

Current Status of $ZH \rightarrow eeX$ Analysis: Event Generation

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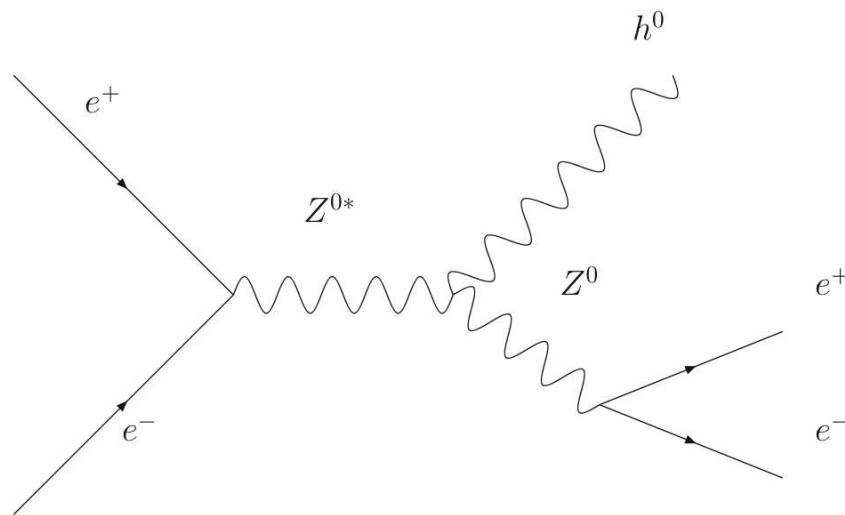
LAL ORSAY

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- GUINEA-PIG to PYTHIA Interface
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Motivation

Higgs-Strahlung Process:



Higgs Recoil Mass:

$$m_{h^0}^2 = s + m_{Z^0}^2 - 2E_{Z^0}\sqrt{s}$$

Cross Section and Coupling Strength Measurement:

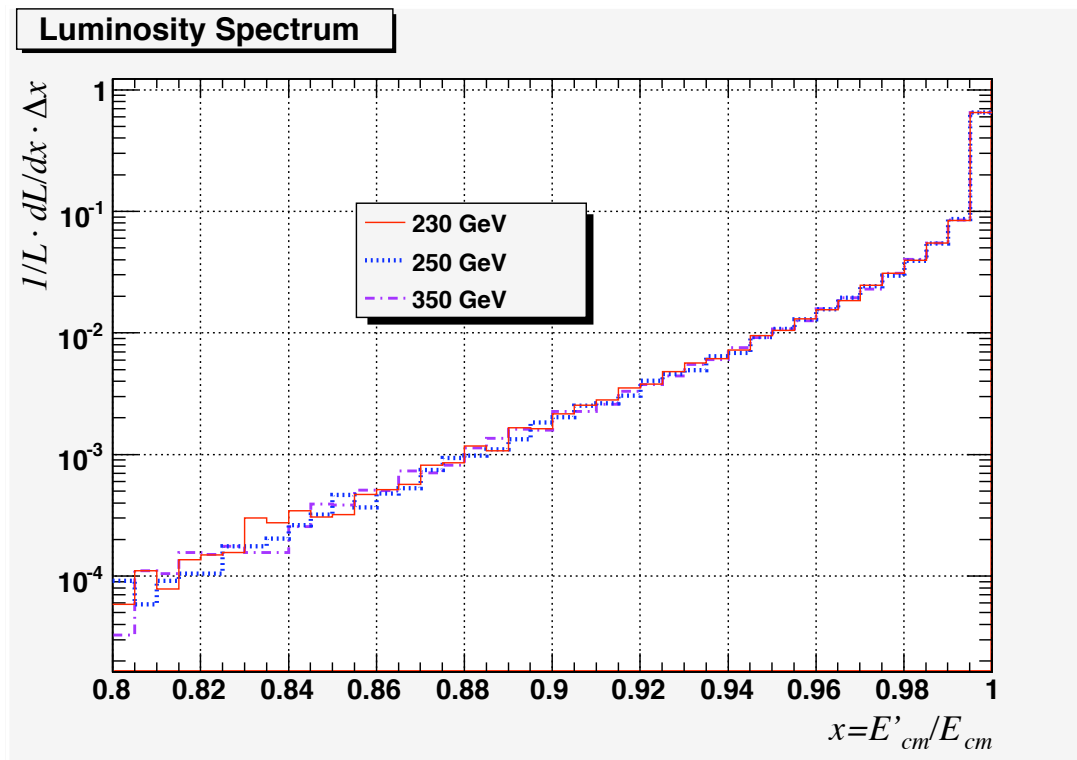
$$g^2 \propto \sigma = N/L\epsilon$$

$$E_{CM} = 230 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_{Higgs} = 120 \text{ GeV}$$

