

Associating Cal Showers with Tracks

Track/Mip and Track/Shower Algorithms for PFA Template

S. Magill

Tracks

- cheated, from Perfect PFA

Track Extrapolation Maps

- maps spacepoint to track extrapolated to E0, EM Shower Max, H0

Track Mip Cluster and Interaction Layer Finder

- uses CAL hits layer-by-layer to build mip cluster on extrapolated track
- based on hit densities, independent of hit energies
- outputs are mip cluster, interaction layer of track

Mip Comp Driver

- compares mip clusters, calculates hit purity

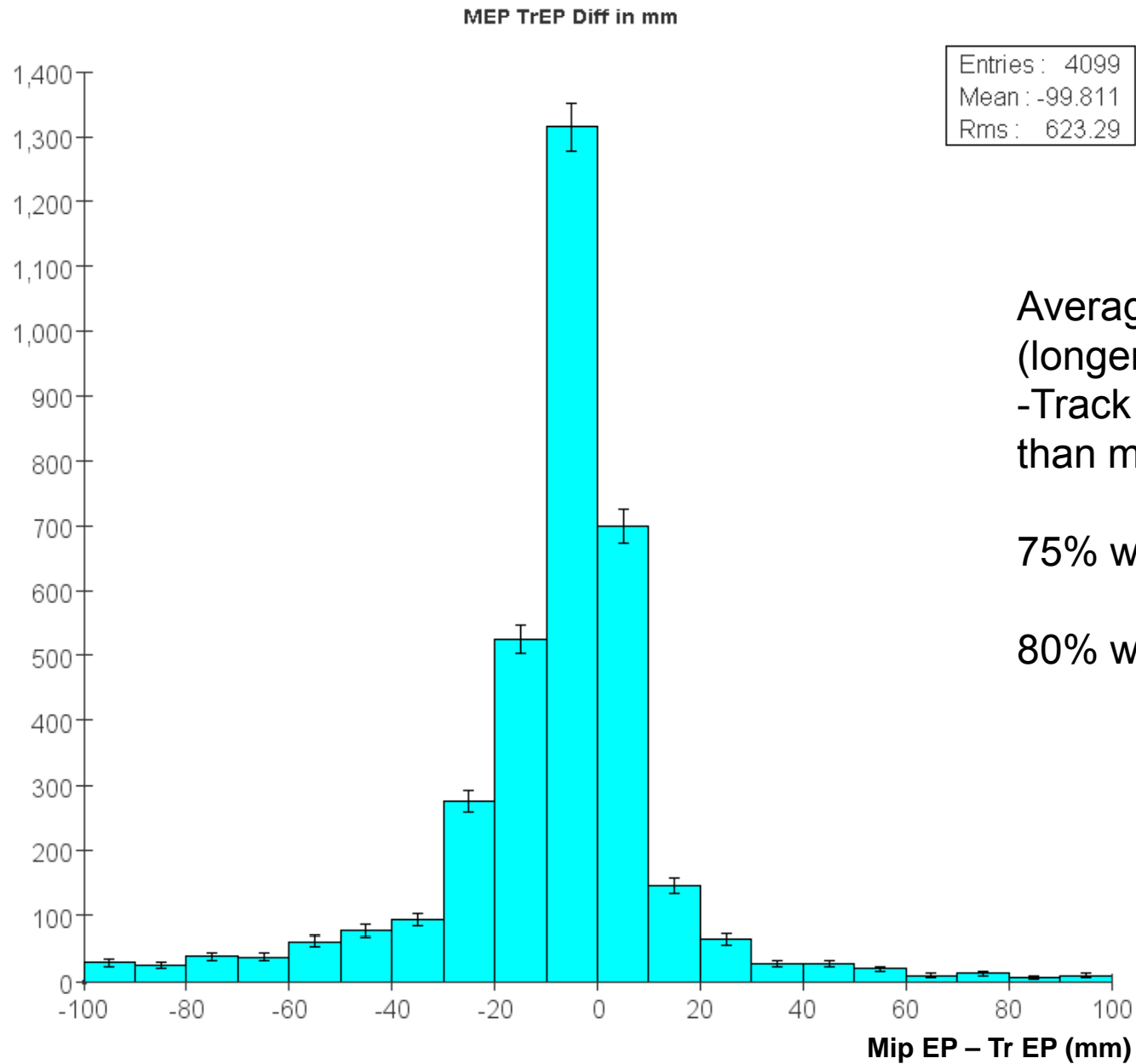
Track Shower Cluster Finder

- associates clusters to tracks using track extrapolation maps
- uses cluster proximity and E/p measure
- iterates expanding cone until E/p minimum is met or max cone size is reached
- outputs are track shower clusters (includes mips, core, and shower)

