

CALICE AHCAL main meeting
DESY, 12.-13.12.2011

Spatial resolution of AHCAL for EM showers

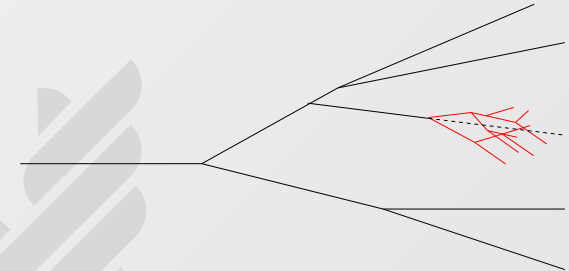
- First results -

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Introduction

- EM showers in had. Calorimeters
 - ♦ Dense, compact energy deposition
 - ♦ EM-hits - once identified - allow for precise track reconstruction (→ PFA)

- **Today:** first analysis of HCAL track resolution
 - ♦ TB CERN '07 (positrons, without ECAL)
 - ✓ *Rotated HCAL*
 - ♦ TB CERN '11 (electrons, Tungsten)



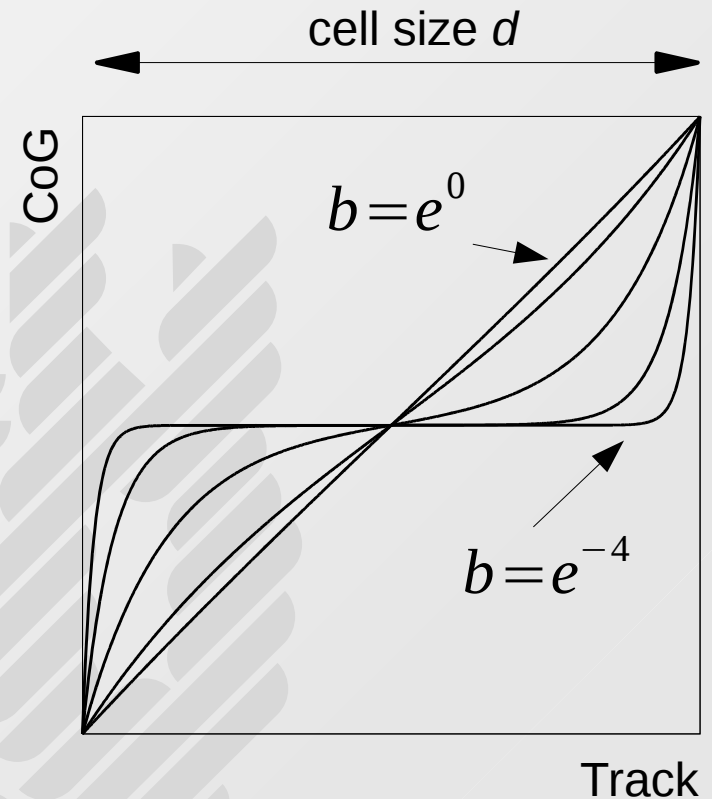
Theory in short

- Assume exp. shower profile
- Detector response (CoG) to track position is stepfunction:

$$x_{HCAL} = \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{x_{TRACK}}{b}\right)}{\sinh\left(\frac{d}{2 \cdot b}\right)} \cdot \frac{d}{2}$$

