

Beam-Test@CERN

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Aims

- Test a mini DHCAL with new generation embedded electronics readout in beam conditions for the first time
- Use the high precision provided by EuDet telescope to study the inefficiency of GRPC due to inter-pads and edge effects.



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Clusters and tracks reconstruction in mini DHCAL

A simple reconstruction algorithm was used to study the GRPC detectors

Clustering:

touched pads were gathered into clusters if relative distance is less than 2cm. Pads having only one threshold: weight = 1 Pads having two thresholds : weight = 2

Tracking :

Clusters belonging to different detectors were gathered into tracks if compatible with straight line

Inefficiency Study using EuDet Telescope

- The available beam at T10 is made of 1-6 GeV pions.
 6 GeV pions were used for this study
- SciPM+TLU system was used as trigger for both EuDet telescope and the DHCAL so events in both detectors were associated.
- Due to multiple scattering in the 4 GRPC's of the mini DHCAL (even with no absorber) only the first arm (3 sensors) was used to reconstruct tracks
- Using the alignment result from the photogrammetry measurement, tracks reconstructed in the first arm were projected to the GRPC's. The clusters associated to those tracks are recorded.
- The efficiency of tracks reconstruction in Eudet is between 50 and 60%_{1.Laktineh-IPNL}

expected position%seen for found clusters GRPC clusters position







Conclusion

- The beam test realized using EuDet telescope was very fruitful
- Preliminary results show an edge effect but this should be more investigated
- No inter-pad effect in the GRPC (within the available statistics). New version of GRPC with improved frame should reduce this effect.
- Apply the same study to the other three GRPC detectors.