
ZHH analysis with LCFI package

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Outline

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- Summary

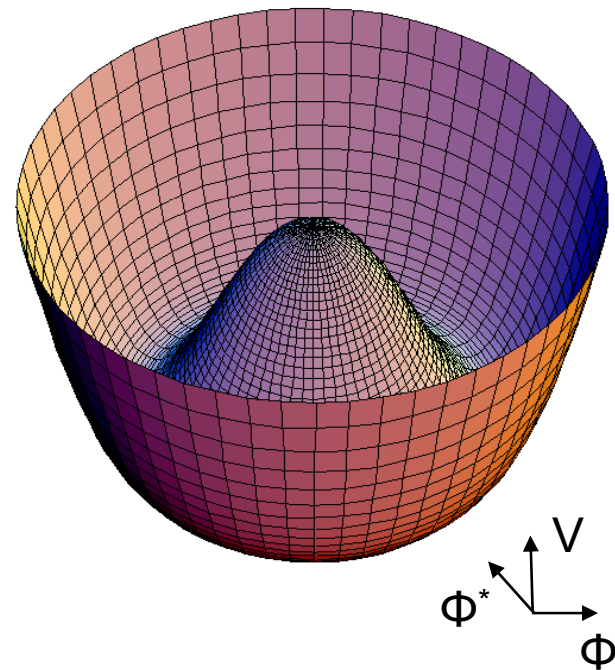
Introduction

- Higgs physics – a major interest of ILC

$$V = -\mu^2|\phi|^2 + \lambda|\phi|^4$$

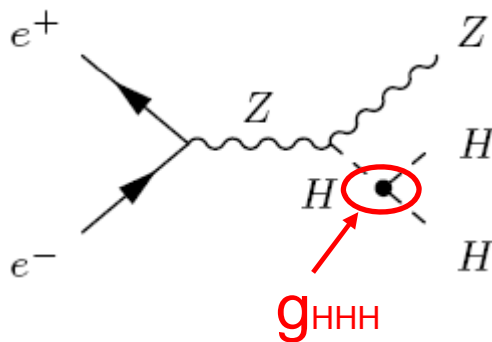
$$m_h = \sqrt{2\lambda}v$$

- M_H proportional to Higgs coupling strength



Introduction

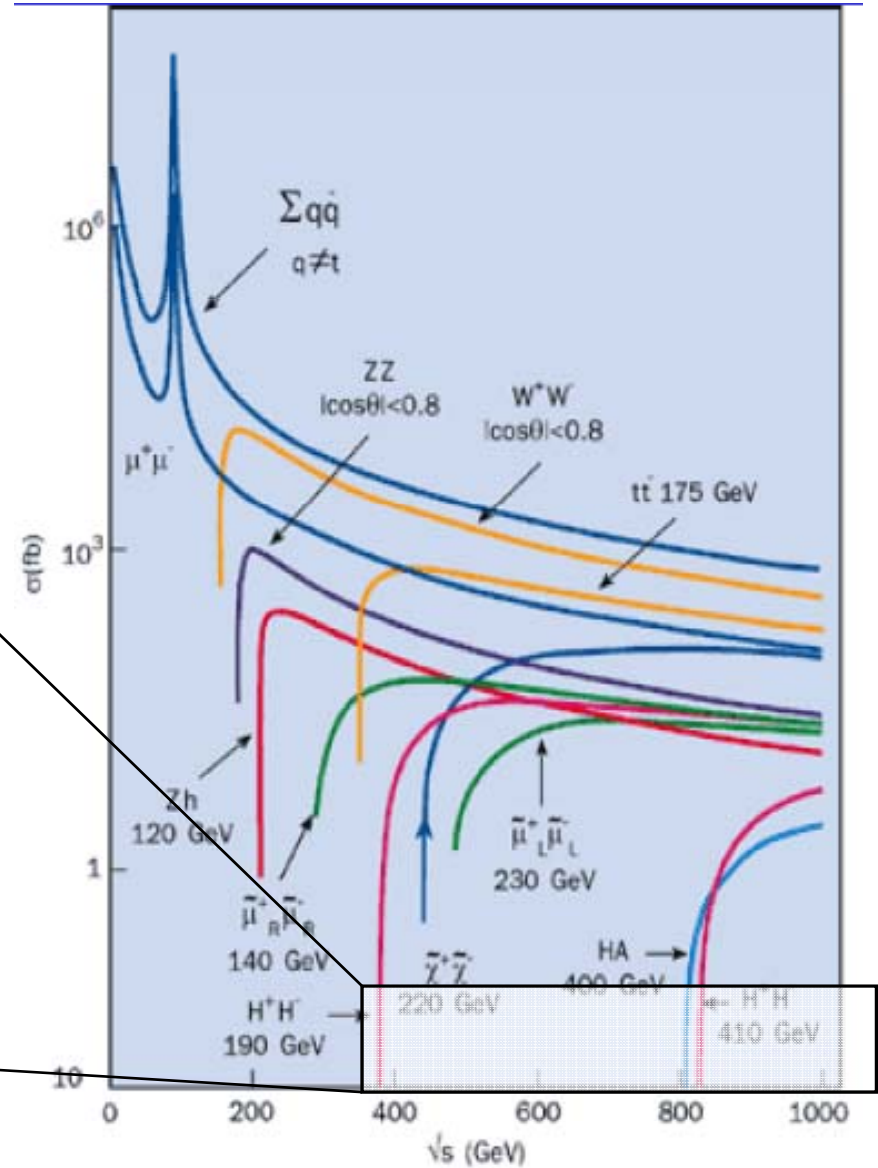