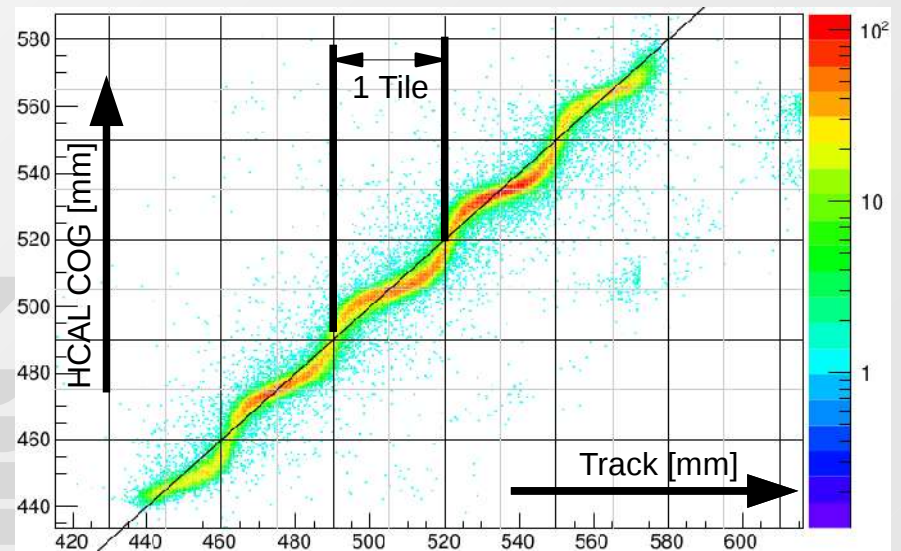
- Shape parameter b depends on energy & layer
 - First layer: distinct step, last layers: smooth
- **Correct CoG by inverse function**

$$x_{HCAL}^{Corr} = b \cdot \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{2}{d} \sinh\left(\frac{d}{2 \cdot b}\right) \cdot x_{HCAL}\right)$$

