

# Status of Re-entrant BPM R&D for ILC Main Linac

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# Requirements for Main Linac Cold-BPM in Cryomodule

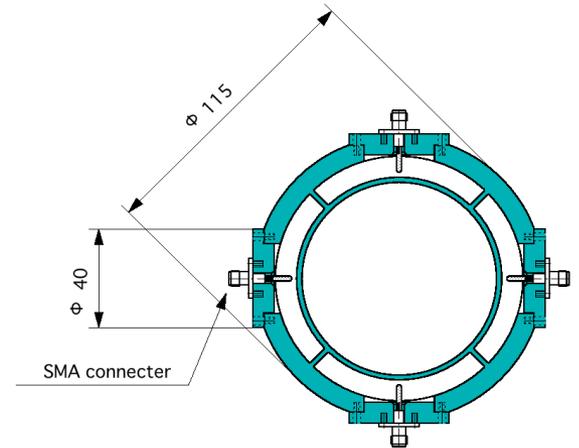
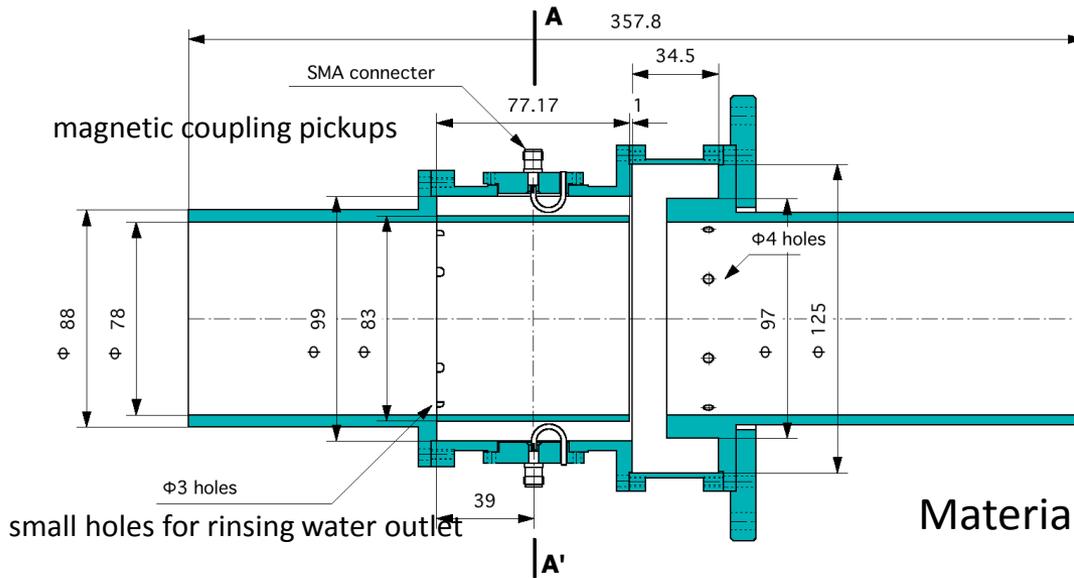
- (1) The BPM measures beam position in cryomodule, bunch by bunch, with a resolution of less than 1  $\mu\text{m}$  at  $2 \times 10^{10}$  electrons/bunch.**
  - > low Q value for fast signal damping at 2K circumference
  - > good signal-to-noise ratio for high resolution
  - > high precision on mechanical center definition and electrical center definition
  - > high common-mode rejection, high isolation for x-to-y coupling
  
- (2) The beam pipe diameter 78mm (big diameter).**
  - > lead to low frequency resonant-mode BPM
  - > no coupling to cavity HOM and no conflict with dark-current excited cavity HOM
  
- (3) BPM is installed inside of cryomodule, next to SC-cavity.**
  - > simple structure with no contamination inside (clean-room compatible)
  - > HPR rinse applicable
  - > light weight for easy to handle/to install in clean-room

## Design Base : Saclay re-entrant BPM

adding waveguide loading for CM-rejection and X-Y coupling rejection

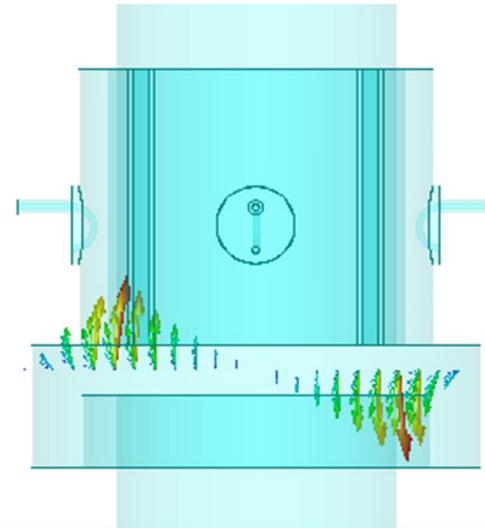
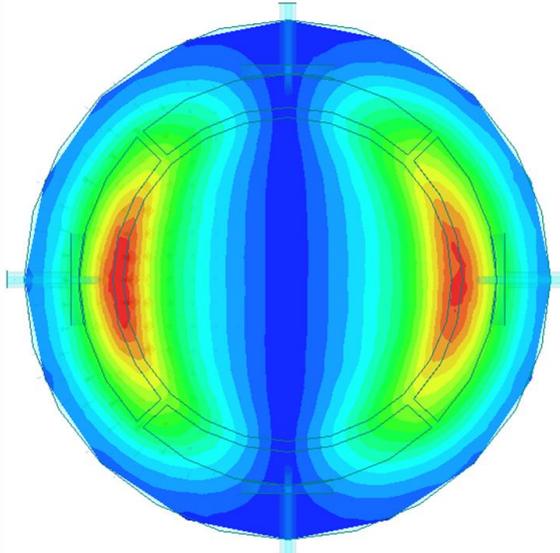
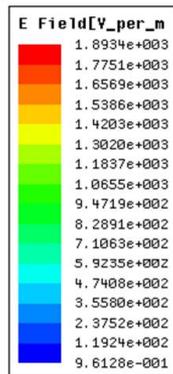
## **Proto-type BPM**

# Proto-type model



Material: SUS

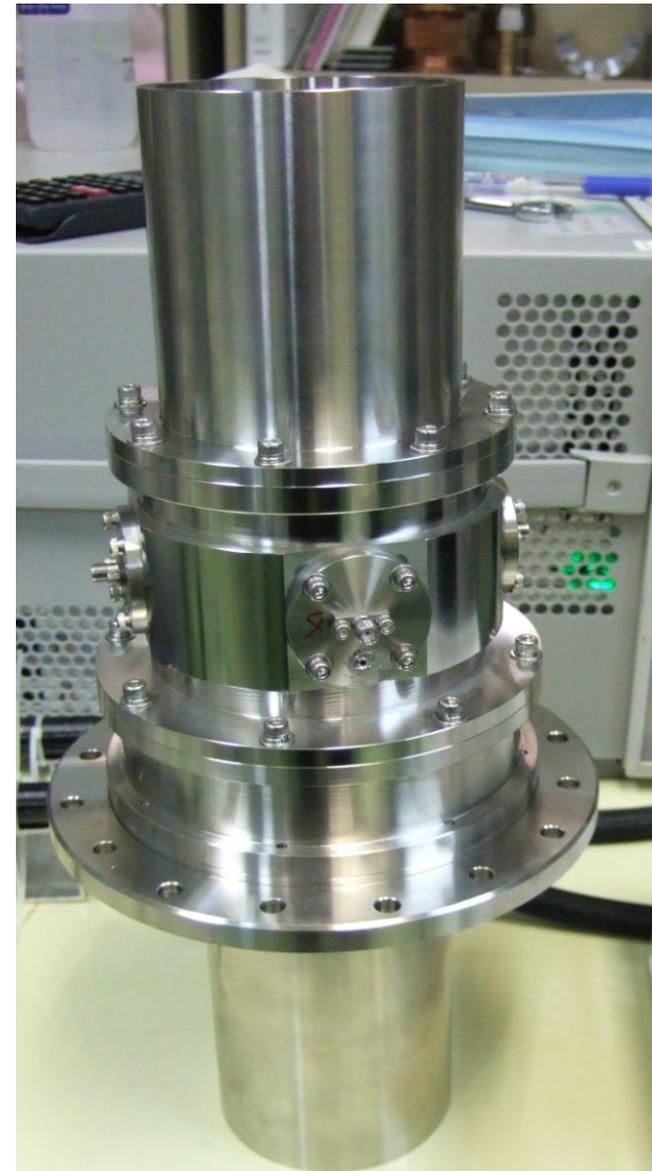
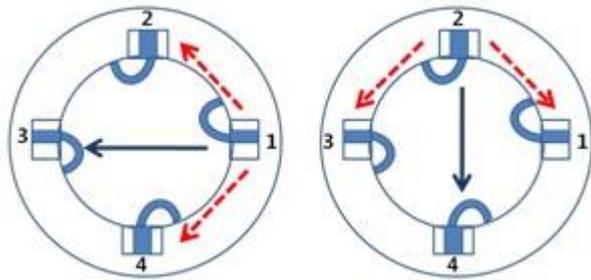
A - A' cross section



dipole mode: 2.04GHz ( No interference with Cavity HOM )

# RF characteristics of prototype model

Isolation measurement



Input port	Output port	f[GHz]	$\Delta f$ [MHz]	QL	Q0	$\beta$	$\tau$ [sec]
1	3	2.049	9.90	205	335	0.635	6.69E-8
2	4	2.049	7.81	262	475	0.808	8.57E-8

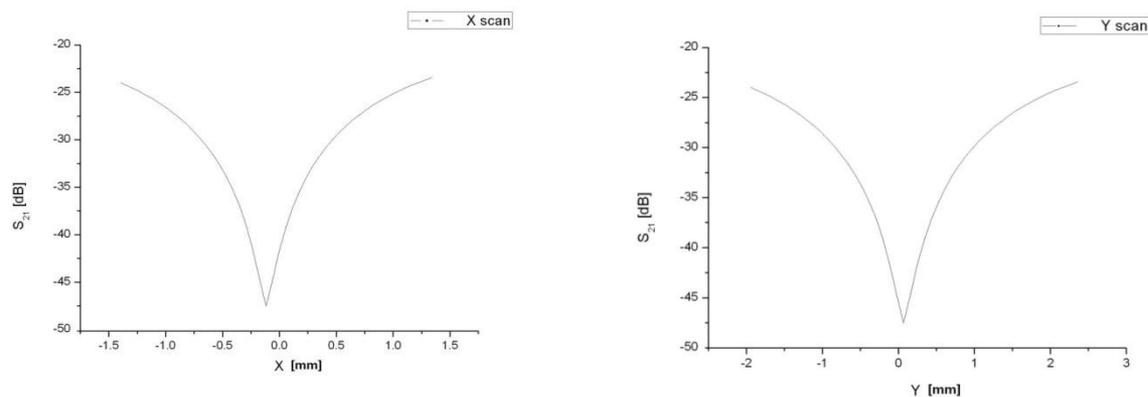
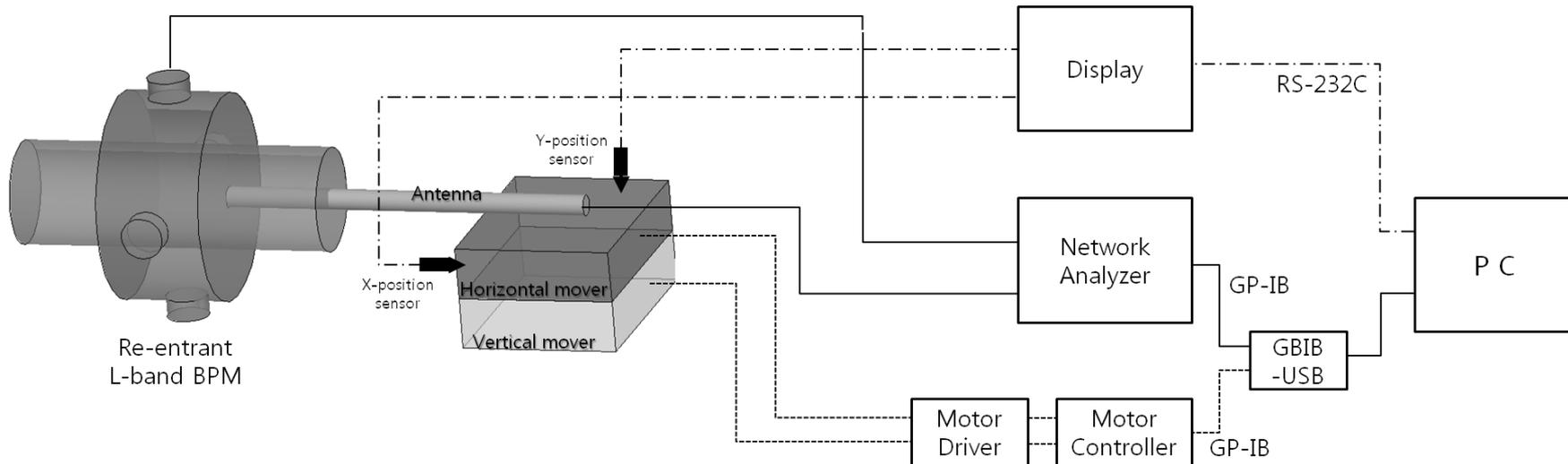
Low QL

Port	Slot	Isolation [dB]	Transmission [dB]
1	2	-27.18	
	3		-8.54
	4	-27.34	
2	1	-27.19	
	4		-7.03
	3	-29.49	

High isolation <-27dB

# Antenna scan method for prototype model

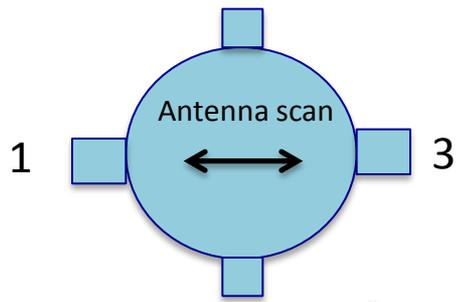
The transmission from antenna excitation to signal pick up is scanned by changing antenna position.



