

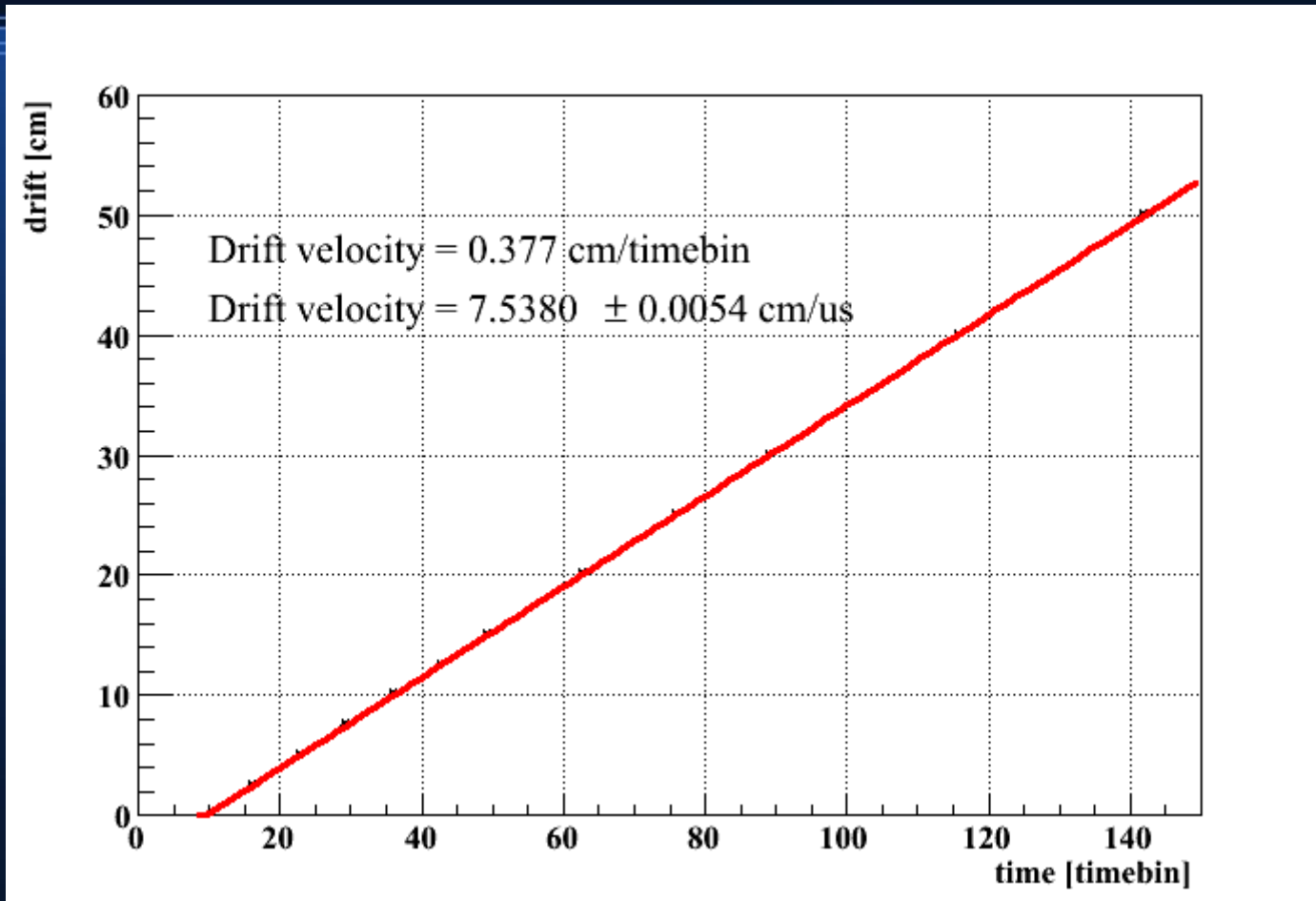
Analysis

Japanese Test Beam 2012

Outline

- Drift velocity
- Pulse shape
- PRF
- Charge loss with drift

Drift velocity

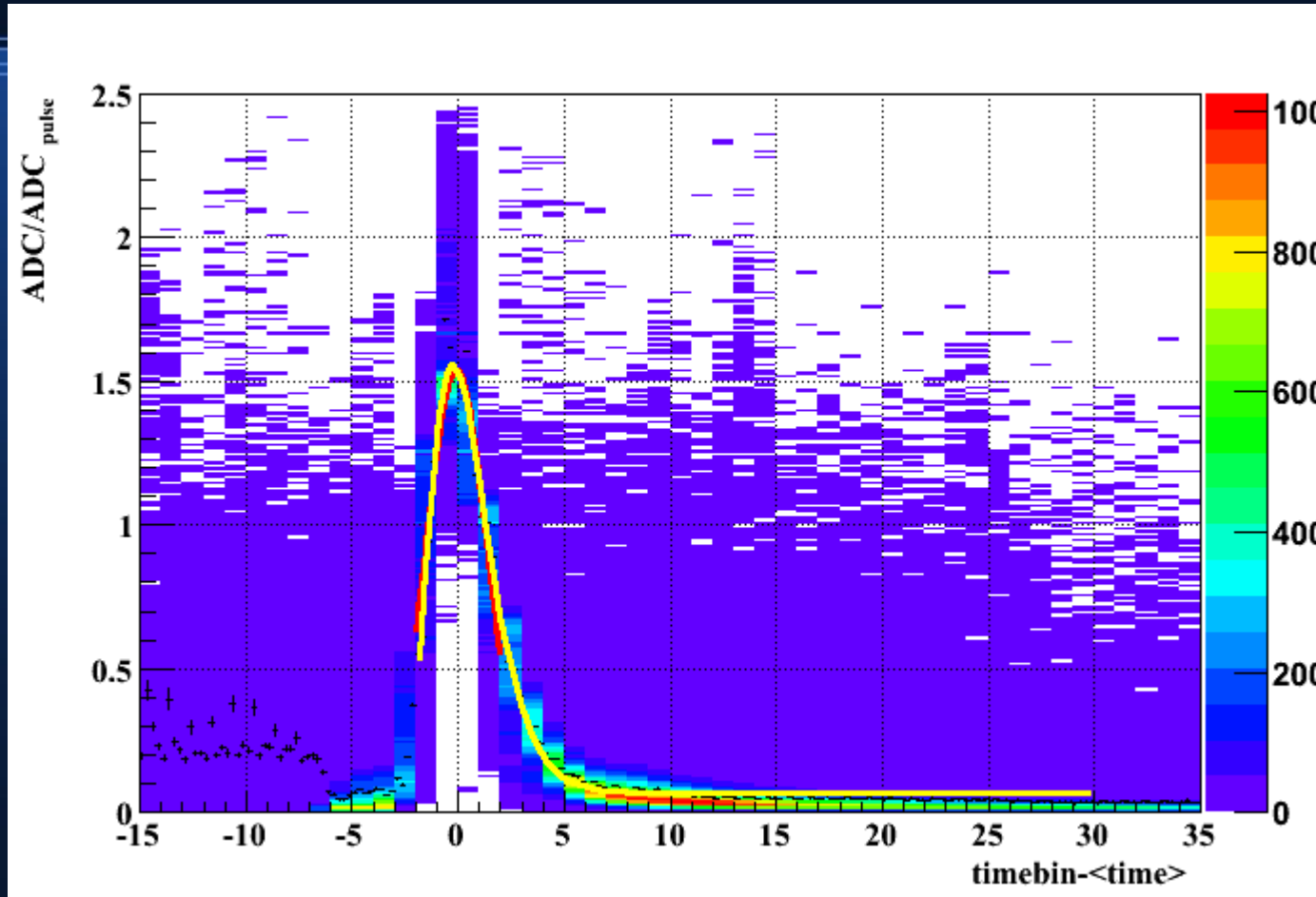


A very quick measurement gives a drift velocity consistent with expectations

Pulse shape

- Average pulses
- Pulse time and charge evaluated around the peak
 - 5 bins around the max
 - all bins above 10% of peak
 - => same results
- “freak pulses” ignored (cf Astrid)

