

# Proposed replacement of QM7 by TOKIN 3581

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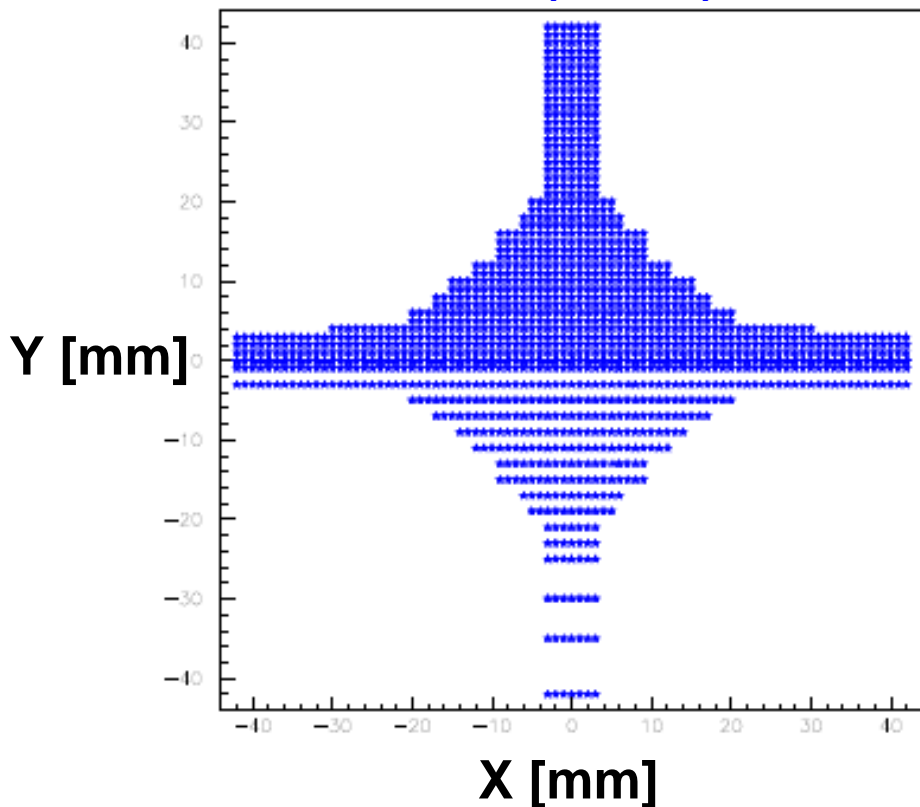
Building on the work by:

M. Alabau, A. Faus-Golfe (IFIC) and many others at  
SLAC, LAL, KEK and in the UK

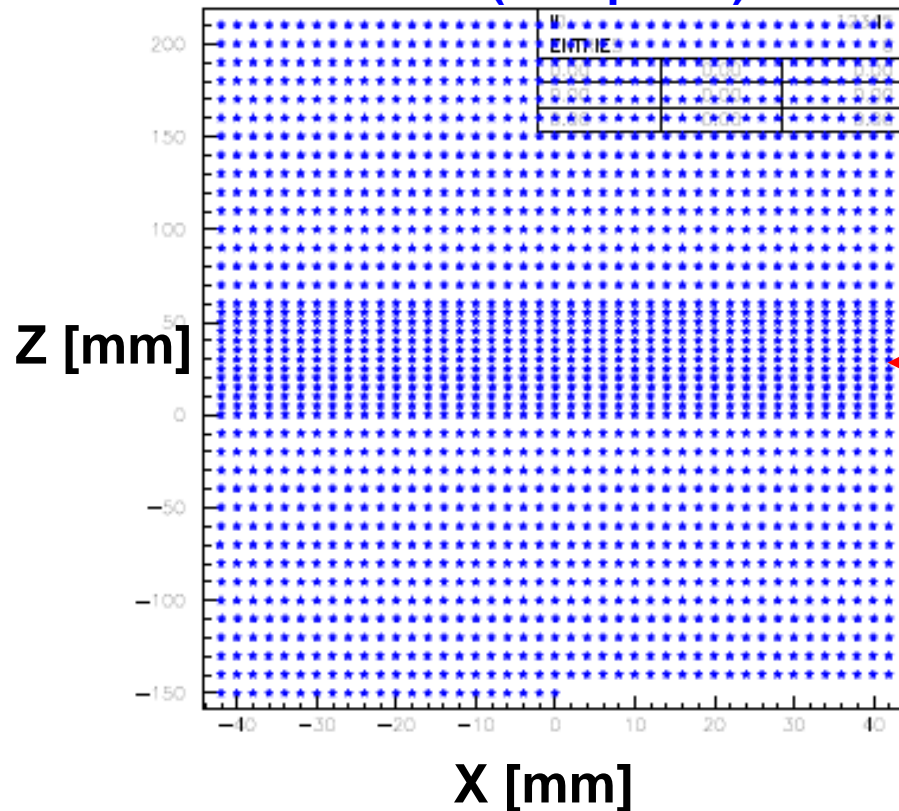
# Measured TOKIN 3581 X-Y and X-Z $B_{x,y,z}$ field map

