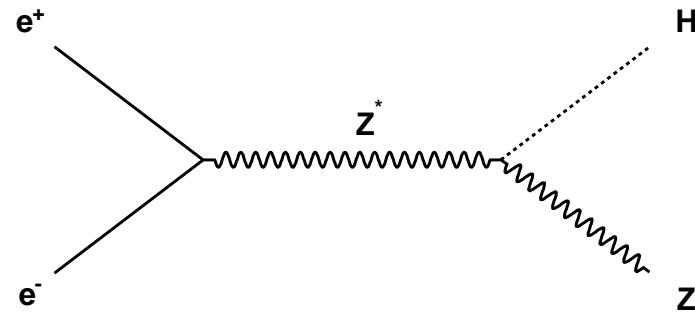


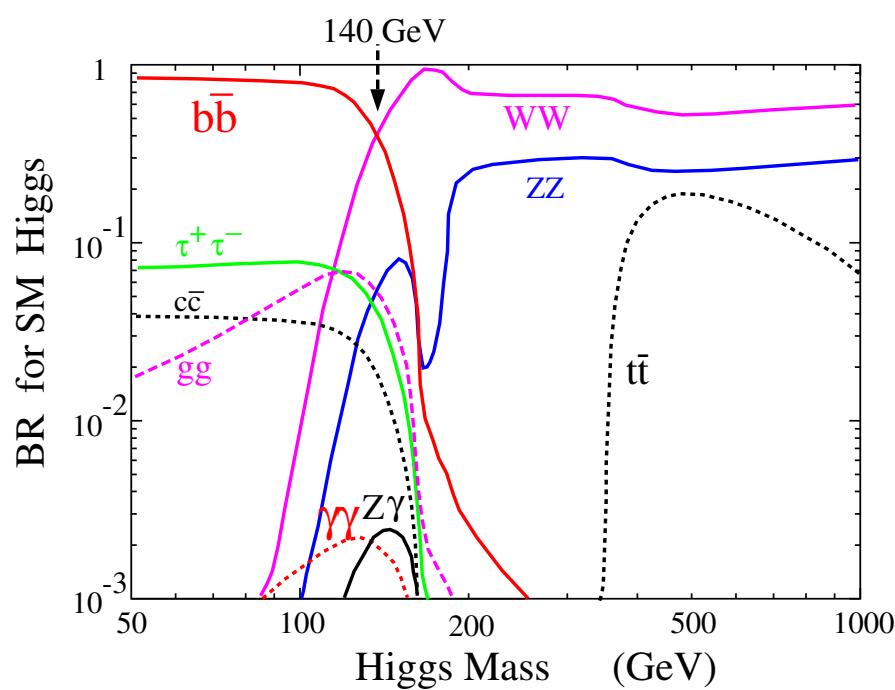
$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow q\bar{q}bb$$

David Ward and Wenbiao Yan

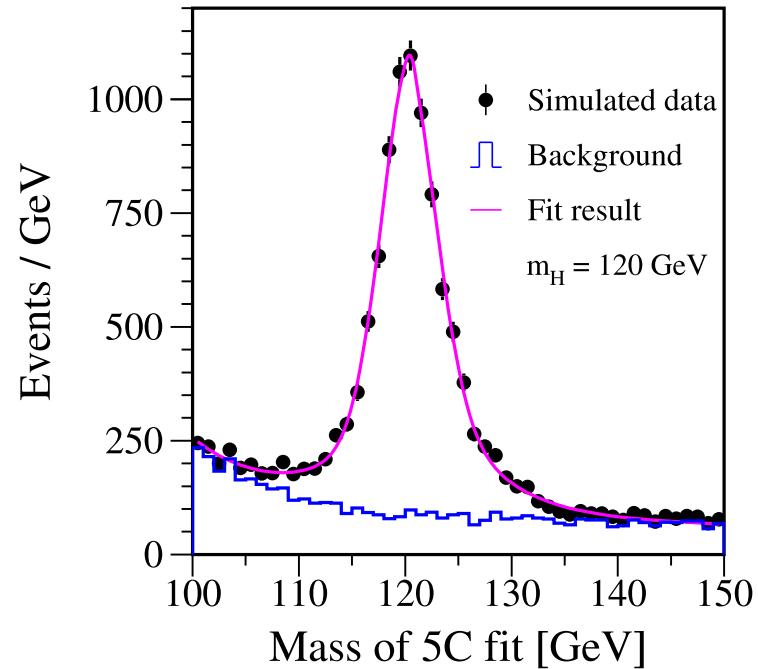


- **Higgs mass reconstruction via $M_{b\bar{b}}$**

Higgs decay



- $\text{Br}(h \rightarrow b\bar{b}) \sim 68\% @ M_h = 120 \text{ GeV}$
- Pandora-pythia v3.3 Monte Carlo
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow q\bar{q}b\bar{b} @ 350 \text{ GeV}$
- integrated luminosity of 500fb^{-1}



