

RPC Option for SiD Muon System

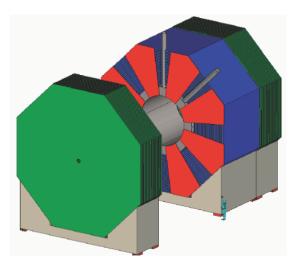
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SiD Muon DOD



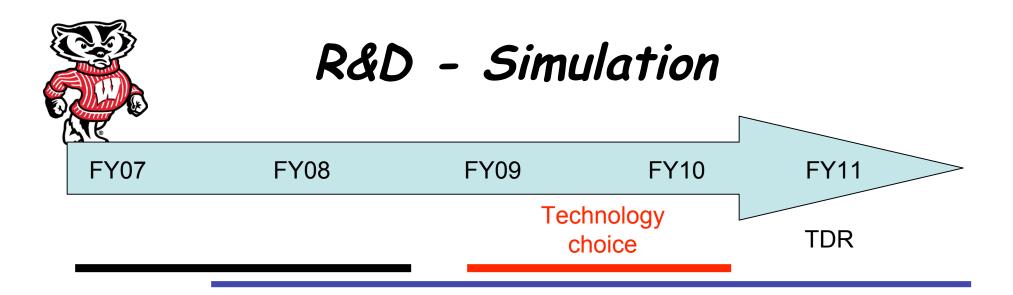
- SiD
 - 2.3 m thick flux return
 - 15 layers
 - Tail-catcher ?



- Modest detector requirements
 - Muon bkgds with spoilers 1.2 10⁻³ Hz/cm² (Mokhov)
 - ~1 cm resolution
- Many technology choices
 - RPCs 3 cm x/y strips -or-
 - Scintillators 4.1 cm x or y planes

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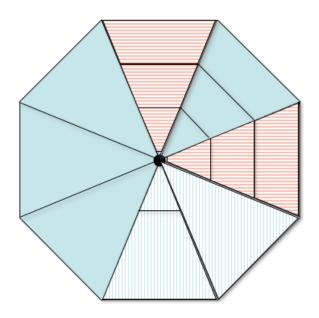


- Generic Detector studies see Caroline's talk
 - # layers?
 - Resolution?
 - Tail-catcher?
- Specific technology designs
 - Steel geometry
 - Maximize coverage
- Muon particle ID in Hcal/muon



SiD - RPC Design

- Barrel
 - Size ~2.9X5.9 5.6X5.9 m
 - With (15 layers) 10 RPCs per layer per octant for a total of 1200 RPCs in the barrel with area of ~ 2700 m².
- Endcaps
 - 3 RPCs per octant per layer the endcaps would have 720 RPCs with a area of 3400 m².
- 6100 m² (15 layers) 2600 chambers @ 2-3 m²
- 350,000 channels
- 5200 Digitizing chips (KPIX?)



- · RPCs
 - 3 cm pitch ~ 1cm resolution
 - XY readout
 - Single or double gap?
 - Glass or Bakelite ?



RPC R&D Issues

- RPCs have proven to be less robust than initially promised
- Many observed failure modes
 - Improperly cured linseed oil
 - Eroded graphite coatings
 - Too much humidity BELLE glass RPCs
 - Too little humidity BaBar bakelite RPCs
- However, extensive R&D has led too a better understanding of aging mechanisms
 - Improved construction techniques
 - Avalanche mode
 - Humidified gas
 - Aging tests to 10 LHC year equivalents
- Will know in several years from the operational experience of CMS, ATLAS, BELLE, BaBar if RPCs can be made reliable

