



## Progress work and the result of vertical test : HIT-01

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2010/July/20 webex meeting



2010/May/07 : Cavity fabricated by Hitachi. Cavity Type: TESLA-like without HOM couplers.

1<sup>st</sup> Optical Inspection, Thickness measurement etc...

Bulk EP (105 um removed.) and Anneal

2<sup>nd</sup> Optical Inspection

Pre-tuning : tuned to 97.8 %

2010/June/15 ~ 21 : EP-2 (20 um), 1<sup>st</sup> water rinsing (total time : 90 min and with vibration motor),

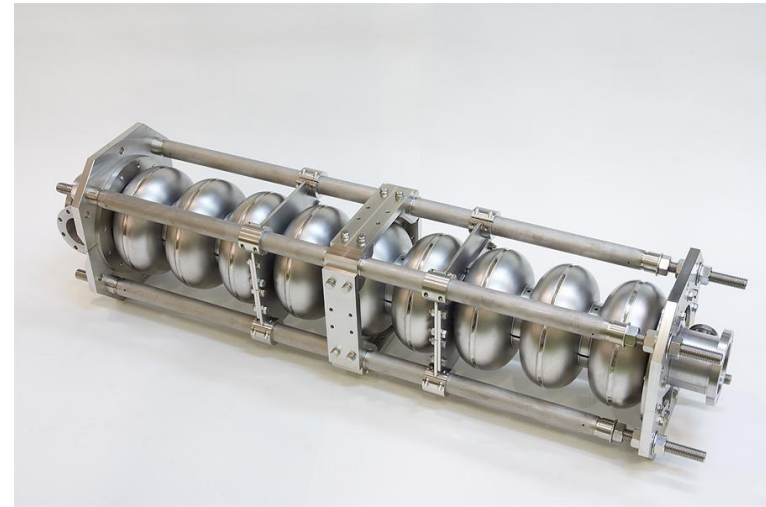
FM-20 2% rinsing with Ultra-sonic (50 C 2 hour),

HPR (10 hours), Assembly and Baking (105 C 48 hours).

2010/June/22 ~ 25 : 1<sup>st</sup> vertical test.  $E_{acc} = 35.2 \text{ MV/m}$   $Q_0 = 6.50 \times 10^9$

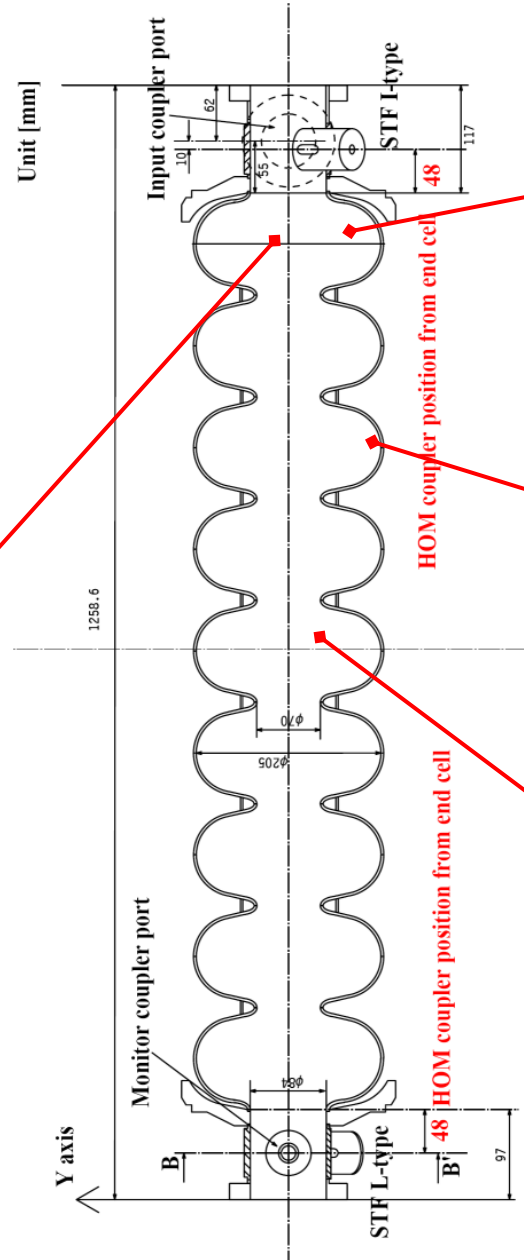
2010/June/28 ~ 30 : 3<sup>rd</sup> Optical Inspection