- TESLA fast simulation: EPJ C44(2005) 481 by P. García-Abia, W. Lohmann, A. Raspereza
- $ZH \rightarrow q\bar{q}q'\bar{q}' @ 350 \text{ GeV} \implies \Delta(m_H) = 45 \text{ MeV}$
- goal: full detector simulation and reconstruction
- goal: compare different PFAs

Event reconstruction

- Detector simulation: LDC00Sc detector model @ Mokka v6.2;
- Marlin v00-09-09; MarlinReco v00-05; MarlinUtil v00-05
- Flavour tagging: LCFIVertex package v00-02-02
 - use training sample in b-tag package
 - is it OK for LDC00SC at Mokka 6.2 ??? calibration constant and PFA
 - we do not show results by b-tag in this talk
- Jet finder: KtJet package v1.08 (C++)
- Kinematic fitting: KinFit package @ CMS (C++)

$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow q\bar{q}b\bar{b}$ event selection

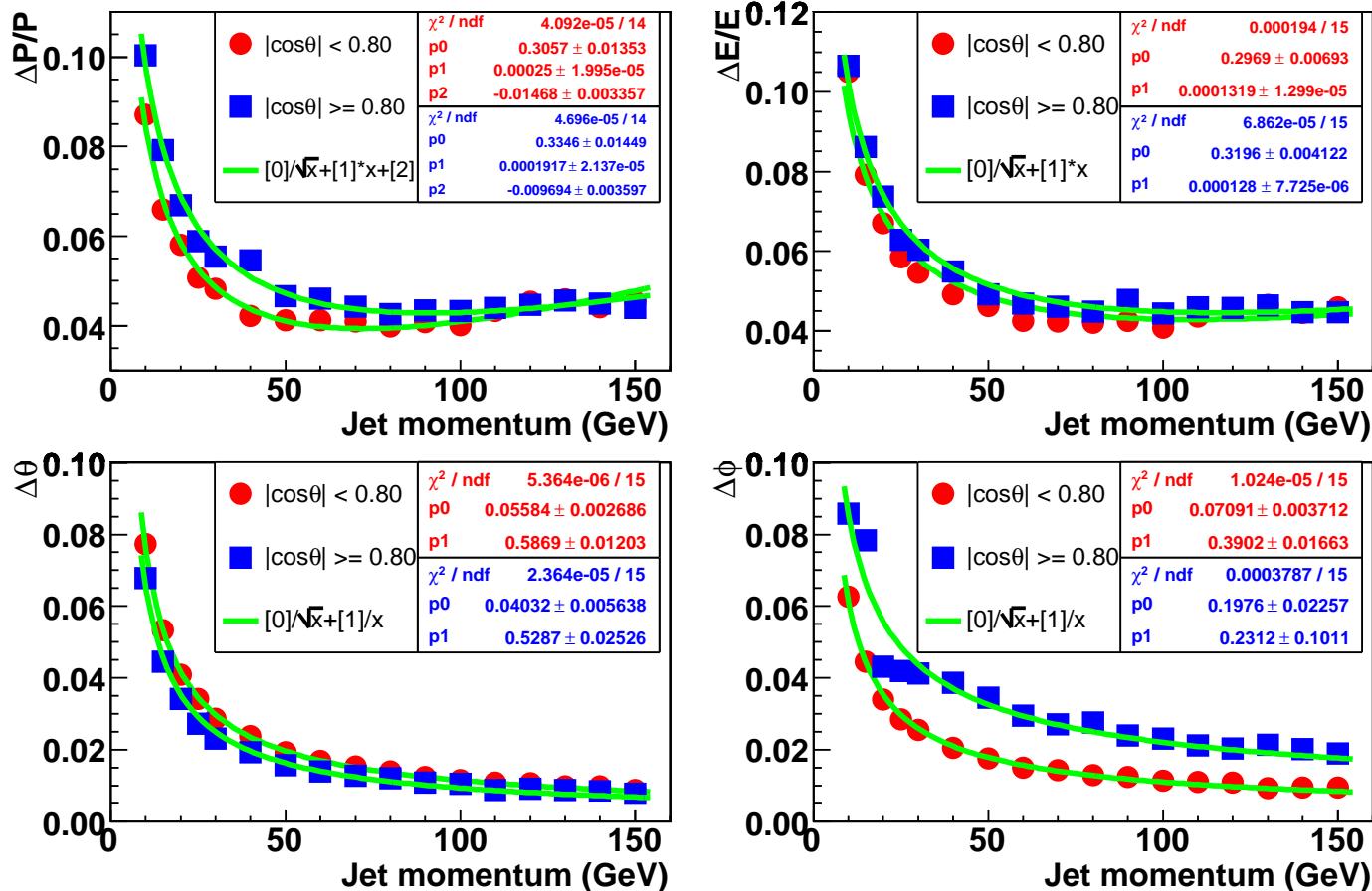
- We follow the paper EPJ C44(2005) 481 to select four jets event
 - total visible energy: $E_{visible} >= 0.8 * 350$ GeV
 - particle flow object number: $N_{PFOs} >= 40$
 - event shape parameter T (thrust): $T < 0.85$ and $|\cos(\theta_T)| < 0.80$
 - force events to have 4 jets, and parameter $\log_{10}(1/y_{34}) < 5.0$
 - * jet energy: $E_{jet} > 10.0$ GeV
 - * jet theta: $|\cos(\theta)| < 0.99$
- Kinematic fitting: 5C fitting
 - χ^2 probability: $P(\chi^2) > 0.05$
 - use smallest χ^2 of kinematic fitting to choose jet pairing
- b-tag for jets
 - Results I: without b-tag
 - Results II: at least two b jets with b-tag

