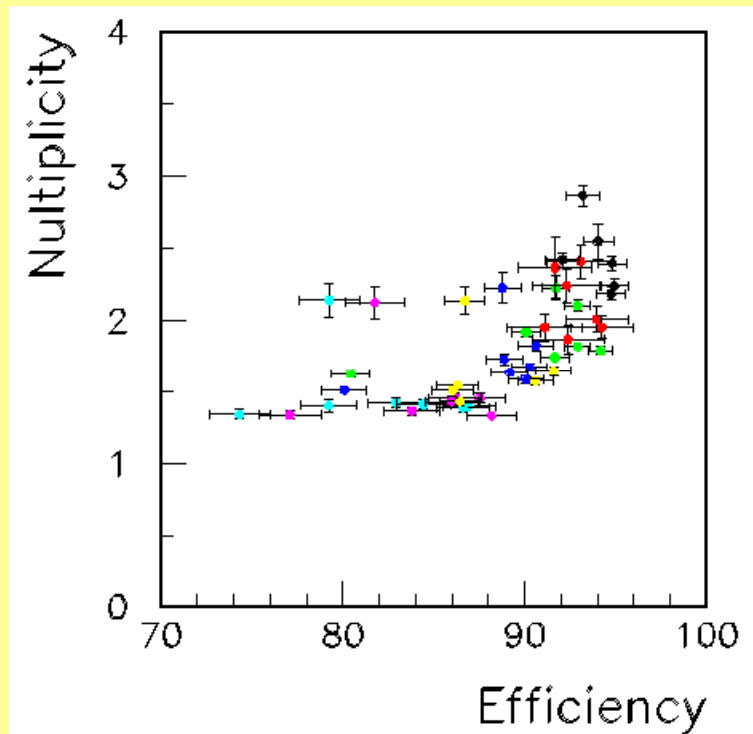
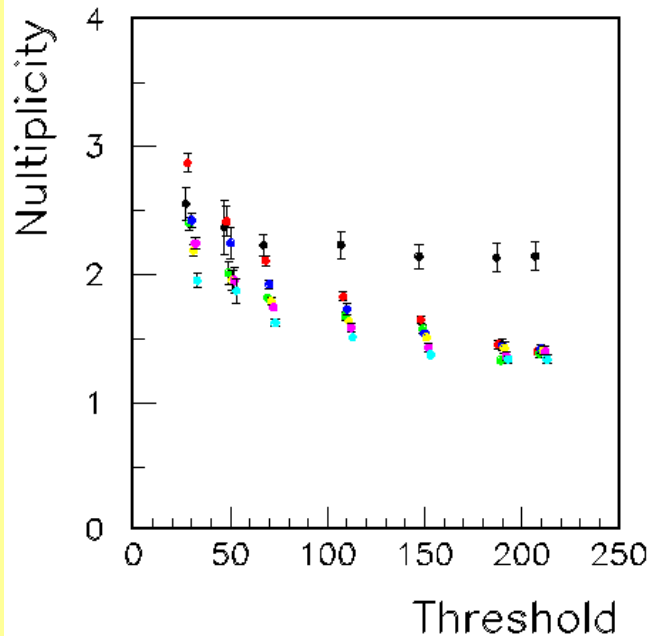
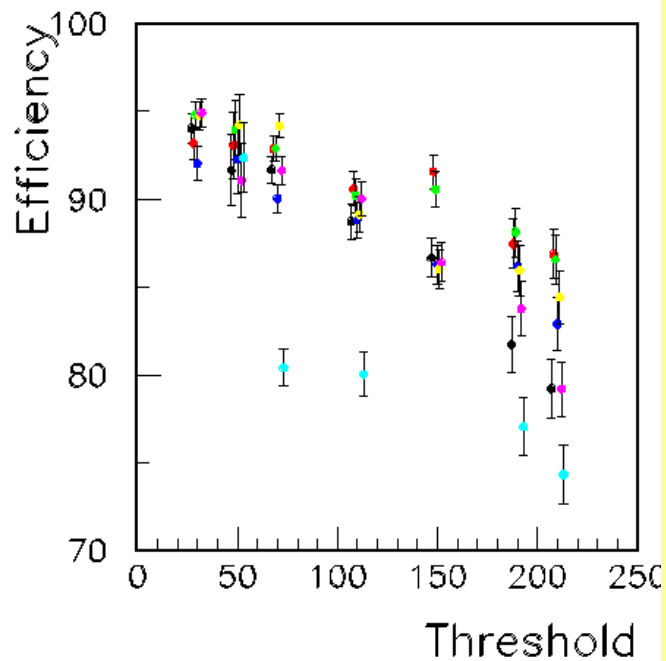