Field flatness measurement : 97.0 % (Kept)

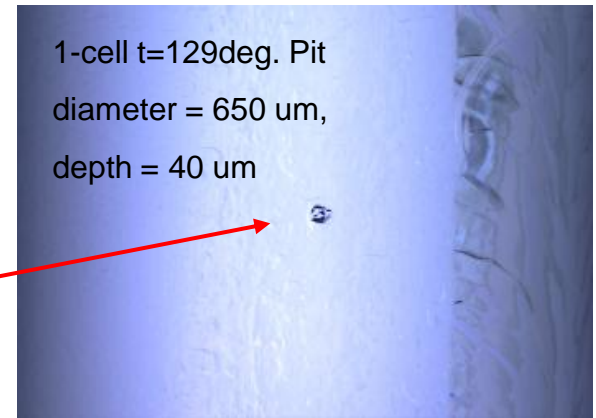


HIT-01, Map of the defects before EP-2 and 1<sup>st</sup> vertical test.

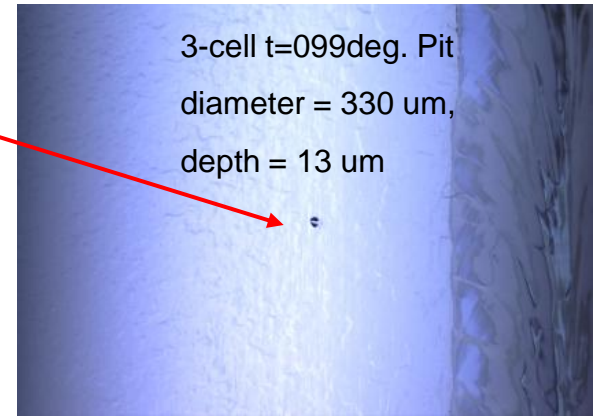
1-cell equator,  $t=200$  deg.



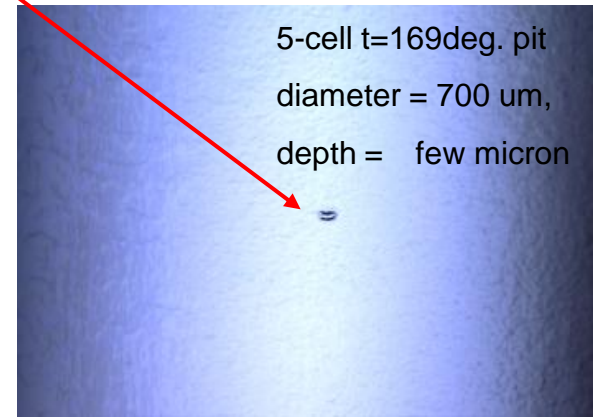
1-cell  $t=129$ deg. Pit diameter = 650  $\mu$ m, depth = 40  $\mu$ m