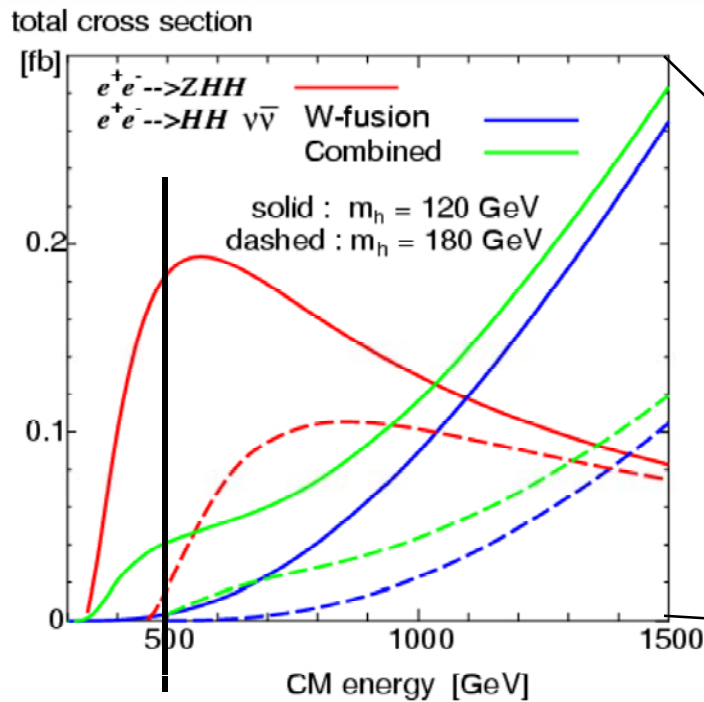
- To experimentally determine the shape of the Higgs potential the self-coupling of the Higgs field must be measured



- $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZHH$ gives independent measurement of Higgs self-coupling constant

Introduction

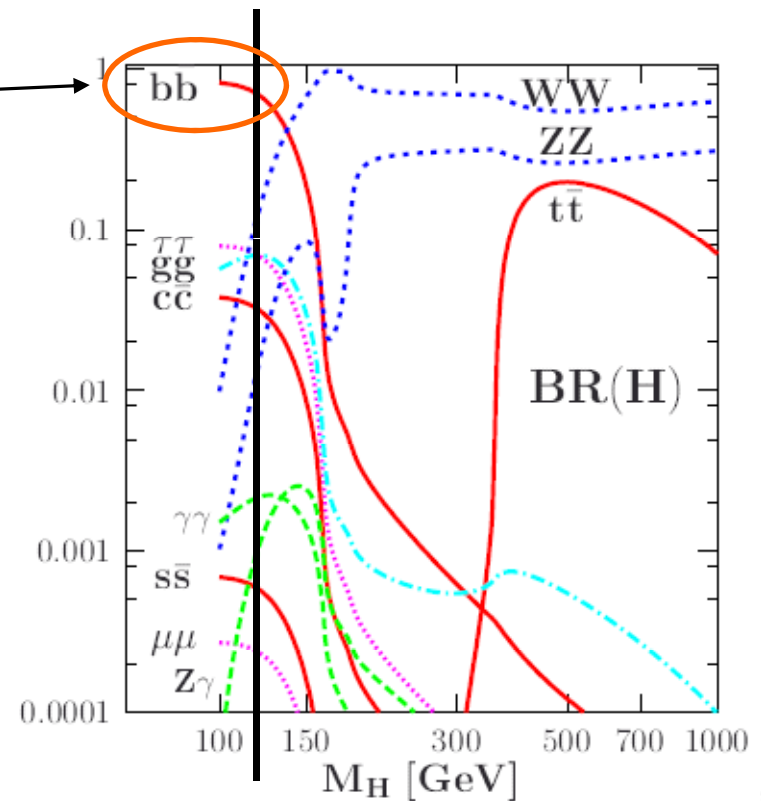
- ZHH: Small cross section
 - ~ 0.1 fb ($\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV for $M_H = 120$ GeV)



