

Higgs BR study

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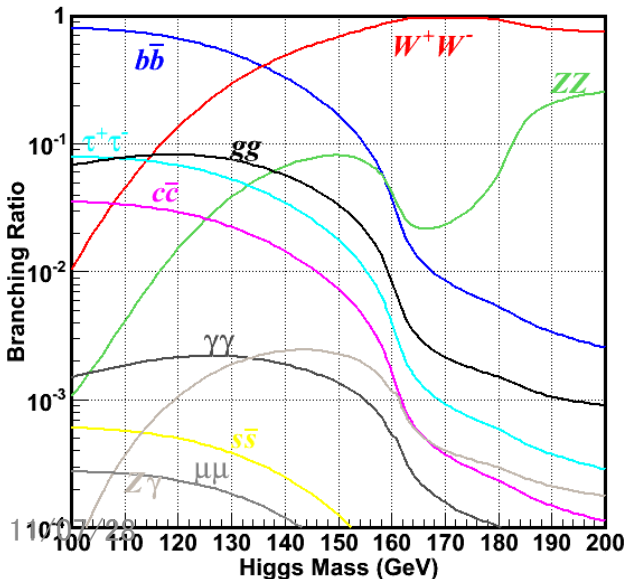
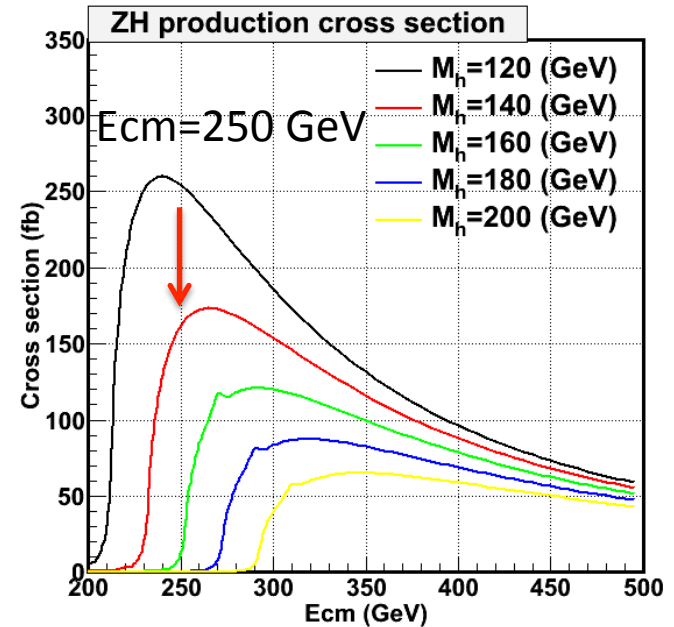
Current status

- Discuss about the 0th draft with Miyamoto-san and additional check are needed for final results
 - “Data sample” and “template sample” are same and just scaled for current study
 - Prepare individual data and template samples to check the bias from same samples analysis
- Try to evaluate the absolute BR measurement accuracy with fitted parameter (r_{xx})
 - $r_{xx} = \varepsilon_{xx}/\varepsilon_{all} * BR(H \rightarrow xx)$ (ε_{xx} : cut efficiency)

Consideration of different Higgs mass

Higher Higgs mass around the MH=140 GeV is also considered from LHC results

Higgs BR	MH=120 GeV	MH=140 GeV
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	66.5%	33.0 %
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	6.8%	3.5 %
$H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	2.9%	1.5%
$H \rightarrow WW^*$	13.6%	49.2%
$H \rightarrow ZZ^*$	1.5%	6.7%
$H \rightarrow gg$	8.2%	5.6%



from HDECAY

$E_{cm}=250$ GeV is also suitable for the MH=140 GeV study ($E_{cm} \sim M_z + M_H + 20$ GeV)

Consider to generate the signal samples with MH=140 GeV at $E_{cm}=250$ GeV
 LOI samples are available for BG ($E_{cm}=250$ GeV)