Shower Comp Driver

- compares track shower clusters, calculates purity and efficiency of match

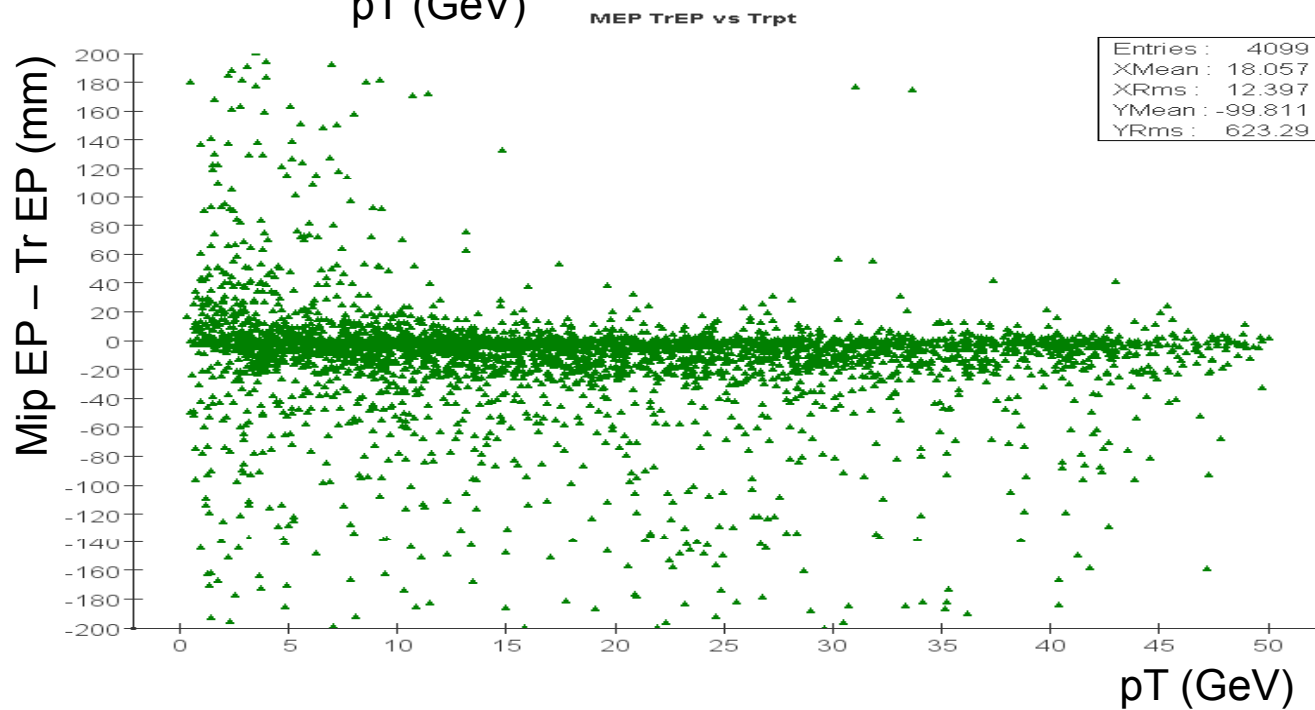
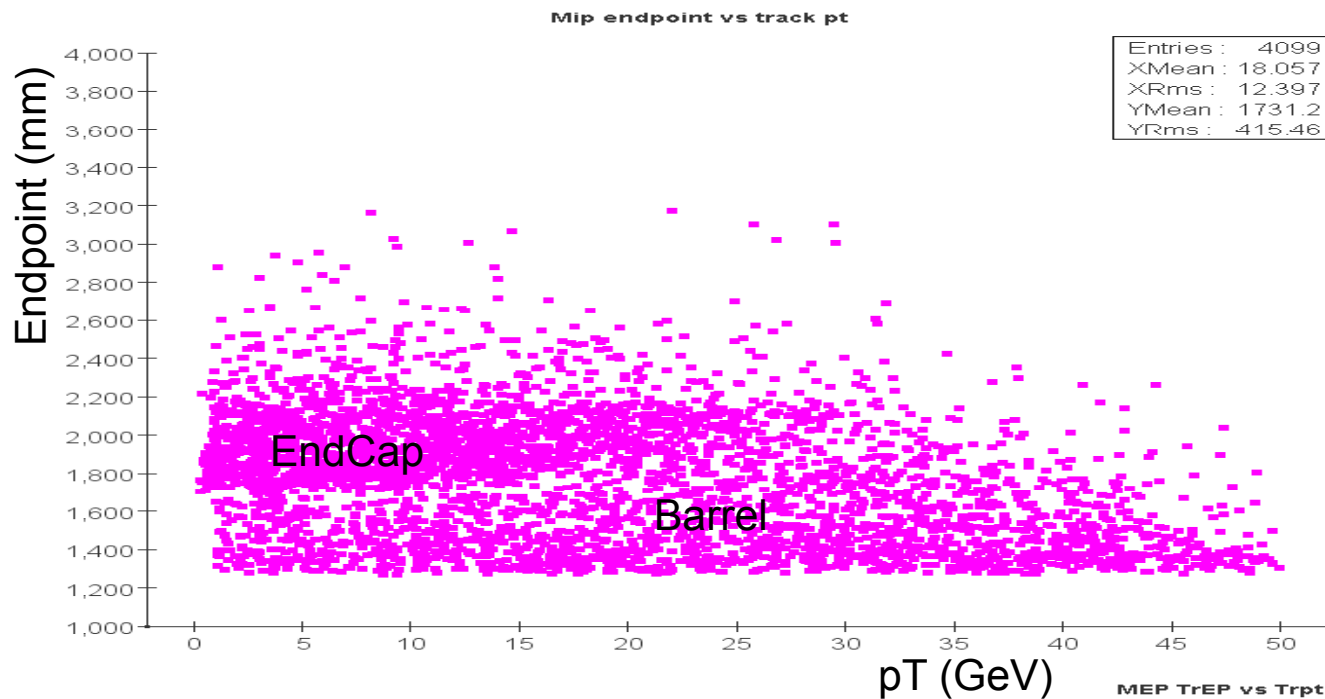
Comparison of Mip Cluster endpoint and Track (MC Truth) endpoint



Average is -10 cm
(longer negative tail
-Track endpoint deeper
than mip endpoint)

75% within 3 cm

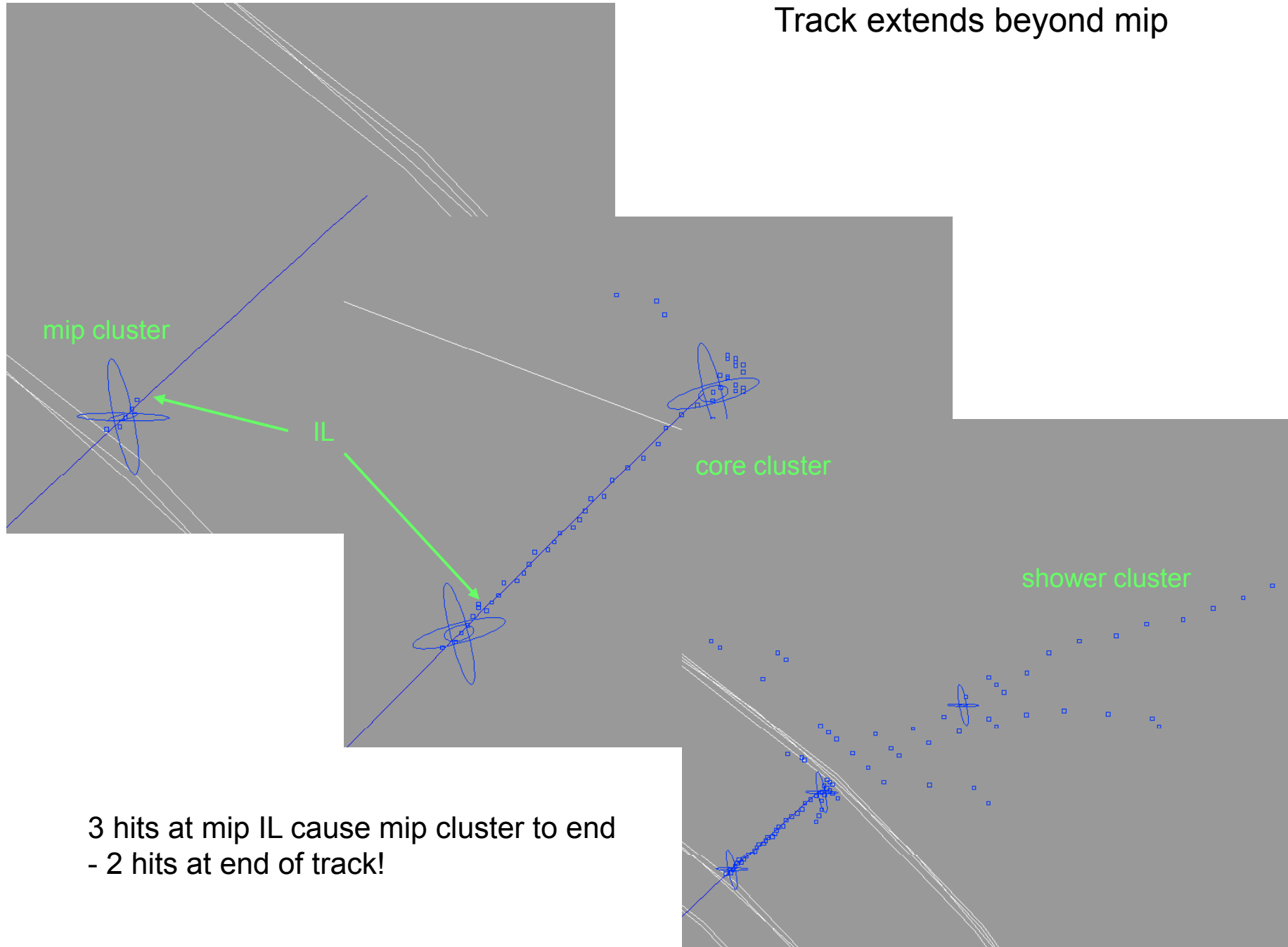
80% within 5 cm



Track longer than mip
 - no pT dependence
 (mostly no mip IL=0)

