

E/Pi Ratio in Tungsten

Quick & Dirty Study

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DISCLAIMER:

Data taken from online histograms: No reliable calibration, no cleanup, no nothing

Simulations performed standalone, with a geometry close to that of the WHCAL - No digitization, no noise, ...

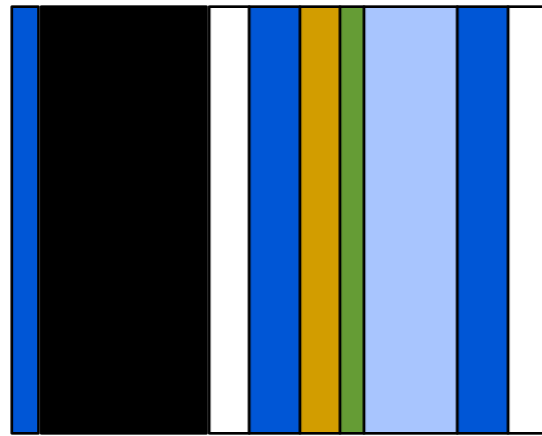
NO WARRANTY, USE AT YOUR OWN RISK



The Motivation - Compensation?

- Katja observed that while Software Compensation works quite well in Pandora with ILD, no improvement is achieved in CLIC_ILD
 - The difference:
ILD is 20 mm stainless steel, 5 mm scintillator, 1.5 mm air
CLIC_ILD is 10 mm tungsten alloy, 5 mm scintillator, 1.5 mm air
 - The explanation: in the CLIC HCAL, the e/pi ratio is 1, in ILD it is around 1.2 - 1.3 (for further detail, see Katjas presentation at the ILD opt. meeting on 11/17)
- The obvious question: Is the WHCAL we have in the beam compensating?
Does MC describe the e/pi ratio?

Standalone Simulations



Layers modeled after CALICE Geometry description, omitting 3M foil layer (2 x 115 μm Polystyrole, same atomic composition as Scintillator)
Tungsten: 94% W, 4% Ni, 2% Cu, density 17.6 g/cm^3
Total layer thickness: 25.5 mm