Fitted parameter r_{xx} definition

Current definition of fitted template sample rxx includes BR

$$N_{ijk}^{template} = \sum_{s=bb,cc,oth} r_s \left(\frac{N^{Hall}}{N^s} \right) \cdot N_{ijk}^s + r_{bkg} \cdot N_{ijk}^{bkg}$$

$$r_{oth} = 1 - r_{bb} - r_{cc} \quad r_{bkg} = 1 \text{ or free}$$

Possibility to reduce the fitting fluctuation fixed to $r_{bkg} = 1$, which assume the SM backgrounds are well understand in the template samples

Definition of fitted r_{xx}

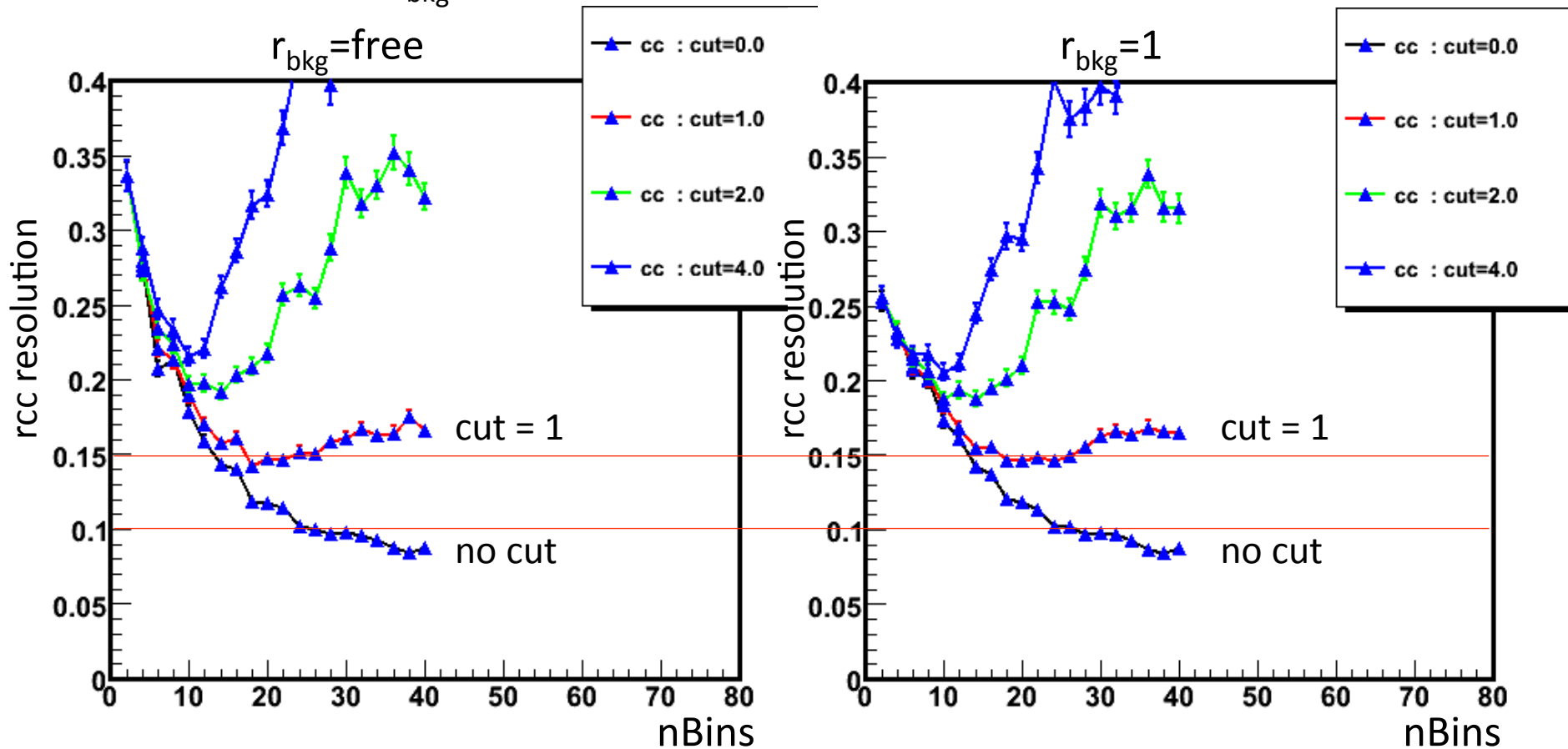
$$r_{xx} = \epsilon_{xx} / \epsilon_{all} * BR(xx)$$

