

Electromagnetic Background Environment for the Interaction Point Feedback System

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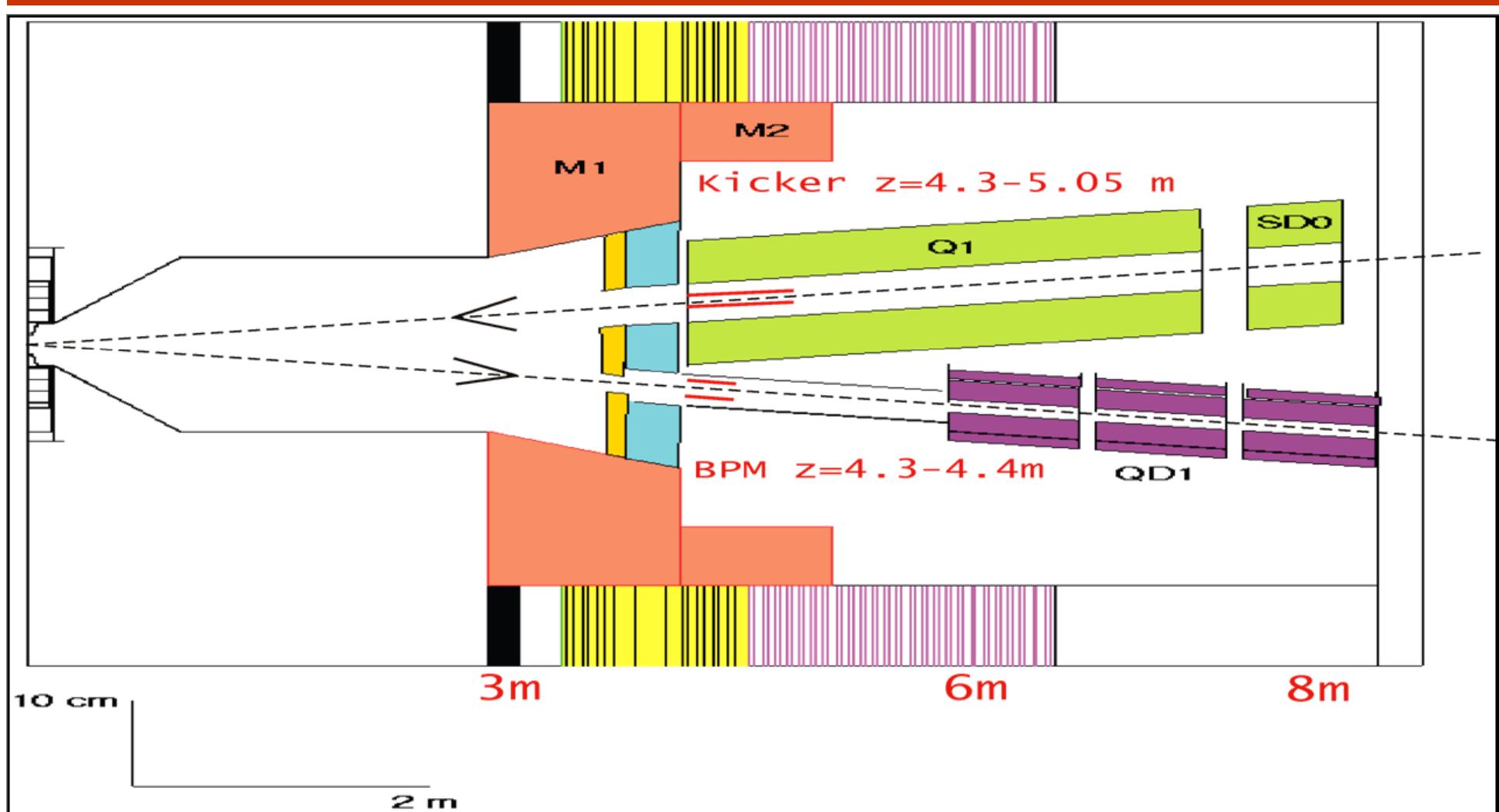
A. Kalinin, Daresbury Laboratory