Introduction

■ ZHH decay modes:

- a light Higgs \rightarrow b bbar
- Z: hadronic $\sim 70\%$
leptonic $\sim 10\%$
- ZHH \rightarrow bbbbll easy signature but low BR
- ZHH \rightarrow bbbbqq high BR but more complicated analysis



Introduction

- ≥ 4 b-jets! Requirements:
 - Relatively clean background
 - Excellent b-tagging efficiency
- Linear Collider Flavour Identification
- LCFI vertexing package (released in May 2007):
 - Jet finding
 - Jet flavour tagging: b, c and light jets
 - Vertex finding and fitting
 - Vertex charge determination

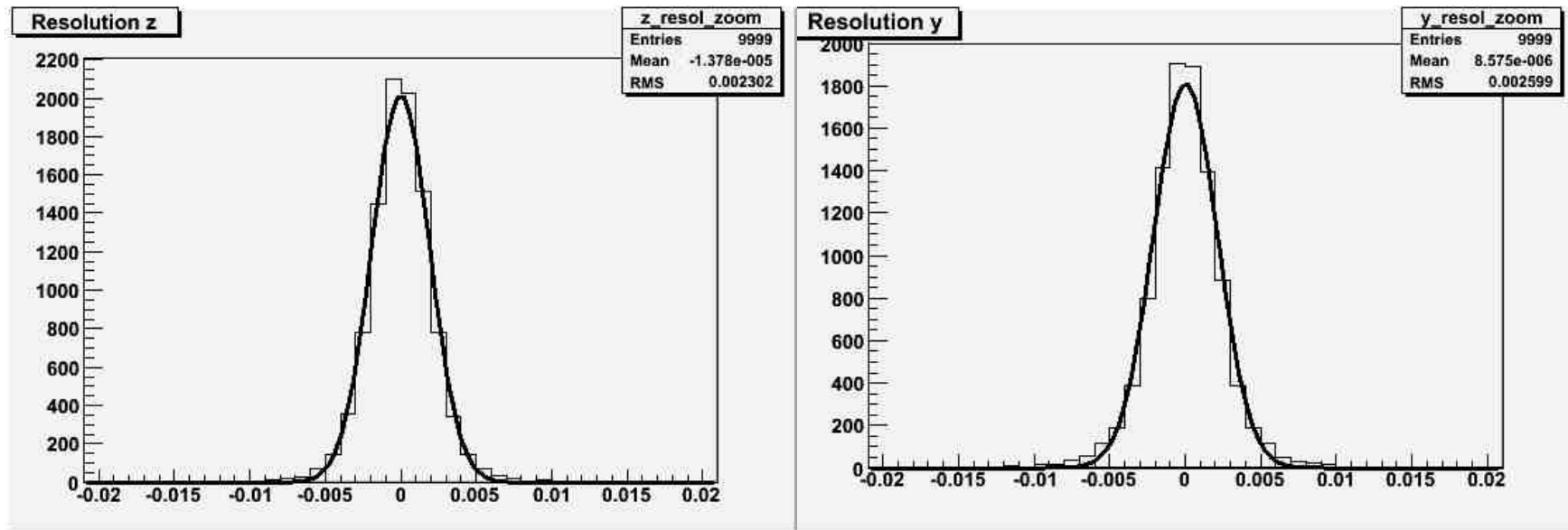
Fast MC results

- We start with SiD FastMC simulations to develop the analysis which also applies to full MC and PFA data.
 - ZHH signal and tt (tbW) background
 - No material effects
 - With/without beamspot constraint
- LCFI vertexing package.
 - Focus on hadronic decay of Z: qqbbbb final state
 - Enforce six jets to be found by the jet finder
- Follow analysis of Tim Barklow
(<http://ilcagenda.linearcollider.org/materialDisplay.py?contribId=154&sessionId=71&materialId=slides&confId=1296>)