Kinematic fitting

- 12 measured variable: Momentum, Theta and Phi for four jets
- 5 Constraints
 - $\sum p_x = 0.0$
 - $\sum p_y = 0.0$
 - $\sum p_z = 0.0$
 - $\sum E - E_{cm} = 0.0$
 - $M_{j1j2} = M_Z$
 - jet mass is fixed (OPAL method) $E_{fit} = \sqrt{p_{fit}^2 + (E_{meas}^2 - p_{meas}^2)}$
- check kinematic fitting
 - Pull variable $\frac{y_{meas} - y_{fit}}{\sqrt{\sigma_{meas}^2 - \sigma_{fit}^2}}$
 - Pull distribution: a normal Gaussian

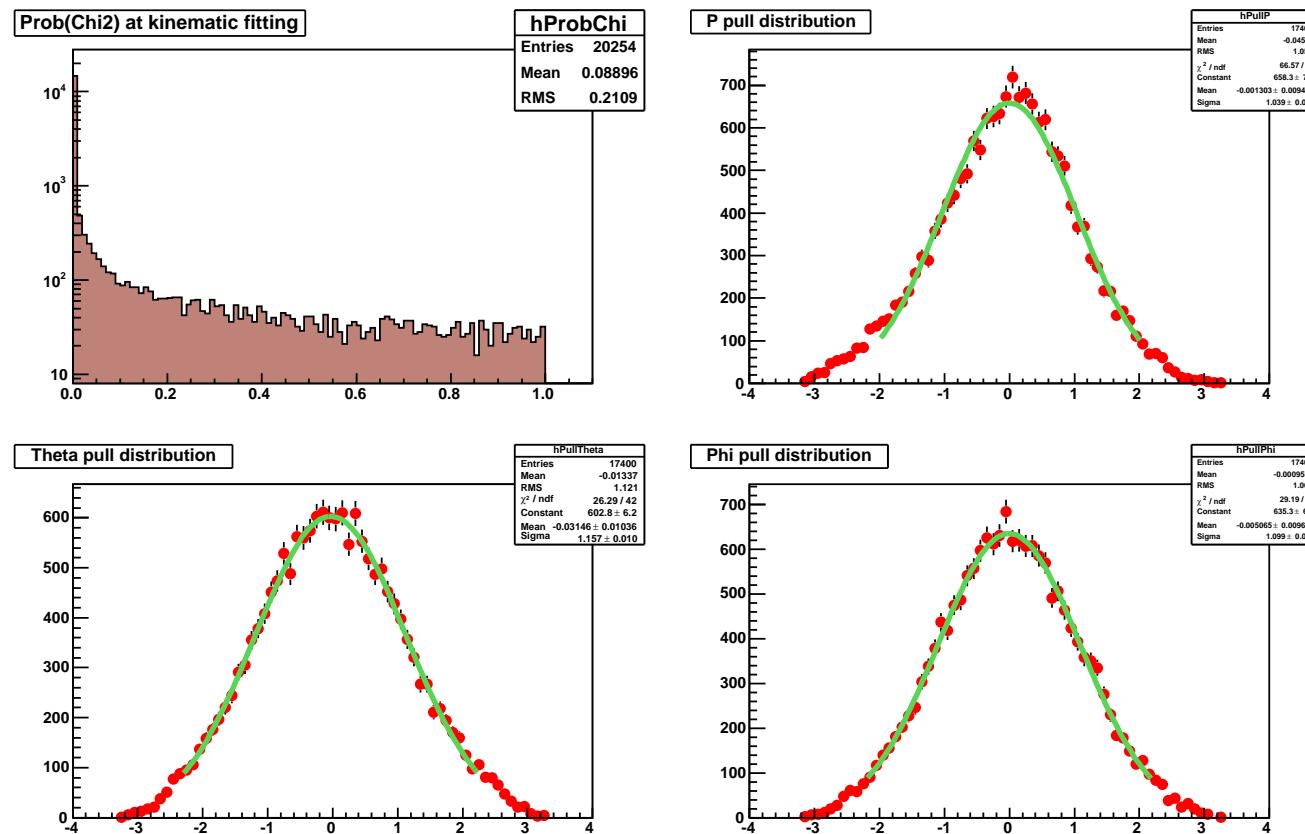
Jet resolution: $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$