Mika Masuzawa and co-workers

Z = 0 (center)



Y = 0 (mid-plane)

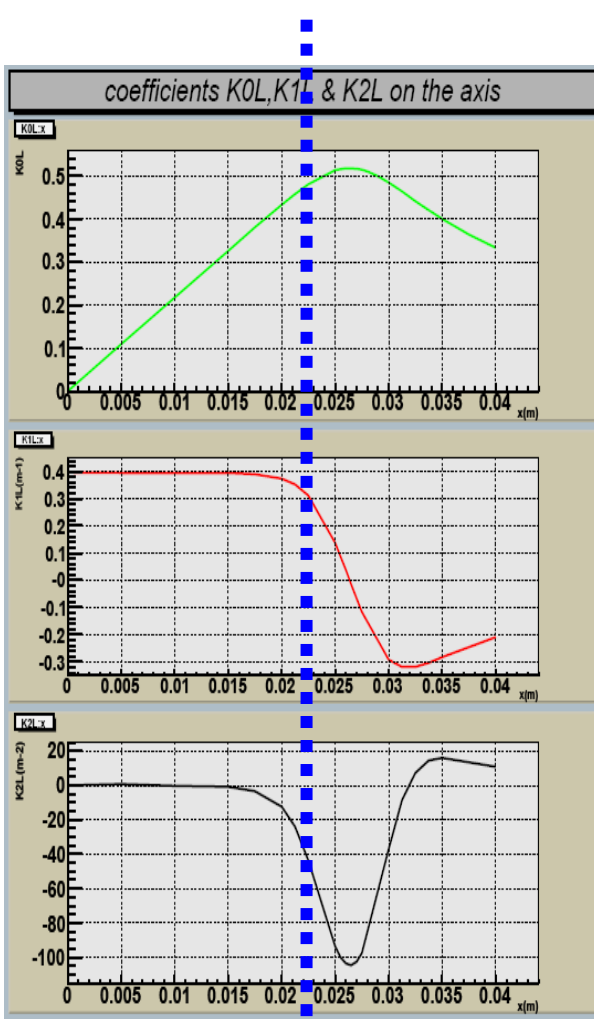
