

Update on S0 Work in the Americas Region

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04 November 2008



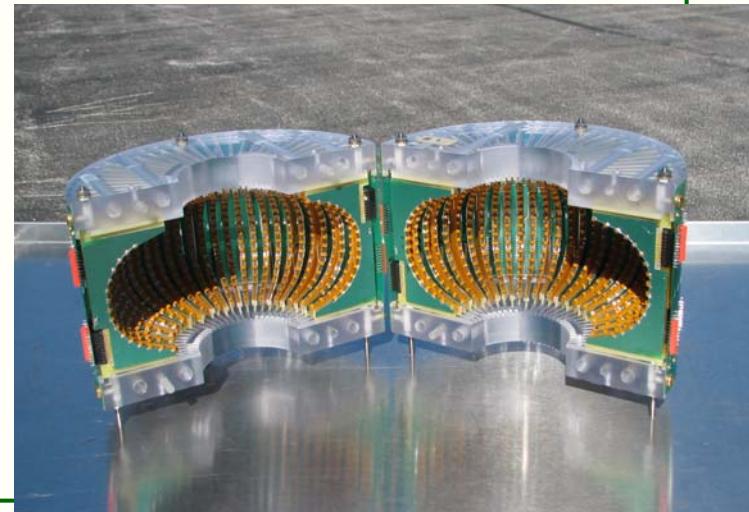


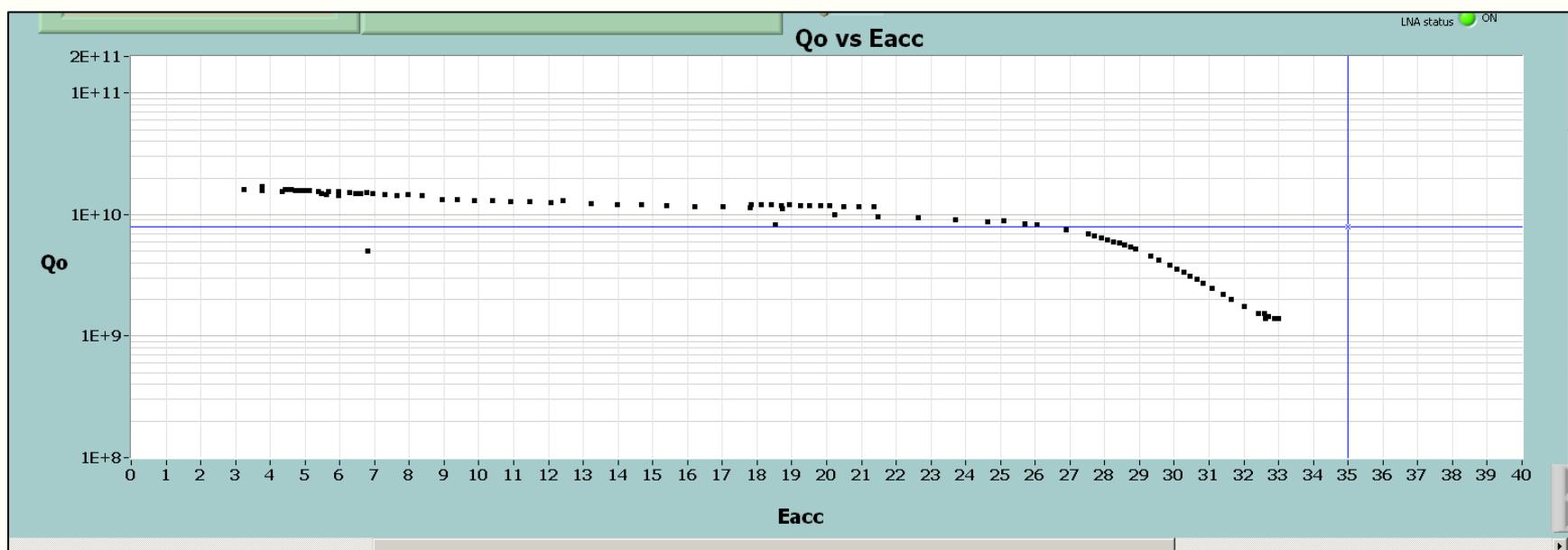
**Installation of ultrasonic
cleaning system in progress**