- Jet resolution: $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}, q = u, d, s, c$ and without ISR



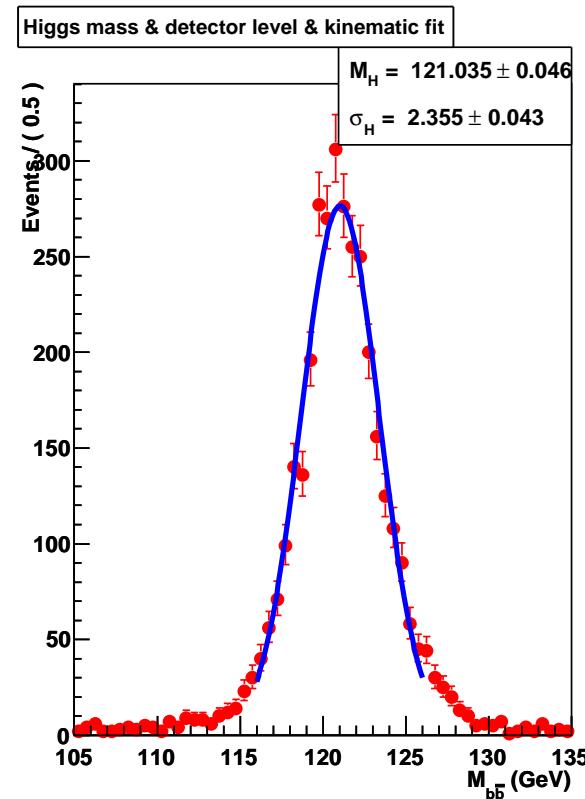
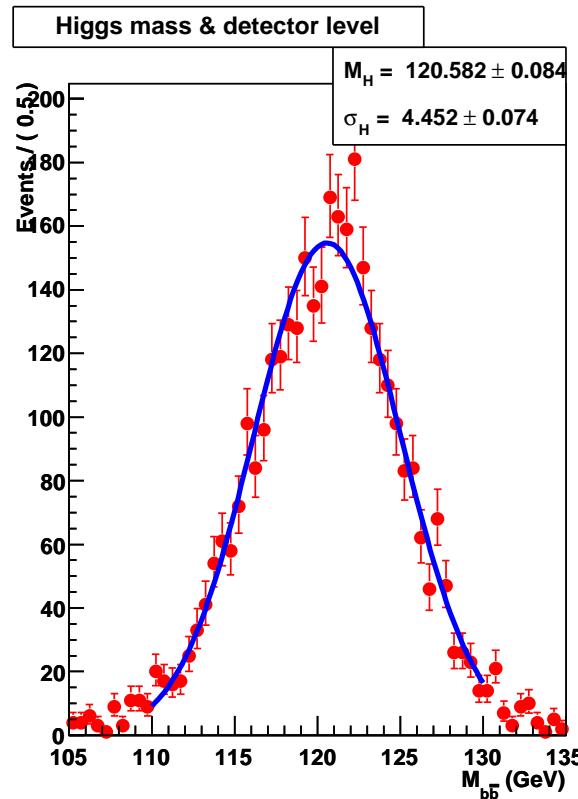
Pull distribution