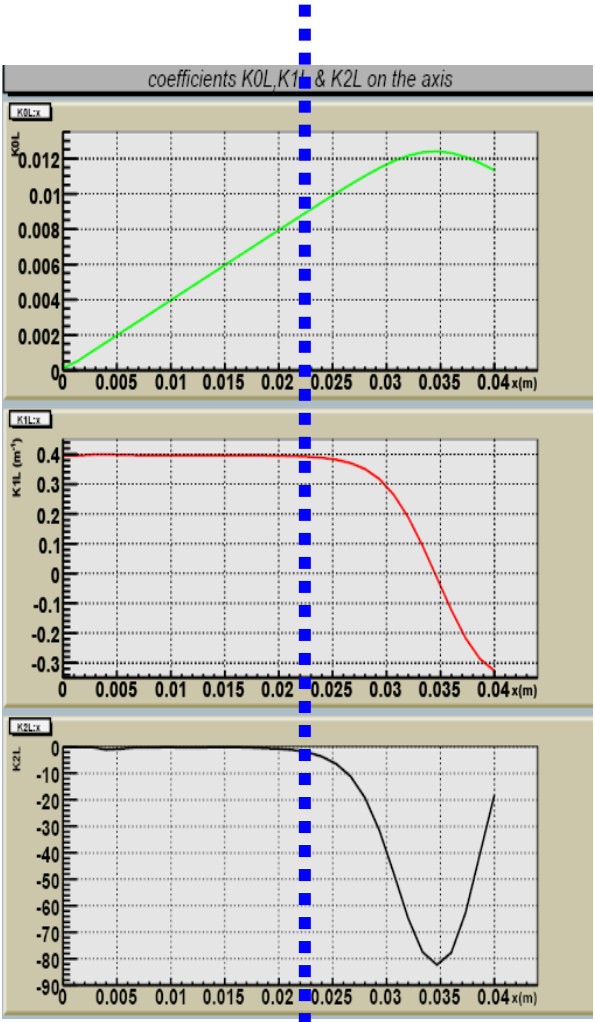
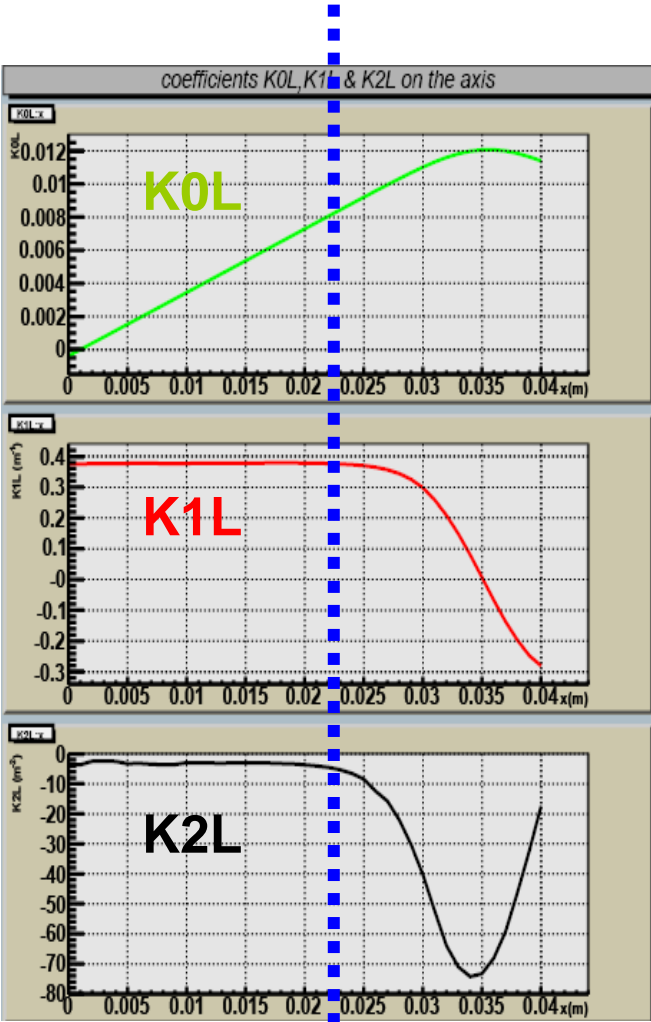