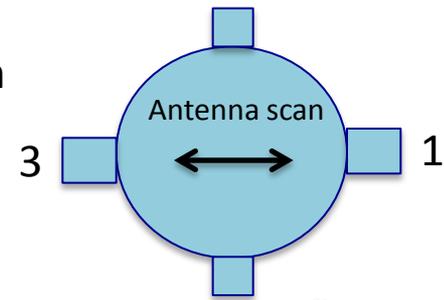
The sharp V-shape is expected for good CM-rejected BPM.  
The minimum point would be 'electrical center'.



Y direction

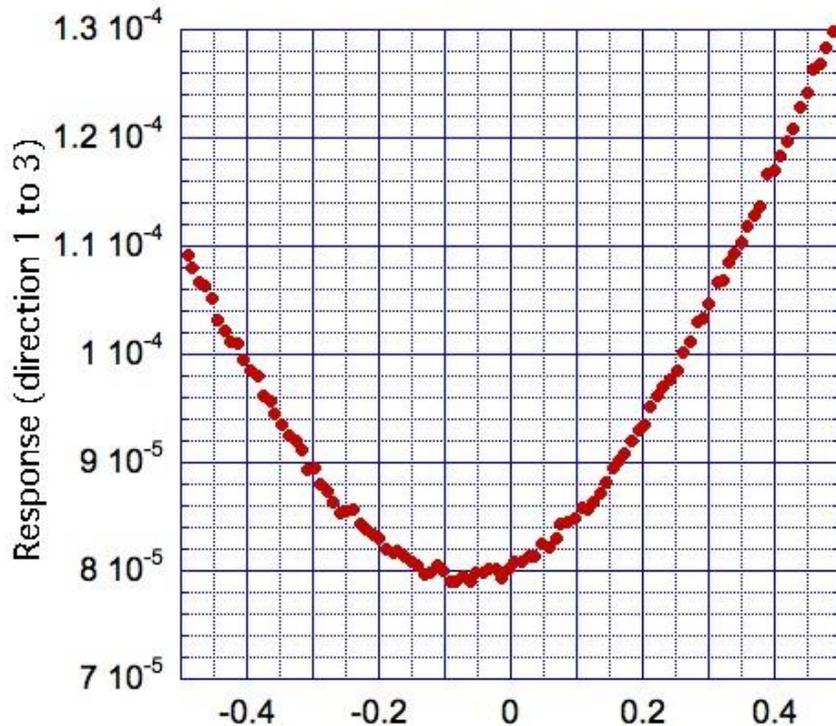


180degree BPM rotation



• Response (direction 1 to 3)

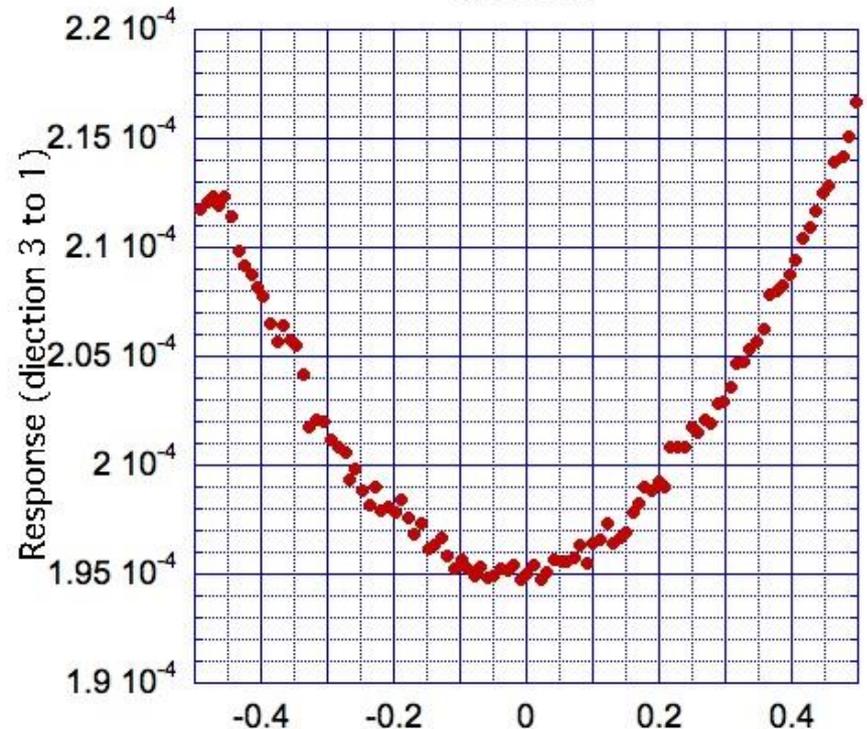
1to3.csv



Antenna position [mm]  
Center = -0.08mm

• Response (direction 3 to 1)

3to1.csv

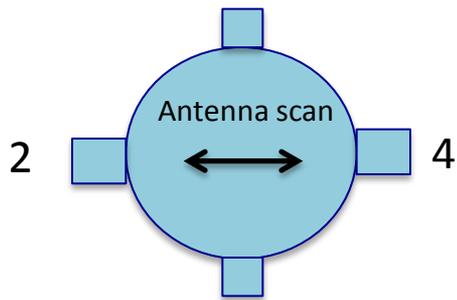


Antenna position [mm]  
Center = -0.02mm

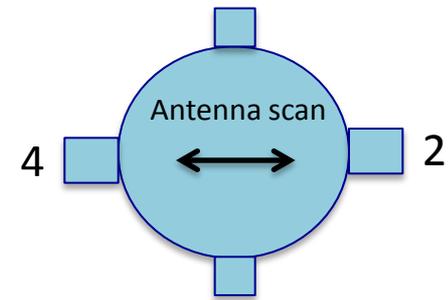
Electrical center will be  $(-0.08)+(-0.02) / 2 = -0.05$

The response is not sharp-V-> still common-mode mix?

X direction

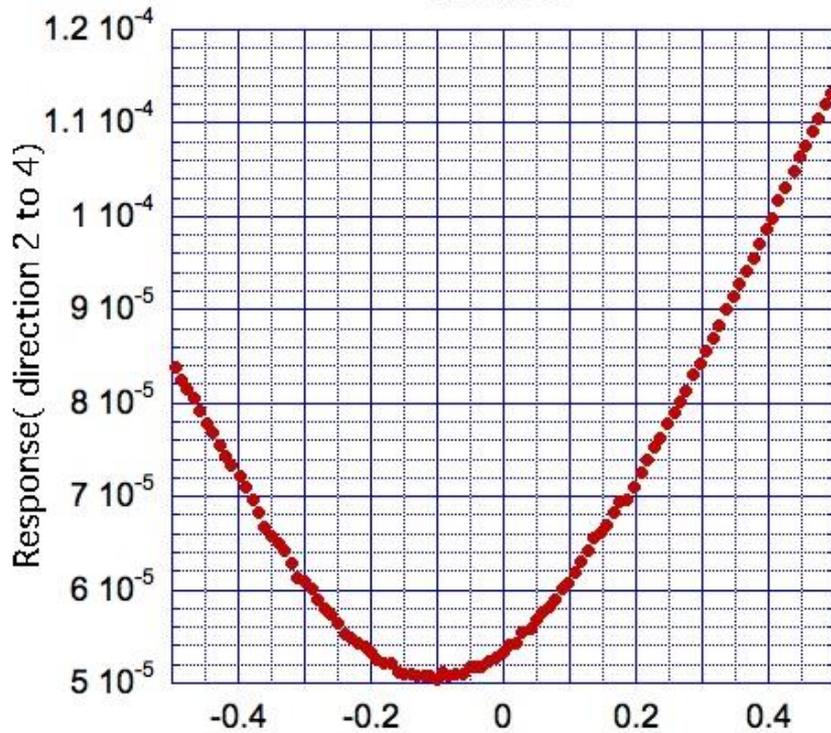


180degree BPM rotation



• Response( direction 2 to 4)

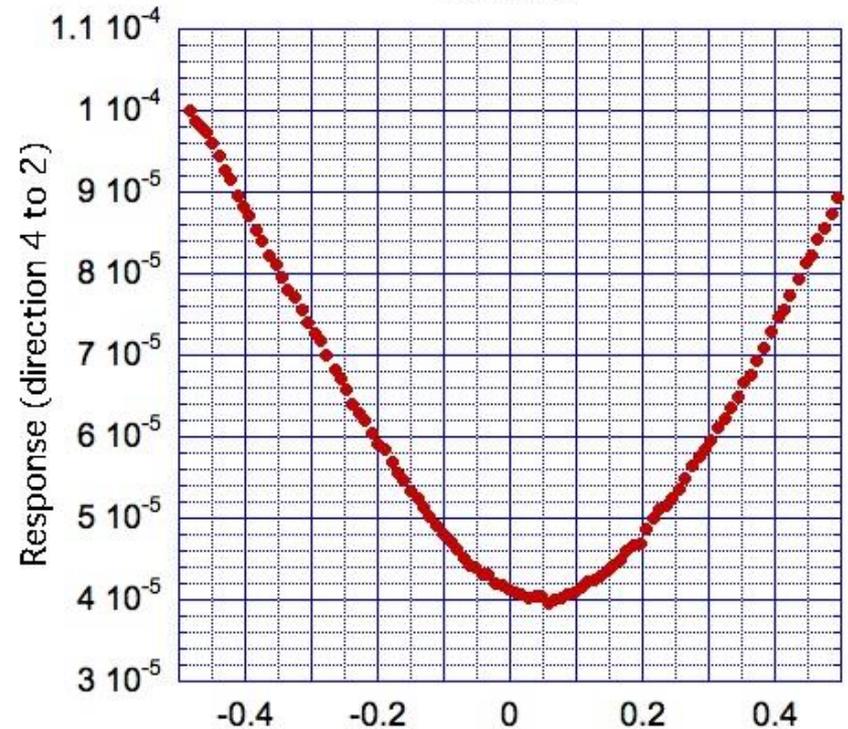
2to4.csv



Antenna position [mm]  
Center = -0.10mm

• Response (direction 4 to 2)