Pulse shape

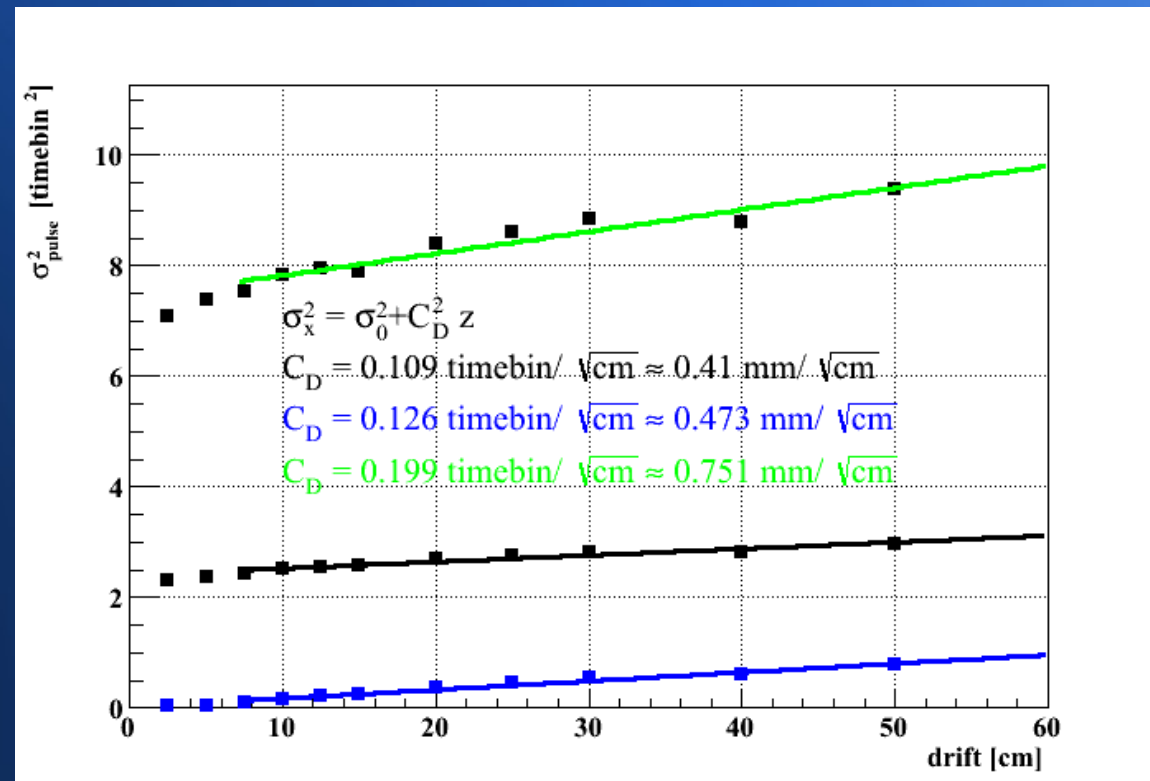


Defined in the same way as PRF
Fitted with Gamma4 function ($x^4\exp(-4x)+\text{noise}$)