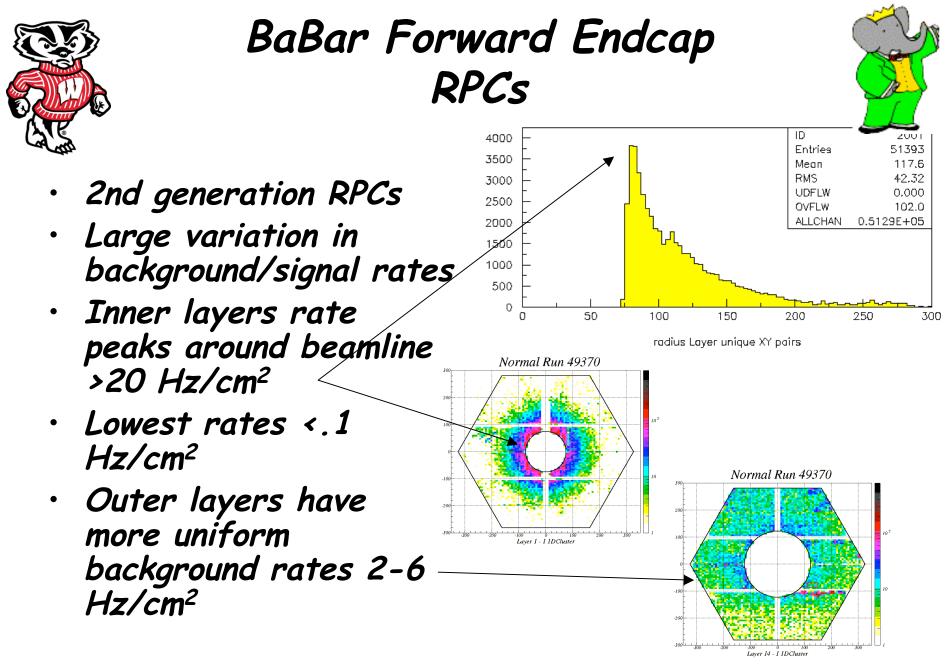
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Status of present streamer mode RPCs

- BELLE glass RPCs doing well after changes to gas plumbing
 - No signs of aging when rates are limited (< 0.2 Hz cm²⁾
 - Outer endcap layers turned off
- 2nd generation BaBar Bakelite RPCs
 - < 2 Hz/cm² few problems in 4 years
 - >20 Hz/cm² losing efficiency
- BES III installing ~2000 m² of Bakelite RPCs
 - Innovative plastic film surface no linseed oil
 - Prototypes show stable performance



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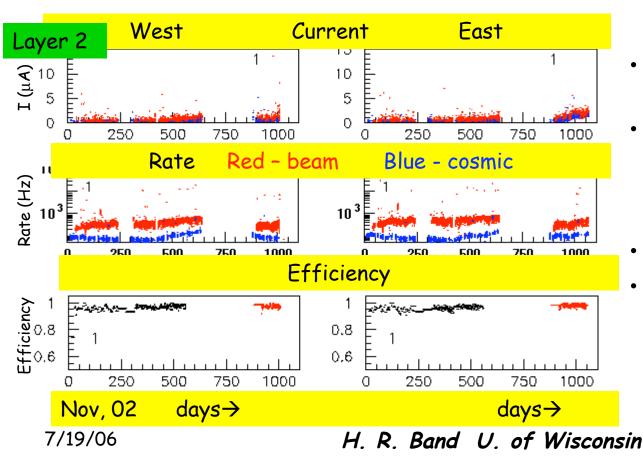




West 6 East 100 -100 -200-300 -200 -100 -200 -100 -200 -300

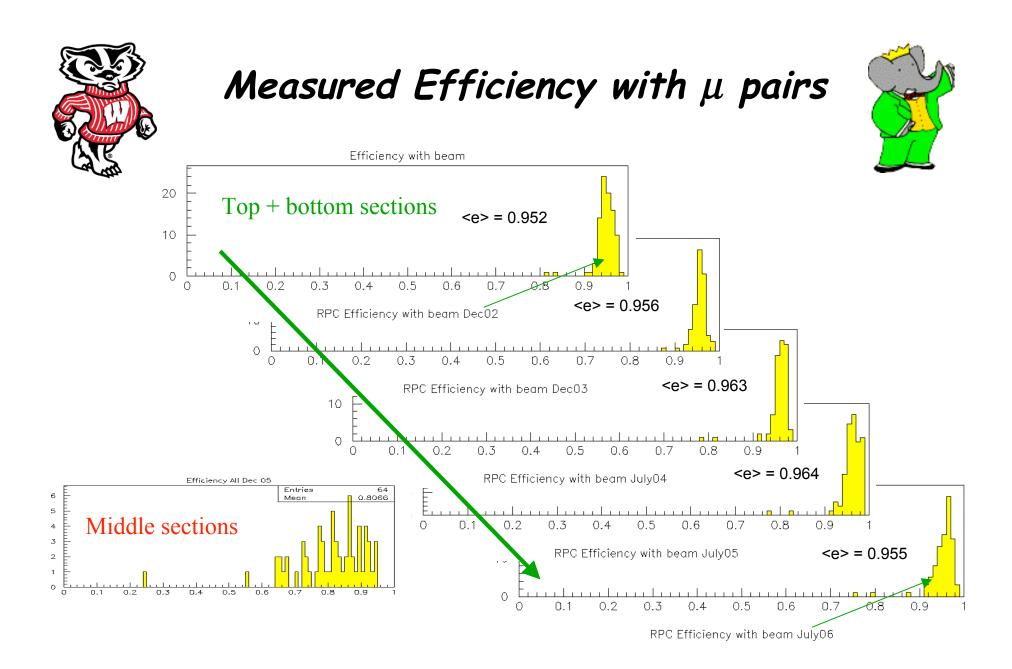


 Top-6 & bottom-1 RPCs of inner layers have very low rates



- Currents, rates, & efficiency stable
- Positions 2 & 5 are similar but may have higher currents
- 112/192 RPCs
 - Most Top/Bottom Chambers expect
 - < 0.1 C/cm² by 08