RPC 0  
RPC 1  
RPC 2  
RPC 3  
RPC 4  
RPC 5

From: Cosmic Ray Runs



# Muon data: 'online results'



(from muon beam runs)

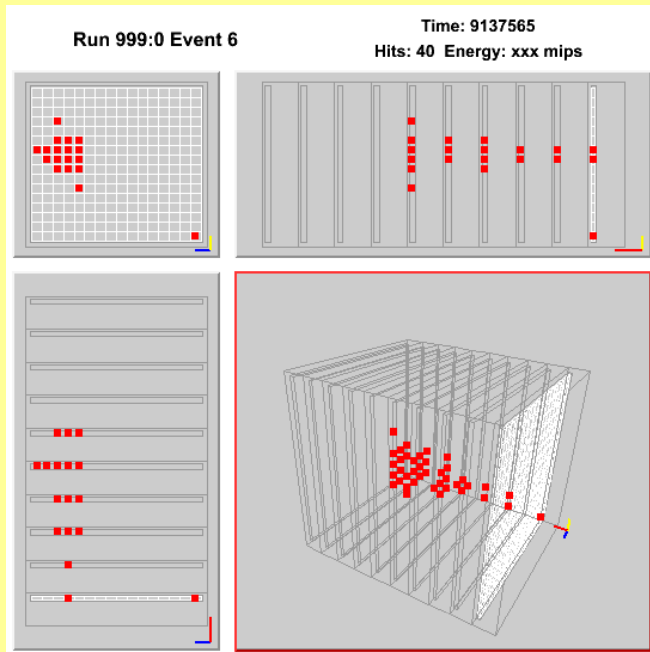
Data still need clean-up...

Results will be fed into simulation  
for all run types

Jose and Lei has been working on it  
Burak Bilki (Iowa) started working on it  
since last week...

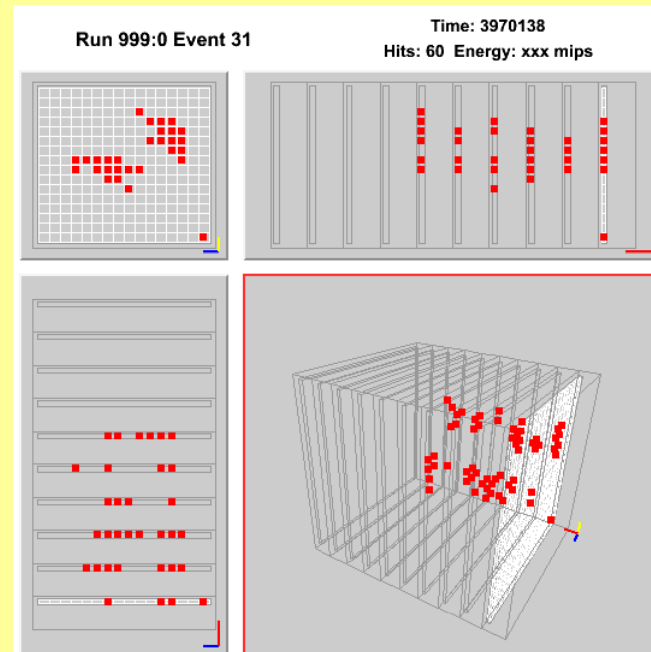


# Positron data



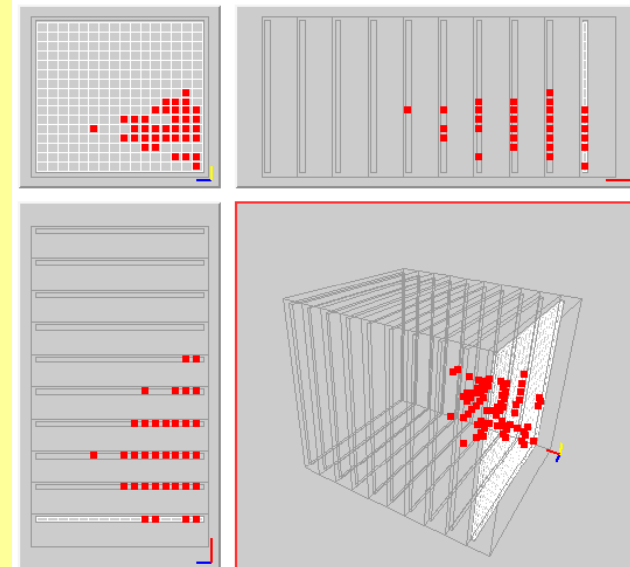
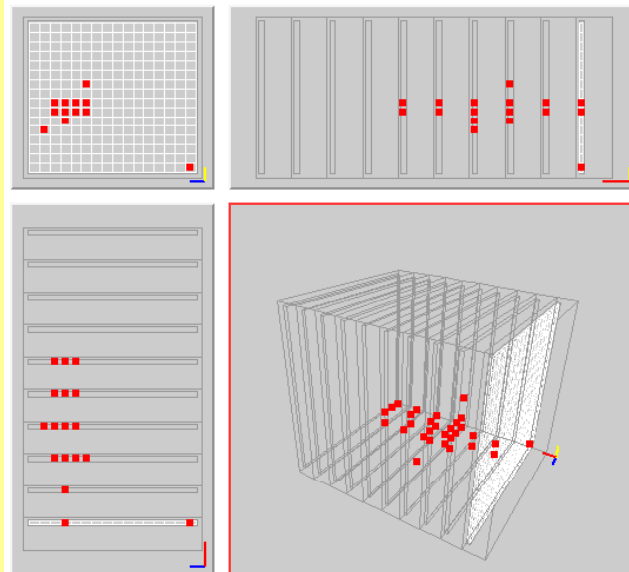
157

