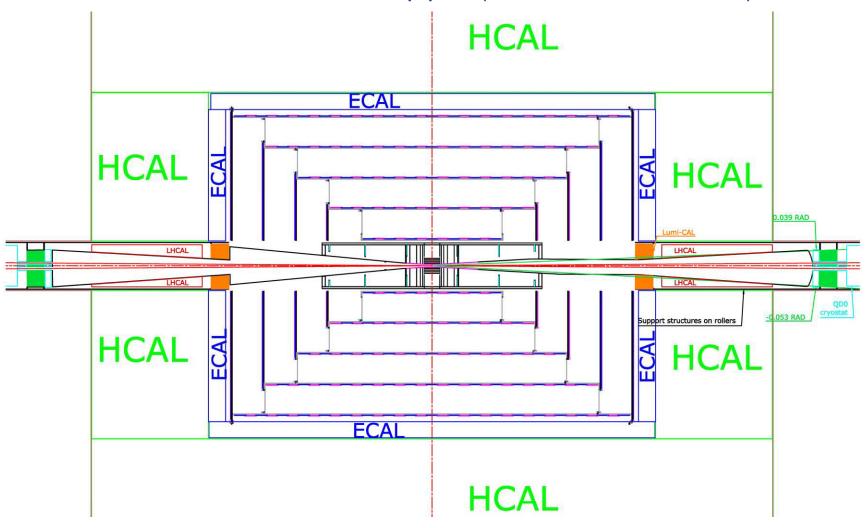
SiD Forward Calorimetry Geometry

Bill Cooper Fermilab

Overall Geometry

• SiD with two alternative beam pipes (neither is the baseline):

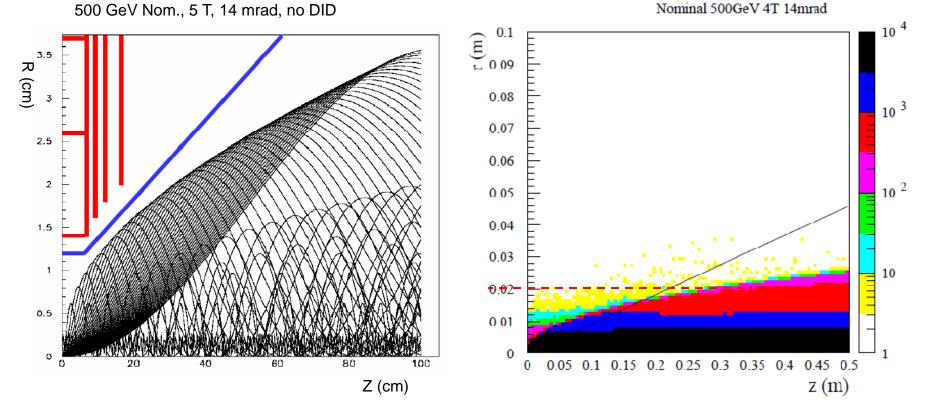


R30 Servicing Option

- The R 30 cm option (versus the current R 20 cm) decreases forward ECAL coverage from cos(theta) = ~0.993 to ~0.985.
- For the current VTX geometry, un-instrumented radial gap to the outer tracker (90° tracks) increases from ~16 cm to ~26 cm.
- Average layer-to-layer gap (90° tracks) in the outer tracker decreases from ~25 cm to ~22.5 cm.