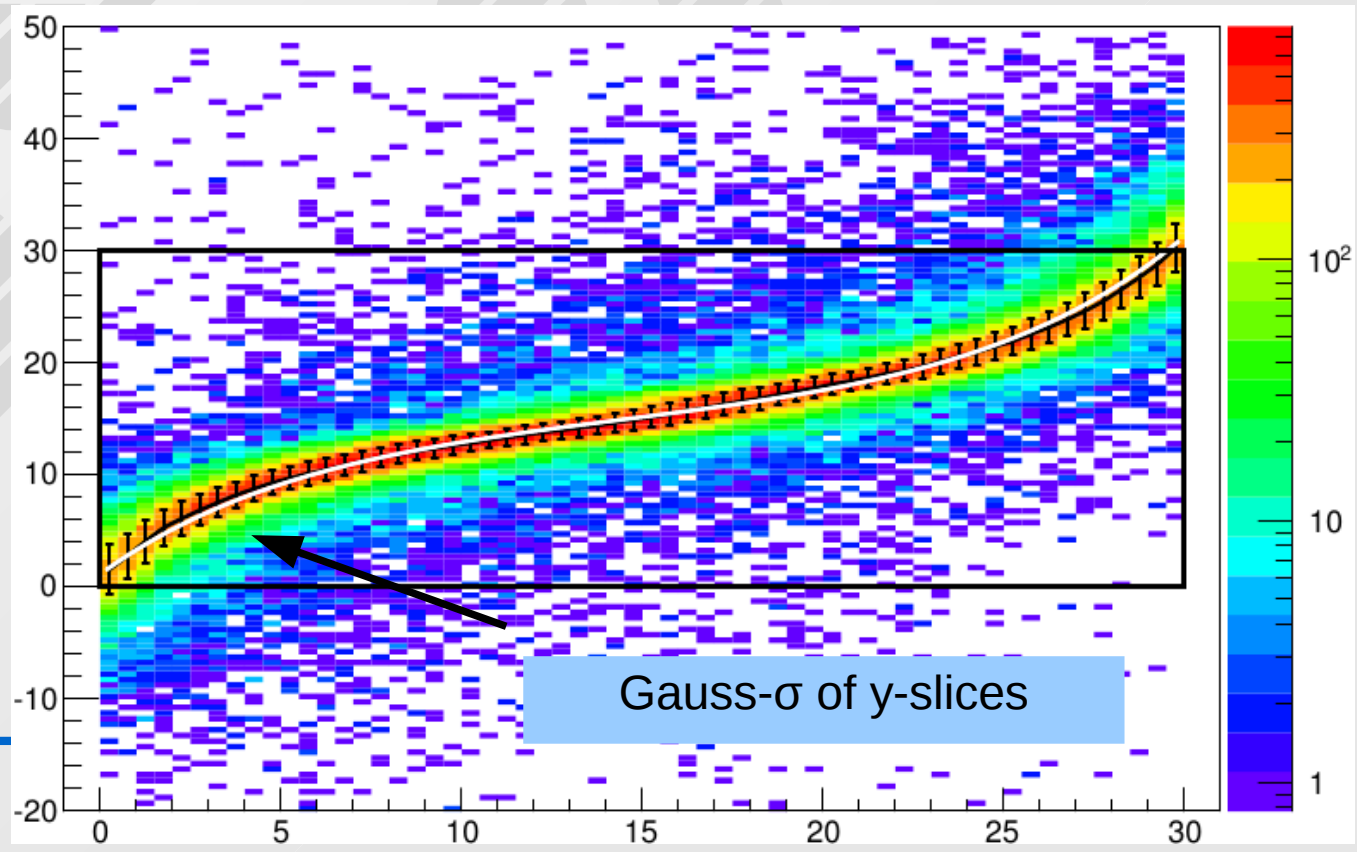


Testbeam data

- Combine data of several runs i.e. several stage positions
- Real world coordinates useless - need something