Hits: 30 Energy: xxx mips



Run 999:0 Event 60

Hits: 68 Energy: xxx mips

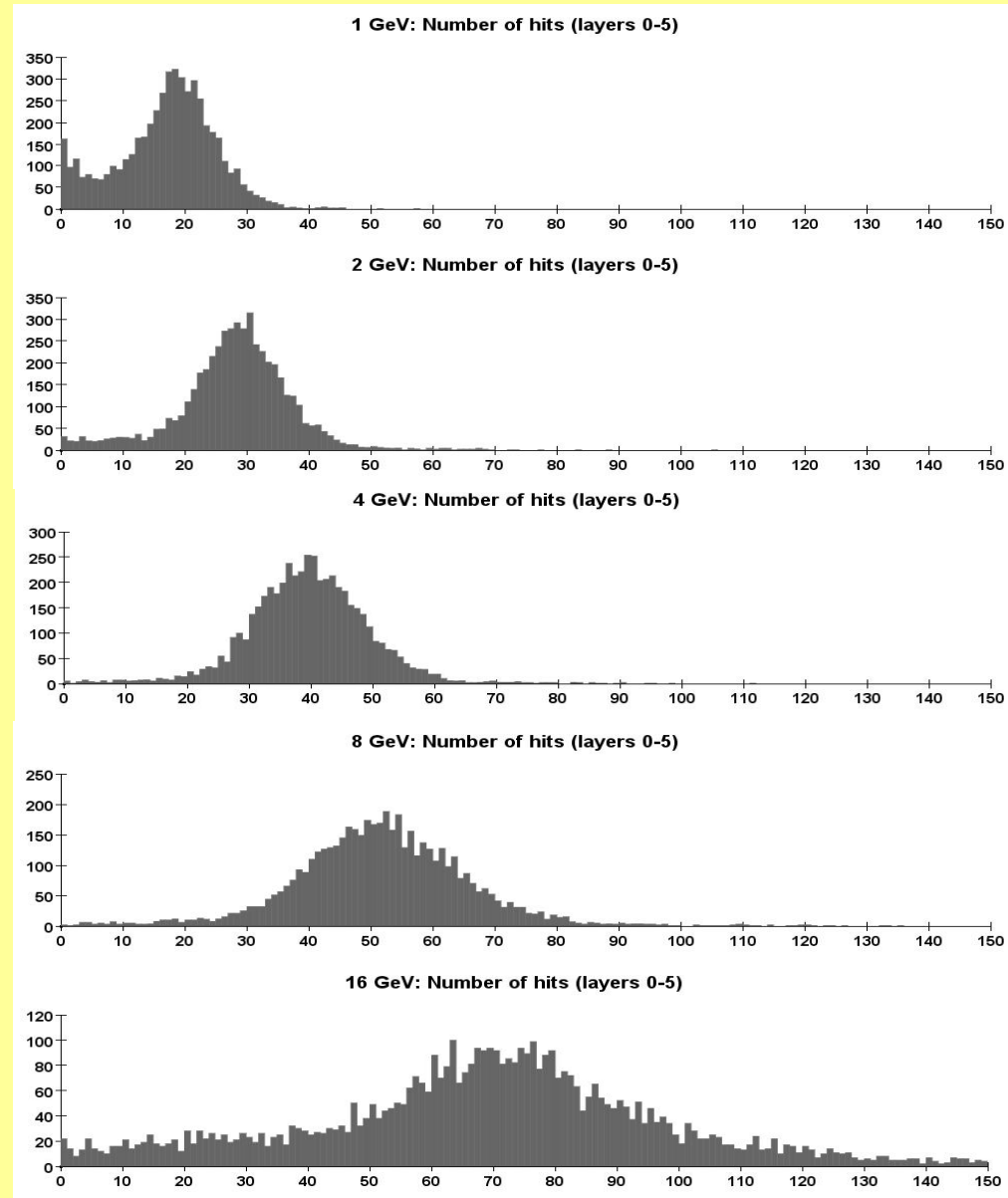


# Positron data: 'online results'

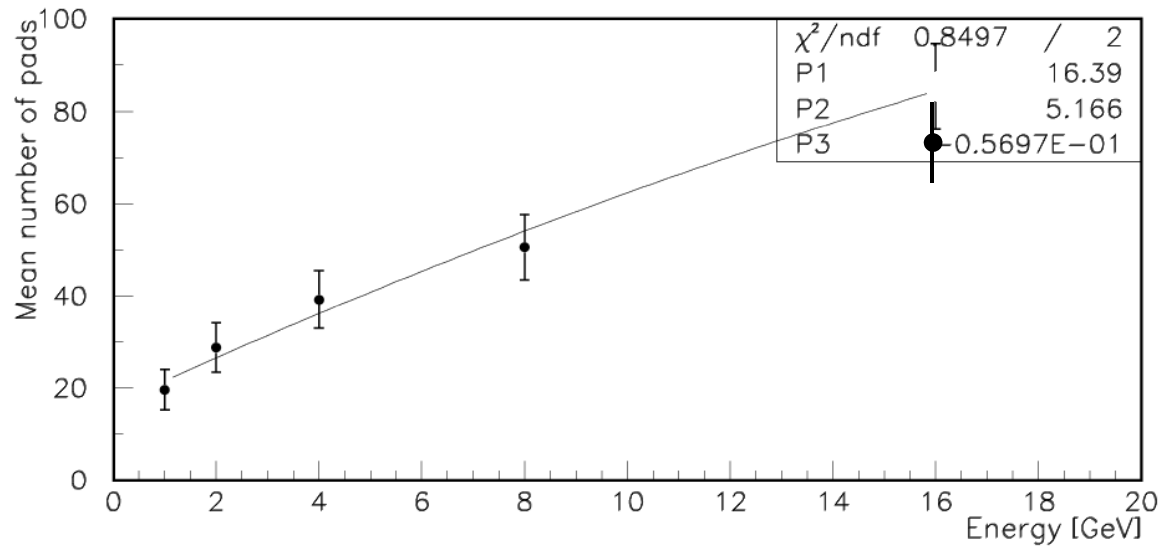
- Number of hits in layer 0-5
  - Positron data @ 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 GeV/c
  - Using Čerenkov signal to selecte positron (very pure)
  - No event selection
    - Particle hitting edge
    - Particle showered upstream
    - Multiple particles
    - ...