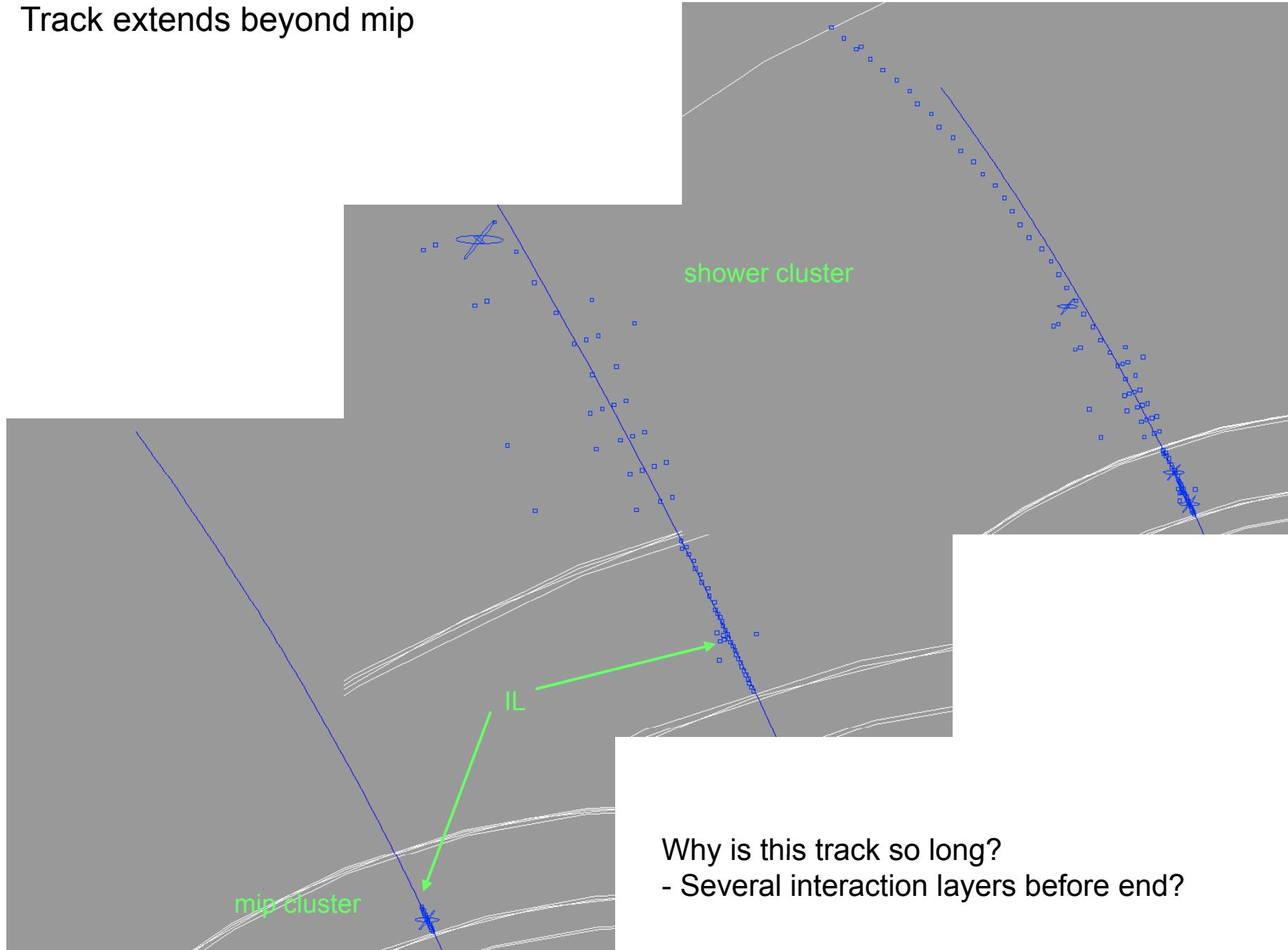
Track shorter than mip
 -occurs at lower pT
 (density parameter)

Track extends beyond mip



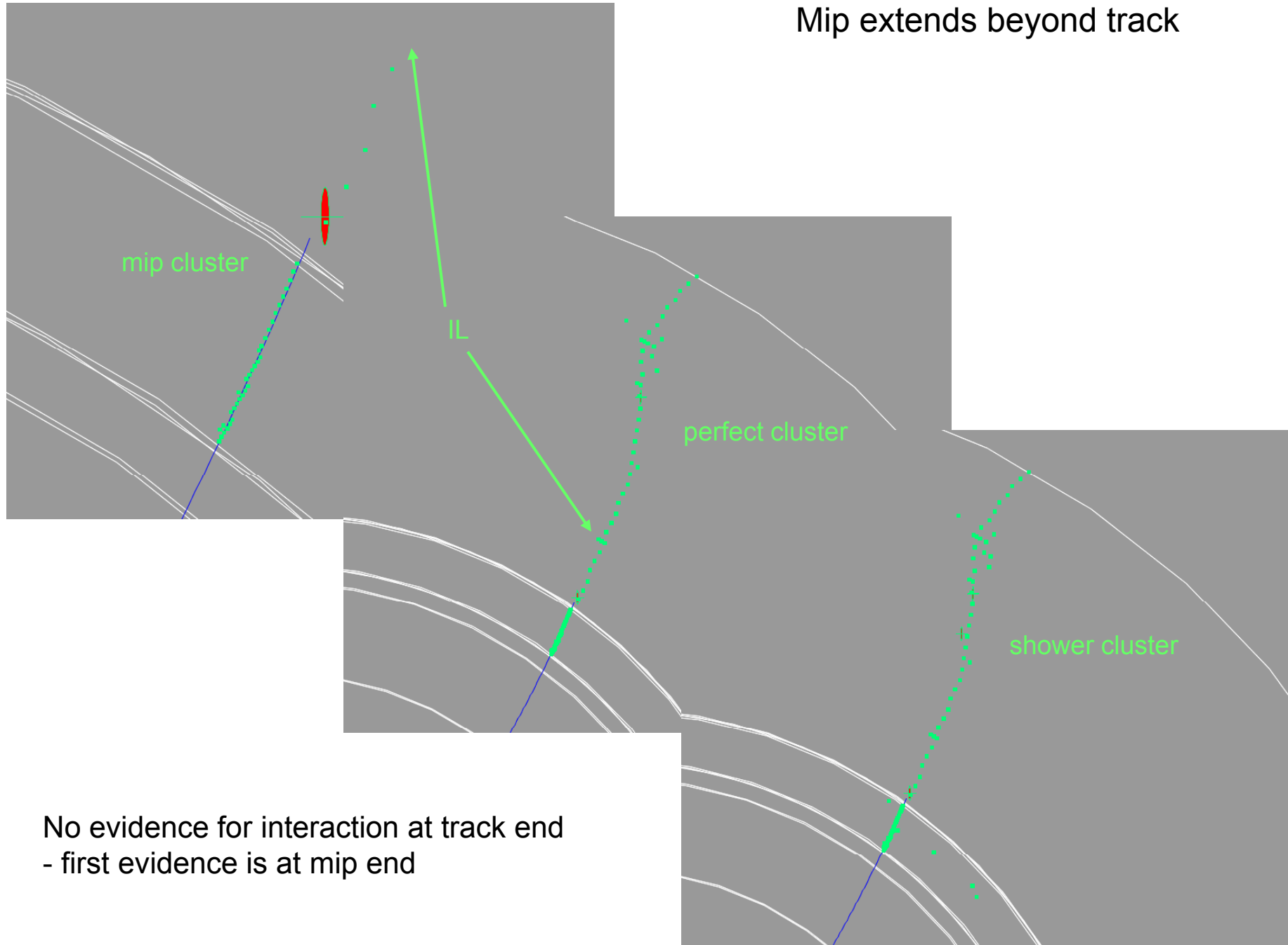
3 hits at mip IL cause mip cluster to end
- 2 hits at end of track!