tile-based: CellIndex



- Merge to single tile
- Fit profile
- Correct hits

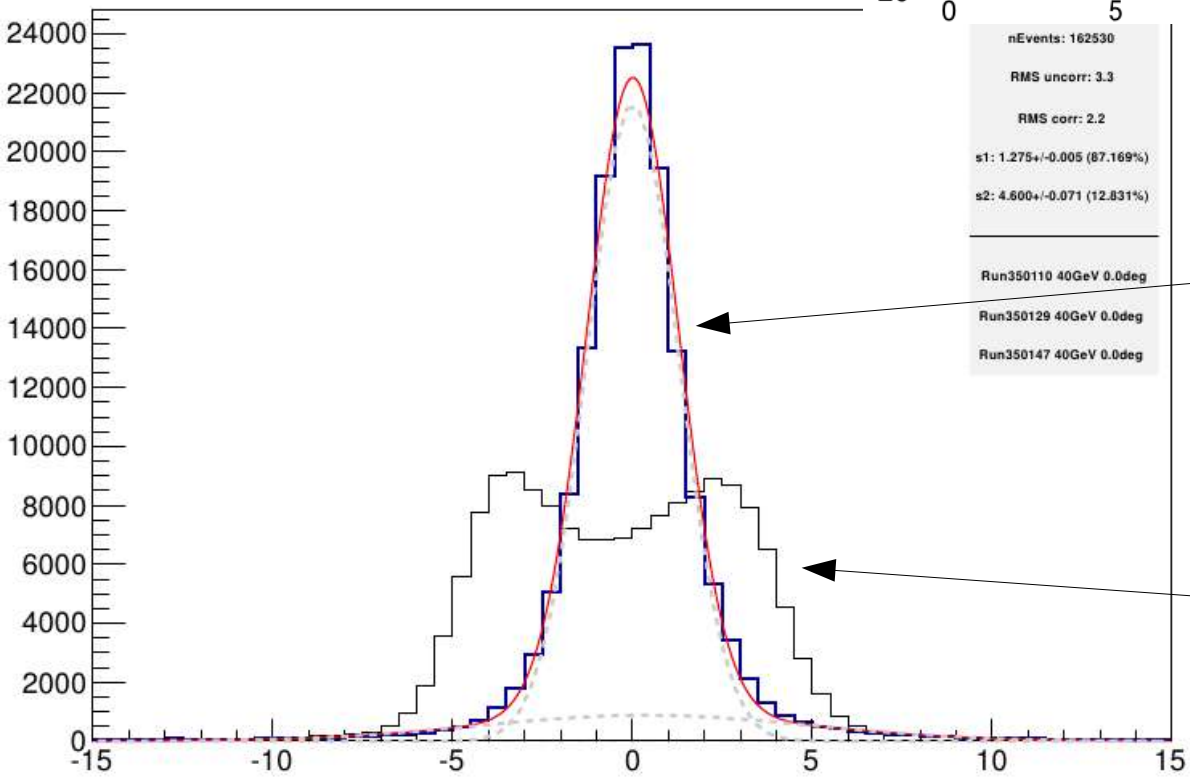
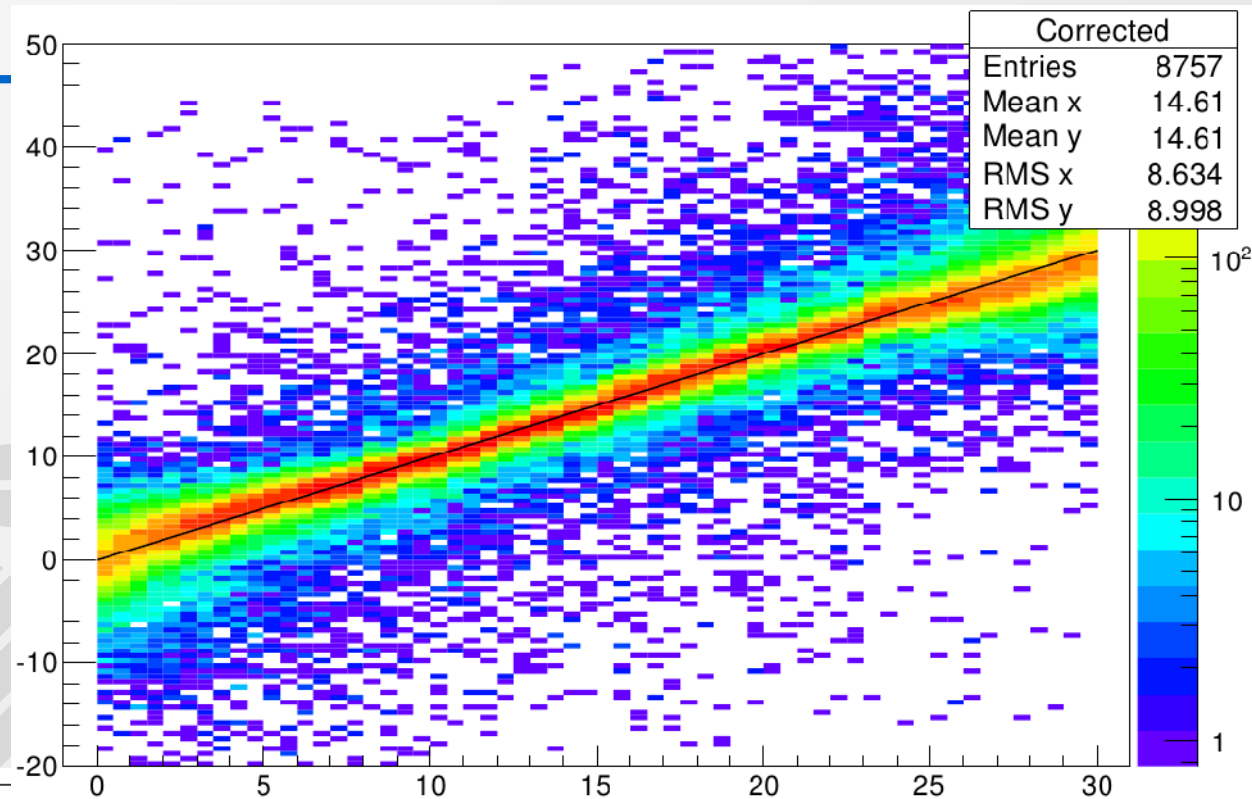


