



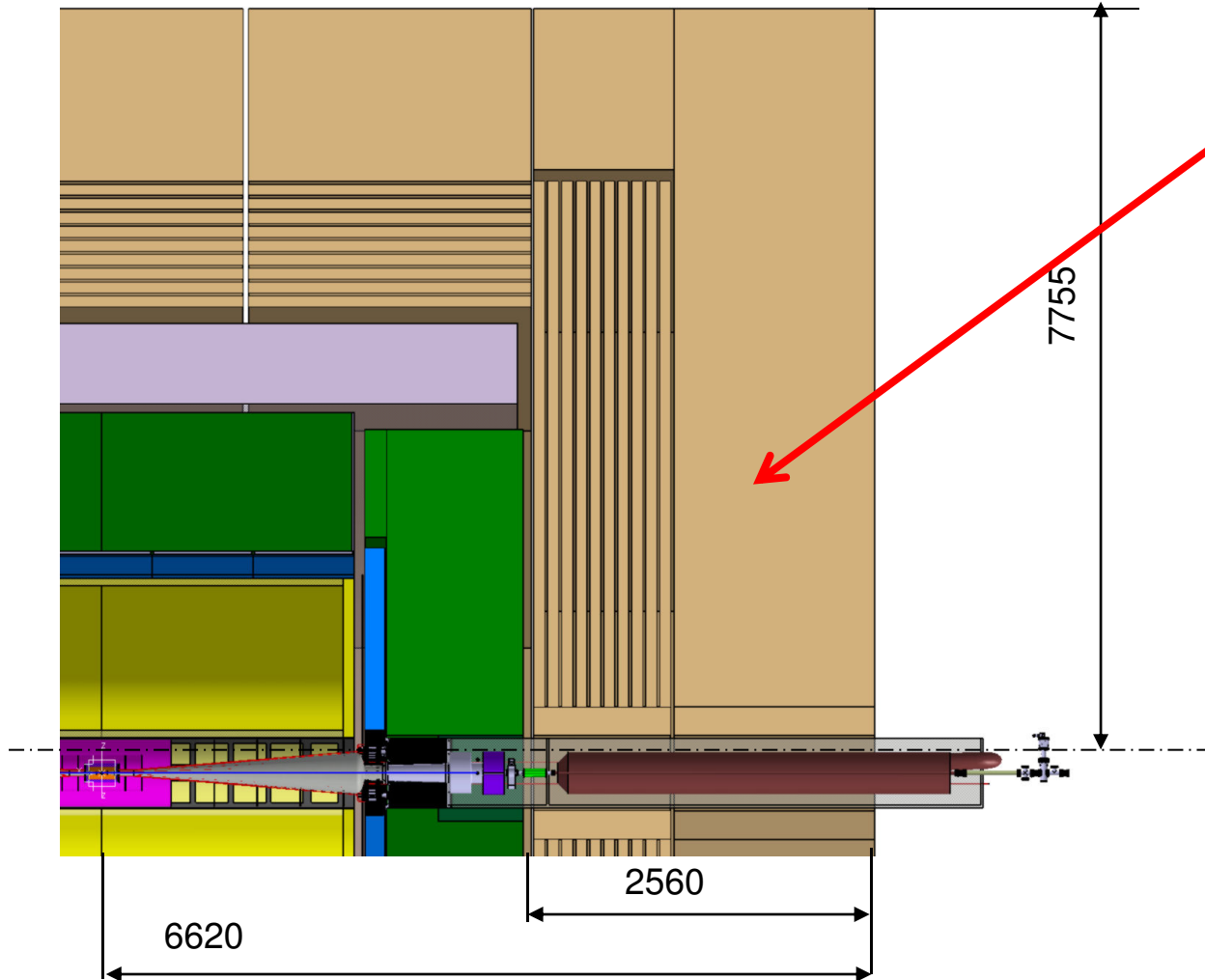
# Coils in Encaps ?

**A. Hervé / ETH-Zürich@CERN**

**H. Gerwig & A. Gaddi /CERN**

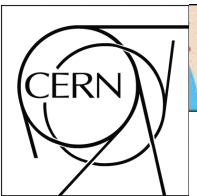
ILDWS2010-LLR17 Jan.. 2010

- The idea of reducing the thickness of the Endcap and replacing part of the iron by active coils has been introduced by H. Gerwig in the context of the MDI studies for a CLIC detector (see my presentation of this afternoon on the subject).
- The original goal was to ease the stabilization of the QD0, but it has other advantages.
- *I will try to show how this concept could be adapted to ILD and what would be the pros and cons.*