- χ^2 probability $P(\chi^2)$ is reasonably flat for $P(\chi^2) > 0.05$, and pull distributions are close to a Gaussian with mean of zero and sigma of one for events with $P(\chi^2) > 0.05$



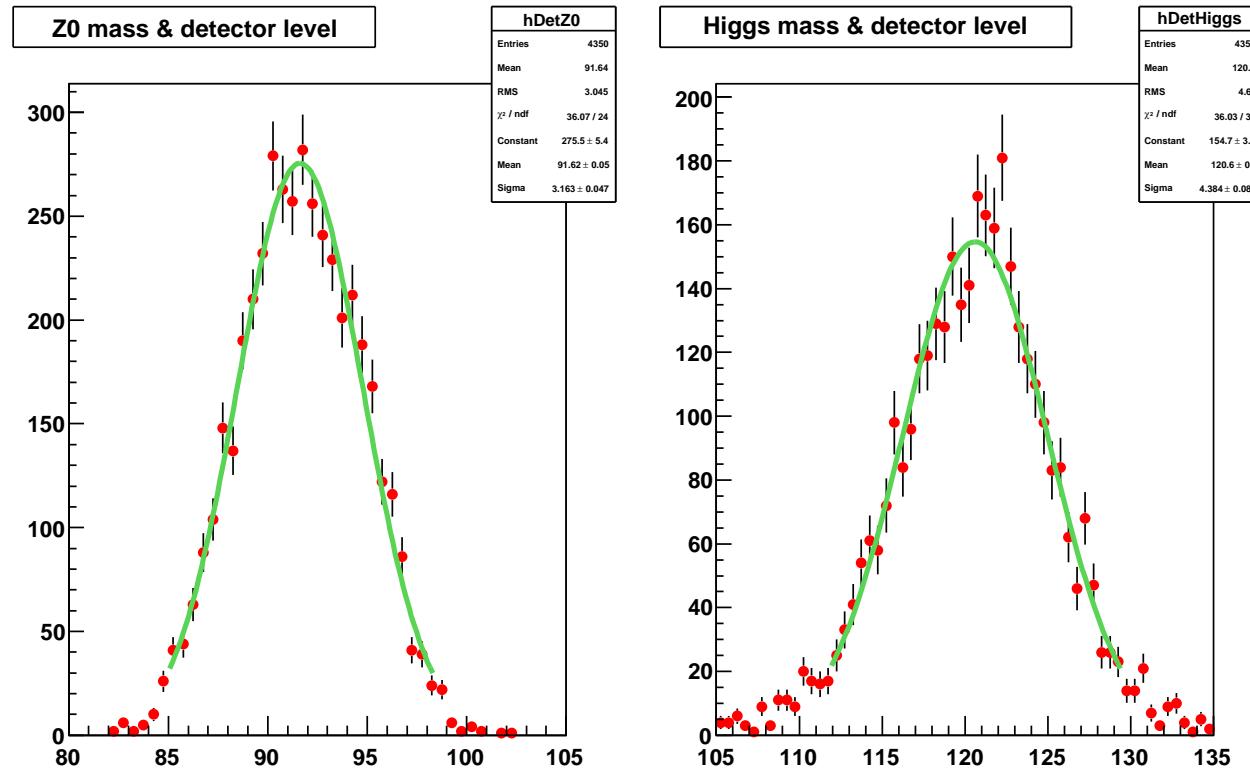
Higgs mass fitting

- Kinematic fitting improves mass resolution: $\Delta(m_H) = 46 \text{ MeV}$
- TESLA fast simulation with background events: $\Delta(m_H) = 45 \text{ MeV}$



Higgs mass fitting

- MC uses $M_{Z^0} = 91.2 \text{ GeV}$ & $M_H = 120.0 \text{ GeV}$
- fitted $M_{Z^0} = 91.6 \text{ GeV}$ & $M_H = 120.6 \text{ GeV} \leftarrow \text{calibration constants ?}$



Summary

- A analysis code is ready for $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow q\bar{q}b\bar{b}$ study
 - Kinematic fitting could improve Higgs mass resolution
 - b-tag effect: we do not show results
 - * use training sample in b-tag package
 - * is it OK for LDC00SC at Mokka 6.2 ???
- To do list
 - jet resolution for b jets
 - take into account the background events
 - wait for simulated samples for detector model @ LOI