- 1) Fit KnL from measured  $B_{x,y}(x,y,z=0)$  + compare with PRIAM 2D (TOKIN & QM7)
- 2) Compare measured  $B_y(x,y=0) = K0L$  integrated over Z with PRIAM 2D result
- 3) → under way : check for any coupling from  $B_z(x \sim 22.5, y > 0, z > 0)$

# TOKIN 3581 measurement

# TOKIN 3581 PRIAM simulation

# QM7 PRIAM simulation



$x_{\text{extraction}} \cong 22.5 \text{ mm}$

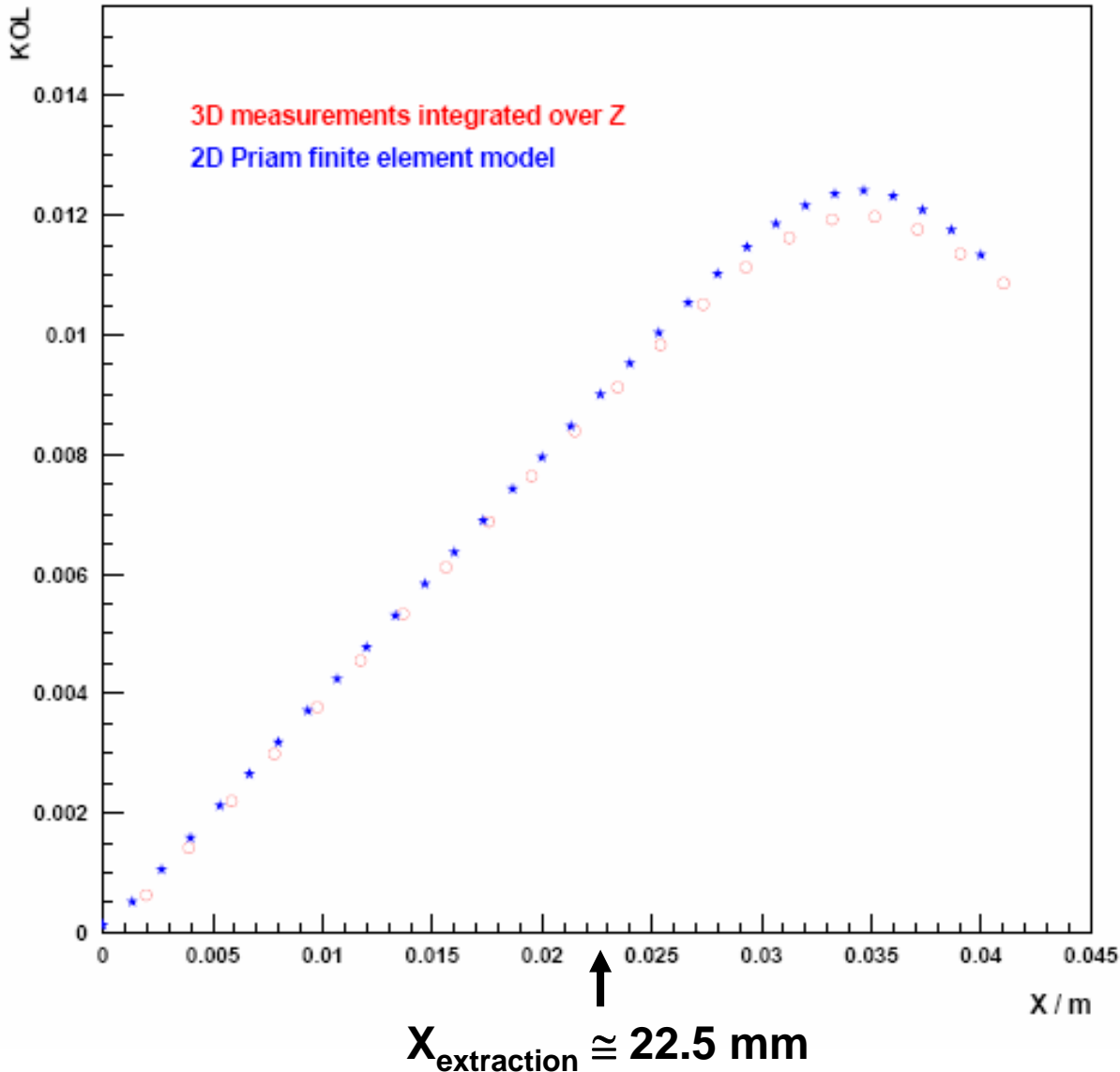
$R_{\text{TOKIN}} = 21 \text{ mm}$   
 $R_{\text{QM7}} = 16 \text{ mm}$

**$K1L = 0.99 \times \text{nominal}$**   
 **$K2L = 1 \text{ m}^{-2}$**



**$K1L = 0.76 \times \text{nominal}$**   
 **$K2L = 47 \text{ m}^{-2}$**

# Compare Z-integrated $B_y$ ( $x, y=0$ ) with PRIAM 2D model to assess TOKIN 3581 finite length effect



Slopes match exactly  
at origin (within few  $10^{-3}$ )

Max. distortion < 3 %

→ This sets the level  
of uncertainty from  
the finite length effect  
when using the 2D  
result to estimate KnL

**K1L**     $\sim 0.392 \text{ m}^{-1}$   
           $= 0.99 \times \text{nominal}$   
(present QM7 =  $0.76 \times \text{nominal}$ )

**K2L**     $\sim 1 \text{ m}^{-2}$   
(present QM7 =  $47 \text{ m}^{-2}$ )

# Discussion

Measurements and PRIAM 2D compare within a few %

→ good enough to predict order-of-magnitude improvement from QM7 → TOKIN 3581 change

Present ATF2 EXT non-linearity → make 4D beam phase-space ([beta-match and x-y coupling](#)) depend on X & Y injection orbits !