**Remember:**

**This is an  
incomplete  
Digital Hadron  
Calorimeter**

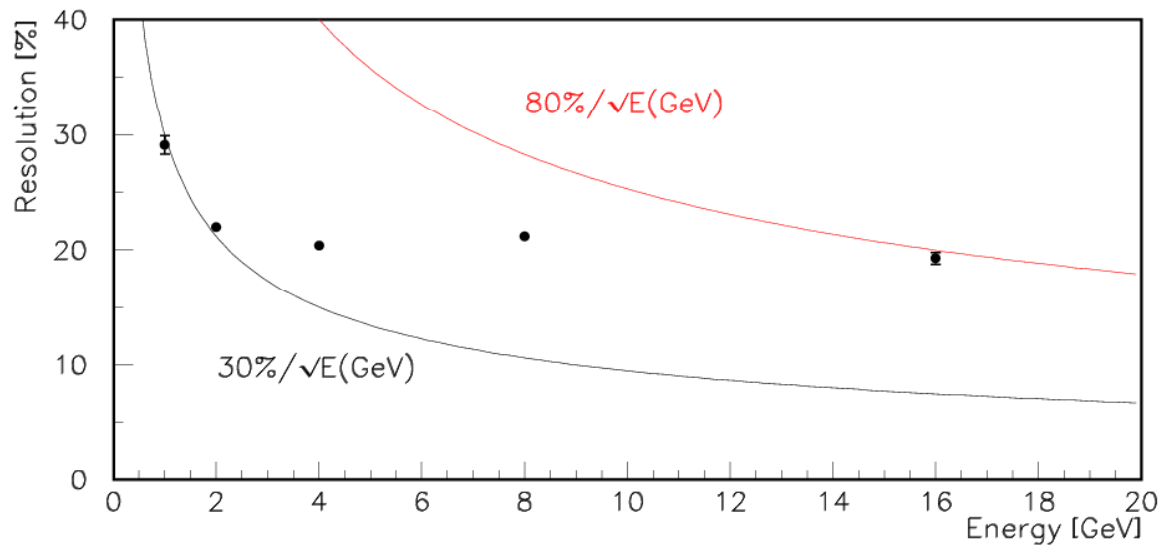


# Positron data: 'online results'



## Highly non-linear response

- Largely due to shower leakage
- Also due to digital approach



## Surprisingly good energy resolution

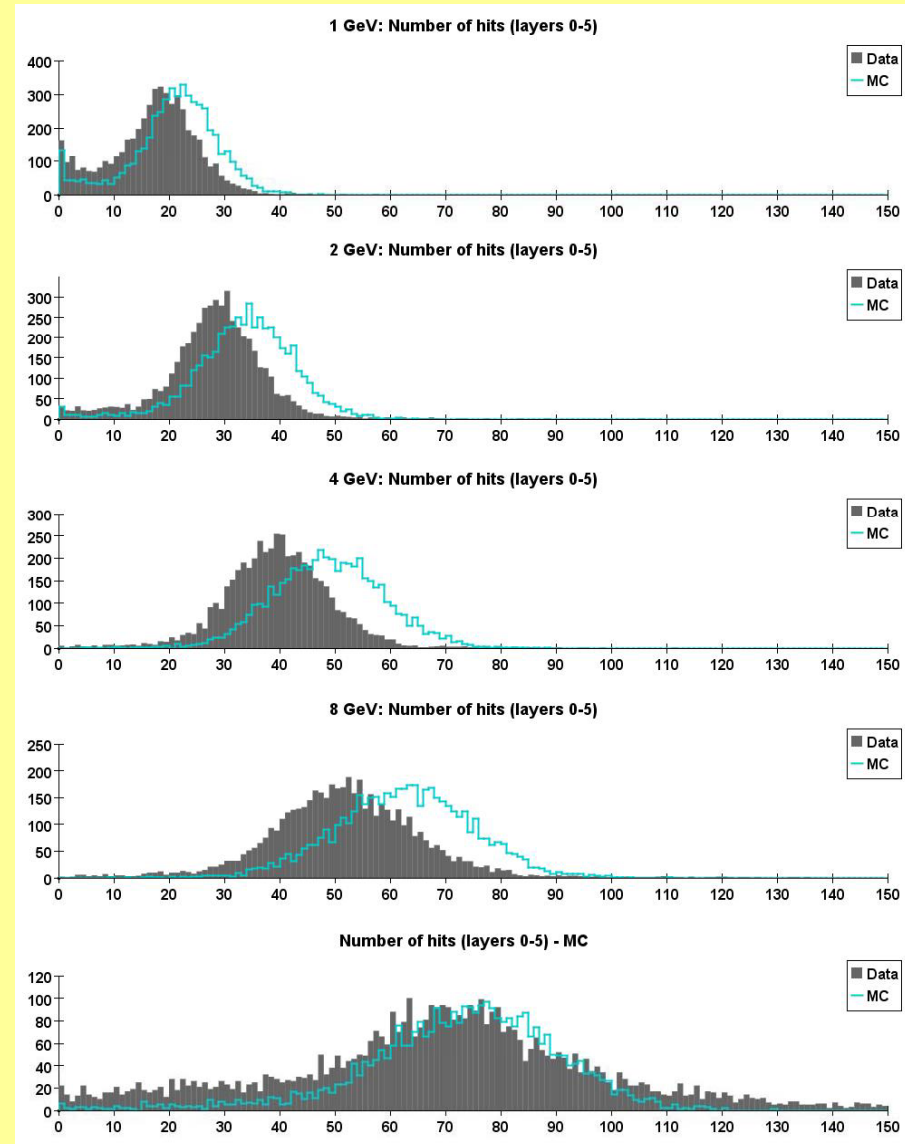
- degrade at high energy due to heavy shower leakage