Fast MC results

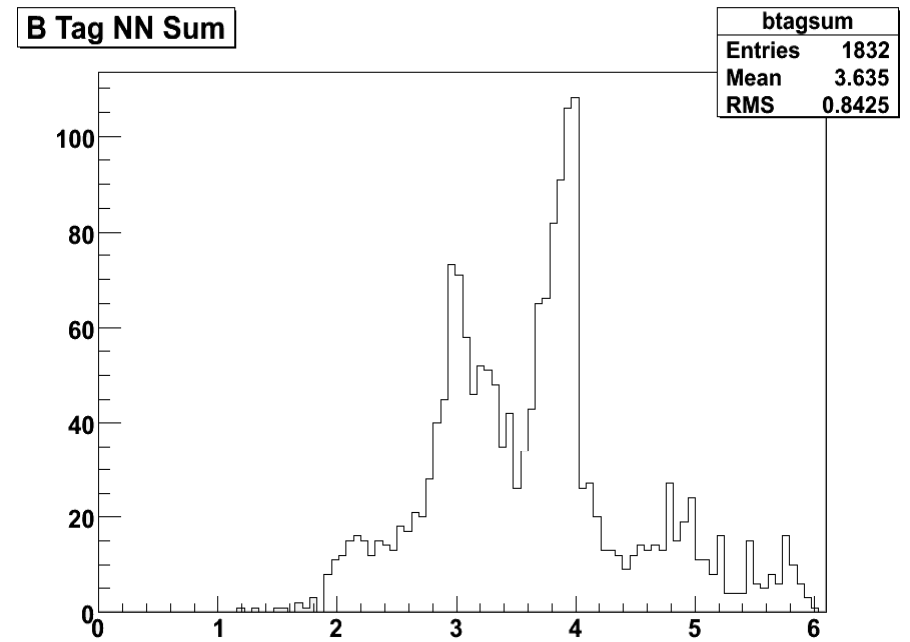
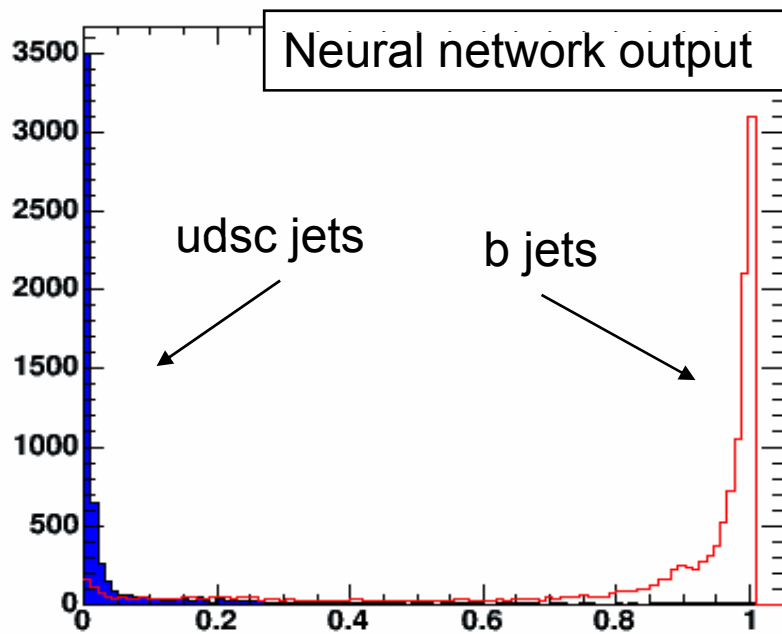
■ Primary Vertex Reconstruction

- 2 μm in z-direction;
- $\sim 2 \mu\text{m}$ in x-y plane without beamspot constraint



