

Homework of Cavity-Integration

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Homework by KILC

ML Integration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Provide a complete ML lattice with 9+4Q4+9 cryomodule unit, - Confirm requirement of energy overhead (1.4%) w/ additional ML length for operational availability (provide rationale) - Fix total numbers of CM including ML, RTML, e-source (# add. CMs to be fixed) - Q + corrector +BPM package design (w/ energy dependent design?) - Plan for full power upgrade at 500 GeV, and scenario up to 1 TeV (→ such as quad. configuration, FDFD up to 500 GeV, and FFDD at 1 TeV?)
HLRF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Required RF power overhead, more detail (in KCS and RDR) - Cost saving of PDS, Klystron, Marx Generator etc - Catalogue local power distribution variants and conceptual designs - Estimate waveguide losses and heat loads
CM and Cryogenics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Confirm CM slot length to be fixed: 12,652 mm in RDR, and it need to be reflected to the current ILC-CM drawing which has currently 12,644 mm (11794+850) in FNAL-CM4. - Asses the need for accessibility and maintenance of active components (tuner motors) - Cryo-string length, additional length of Cold-box for phase-separation, to adapt new RDR-like RF unit and/or tilting tunnel and effect on add. Total main linac length.
Cavity Integration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cavity-slot length to be well established (to be 1326.7 mm) - Feasibility of magnetic shield inside LHe tank at central region and outside at inter-connect.
Cavity Gradient	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Update fabrication process and recipe; re-definition of production yield (documentation)
Coupler processing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Determine specifications for peak power processing - Evaluate solution for tunnel in-situ processing

Cavity Slot length: RDR review

Cavity flange-to-flange

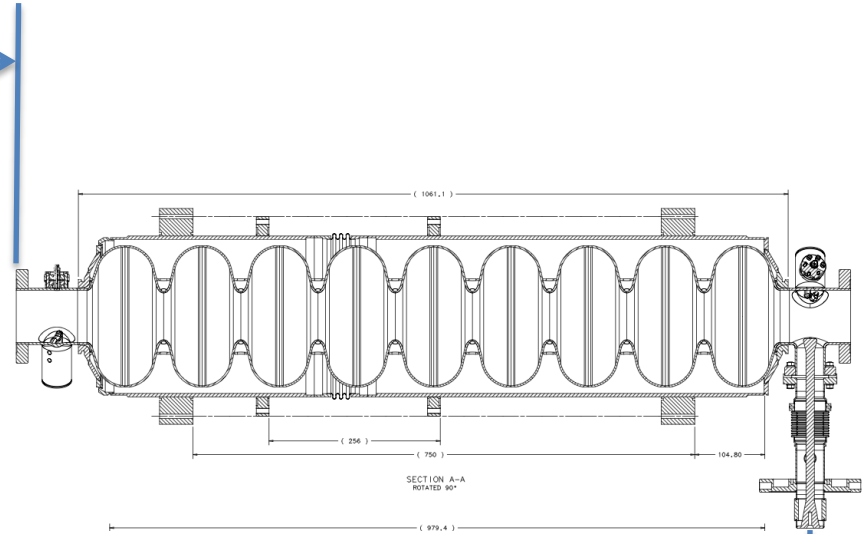
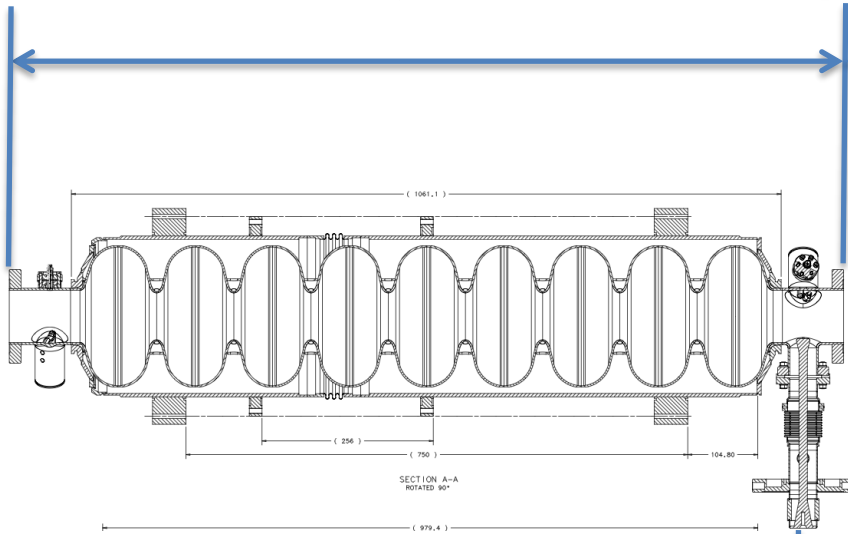
FNAL design = 1.2474 m