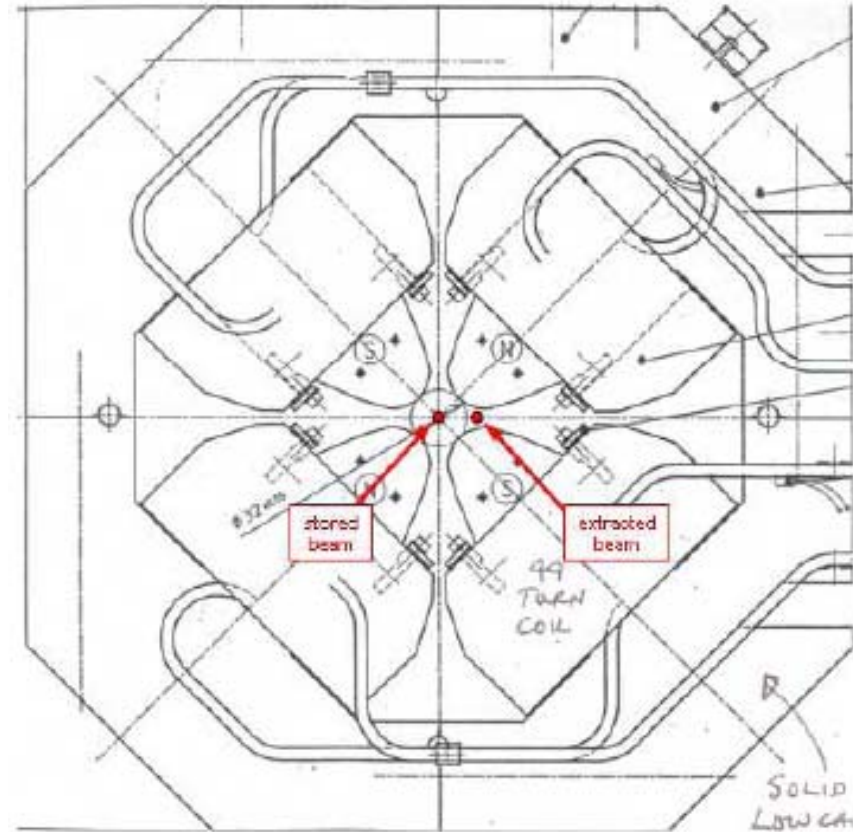
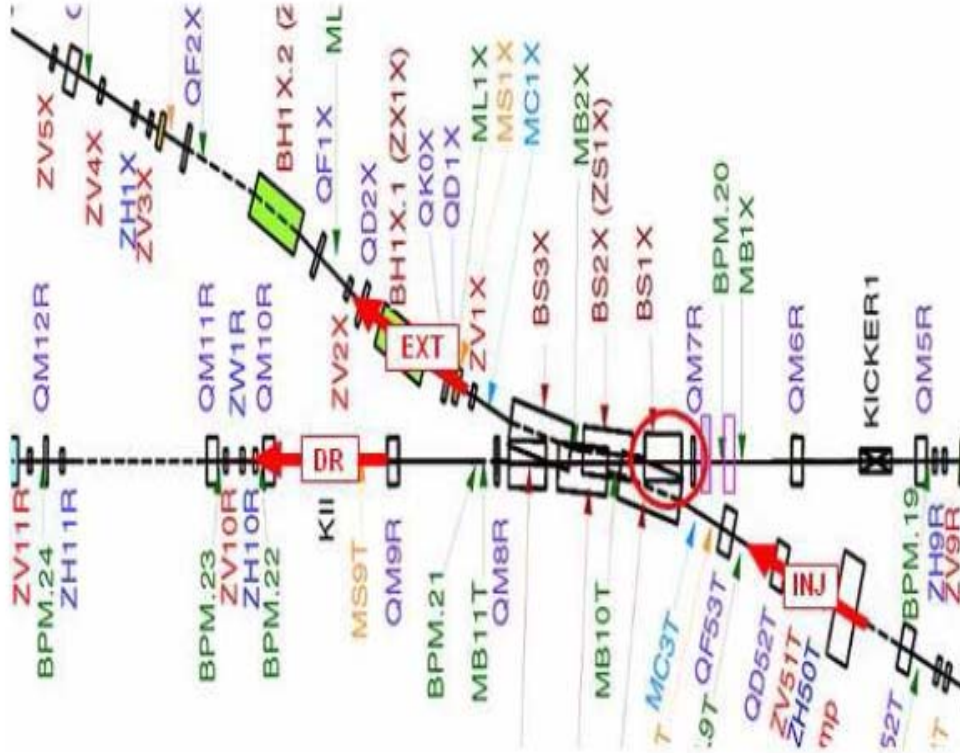
This could in principle be absorbed downstream (re-match, coupling correction, IP optics corrections) or dealt with by ensuring stable injection parameters