3-cell  $t=099$ deg. Pit diameter = 330  $\mu$ m, depth = 13  $\mu$ m



5-cell  $t=169$ deg. pit diameter = 700  $\mu$ m, depth = few micron





HIT-01 9-cell without HOM coupler 2010/06/16

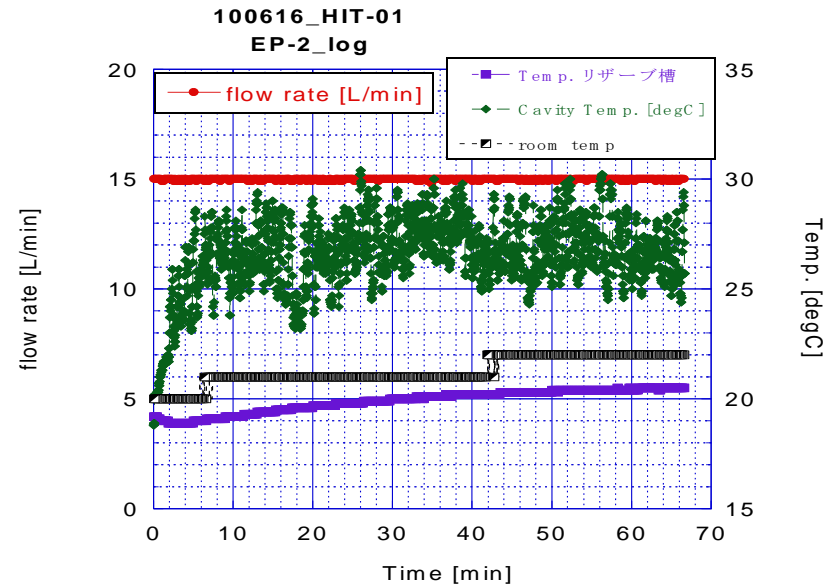
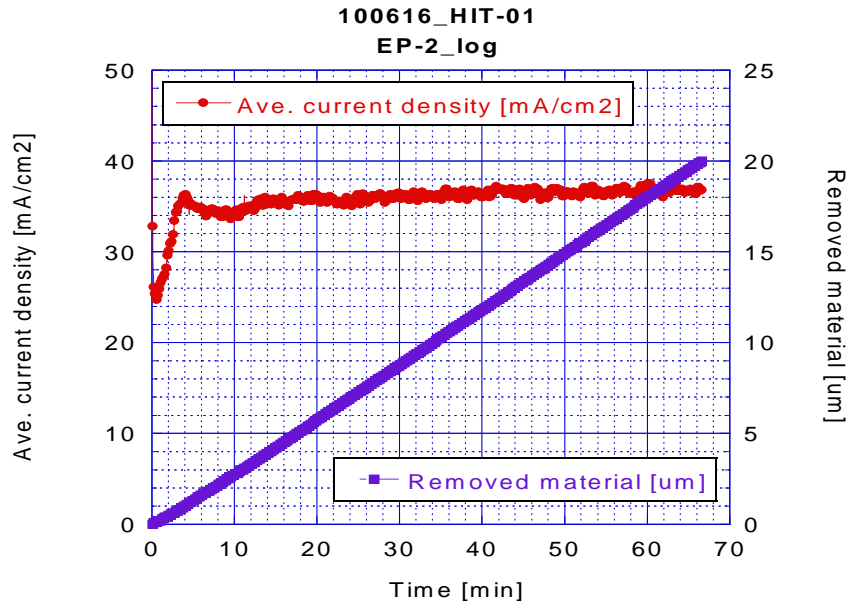
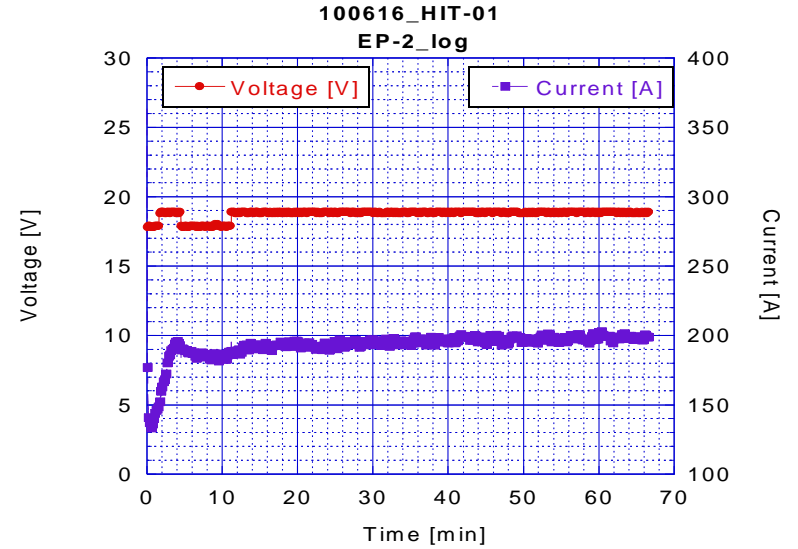
EP-2 with N2 gas. Current density = ~ 36 mA/cm<sup>2</sup>

Removed material : 20  $\mu$ m

(Total : Bulk EP 105  $\mu$ m + 1<sup>st</sup> EP-2 20  $\mu$ m = 125  $\mu$ m)

