ATF Fast Ion Study Plan

- Results in 2007, 2008
- Vertical emittance studies at ATF
- Plan

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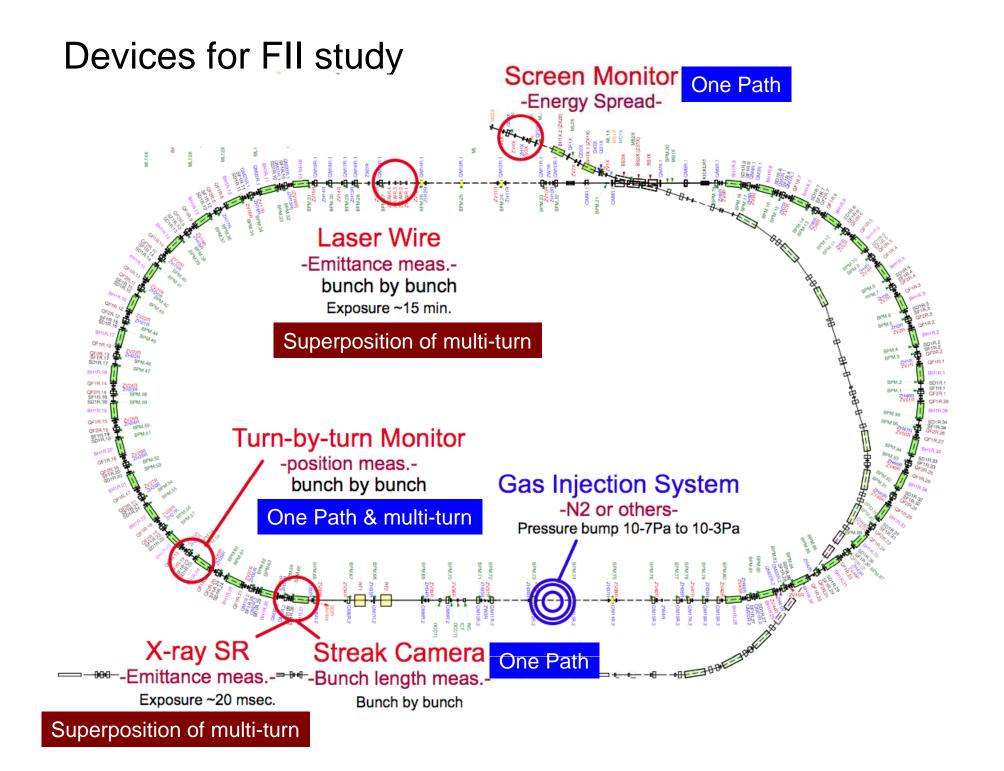
ILCDR07 at INFN-LNF

Goals of the experiment

(according to Two proposals

(L. Wang, T. Raubenhimer and G. Xia, E. Elsen)

- Distinguish the two ion effects: beam size blow-up and dipole instability.
- Quantify the beam instability growth time and tune shift. The growth rate is related to the ion density (vacuum pressure, average beam line density, emittance, betatron function and so on).
- Quantify the bunch train gap effect
- Provide detailed data to benchmark simulations with experiment.



FII study on 2007/3/13-14 (1)

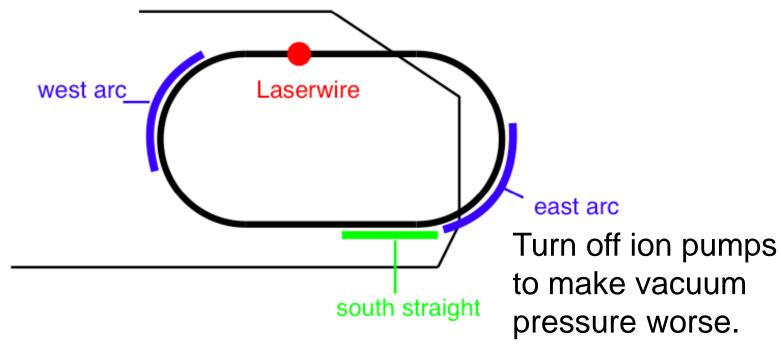


Figure 3: Sections that ion pumps were turned off in this experiment

Table 1: vacuum pressure in the measurements

ion pump status	$5 \mathrm{mA}$	$10 \mathrm{mA}$	$20 \mathrm{mA}$
normal		$5.9 \times 10^{-7} \text{ Pa}$	
south straight OFF	1	$2.7 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Pa}$	$5.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Pa}$
both arcs and south straight OFF	$3.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Pa}$	$5.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Pa}$	

