# ILD Push－pull Strategy 

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## Major issues in the push－pull operation

I．Overall
Switchover time and frequency
II．Detector
（1）Stability during the movement，and the position reproducibility
（2）Connection to the outer world
－flexible lines as much as possible
（3）Detector services on the beam line and calibration
（4）Support of final quadrupole and its alignment
（5）Self－shielding（radiation）and stray field of detector magnet
III．Accelerator
（1）Optics with different $L^{*}$ and beam tuning time
（2）Separation between QD0／SD0 and QF2／SF 1
－optics verification and stability
（3）Alignment and BBA to resume the luminosity run

## L＊dependence

－The original plan was to study the $L^{*}$ dependence（in the range of $3.5-4.5 \mathrm{~m}$ ）before the Sendai meeting．This plan cannot be now completed．
－Thus，results below are based on a model as of early December 2007，which was not scrutinized and may have some flaws，and too optimistic assumptions．
－The information，even tentative，may still be useful for discussion of detector optimization．
－The case of doubling L＊also shown．

Tentative dependence of luminosity on L＊
Reduced by～10－20\％for L＊ $3.5 \mathrm{~m}=>4.5 \mathrm{~m}$

Reduced $\sim$ factor of two for $3.5 \mathrm{~m}=>7.0 \mathrm{~m}$



## I．Overall－basic questions

（1）What is a maximum integrated luminosity for one experimental period／cycle，since＂neither detector should be able to get a significant luminosity advantage in a single cycle＂？

Minimum integrated luminosity would be $4 \mathrm{fb}^{-1}$ for Higgs ＂discovery＂at the optimal CM energy which must be true with the LHC result．If not， $10 \mathrm{fb}^{-1}$ would be needed at Ecm $=500 \mathrm{GeV}$ ． Slepton discovery has similar luminosity of $10 \mathrm{fb}^{-1}$ ．Therefore，the maximum one should be less than $10 \mathrm{fb}^{-1}$ ．

ILC is also energy frontier machine！
（2）What is a fraction for the switchover in order to satisfy the ILC physics scope？

# ＂Parameters for the Linear Collider＂ 

Update November 20， 2006
The Parameters Subcommittee of ILCSC
Asia：Sachio Komamiya，Dongchul Son
Europe ：Rolf Heuer（chair），Francois Richard
North America：Paul Grannis，Mark Oreglia

## For LC operation at less than maximum energy，we assume that the luminosity scales as $L \sim \sqrt{s}$ ． Baseline machine

＂Luminosity and reliability of the machine should allow the collection of approximately $L_{e q}=500 \mathrm{fb}^{-1}$ in the first four years of running，not counting year zero which is assumed to mainly serve for machine commissioning and short pilot physics run（s）．．．．．．the full luminosity of $2 \times 10^{34} \mathrm{~cm}^{-2} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ at $500 \mathrm{GeV} . .$.

It is assumed here that the design luminosity and the efficiency／reliability of the machine will only be reached gradually within the first years of operation（10， 30 and $60 \%$ in years 1,2 and 3，resp．）and that the design luminosity and reliability will be reached in year four（i．e．100\％in year 4）of physics running，not counting year 0.

The interaction region（IR）should allow for two experiments． Two experiments are desired to allow independent and complementary measurements of critical parameters and to provide better use of the beams thereby maximizing the physics output．Switching between experiments should be accomplished with less than a few percent loss of integrated luminosity．If necessary for design and cost considerations，the two experiments could share a common IR，provided that the detector changeover can be accomplished in approximately 1 week．In this＂push－pull＂ scenario，it would be expected that detector changeovers would occur at predetermined values of luminosity accumulated．

I．）A scenario suggested by R．Settles and modified by T．Tauchi， －－Notation：BPL＝best possible luminosity．
－－Assumption：two detectors acquire BPL in $1.25 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{sec}$ each year． That is， $0.62 \times 10^{7}$ sec per detector．
－－Assumption： $1.25 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{sec}=145$ days $=20$ weeks running at BPL． That is， 10 weeks per detector per year．
－－Assumption：Yearly long shutdown for yearend holidays and machine work／detector work＝ 12 weeks（week 51 to week 10 ）． －－Scenario：－start week 11，det－1 on beam．

－push－pull＋calib

2 weeks＋ 1 week contingency for machine study and inefficiency

1 week
2 weeks＋ 1 week contingency for machine study and inefficiency
1 week
－－Therefore 1 cycle $=8$ weeks．
－－Need 5 cycles so that each detector gets 10 weeks of BPL running．
－－Total running time $=40$ weeks，meaning from week 11 to week 50 ．