Track extends beyond mip



Why is this track so long?
- Several interaction layers before end?

Mip extends beyond track



mip cluster

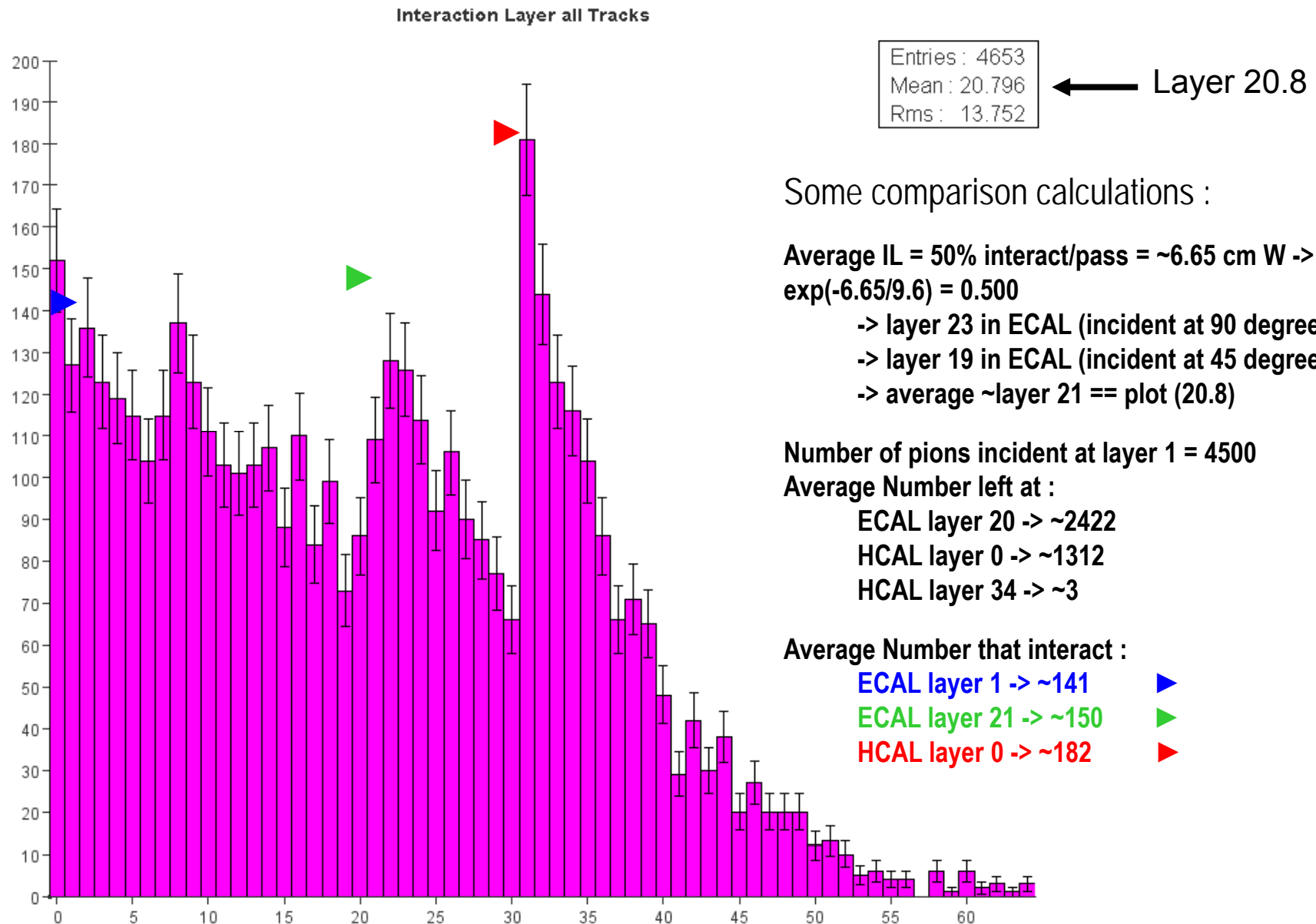
IL

perfect cluster

shower cluster

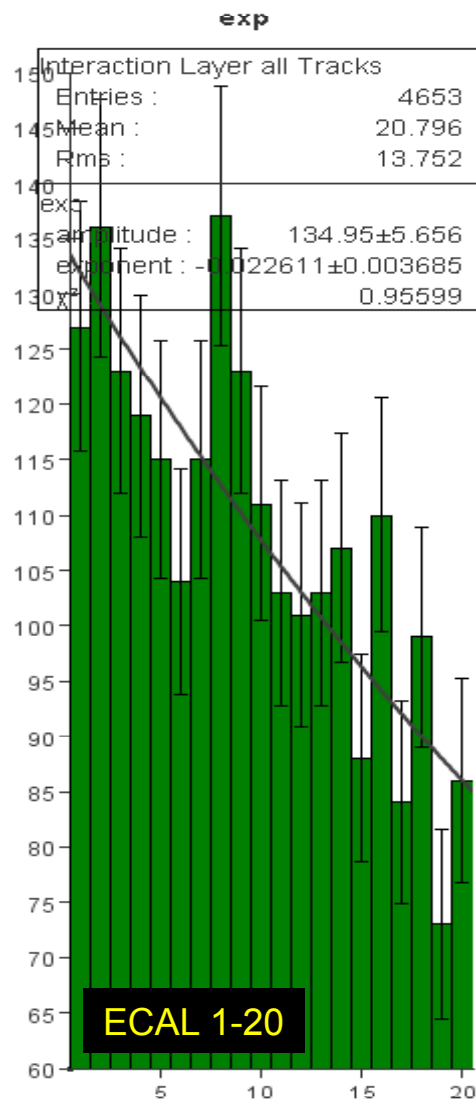
No evidence for interaction at track end
- first evidence is at mip end