FII study on 2007/3/13-14 (2)

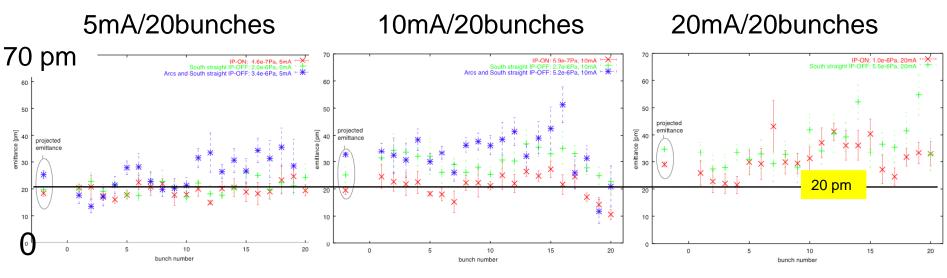


Figure 7: emittance of multi-bunch beam at $5\mathrm{mA}/20\mathrm{bunches}$

Figure 8: emittance of multi-bunch beam at 10mA/20bunches

Figure 9: emittance of multi-bunch beam at 20mA/20bunches

We measured emittance of each bunch in a 20-bunch beam in the DR with a laser-wire monitor. No clear emittance blow-up along a train was observed up to 20mA/train.

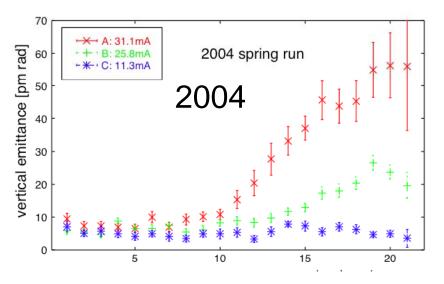
One of the reason may be the bigger vertical emittance compared with the data taken in 2004.

FII study on 2007/3/13-14 (3)

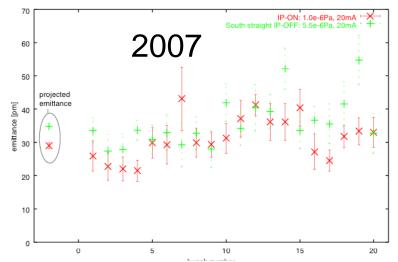
Vertical emittance of 20 bunches in ATF DR

Table 2: vacuum pressure in 2004 ion pump status 11mA 26mA 31mA normal 4.0×10^{-6} Pa 6.0×10^{-6} Pa 6.5×10^{-6} Pa

Table 1: vacuum pressure in the measurements				
ion pump status	5 mA	10 mA	$20 \mathrm{mA}$	
normal	$4.6 \times 10^{-7} \text{ Pa}$	$5.9 \times 10^{-7} \text{ Pa}$	$1.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Pa}$	
south straight OFF			$5.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Pa}$	
both arcs and south straight OFF	$3.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Pa}$	$5.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Pa}$		