Beam Simulation: GUINEA-PIG

Luminosity Spectrum Resulting from Beamstrahlung



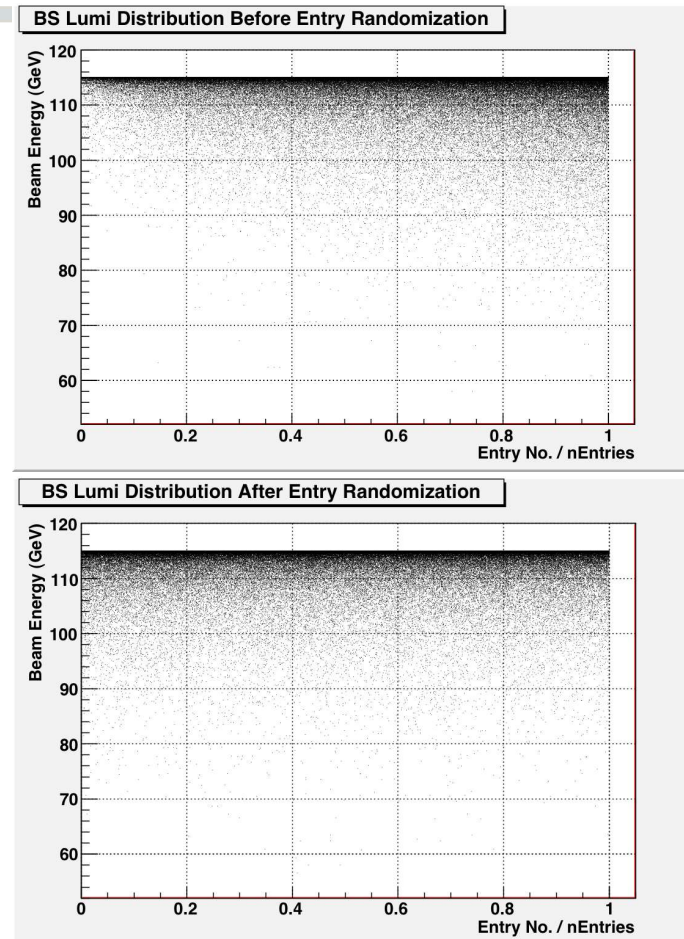
Beam Parameters *

E_{cm} (GeV)	230	250	350
energy (GeV)	115	125	175
σ_x (mm)	639	639	639
σ_y (mm)	5.7	5.7	5.7
σ_z (μ m)	138	150	210
Beta_x (mm)	9.2	10	14
Emitt_y ($10^{-6}\text{m}\cdot\text{rad}$)	0.04	0.04	0.04

*From M. Ruan, to keep persistence with his muon channel study.

GUINEA-PIG to PYTHIA Interface

- Methods:
 - 1) Randomize lumi_file entries before passing it to the generators
 - BeamRand: (Hengne Li) to randomize the lumi_file
 - Beams: (Yuanning Gao), to read lumi_file in generators
 - 2) Randomly pick up the entries from the complete lumi_file
 - CALYPSO*: (Daniel Schulte), randomly read and pass lumi_file entries to generators, from the author of GUINEA-PIG



* Machine-Detector Interface at CLIC / Daniel Schulte, (CERN) : CERN-PS-2001-002-AE; CLIC-Note-469

Cross Section Evaluation of Signal and Backgrounds

	Process	σ [fb] (N_{EVT})		
		PYTHIA	WHIZARD	BHWIDE
Signal	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0 h^0 \rightarrow e^+e^- X$	6.31(3155)	6.34(3170)	
Background	$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- \gamma_s^{1)}$	2531[<i>pb</i>] (1.266×10^9)		2408[<i>pb</i>] (1.204×10^9)
	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^- \rightarrow e^+\nu_e\bar{\nu}_\tau e^-\bar{\nu}_e\nu_\tau$	4753.5 (2.376×10^6)		
	$e^+e^- \rightarrow W^+W^- \rightarrow e^+\nu_e e^-\bar{\nu}_e$	18.97(9485)		
	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0 Z^0 \rightarrow e^+e^- f\bar{f}^{2)}$	120.72(60360)		
	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0 Z^0 \rightarrow e^+e^- e^+e^{-3)}$	2.836(1418)		

- ✧ Results consider beamstrahlung, ISR and FSR, for $E_{cm}=230\text{GeV}$
- ✧ For Backgrounds, angular acceptance of $|\cos\theta| < 0.995836$ (LDC01_05Sc, with at least 6 hits in FTD) is considered in the cross section evaluation
- ✧ For Signal, the fraction of final state two electrons within angular acceptance is 0.9892
- ✧ Expected N_{EVT} is for an integrated luminosity of 500 fb^{-1}

¹⁾ Including both γ^* and Z^0 neutral currents, where, PYTHIA considers only t-channel exchange, while BHWIDE considers both t-channel and s-channel exchanges.