4to2.csv

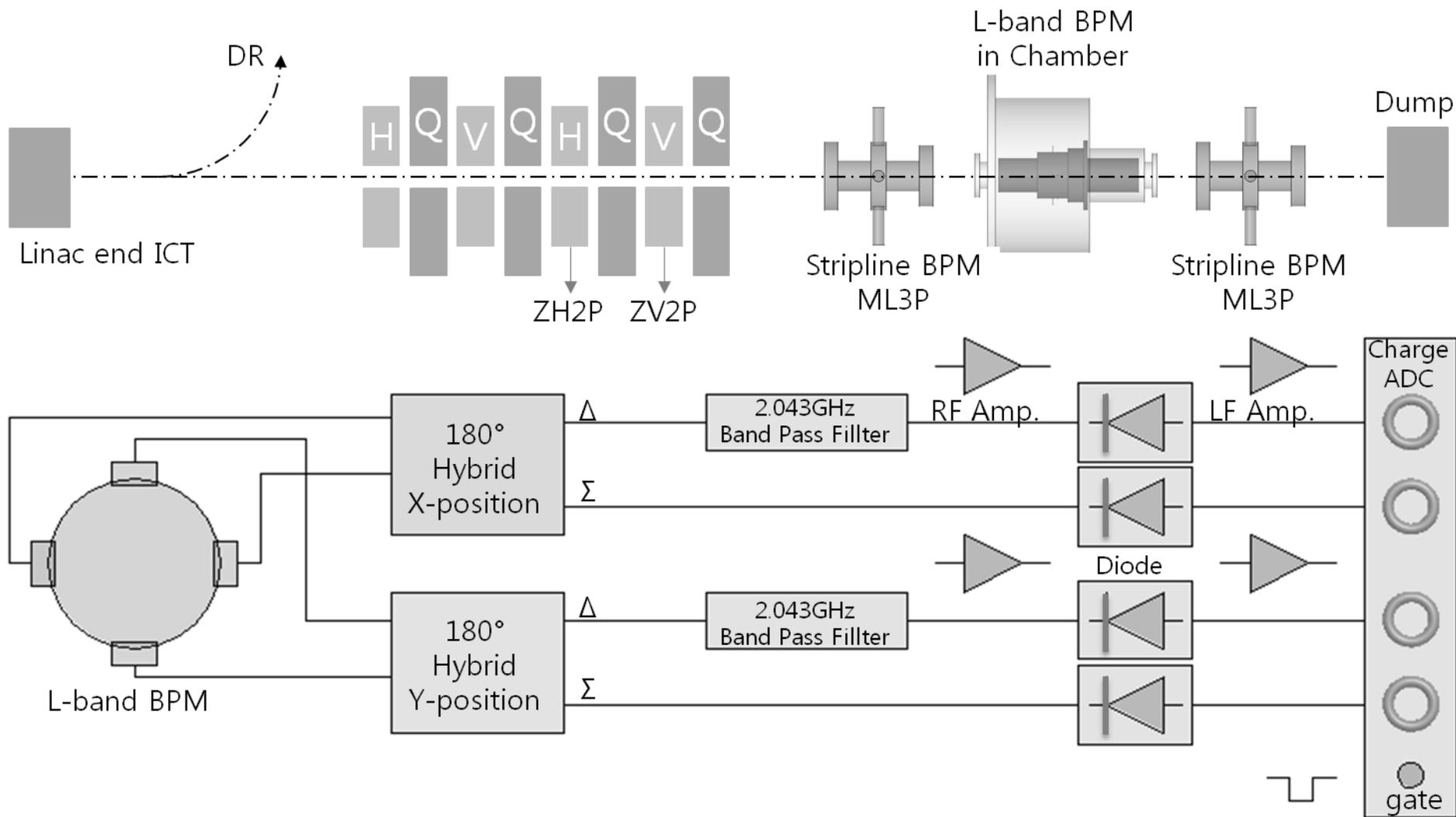


Antenna position [mm]  
Center = +0.05mm

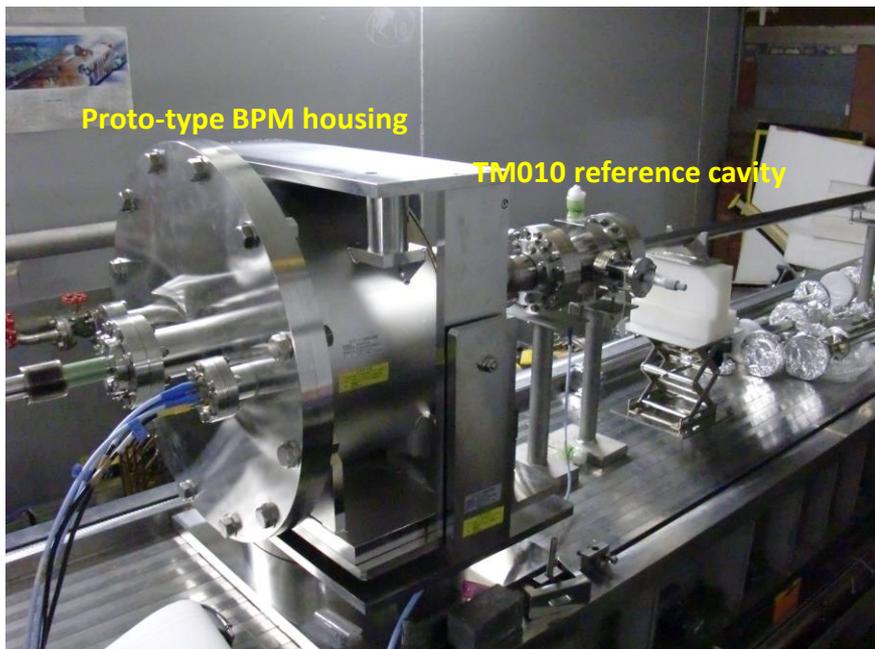
Electrical center will be  $(-0.10) + (+0.05) / 2 = -0.025$

The response is not sharp-V -> still common-mode mix?

# Beam response test of prototype model at ATF-LINAC (1) using simple circuit (diode, amp, integration ADC)

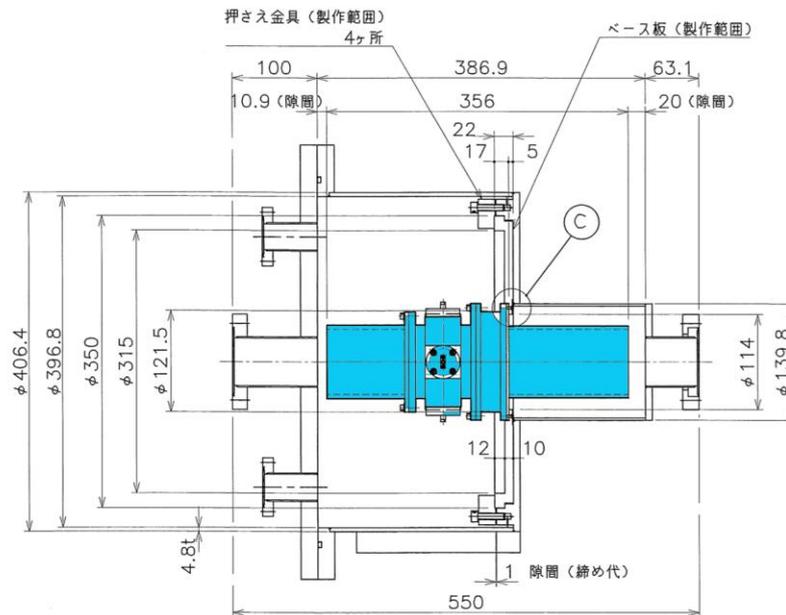


# Proto-type BPM was housed by big vacuum chamber

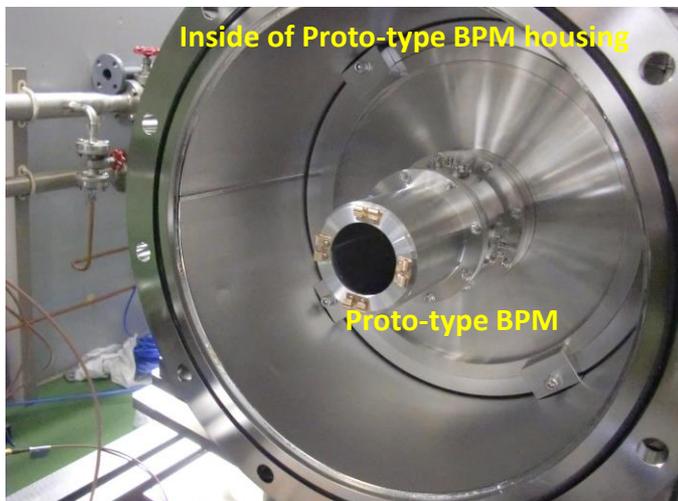


Proto-type BPM housing

TM010 reference cavity

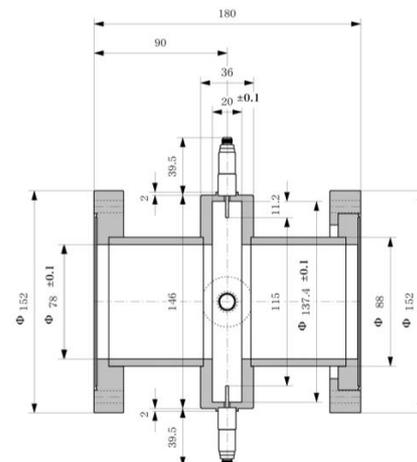
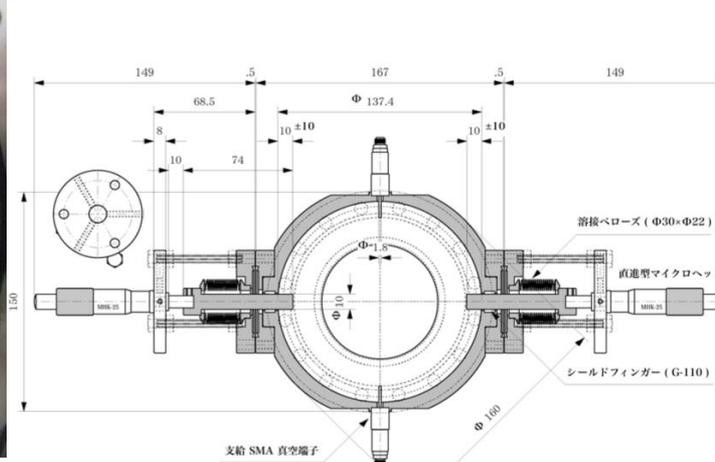