10 mm Tungsten

1.5 mm Cable/Fiber

2 mm Steel

1.5 mm Air

1 mm PCB

1.5 mm Air

total: 30 layers

1 mm Steel

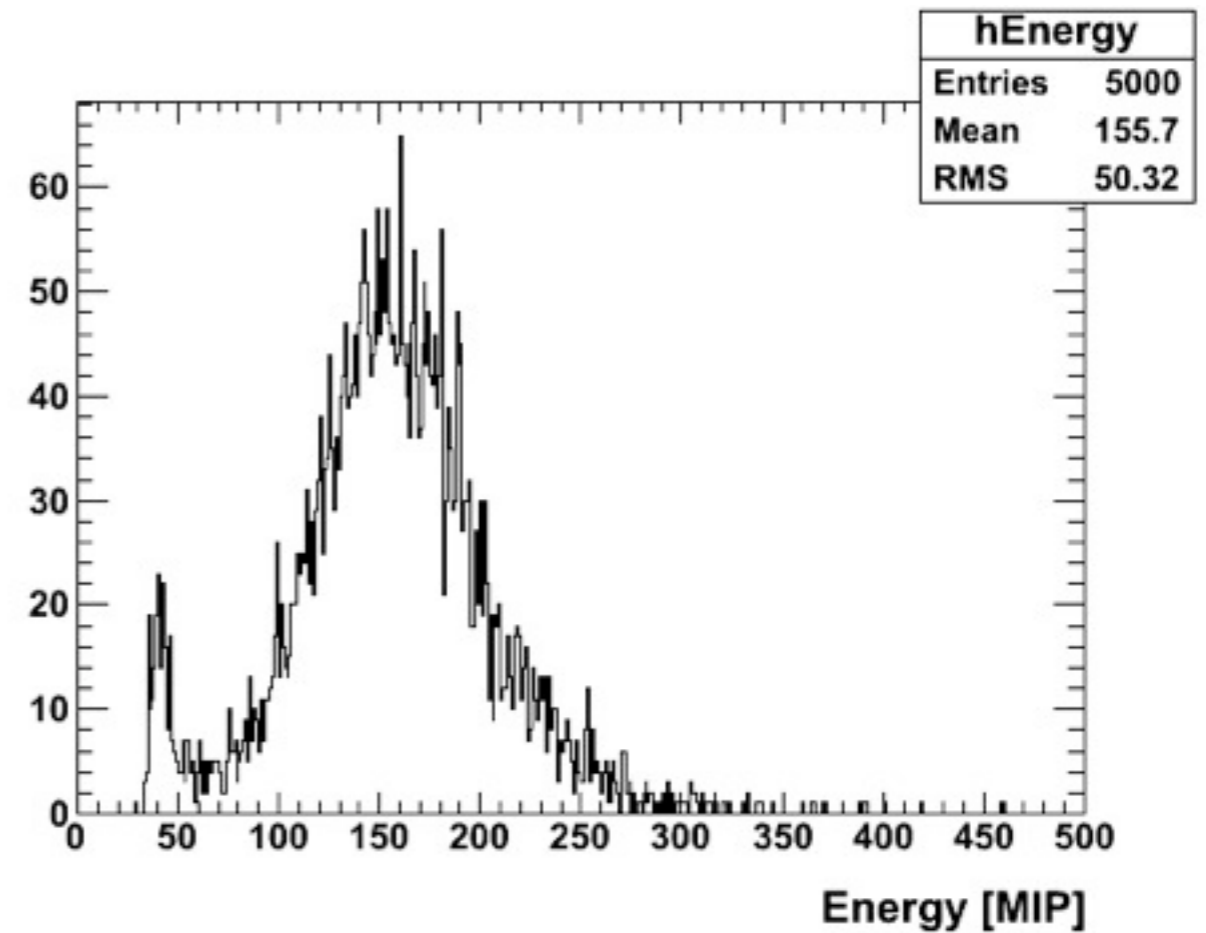
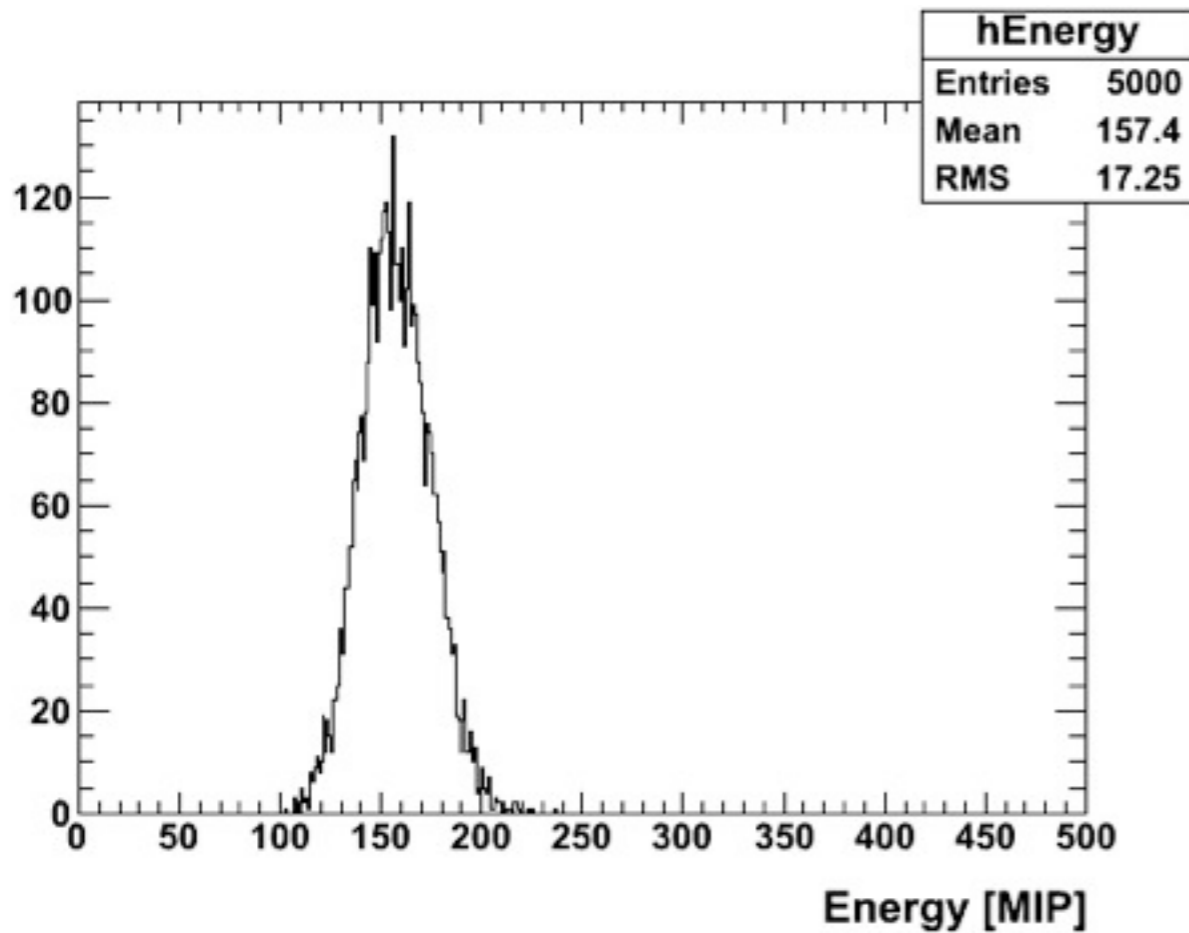
2 mm Steel