Performance of Track Mip Finder – Determination of IL

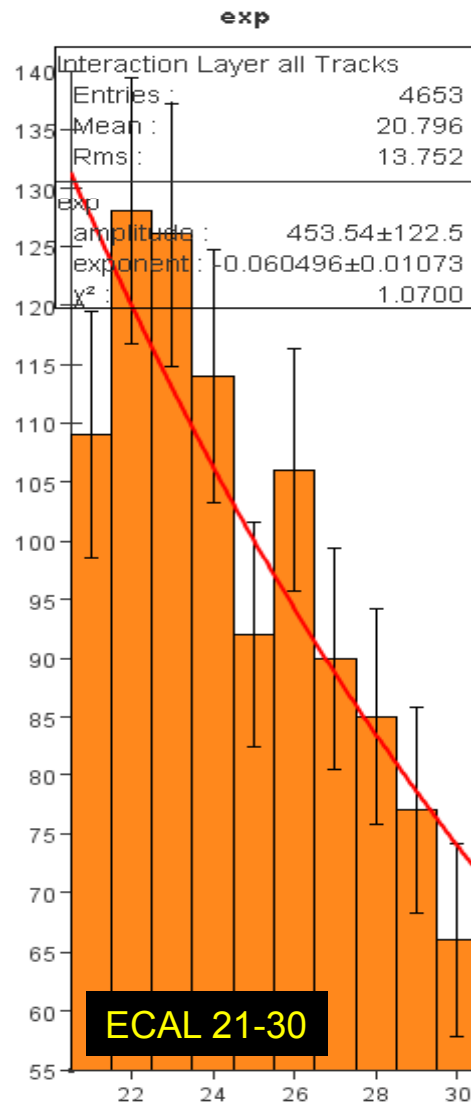


1-50 GeV pions, 4-176 degrees in SiD01

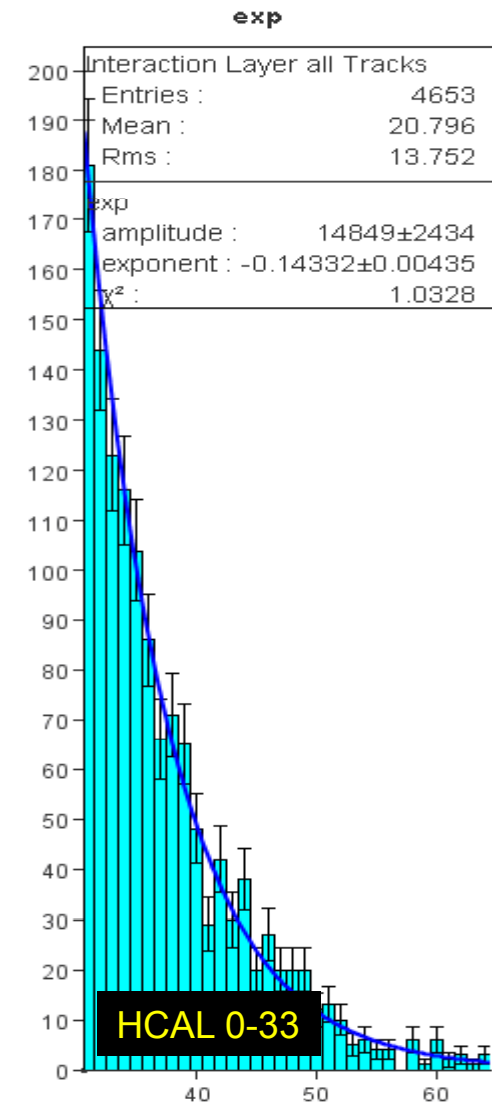
Performance of Track Mip Finder – Fits of exponential to shape