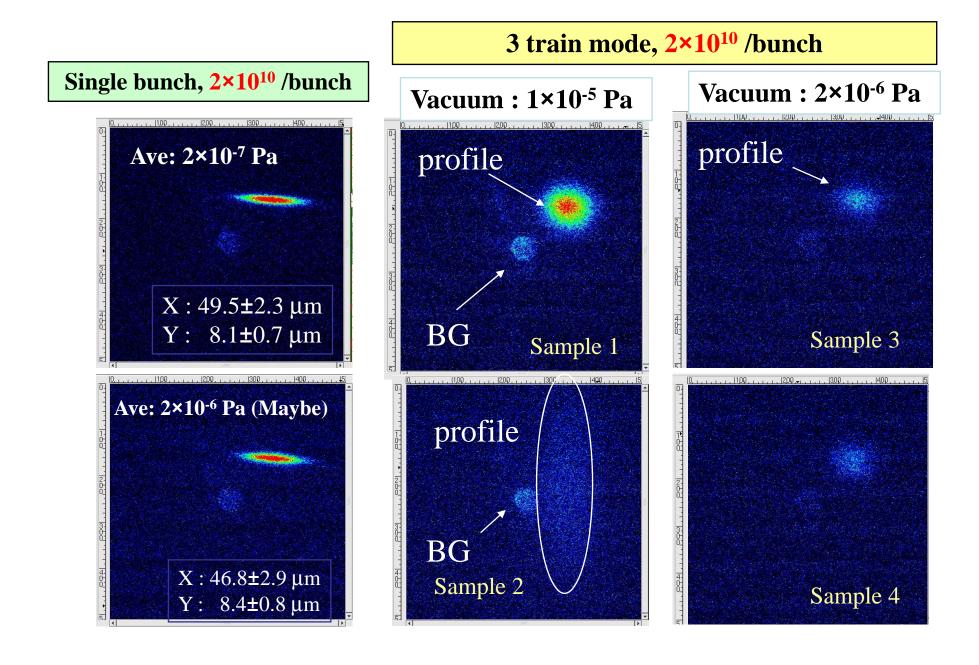


Single bunch is less than 10pm.



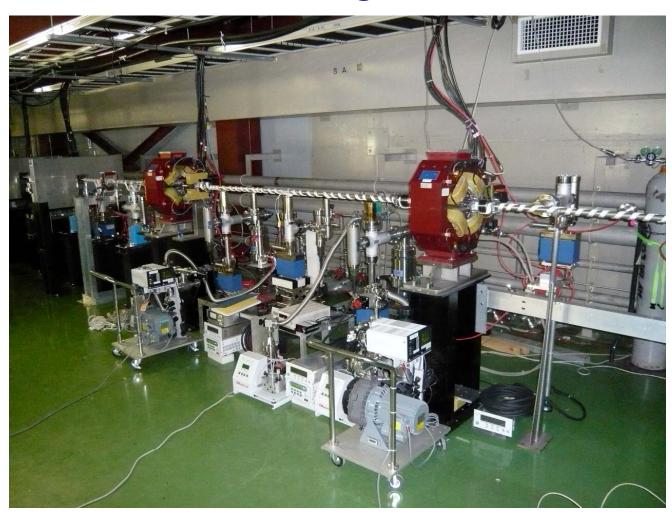
Bunches are already bigger. Single bunch is also bigger.

Measured beam profile by XSR monitor, 2007/Feb-Apr.