5 mm Scintillator

- Simulations using GEANT4.9.3 p01, QGSP_BERT, 100 ns time cut (I know, it should be 150 ns, will correct that in the future...), Birk's law, range cut 0.05 mm
But: No digitization, raw energy per cell (with a 0.5 MIP cut on each cell)

Simulation Results: 6 GeV

- Simulations performed for 6 and 4 GeV negative (e^- , π^-), 5 k events each



QGSP_BERT: e^- : 157 (<90>)

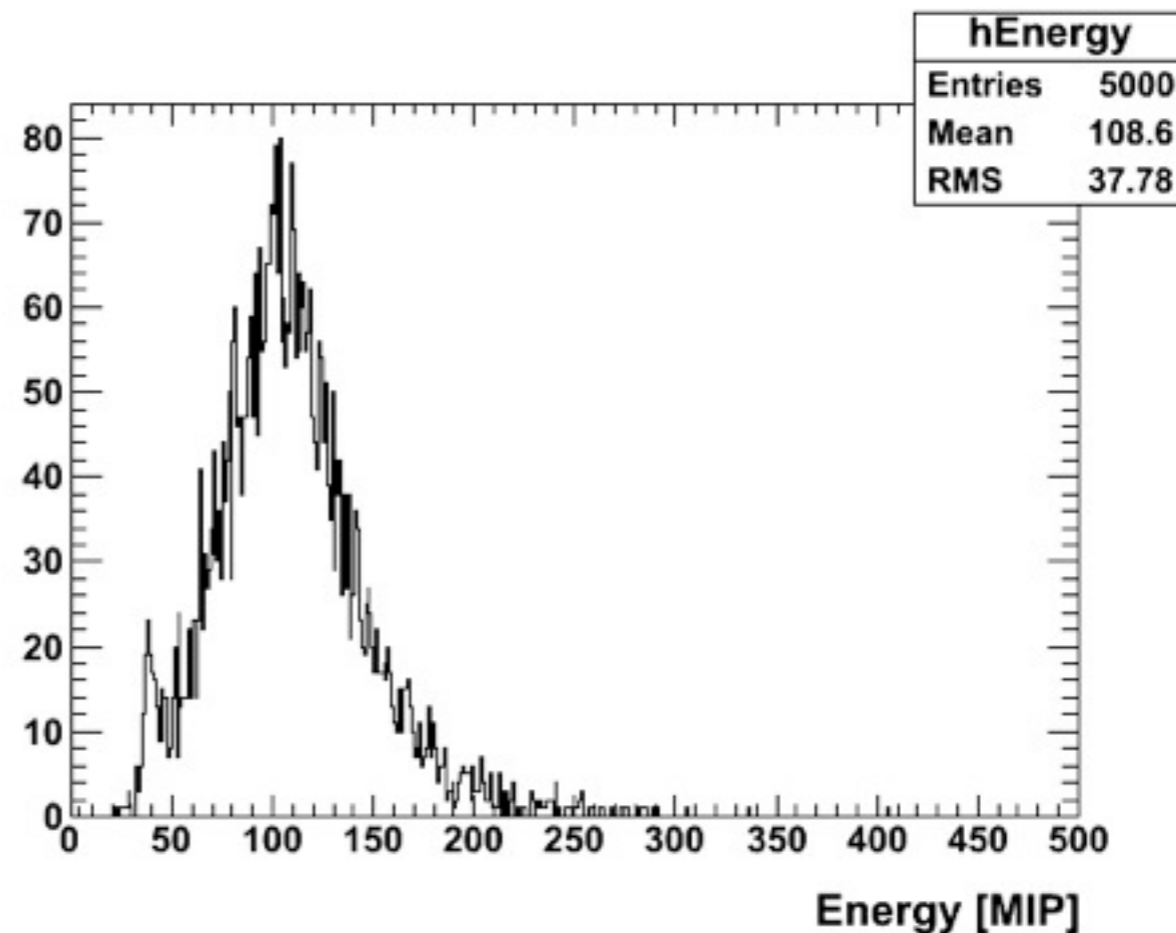
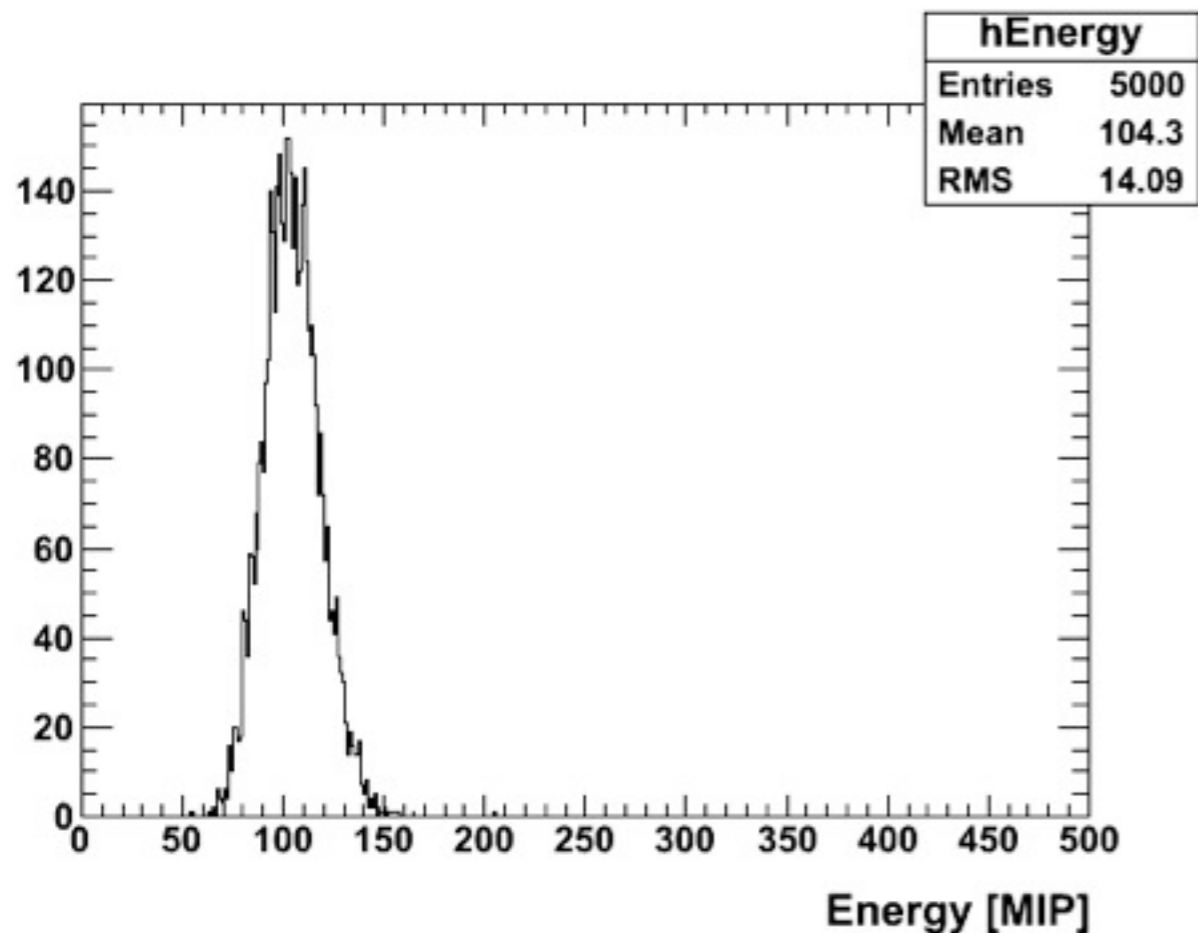
π^- : 157 (<90>)

(with QGSP_BERT_HP: 152)

⇒ $e/\pi = 1.0$ (1.03 HP)

Simulation Results: 4 GeV

- Simulations performed for 6 and 4 GeV negative (e^- , π^-), 5 k events each



QGSP_BERT: e^- : 103 (<90>)