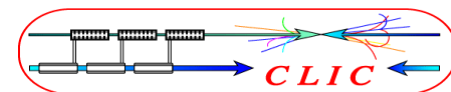
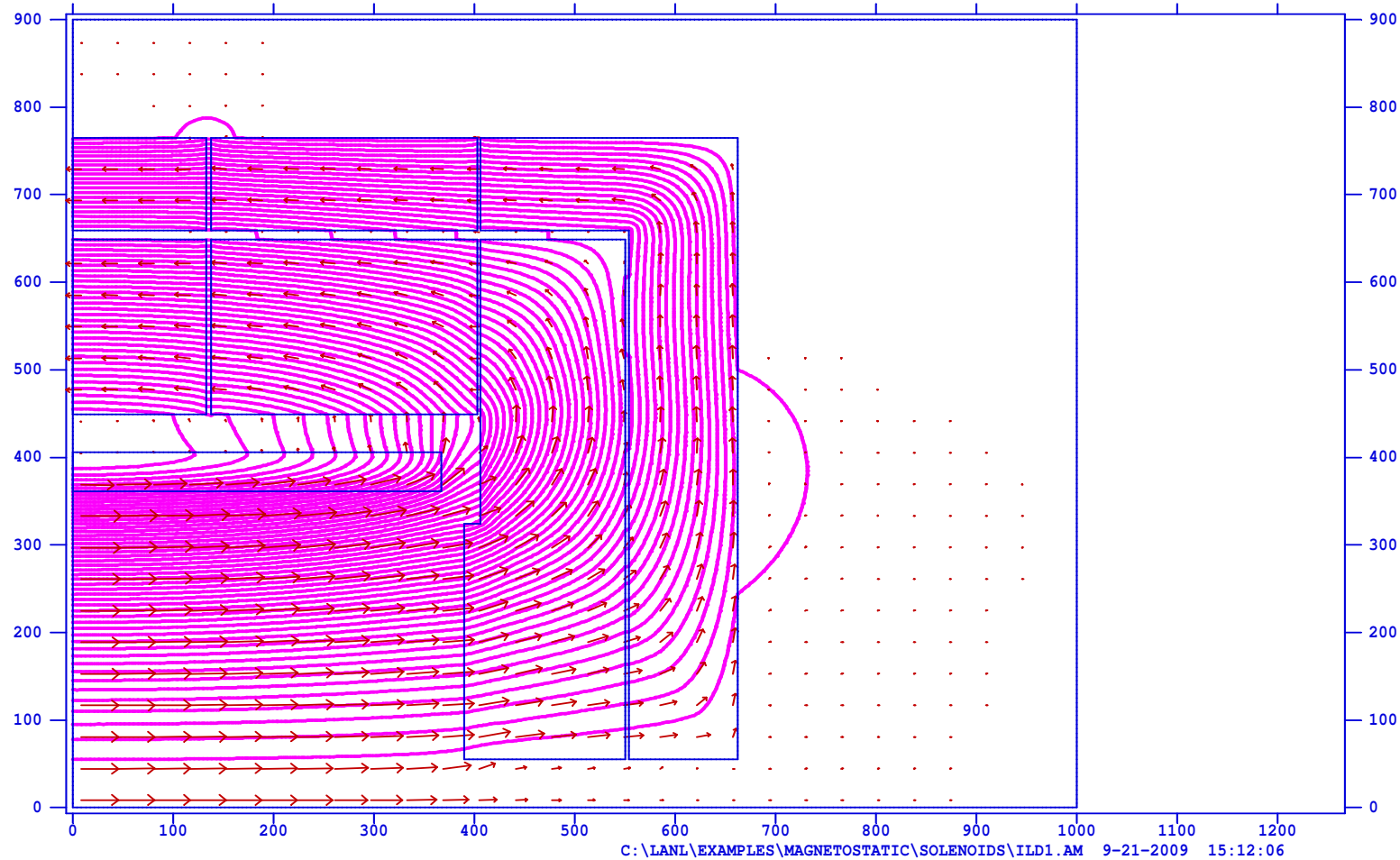
1.5 m of iron is not instrumented. It is there mainly to shape the field and reduce the stray field.

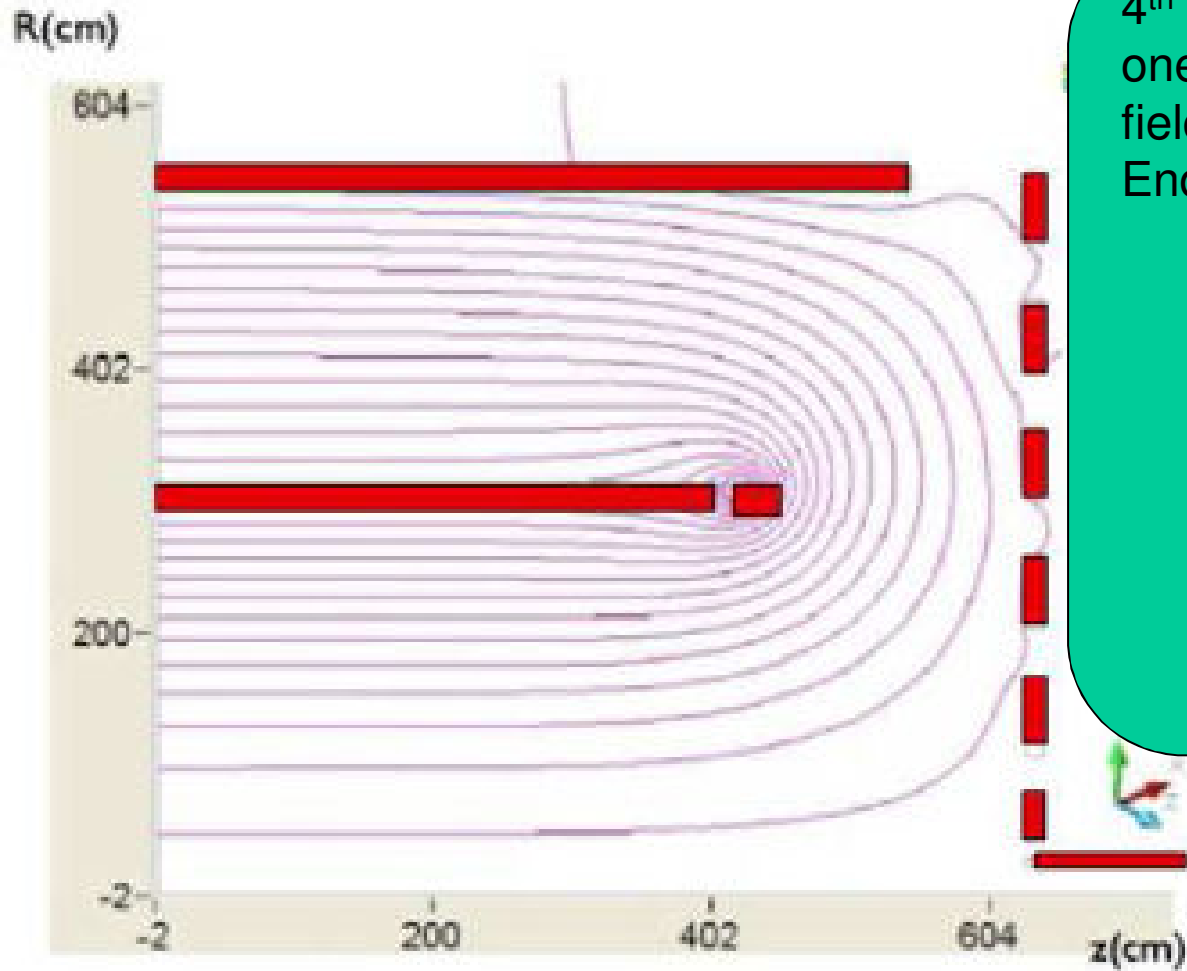
This corresponds to 4400 tonnes for both endcaps!