But we're lucky: it's possible to avoid this added complexity :

{ Present QM7 power supply can be re-used  
TOKIN 3581 was in ATF → minor change to support structure  
Other QM7 can remain untouched (auxiliary supply exists), so no need to break the vacuum in the RF section

**Well worth the effort → let's do the change end of January**

# QM7 is shared by DR & EXT



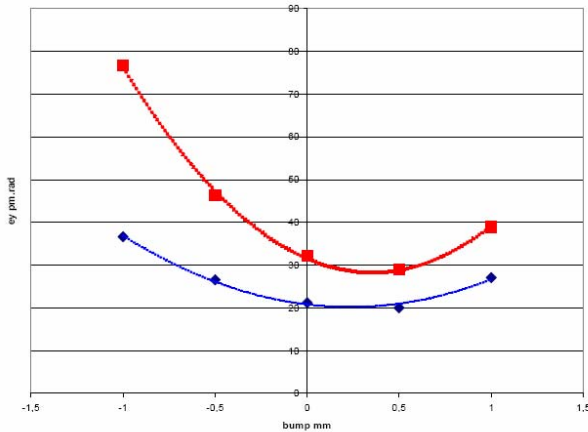
present radius = 16 mm

extracted beam offset = 22.5 mm

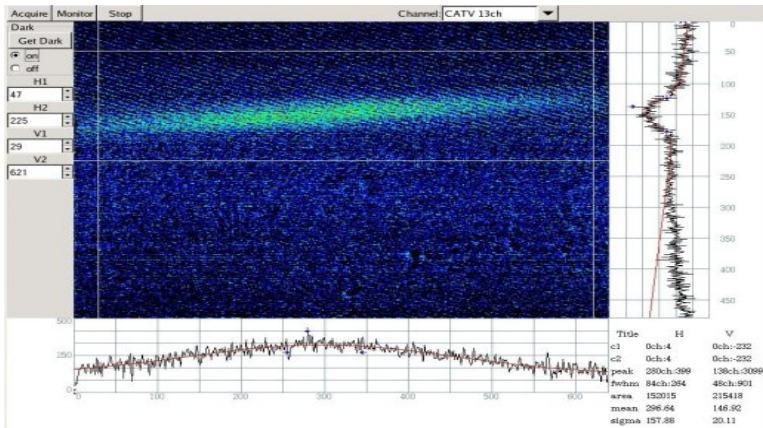
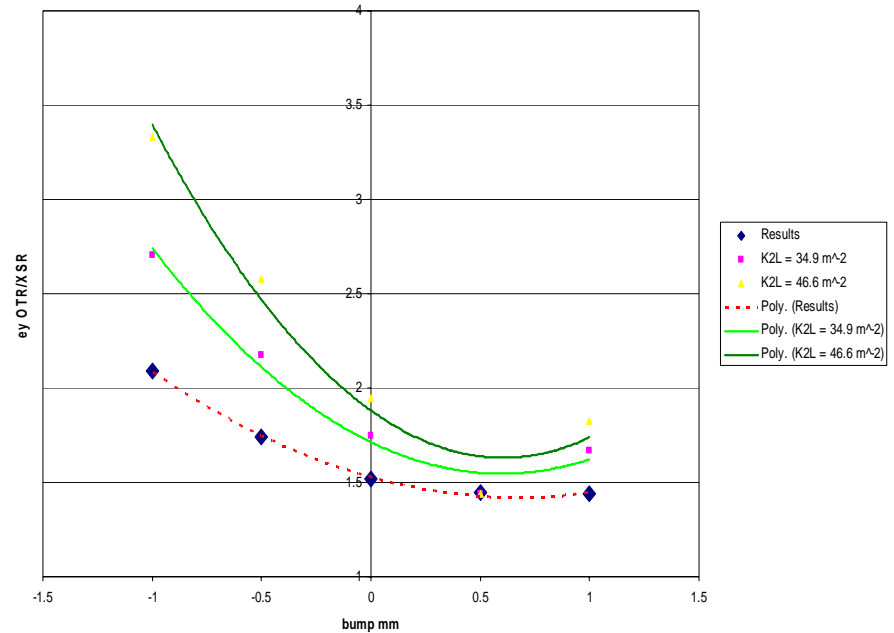