# Positron data: MC simulation

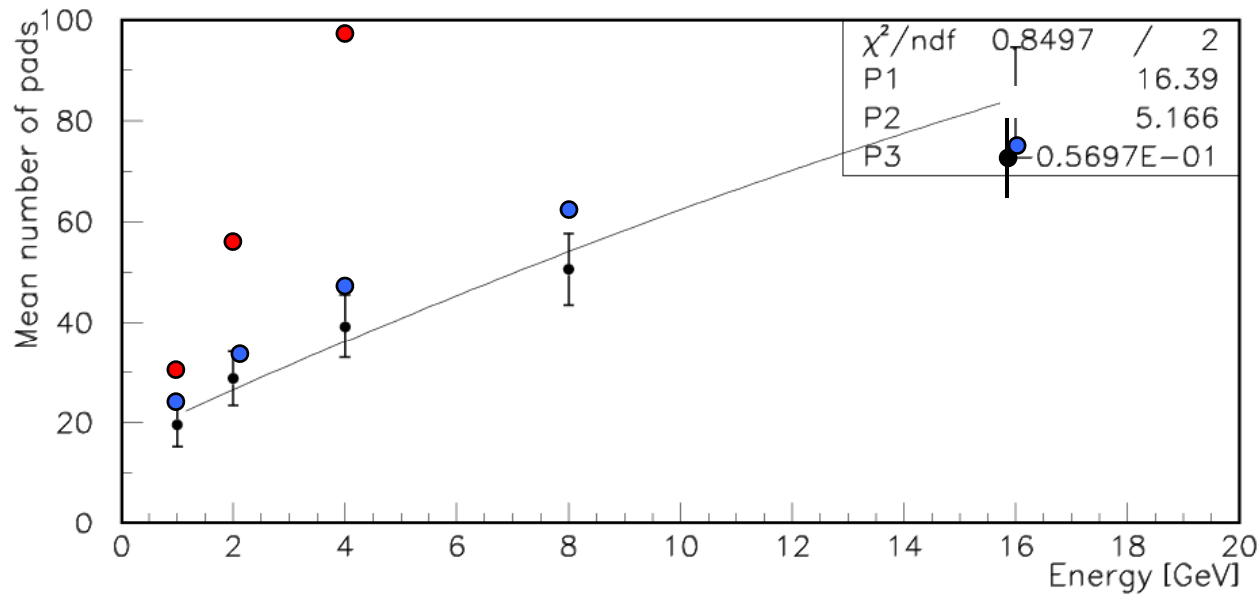
- A crude Geant4 simulation was done, just to have an idea about the detector performance
  - Simulated detector has similar layer structure, but with larger size and much more layers
    - Absorber: 2cm Fe → 1.6cm Fe + 0.4cm Cu (beam test: 1.6cm Fe, 0.4cm Cu)
    - Gap size: 13.4mm (== beam test setup)
    - Use fiducial cut to get 'beam test' hits
  - RPC properties
    - MIP efficiency = 0.90 (beam test: still to be determined)
    - Hit multiplicity = 1.65 (beam test: still to be determined)
      - Implementation not optimal
      - Need results from muon runs to get correct implementation
    - Dead channels: not simulated (beam test: exist)
  - Beam properties
    - Pure positron at 1,2,4,8,16 GeV/c, no upstream material, no multiple beam particles, etc. (data: may have junk in it)
    - Assume Gaussian distribution for beam spot (reality: still to be determined)
      - Gaussian central/width from a crude estimate

# Positron data: compare data/MC

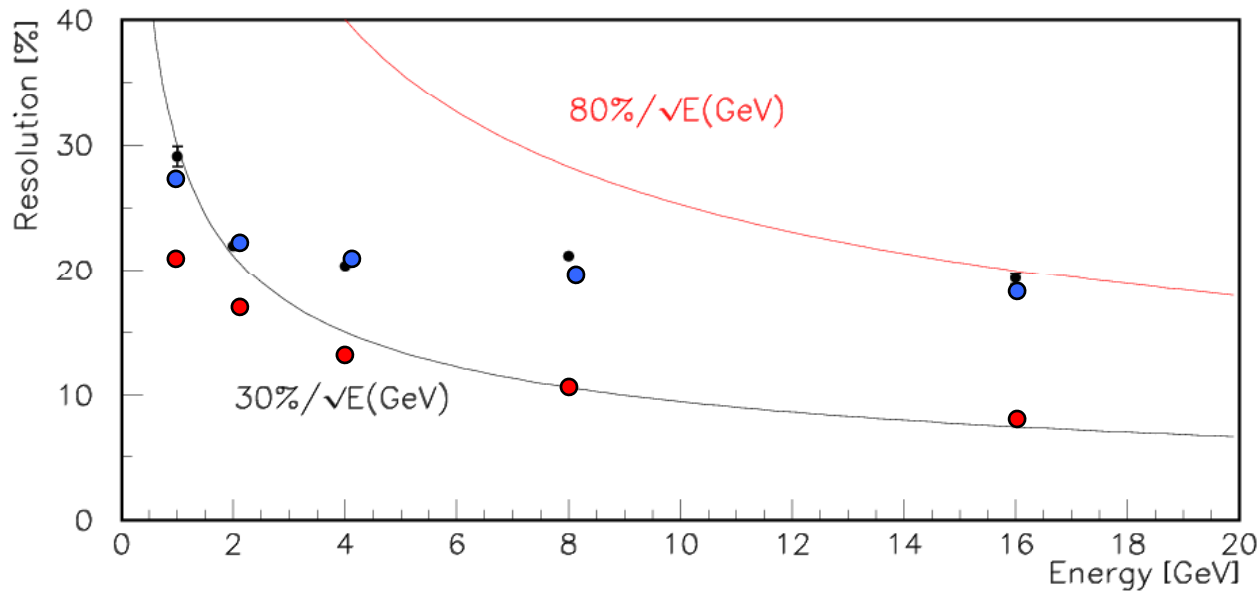
- Agreement is reasonably good
  - Peak positions are a little bit off
  - Resolution well reproduced
  - Expect significant improvement with careful calibration
- Confirmed that DHCAL works as expected