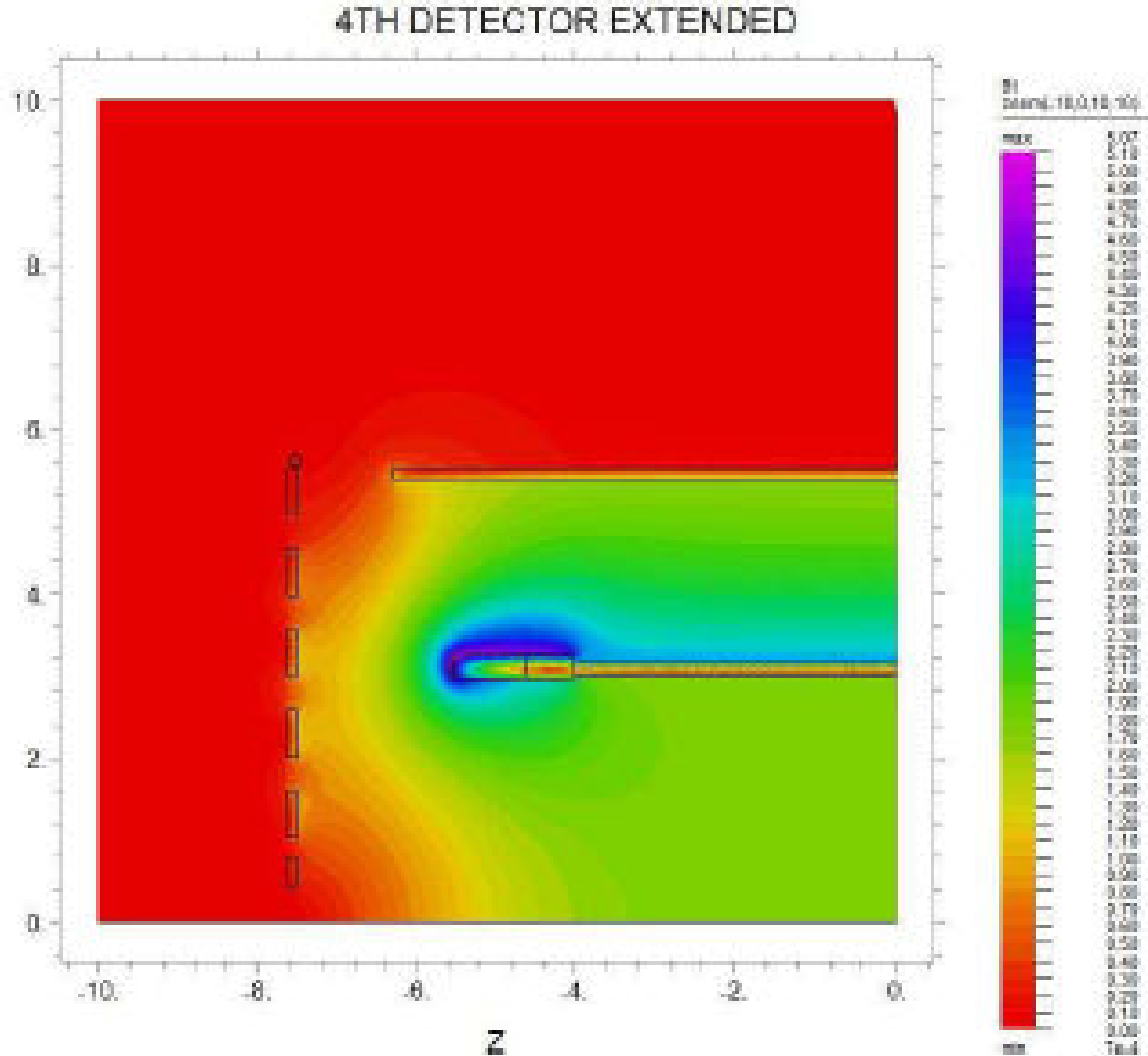
# Magnetic field type "ILD"

ILD detector simulation





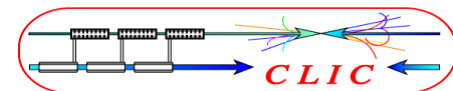
4<sup>th</sup> Concept has shown that one can get a low stray field by using Magnetic Endcaps.

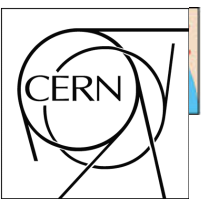


There were many problems in coil design but the field computation were correct.

The stray field was OK!