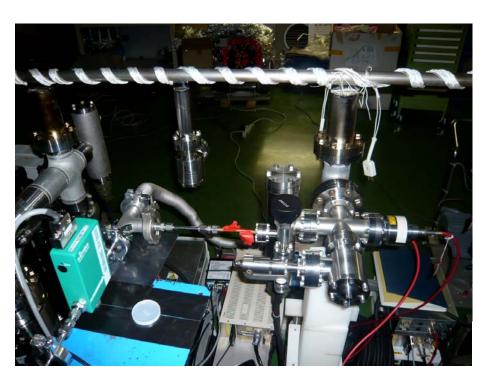


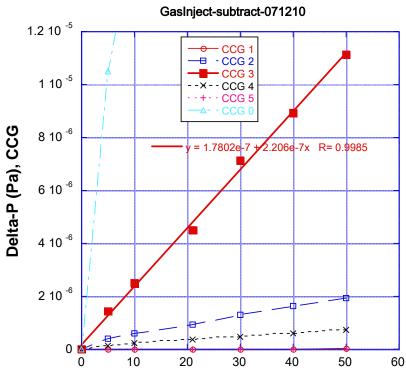
Gas Injection system at ATF-DR

-South straight section-



Gas Injection system



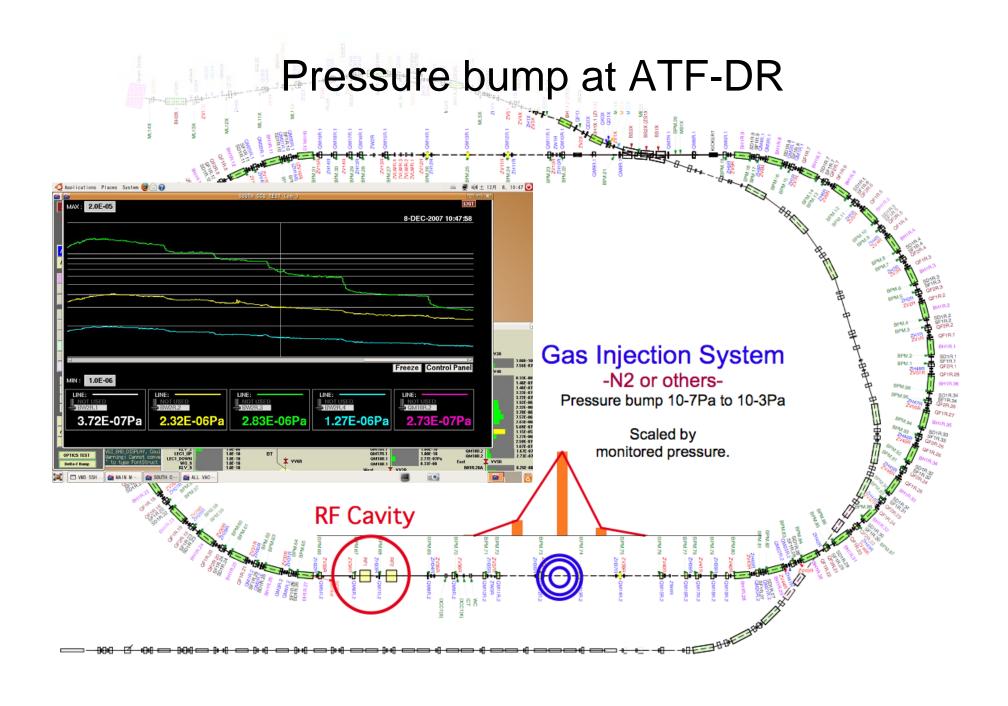


Flow Controller %

- Continuous gas leak into the beam chamber.
- Gas flow control:

Fine-leak valve + flow controller(0~100%)

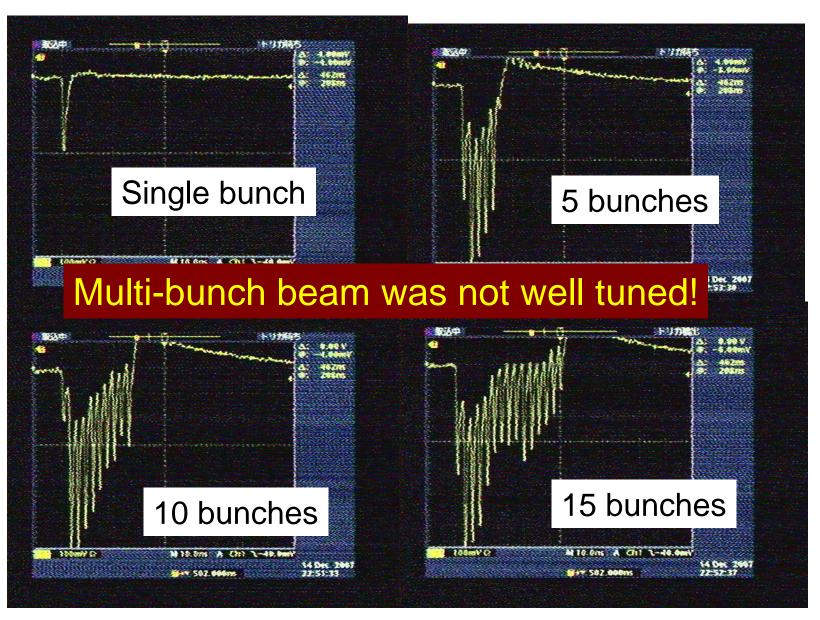
Pressure range: 10⁻⁷ Pa ~10⁻³ Pa.



