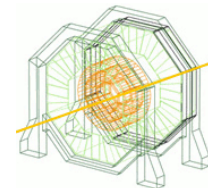
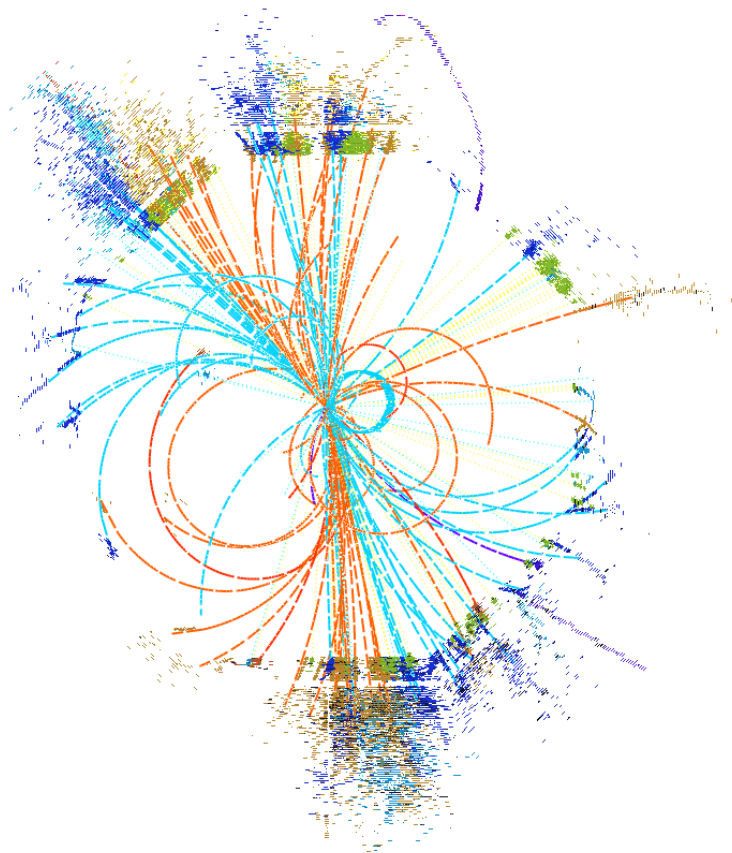




# Measurement of the top Yukawa coupling at $\sqrt{s} = 1$ TeV: comparison of ILD and SiD

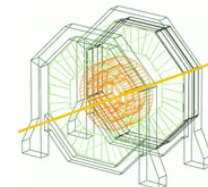


Tony Price, Philipp Roloff, Jan Strube, Tomohiko Tanabe



Joint ILD / SiD analysis meeting, 25/01/2013

# Changes to the analyses



- Normalisation error identified and corrected

→ Precision of the ILD analysis improved

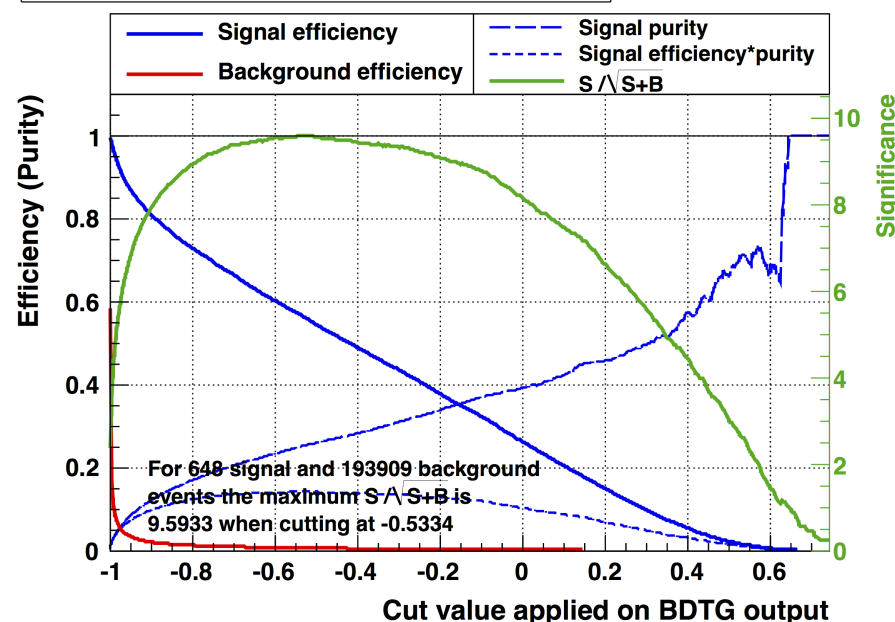
- Difference in the event selection method identified:

**ILD:** Gradient boost for BDT training  
**SiD:** Adaptive boost for BDT training,  
 now changed to gradient boost

→ Precision of the SiD analysis improved

Overall precision again very similar  
 (see next slide)

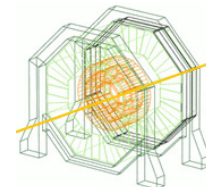
Cut efficiencies and optimal cut value



(ILD, 8 jets)



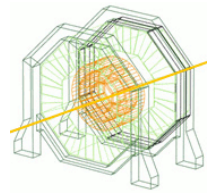
# Updated numbers on $\sigma(y_t)/y_t$



Final state:	ILD:	SiD:	SiD using ILD strategy:
<b>Semileptonic ("6 jets")</b>	6.9%	6.9%	7.0%
<b>Fully hadronic ("8 jets")</b>	5.4%	6.0%	5.8%
<b>Combined</b>	4.3%	4.5%	4.5%

**ILD strategy:** Preselect events with one isolated lepton for 6 jets final state and events without isolated lepton for 8 jets final state

**SiD strategy:** Number of isolated leptons is variable in BDT event selection



## 1.) Isolated lepton ID:

Both using IsolatedLeptonFinder in Marlin,  
ILD uses jet based isolation, SiD uses cone based isolation

→ Difference between both methods is small

## 2.) Strategy of jet reconstruction:

ILD and SiD both use Durham, ILD removes background using  $k_t$  jet finder, SiD removes forward PFOs

→ Different optimisation due to extra pair background in the SiD study

## 3.) Training of flavour tagging:

Both analysis used 6-jet events at 1 TeV samples for training

## 4.) Input variables to TMVA:

Using similar sets of variables for both analyses, difference for leptonic decaying  $W$  (ILD reconstructs its mass, SiD uses missing transverse momentum and total event energy and number of isolated leptons)

→ Similar discriminating power of both selections