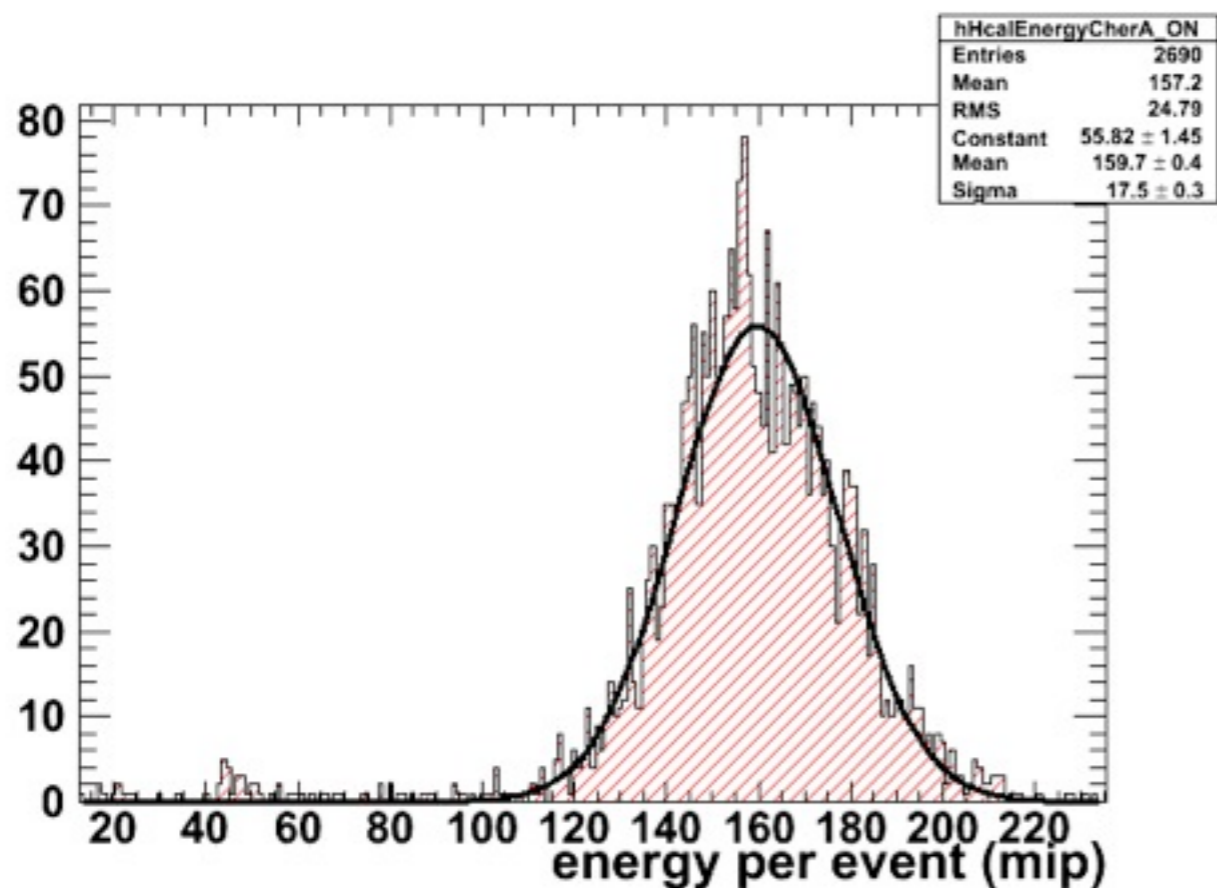
π^- : 105 (<90>)

(with QGSP_BERT_HP: 99)