Proto-type BPM housing



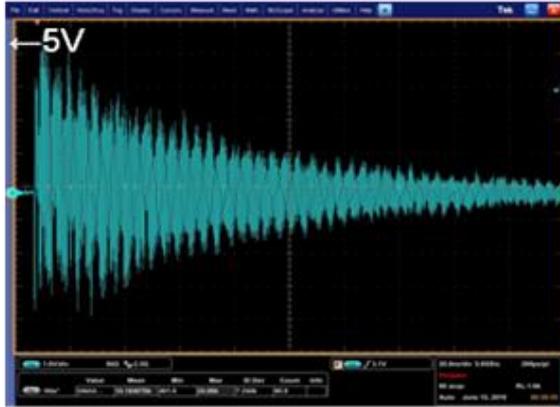
Inside of Proto-type BPM housing

Proto-type BPM

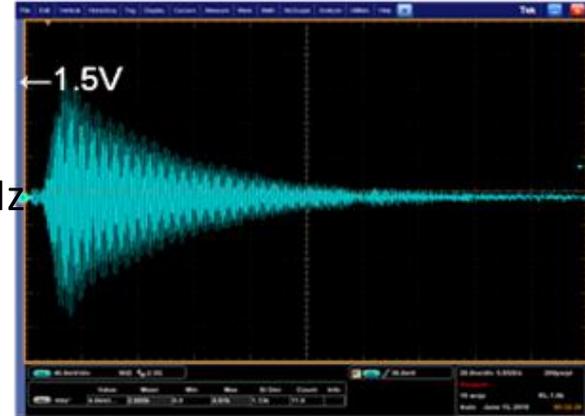


TM010 reference cavity was used for phase measurement

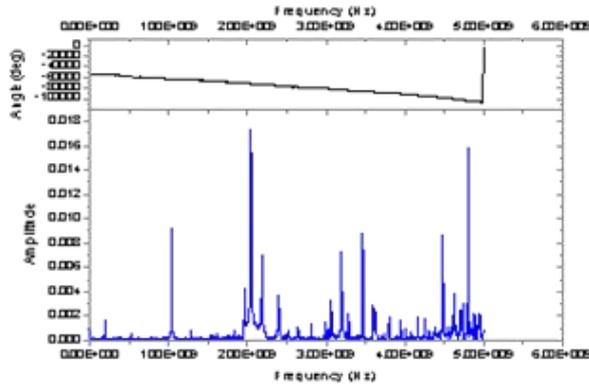
# Beam response



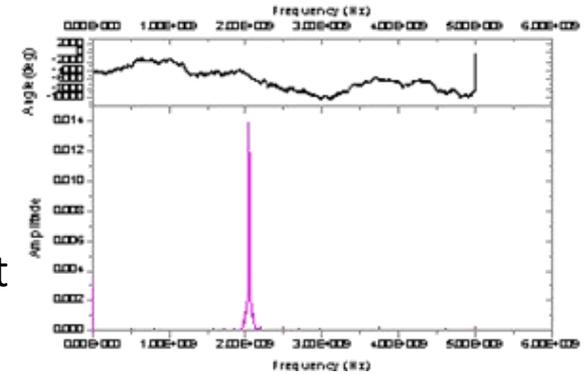
Raw signal



After 2.04GHz  
BPF

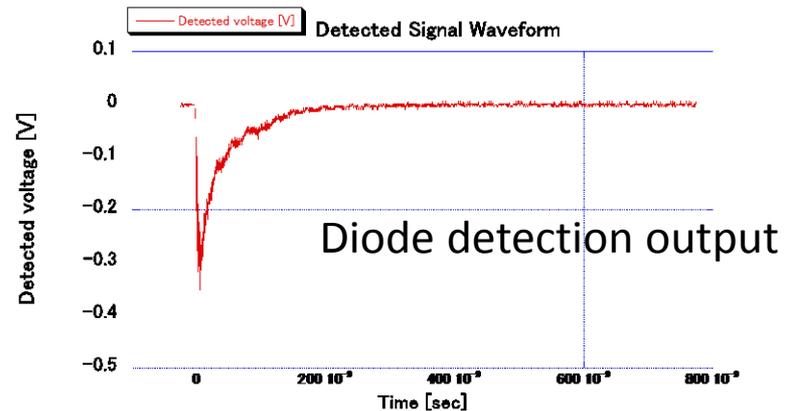


FFT of  
Raw signal

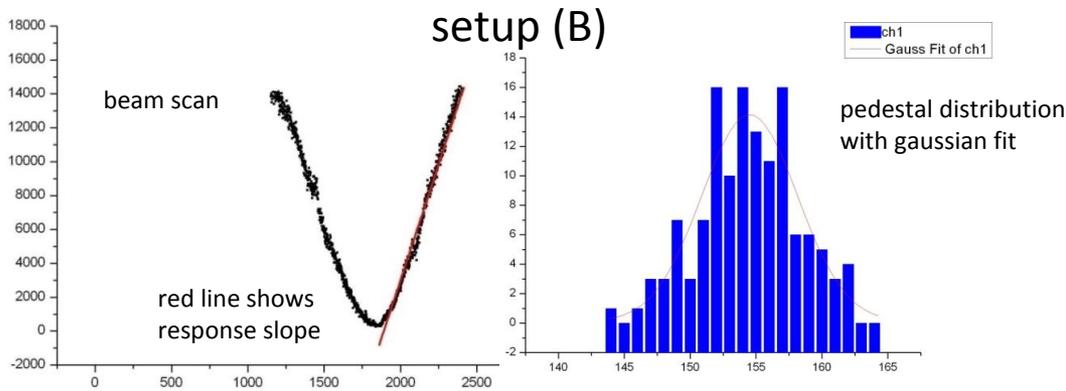
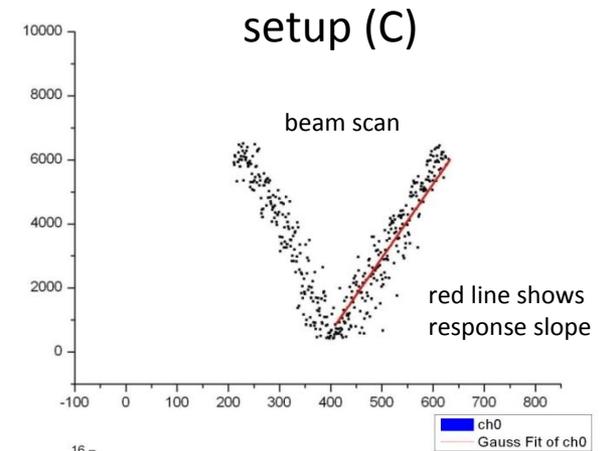
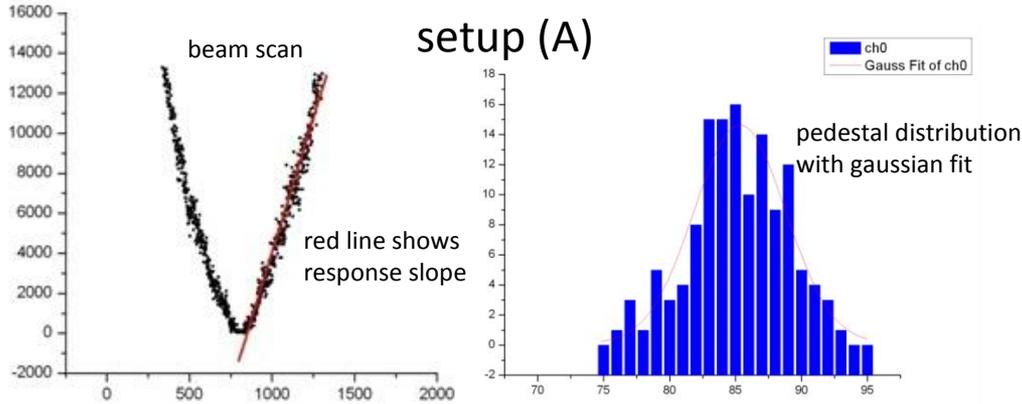


FFT of  
2.04GHz  
BPF output

**ATF LINAC beam**  
**1.3GeV**  
**single bunch**  
 **$1 \times 10^{10}$  electron/bunch**  
**1.5Hz repetition**



# Resolution estimation by (pedestal noise)/(signal response slope)



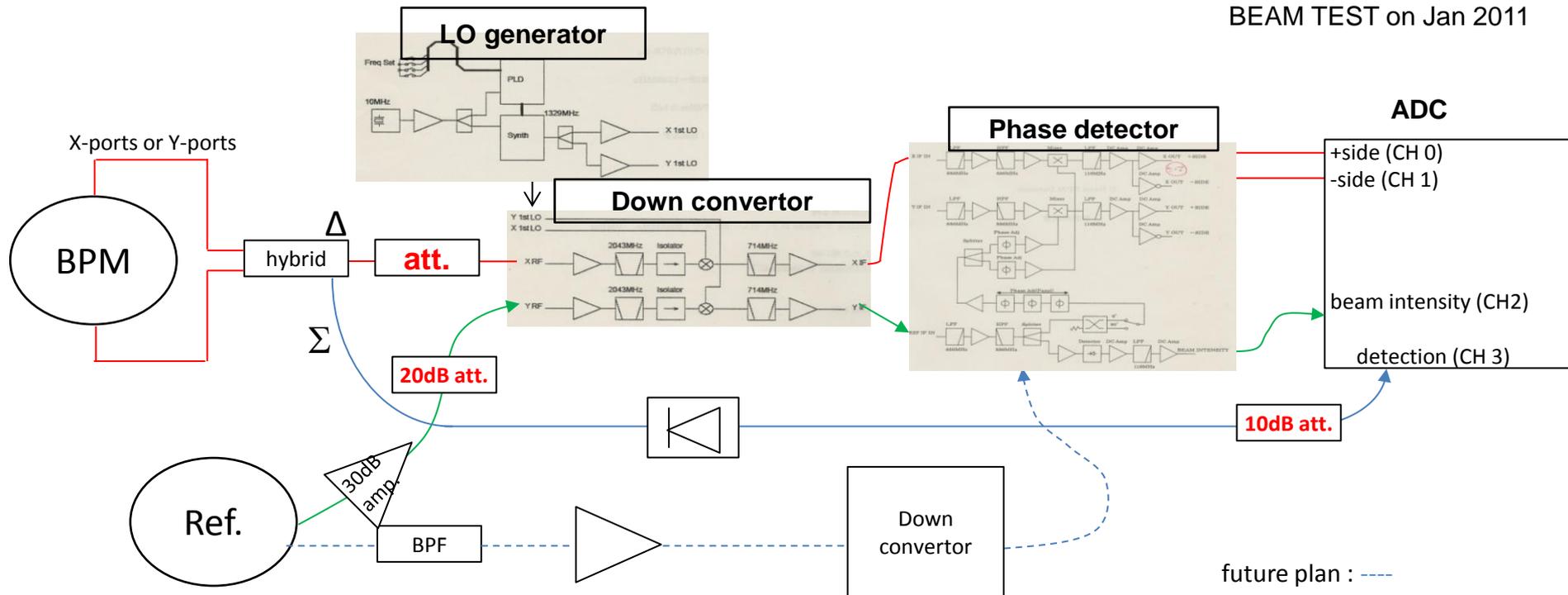
electronics setup	axis	pedestal noise [count]	response slope [counts/ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	estimated resolution [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]
(A) Hybrid+BPF+diode+LF-amp	X	3.47	4.57	0.75
(B) Hybrid+BPF+RF-amp+diode+LF-amp	Y	3.65	8.02	0.45
(C) Hybrid+BPF+RF-amp+diode	X	1.96	5.33	0.36

# Beam response test of prototype model at ATF-LINAC (2) using phase detection circuit

(phase between BPM cavity, Reference cavity)

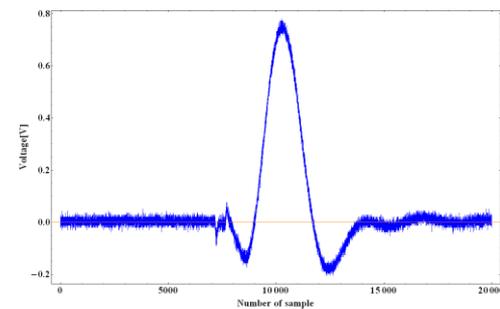
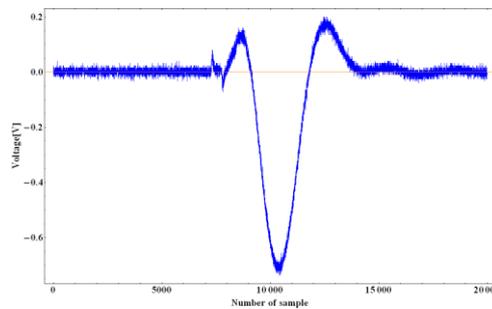
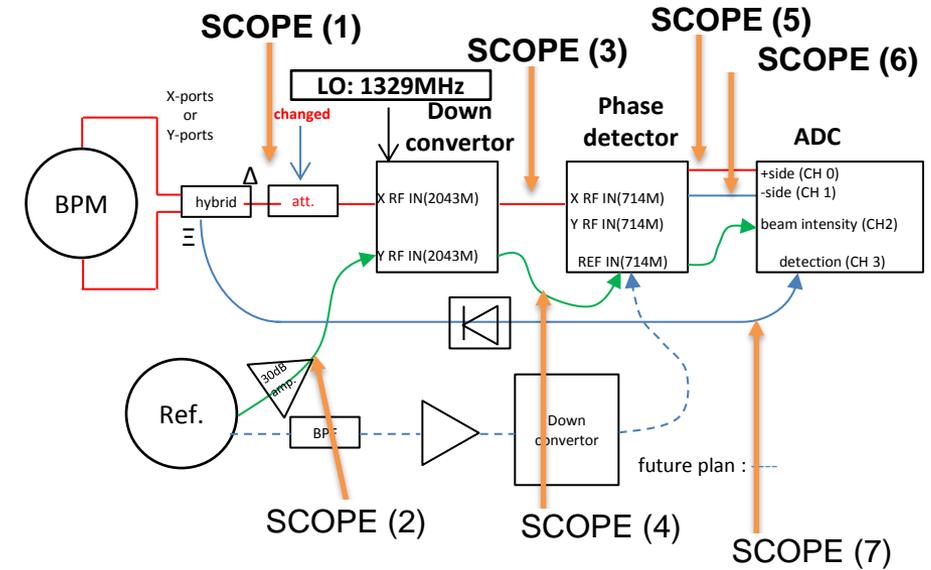
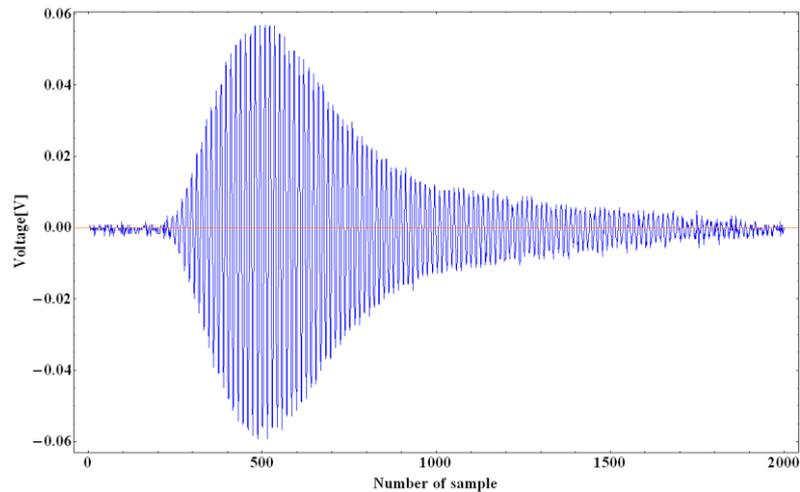
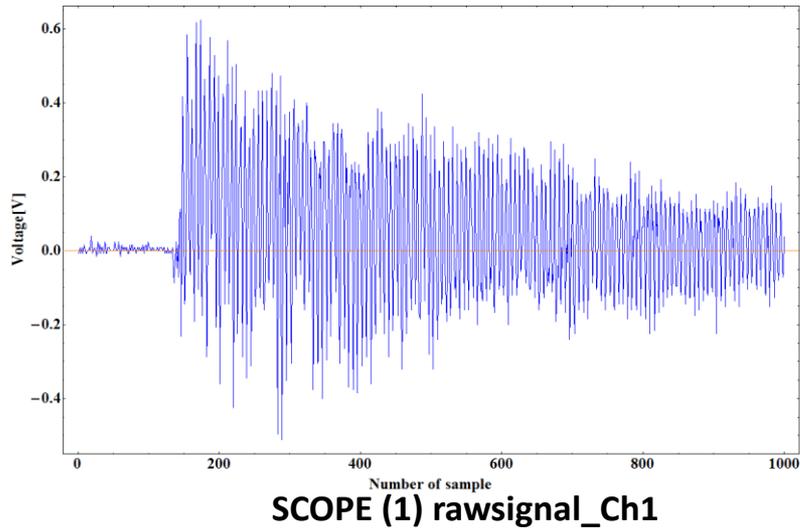
## Electronics setup

BEAM TEST on Jan 2011



Both signal were down converted to 714MHz, then fed into the phase detector.  
Analog output of the phase detector were fed into integration ADC (charge ADC).