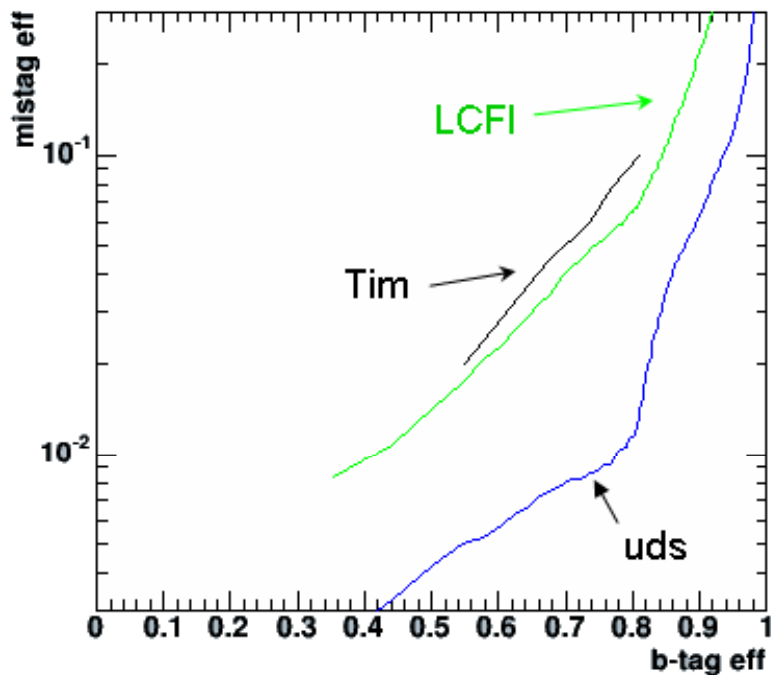
Fast MC results

- Neural Network output:
 - b, non-b jets well separated
- Total jets of NN

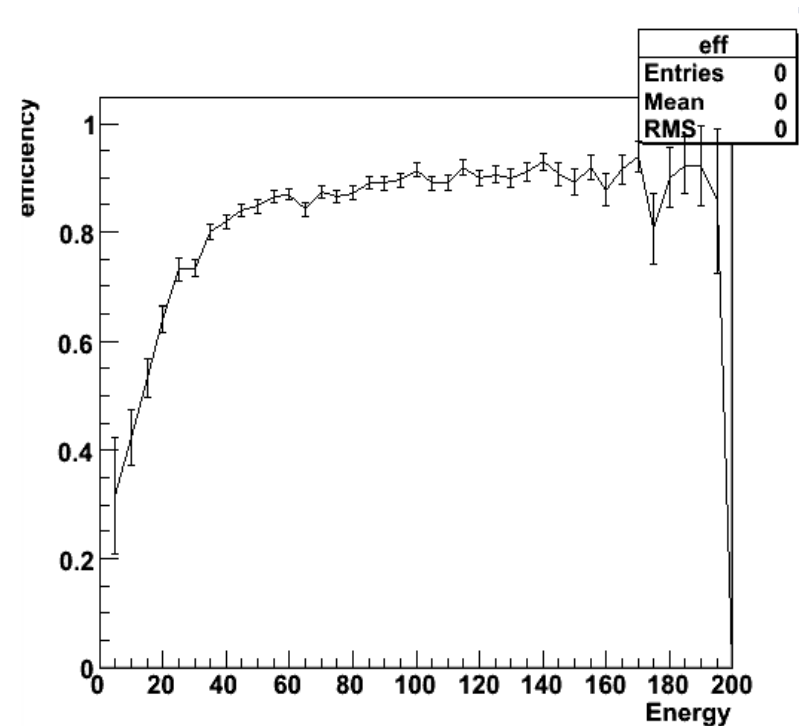


Fast MC results

- NN performance: c-mistagging vs b-efficiency



- Efficiency vs energy