# Measurements at OTR behind septum function of vertical bump

→ Image of angles out of QM7



## OTR / XSR corrected vertical projected emittances



May 28, 2008

$$\epsilon_{y\text{-proj}}^2 = \epsilon_{y\text{-in}}^2 + \epsilon_{x\text{-in}} \epsilon_{y\text{-in}} \beta_x \beta_y K_2 L^2 \times (\Delta_y^2 + \epsilon_{y\text{-in}} \beta_y)$$

(assumes uncoupled input)

# QM7 2D field calculation with PRIAM

$X_{\text{ext}} = 22.5 \text{ mm}$

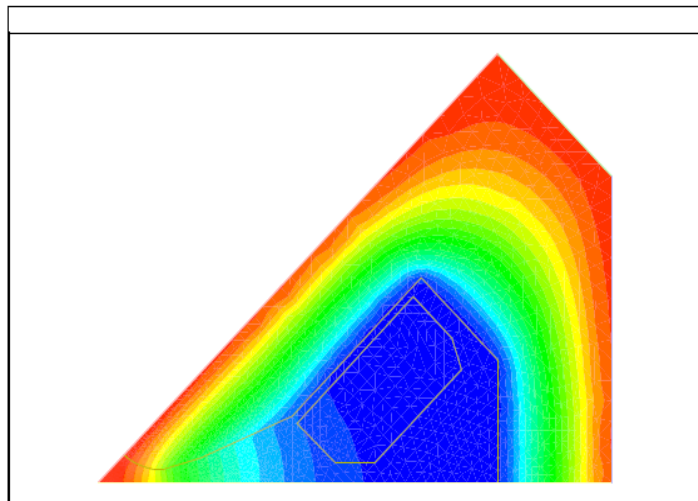
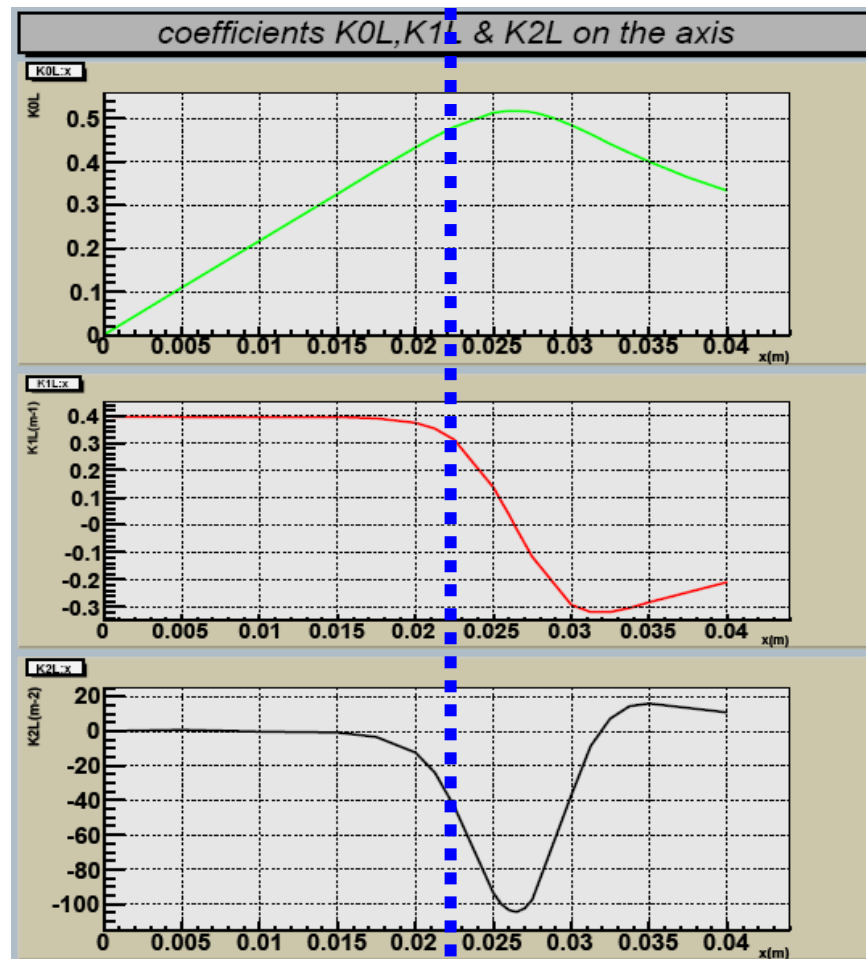