R. Arnold, S. Molloy, S. Smith, G.R. White, M. Woods, SLAC

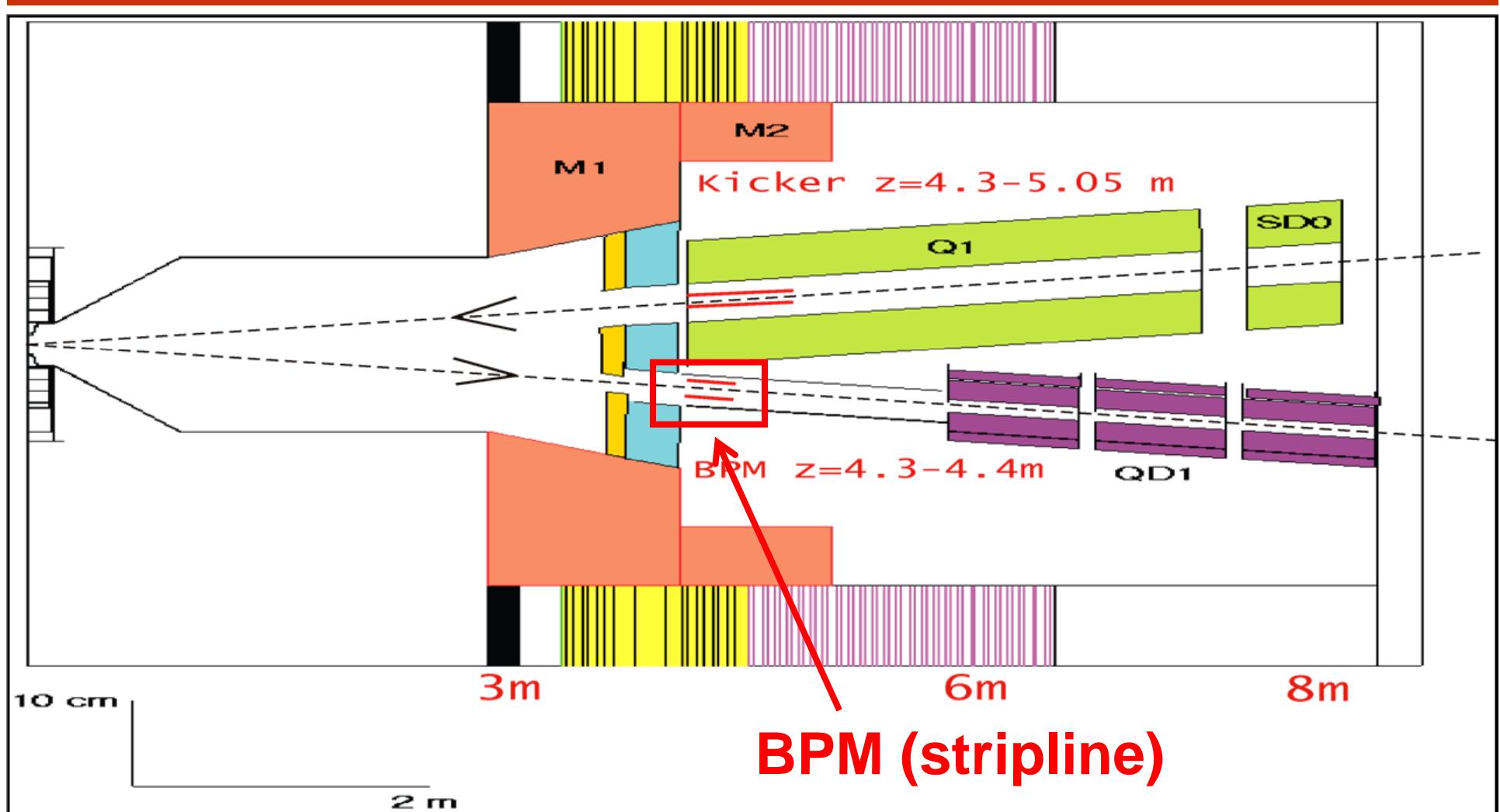
Outline

- **Introduction**
- **ILC interaction point intra-train feedback system**
- **Beam-beam interaction and EM backgrounds**
- **T488 experiment at SLAC Endstation A**
- **Conclusions**

ILC interaction region (schematic)

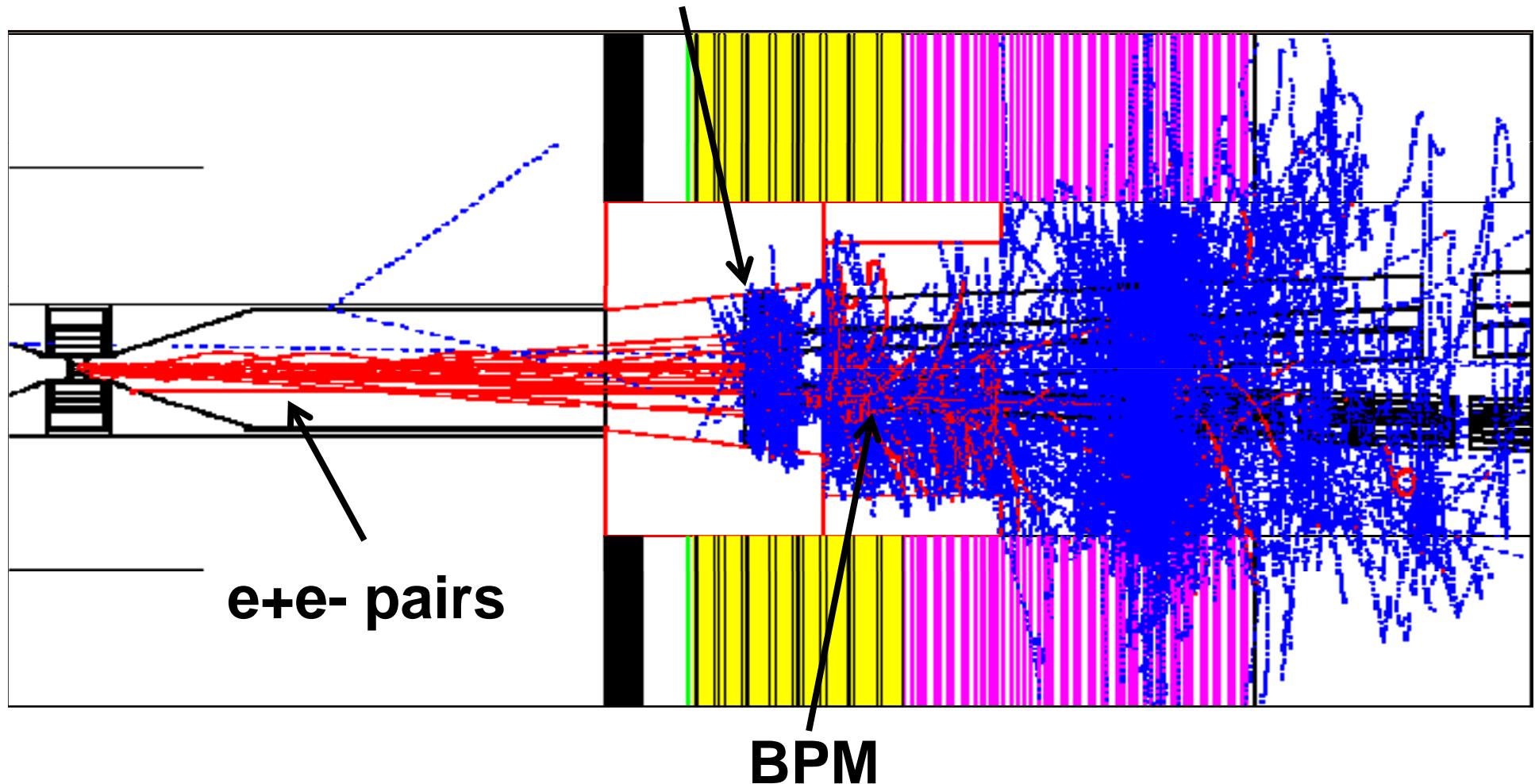


Nominal IP feedback BPM location



Pair-induced EM backgrounds

Low-Z mask + beamline calorimeter



Backgrounds due to e+e- pairs

Beam Parameters Scheme	Number of Pair Particles	Average Energy (GeV)	BPM hits
Scheme 1	195652	10.8	5141
Scheme 2	164370	10.6289	4497
Scheme 3	121966	10.8947	3057
Scheme 4	49720	12.3421	1074
Scheme 5	124273	9.58301	2321
Scheme 6	272218	10.6636	9686
Scheme 7	320352	10.9809	12314
Scheme 8	193166	11.2826	5127
Scheme 9	237749	11.5317	8758
Scheme 10	192976	11.3083	6399
Scheme 11	85218	12.8034	2623
Scheme 12	247683	10.1212	9287
Scheme 13	500457	13.8549	25016
Scheme 14	678811	15.5845	80443