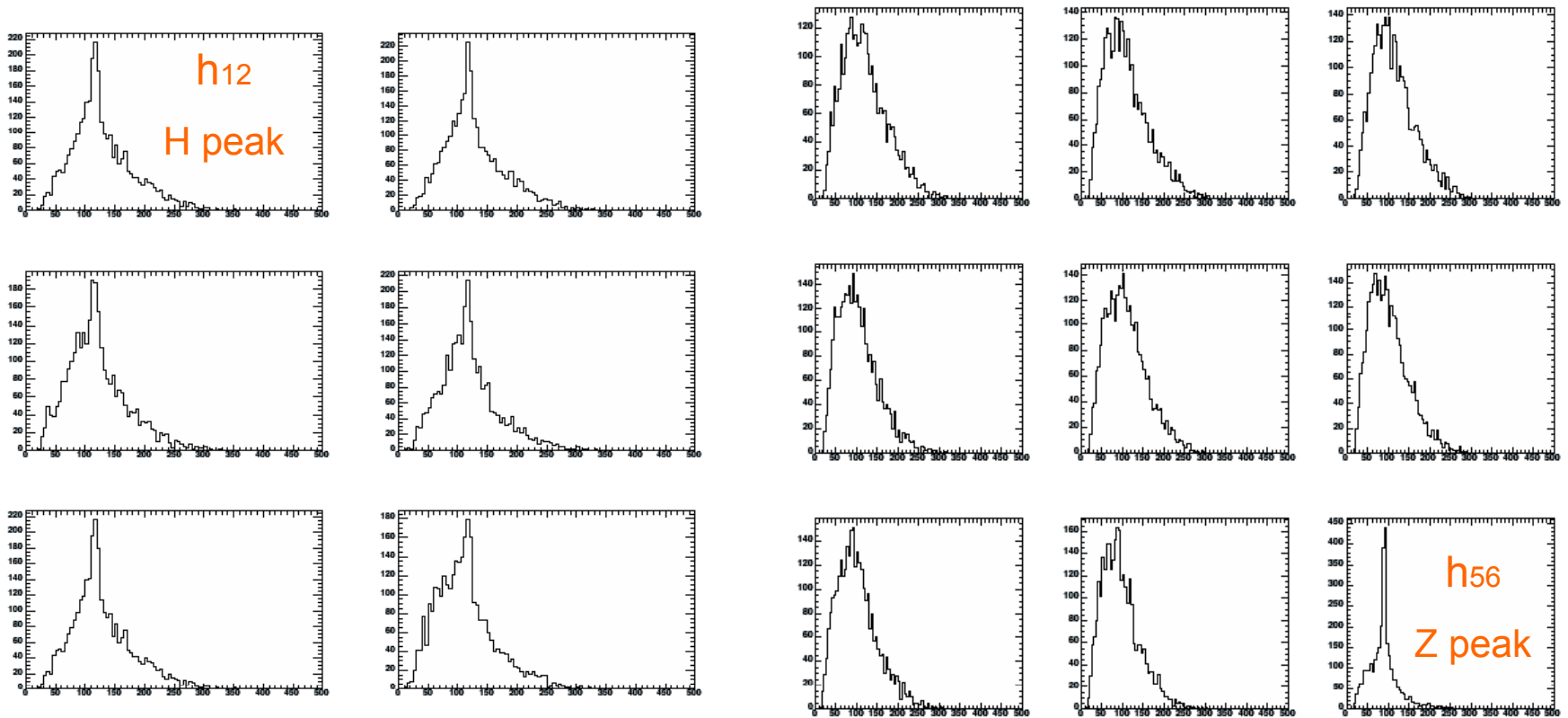


Fast MC results

- Invariant masses:
 - Jets ordered according to their tagging NN output
 - Most b-like jet: 1 ... least b-like: 6
 - Invariant mass of two b jets produced from the same parent Higgs will give the Higgs mass