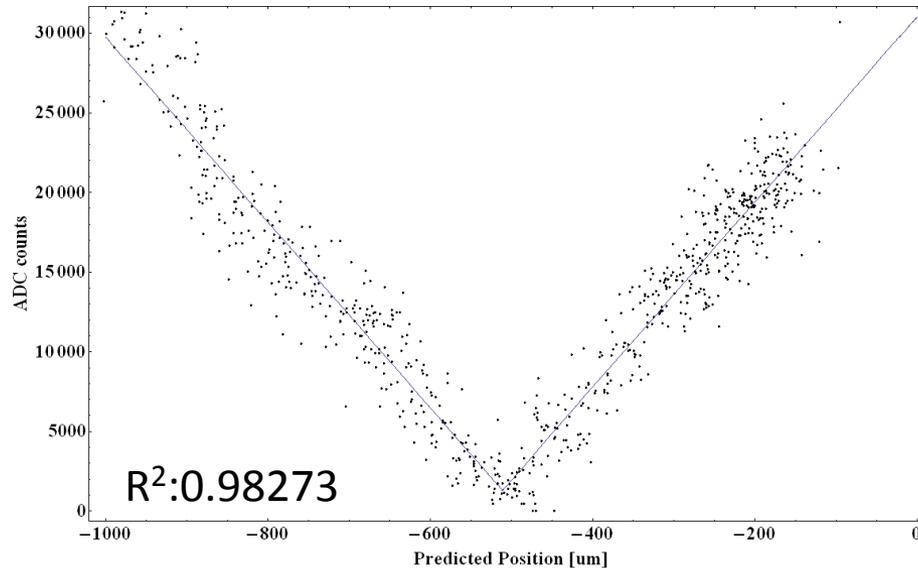
# Waveforms in the phase detector circuit



SCOPE (3) downconverteroutput\_Ch1

# Resolution estimation : phase detector circuit

## Y-ports data with 28dB att. \_27 Jan 2011



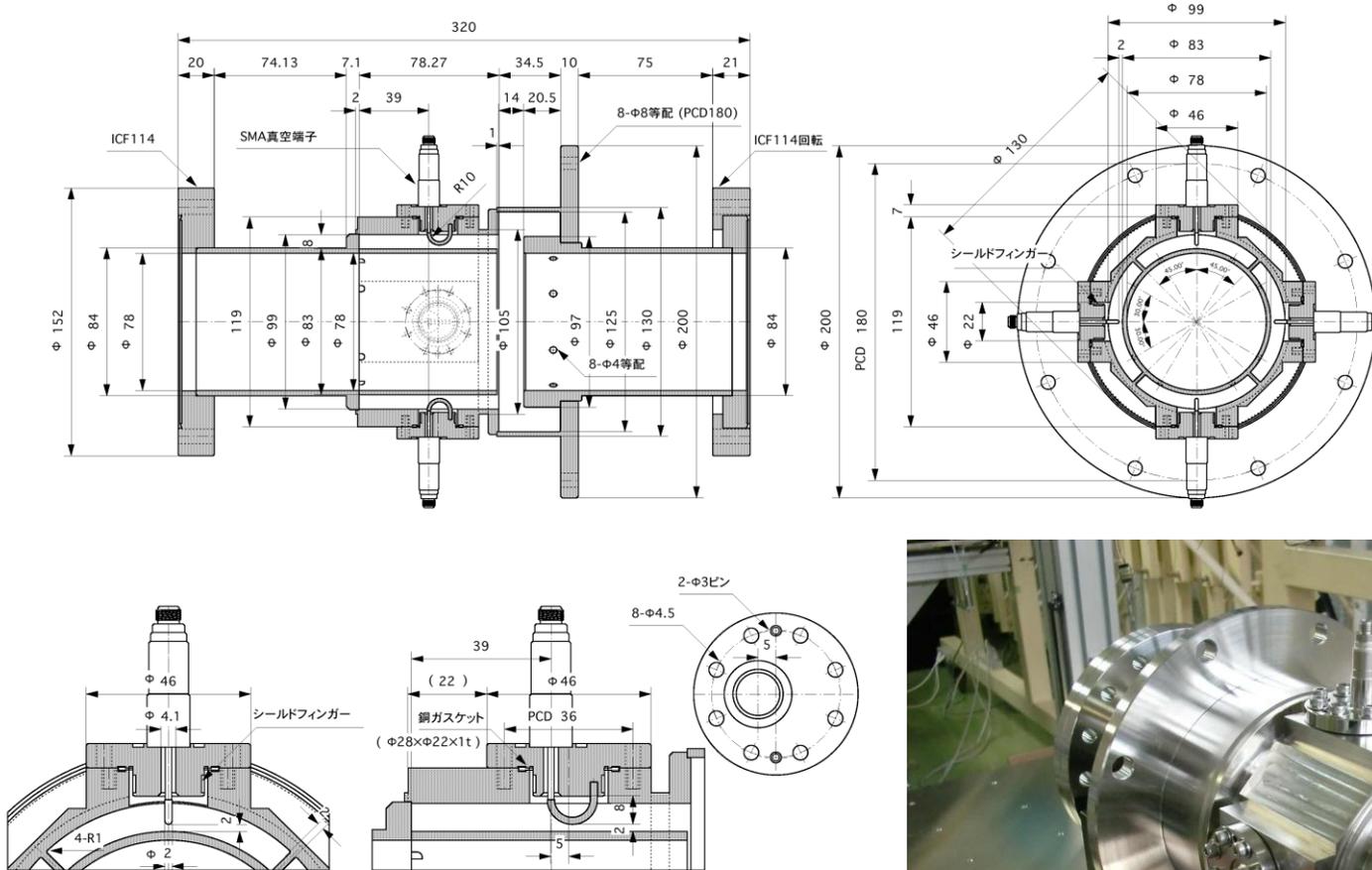
ATF LINAC beam  
1.3GeV  
single bunch  
 $0.5 \times 10^{10}$  electron/bunch  
1.5Hz repetition

Resolution = noise level [counts]/ slope [counts/um]

BPM signal with 28dB att.	+ side	- side
Noise level [counts]	19.5452	24.3839
Gradient [counts/um]	58.1498	58.1498
Resolution [um]	0.336118	0.419329

# **Vacuum-tight Model**

# Vacuum-tight model



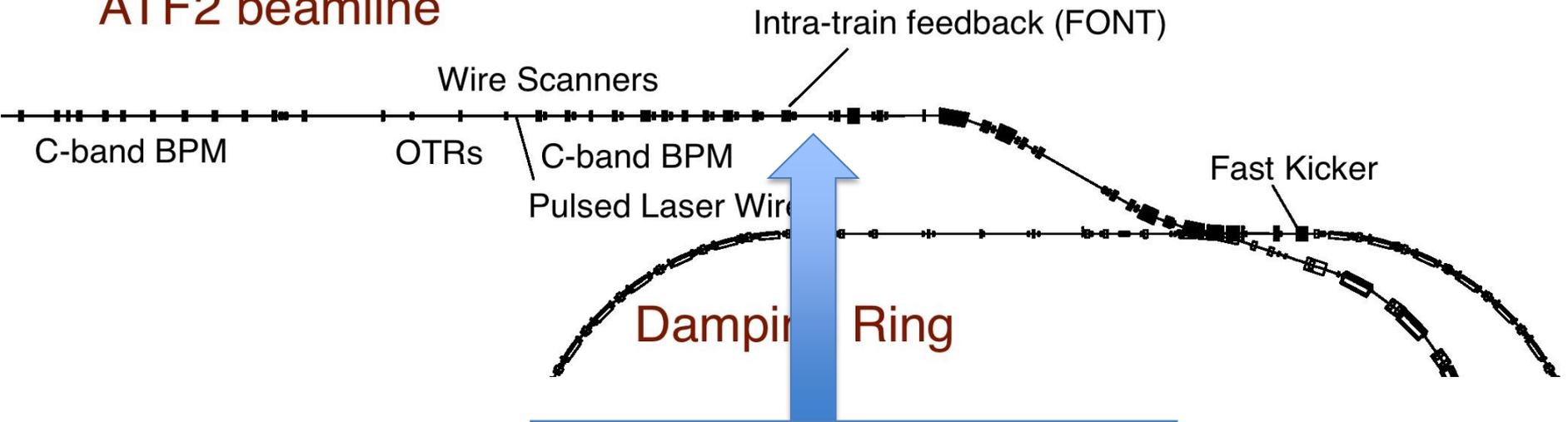
**Feed-through + loop-antenna are demountable for final adjustment**



# Beam Experiment plan for Vacuum-tight model

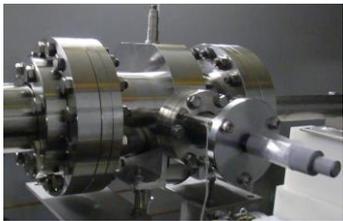
Two more BPMs are under fabrication in Korea (KNU).

## ATF2 beamline



Damping Ring

## Reference cavity



## 3-BPM for resolution estimation

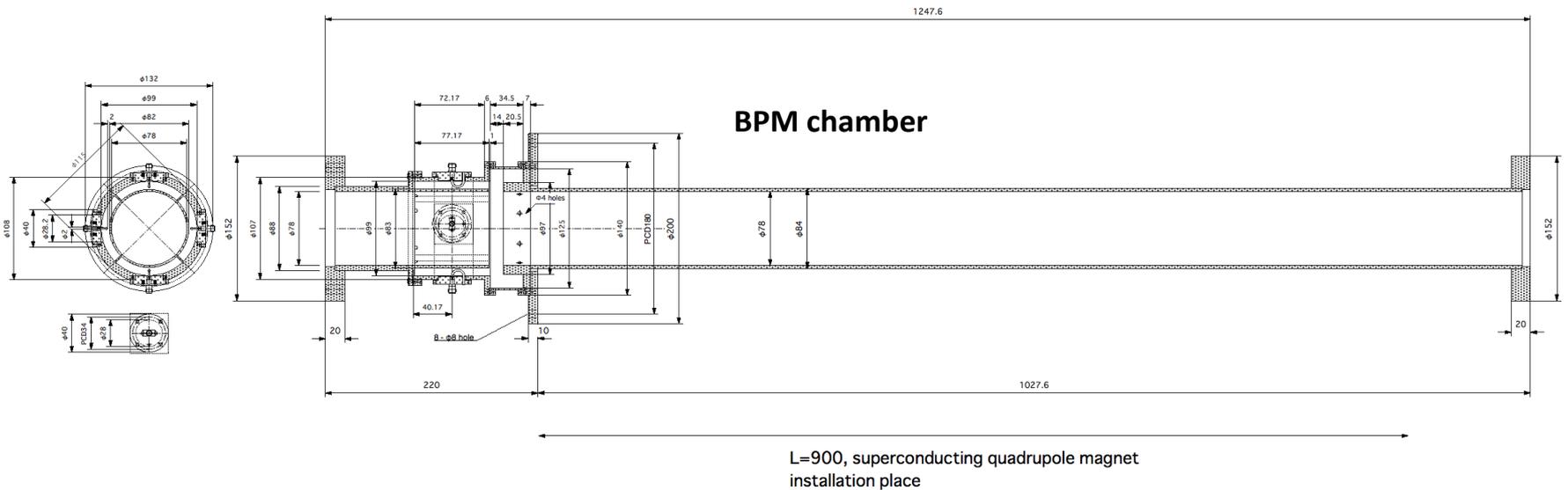
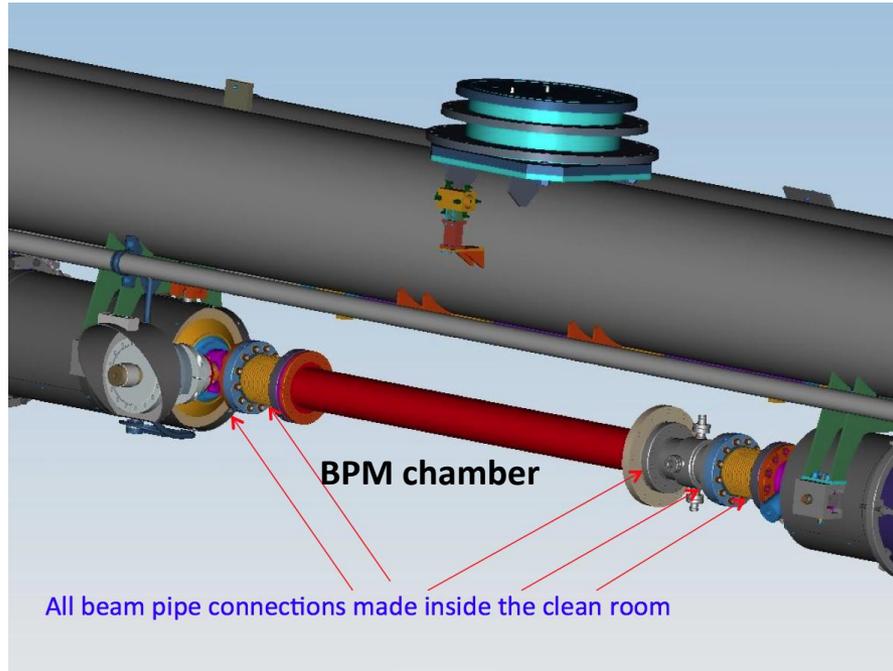


Digital signal acquisition

Down-converter(2043MHz ->93MHz) + ADC(14bits 400Ms/s) + FPGA

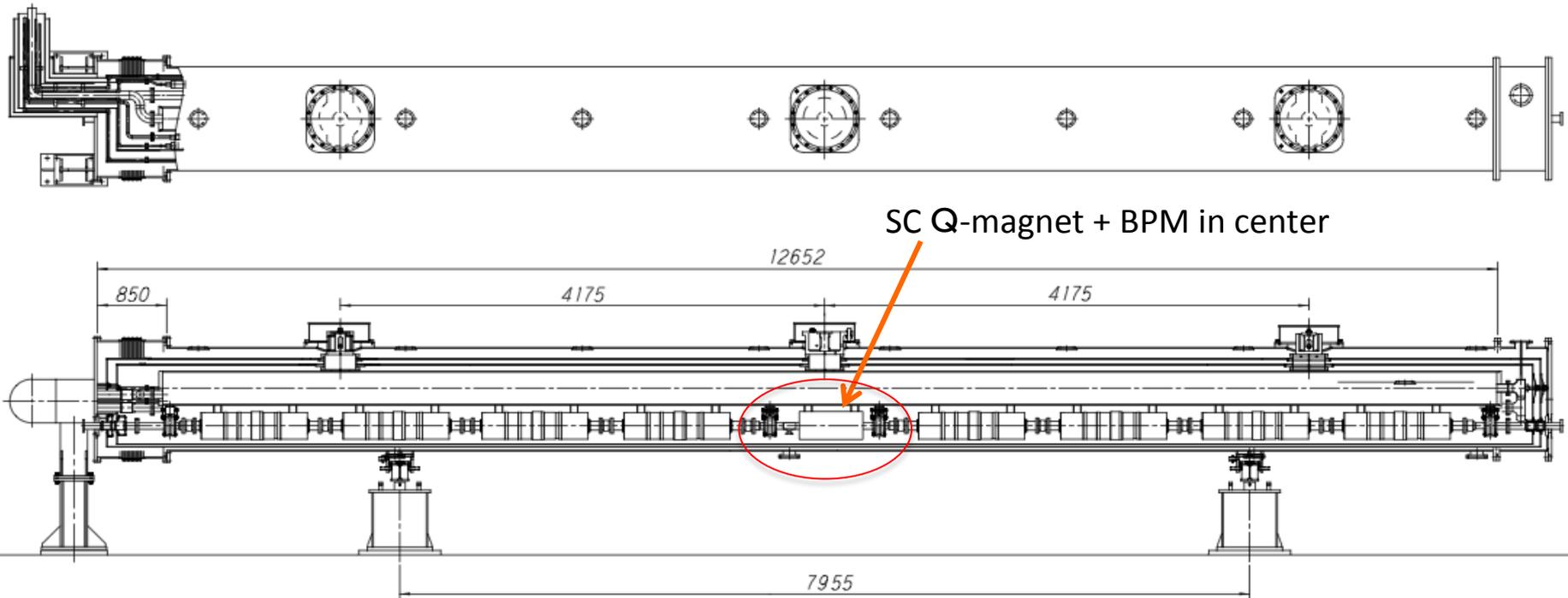
## ***CM-1 BPM for Cryomodule installation***

