# SiD PFA Status and Calorimeter Performance

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### Overview

- PFA goals for the LOI
- Progress since Boulder
- Current performance
- Use in benchmarking analysis
- The LOI

### From Mat at Boulder

### What are the goals?

- Most critical: Demonstrate acceptable physics performance for LOI
  - Without this we are dead in the water
  - Not the end, though: Algorithms will continue to improve post-LOI
- Give guidance on detector design choices
  - Input given on some sid02 decisions (e.g. HCAL depth)
  - Now is not the time to start another round of detailed optimization!
  - ... but post-LOI we may want to think again.

# PFA goals for the LOI

- A stable reconstruction program: -> Output reconstructed particles to be used for analyses of LOI benchmark processes.
- To be run on full SM and data sample.
- Improvements, bug fixes, etc. may warrant rerunning full sample, executive decision will be needed.

# Again from Mat

### What are the goals?

- So what is "acceptable physics performance"?
- The real answer will come from benchmark analyses.
  - ... including jet-finding, jet flavour ID, PID, efficiency, etc etc etc
  - Both absolute performance & performance relative to ILD/4th matter
- We use some PFA-centric tests as a prerequisite:
  - Look for dijet mass resolution of 3-4% (comparable to  $\Gamma$  for W, Z)
    - Want  $\Delta M_Z/M_Z \sim 3-4\%$  for dijet mass residuals in  $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z(\nu\nu) \ Z(qq) \ @ 500 \ GeV \ (q=u,d,s)$
    - Want  $\Delta E_{CM}/E_{CM} \sim 3-4\%$  for  $e^+e^- \rightarrow qq$  (q=u,d,s)
- This is not the physics -- this is what you need before it makes sense to try and do the physics.

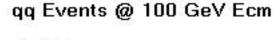
# **Progress**

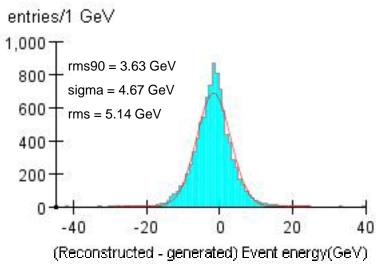
- UI PFA completely refactored: Code reorganized to be maintainable, critical with Mat's departure.
- Muon hits handled in a consistent way (although probably not optimal)
- First pass lepton ID
- Full tracking now the default
- Production release of the Icsim package
- Output usable by benchmarking group
- Fixed error in running FastMC on simulated data
- Critical decisions: sid02 is the default detector, and full tracking will be used.

# Current performance

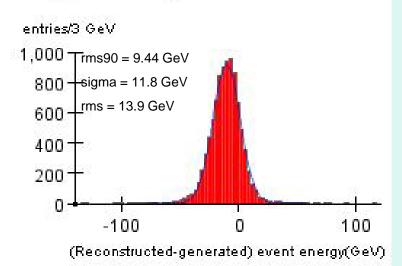
- Benchmarking analyses are what count!
- PFA tests are what is shown.
- In following slides, Prod == sid02, full tracking. (no cheating)
- For comparisons, PPR == perfect pattern recognition (cheat on tracking, cheat on calorimeter hit assignments)
- FastMC == Fast Monte Carlo (Use pythia final state particles with smearing, tuned to give Pandora-like results for a super-detector.
- CalOnly == pure calorimeter energy measurement.