**High-pressure rinsing system
commissioned Oct 29**

- 12 nine-cell cavities ordered recently
 - Six from AES
 - Six from Niowave-Roark
 - All due in about 1 year
- AES single-cell cavity (TE1AES004) tested after electro-polishing at Argonne; degreasing, HPR and assembly at Fermilab
- Single-cell T-mapping system tested
 - Data analysis in progress
 - Will undergo more testing in coming weeks





- 33 MV/m at $Q_o \sim 1.3e9$; field emission limited; no baking
- Next performed 120 C bake, but leak in cavity vacuum line caused contamination and greatly increased the field emission
- Cavity will undergo additional degreasing and high-pressure rinsing and then another test
- Meanwhile, a Niowave-Roark single-cell cavity (NR2) has been electro-polished and is being prepared for testing at Fermilab

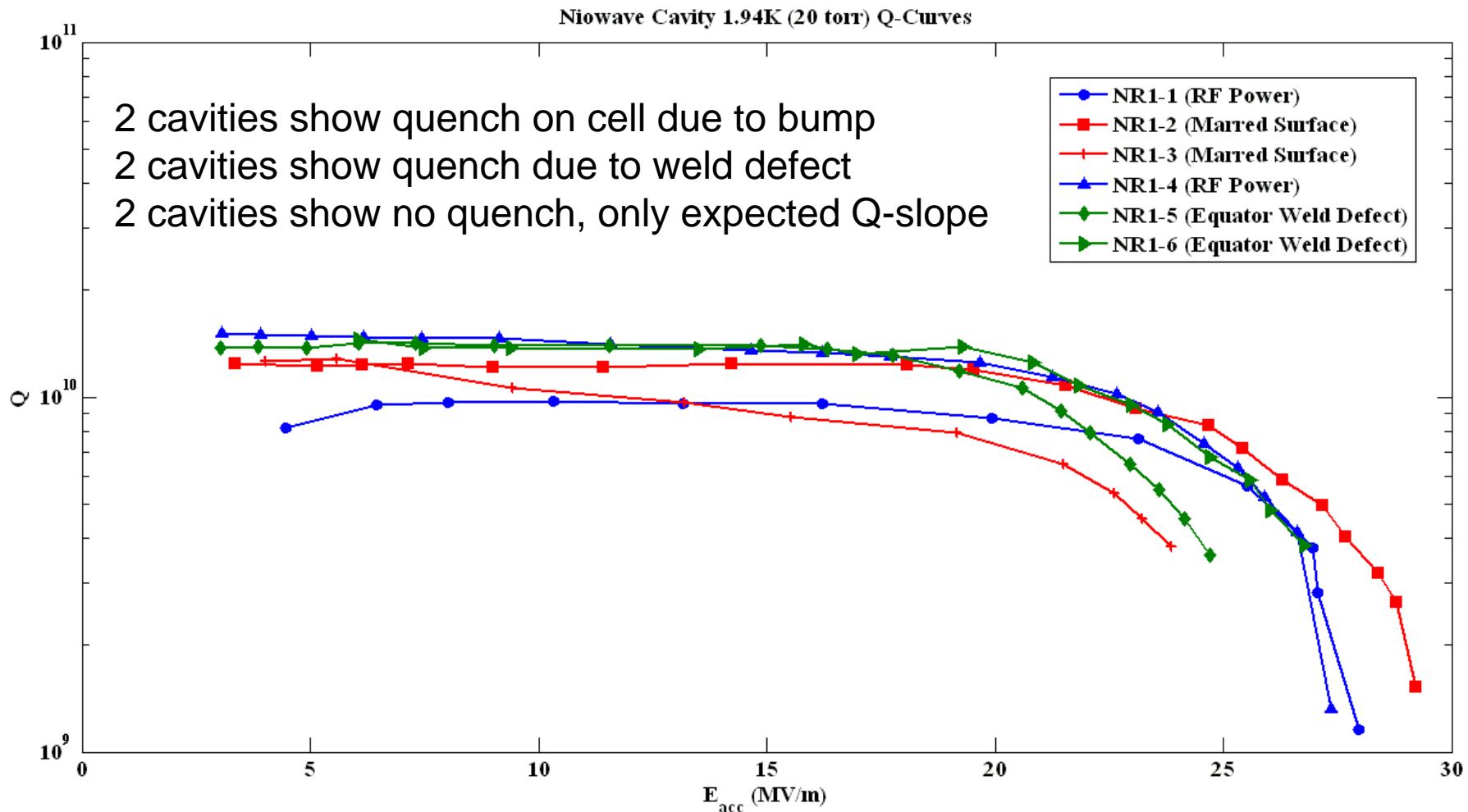


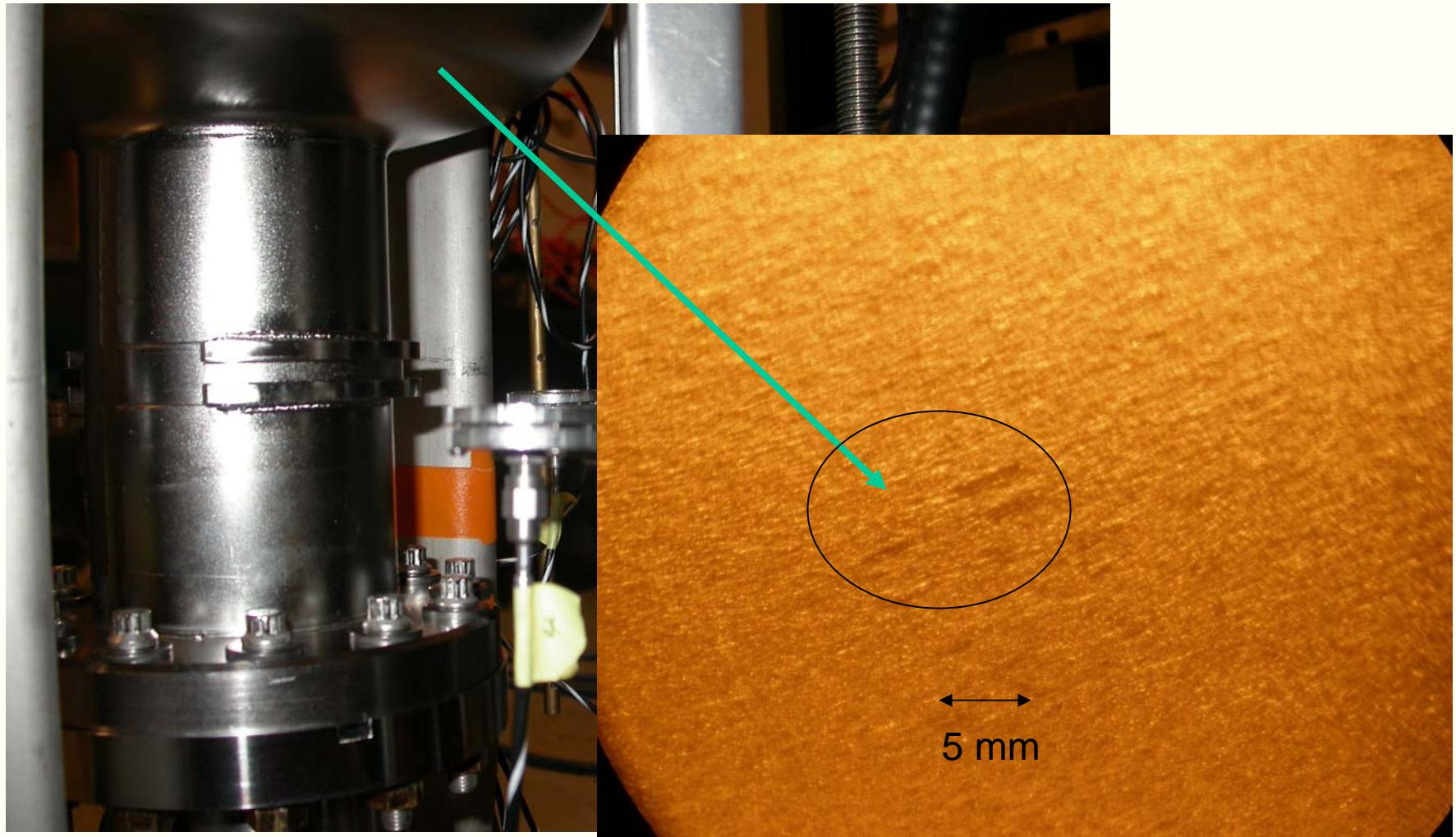
- Slides provided by Hasan

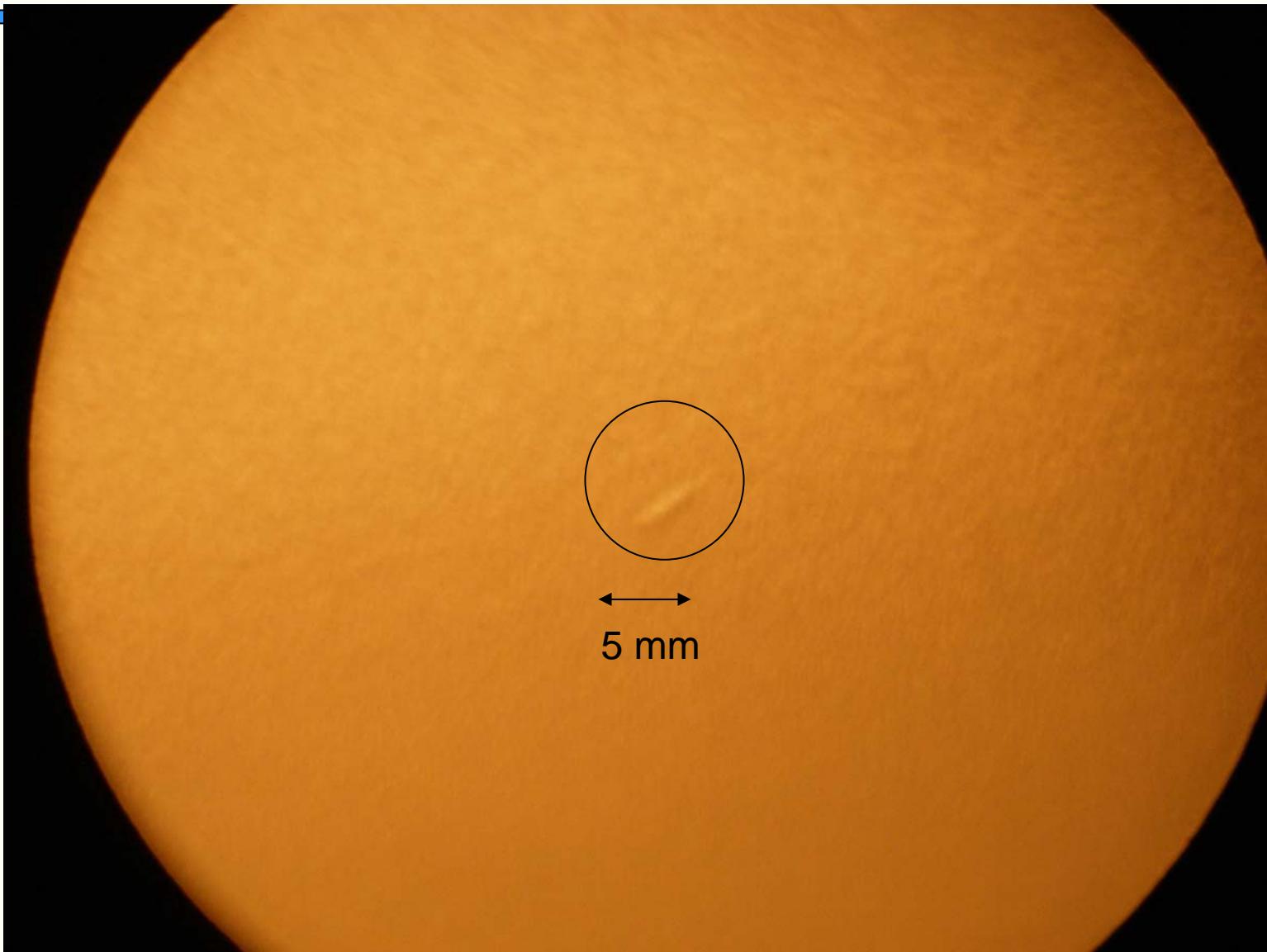


Niowave-Roark Cavities Preparation

| Niowave Cavity | BCP (1:1:2) Etch | Q_0 (1.94 K) | Peak E_{acc} | Q at Peak E_{acc} | Field Limit |
|----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| NR1-1 | 85 mm | 8.2 e 9 | 27.9 MV/m | 1.2 e 9 | RF Power |
| NR1-2 | 113 mm | 1.2 e 10 | 29.2 MV/m | 1.5 e 9 | Marred Surface Picture shown |
| NR1-3 | 60 mm | 1.3 e 10 | 23.8 MV/m | 3.8 e 9 | Marred Surface Picture shown |
| NR1-4 | 254 mm | 1.5 e 10 | 27.4 MV/m | 1.3 e 9 | RF Power |
| NR1-5 | 184 mm | 1.4 e 10 | 24.7 MV/m | 3.6 e 9 | Equator Weld Defect Picture shown |
| NR1-6 | 205 mm | 1.5 e 10 | 26.8 MV/m | 3.8 e 9 | Equator Weld Defect No picture yet |





