



## Monitoring of cell to cell inhomogeneity and transfer into simulation

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#### Electronics: ASICs test facility

ipnl

The ASICs have been tested by R. della Negra using Labview-based application (cf. N. Seguin)
The resulting gain correction is used as input for "on detector"

calibration







# Pedestals on detector





- From R. della Negra 1<sup>st</sup> threshold 1.015
   DAC/fC
- Set asic DAC0 threshold = average pedestal+100
- Check of threshold dispersion
- Charge injection not an absolute calibration due to unprecise injected charge knowledge





## Threshold uniformity





# Ideas for threshold in monitoring

- Stability of charge injection threshold vs time for DACO/1 and 2 (not absolute calibration)
- Stability of MIP threshold vs HV (for DACO and DAC1)
- Stability of ratios of number of pads above threshold 0 1 & 2 for given energy pions





## Uniformity measurement

- To be done with cosmics as soon as we have 4 chambers
- Associate 3 collinear coincident clusters and predict in 4<sup>th</sup> chamber.
  - Will allow multiplicity and efficiency uniformity measurement
  - 1 cosmic/cm<sup>2</sup>/min -> Threshold scan over 120 DAC with ~10 tracks per pad in 20h
  - Measurement of MIP peak with DACO & DAC1

#### CALICO Efficiency homogeneity studies in



#### CALICO Multiplicity homogeneity studies in







## Inhomogeneity in simulation

- Dispersion of threshold/multiplicity can be added at the digitization level
- Idea to introduce pad multiplicity vs track position in simulation :
  - Divide cells in 3x3 cells (Mokka) and compute probability of neighboring pads to be hit at digitization level (Marlin) as a function of the track entry sub-pad.
  - M2 student starting end Feb to work on measurement/implementation.







## Conclusion

- This is work in progress...
- Charge injection calibration can be improved by better impedance matching
- Will start using LPC Volcano data to start cosmic uniformity measurements