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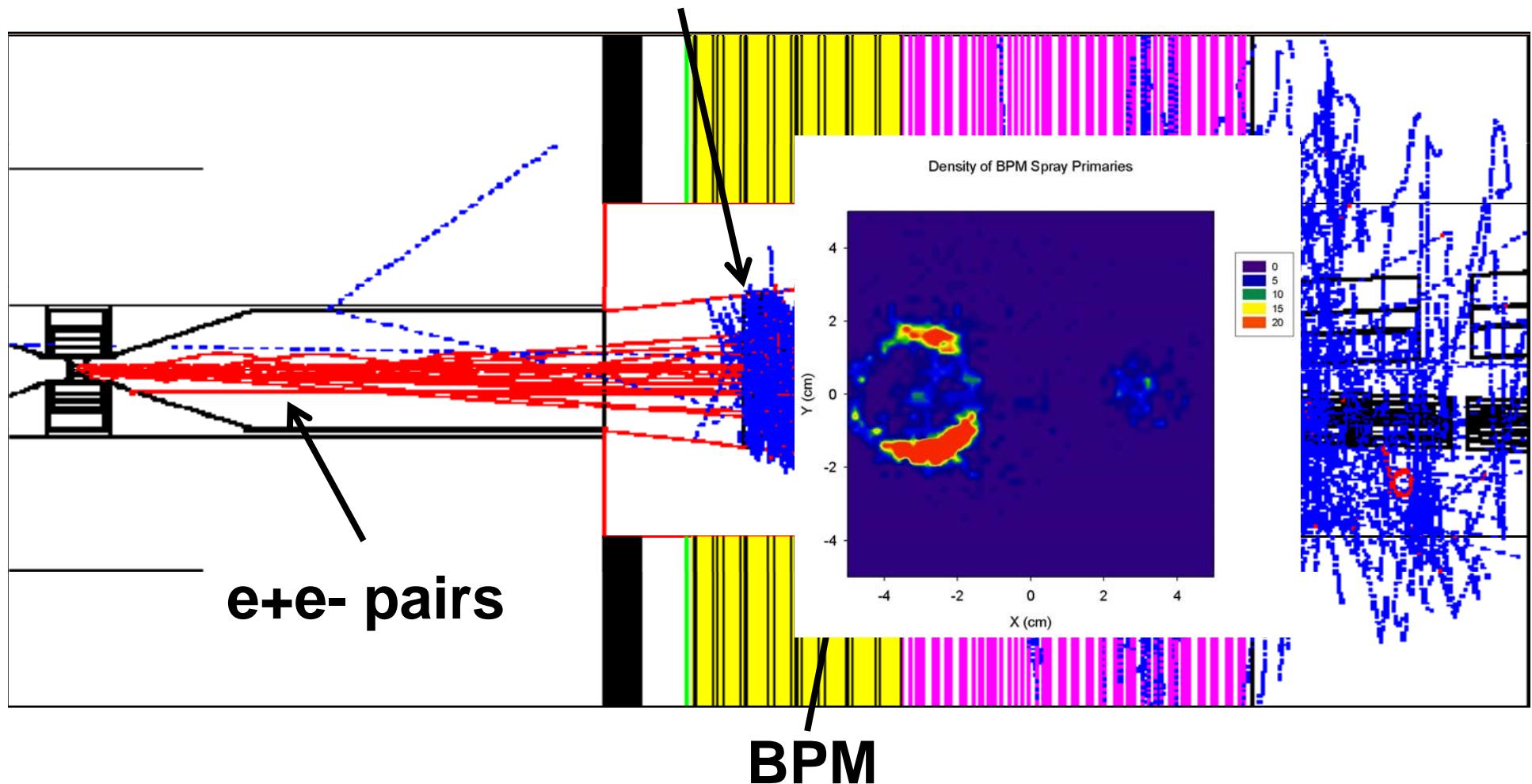
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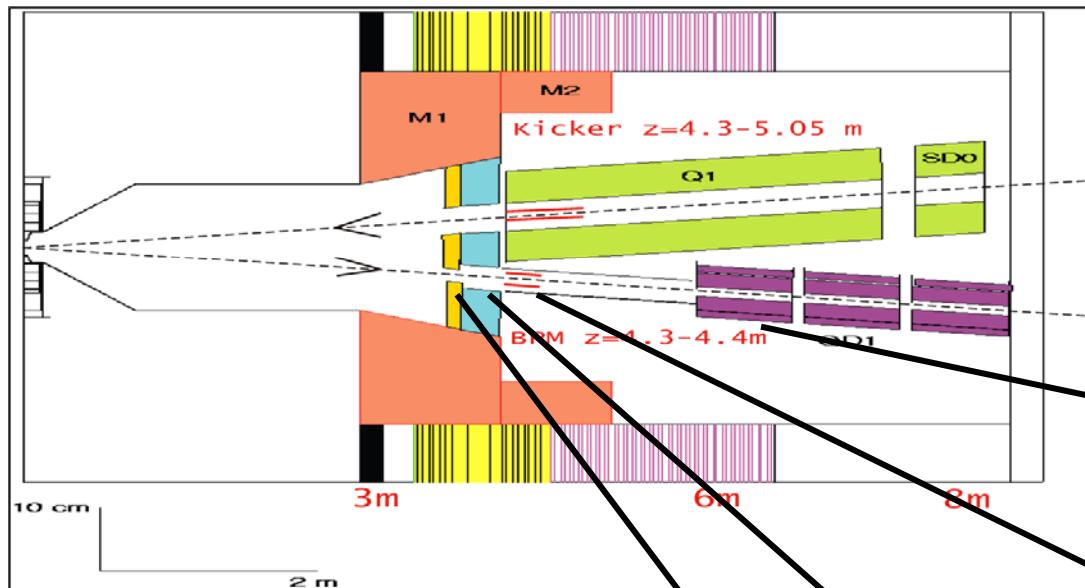
BPM hits
per bunch
crossing:
1 – 80k