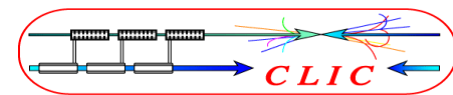
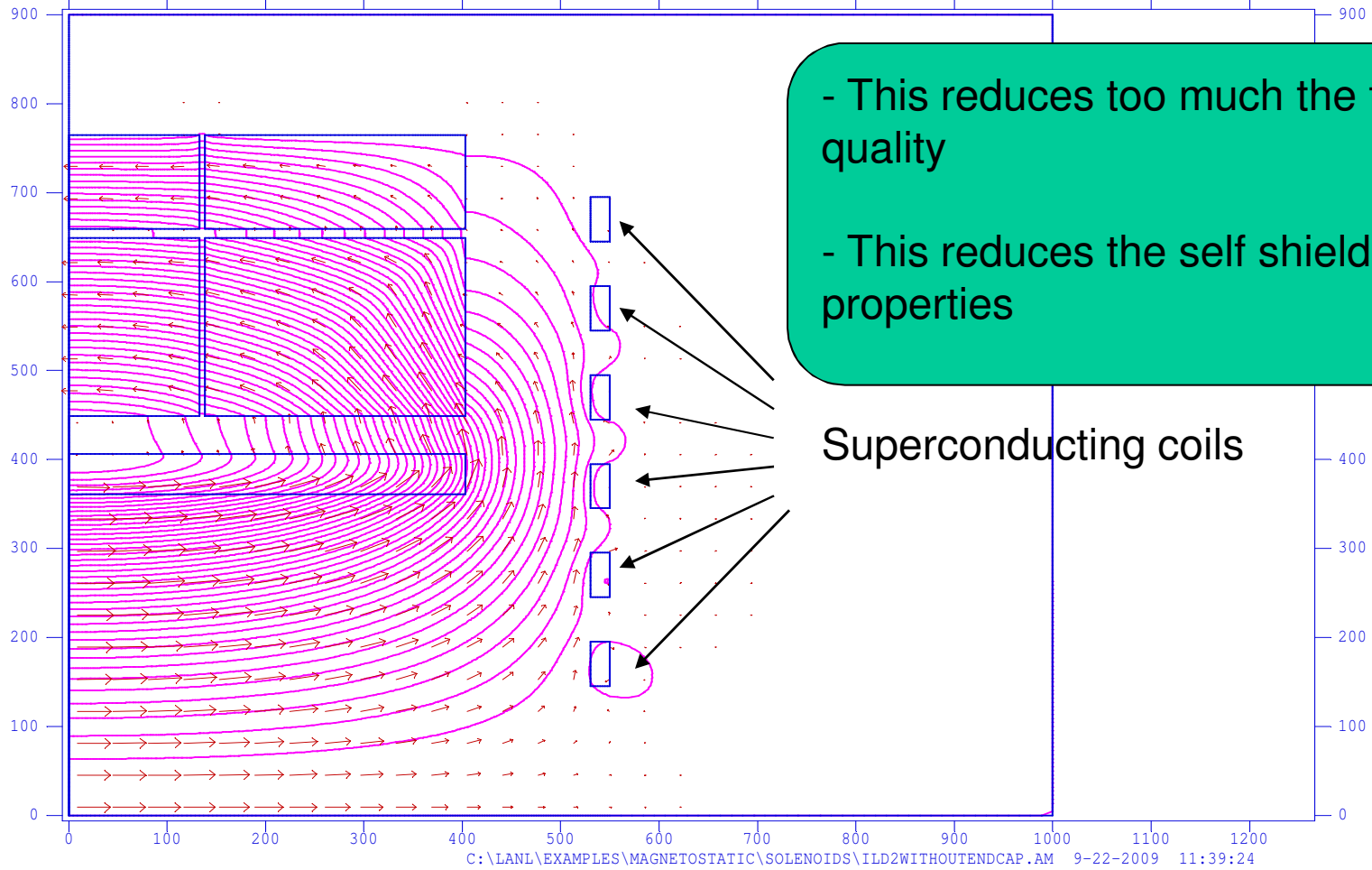
# Could one reduce the thickness of the Endcap ?



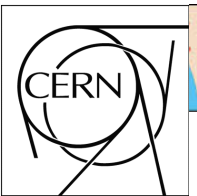


# We could suppress it, but .....

ILD detector simulation with barrel iron yoke and endcap walls of coils

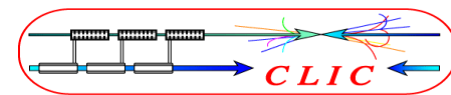
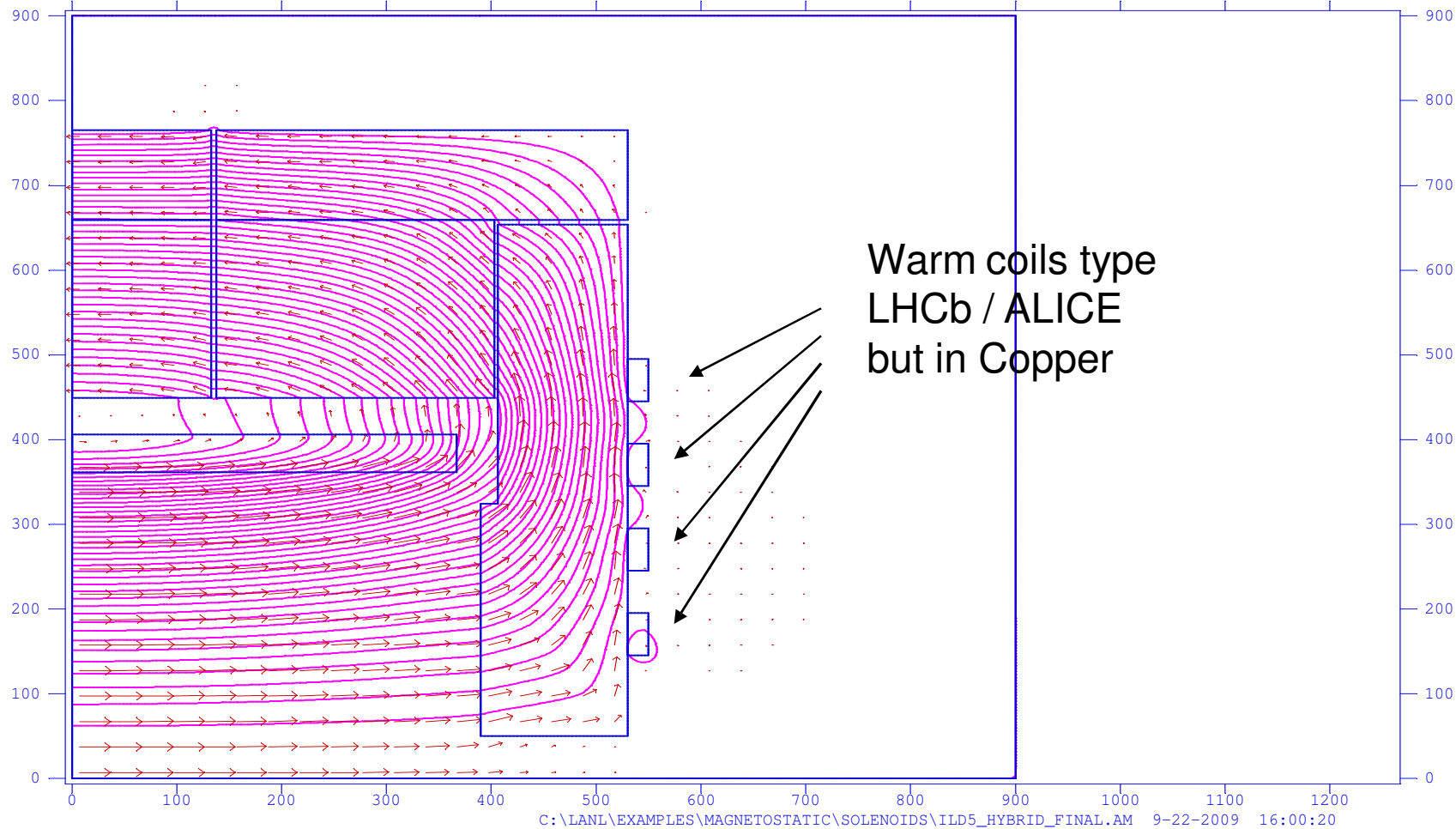