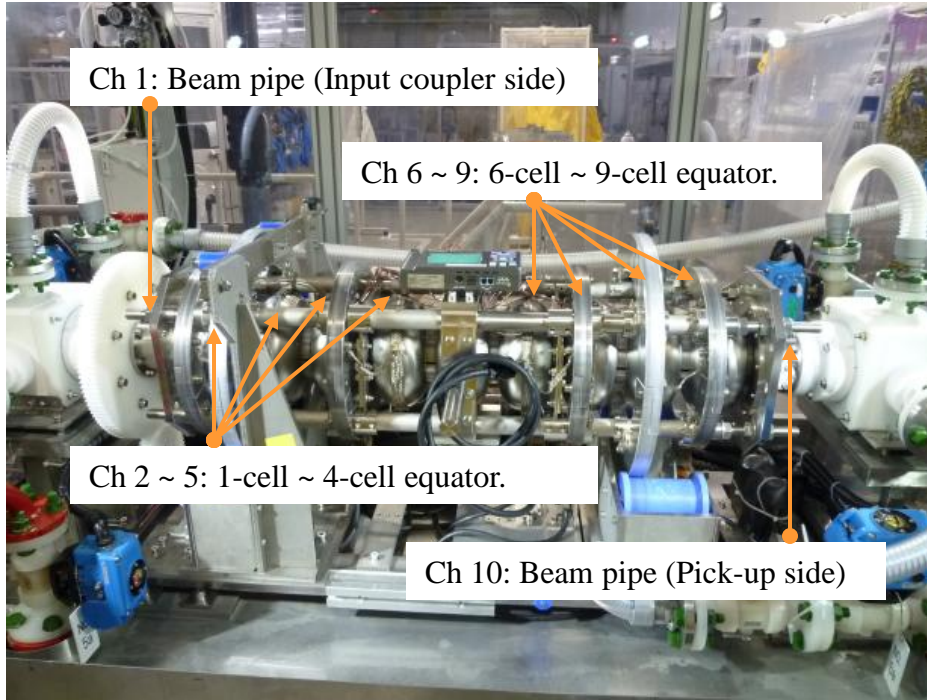
Room temp around EP bed : 20 ~ 22 degC

Surface temperature monitored during EP-2.

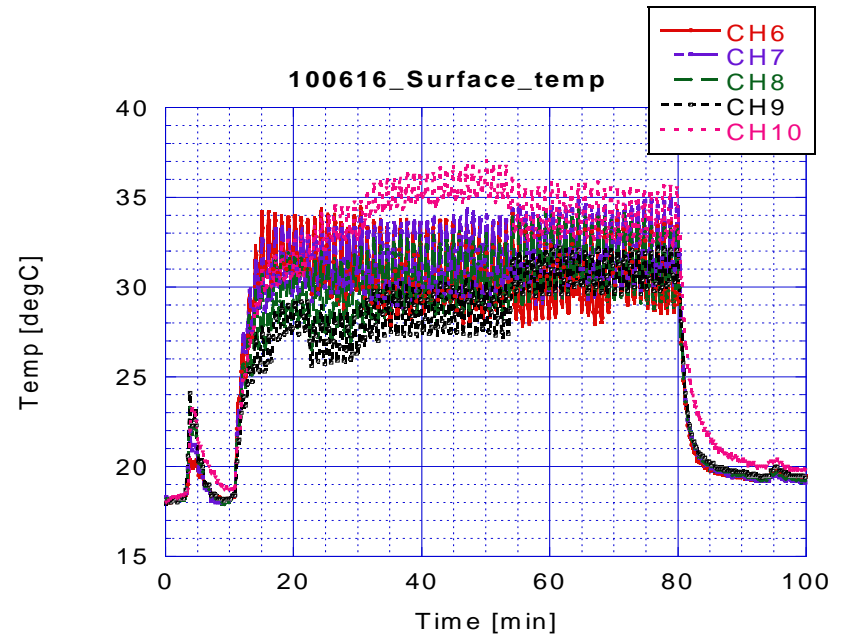
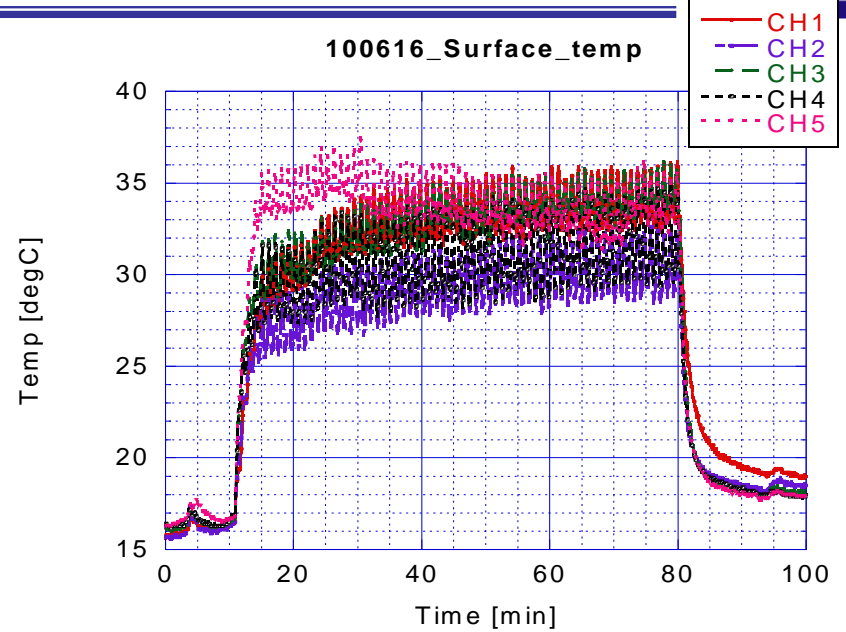