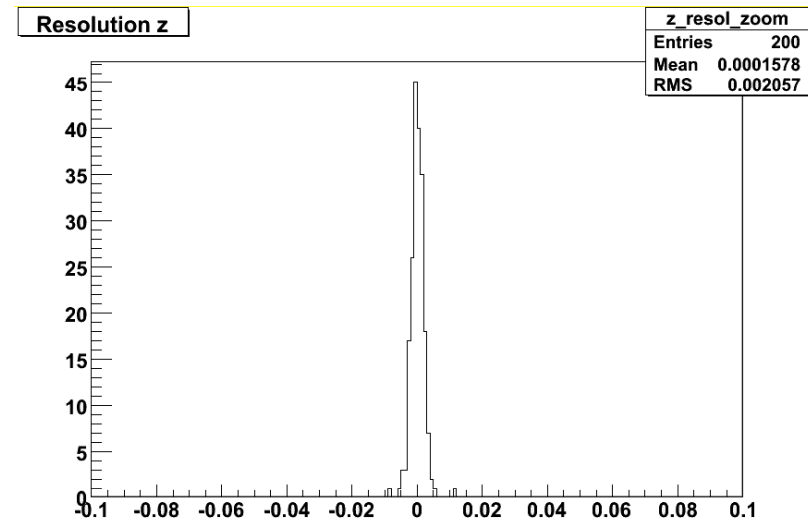
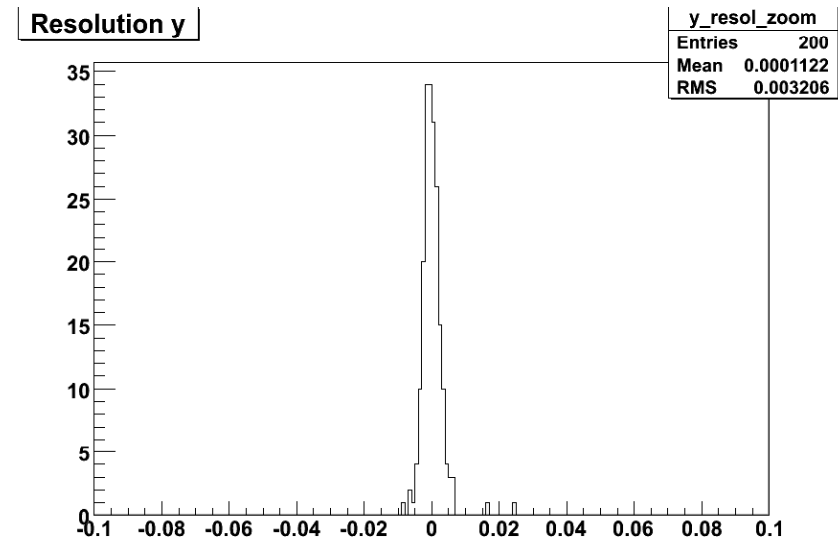
Fast MC results

- Invariant masses: clear H and Z peaks



Current status

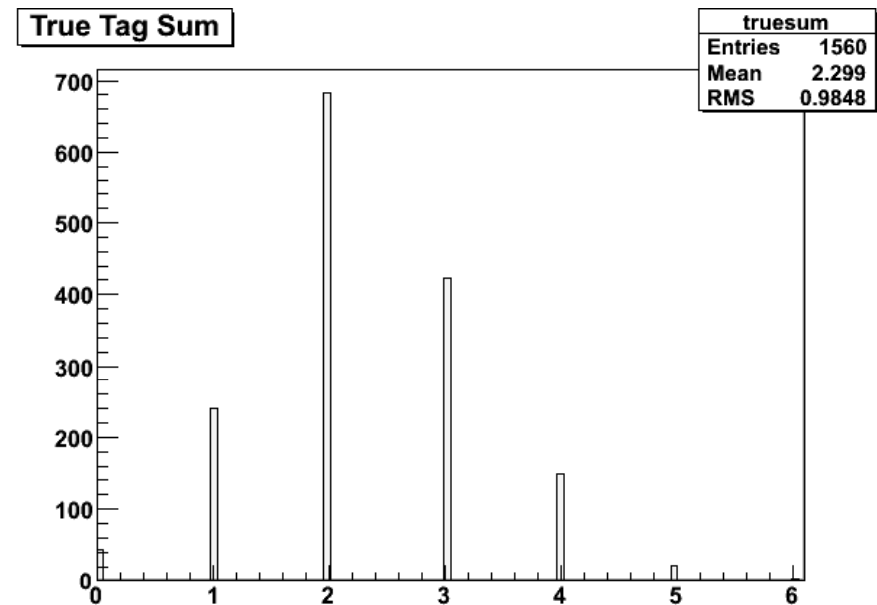
- Full MC simulation:
 - GEANT4
 - Perfect Particle Flow
- Vertex resolution OK
 - $x, y \sim 3\mu\text{m}$; $z \sim 2\mu\text{m}$



Current status

- B tagging efficiency much lower
- NN results not quite right: total b jets # not consistent with our bbbbqq final state

Problem with MC information?



Future

- Add event cuts
- Add remaining SM backgrounds
- Train NN to separate signal from background
- Calculate cross section error and thus self-coupling error
- Investigate the vertex charge information
- ...

Summary

- ZHH as a benchmarking process: important in understanding Higgs potential
- Small cross-section of zhh channel places high requirement on flavour tagging
- LCFI package works well with fast MC data; neural network analysis allows accurate b-tagging
- More difficulty with full MC and PFA than fast MC, still in progress