II．）Evolution of BPL from＂Parameters for the Linear Collider＂，November 2006：

For $1.25 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{sec}$ of running in a year and $L_{\text {goal }}=2 \times 10^{34} \mathrm{~cm}^{-2} \mathrm{sec}^{-1}$ ，
－－Yr 0：commissioning of machine and detectors，i．e．no BPL running．
$--Y r ~ 1: B P L=10 \%$ of $L_{\text {goal }}=25 \mathrm{fb}^{-1}: 2.5 \mathrm{fb}^{-1} /$ push－pull
$--Y r 2: B P L=30 \%$ of Lgoal $=75 \mathrm{fb}^{-1}: 7.5 \mathrm{fb}^{-1} /$ push－pull
－－Yr 3：BPL $=60 \%$ of Lgoal $=150 \mathrm{fb}^{-1}: 15 \mathrm{fb}^{-1} /$ push－pull
－－Yr 4：BPL $=100 \%$ of Lgoal $=250 \mathrm{fb}^{-1}: 25 \mathrm{fb}^{-1} /$ push－pull

$$
\text { total }=500 \mathrm{fb}^{-1} \text { (250 fb-1 each for two detectors) }
$$ This model involves 10 push－pulls per year while for precision－ physics measurements，we may need fewer push－pulls．

Do we need Gentleman＇s agreement between the two detectors for common publication of experimental results ？
＂Discovery papers＂with all members of two collaborations plus accelerator physicists as authors

## Physics Scope at ILC

## Work Plan

Integrated luminosity to optimize the machine parameters
statistical and theoretical accuracies
the accuracies required by physics（channels and observable ）
Running scenario
generic one in the ILC physics scope ：500fb ${ }^{-1}$ for 4years
T．Tauchi，R．Settles done
Sep． 09 specific one with specific physics scenario

Currently projected LHC timeline


Questions to be answered by ILC

SUSY or new spectroscopy？ Z＇models？

Higgs ：SM ？ precision physics

The specific phenomena found at the LHC urgently require new measurements that can only be made at an e＋e－ collider and are possible at 500 GeV ．（M．Peskin）

## Push－Pull with Platform

The ILD detector will be placed on a concrete platform to avoid possible damages due to non－synchronized movements or from vibrations during push－pull and also to ease internal alignment challenges


## ～12kton

From this．．．． $\qquad$ ．．．．．．．to this


Ground motion through the feet


Reinforced concrete Slab
$i$


Four support lines for 4＇000 tons each


10kt Anti－seismic supports

## Total Mass～1200 tons




Need these studies for ILD！
$\therefore 2=8$

Random vibrations


Frequency Response Platform


Integrated r．m．s．（mm）


PSD response Platform


Integrated r．m．s．（mm）

## Cable－chains and power bus－bars



Cryo \＆Vacuum Garage position
Comment：20－30kA bus－line work is a nontrivial task！


## Detector Switchover Time Estimation ：Goal

| Procedures－about 2 days for the full push－pull operations after <br> procedures have been optimized based on experiences | time in <br> hours |
| :--- | :---: |
| Securing beams | 1 |
| Powering down of the detector solenoid（2GJ and 18．2kA to zero ） | 3 |
| Stability work for pressure and temperature in the cryogenics system | 3 |
| Removing the radiation shield between detector and hall | 2 |
| Disconnecting all local supplies（in principle only the main bus－bar） | 3 |
| Disconnecting the beam pipe between the QDO and the QF 1 magnets | 2 |
| Moving the detector out towards its garage position（2．1 mm／s in 15m） | 2 |
| Connecting back the main bus－bar in the garage position | 3 |
| Reversed procedure for the incoming detector | 19 |
| Pressure in the beam pipe：filled with inert gas and pumping to 10－5Pa | several |
| Alignment and calibration of the detector system in the beam line | several |

Comment ：Stability due to movement of about 12kton detector－a site study

## Summary of Push－pull Issues

## 1．Switchover Time for Roll－out and Roll－in

2 day without disconnection of all cables and pipes
or， 1 week with disconnection of high pressure line and the cold box on the platform
2．Re－commission the ILC at the nominal luminosity
It should take short time，a few days at least．
3．Alignment of sub－detectors
Their relative positions should be kept，．．．．．on the platform．
At least，they should be monitors．
4．Calibration of sub－detectors
We should identify specific calibrations in each sub－detectors．
5．The full push－pull operations would be about 2 days；
after procedures have been optimized based on experiences．