# BPM installation into Cryomodule, Test of BPM under cooled state



# KEK CM-1 : ILC type cryomodule

**CM-1: 13m 8 cavities + SC Q-magnet · BPM**  
**First ILC-type Cryomodule in the world (magnet in the center)**



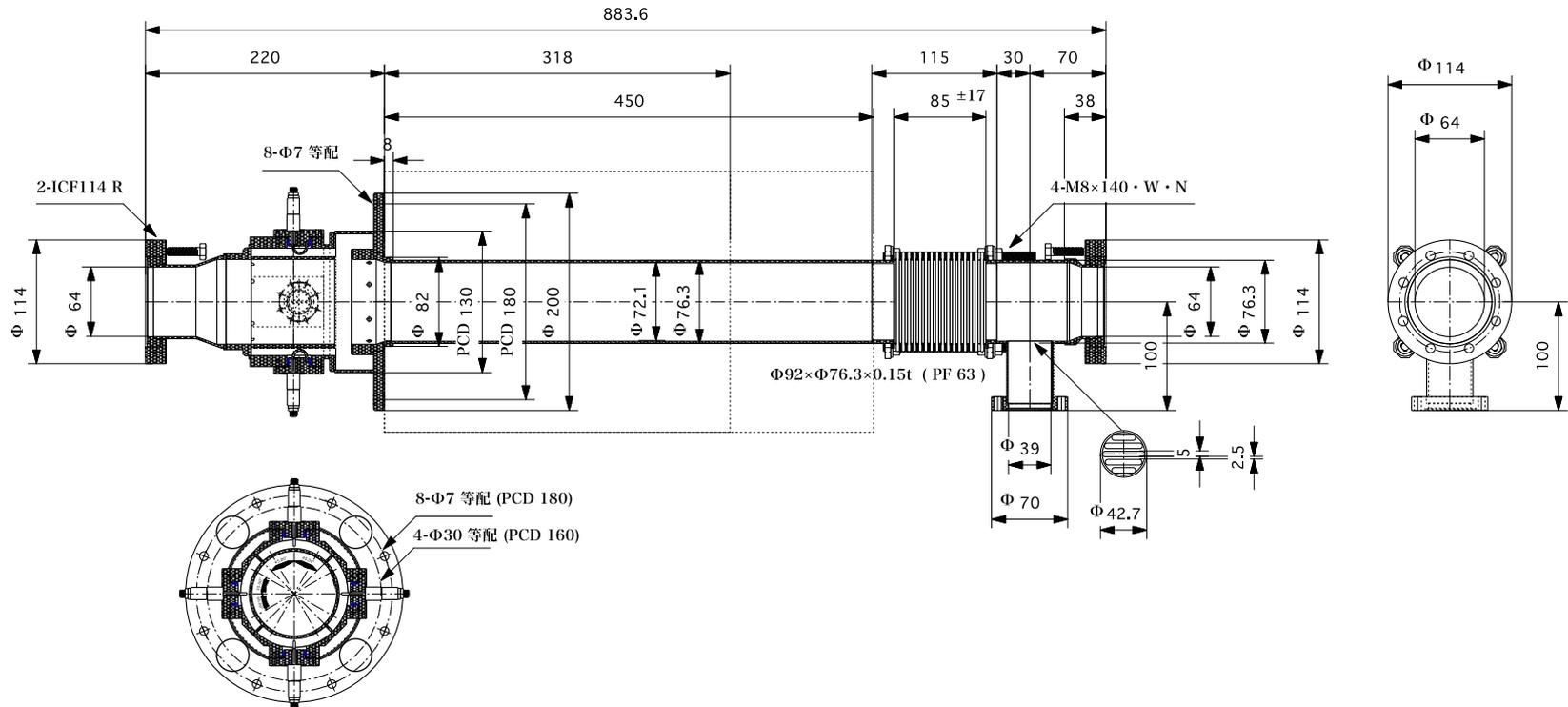
**cool-down in Oct. 2014, and beam operation in 2015**

**BPM issues to be identified in this test : effect on cavity gradient degradation,  
alignment preservation,  
heat load,  
beam position detection**



# Fabricated CM-1 BPM for Cryomodule installation

## Re-entrant BPM drawing for CM-1 installation



### 仕様

接合 TIG溶接

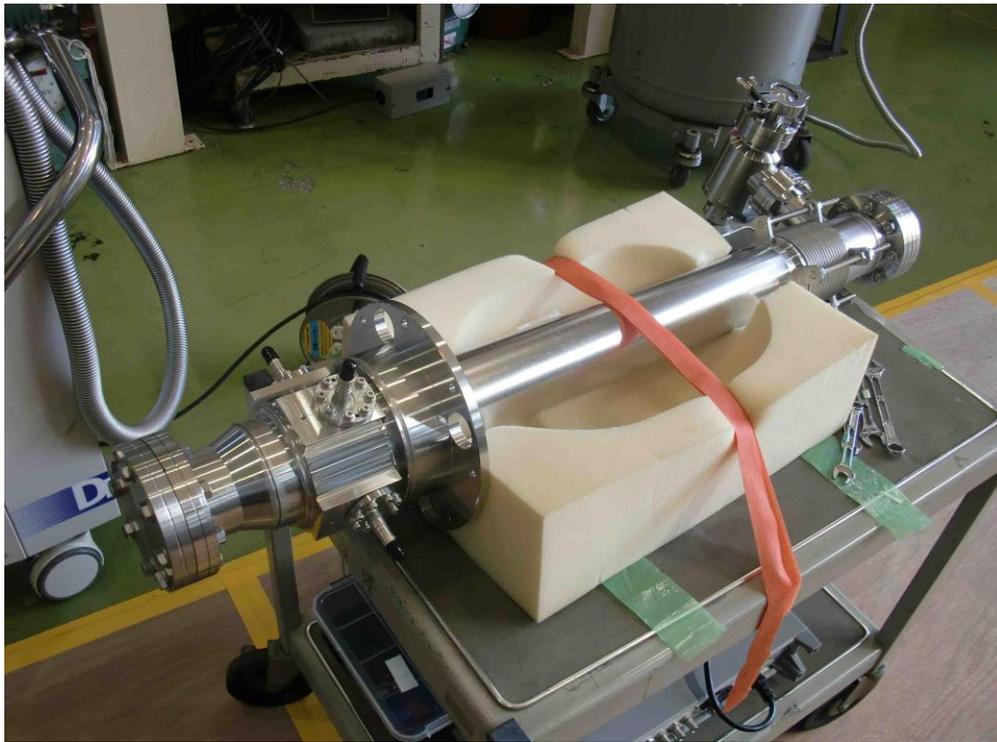
リ-ク量  $1 \times 10^{-10}$  Pa · m<sup>3</sup> / sec 以下

表面处理 鏡面電解研磨

材質 SUS 316 L

個数 1 個

三角法	尺度 1 / 4	作成: 2013年6月28日
記事	確認	Beam position monitor ILC main Linc
	設計 清野	図番: 3-6216 改符
有限会社 清和製作所		工事番号 1706



Leak check of BPM (room-temperature)



Leak check of BPM (after LN2 heat shock)



Ultrasonic rinse of BPM (detergent, then UPW)

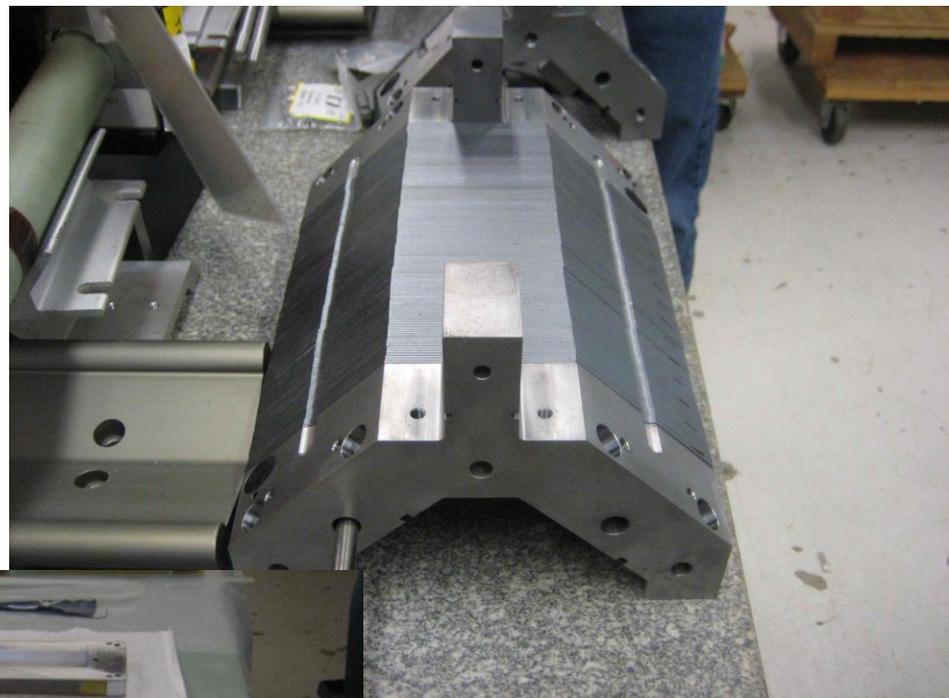
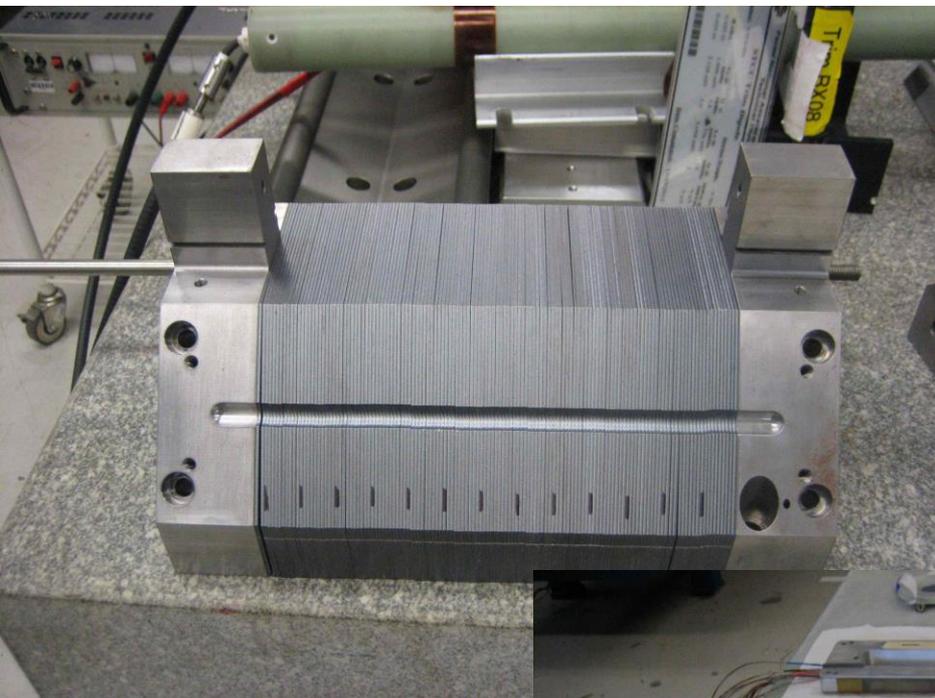
HPR of BPM (UPW)

Then, BPM was dried and pump-down in class-10 cleanroom.

Next, BPM was installed in between 4 cavity trains using local clean hat in STF tunnel.