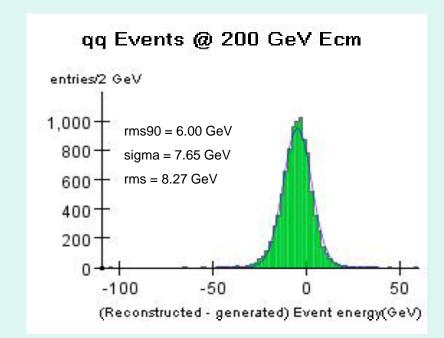
#### qq(uds) events at fixed Ecm

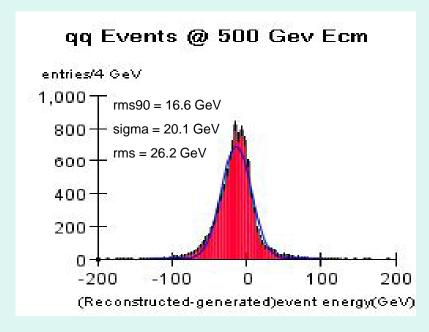




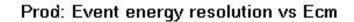
#### qq Events @ 360 GeV Ecm

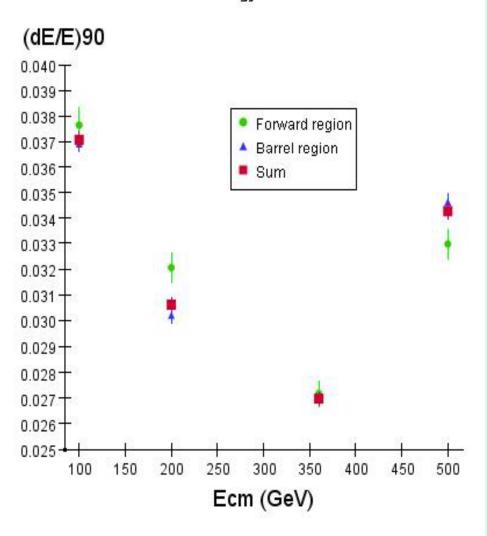




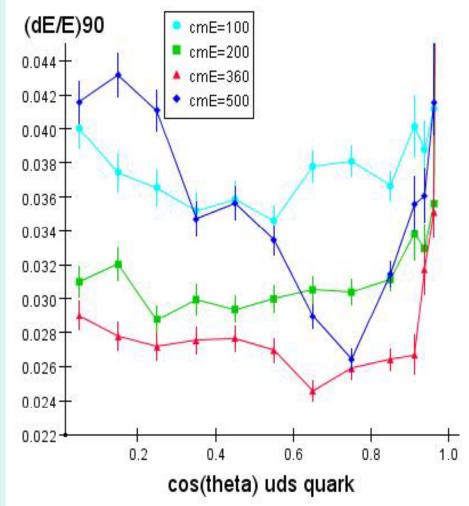


#### qq(uds) events at fixed Ecm



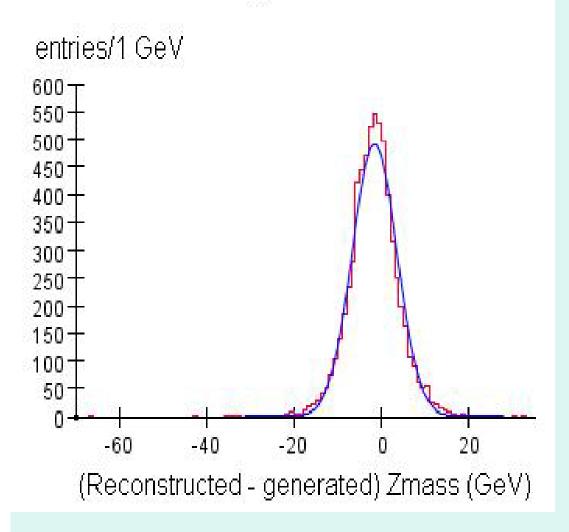


#### Prod: Event energy resolution vs cos(theta)



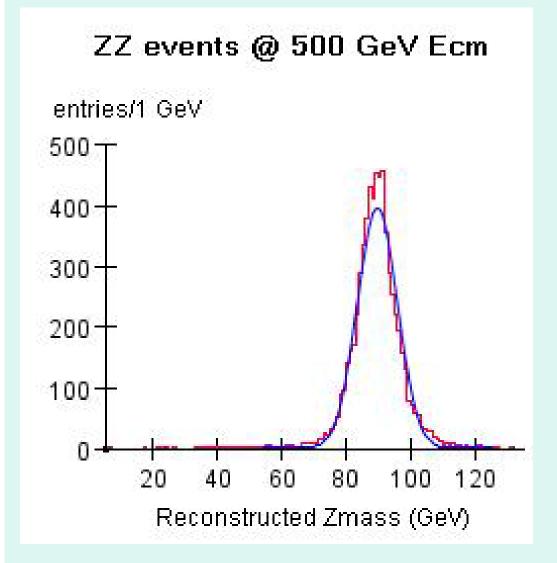
#### ZZ events at 500 GeV, max cos(theta) < 0.95