Resolution

- After correction:
CoG \leftrightarrow track linear

- Resolution

$$(X_{HCAL}^{(Corr)} - X_{TRACK})$$



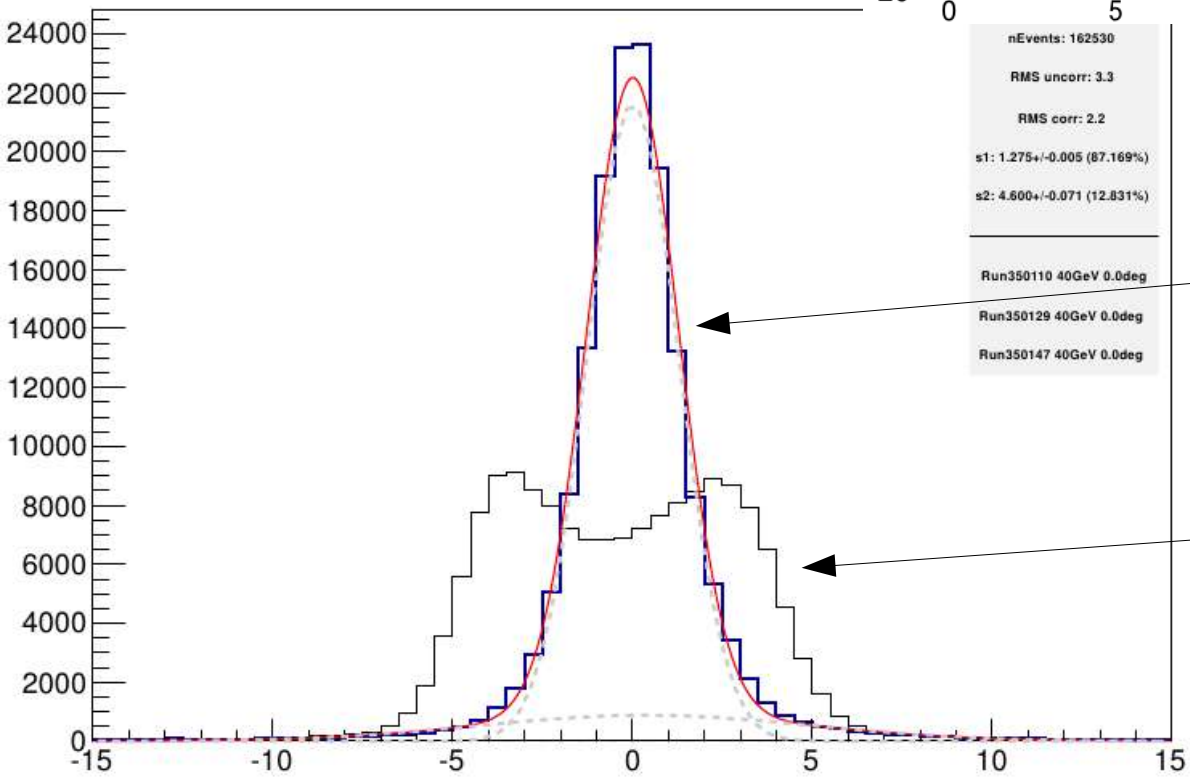
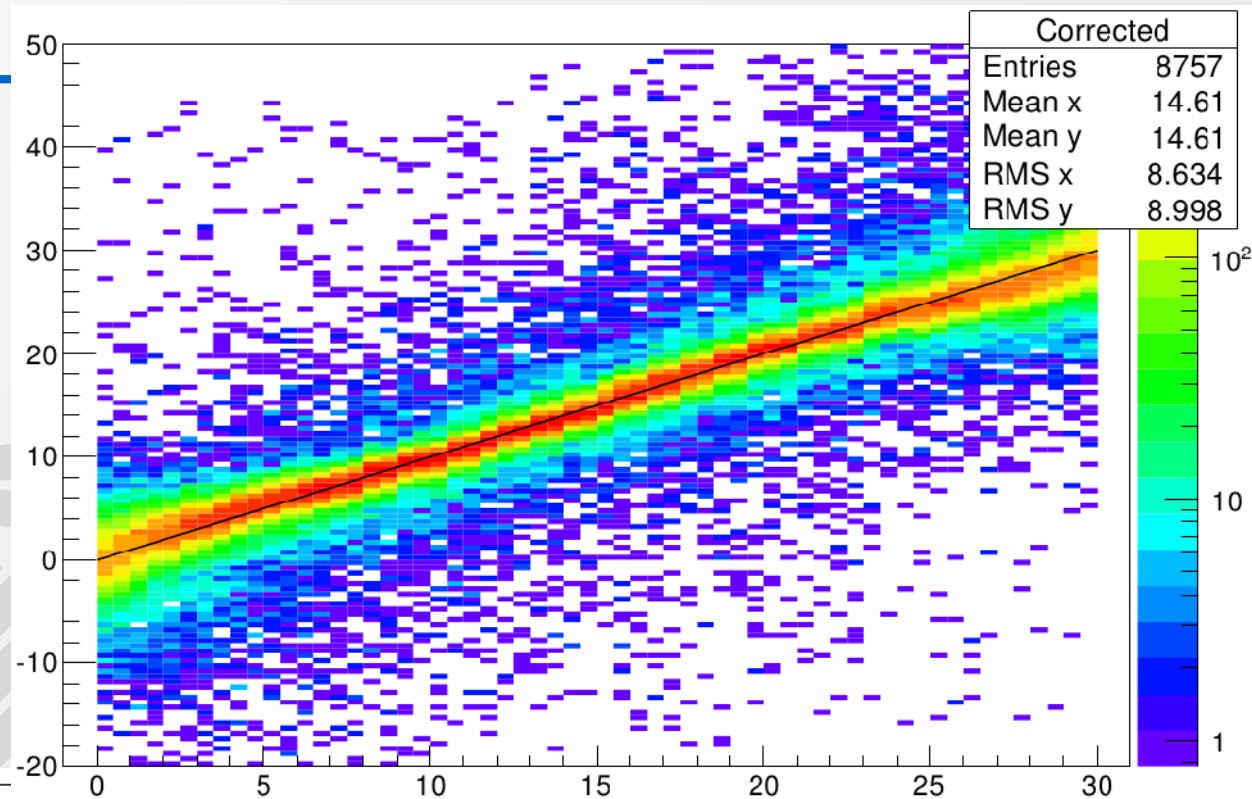
- 40GeV positrons:
- Corrected (RMS: 2.2mm)**
- First approach:**
Double gauss
 σ_1 : 1.3mm (~90%)
 σ_2 : 4.6mm (~10%)
- Uncorrected (RMS: 3.3mm)