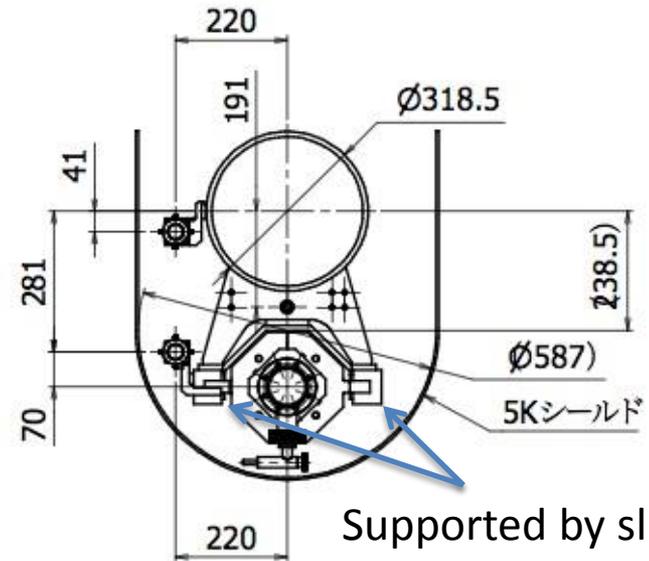
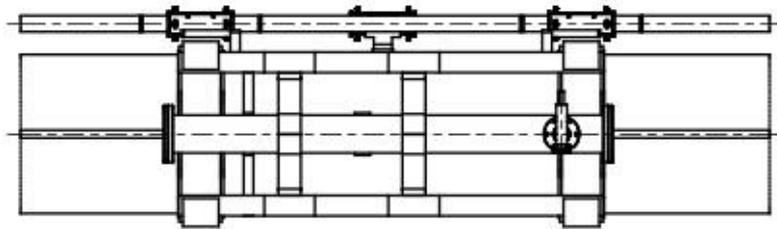
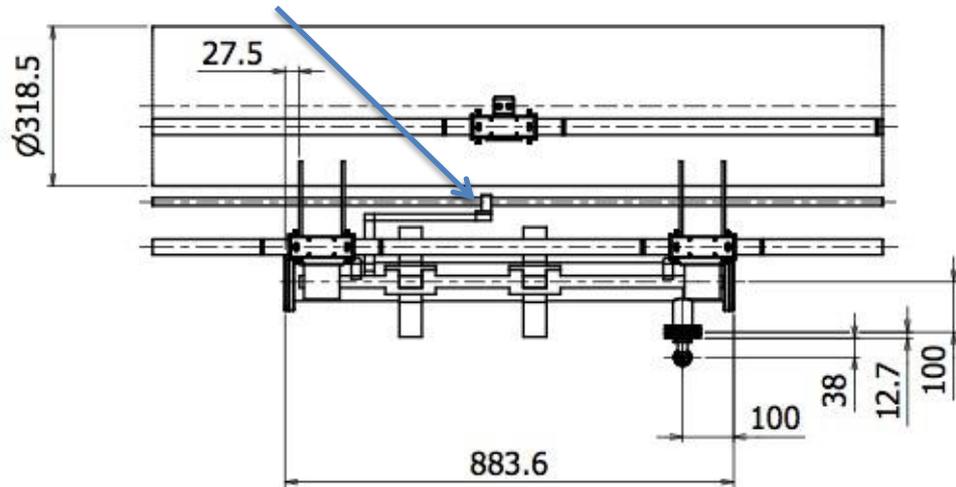


# Split-quad magnet picture under fabrication

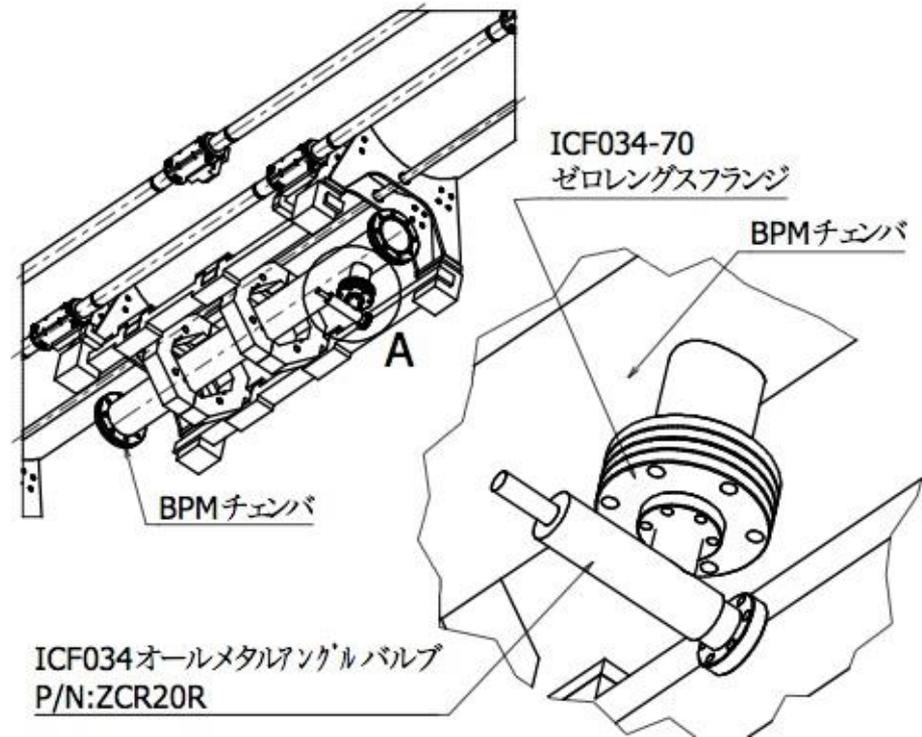


# Support of conduction-cool split quad-magnet (FNAL) to GRP

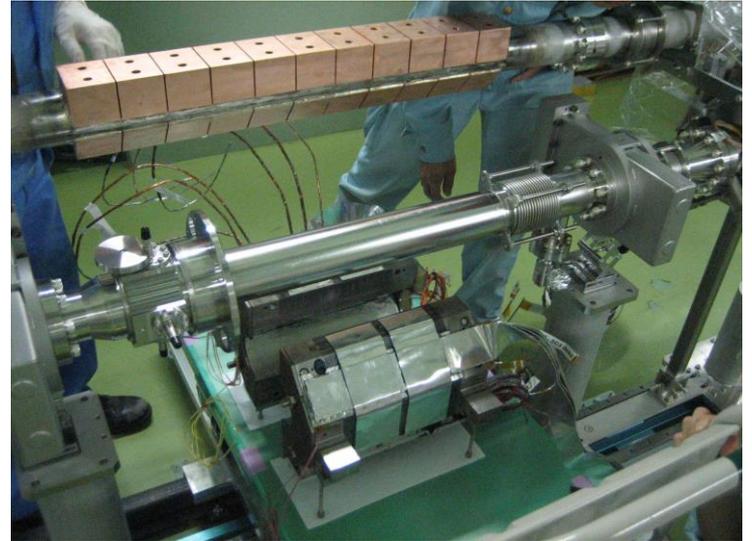
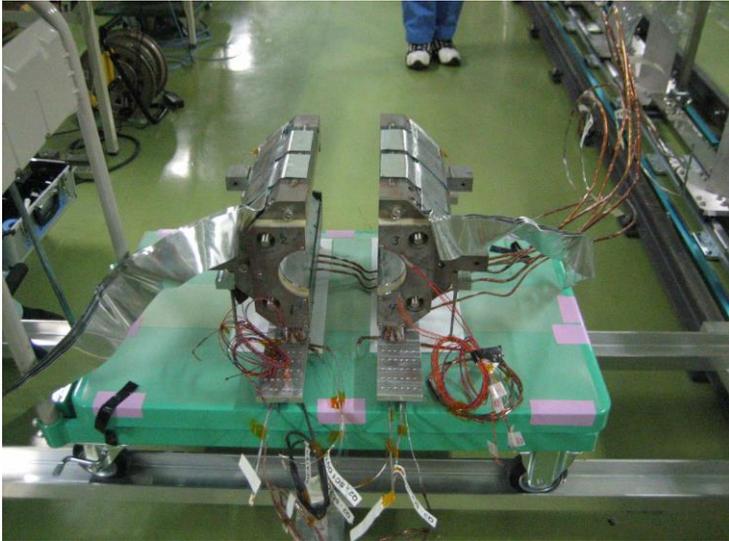
Fix to Inver-rod



Supported by slide-mount



# Fit check of conduction-cool split quad-magnet (FNAL) with BPM chamber Installation practice



# Fit check of conduction-cool split quad-magnet (FNAL) to GRP

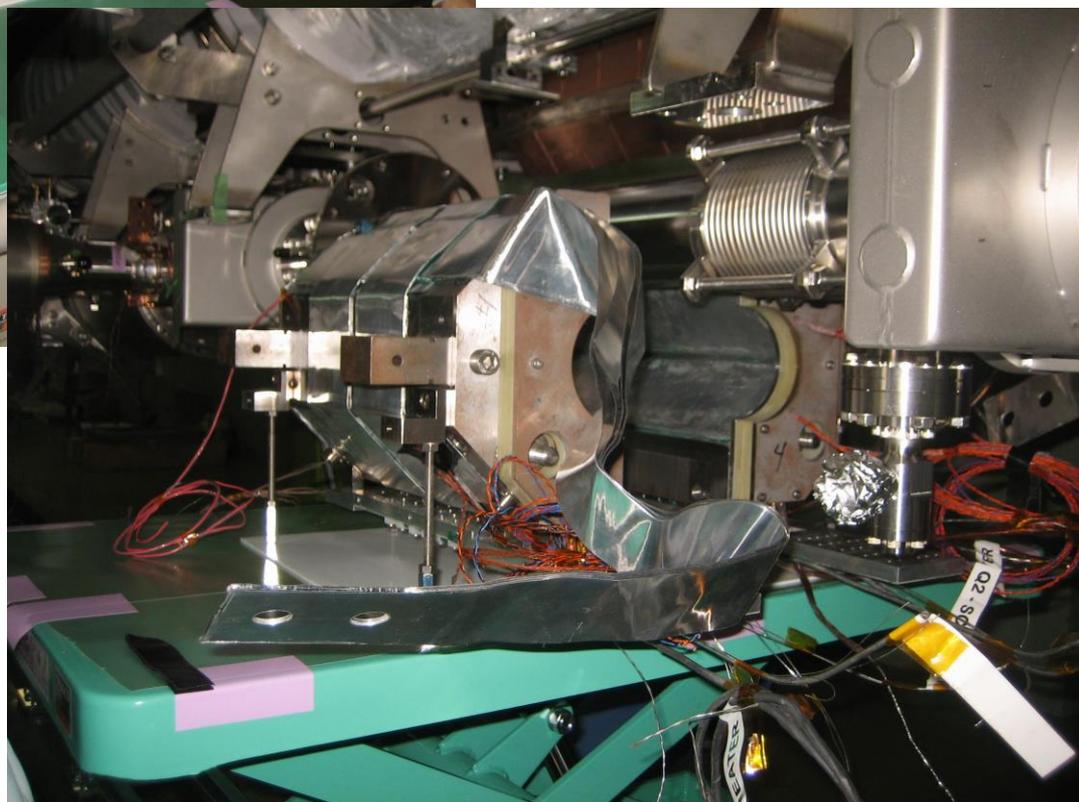
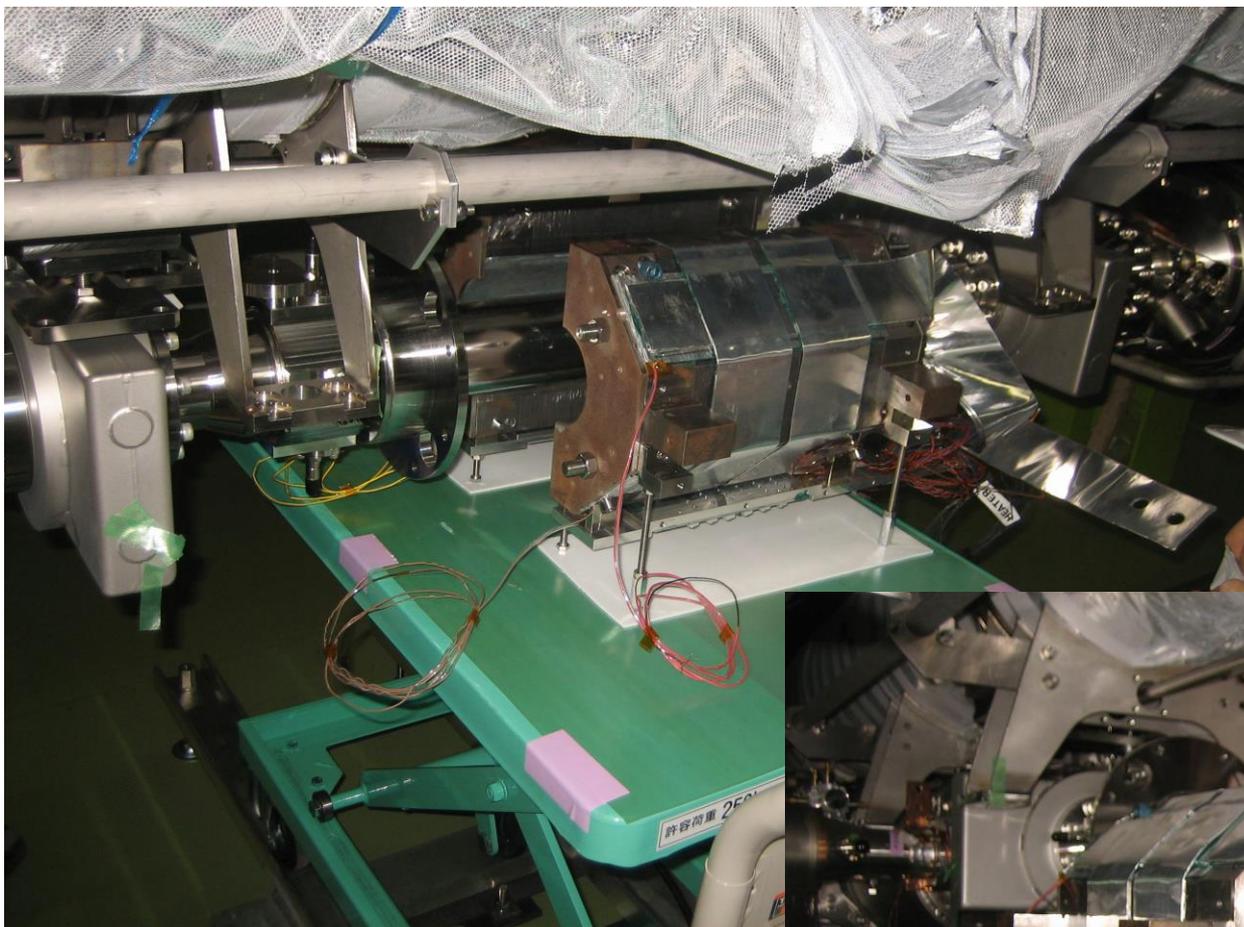
Installation practice