# Surface temperature during EP-2

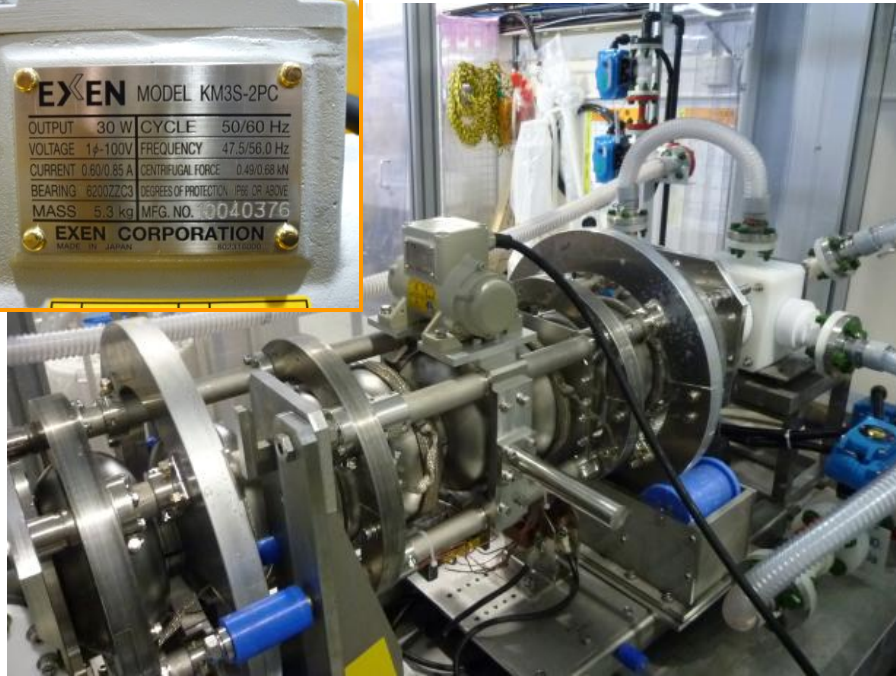


Data logger (Graphtec GL450) used to measure surface temperature during EP.