Extract absolute BR from the fitted parameter r_{xx} and ϵ_{xx} (cut efficiency)

r_{bkg} parameter free or fixed

vvH $E_{\text{cm}}=250$ GeV, $L=1000\text{fb}^{-1}$ template sample, $L=250\text{fb}^{-1}$ data

Set $r_{\text{bkg}}=1$ if all the SM backgrounds are well understood



Significant difference is not observed from fix or free r_{bkg}

Measurement accuracy of BR

$$r_{xx} = \frac{\epsilon_{all}}{\epsilon_{xx}} \cdot BR(xx)$$

BR is extracted from the fitted parameter r_{xx}
 ϵ_{xx} s are cut efficiency of each samples

	vvH		qqH	
Ecm (GeV)	250	350	250	350
ϵ_{all}	24.5%	35.4%	29.2%	24.1%
ϵ_{bb}	31.6%	44.6%	34.2%	28.6%
ϵ_{cc}	26.0%	45.2%	36.2%	32.1%
r_{bb}	0.86±0.01	0.84±0.01	0.78±0.02	0.79±0.02
r_{cc}	0.039±0.005	0.051±0.004	0.045±0.005	0.048±0.005
BR(bb)	66.3±0.9%	66.7±0.8%	66.6±1.3%	66.6±1.4%
BR(cc)	3.65±0.52%	3.99±0.33%	3.66±0.40%	3.60±0.38%
Δ BR(bb)	1.3%	1.2%	1.9%	2.1%
Δ BR(cc)	14.2%	8.2%	11.1%	10.6%