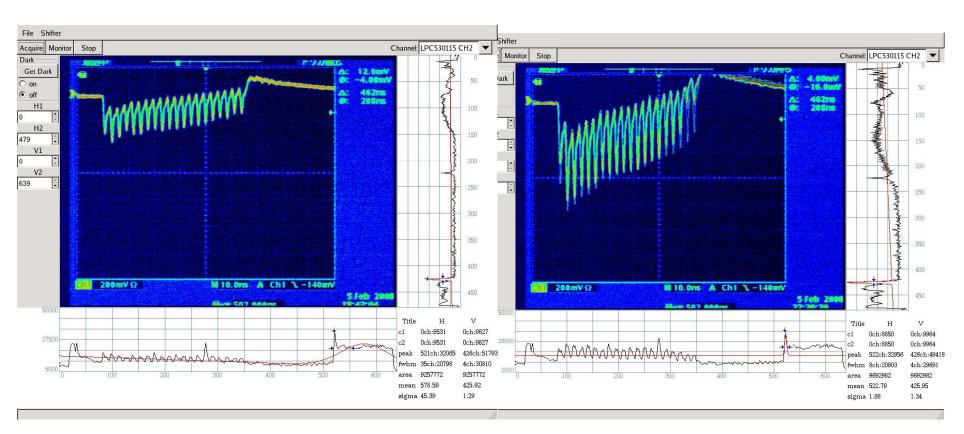
R&D results on Dec 2007

- First shift with the gas injection system.
 - Remote participation from DESY(Guoxing and Eckhard)
 - Check the sub-systems especially for the gas injection.
 - Gas injection system worked fine with beam.
- Vertical emittance was about 50pm but we need 10pm or less.
 - Beam blow up was observed by XSR in 3 train mode.
 - No significant difference by changing the number of bunches was seen.
- Multi-bunch beam was not well tuned.
- Vacuum in DR, North/South, was higher than usual.
 - Beam line was opened to install Gas system, Laser-Compton system and the fast kicker chambers in fall 2007.

Stored bunches in DR, Dec 2007

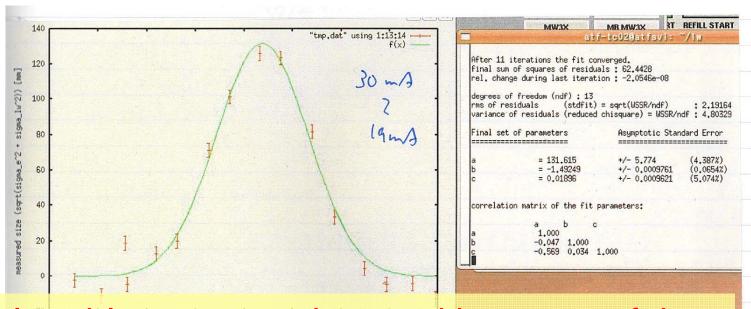


Example of multi-bunch (DR) on 2008/Feb/5



0.4E10/bunch, 20bunch

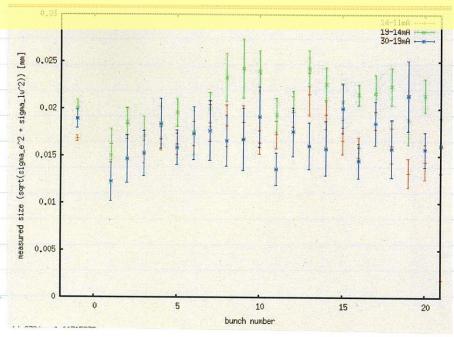
1.0E10/bunch, 20bunch



No clear blowup was observed because of the bigger emittance

bigger emittance.

Vertical beam size by LW 2008/Feb/5



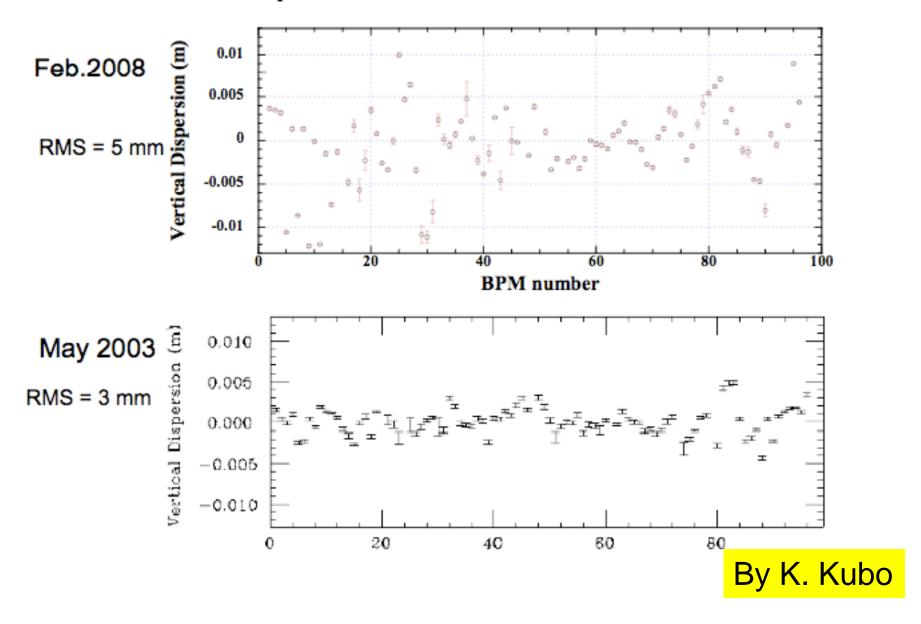
Vertical emittance became larger

- 5~10 pm had been achieved after emittance tuning described.
- Recently, about 20~30 pm, after the same procedure of the tuning.
- Apparent vertical dispersion and x-y coupling are worse. (? may not be always ?)
- Optics model may be bad. (e.g. tunes and orbit response to steering magnet do not fit with the calculation.)