Resolution

- After correction:
CoG ↔ track linear

- Resolution

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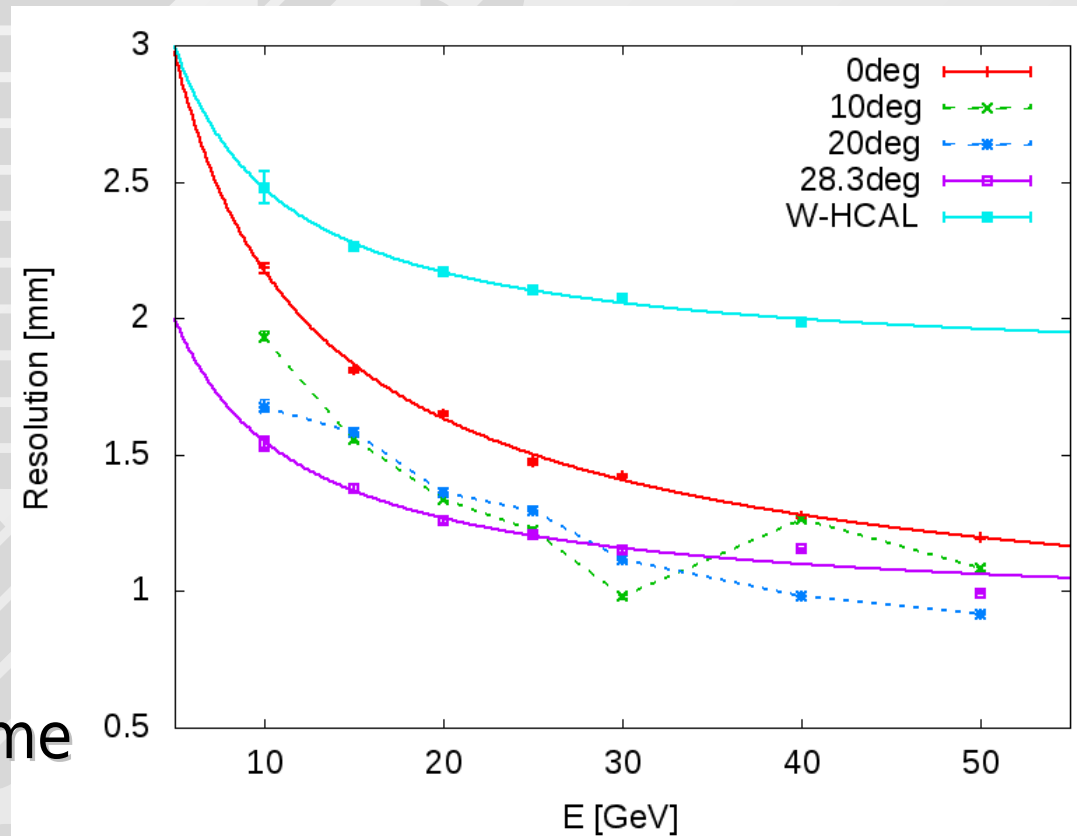
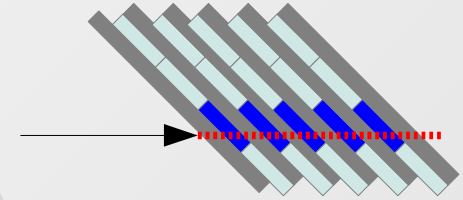
Preliminary results