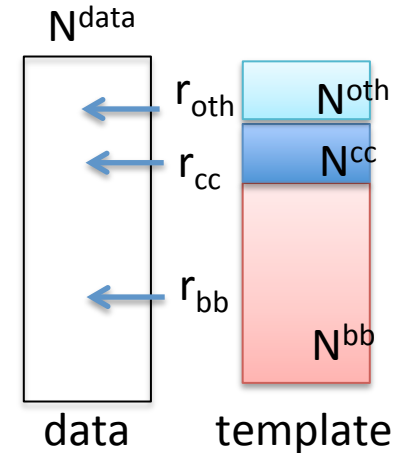
BR(bb)=65.7%, BR(cc)=3.6% in Pythia

Different definition of r_{xx}

Different definition of template sample in other study

$$N_{ijk}^{template} = \sum_{s=bb,cc,oth,bkg} r_s \cdot N_{ijk}^s$$

$$r_{bkg} = 1$$

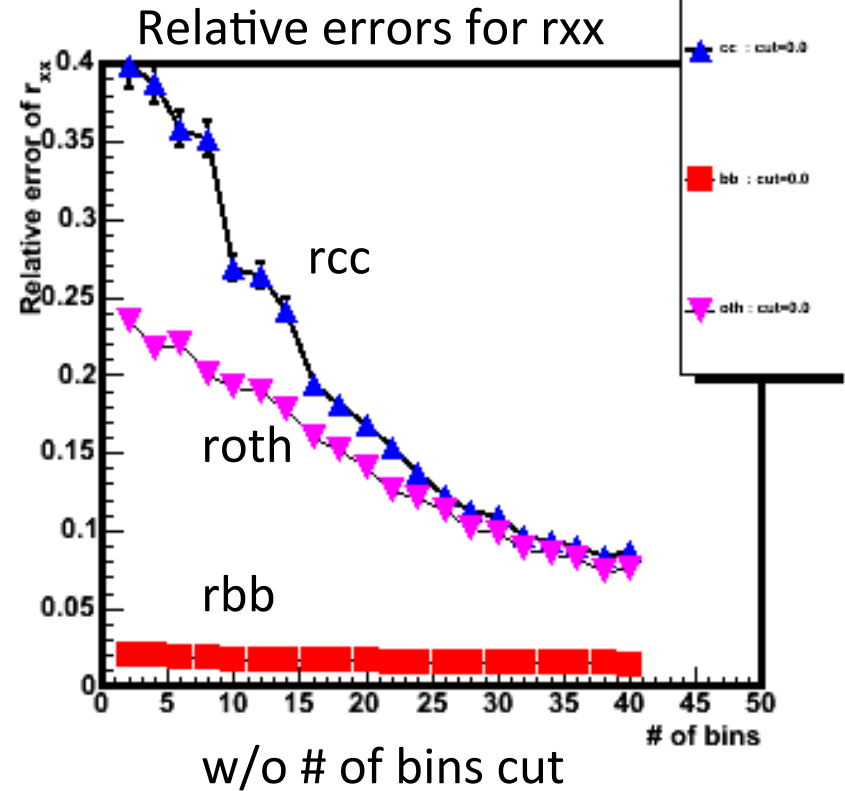
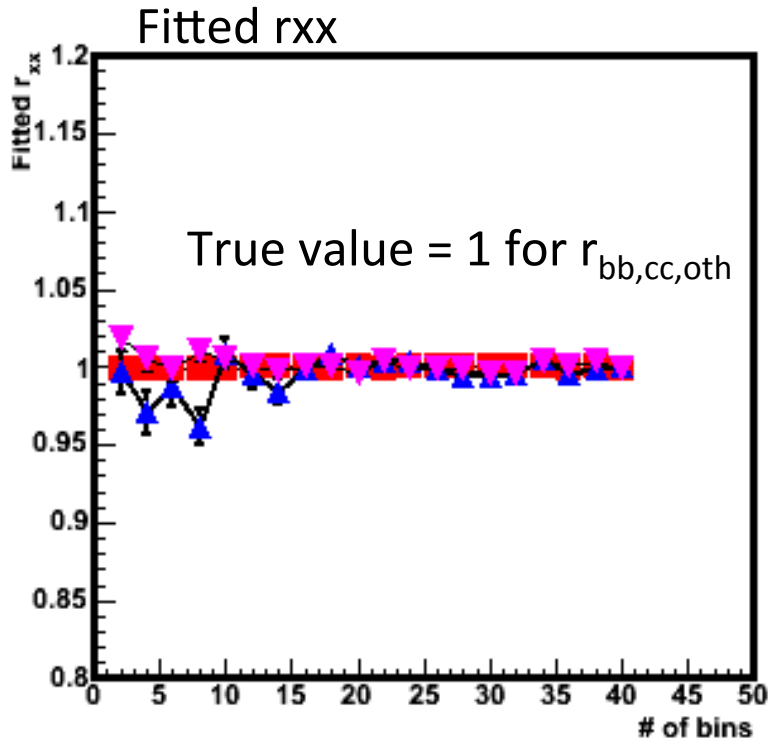