Backgrounds

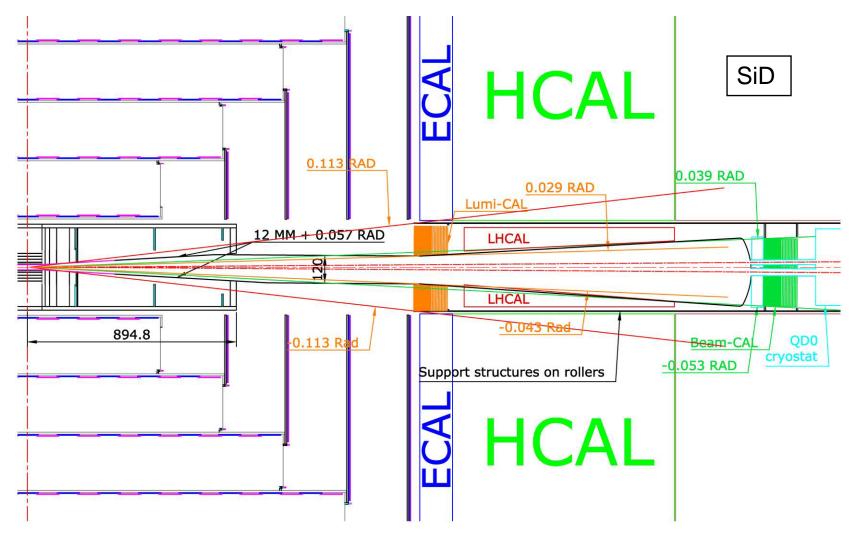
- T. Maruyama (SLAC)
 - Note that trajectories seem to return to the Z-axis.
 - We need to understand effects of the crossing angle.
- Y. Sugimoto (Sendai meeting)
 - Note the additional background below z = 0.25 m.
 - Yasuhiro suggests a single cone design is not preferable for VTX.