# 1st water rinsing with vibration motor (1<sup>st</sup> try)

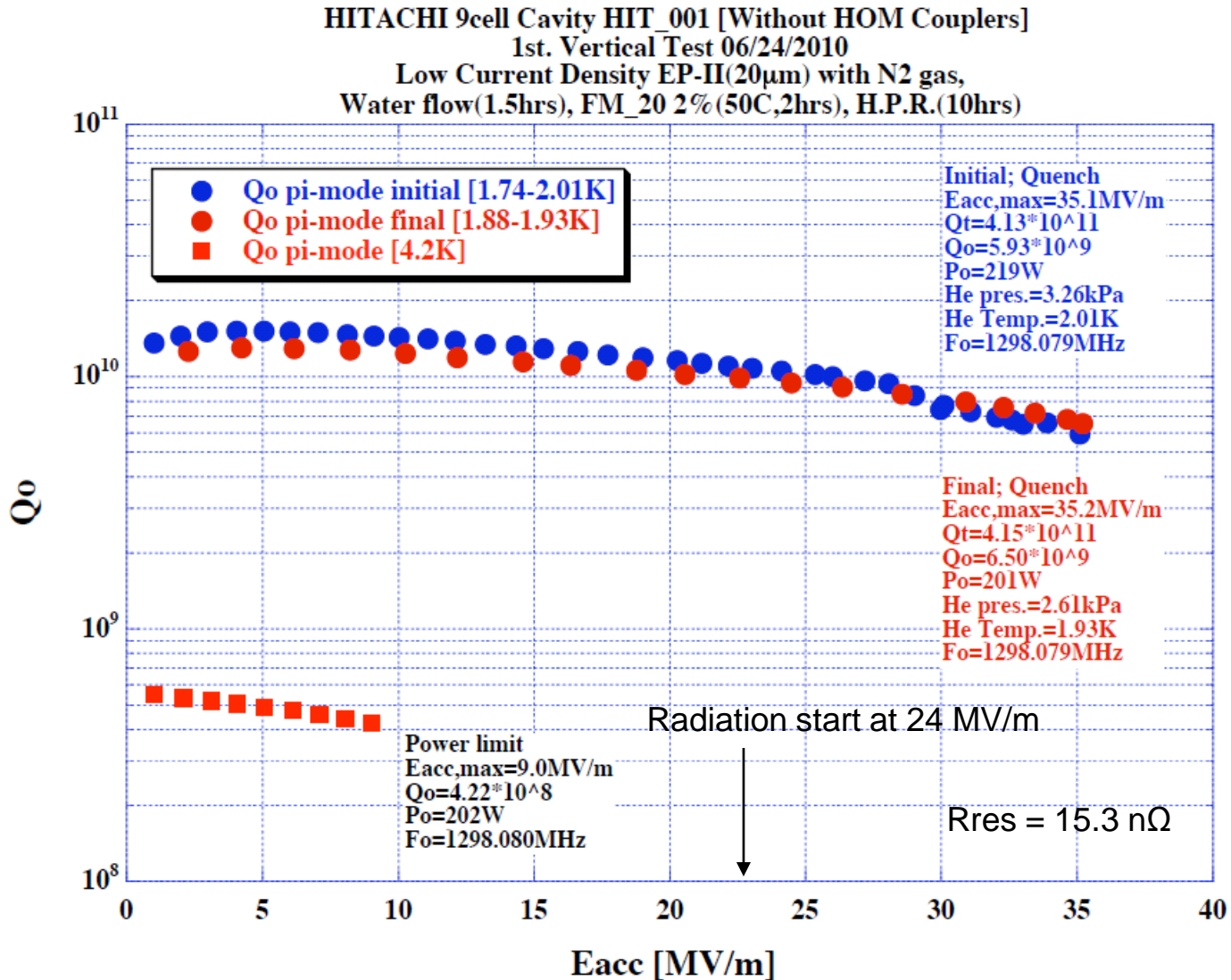


Total time : 90 min

Sequence : sealing by water during 1<sup>st</sup> water rinsing.

- (1) Water in 10min -> water out 1 sec.  
after overflow, motor was turn on.
- (2) Water in 3 min -> water out 1 sec.  
-> Repeat (2) until 90 min.

Target : for Stain problem, for improvement 1<sup>st</sup> water rinsing etc..

