Status and Plans of STF

Hitoshi Hayano, KEK, 03292009

outline

• Completion of STF 1.0

1 TESLA-shape cavity cool-down test
1 LL-shape cavity cool-down test
4 TESLA-shape cavities cryomodule experiment
STF cavity process and test facility construction

Preparation of S1-Global

8 cavities cryomodule test with 31.5MV/m operation (S1-task) 2 DESY + 2 FNAL + 4 KEK cavities

• Start-up of STF 2.0

construction and operation of ILC cryomodule with ILC beam RF gun + capture cryomodule + 3 ILC cryomodules

1 TESLA-shape cavity cool-down test



Cool-down test schedule:

Oct. 03-12, 2007: cool down test, suspended by SRF workshop Oct. 22 -26: re-cool down Oct.29 - Nov. 02 : 4K Test (1 week) Nov.05 - Nov. 09 : 2K Test(1 week) Nov.12 - Nov 22 : 2K with HLRF on (2 weeks)

Test Items:

Cool down control Heat load measurements Cavity fundamentals(Q,Eacc,f0..) Lorentz detuning Piezo compensation Mechanical vibration GRP distortion by WPM etc.

Compensation by Piezo (1) ; higher Tension



1 LL-shape cavity cool-down test



Installation of 4 TESLA-shape cavities into cryomodule



TESLA-style cavities were assembled in clean room, hung on the cold mass, and inserted into the vessel, on Feb. 29, 2008.





STF1.0 (4 TESLA-style cavities in short cryomodule)

exp. term : May 2008 – Dec. 2008 Experience of ILC cryomodule technology

module assembly, 2k cryogenics, heat load, cavity performance, LLRF performance, waveguide configuration test, Qext control



high power test, 4 cavities combined, using external phase shifters and variable reflectors. QL can be set +/- 15%.



high power test, one by one.



high power test, 4 cavities combined, using tree-type distribution.

Cavity performance in STF 1.0 cryomodule



LLRF control for 4 cavities vector sum



The stabilities were very good.

cavity circulator removal test



stability results of circulator removal test



Measured QL variation in case of circulator removed

test #	date	set up condition	average QL of cavity#1 for 150 pulse meas.	Pf_flat	Pf_rf_off
(1)	Dec. 3	with circulators in each cavity input	1.28E+06	99.9%	0.206%
(2)	Dec. 4	circulator#1 removed	1.22E+06	97.6%	7.06%
(7)	Dec. 5	circulator#1+#2 removed, cavity #2 detune.	1.40E+06	97.8%	6.86%
(11)	Dec. 6	all circulators removed, cavity #2 detune.	1.47E+06	104%	5.02%
(12)	Dec. 6	all circulators removed, cavity #2, #3 detune.	1.34E+06	97.3%	6.19%
(13)	Dec. 6	all circulators removed, cavity #2, #3, #4 detune.	1.35E+06	97.7%	7.35%
(18)	Dec. 6	all circulators removed, cavity #2 detune, use bad isolation hybrid.	1.26E+06	94.2%	20.3%
(19)	Dec. 6	all circulators removed, cavity #2, #3 detune, use bad isolation hybrid.	1.23E+06	92.7%	18.0%
(20)	Dec. 6	all circulators removed, cavity #2, #3, #4 detune, use bad isolation hybrid.	1.17E+06	91.2%	24.6%

Measured QL variation in several cases are 1.17-1.47E06, with/without circulators.

No repeatability for piezo response (STF1.0 experiment)



support tab friction for piezo drive?? \rightarrow confirmation by room-temp meas.

confirmation by room-temp meas. consideration of tuner design change.



STF1.0 remains (exp. in 2009, before S1-Global)

- (1) precise measurement of GRP thermal distortion using laser distance-meter, improved WPM monitors, magnetic flux measurement at cavity position.
- (2) Test of 5K shield removal (thermal performance measurement)



nagnetic flux measurement setup

	200	9								
		1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Modification of Modiule-B										
Test of the components in the module				↔						
Preparation for thermal test					←→					
Heat load measurements with 5K shield						←→				
Preparation for thermal test							•	•		
Heat load measurements without 5K shield										

Test schedule

STF Facility Start-up: EP Facility

9-cell cavity on the EP bed



EP acid: HF + H₂SO₄ Aluminum anode, surface removal speed: 20µm/hour, ~18V ~270A ~30degC cavity rotation: 1 rot/min





electrode in/out in vertically

ultra-sonic cleaning





HPR installation

120C bake

STF Facility Start-up : Vertical Test Facility



AES001 Pre-tuning tuned to 96.6% flatness.





Installation test into cryostat

Cavity Installation test and pumping test

Temperature Sensors (T-map)



Performance of STF EP & VT



Inspection camera

Research on gradient limitation; Use of Inspection Camera together with T-map for identifying the reason of quench. Use it for new production cavities.

upgrade : cylinder rotation instead cavity rotation, LED illumination instead EL, twice much high resolution, full automated image capture, automated defect finding, ...



Inspection Camera (KEK-Kyoto)





shallow defect found on MHI#6 cavity new production

Automated pre-tuning machine

DESY-FNAL-KEK collaboration; full automated pre-tuning machine for speedup of pre-tuning process.

DESY: hardware development



S1-Global

Aiming 31.5MV/m operational cryomodule, by international collaboration

assembly : Oct 2009 - April 2010 operation : May 2010 – December 2010 MOU between INFN and KEK : exist MOU between DESY and KEK : first version was exchanged MOU between FNAL and KEK : first version was exchanged MOU between SLAC and KEK : start soon

Module-A : existing KEK cryostat + 4 new KEK cavities Module-C : INFN cryostat + 2 DESY cavities + 2 FNAL cavities power distribution : 2 SLAC VTO + existing KEK WG





STF2.0 accelerator plan

New installation;

photocathode RFgun : FNAL gun cavity, JINR-IAP laser, ATF photocathode capture cavity : two 9-cell SC cavities cryomodule : 3 ILC cryomodules (1 ILC RF unit) klystron : 10MW horizontal multi-beam klystron modulator : bouncer modulator

> HPV applications for cavity package, cryomodule, cryogenics, independently. Material strength test are required in the applications. (Nb, Ti, are not standard materials in HPV. 2K is also difficult for strength test.)



STF Accelerator Plan

Cryomodules installation in STF tunnel



STF2.0 Pre-accelerator part

On a way to construct STF phase2.0 accelerator;

verification experiment : compact light source accelerator use of STF RF gun and capture cavities : two 9-cell SC cavities with beam collision to stored laser in multi-mirror storage cavity.





RF gun construction for STF phase 2

As a beam source of STF phase2.0 accelerator;

DESY-FNAL design RF gun cavities are under fabrication in FNAL. KEK joined this program.

____ Delivery of gun cavity and input coupler is scheduled in May 2009.



Plans from S1-G to STF phase 2





Summary of STF achievements and Plans

(1) Quick experience of cryomodule technologies by STF 1.0. In parallel, infra-structures like EP and VT are in development.

- '1 cavity test for both TESLA-shape and LL-shape, 4 TESLA-shape cavities cool-down test'
- (2) Instrumentations like T-map and inspection camera etc are under development and upgrade continuously.

'To ensure cavity gradient performance, to find reason of quench'

(3) Preparation of 'S1-Global' cryomodule test is on a way.

'KEK fabricated 5 cavities. DESY 2 and FNAL 2 are expected. INFN module C is under fabrication'

(4) Construction of STF phase 2 cryomodules with HPV regulation passed is started.

'Work for HPV regulation clear is on going for the first 11 cavities.'