FIG. 5 – QM7 B field lines

K0L



K1L

K2L

$K1L = 0.3 \text{ m}^{-1} = 0.76 \times \text{nominal}$   
 → large rematch of betatron optics

$K2L = 46.6 \text{ m}^{-2}$   
 → contributes x-y coupling :  
 factor ~ 2-3 on  $\epsilon_{y\text{-proj}}$  for  $\Delta y = 1 \text{ mm}$

Compares well with POISSON calculation  
 from SLAC

extracted beam offset [m]

$$\epsilon_{y\text{-proj}}^2 = \epsilon_{y\text{-in}}^2 + \epsilon_{x\text{-in}} \epsilon_{y\text{-in}} \beta_x \beta_y K_2L^2 \times (\Delta_y^2 + \epsilon_{y\text{-in}} \beta_y)$$



# TOKIN 3581 quads available → new PRIAM 2D calc.

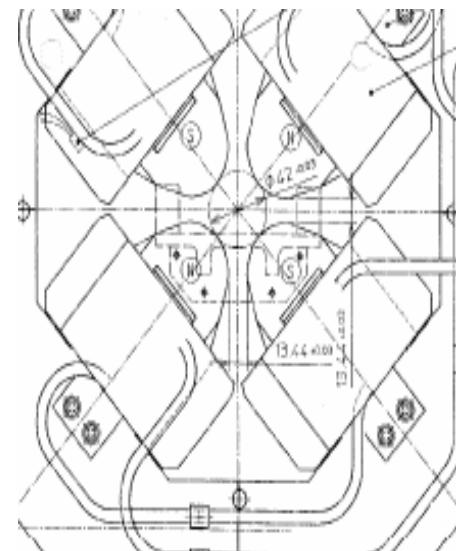


→ K1L and K2L error almost disappears !

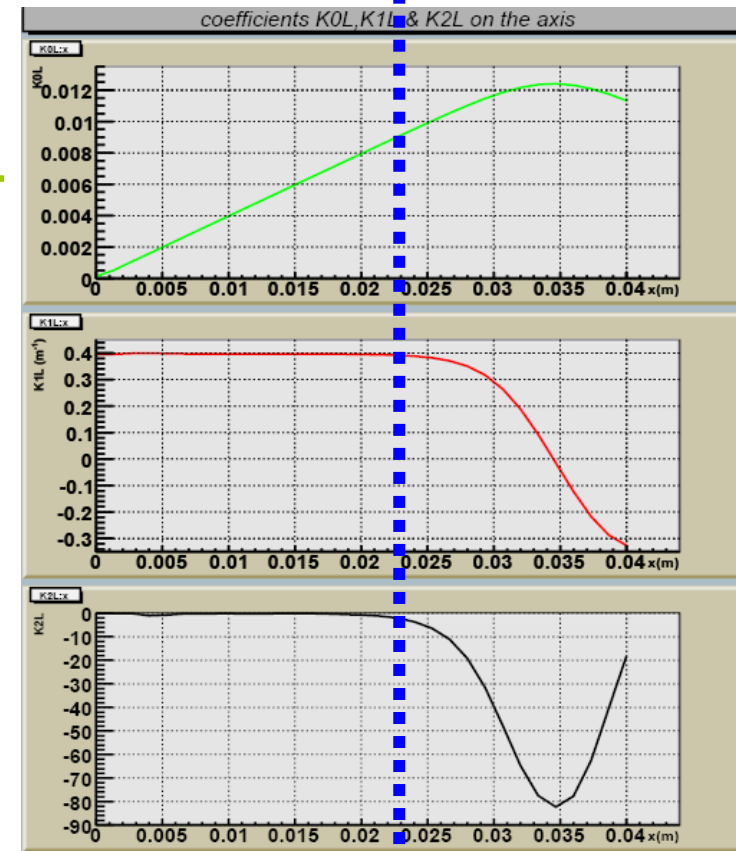
K0L

**K1L** ~ 0.392 m<sup>-1</sup>  
 = 0.99 × nominal  
 (previously = 0.76 × nominal)

**K2L** ~ 1 m<sup>-2</sup>  
 (previously = 46.6 m<sup>-2</sup>)



$X_{ext} = 22.5 \text{ mm}$



extracted beam offset [m]

	Radius	Turns	Max I	Current needed:
QM7	16mm	17	139 A	$130 \cdot (42/32)^2 \cdot 17/26 = 146 \text{ A}$
Q-3581	<b>21mm</b>	26	245 A	→ present PS system sufficient