#### ZZ events @ 500 GeV Ecm



- Full rms = 5.71 GeV
- Sigma(gauss) = 5.11 GeV
- rms90 = 4.00 GeV
- (dM/M)90 = 4.48%

#### ZZ events at 500 GeV, max cos(theta) < 0.95

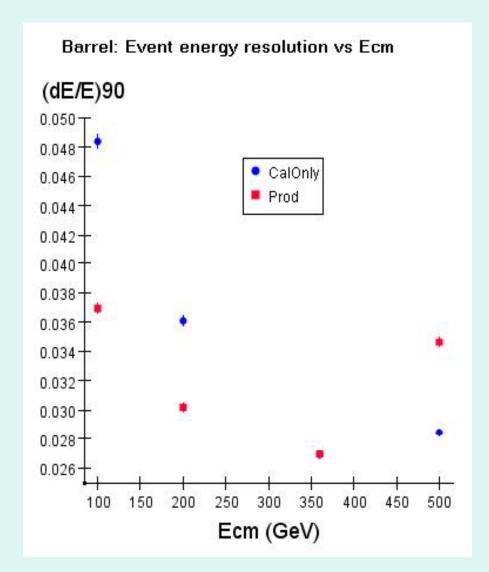


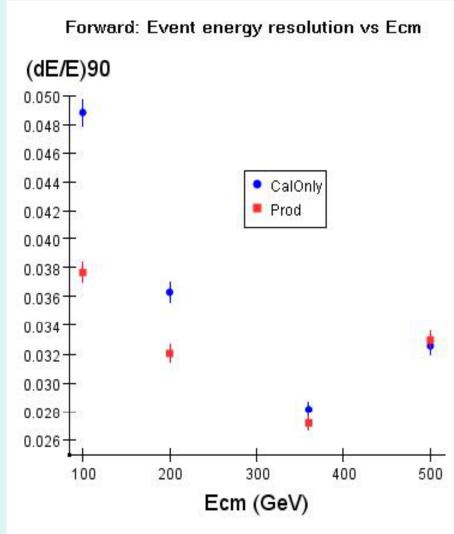
• Sigma(gauss) = 6.19 GeV

# Current performance

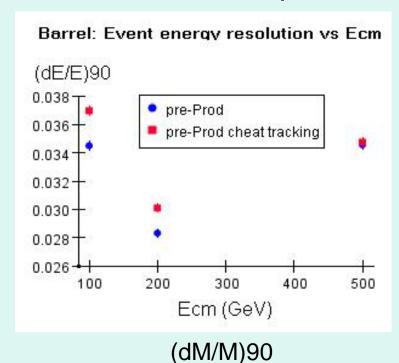
- I could stop here. The previous slides are the current status of PFA development.
- Try to put in perspective by comparisons.
- CalOnly using only the calorimeters (no tracking) what is the energy resolution for sid02?
- Cheat tracking quantify resolution loss using full tracking package.
- PPR the potential of Pflow: if we could only make perfect associations.
- FastMC our only real connection to physics output vs detector design. Since most of the analyses are/were being developed with FastMC, comparison of results with PFA package may help quantify energy resolution -> physics results.
- What about scintillator? And Pandora?

#### Comparison of CalOnly and Prod Event energy resolution





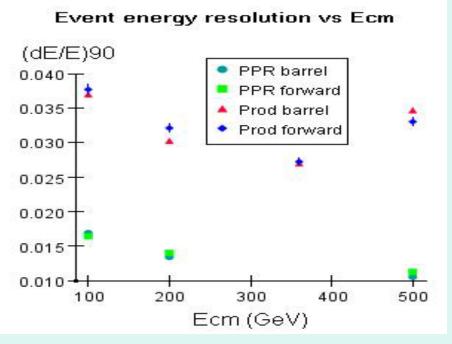
#### Comparison of cheat vs real tracking