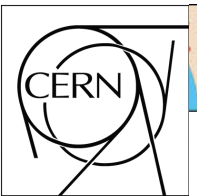




# Why not Hybrid? Thinner endcap + coils

ILD detector simulation 1/2 steel endcap + walls of coils



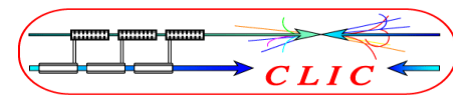
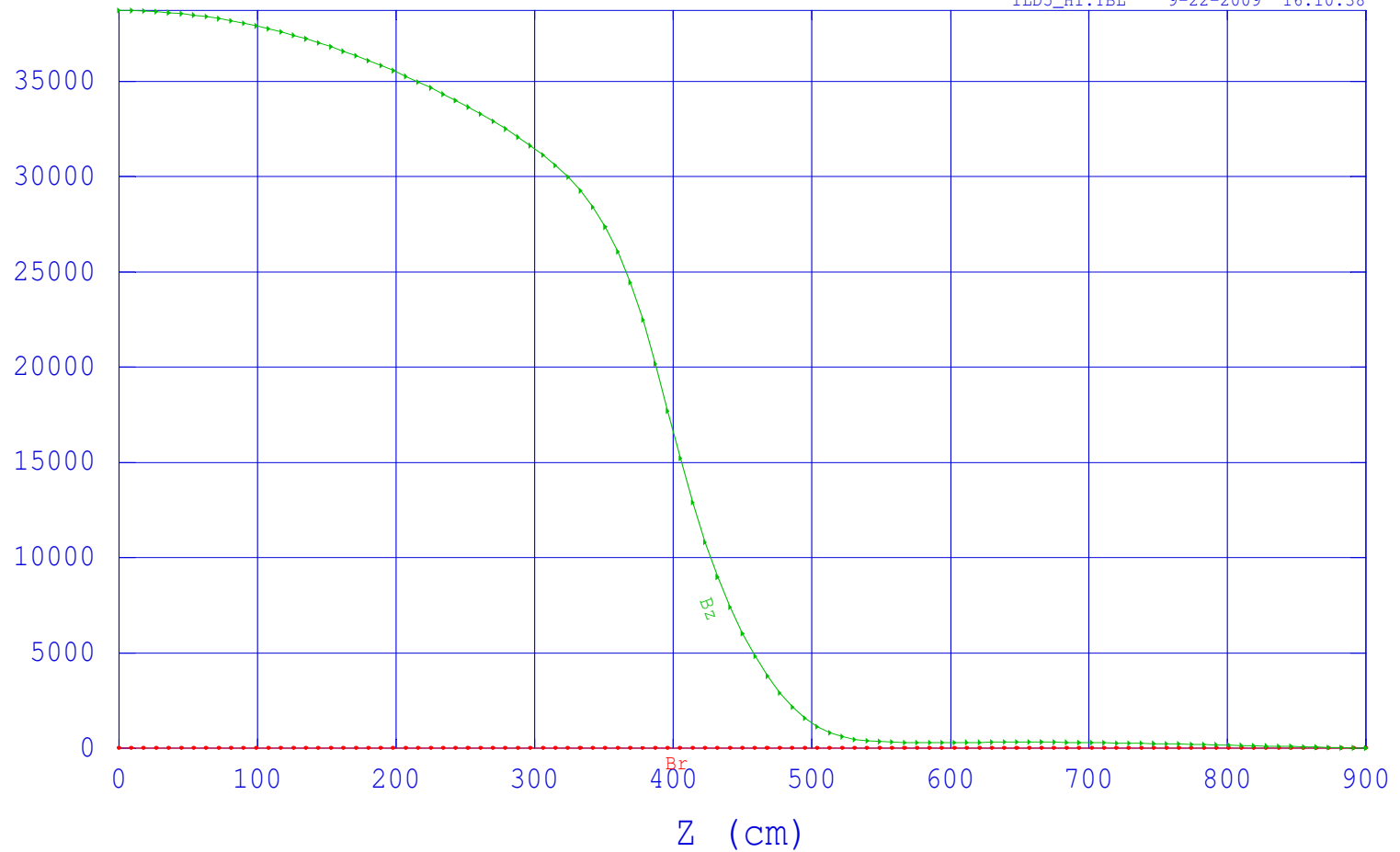


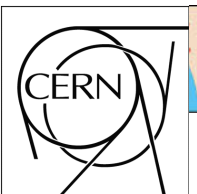
# Good Field quality and 1.2m shorter endcap!