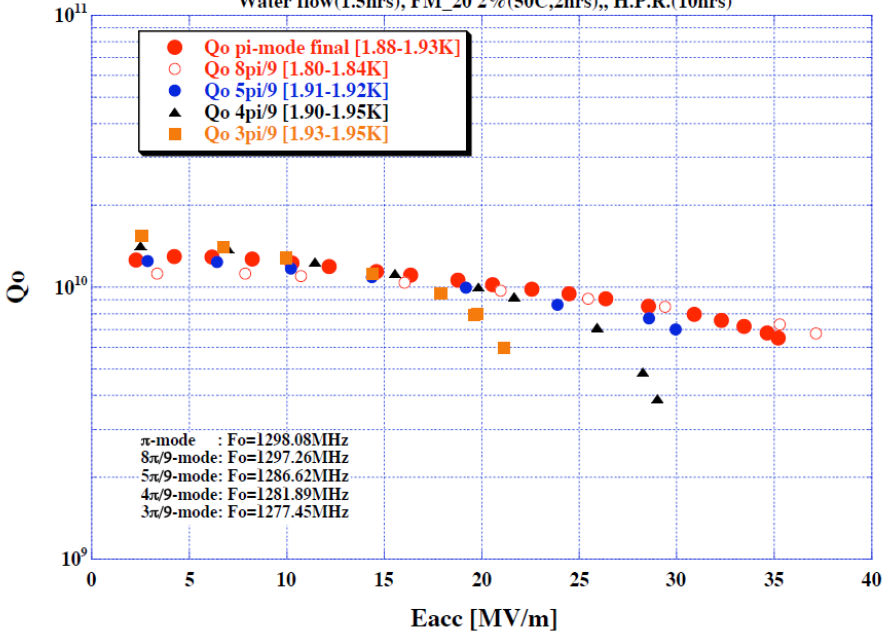




# Result of 1<sup>st</sup> vertical test (2) : Passband measurement



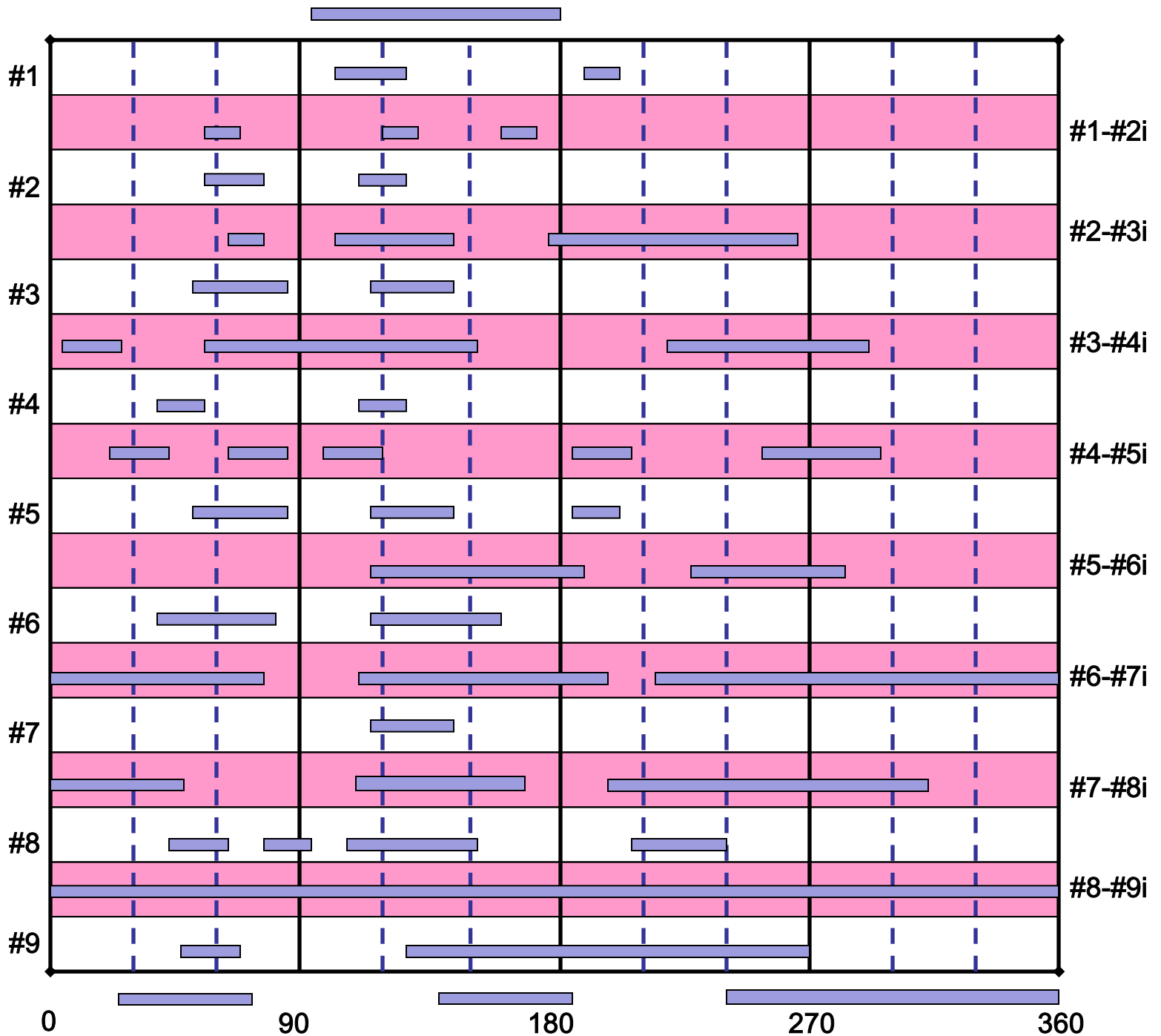
HITACHI 9cell Cavity HIT\_001 [Without HOM Couplers]  
 1st. Vertical Test 06/24/2010  
 Low Current Density EP-II(20 $\mu$ m) with N2 gas,  
 Water flow(1.5hrs), FM\_20 2%(50C,2hrs), H.P.R.(10hrs)