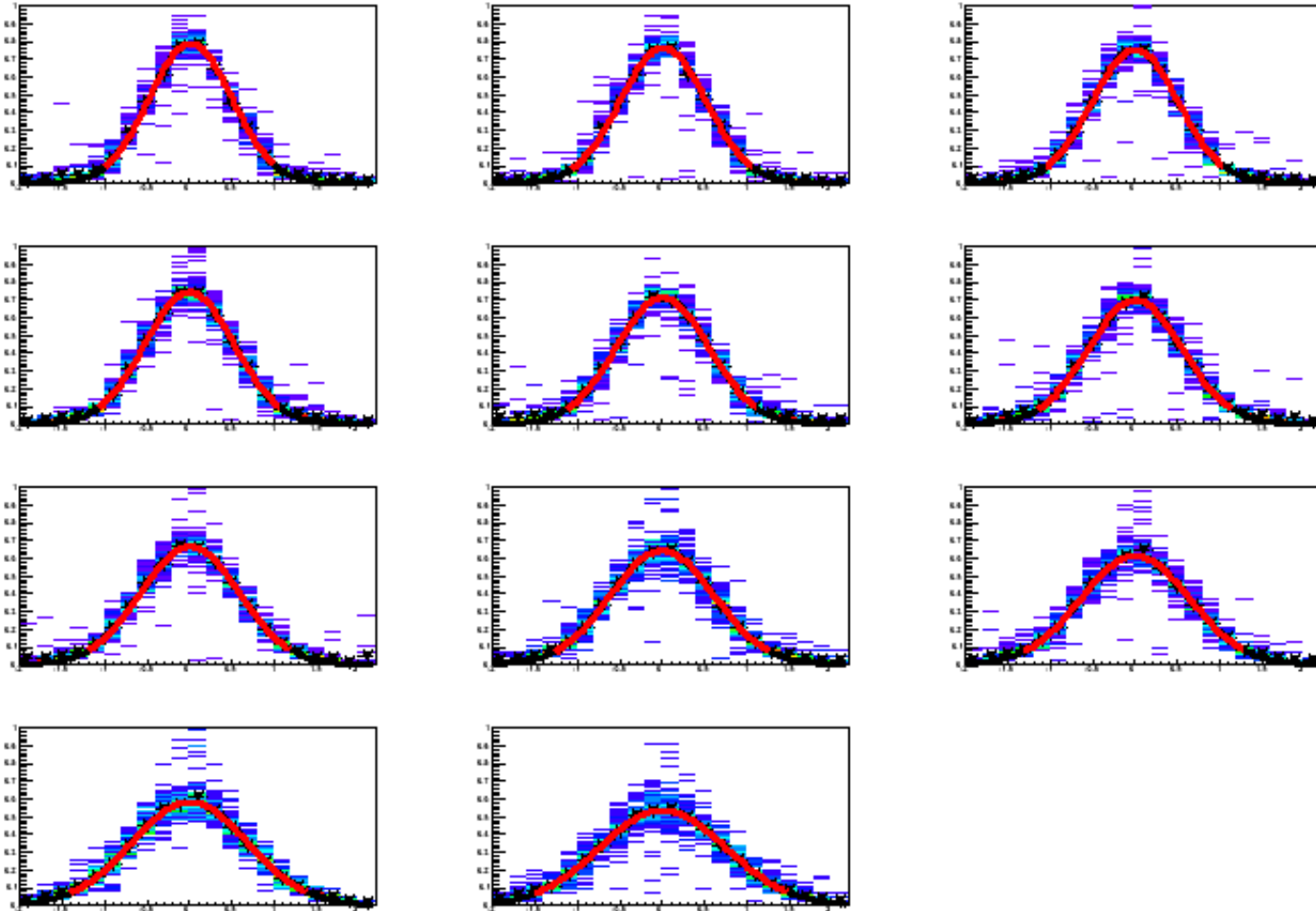
Pulse width

Longitudinal diffusion

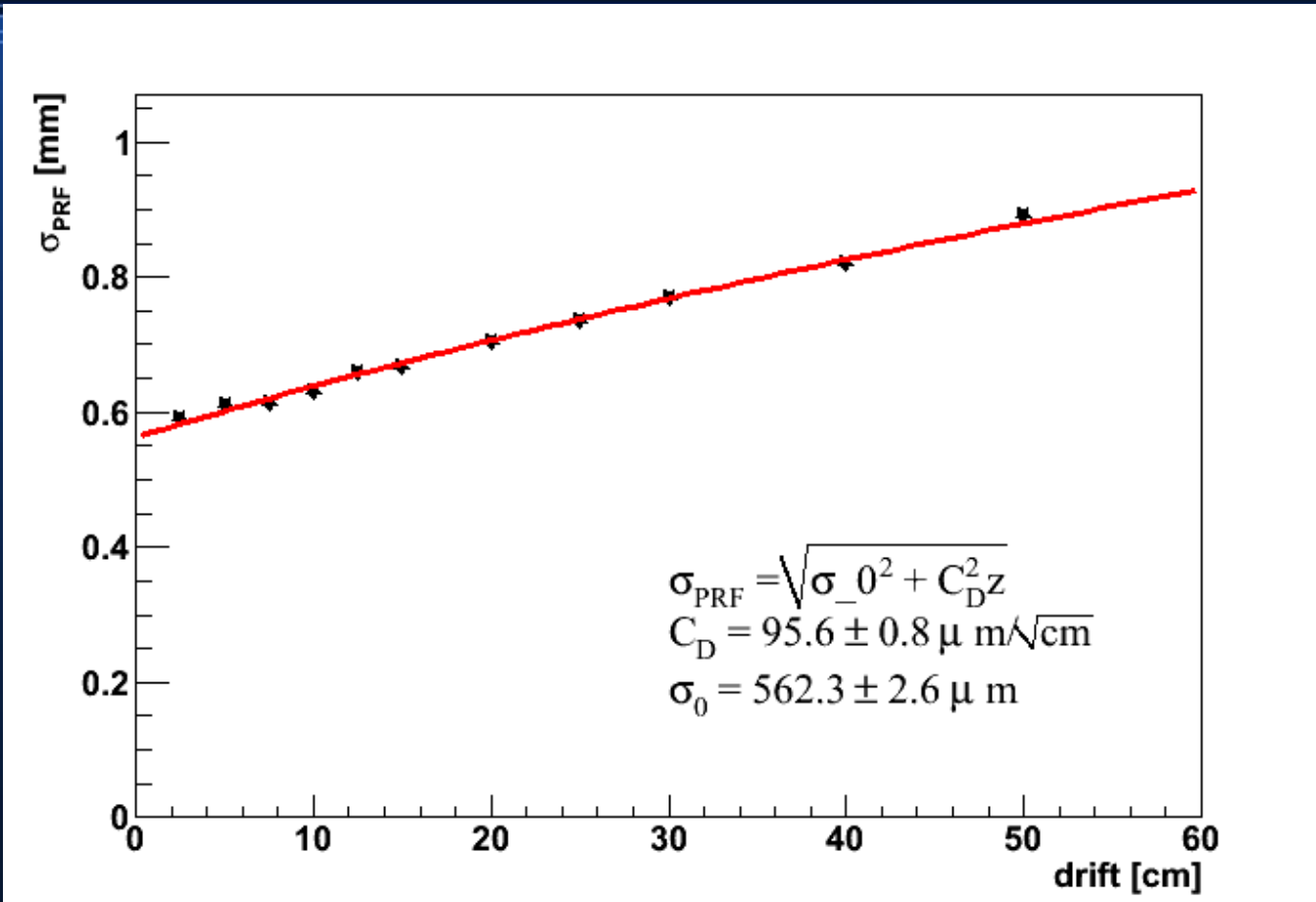
- Pulse width
 - Gaussian fit
 - Gamma4
 - Gamma4*Gaus
- Width increases as expected
- Diffusion difficult to evaluate quantitatively