KEK design = 1.2476 m

Bellows flange-to-flange

FNAL for bellows = 0.0786 m

KEK for bellows = 0.0784 m



Cavity spacing: coupler center-to-center

RDR description: $5 \frac{3}{4} \lambda_0 = 1.326$ m

$$C = 2.99792458 \times 10^8$$

$$f = 1300.000000 \text{ MHz}$$

1326.7? should be 1326.005

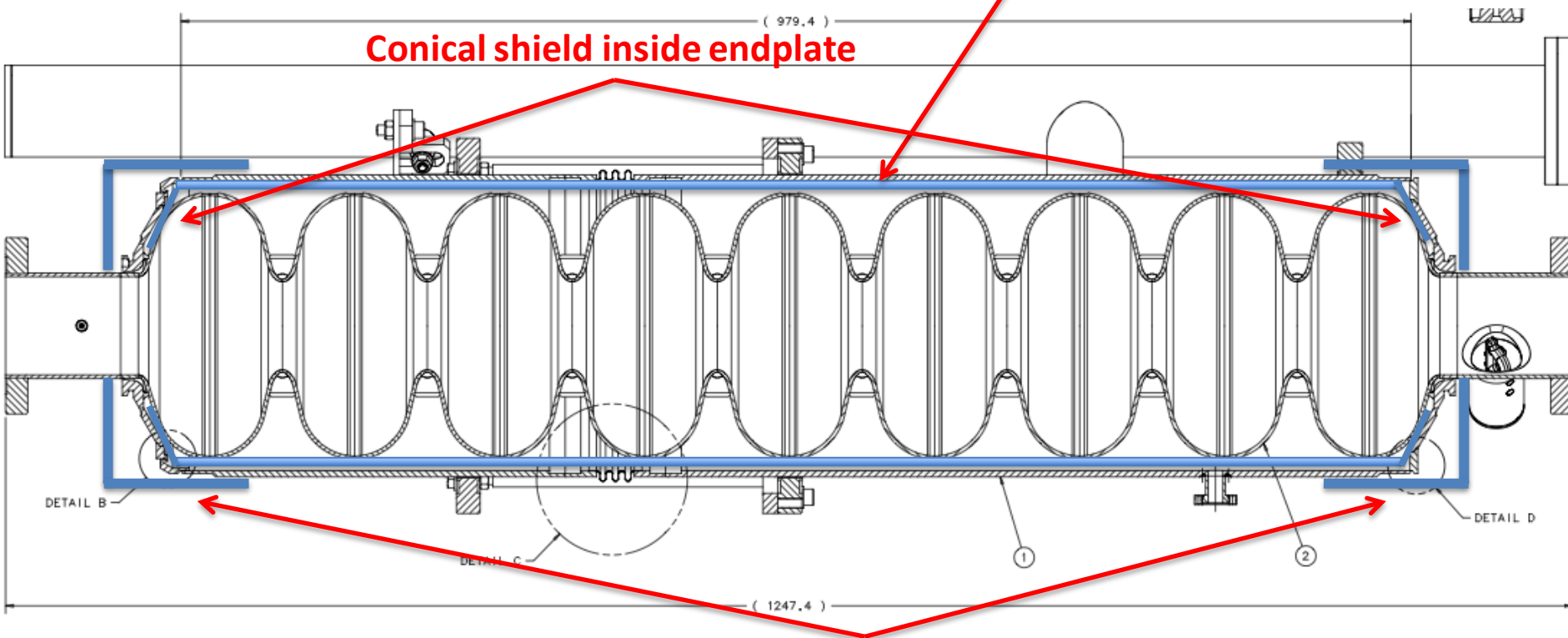
Magnetic Shield Inside at LHe tank outside in interconnect: feasibility check