Pair-induced EM backgrounds

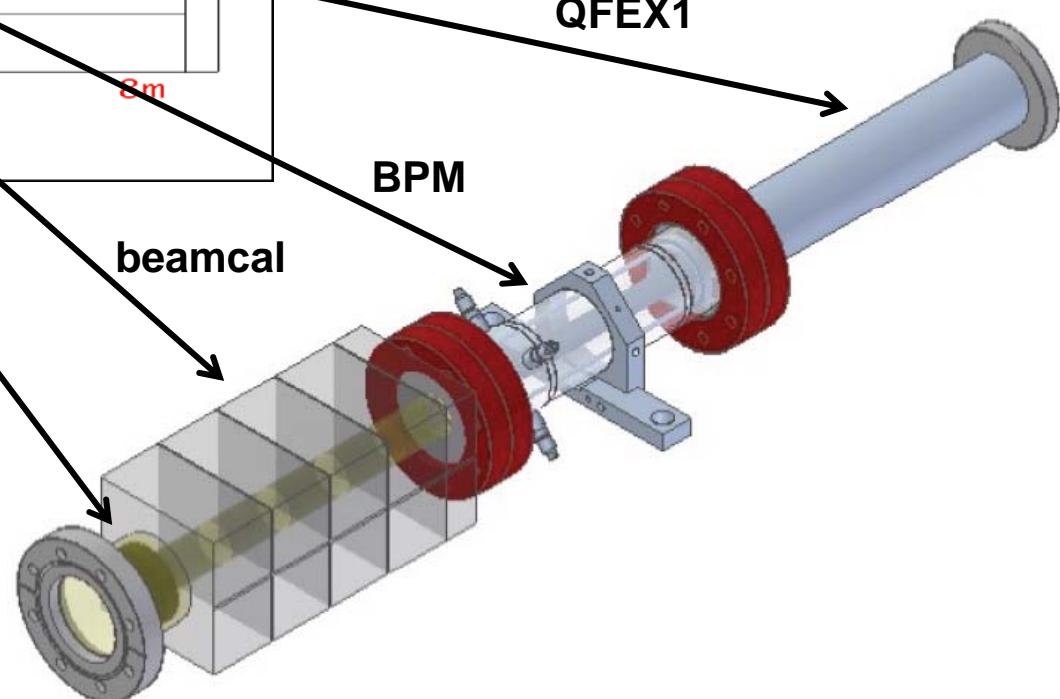
Low-Z mask + beamline calorimeter



FONT Test Module for ESA

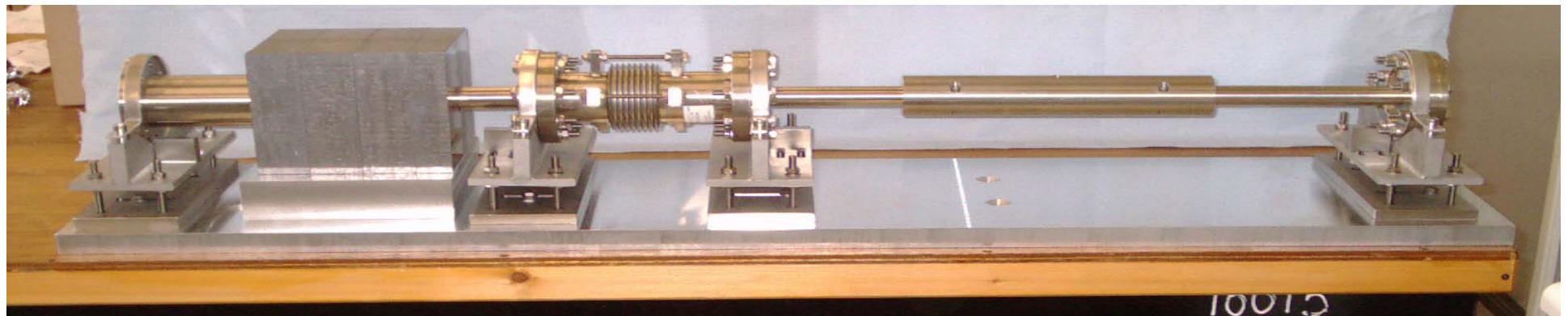


Material model
of ILC outgoing
beamline



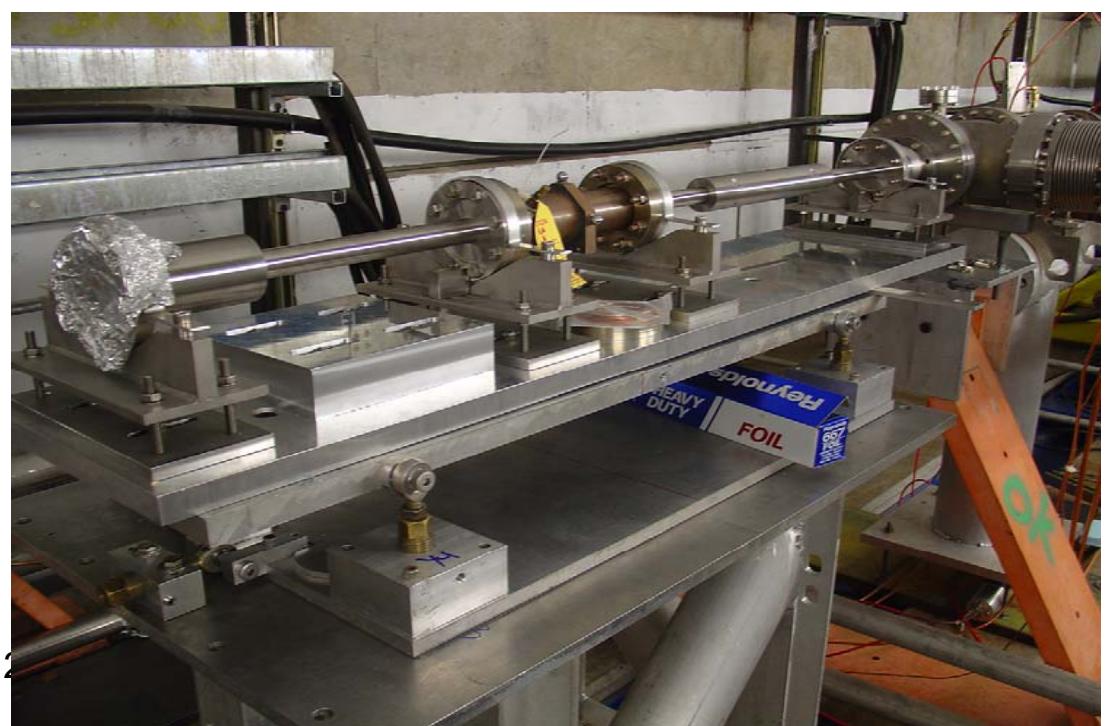
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FONT Test Module (T-488)



Installation
at ESA

Beam →



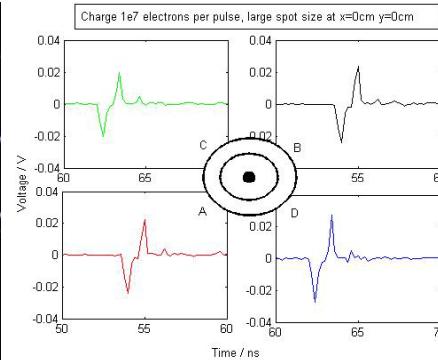
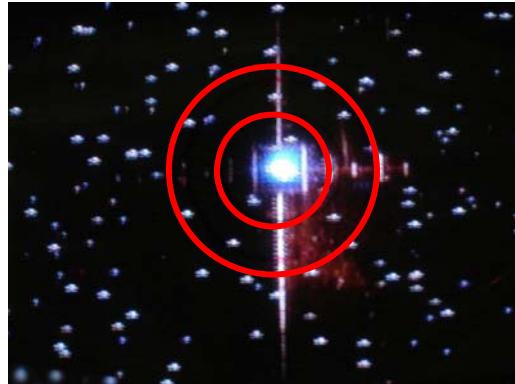
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Overview of T-488 Experiment

- Used 28.5 GeV SLAC beam to simulate ILC EM background environment:
- Mode 1:
 - Large beam ~ 1mm diameter, $10^{**6} < Q < 10^{**8}$
 - Beam steered onto front of FONT module
- Mode 2:
 - Beam passed through upstream thin radiator
 - Main beam + halo that strikes module

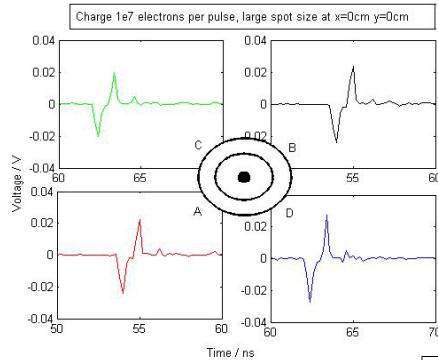
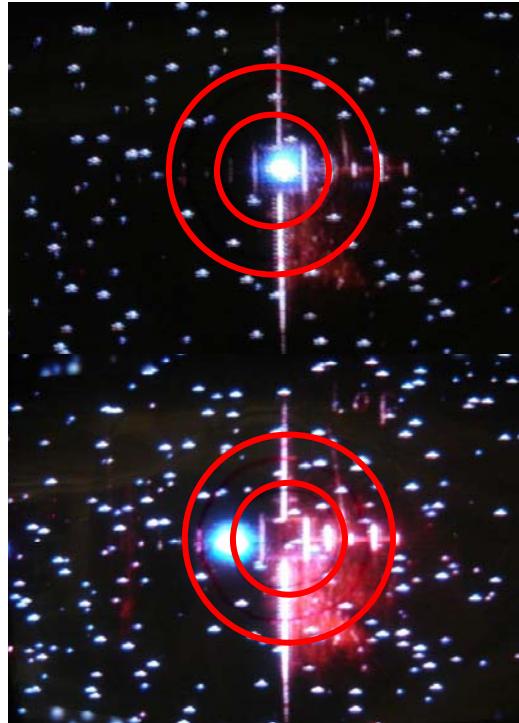
Overview of T-488 Experiment

