

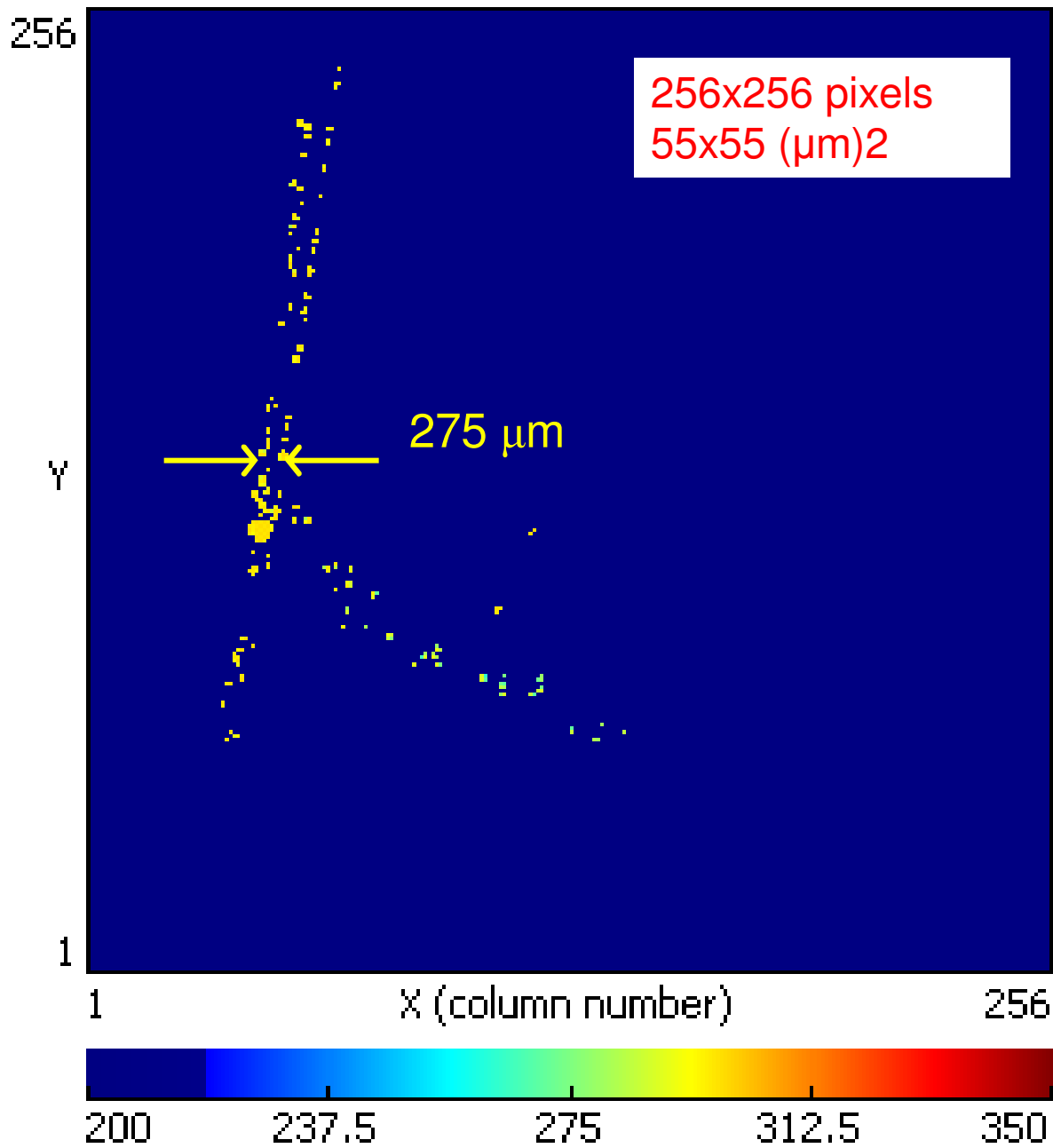
Compare TPC performance of pad with pixel readout at ILC and CLIC

Introduction
TPC simulation discussion
Bonn, 12 February 2010

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Pad readout vs. Pixel readout

- Pad size $\sim 1 \times 5 \text{ mm}^2$ or $\sim 3 \times 7 \text{ mm}^2$
 - Timepix pixel size $55 \times 55 (\mu\text{m})^2$
 - Pad TPC $\sim 10^6$ pads; several 10^9 3D-voxels
 - CMOS pixel readout $\sim 2 \cdot 10^9$ 'pads' (but 'only' $\sim 4 \cdot 10^4$ chips); $\sim 10^{12}$ 3D voxels
- # pads/pixels might be problem for software,
but occupancy rather low



Two-track separation:

- Will be diffusion limited
- In this example:
5 pixels = 275 μm

Diffusion at 4T in
Ar/CF₄/iC₄H₁₀ is
 $\sim 20\sqrt{200} = 300 \mu\text{m}$

My 'dream' plans are:

- Compare pads with pixels for ILC/CLIC TPC
 - Single point resolution ($R\Phi$ (and z ?)); also track angle dependence!
 - Corresponding momentum resolution, for single (muon) tracks and tracks in e.g. $t\bar{t}$ events.
 - 2-track separation (definition?) and tracking efficiency in $t\bar{t}$ events
 - dE/dx (pulse heights truncated mean vs. cluster counting)

Several questions already (probably many to follow)

- What tools exist already (in MarlinTPC)?
- Role MarlinTPC \leftrightarrow full ILD simulation?
- Should one start with simplified geometry (in case of single muon tracks)?
- Who has done something similar already in the (recent) past? Are these tools/codes properly archived?
- Contact other LCTPC/ILD groups who may be interested to join in?
- In particular other FLC people interested?

Questions cont'd

- Once implemented could be 'simply' extended to CLIC energy? But large 2-photon event overlap!
(CLIC CDR machine + detector due ~Apr.2011)
- Ultimately (>2012) comparison using data from LP possible?
- Comparison TPC vs SiD-like tracker?

“Summary”

- Pixel readout very promising technique
- Issues are (still) robustness, large(r) detectors. Work going on.

My guess is still that pixel readout:

- Should lead to improved $R\Phi$ resolution
- Better two-track separation (< 1 mm possible)
- Possibility of cluster counting (dE/dx)