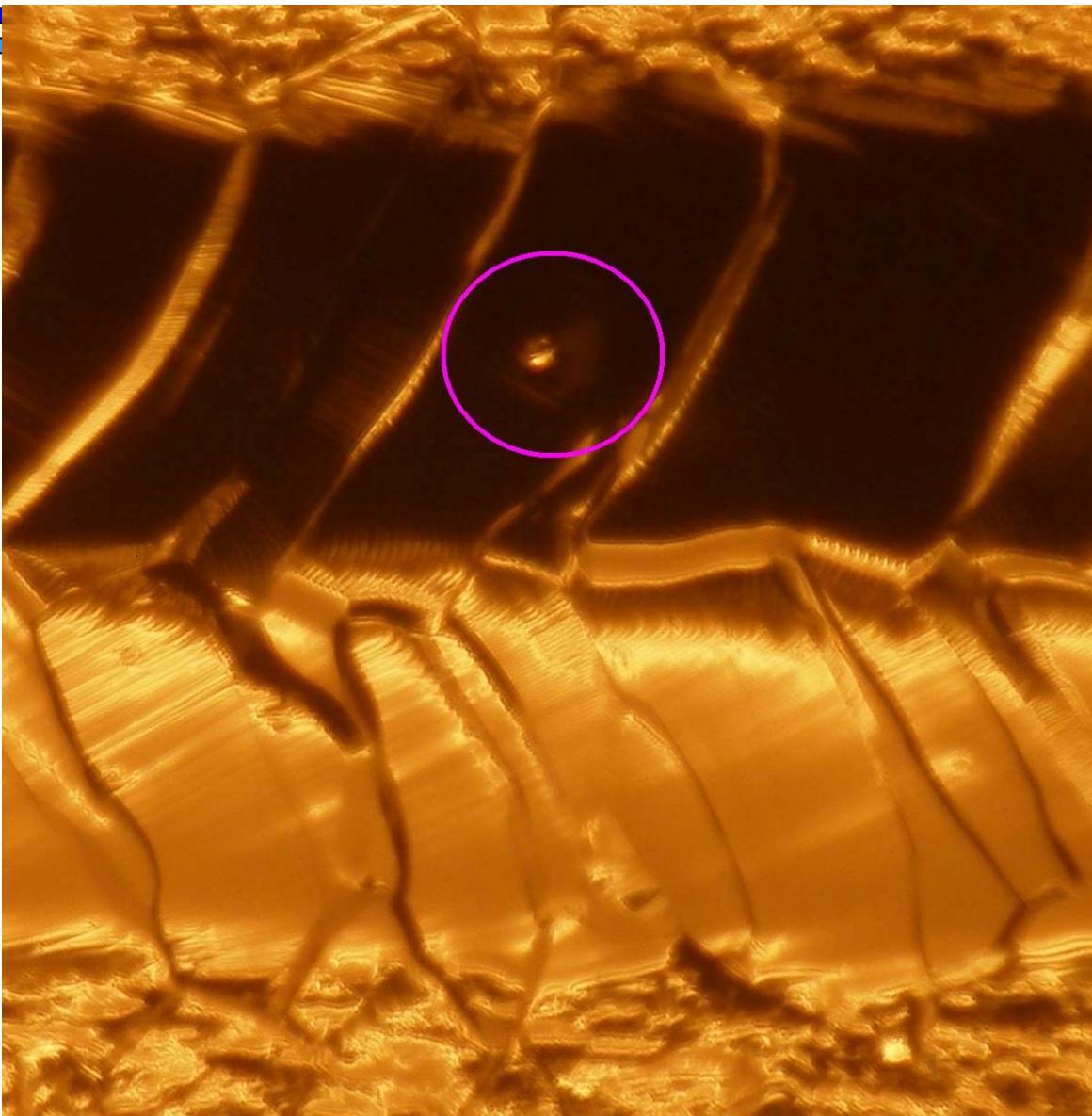




Related Defect on Die at Niowave



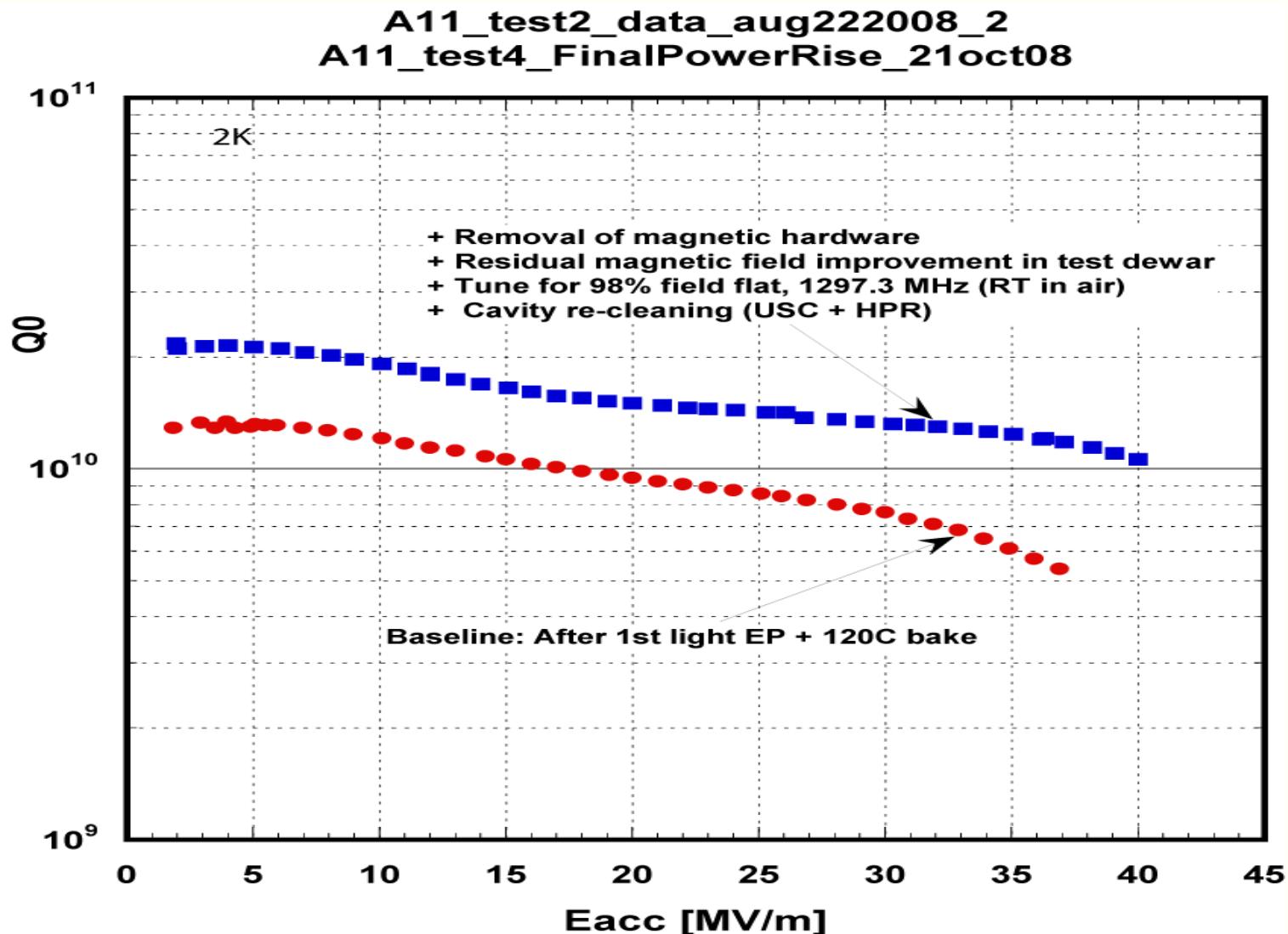
Cavity #5: Pit on Equator Weld Discovered with 2nd Sound Detection and Questar Optical Inspection



