Recoil mass study in jet mode. Preliminary

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Motivation

Sigma(ZH) measurement by e+e-/mu+mu-recoil mass technique. at 250 GeV/ 250 fb-1 : 2.6%

Precission is limited by event statistics.

◆ Very important observable for the absolute Higgs coupling measurement.

Possible way to improve would be

• High Luminosity ILC : with 1150 fb-1 \rightarrow 1.2% (Junping)

• Another channel : $Z \rightarrow$ qqbar

• Procedure:

- Find jet pair with mass MZ inclusively.

- Measure Higgs from a recoil mass of jet pair.

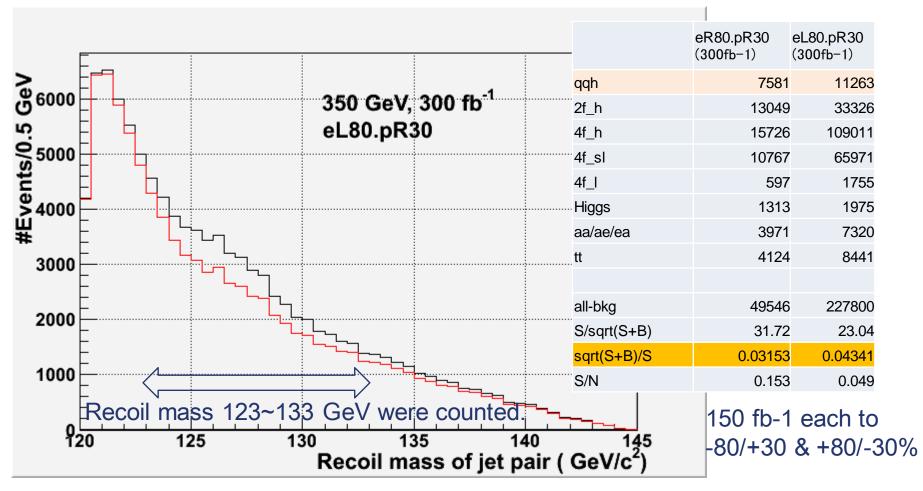
→ Measured yield will not depend on Higgs decay mode.

Status so far.

- Event selection strategy
 - k_t jet clustering with R=1.2
 - Select good jet by kt2
 - Observed correlation in jet mass and jet energy was corrected.
 - →improved S/N of recoil mass distribution
- 250 GeV: Jets in Higgs events are fat, though jet from Z or W are not
- ➔ For the moment, the study is focused on 350 GeV, where jets are more sharp.
- All SM backgrounds at 350 GeV were considered.
- ILD full simulation.
- Selection conditions were optimized manually. kt2(jet1): 4000~ 6000, kt22>500, Mcorr(j1+j2): 85~100 GeV/c2 E(jet1+jet2): 140~180GeV, Egmax<80 GeV</p>
- $\Delta\sigma/\sigma$ were obtained as S/\sqrt(S+B)

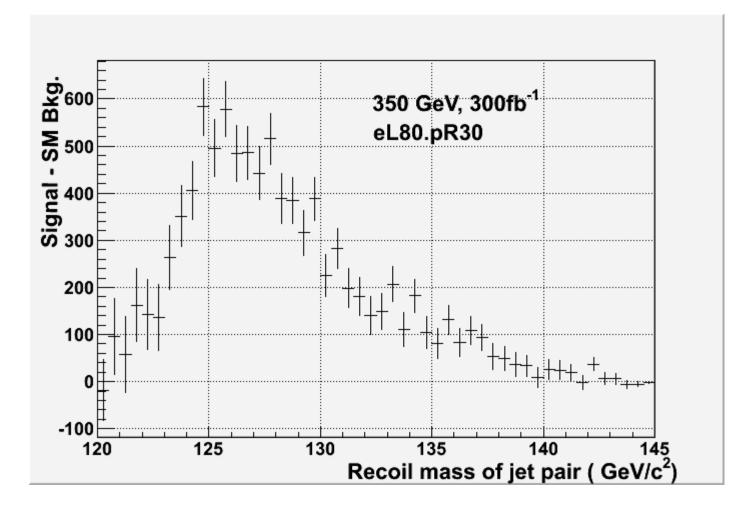
Typical distribution

Selection statistics



 $\Delta\sigma/\sigma\sim 3.6\%$

Typical distribution



Summary

- Preliminary results of the recoil mass study of jet pair at 350 GeV, combining eL80/eR30 150fb⁻¹ and eR80/eL30 150fb⁻¹, $\Delta\sigma/\sigma \sim 3.6\%$
- Assuming 2.6% from e+e-/ mu+mu- recoil mass measurement at 350 GeV, Δσ/σ(ZH) ~ 2.1% could be obtained with 300 fb⁻¹(300 days) by combining leptonic and hadronic mode.
- Combining Δσ/σ(ZH) ~ 2.6% (leptonic only) at 250 fb⁻¹@250 GeV, Δσ/σ(ZH) ~ 1.6% by running 250 GeV and 350 GeV with TDR nominal design. (without HL ILC)
- Event selection is very primitive. Further improvement would be possible.
- Feasibility of 2 jet mode at 250 GeV should be investigated.