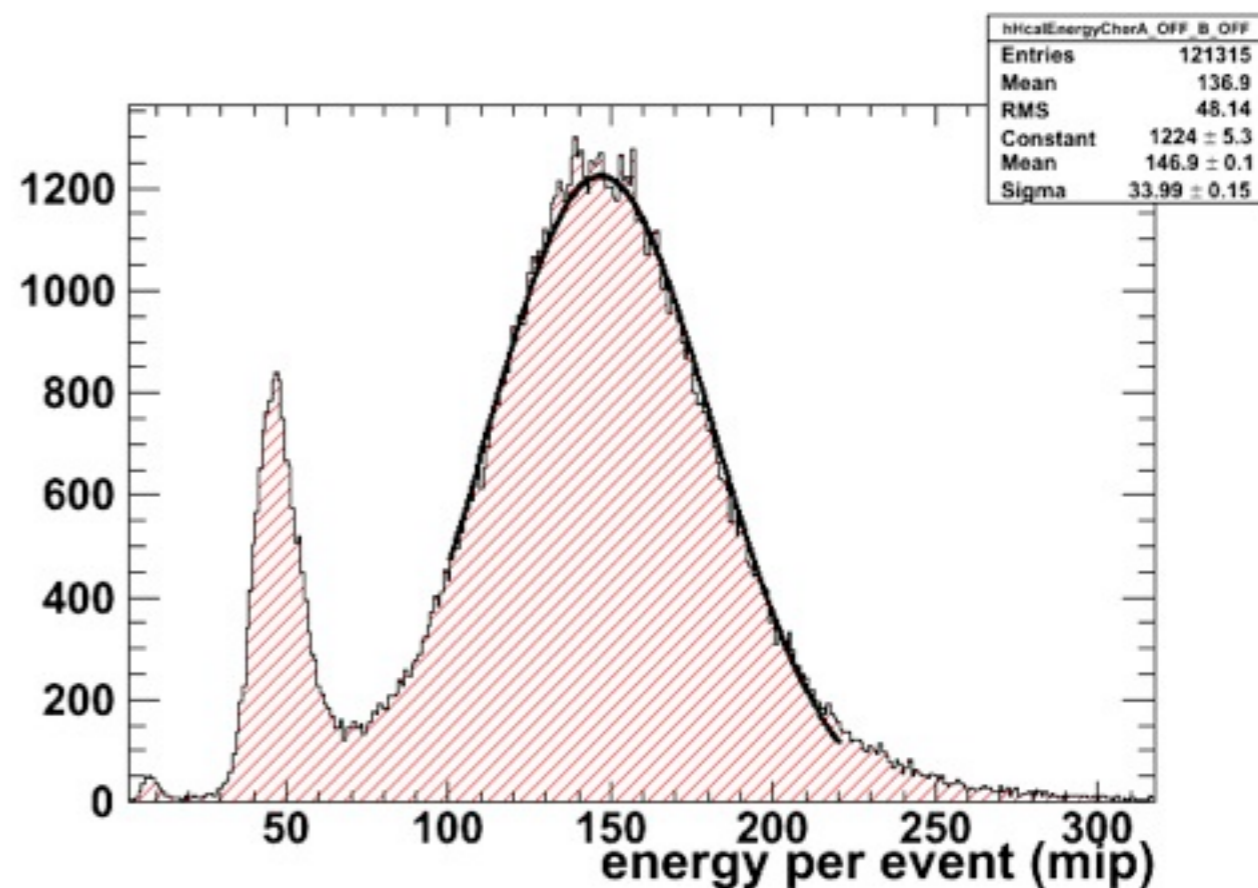
⇒ $e/\pi = 0.98$ (1.04 HP)

Data: Online Histograms: 6 GeV

- Electron / Pion&Muon sample selected using Cherenkov



e^- : 159 (Gaussian mean)



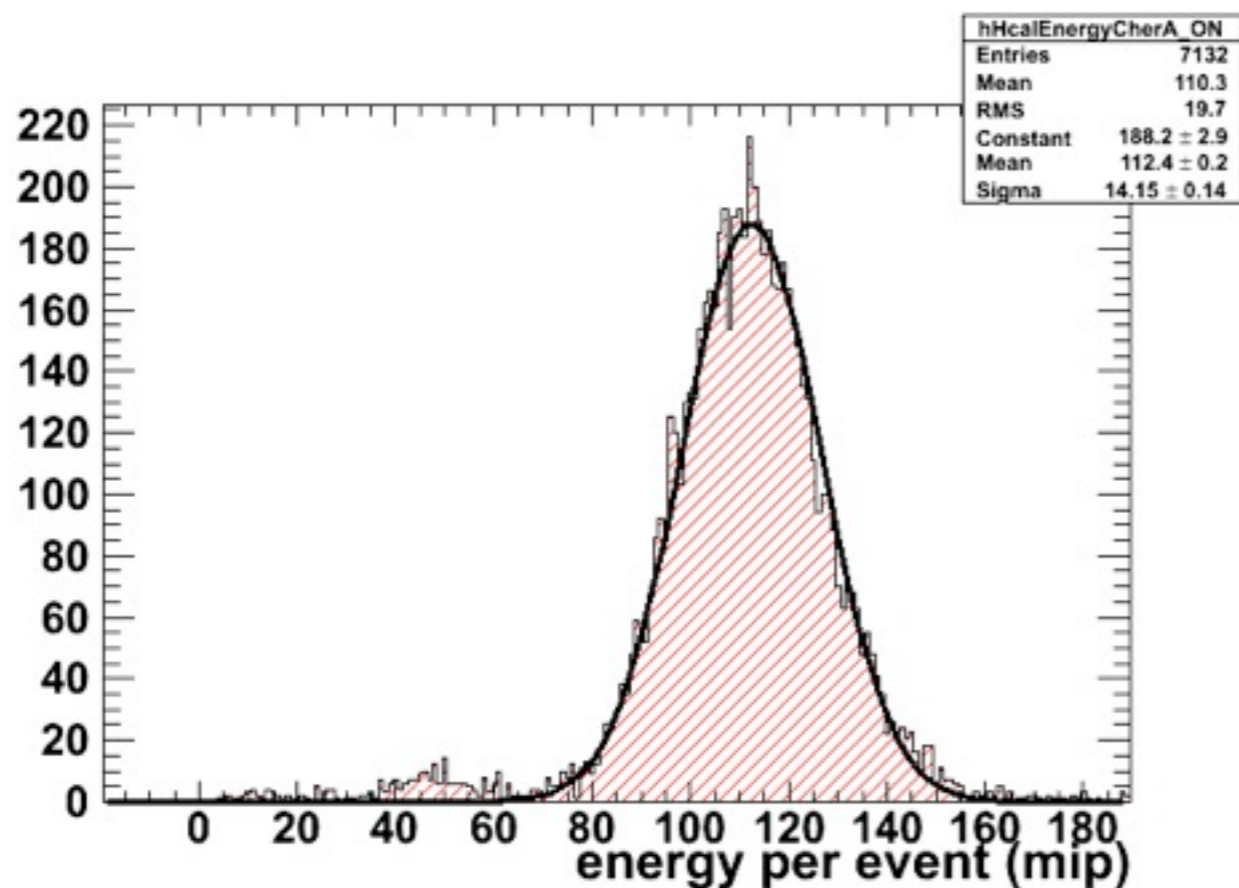
π^- : 147 (Gaussian mean)