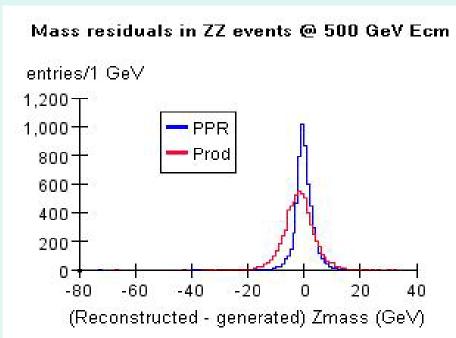


	Cheat tracking	Full tracking
Barrel	4.28%	4.73%
Forward	3.72%	3.96%
Both	4.04%	4.33%
Combined	4.08%	4.45%

- Energy resolution worse by 6-7% for Ecm < 200 GeV</li>
- Mass resolution worse by 9%, mainly due to barrel region
- Full tracking has pt cut (>200MeV) and impact parameter cut. No kink reconstruction or tracks from vees.
- Marcel once reported (from Mark Thompson) that kink and vee reconstruction improved resolution ~ 5%.
- Excellent result!

#### Comparison of PPR and Prod reconstruction

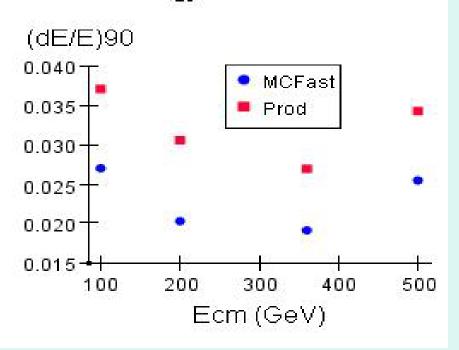


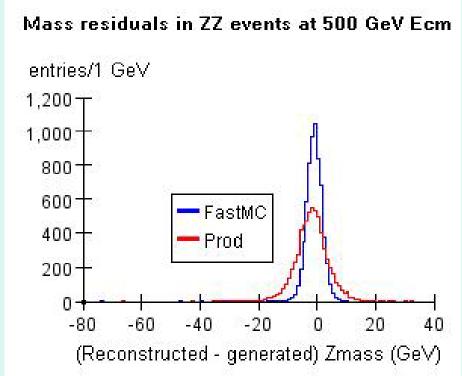


 We see why the emphasis on pattern recognition PPR Prod
RMS90 2.24 GeV 4.00 GeV
dM/M 2.46% 4.48%

#### Comparison of FastMC and Prod reconstruction

#### Event energy resolution vs Ecm





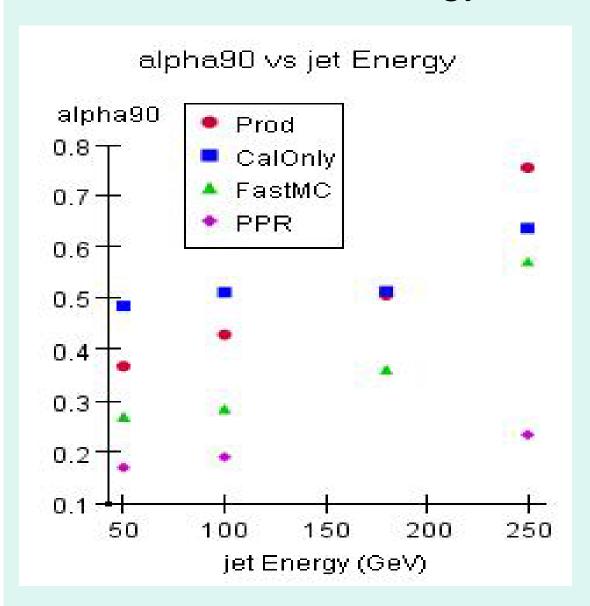
FastMC Prod (PPR)

RMS90 2.01 GeV 4.00 GeV (2.24 GeV)

dM/M 2.23% 4.48% (2.46%)

Interesting that FastMC gives better mass resolution than PPR, with much worse energy resolution.