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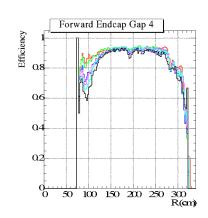
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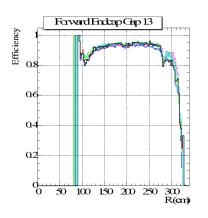
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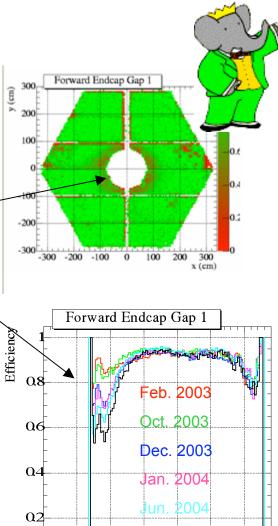


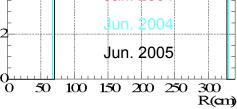
Small Radii

- Middle RPCs exhibit a rate dependent inefficiency that gets worse with time
- Eff. OK with cosmics only
- Not improved by humid gas









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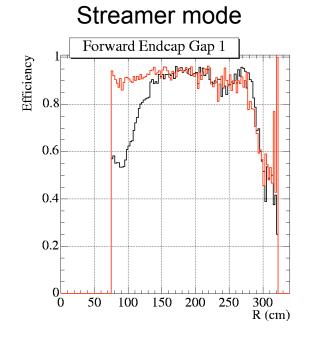


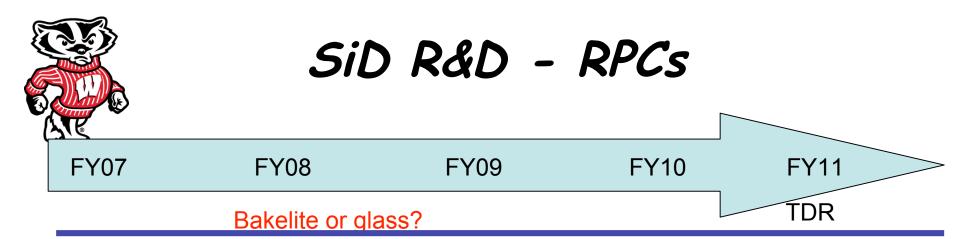
Avalanche Mode



- 3 middle RPCs converted to avalanche mode operation in 2005
 - Preamps
 - Gas
- Currents dropped by 1/5
- Noise rates doubled
- Efficiency improved







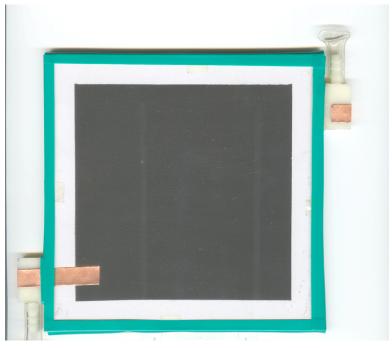
- Does KPIX chip work well with RPCs?
 - Need <100 channels / chip
 - Want longer live time
 - Monitor efficiency with cosmic rays
 - Test 64 channel KPIX version with real RPCs, pickup strips
- · RPC aging
 - Experience at low rates encouraging
 - Continue study of high rate problems to understand all aging mechanisms
 - Test BESIII RPCs
- Develop cost models 7/19/06 H. R. Band U. of Wisconsin



RPC Aging Studies

- BaBar(Wisconsin&Roma)
 - Avalanche mode
 - Fluorine production (HF) & absorption
 - Humidity
 - High Rate effects
- Princeton
 - Avalanche mode
 - Surface quality studies
 - Gas
 - Fluorine production (HF) & absorption
- Bakelite Experience
 - Need glass RPC tests

- Study BES III RPC response to humidity and HF



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Summary

- Expect
 - RPCs to maintain cost advantage over other technologies
 - RPC Aging issues will be under control
- R&D plan will hopefully prove both