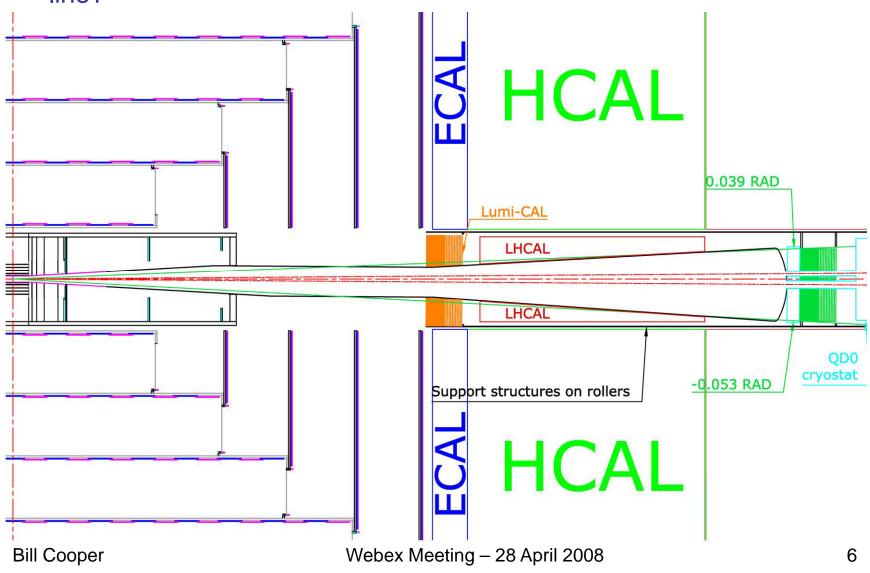
Bill Cooper

Webex Meeting – 28 April 2008

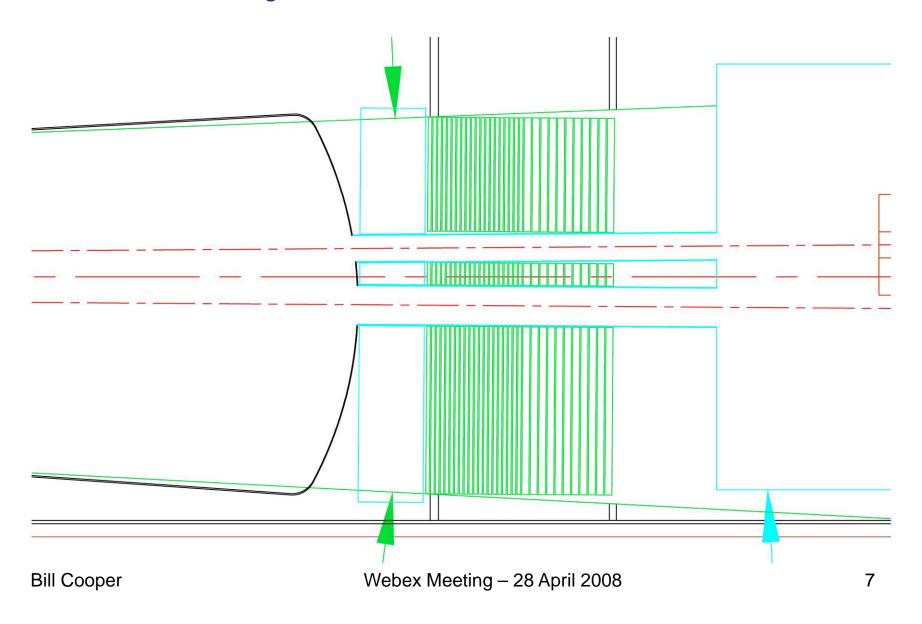
 Which beam pipe portions should be rotated to the outgoing beam line?



 Which beam pipe portions should be rotated to the outgoing beam line?