- Used 28.5 GeV SLAC beam to simulate ILC EM background environment:
 - Mode 1:
 - Lose primary beam signal in BPM
 - Vary noise signal at BPM by varying Q
 - Mode 2:
 - Still get primary beam signal in BPM
 - Tune noise signal at BPM by varying X0
- Studied impact on stripline BPM signals

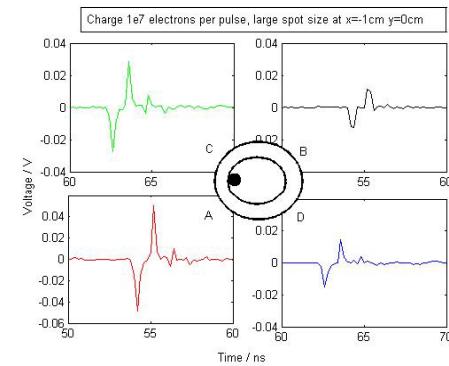


Mode 1: beam scan across module: stripline BPM signals

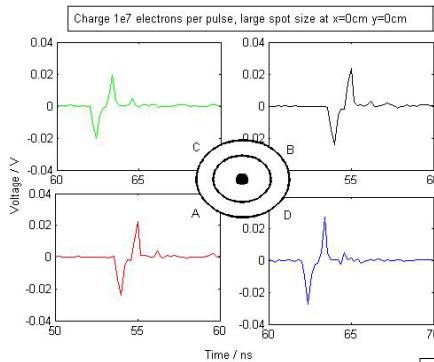
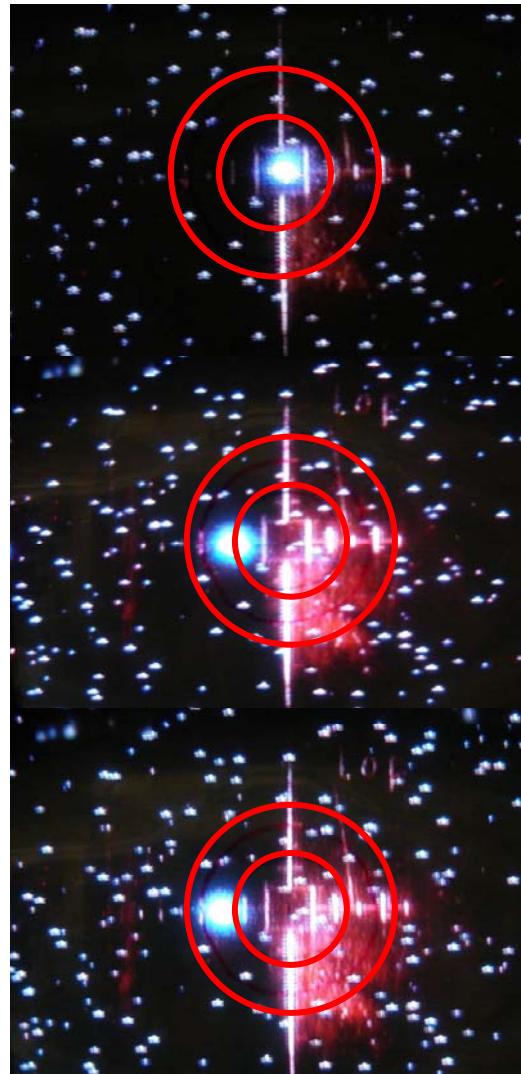
10^{*7} beam



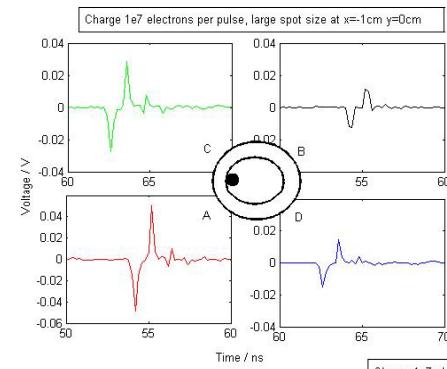
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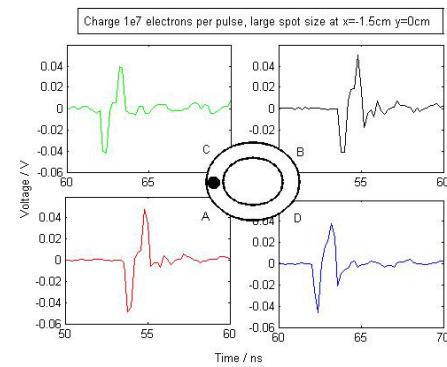
107 beam**

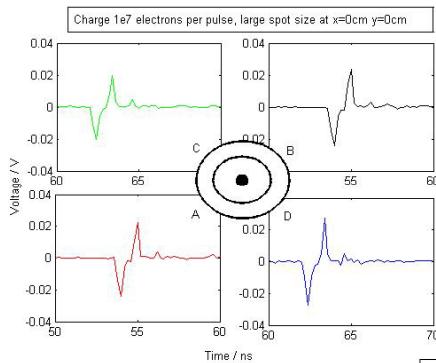
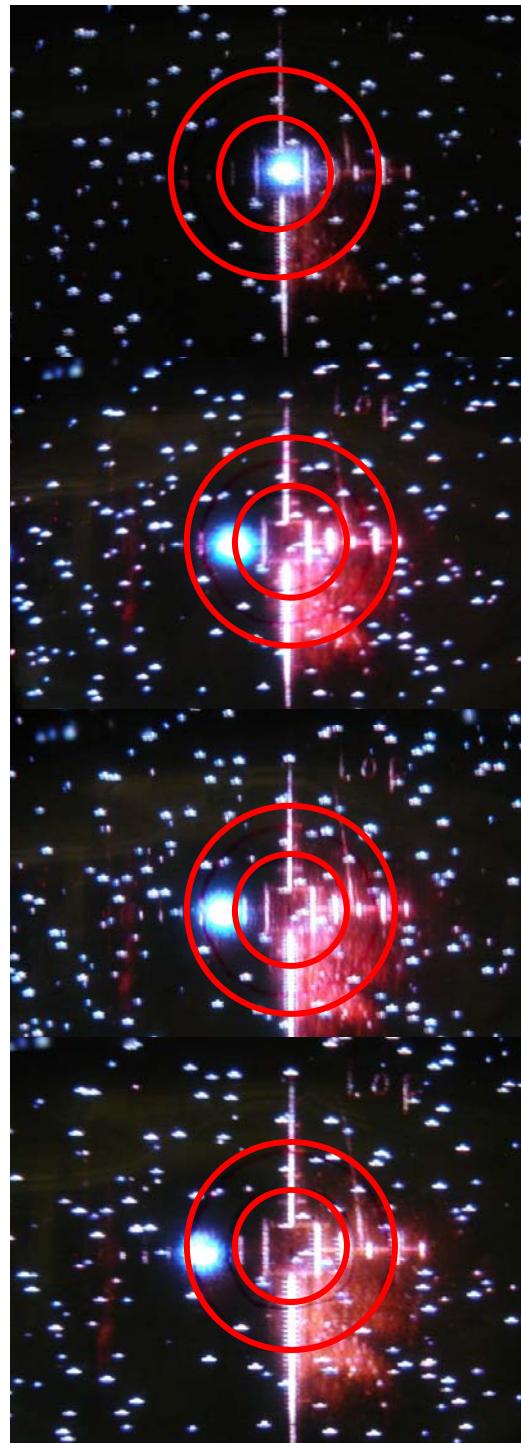