Pad response function



Pad response function



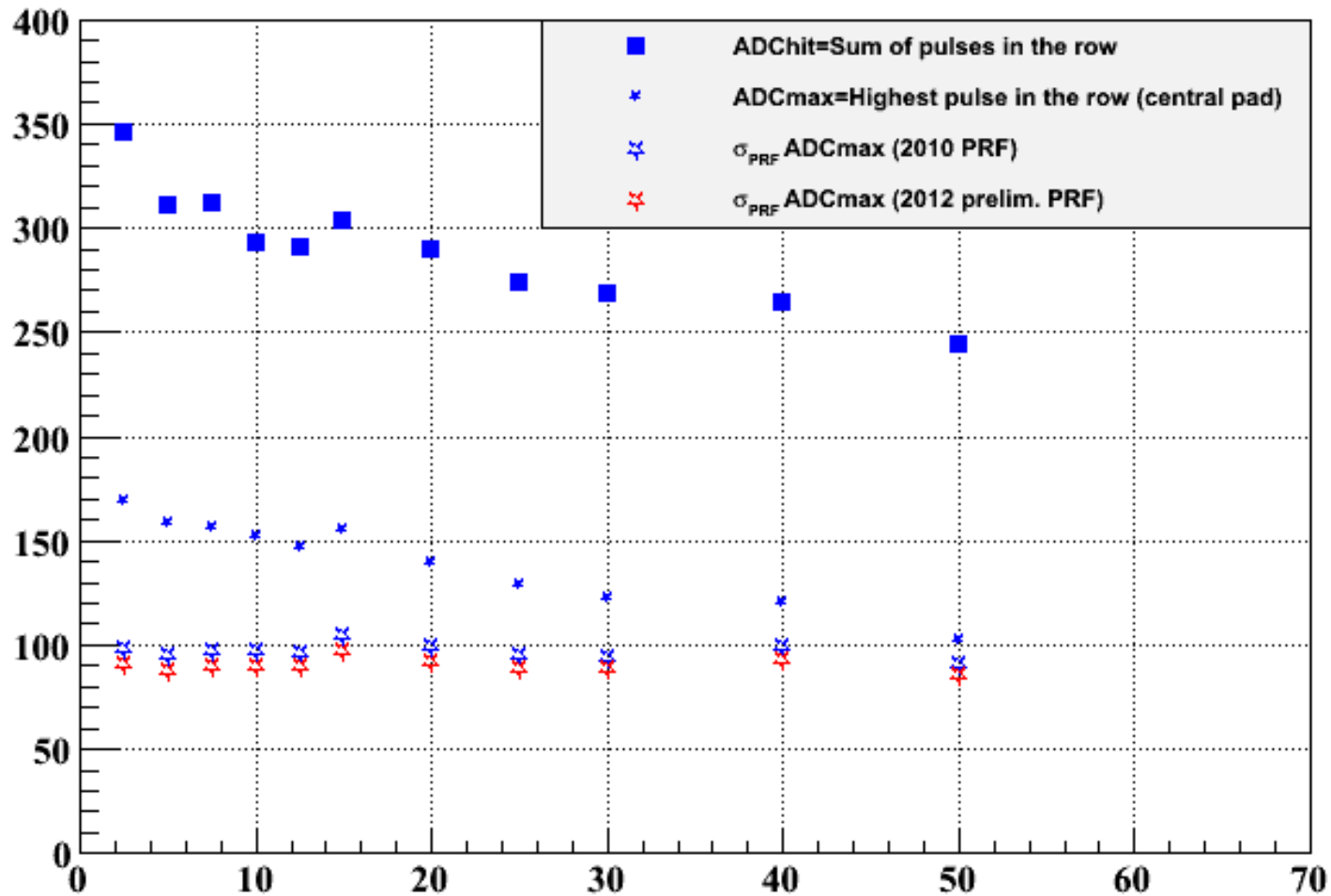
Preliminary result consistent with Magboltz and 2010 data

Charge loss with drift

- We observed charge loss with drift in all runs
- Seems big to be electron absorption
 - Changing the gas flow did not change the effect
- Is it a physical or software effect
 - Important for Neffective

Charge loss with drift

From raw data



Charge loss with drift

- From raw data:
 - ADCsum (\sim hit charge) shows the effect
 - ADCmax (\sim central pad charge) decreases more (as expected from diffusion)
 - $\sigma_{\text{PRF}} \text{ADCmax}$ (correcting for diffusion) is flat
- Indication that charge is lost in the tails of the hit
 - too much noise, too low gain
 - How can we confirm that?

Conclusion

- Test beam analysis ongoing
- Pulse shapes look OK
 - Longitudinal diffusion difficult to measure
- PRF looks reasonable (very preliminary result)
 - Diffusion consistent with expectations
- Charge seems to be lost in tail of wide clusters
 - Needs to be confirmed
 - Can it be corrected? Is it necessary?