exponent = -0.023 ± 0.004
 (-0.031 expected)
 -> 2 σ too flat

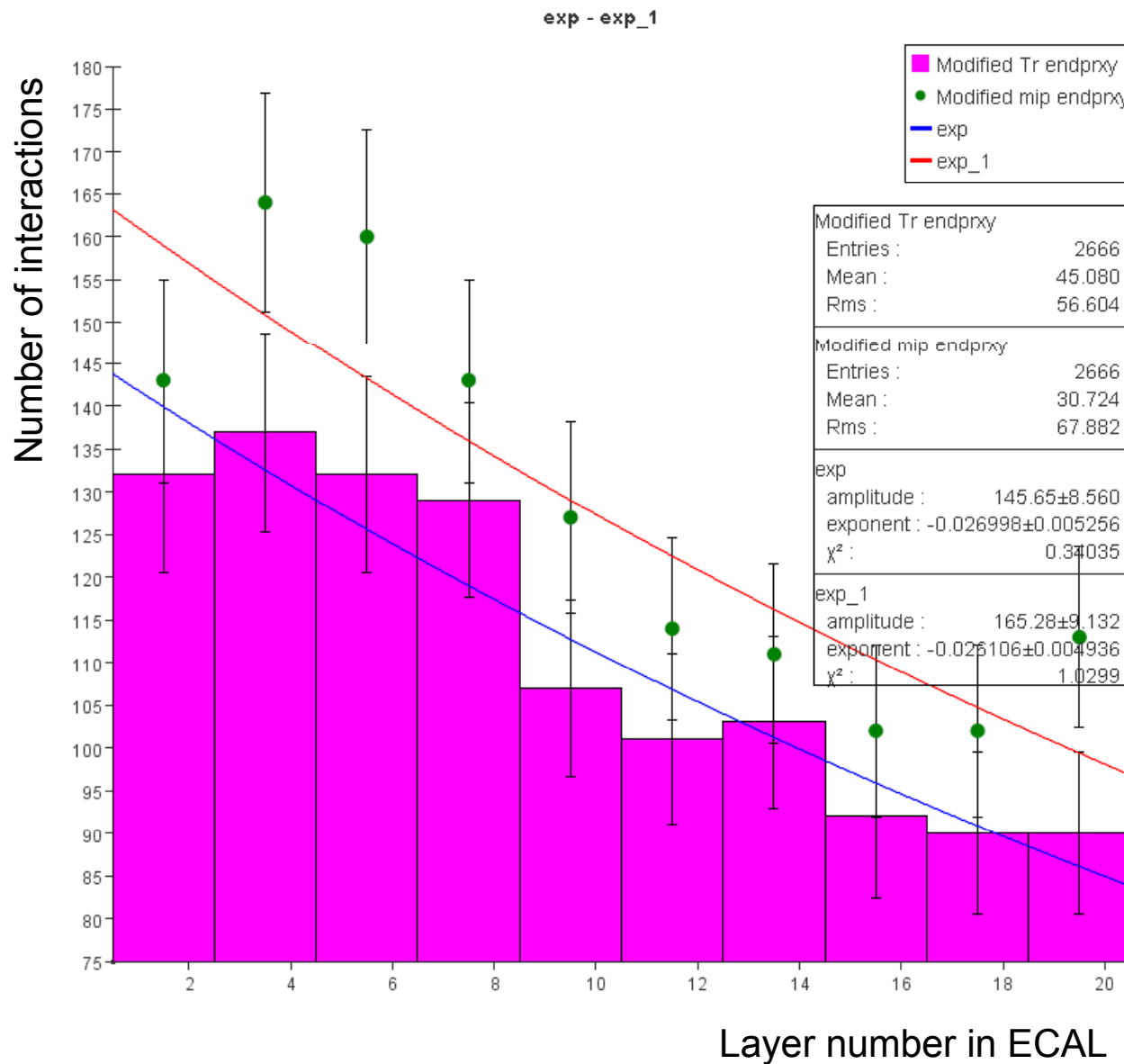


exponent = -0.060 ± 0.011
 (-0.063 expected)
 -> perfect



exponent = -0.143 ± 0.004
 (-0.143 expected)
 -> perfect

Comparison of Track and Mip Endpoints – exponential fit to ECAL 1-20

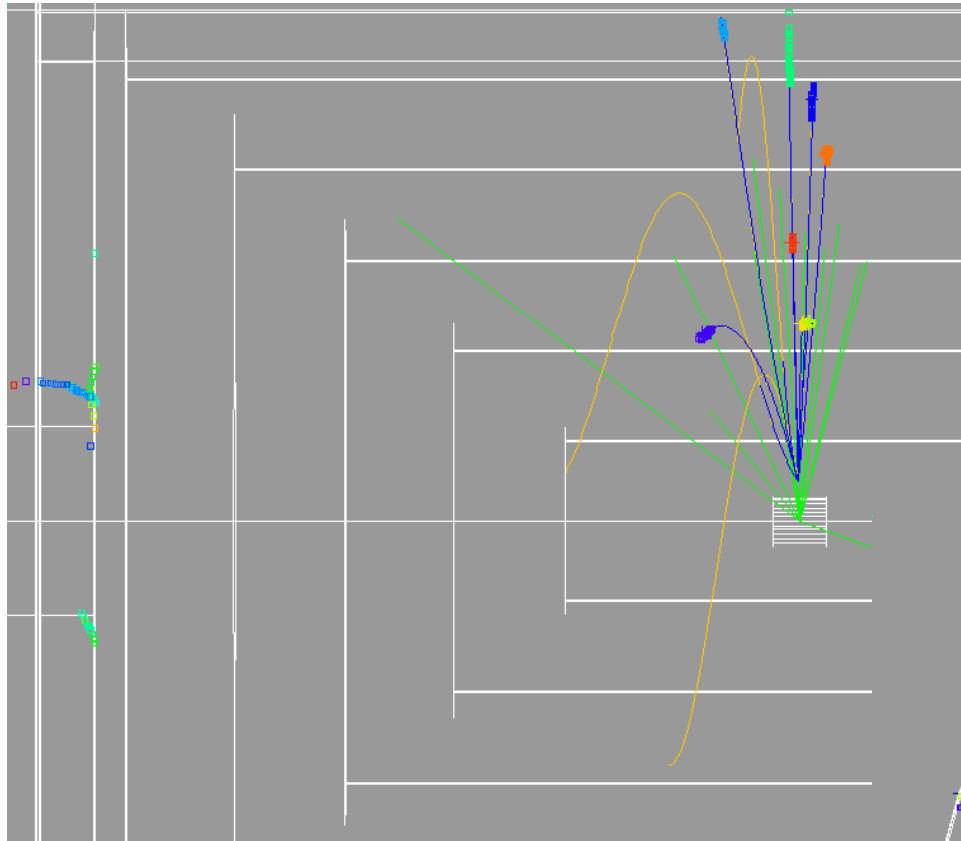


$exp = -0.027 \pm 0.005$

$exp = -0.026 \pm 0.005$

Mip and MC Track EPs display the same shape close to expected value (within 1σ)

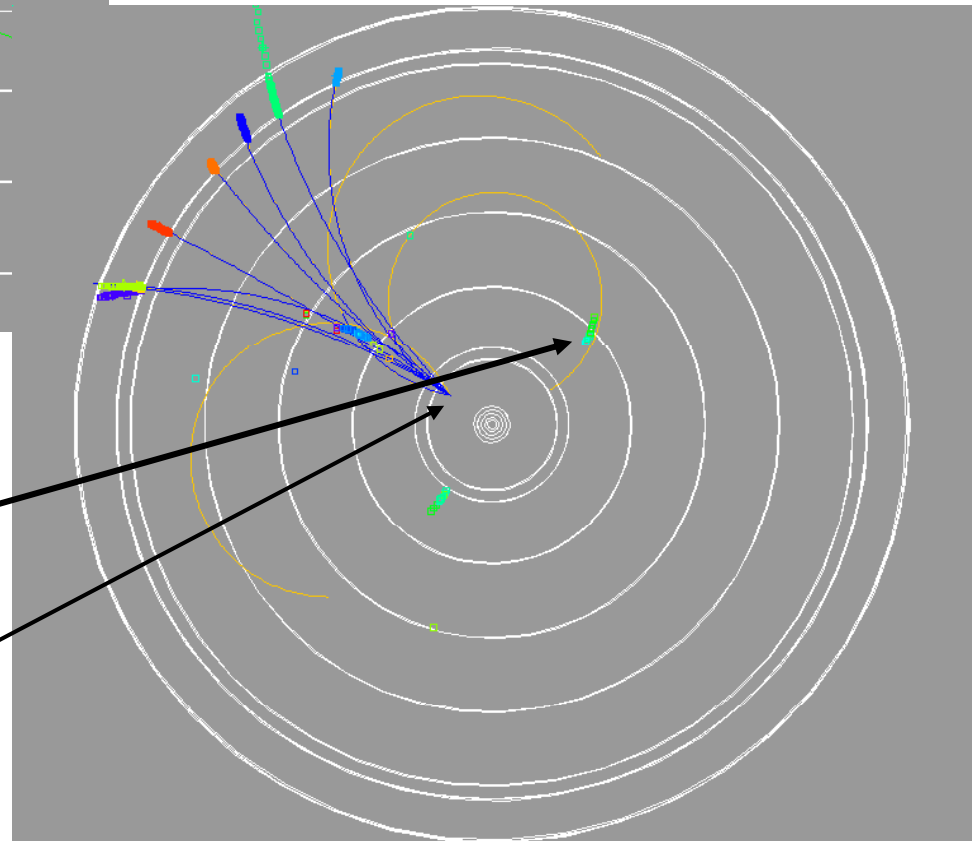
Normalization – different # of interactions in first layer



Why are there no mip clusters – IL=0?

*(this started as a single pion!
-ended as 11 perfect PFA tracks!)*

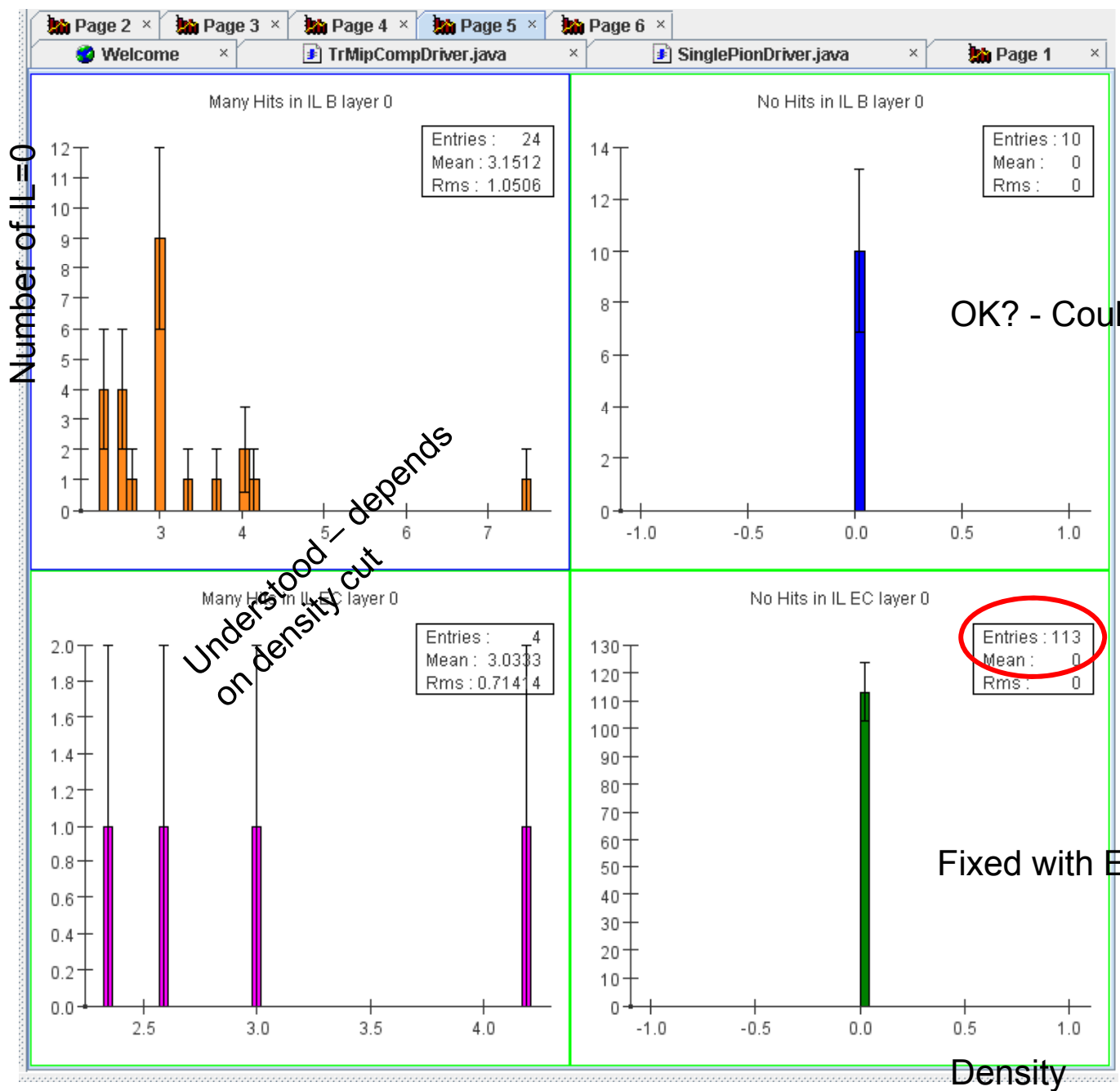
Effects PFA performance!!!