Proposal: KEK type inside shield + cylindrical end shield outside

cylindrical shield inside jacket

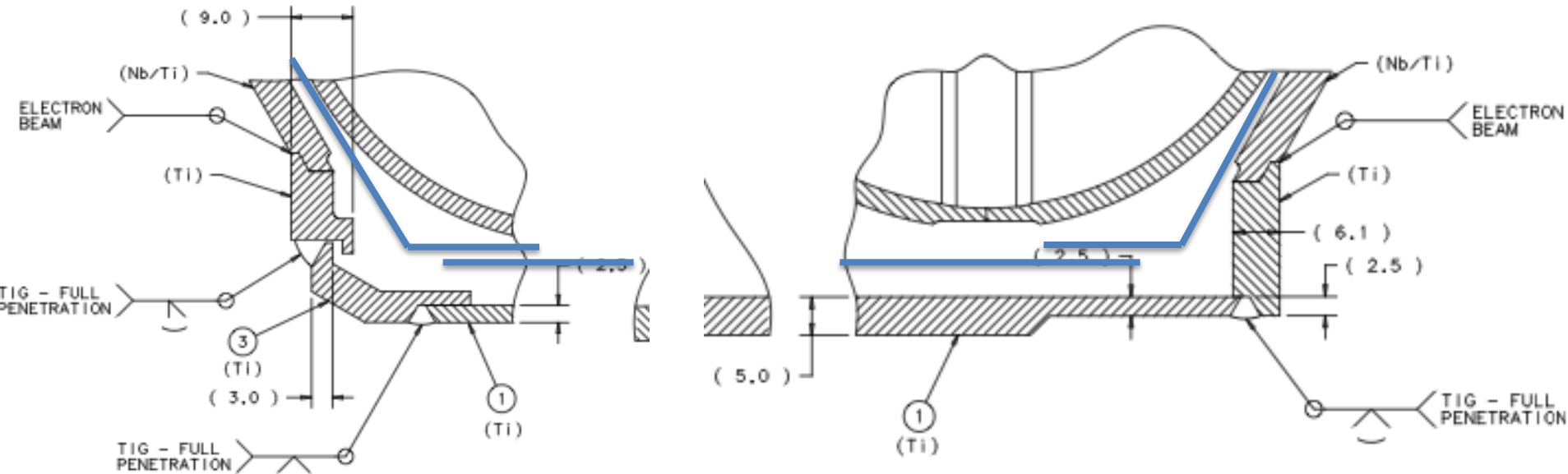
Conical shield inside endplate

Pill-box end-cell shield, outside jacket



Details of Conical shield at endplate

1 - 2mm thickness conical shield



Conical shield can be formed by press
and put into endplate during end-group welding

or

Conical shield can be formed from fan-cutout and put into endplate,
by lapped around and bolted,
Connected with short-cylindrical overlap by bolt.