# Positron data: compare data/MC

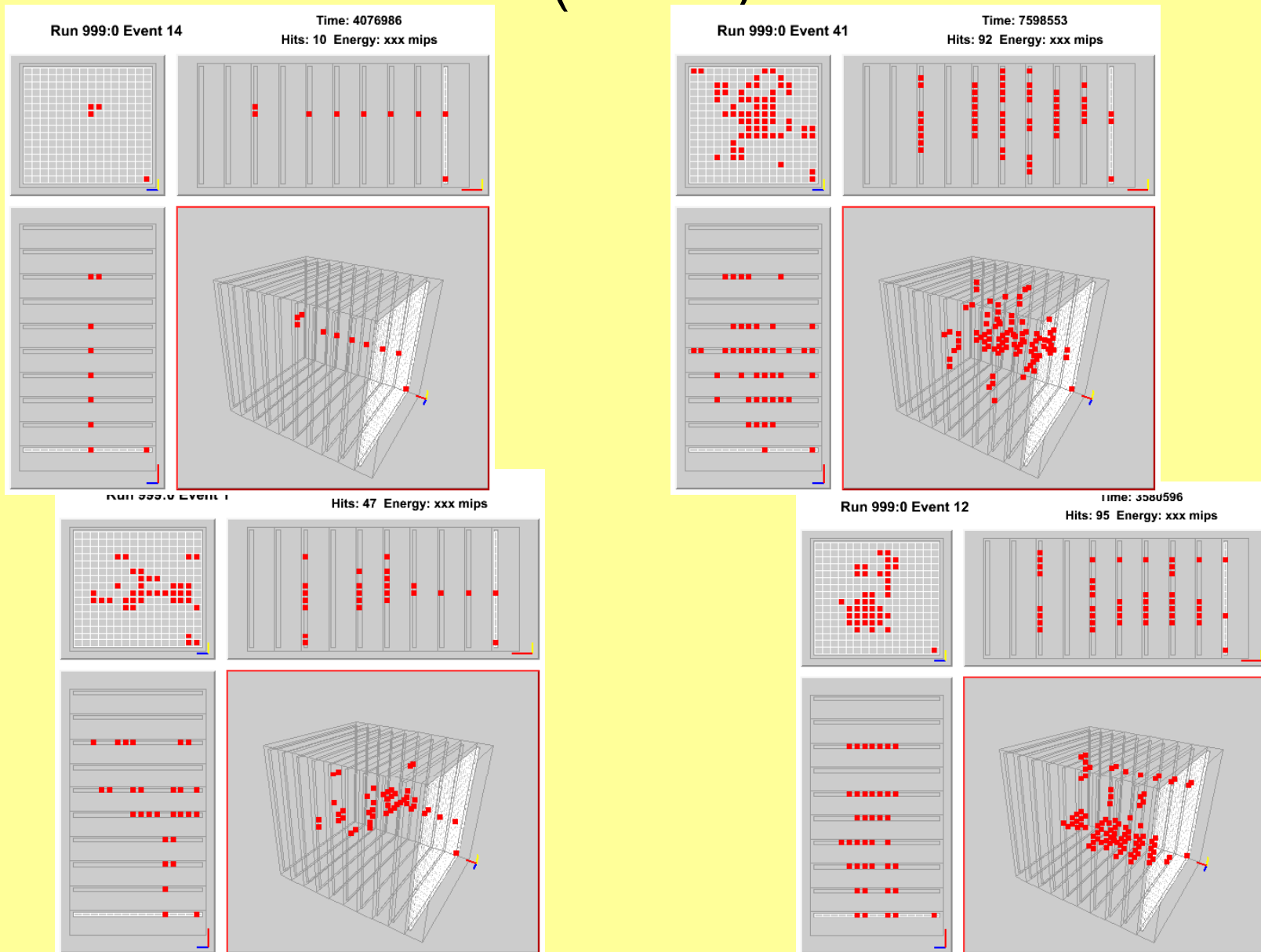


● : simulation: 0-5 layers agree reasonably well



● : simulation: no leakage  
linearity: improved  
resolution: even better

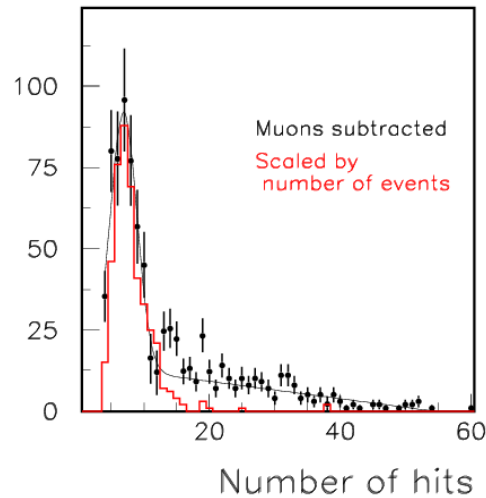
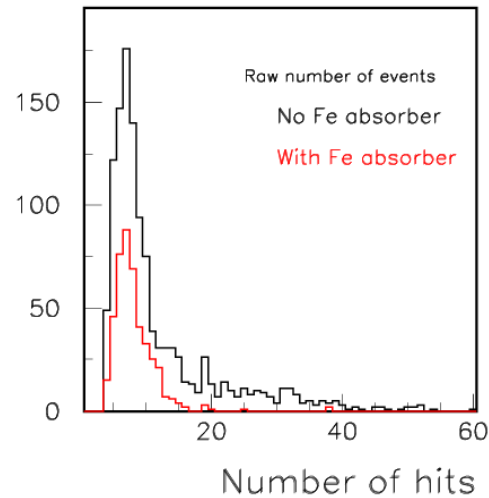
# Pion(/Muon) data



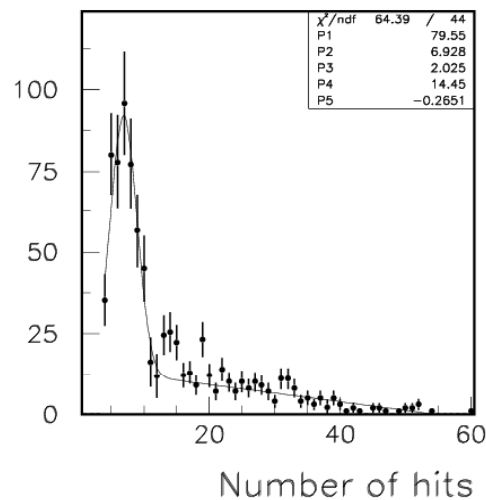
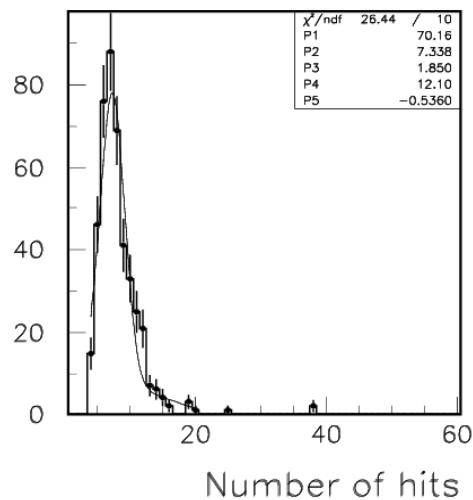
Collected data at (1),2,4,8,16 GeV/c data with Čerenkov veto

# Pion(/Muon) data: 'online results'

Data at 2 GeV taken with/without additional iron absorber



**Clear evidence for  $\pi^+$  at 2 GeV  
( $\sim 57\% \pi^+$  and  $\sim 43\% \mu^+$ )**



Data will be used to compare with Geant4 simulation



# Proton data

- No absorber: event looks like MIP tracks
- Data will be used to study RPC rate capability
  - Long time scale effect: decrease of efficiency with overall rate ( $T \sim \text{sec}$ )
  - Short time scale effect (?): 'dead time' after individual event ( $T \sim \text{ms}$ )

# Conclusion

- DHCAL slice test was a great success
- We collected large, high quality data sets
- The analysis has begun, but a lot remains to be done
- We plan on producing 4 – 5 papers
- We are clearly short of manpower – help is very welcomed (Many thanks to U Iowa group for helping our data analysis with a part time graduate student)