- Analysis done for
 - CERN'07 data:
 - 0°, 10°, 20°, 28.3°
 - CERN'11 (Tungsten)

- Energy dependant spatial Resolution:

$$\sigma_{Spart} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus b$$

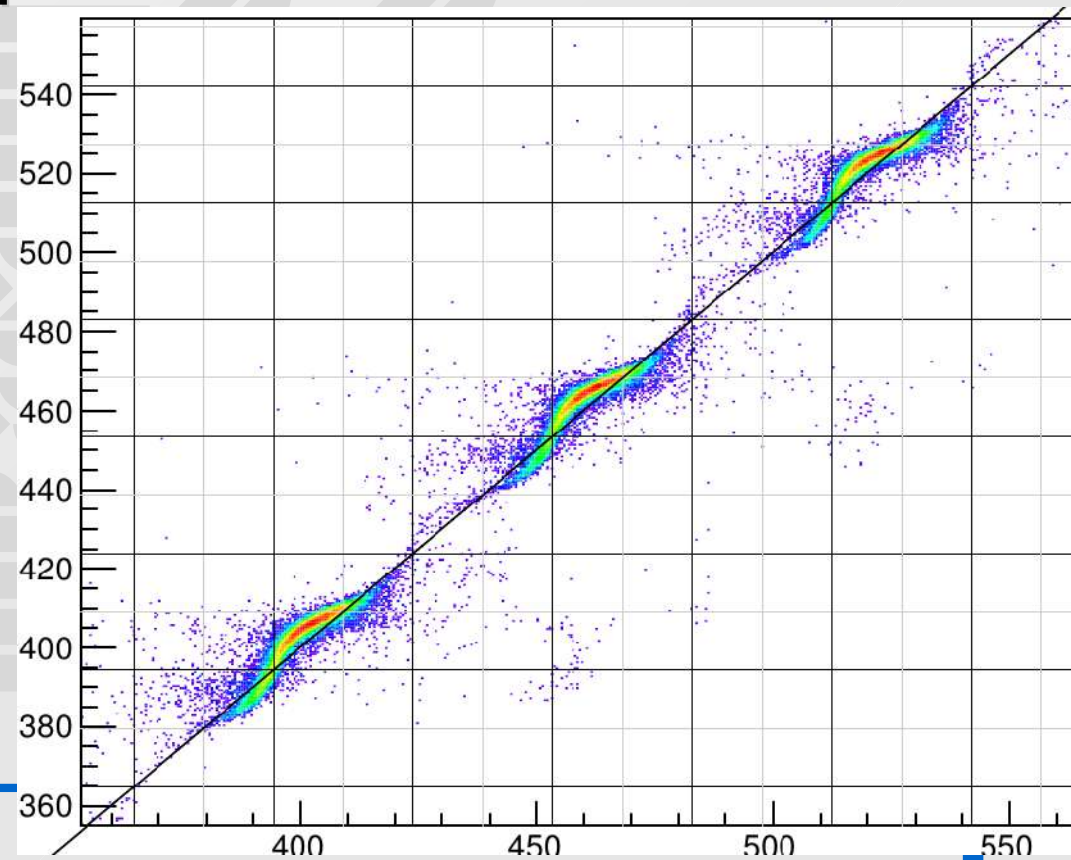
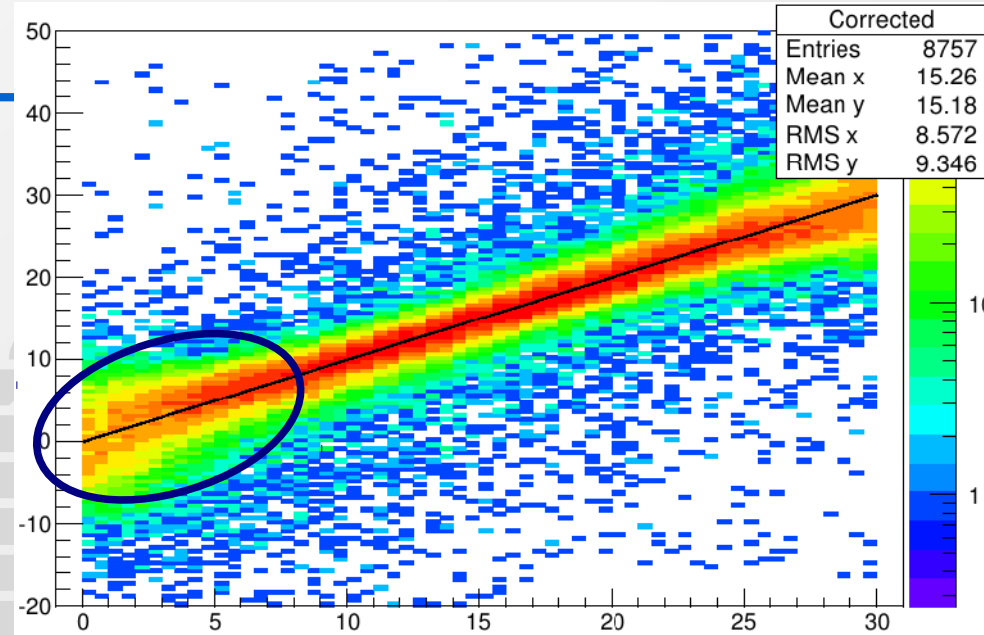
- 10° and 20° still need some work...