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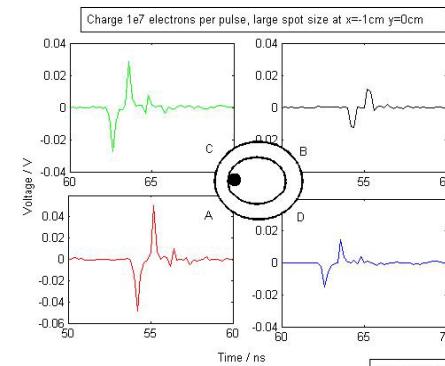


107 beam**

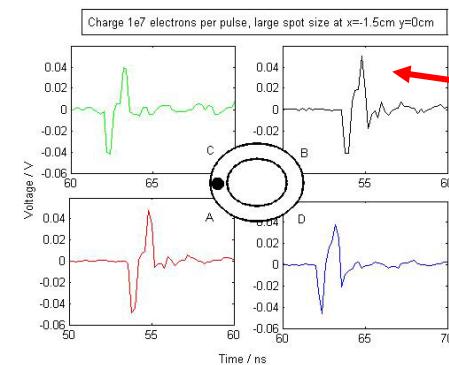




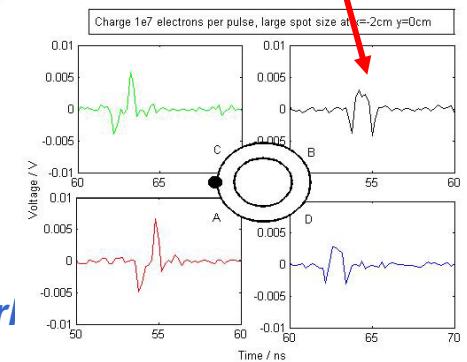
Mode 1: beam scan across module: stripline BPM signals