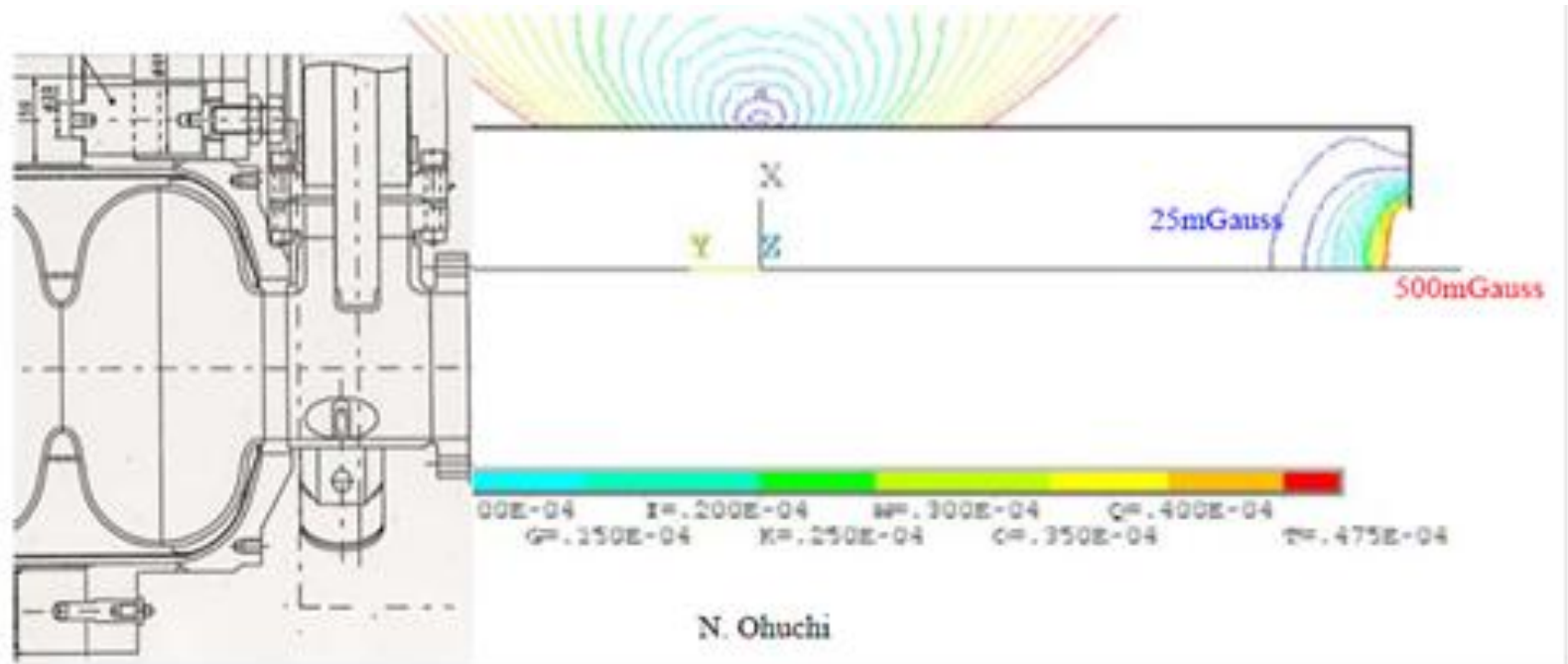
Magnetic Shields of KEK Cavities



4 Components per 1 KEK Cavity



Calculation of Magnetic Fields in KEK Cavity

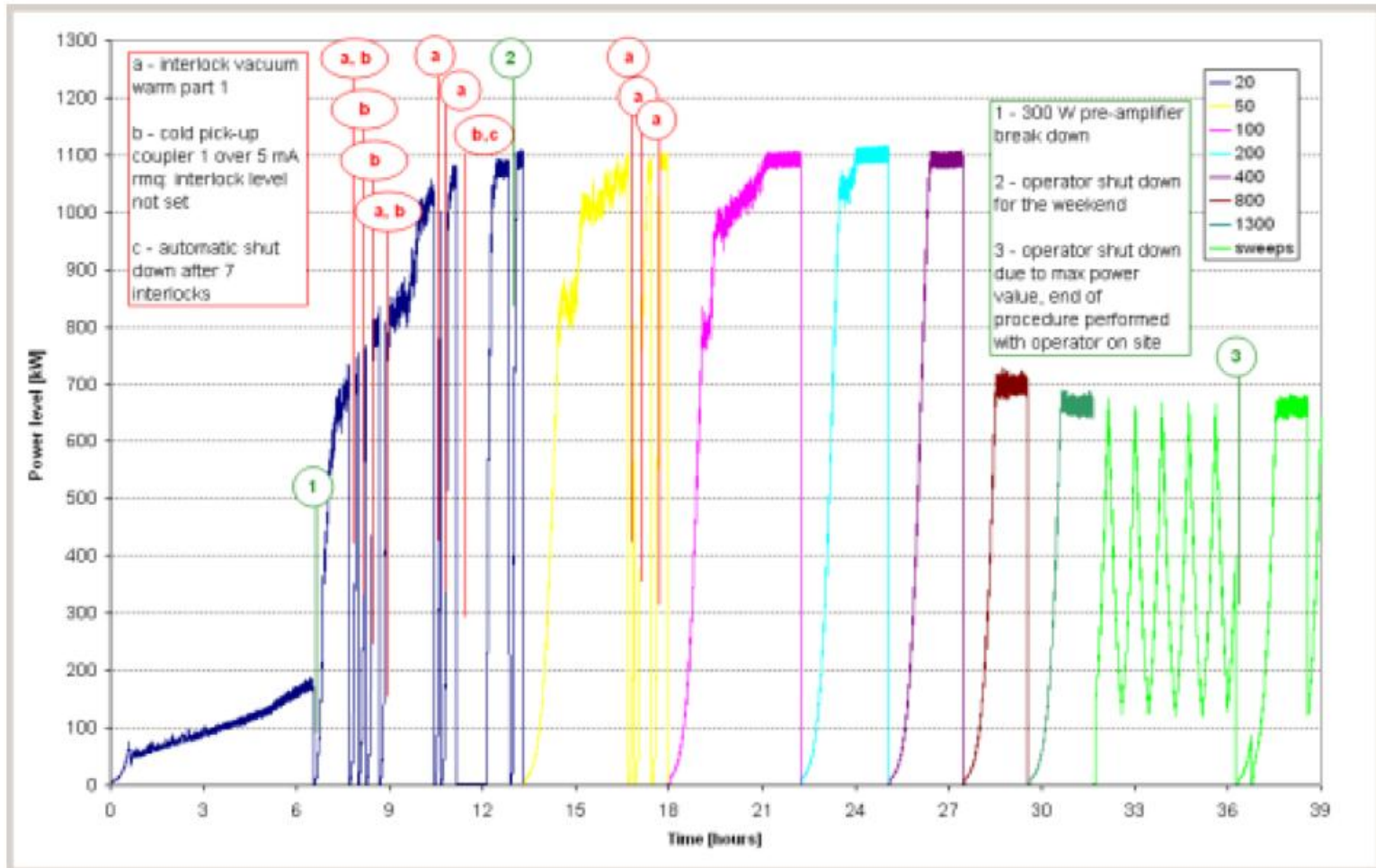


by N. Ohuchi (KEK)