### Jet energy resolution



dE/E = alpha/sqrt(E)

# Current performance caveats

- Mat reported at Boulder similar performance for low energy jets as pandora ... using sid01\_scint, cheat tracking, and comparing to Marcel's sidish detectors. But ...
- Scint -> rpc ~ 10% worse jet energy resolution. Cheat tracking to real tracking -> 7% worse jet energy resolution.
- This is where we are.

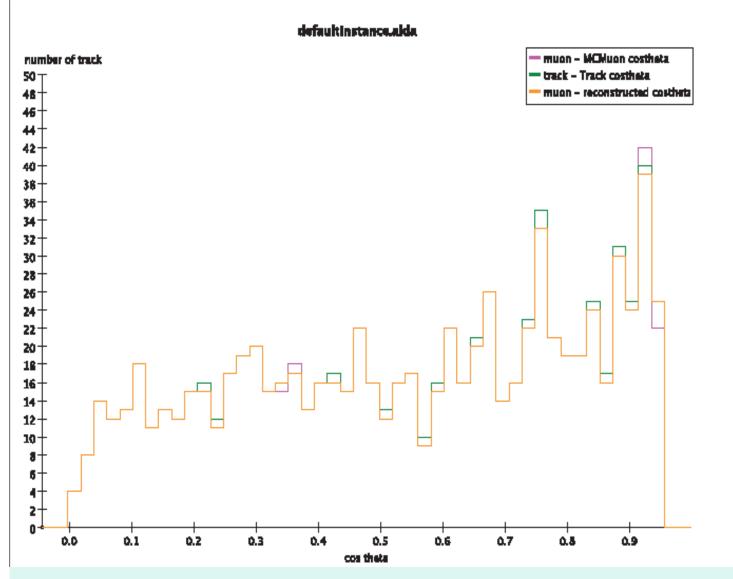
## Lepton ID

- The test samples have no prompt leptons. (uds quarks, no neutrinos)
- Need physics processes to test lepton ID.

### Muons

- Code from Tae Jeong did not make it into production release. (Many places it should have been caught, can spread blame around).
- Prod reconstruction output has no identified muons.
- Problems have been identified and fixed, and a post-reconstruction identifier is being developed.

### Plot after fixing



Sample: 10GeV Muon 1000 events.

Preselection :  $cos(\theta) < 0.95$ 

MC Muon 816 Full Track 818 RecoMuon 803

Effi. = 98%

### **Electrons**

- Tim looked at electrons in the ZH sample, and found only ~50% efficiency for electrons > 20 GeV.
- He has developed an algorithm for identifying these electrons, again can be done post-reconstruction.

# Benchmark analyses

- Reconstruction output seems "suitable".
- Feedback from benchmarking group has been essential to get to this point, and is even more critical now as LOI deadline nears.
- Comparison of FastMC with Prod may well guide us in post LOI detector optimization.

"suitable": In ttbar events, the reconstruction output has been run through vertexing/flavor tagging process, yielding a mass plot.

### The LOI

- Broadly, PFA group has four things to do:
  - 1. Converge on a stable PFA version, freeze it, and use for production.
  - 2. Help analysts use the PFA output & fix inevitable bugs/problems
  - 3. Document the work done
  - 4. Continue improving PFA
- Note that there is some tension (esp. #1 vs #4).
   Care needed.
- Usual plan: Long supporting note + LOI contributions.
- Details & responsibilities to be thrashed out in the next few days.

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III Subsystems: for each, to include:
      Performance requirements, pointers to physics benchmarks
      Design outline, including engineering details, drawings etc
      Technology options
      Baseline choice(s)
      Front-end electronics
      Performance: spatial resolution, efficiencies, energy/momentum resolution
   Tracking system (10+)
   EM calorimeter (10+)
   HCAL (10+)
   Forward systems (5?)
   Magnet (5 or less)
   Muon system (5)
   DAQ (1)
   Simulation tools + infrastructure, PFA ...
IV Benchmarking results (25?)
```

# Summary

- We have a full reconstruction package with NO cheating.
- SM and data sample processing well under way.
- Original performance goals, even with caveats, not quite met (We're not out of ideas, we're out of time). Actual performance on test samples has been documented.
- Benchmark analyses starting to use PFA output.
- Since a second reconstruction pass is far from given, should now concentrate on improvements that can be applied post-reconstruction.