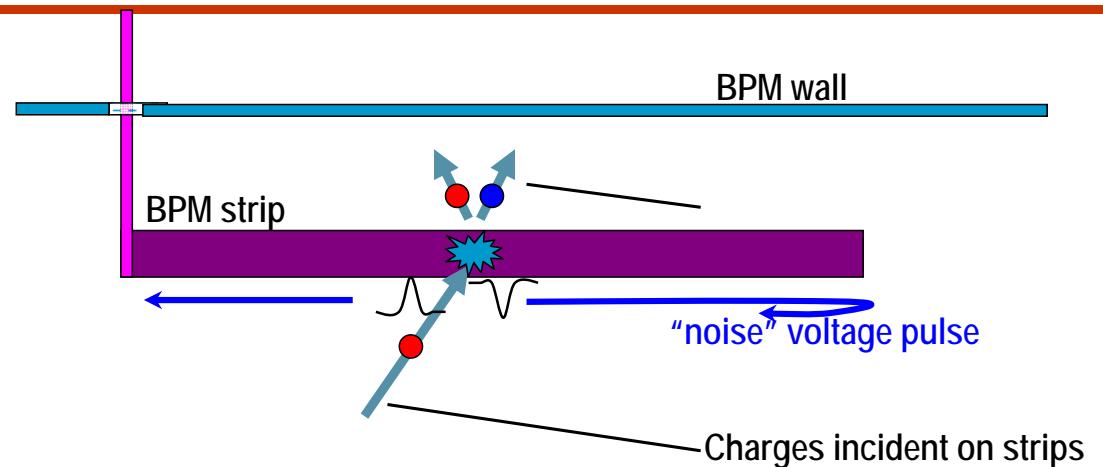
107 beam**



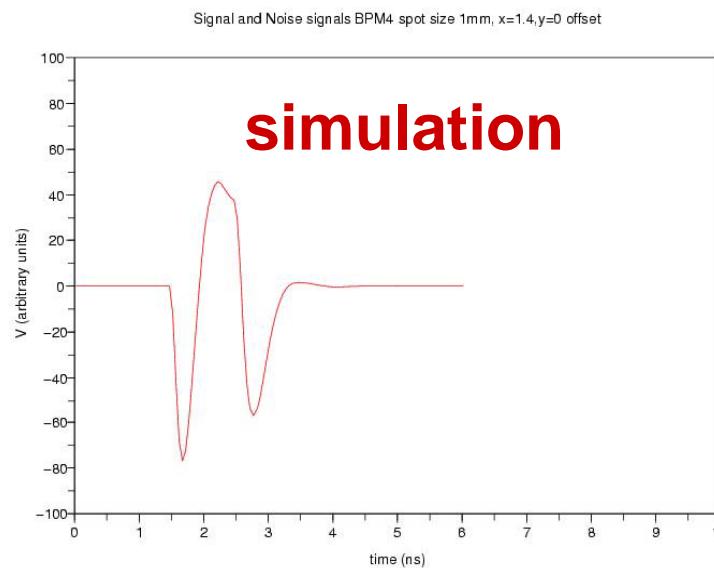
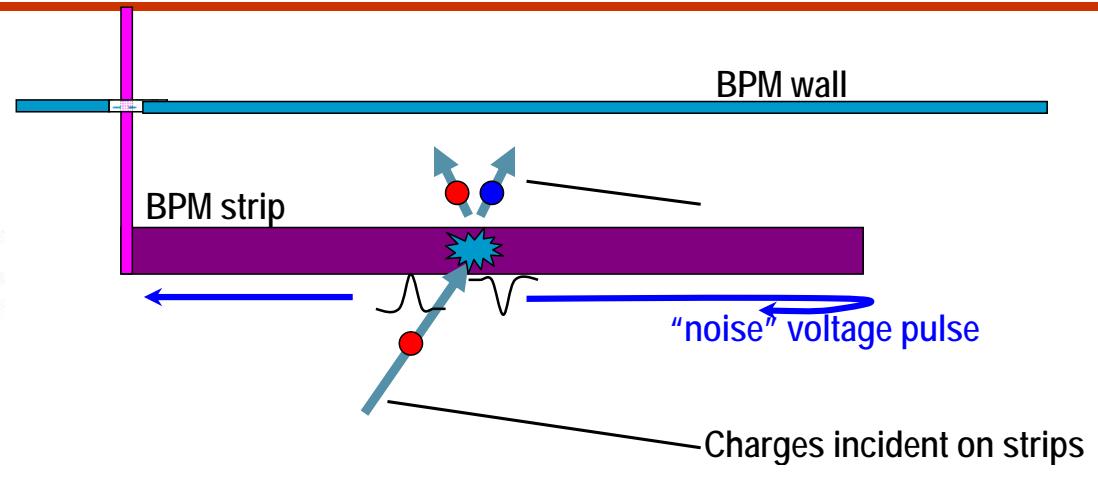
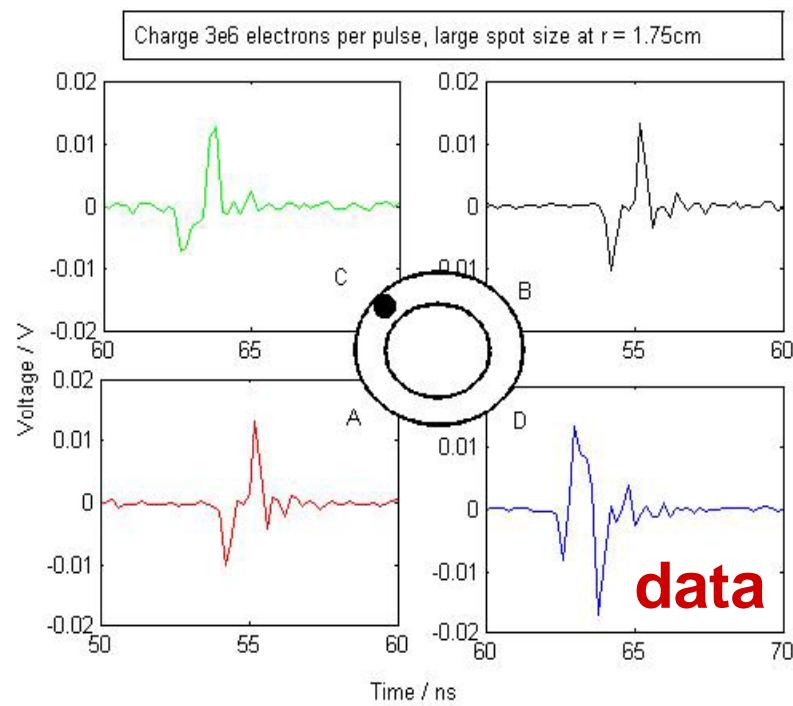
**Noticeable
degradation
of signals**



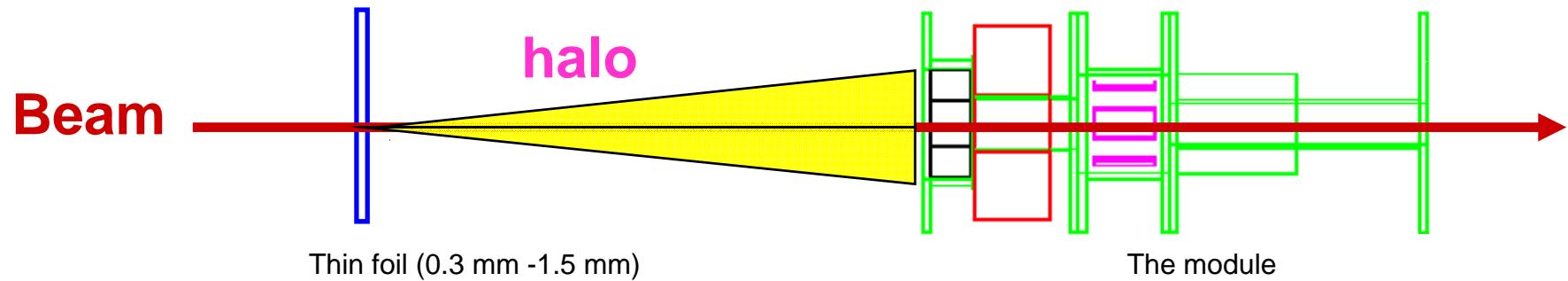
Modelling of noise on BPM strips



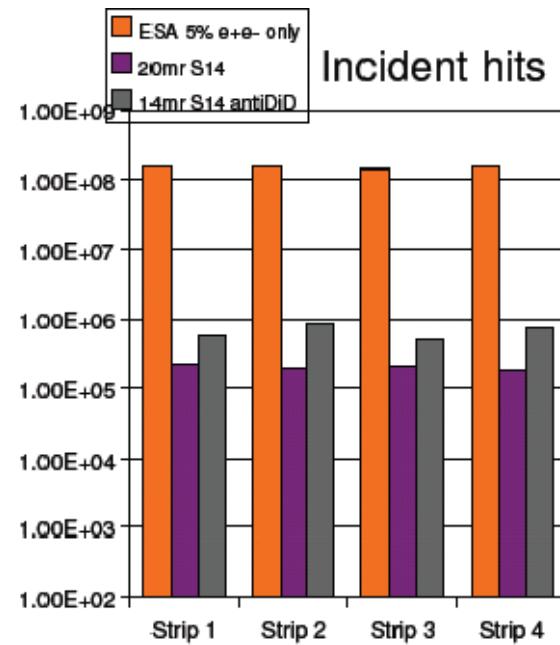
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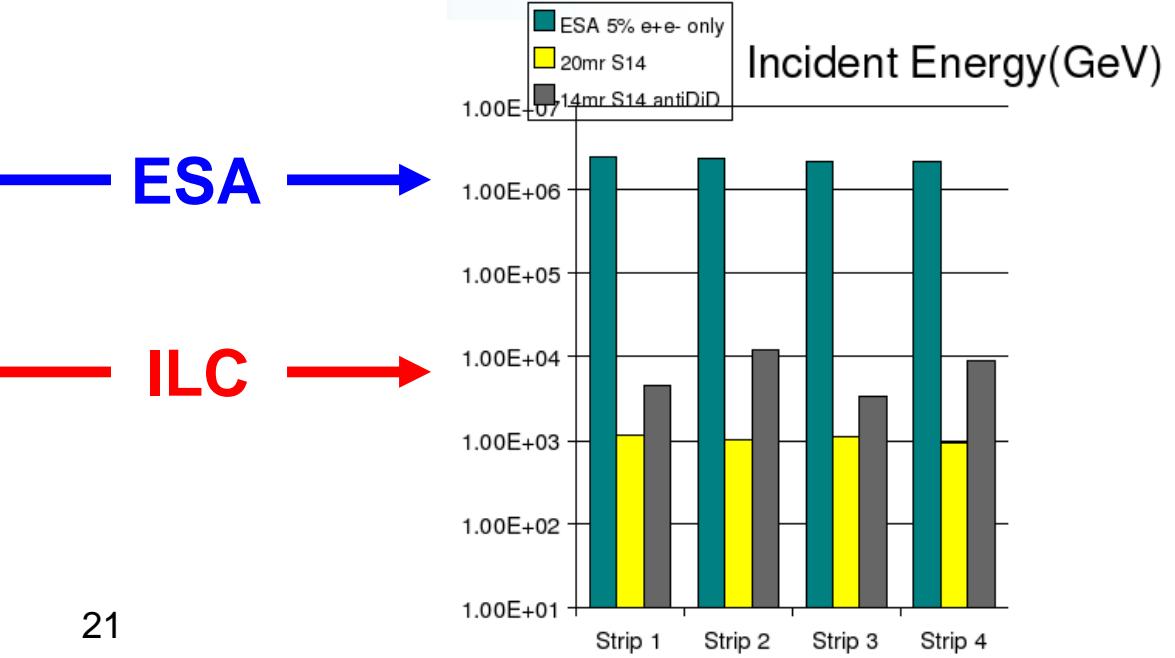
Mode 2: primary beam + halo