data	a	b
0°	6.41±0.10	0.79±0.02
28.3°	3.99±0.11	0.90±0.02
W-AHCAL	5.34±0.17	1.81±0.02

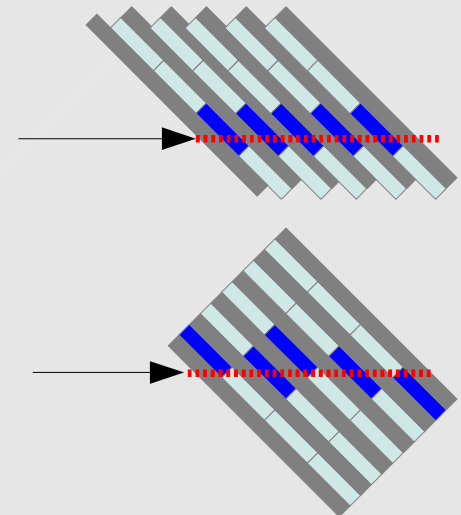
Resolution - Problems

- Lots of „Noise“ hits
- Overall CoG of several layers used:
 - Large distribution width at edges
 - Different shape parameter b per layer
 - Misalignment
 - → **have to look at each layer**
- Testbeam data
 - Sometimes disadvantageous runs
 - Runs with 3 different stage positions
 - Narrow beam at high energies
 - ✓ CERN'07 only
 - ✓ CERN'11: 60mm@40GeV
 - ✓ Only left half of tiles hit



Summary and Outlook

- First approach to calculate resolution for EM showers
 - $\sim 1\text{-}2\text{mm}$ for $>10\text{GeV}$
 - CoG calculated from several layers
- Analysis layer by layer
 - Alignment
 - Different shape parameters per layer
 - Only few hits to calculate CoG per layer
- Write code to apply results on each event
→ Directly get corrected CoG
- Compare to Geant4



Summary and Outlook

- Rotation of HCAL at test beam: Layer by layer
 - ♦ Same tile hit in each layer
- More realistic: HCAL rotated in total
 - ♦ Design of ILD
 - ♦ Benefit from different impact position on tiles
- ♦ So far no TB data...
- ♦ Geant4 only