Fix with helix accounting for Eloss
along trajectory?

Mip finder adjusts for non-IP tracks

~2000 input pions



OK? - Could be real interactions

Fixed with Eloss in helix?

Summary of Track Mip Finder Performance

Mip finder associates CAL hits to extrapolated tracks

- uses cal hit density defined in code – no energy needed
- no calibration for mip cluster energy – dE/dx used (required)*

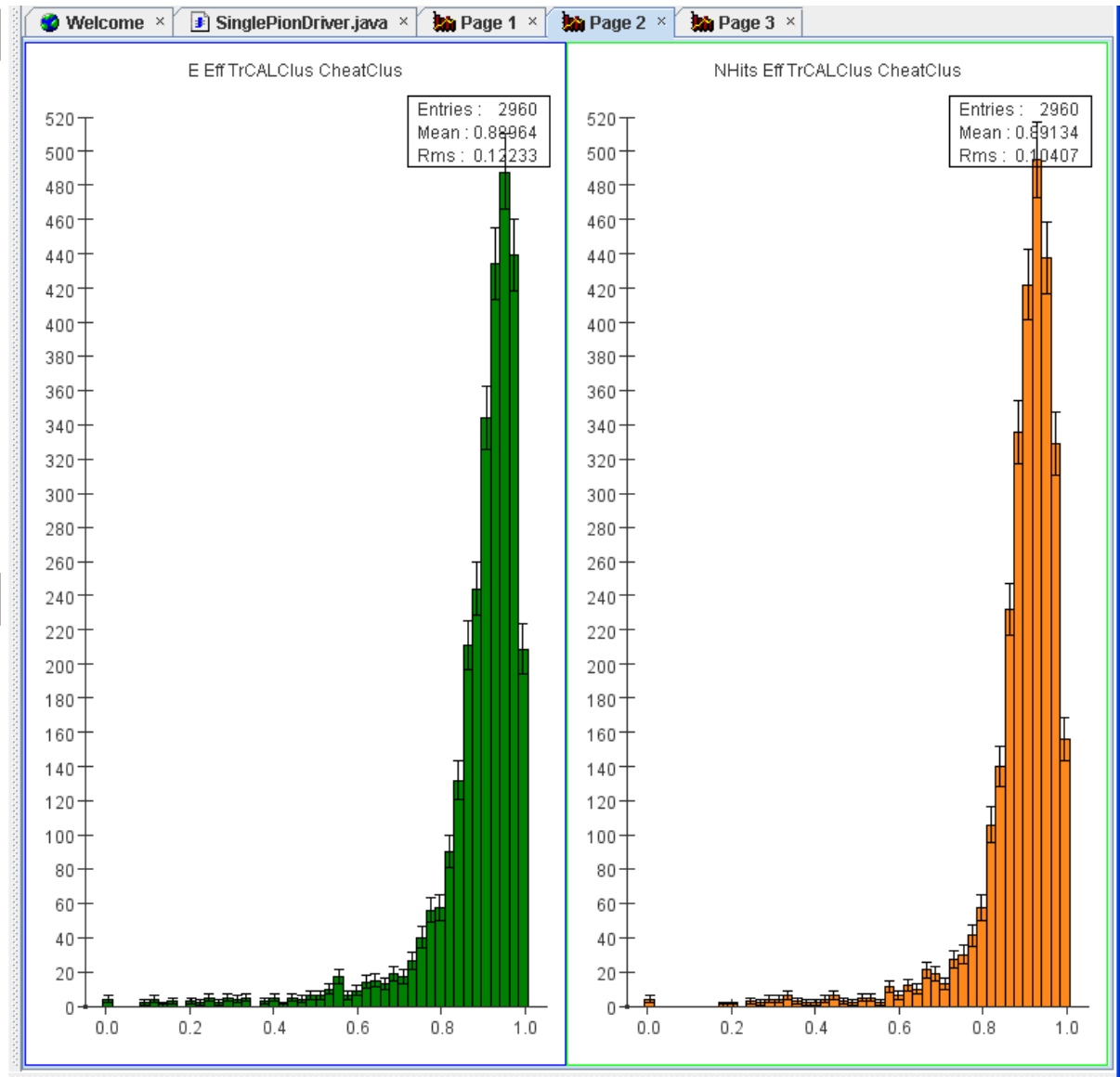
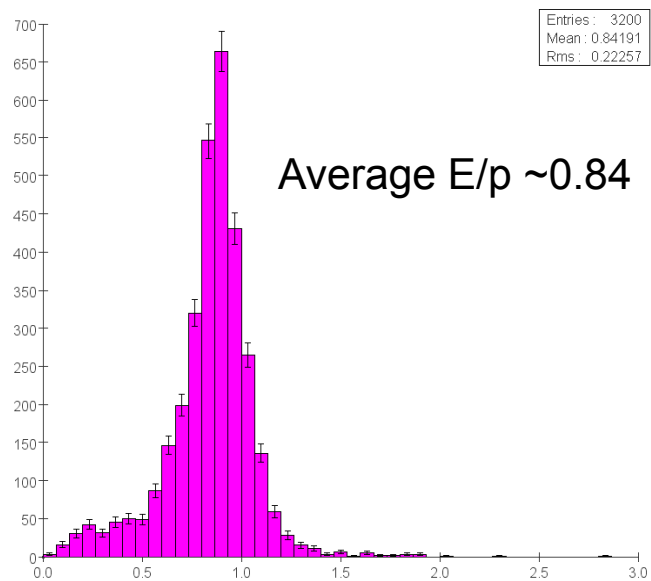
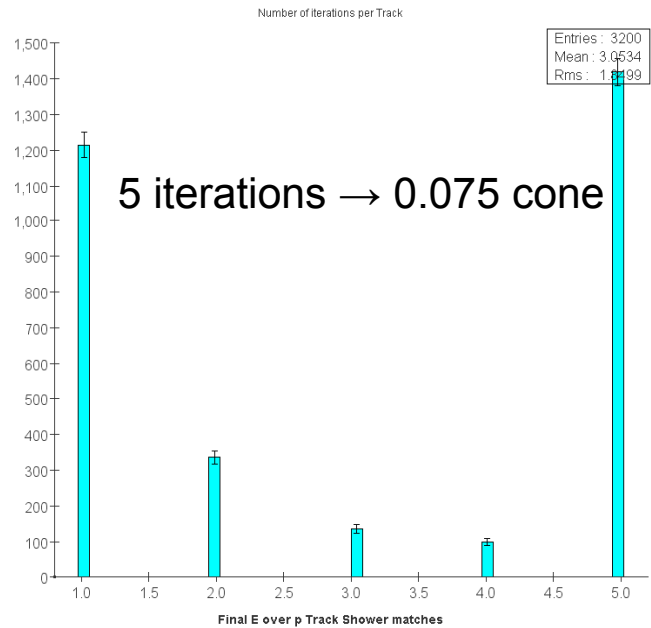
Also determines layer of first particle shower interaction