Magnetic field data from file ILD5\_HYBRID\_FINAL.AM

Problem title line 1: ILD detector simulation 1/2 steel endcap + walls of coils

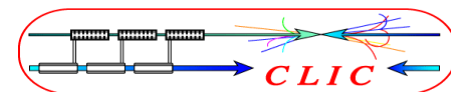
ILD5\_H1.TBL 9-22-2009 16:10:38

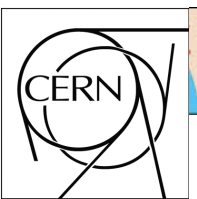




## Comparison of field quality

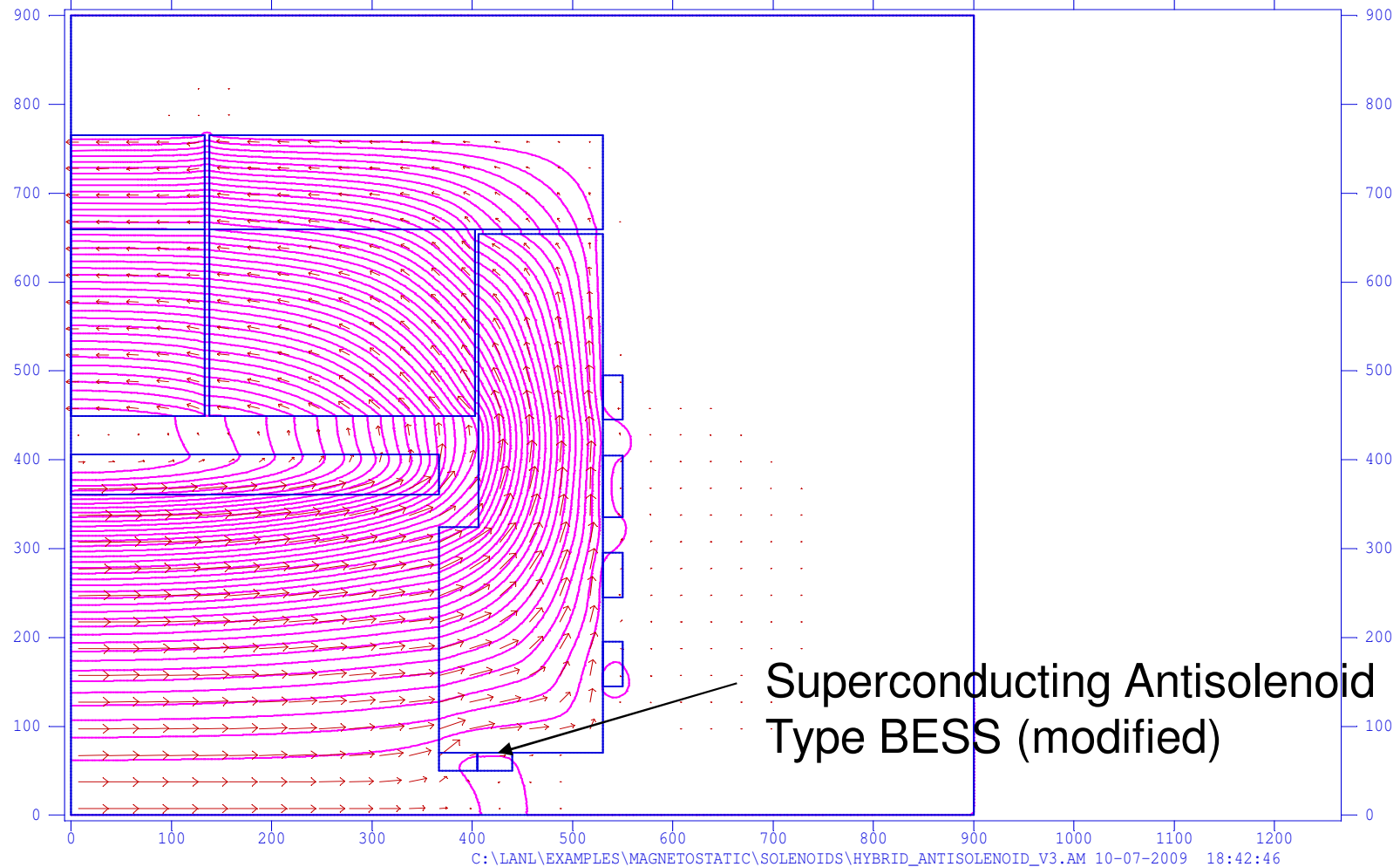
	<b>ILD</b>	<b>Air 'endcap'</b>	<b>Hybrid</b>
IP	4.050 T	3.210 T	3.875 T
1m	3.925 T	3.105 T	3.775 T
2m	3.800 T	2.730 T	3.550 T
3m	3.375 T	2.125 T	3.125 T
Compar.	100%	~75%	~95%



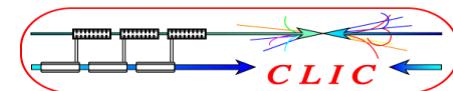


# For CLIC Additional complication: Antisolenoid to protect QD0

CLIC\_ILDish detector simulation thin steel endcap + wall of coils + Antisolenoid

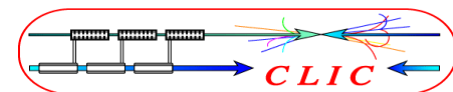


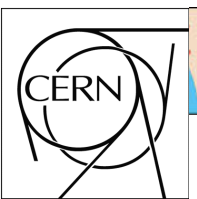
Superconducting Antisolenoid  
Type BESS (modified)