r_{xx} does not include BR fraction, fitt to be 1

$$BR(xx) = r_{xx} \cdot BR(xx)^{SM} \cdot \frac{\sigma(ffH)^{SM}}{\sigma(ffH)}$$

$\Delta\sigma \sim 2.5\%$ from recoil mass study

Fitted results for r_{xx} with different definition

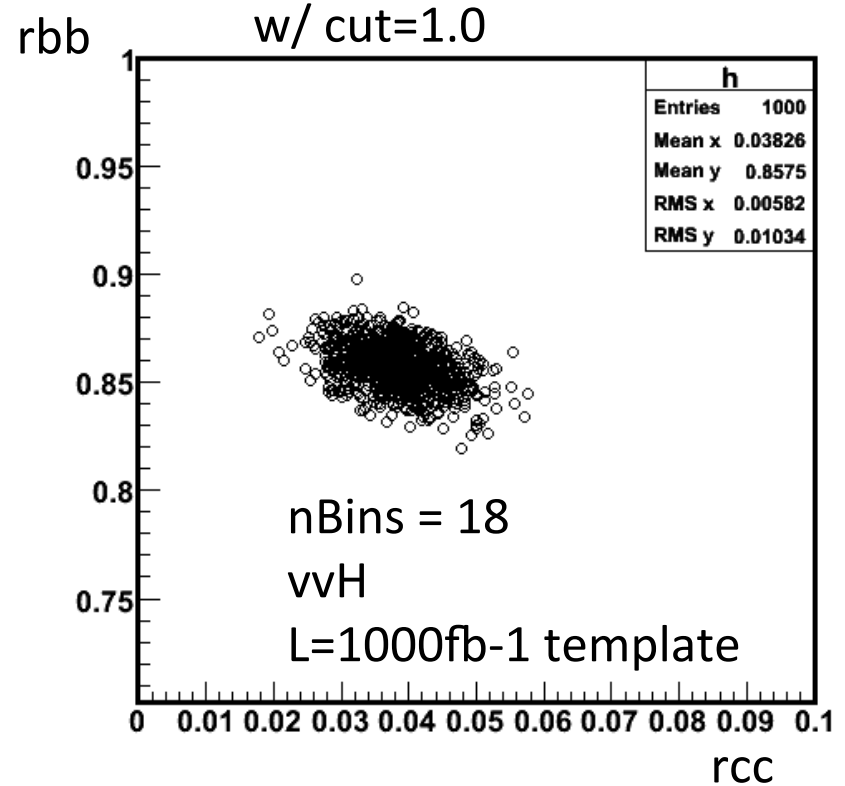
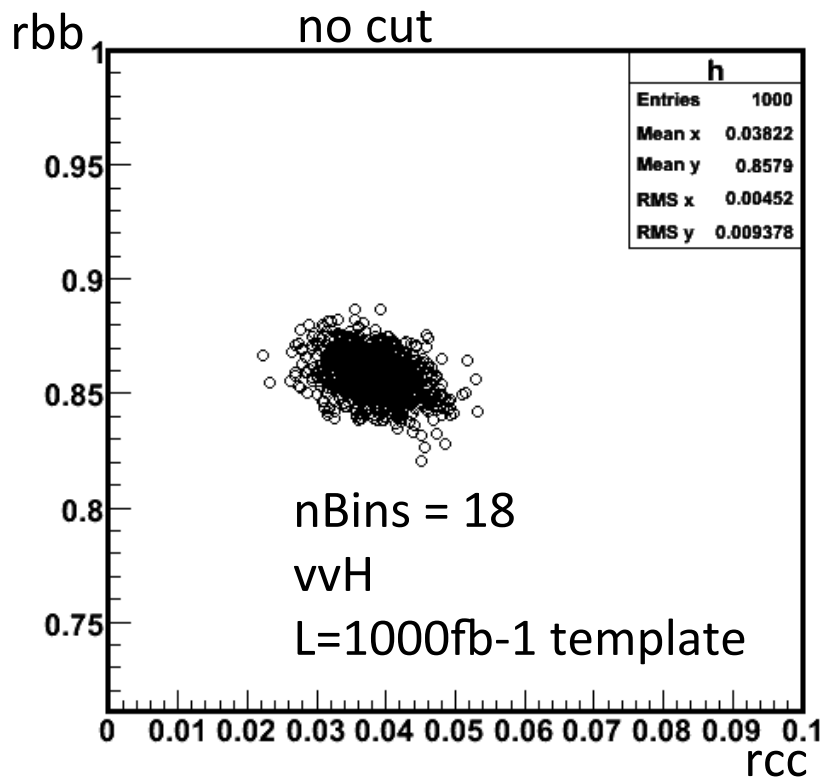