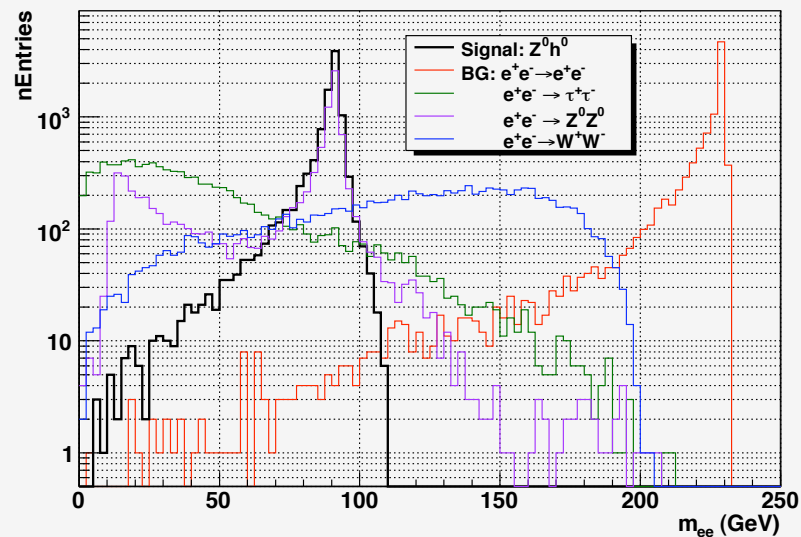
²⁾ $f\bar{f}$ here excludes $Z^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-$.

³⁾ At least one pair of the final state e^+e^- within the angular acceptance range.

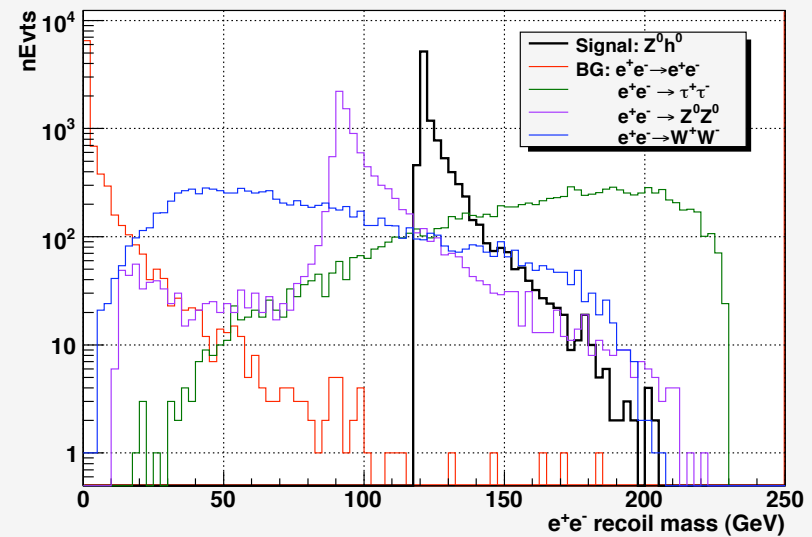
Variables For Event Selection

- ◇ 10k events for each type of reactions
- ◇ All the plots are in log view.