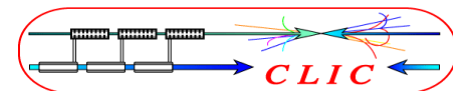
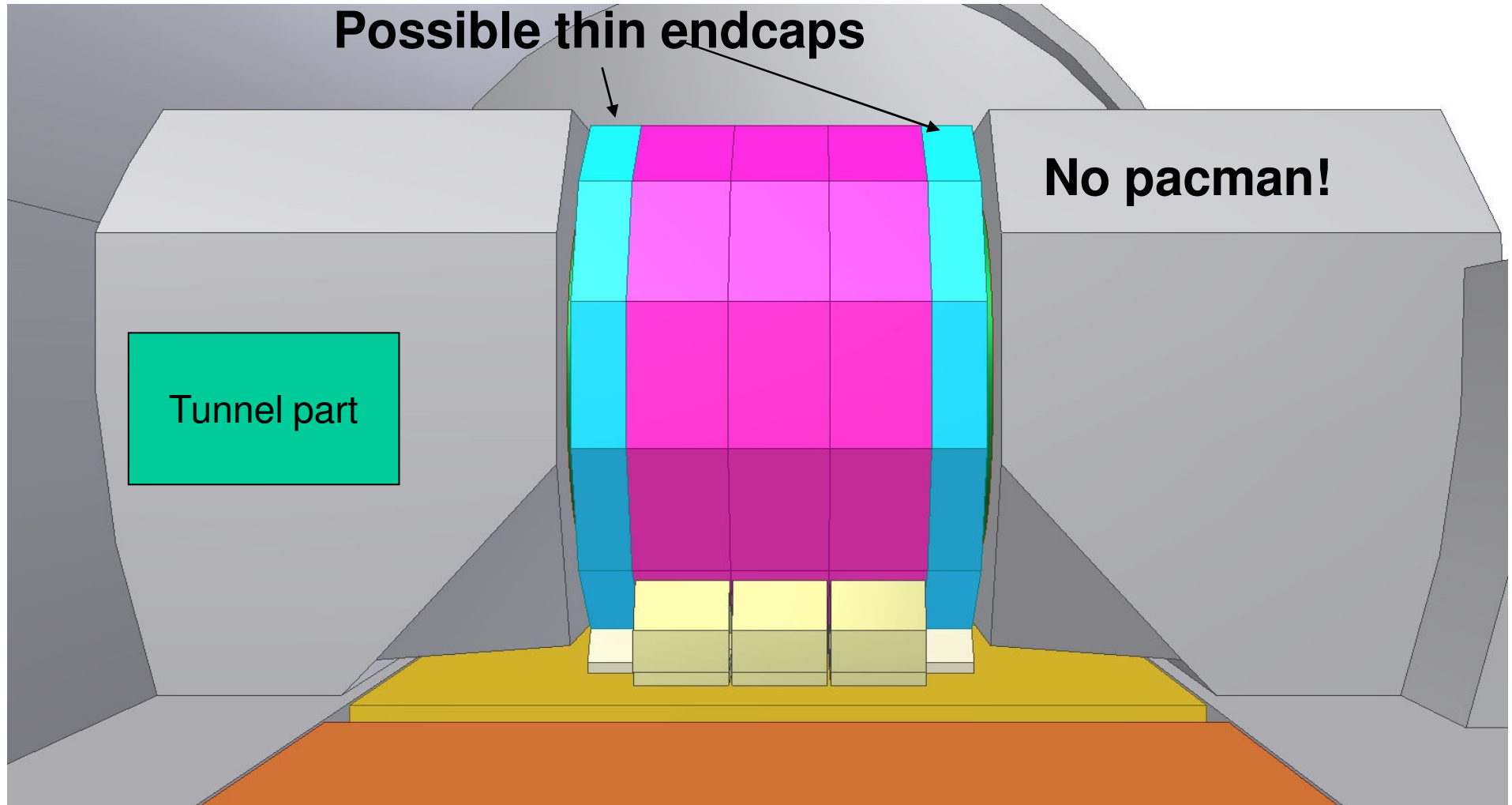


- **This reduction of length could be important to obtain the needed stability of QD0 (see talk of this afternoon)**
- **This proposal must still be fully validated, in particular check its compatibility with the physics requirements in the forward region.**