Fitted value reproduce the true value of $r_{xx} = 1$

BACKUP

rbb, rcc correlation plot

vvH Ecm=250 GeV, L=1000fb-1 template sample, L=250fb-1 data

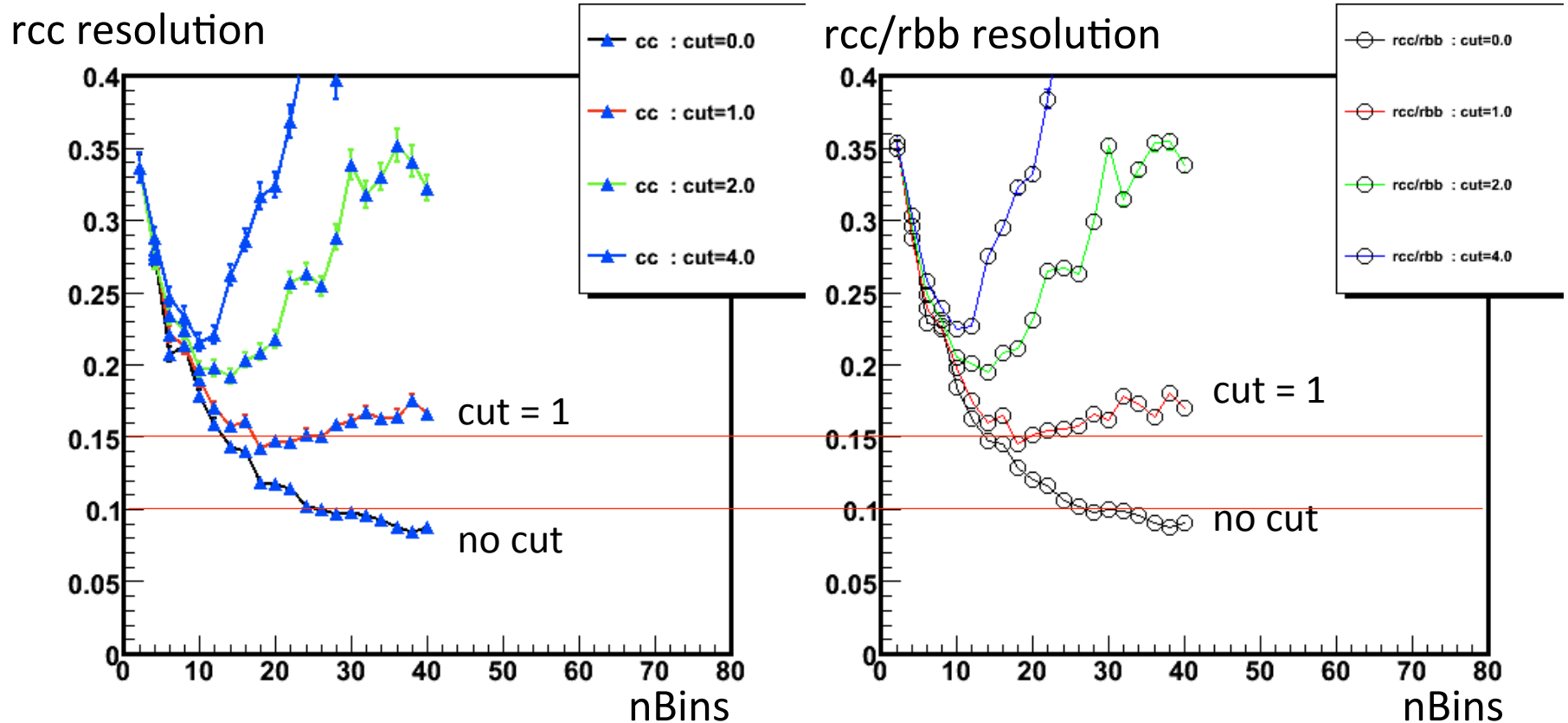


Correlation between rbb and rcc is observed

→ Ratio of rcc/rbb is better to evaluate the measurement accuracy?

Comparison of rcc and rcc/rbb ratio

vvH Ecm=250 GeV, L=1000fb-1 template sample, L=250fb-1 data



Almost same as rcc resolution and rcc/rbb resolution .
→ Relative error is dominated by rcc ($H \rightarrow cc$) accuracy.