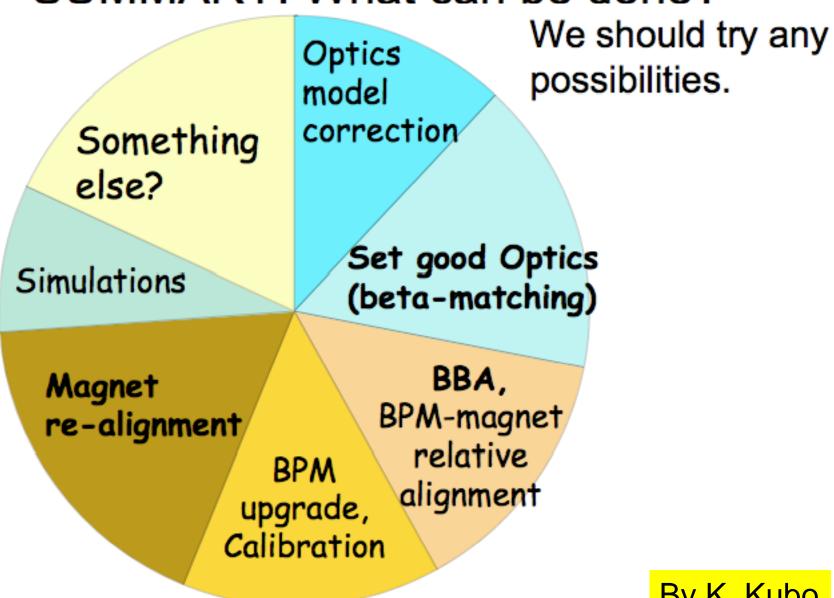
We need to solve the problem.

- ATF2 assumes ~10 pm.
- Many instrumentation development need small beam size.
 and Fast Ion Study!
- ILC damping ring requirement is 2 pm.

Vertical dispersion, recent and old data

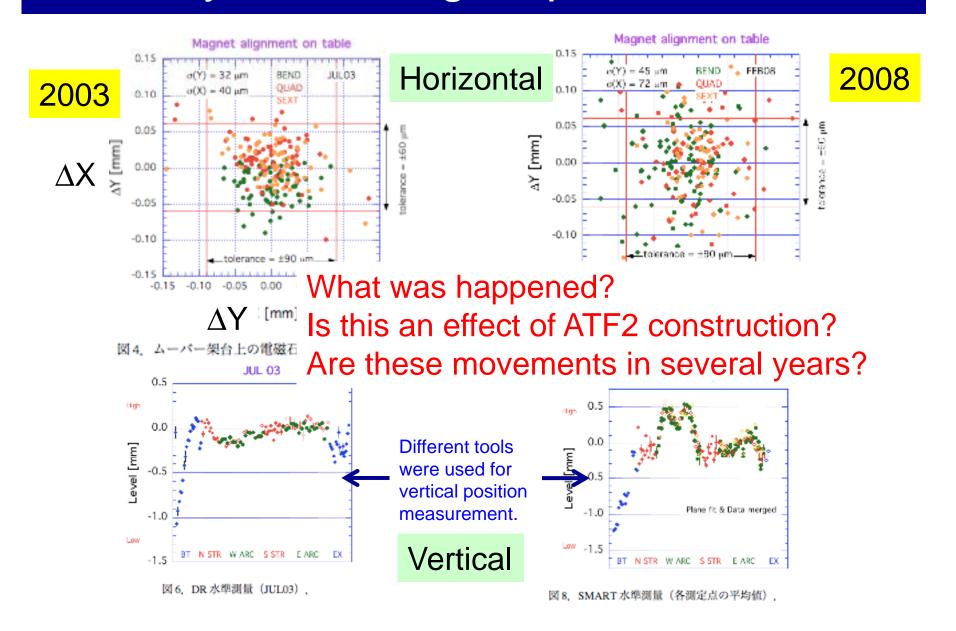


SUMMARY: What can be done?