final state e^+e^- invariant mass spectrum

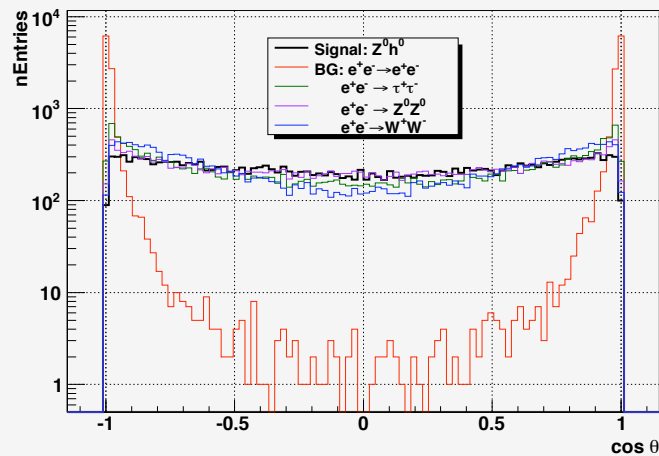


final state e^+e^- recoil mass spectrum

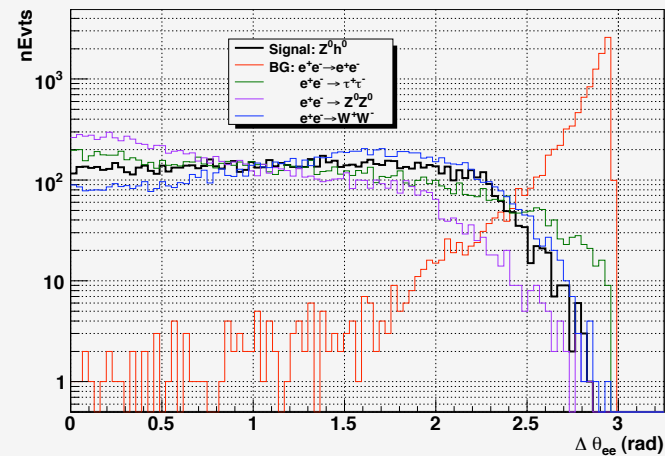


Variables For Event Selection

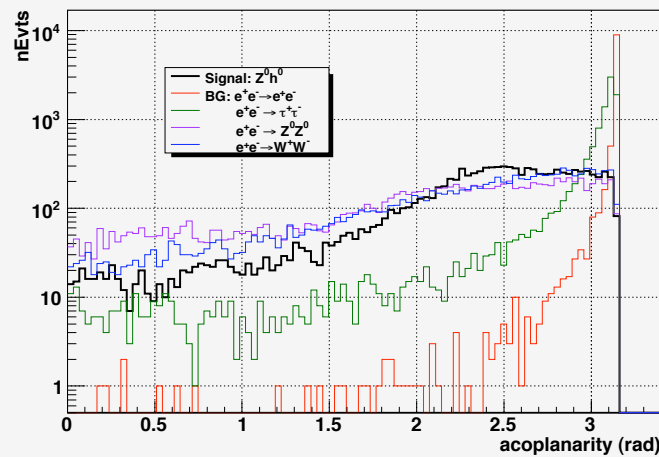
cos θ distribution of final state e^+ and e^-