Pit size = 100 μm

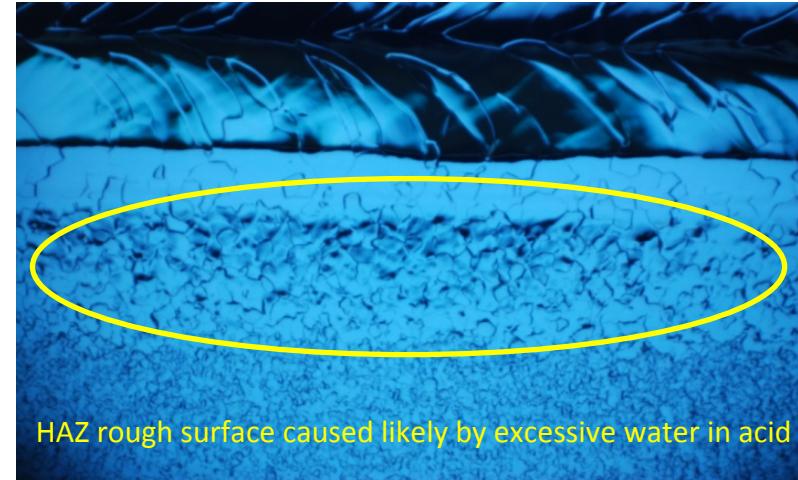
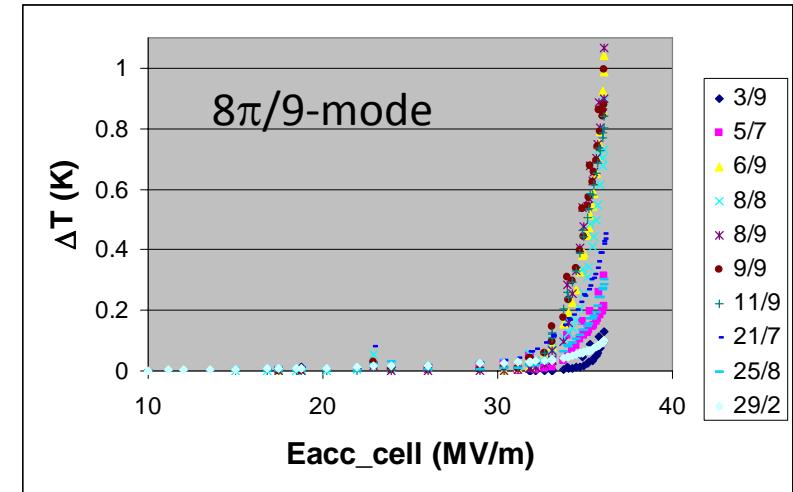
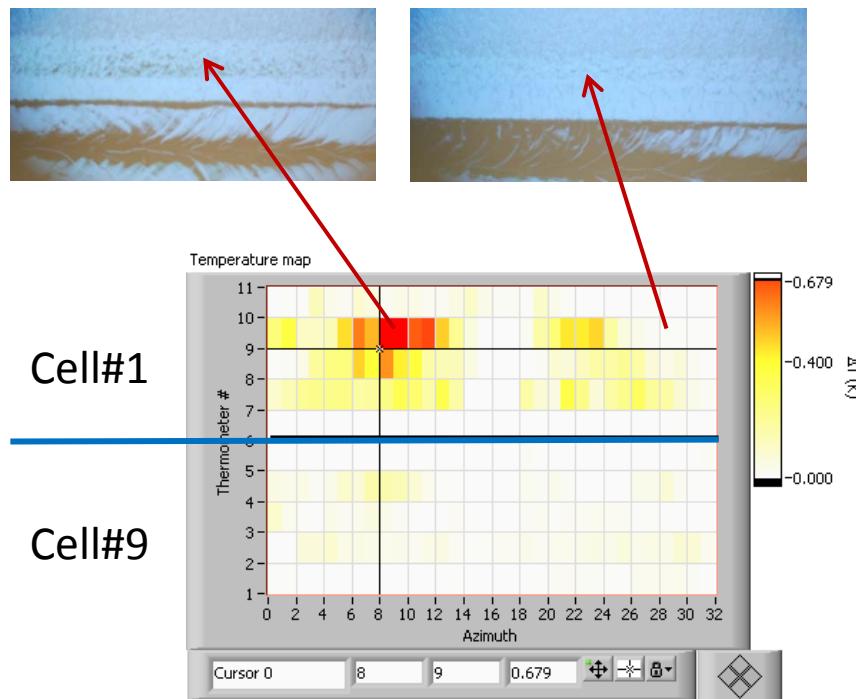