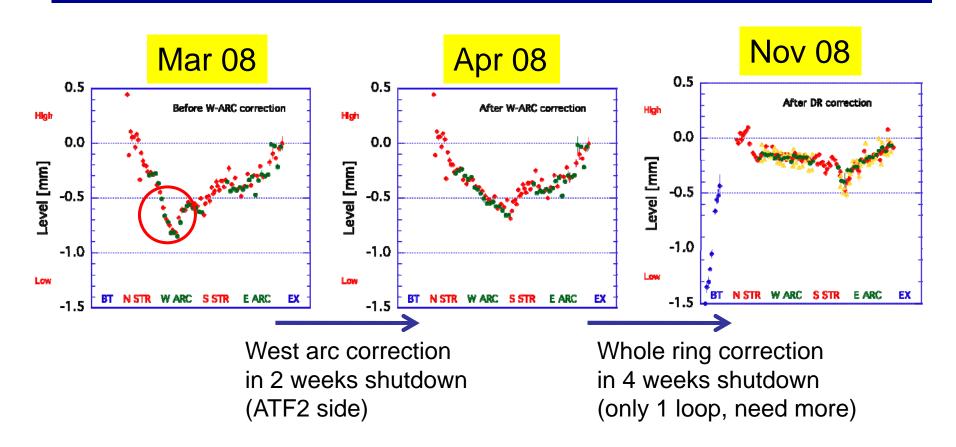


By K. Kubo

Survey of the magnet positions in DR



Re-align the DR magnets



We should check the vertical emittance as soon as we re-tune the ring. Very high priority!

ATF2 construction



What should be done for FII study at ATF

Vertical emittance recovery/tuning

- Need to understand what makes 20~50pm emittance in recent DR.
- Re-align the DR magnets and see what is happened.
- keep DR tuned for each operation period

Multi-bunch beam tuning

- because DR is usually tuned for the single bunch beam for other R&Ds
- It will take at least one shift just before FII shifts.
- RFgun and Linac tuning due to beam loading, capturing in DR
- We will Improve the timing system of the RFgun laser to avoid the rise and fall edge of pockels cell voltage.

Minimize the effect by vacuum breaks to see a clear effect

- Beam extraction R&D by Fast Kicker
 - Exchanging chambers and kickers every time for 2 weeks R&D
- Laser-Compton system for pol. e+ R&D

Summary

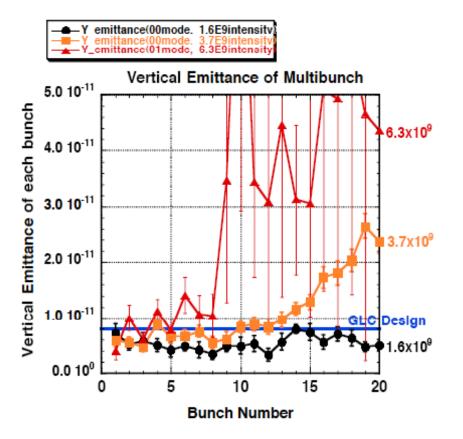
Low emittance multi-bunch beam is essential.

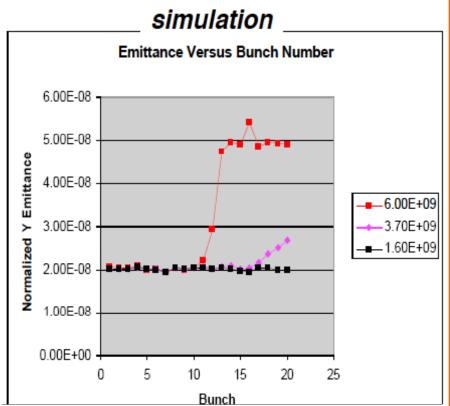
- Recovering the 5pm emittance is higher priority.
- Multi-bunch beam tuning should be well done just before the FII study.

Local and remote participation for FII beam time are welcome.

A set of shifts in 1~2 weeks will be a reasonable choice for ATF programs. It will be scheduled after recover the 10pm.

ATF 2004 result of Fast Ion Instability simulation





Behavior of Y emittance is very similar.