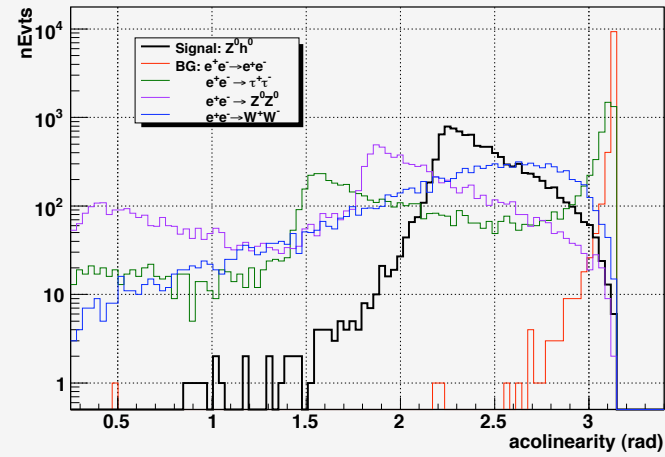
θ distance of the final state $e^+ e^-$



distribution of the acoplanarity of the final state $e^+ e^-$

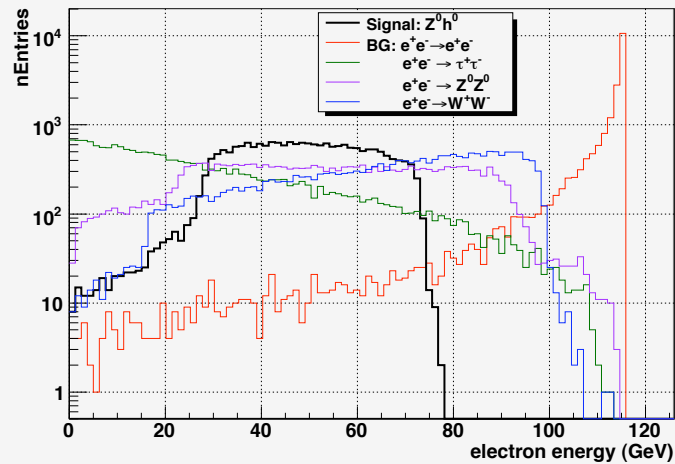


distribution of the acolinearity of the final state $e^+ e^-$

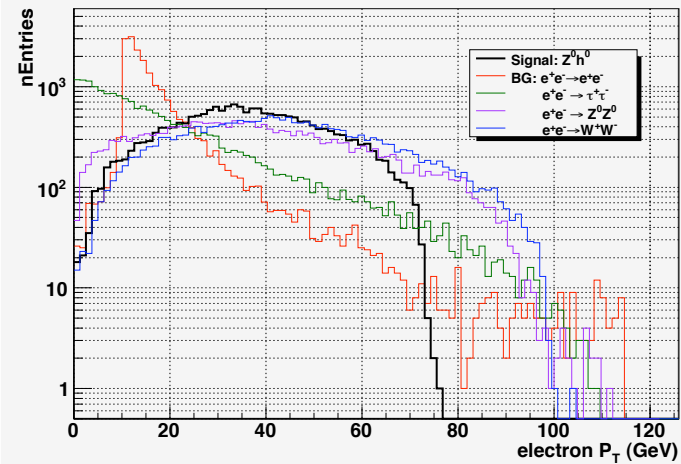


Variables For Event Selection

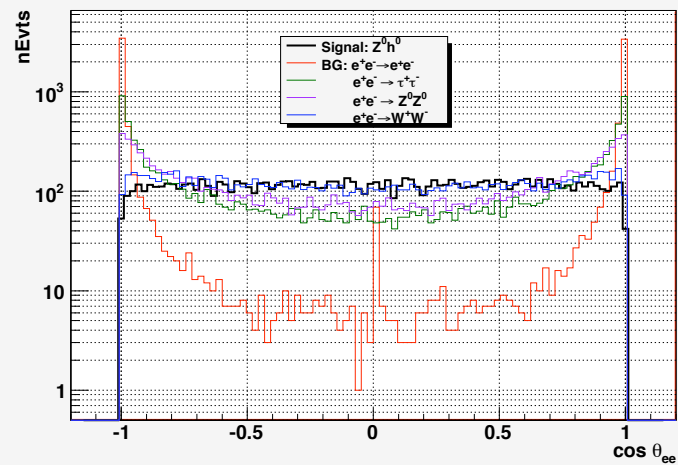
final state e^+ and e^- energy spectrum



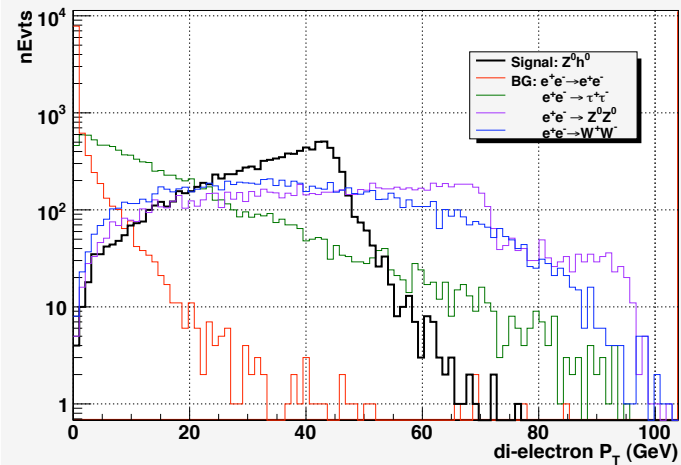
transverse momentum of the final state e^+ and e^-



$\cos \theta_{ee}$ distribution of the di-electron system



transverse momentum of the di-electron system



Discussions

- **Pre-selection** is needed to reduce backgrounds to save the simulation time, e.g. **bhabha scattering** has a cross section **6 orders of magnitudes larger than the signal**
- The kinematic cuts are not safe in the pre-selection for electrons.
 - Due to bremsstrahlung, electron reconstruction inaccuracy may migrate the background events into the signal window, e.g. page 9 first plot, which means if kinematic cuts applied, the backgrounds rates may be underestimated.
- But, if angular cuts do not enough for the rejection, can the kinematic cuts be used? How to avoid the underestimation of the backgrounds?
- **Event weights** should be applied to reduce the simulations
- Some **Central Simulations Are Needed**, at least for the well know backgrounds such as Bhabha scattering because its cross section is too large!