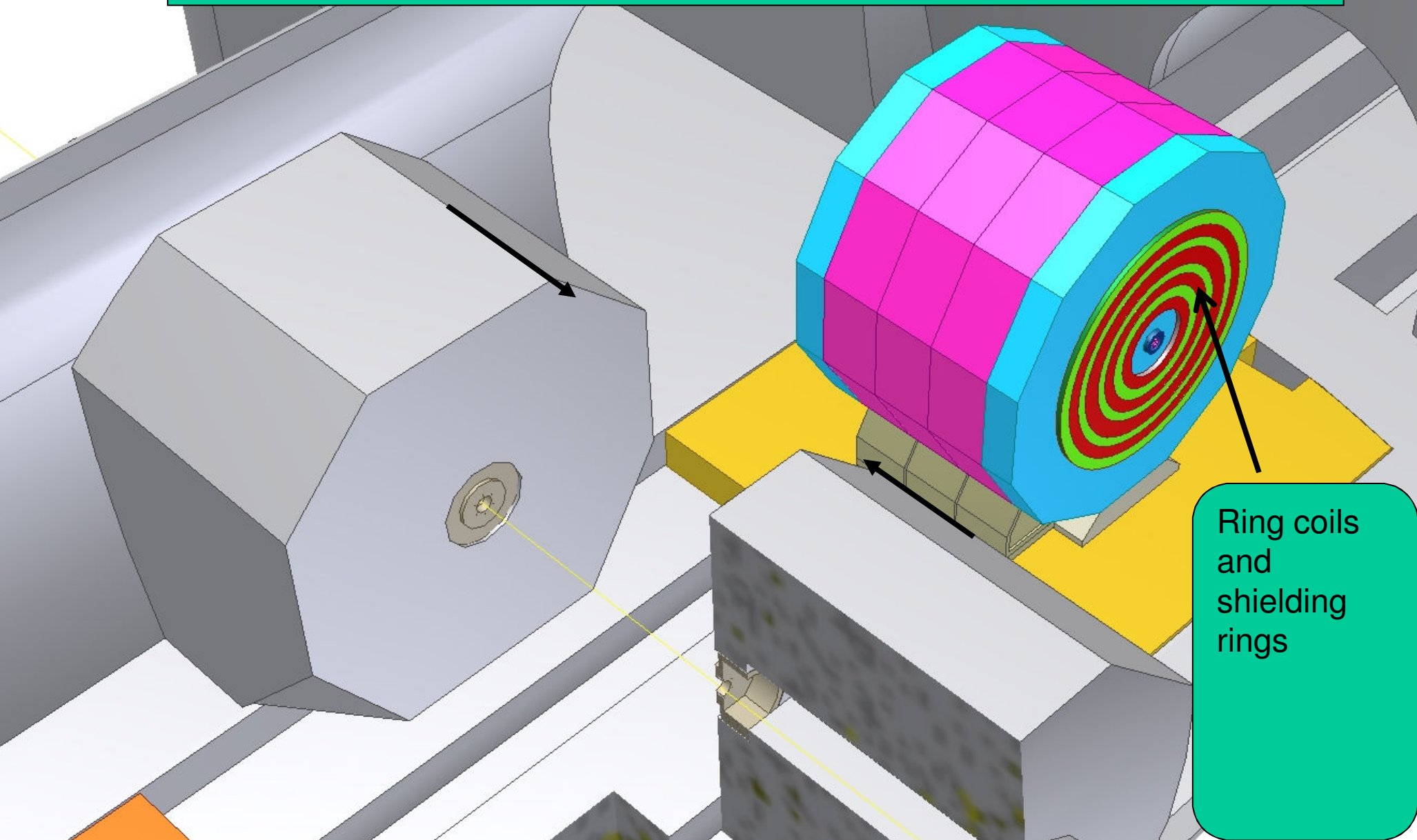


# *Side view ultimate Short CLIC Detector*





# SiD-ish detector at CLIC

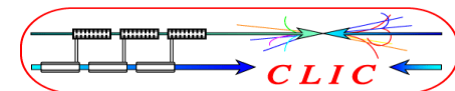


Ring coils  
and  
shielding  
rings

**For ILD a possibility could be to reduce the thickness of the Endcap by .5 to 1 m.**

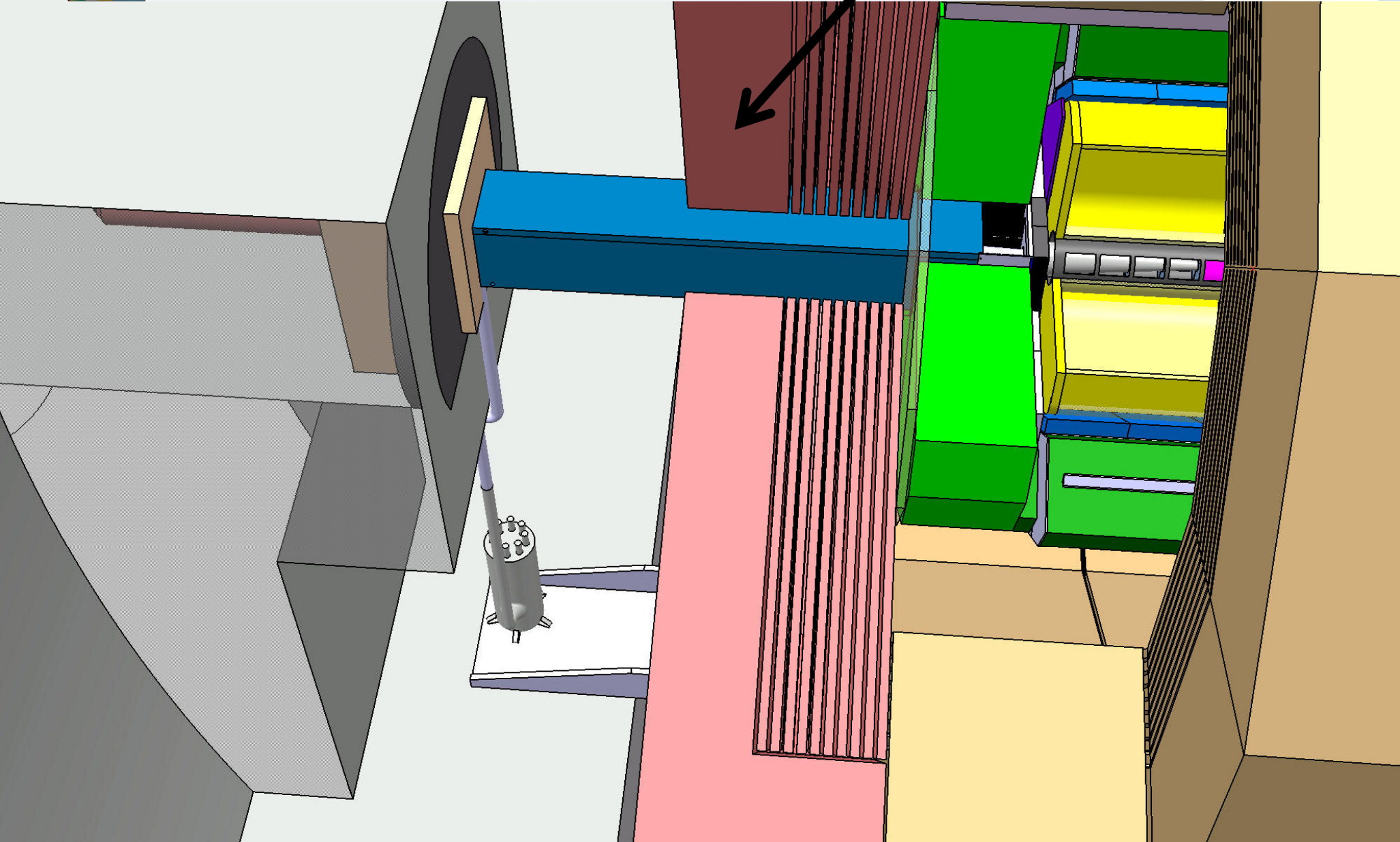
**-This would decrease the mass of the endcap yoke**

**- This would ease opening on IP**





This would remove the need of splitting the end disk to open on IP





**-However field quality wrt. TPC would have to be checked.**

**And, as nothing is free !**

**- Non negligible ring coils have to be hung on the endcaps. The total power may reach 3 to 4 MW.**

**- The main ring coil could be made superconductive to reduce the total power to 1 MW.**