$\Rightarrow e/\pi = 1.08$

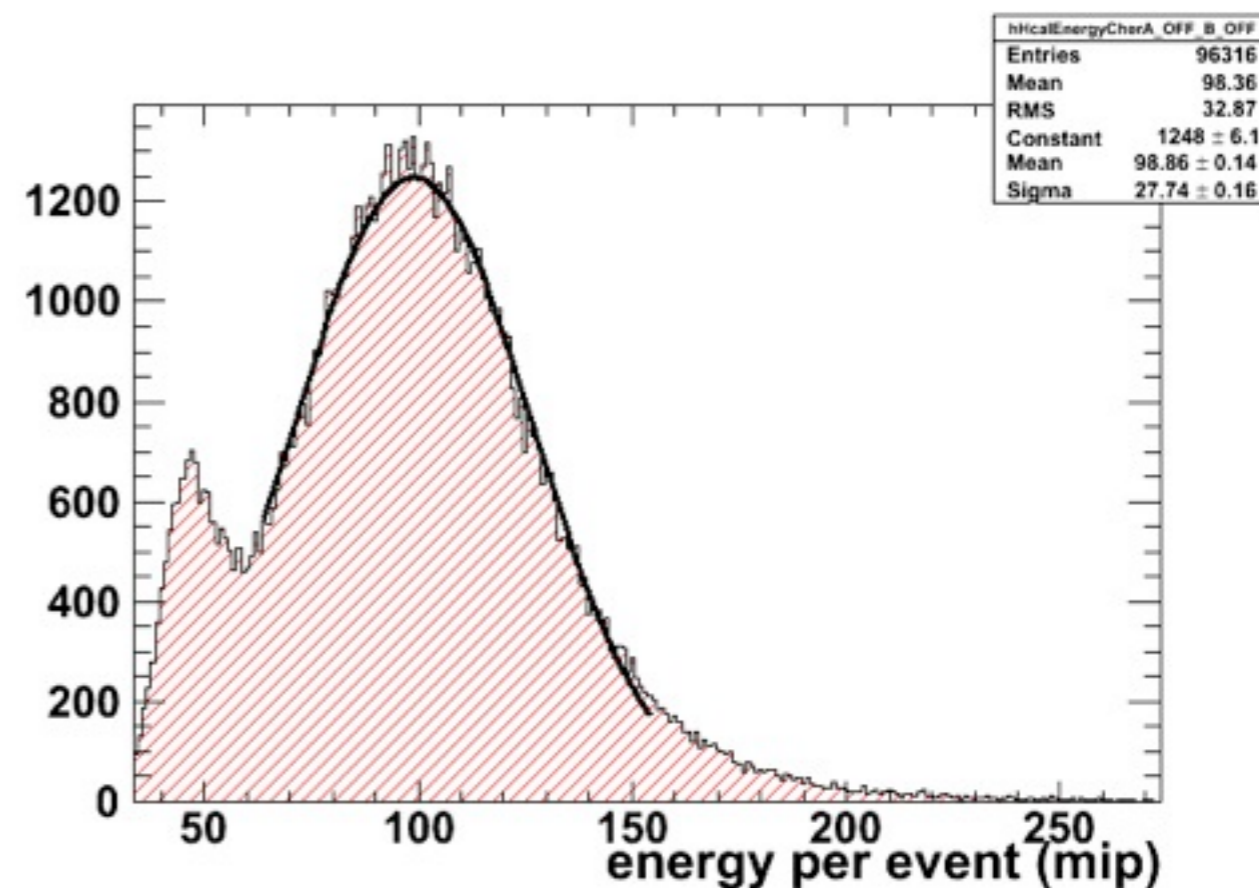
WARNING: Very preliminary, no calibration, no subtraction of noise, Muon ID..