Opening aperture and distance from aperture are important

Coupler processing : procedure

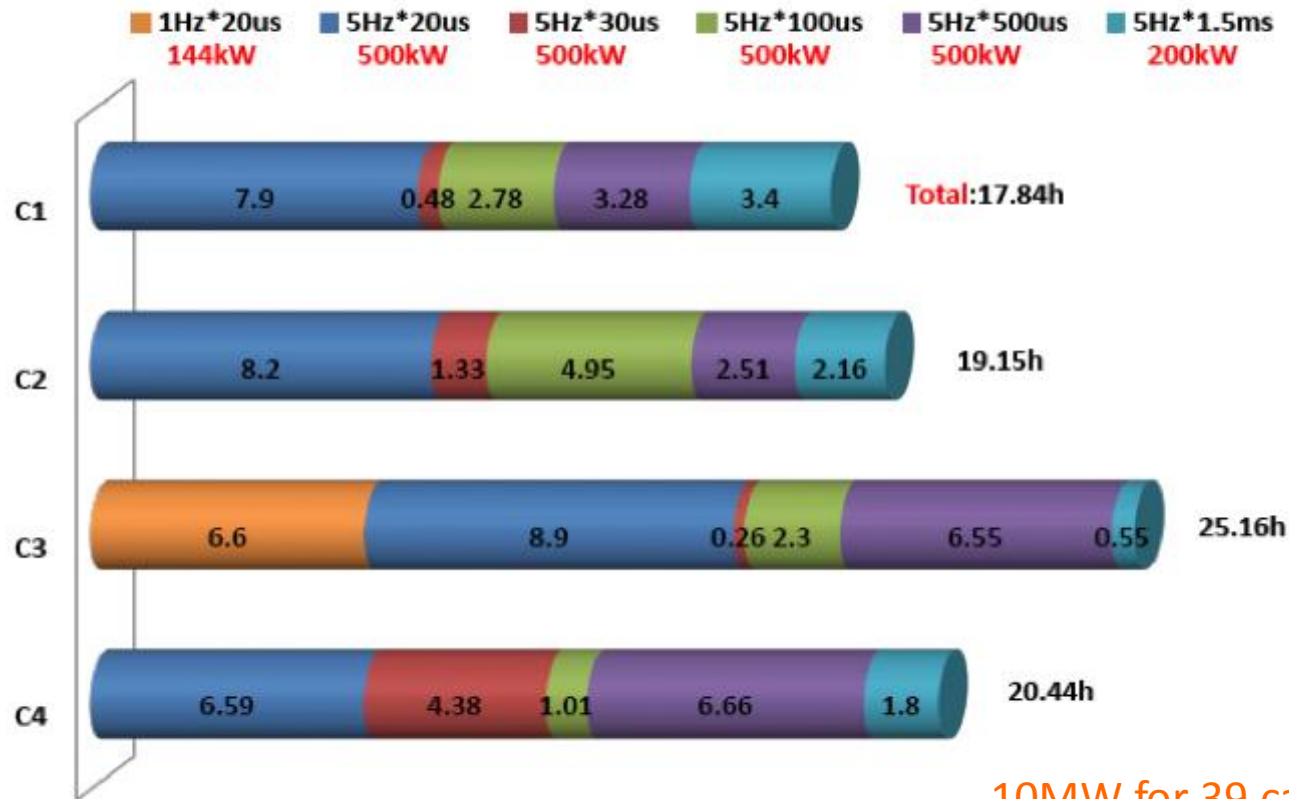
XFEL coupler (used in S1-G) process



Paired coupler process :

20 μ s	1100kW	400 μ s	1100kW
50 μ s	1100kW	800 μ s	700kW
100 μ s	1100kW	1300 μ s	700kW
200 μ s	1100kW	1300 μ s	power sweep

XFEL coupler S1-G in-situ process (reflected from cavity at room temp)



10MW for 39 cavities with WG loss

ILC tunnel in-situ : determined by available power ~250kW

20μs 500kW
 30μs 500kW
 100μs 500kW
 500μs 500kW
 1500μs 200kW



20μs 250kW
 50μs 250kW
 100μs 250kW
 500μs 250kW
 1500μs 200kW