- Slides provided by Rongli



J2 re-tested with T-mapping & RF surface inspected

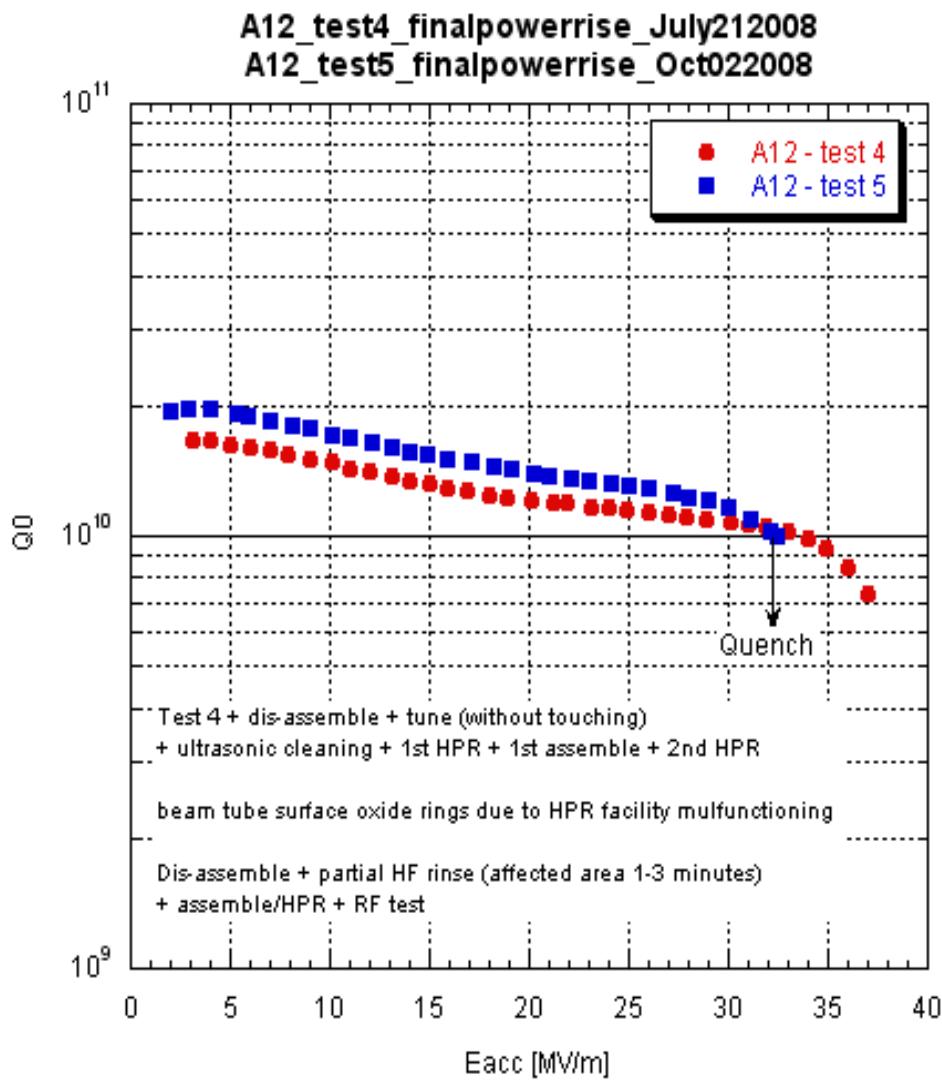
- Thermometers on cell #1 & #9. Mode-mixing (π & $8\pi/9$) observed when $E_{acc} > 9$ MV/m for π -mode excitation. Some evidence of electronic activity at tip of transmitted power antenna.
- With $8\pi/9$ -mode excitation, Quench limit reached at 36 MV/m. Hot spots in cell#1.
- Apparent enhanced roughness in hot region as well as pits close to hot spots.
- $\Delta T(E_{acc})QE^n$, $n=2.5-3$ for $E_{acc}=10-30$ MV/m in hot AND cold region; $n=25-40$ for $E_{acc}>30$ MV/m.
- HAZ of all cells inspected (7 of 9) show enhanced roughness – presumably caused by less-optimal bulk EP due to water addition into EP acid after one use.



A major bug (causing H2O addition into sump) in EP machine discovered/removed
J2 second light EP Wednesday – stay tuned

November 04, 2008

HAZ rough surface caused likely by excessive water in acid



Status

- A12 exceeded 35 MV/m after first light EP.
- Plan was tuning for final frequency and field flatness and ship to FNAL.
- Oxide rings formed inside beam tube during final HPR due to stoppage of wand movement.
- Removal of oxide rings necessary – localized HF rinse successful.
- A12 reached quench limit at 32.5 MV/m after localized HF rinse.

Next

- T-mapping is next
- Another light EP will follow