- good agreement with expected IL distribution from material
- good agreement with MC Track endpoint (understood differences)
- useful as starting point for Track/Shower association (next part of talk)

Left to do :

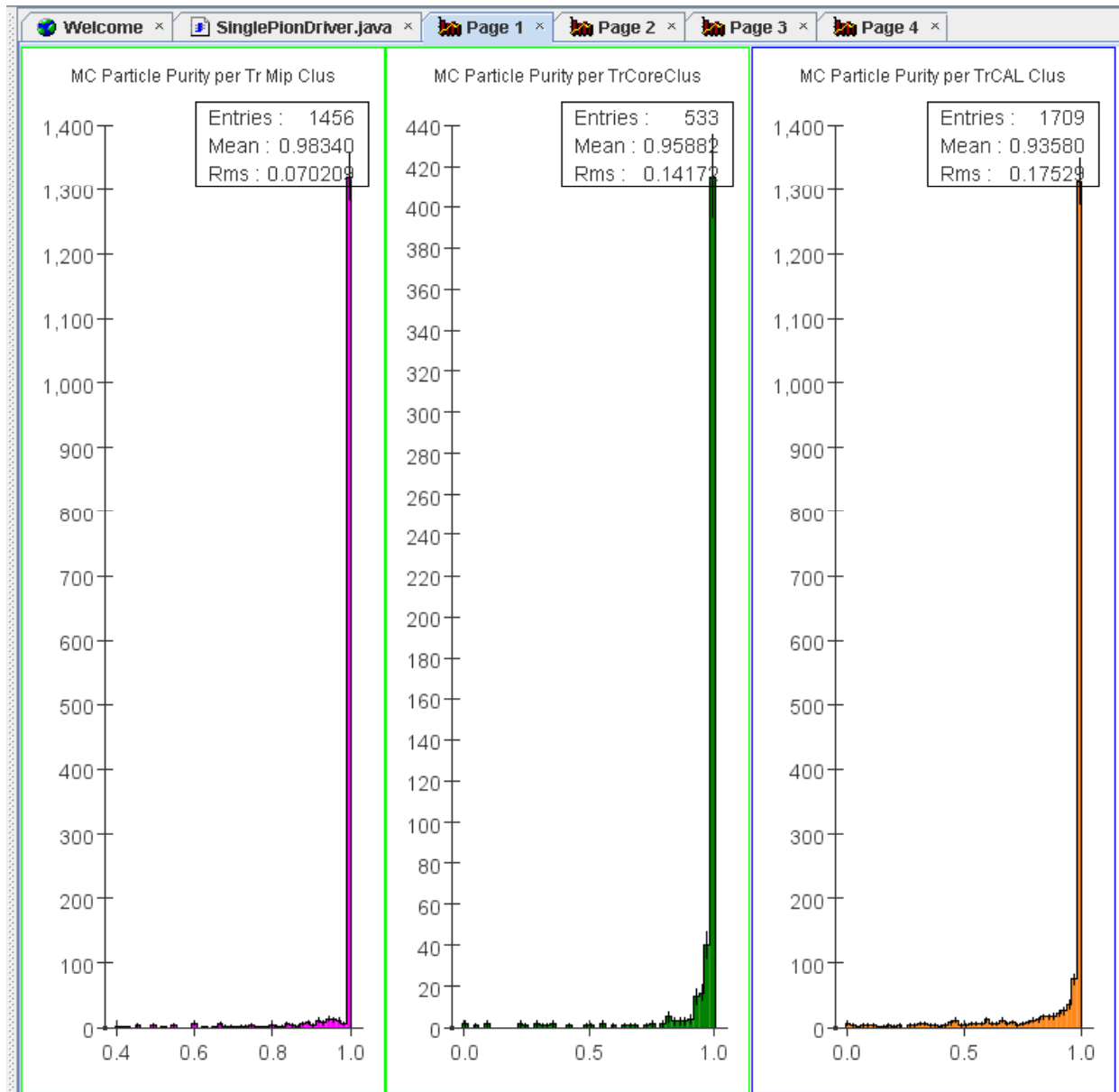
- optimize density cut (done?)
- energy dependence of IL? Ron's claim?
- use Eloss-dependent helix to improve endcaps
- allow for tracks that enter ECAL from beampipe after layer 0

Track/Shower Association on single pions



Efficiency ~ 89% E or hit

Track/Shower Association on ZZ events



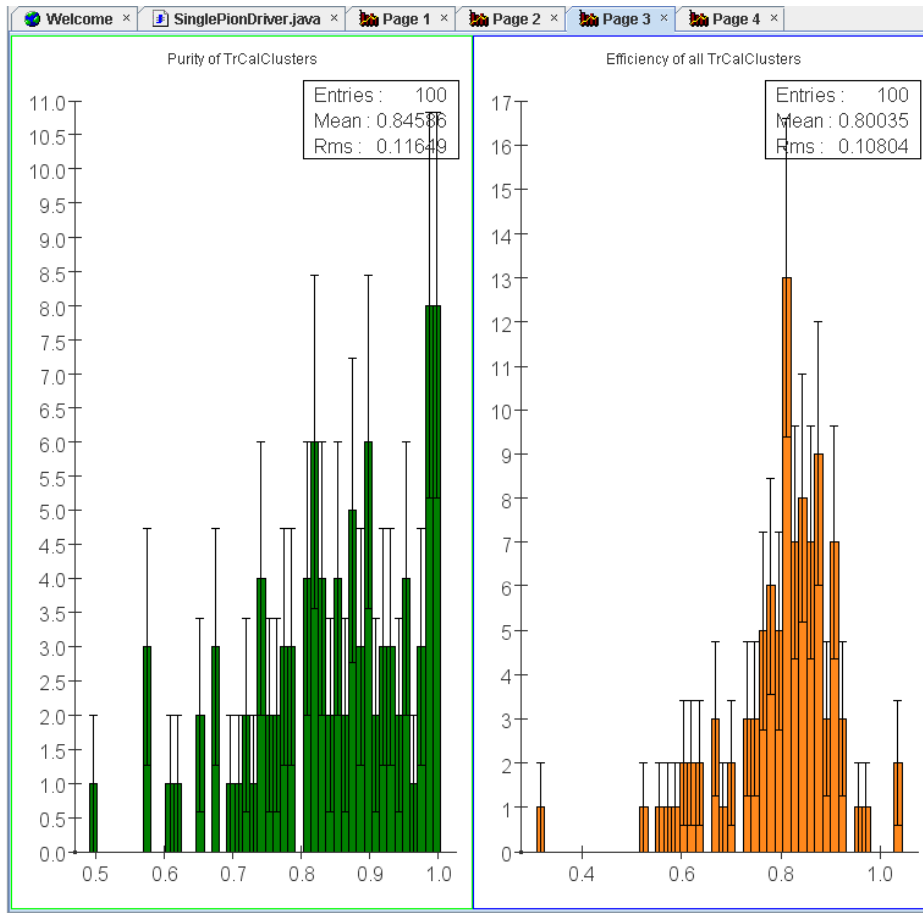
Per Track purities :

Mip = .98

Core = .96

Overall = .94

Purity and Efficiency of Track/Shower Clusters



Sum of all track/showers per event