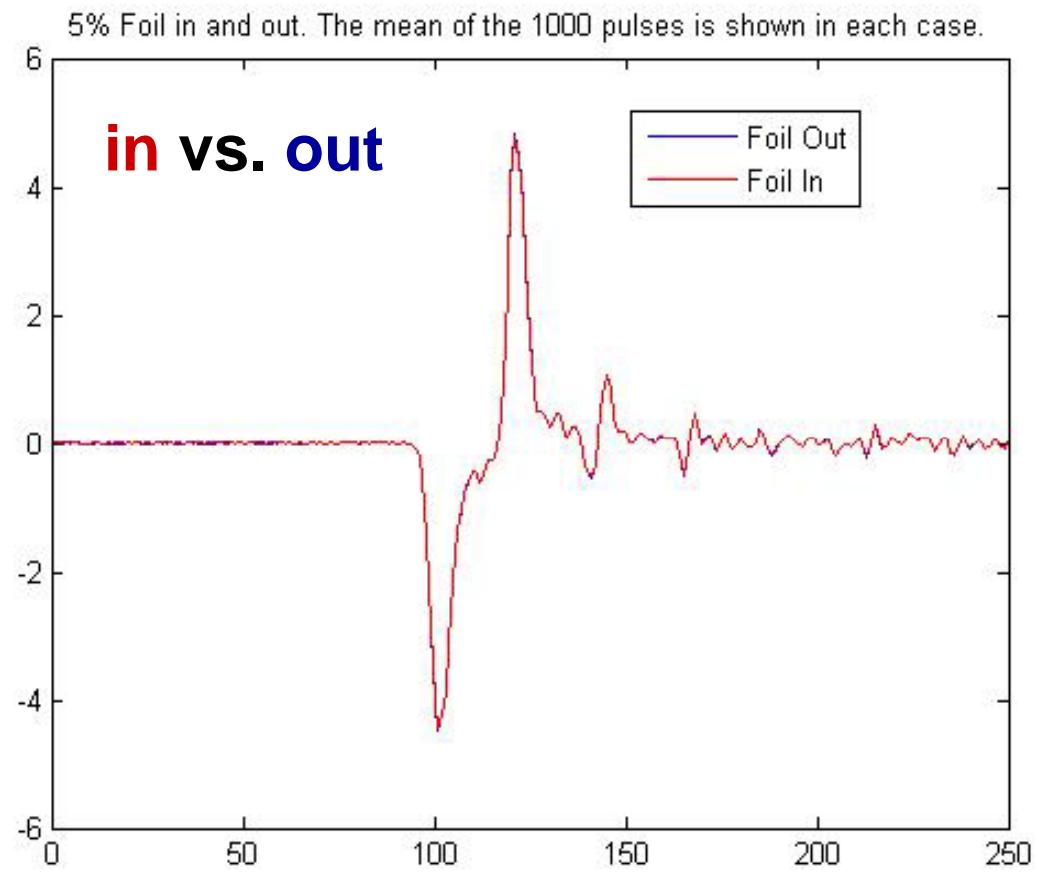
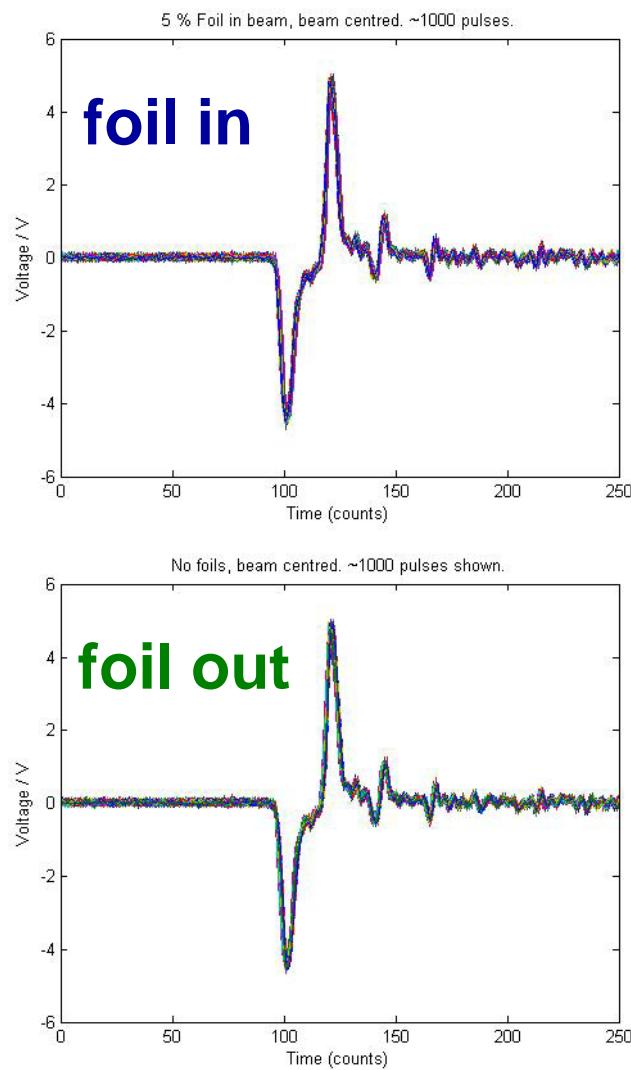
Scaling from ESA to ILC:



← **ESA** →
← **ILC** →



Mode 2: results: worst case: 5% foil



Peak voltages foil in vs foil out

Foil thickness	Foil IN		Foil OUT	
	Mean / V	std / V	Mean / V	std / V
5%	3.99	0.09	4.00	0.09
3%	4.00	0.08		
1%	3.99	0.09	4.01	0.09

See no effect within statistics (1000 pulses)
< 10 micron effect in position at ESA
< 100 nm at ILC
c.f. FB BPM resolution needed ~ few microns

Summary + conclusions

- EM backgrounds were source of concern for operation of a feedback BPM in ILC interaction region
 - Built a material model of ILC extraction line
 - Used SLAC/ESA 28.5 GeV beam to simulate ILC EM bgds
 - Developed simple BPM noise model; reproduces data
 - Under background conditions c. 1000 x worse than ILC we saw no degradation of BPM operation
 - < 100nm degradation in resolution at ILC
- > current design of IP FB system looks robust