Data: Online Histograms: 4 GeV

- Electron / Pion&Muon sample selected using Cherenkov



e^- : 112 (Gaussian mean)



π^- : 99 (Gaussian mean)

$$\Rightarrow e/\pi = 1.13$$

WARNING: Very preliminary, no calibration, no subtraction of noise, Muon ID..

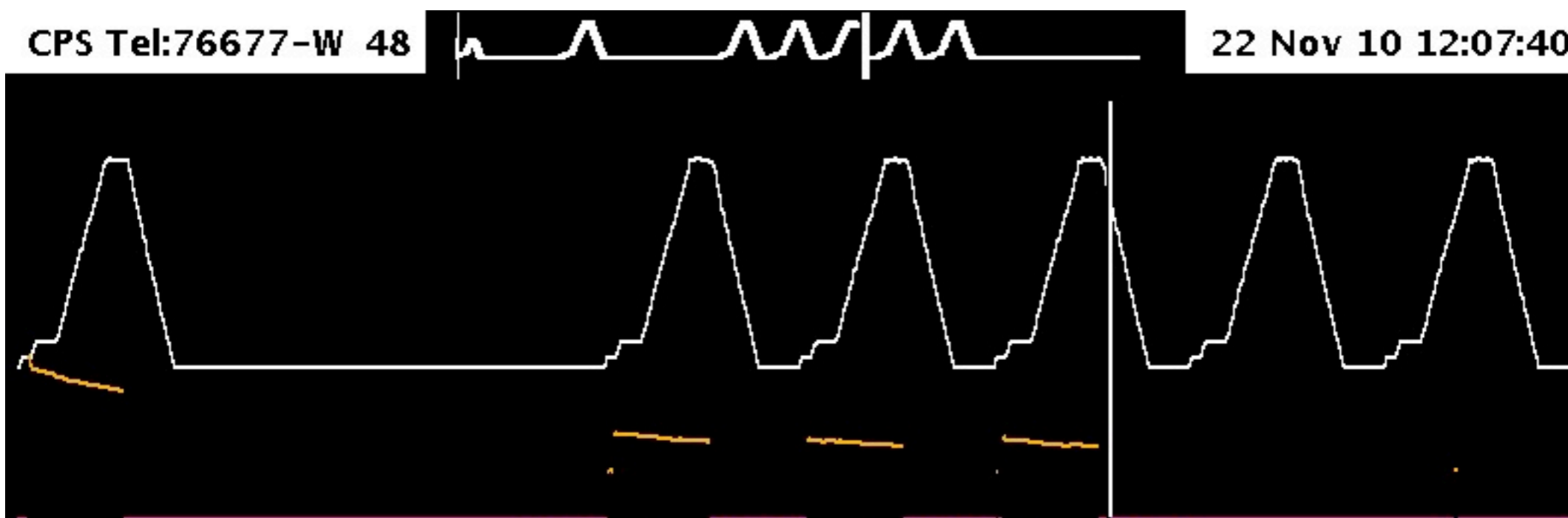
Conclusion

- No Conclusion yet: A discussion starter!
- Electron & Pion energy reconstruction very interesting in the W HCAL!
 - Potentially a compensating calorimeter
 - A real challenge for the detector simulations!

More to come...

CPS Tel:76677-W 48

22 Nov 10 12:07:40



4 Colour range scales: 0.1 - 0.49 0.49 - 9 9 - 225 225 - 4500 E10 Charges

Comments: 22 Nov 2010 09:10:31

3	ZERO		-	
4	ZERO		-	
5	MDION	2.52	P...	TT2_D3
7	ZERO		-	
8	ZERO		-	
9	ZERO		-	
10	ZERO		-	
11	LHCION	0.90	P...	TT2_D3
13	LHCION	0.76	P...	LHCION2
15	LHCION		P...	
/26	LHCION		P...	SPS_DUMP

 * END OF 2010 PROTON's RUN *
 ***** See you next year *****

-- ION RUN still ongoing --