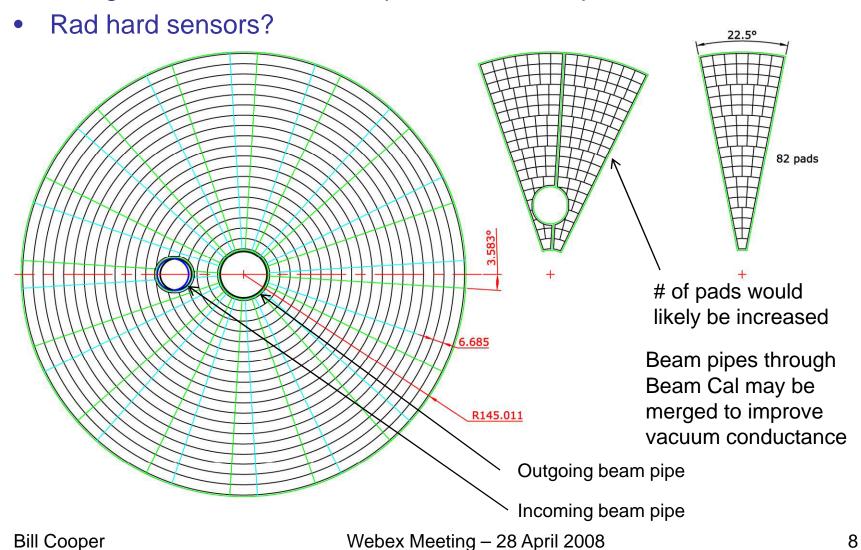


BeamCal coverage

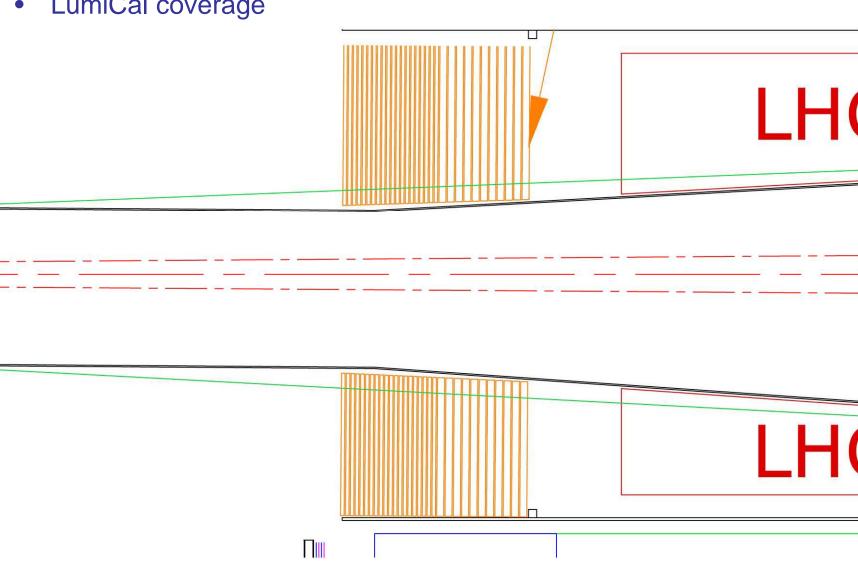


Preliminary BeamCal Sensor Layout (SiD)

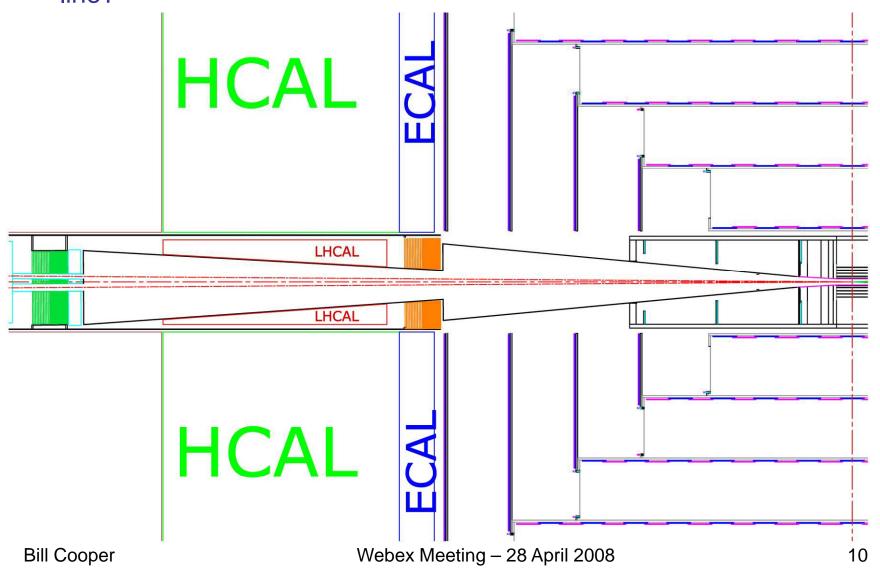
- Assumes 6" silicon sensor technology.
- Wedges rotated in alternate planes for overlap.



LumiCal coverage



 Which beam pipe portions should be rotated to the outgoing beam line?

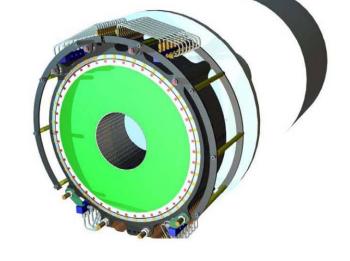


ILD LumiCal Layout (C. Grah, Sendai Meeting)

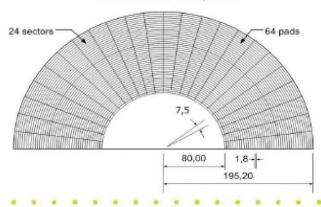


LumiCal: Design Parameters

- > 1. Placement:
 - ❖ 2270 mm from the IP.
 - Inner Radius 80 mm
 - Outer Radius 190 mm
- > 2. Segmentation:
 - 48 sectors & 64 cylinders:
 - * Azimuthal Cell Size 131 mrad
 - * Radial Cell Size 0.8 mrad



Silicon sensor half plane



- > 3. Layers:
 - Number of layers 30
 - Tungsten Thickness 3.5 mm
 - Silicon Thickness 0.3 mm
 - Elec. Space 0.1 mm
 - Support Thickness 0.6 mm

March/2008

C.Grah: Forward Region

5