	Cell 1&9[MV/m]	Cell 2&8[MV/m]	Cell 3&7[MV/m]	Cell 4&6[MV/m]	Cell 5[MV/m]	Comment
$\pi$ Initial	>35.1	>35.1	>35.1	>35.1	>35.1	Quench : Heat@1cell 210deg. Equator down Qo=5.93E9, Po=219W, X-ray 16.9 mSv/h
Final	35.2	35.2	35.2	35.2	35.2	Quench: Heat@1cell 210deg. Equator down Qo=6.50E9, Po=201W X-ray 14.6 mSv/h
8 $\pi$ /9	37.1	33.1	24.5	13.7	0	Quench: Heat@1cell 210deg. Equator down Qo=6.76E9, Po=104W X-ray 307 $\mu$ Sv/h
7 $\pi$ /9						
6 $\pi$ /9						
5 $\pi$ /9	29.9	20.4	35.3	6.0	38.0	Quench: Heat@5cell 120,150deg. Equator Qo=7.00E9, Po=105W X-ray 2.8 $\mu$ Sv/h
4 $\pi$ /9	29.0	38.0	16.5	42.1	0	Power Limit Qo=3.89E9, Po=246W X-ray 3.5 $\mu$ Sv/h
3 $\pi$ /9	19.6	39.2	19.6	19.6	39.2	Quench: Heat@5cell 150deg. Equator Qo=7.92E9, Po=92W X-ray 0.5 $\mu$ Sv/h
Eacc,max	37.1	39.2	35.3	42.1	39.2	ave. 38.5MV/m



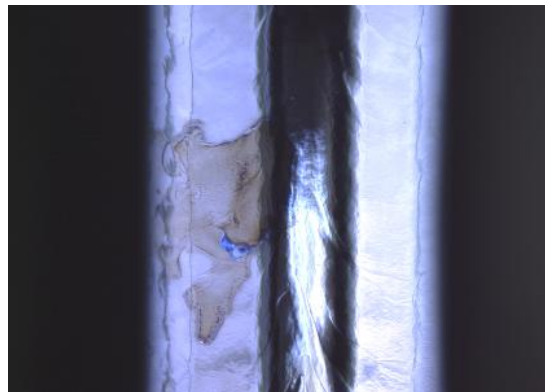
Distribution of  
Stain inspected by  
Kyoto camera



#9-BP : 135 deg.



#5-#6 iris : 123 deg.



#9 : 143 deg.



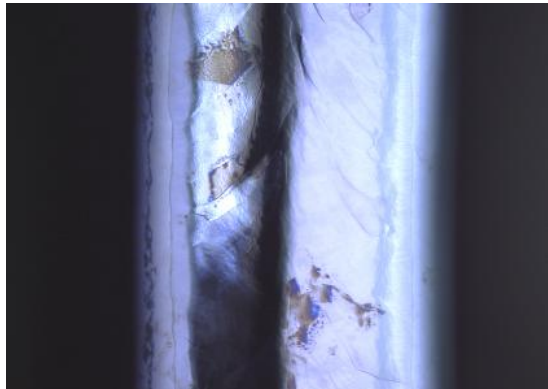
#8-#9 iris : 136 deg.



#1 : 106 deg.



#8-#9 iris : 238 deg.



#2 : 118 deg.



Image of stains after EP-2 and vertical test.



\*HIT-01 was achieved the accelerating gradient of 35.2 MV/m at KEK-STF.

It is very successful result for us.

\*The vibration motor used during 1<sup>st</sup> water rinsing for the stain problem and the field emission etc...

It was 1<sup>st</sup> try at STF EP system.

However, many heavy stains were occurred on inner surface.

But, the cavity performance was very good. How do you think about...

The vibration motor is not seen a bad for the performance in this treatment.