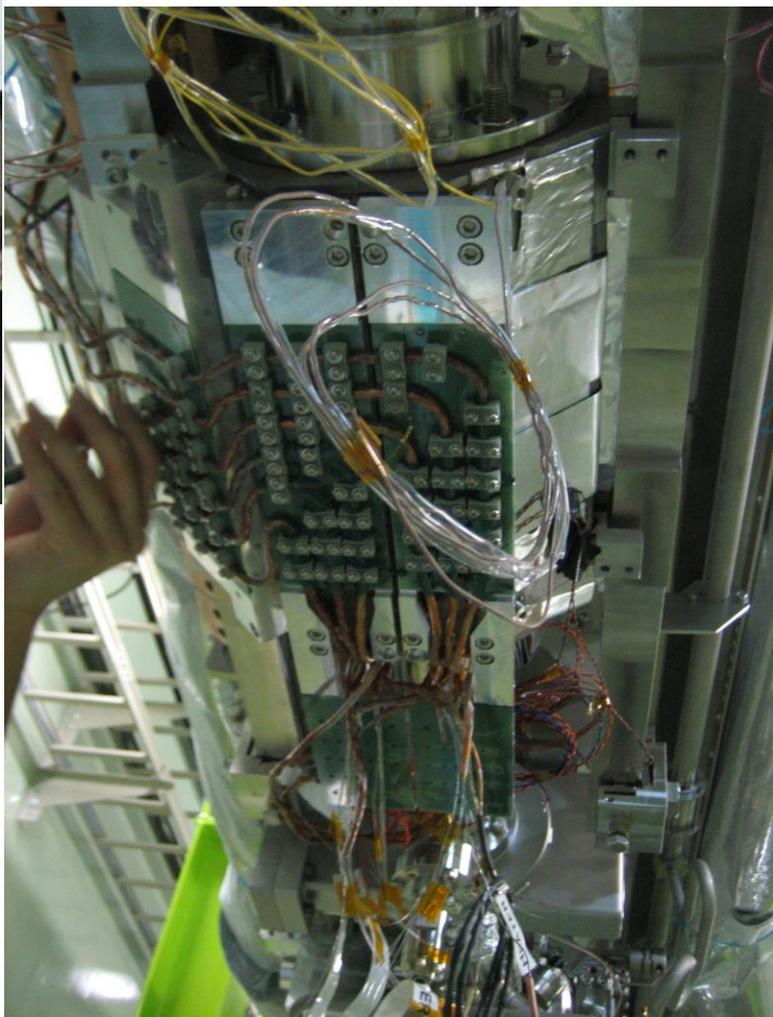
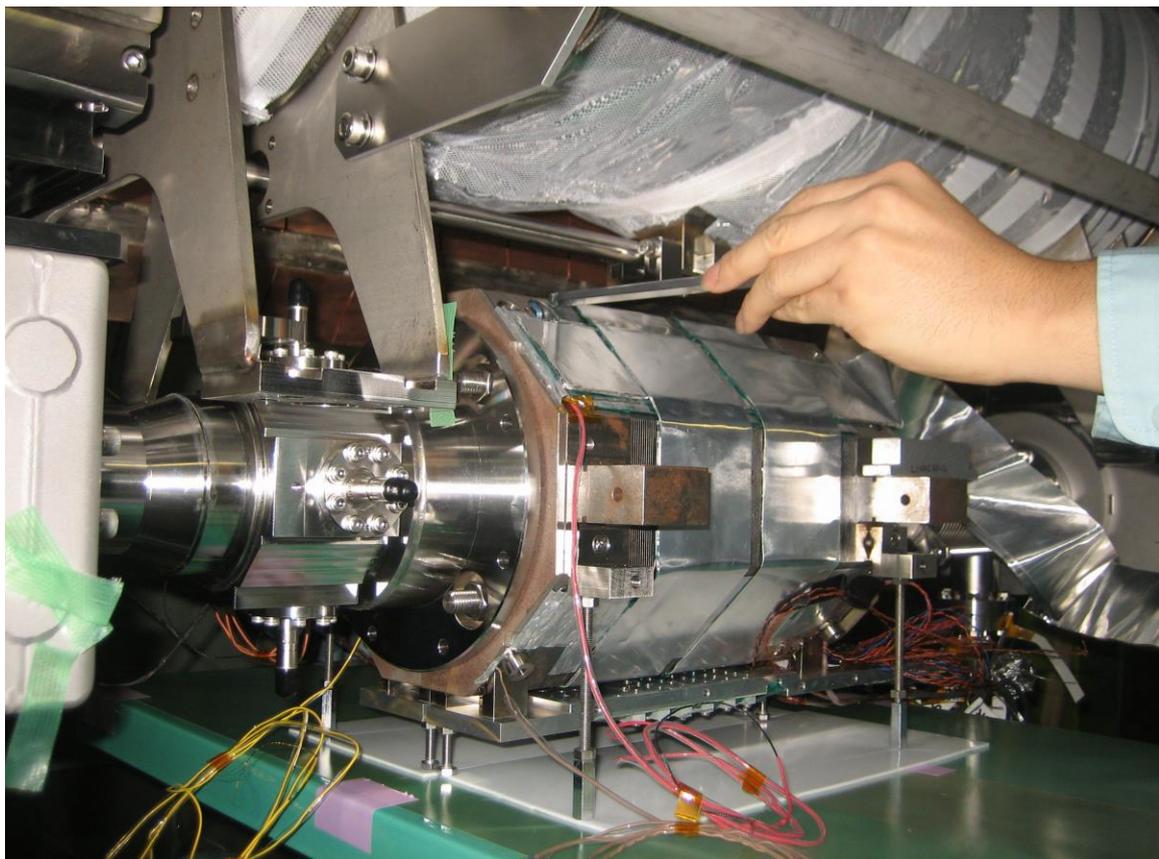
Before Quad-magnet(FNAL) installation



Under installation



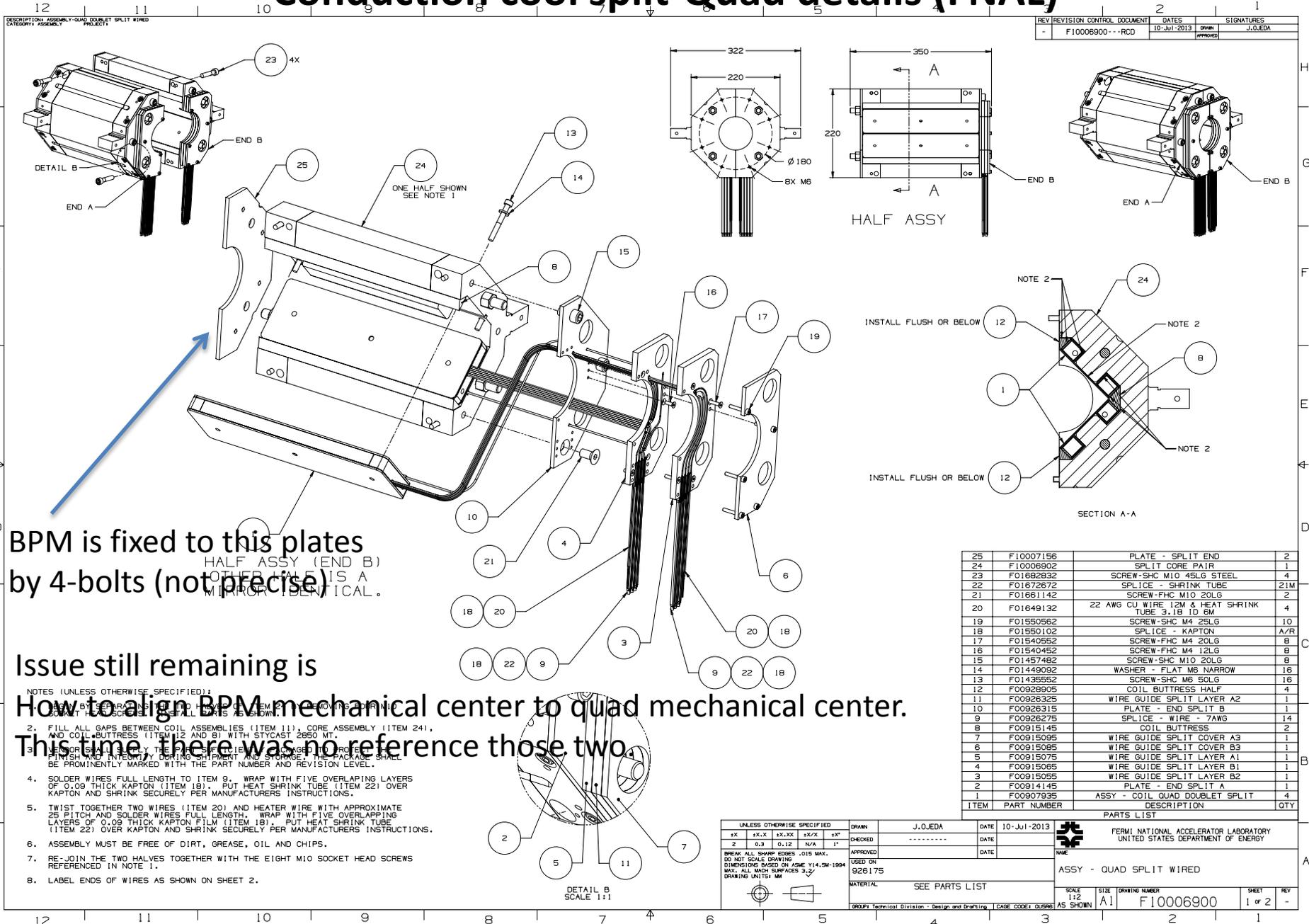
Under installation



After quad-magnet (FNAL) installation to BPM



# Conduction cool split-Quad details (FNAL)



BPM is fixed to this plates  
by 4-bolts (not precise)

Issue still remaining is  
How to align BPM mechanical center to quad mechanical center.  
This time there was no reference those two.

**NOTES (UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED):**

1. BE CAREFUL TO IDENTIFY THE PARTS AS SHOWN.
2. FILL ALL GAPS BETWEEN COIL ASSEMBLIES (ITEM 11), CORE ASSEMBLY (ITEM 24), AND COIL BUTTRESS (ITEM 12 AND B) WITH STYCAST 2850 MT.
3. FINISH SURFACES TO BE SHIPPED TO THE USER TO THE PROPER FINISH AND INTENDENTLY DURING SHIPMENT AND STORAGE THE PACKAGE SHALL BE PROMINENTLY MARKED WITH THE PART NUMBER AND REVISION LEVEL.
4. SOLDER WIRES FULL LENGTH TO ITEM 9. WRAP WITH FIVE OVERLAPPING LAYERS OF 0.09 THICK KAPTON (ITEM 19). PUT HEAT SHRINK TUBE (ITEM 22) OVER KAPTON AND SHRINK SECURELY PER MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS.
5. TWIST TOGETHER TWO WIRES (ITEM 20) AND HEATER WIRE WITH APPROXIMATE 25 PITCH AND SOLDER WIRES FULL LENGTH. WRAP WITH FIVE OVERLAPPING LAYERS OF 0.09 THICK KAPTON FILM (ITEM 19). PUT HEAT SHRINK TUBE (ITEM 22) OVER KAPTON AND SHRINK SECURELY PER MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS.
6. ASSEMBLY MUST BE FREE OF DIRT, GREASE, OIL AND CHIPS.
7. RE-JOIN THE TWO HALVES TOGETHER WITH THE EIGHT M10 SOCKET HEAD SCREWS REFERENCED IN NOTE 1.
8. LABEL ENDS OF WIRES AS SHOWN ON SHEET 2.

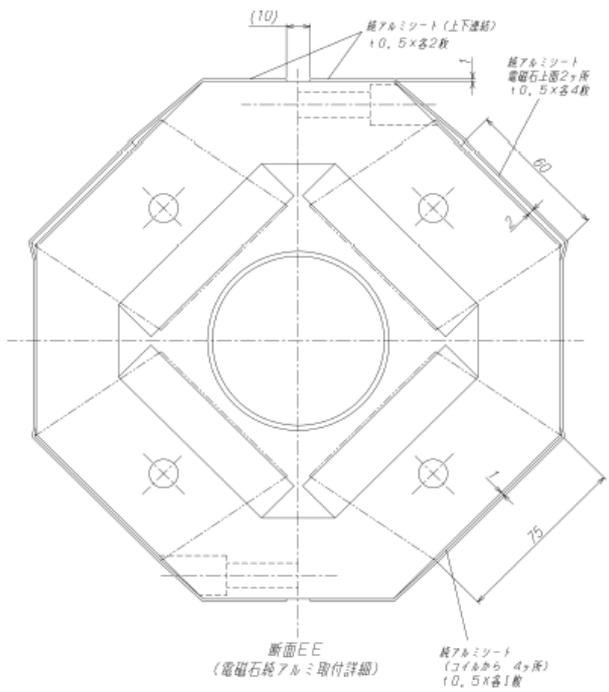
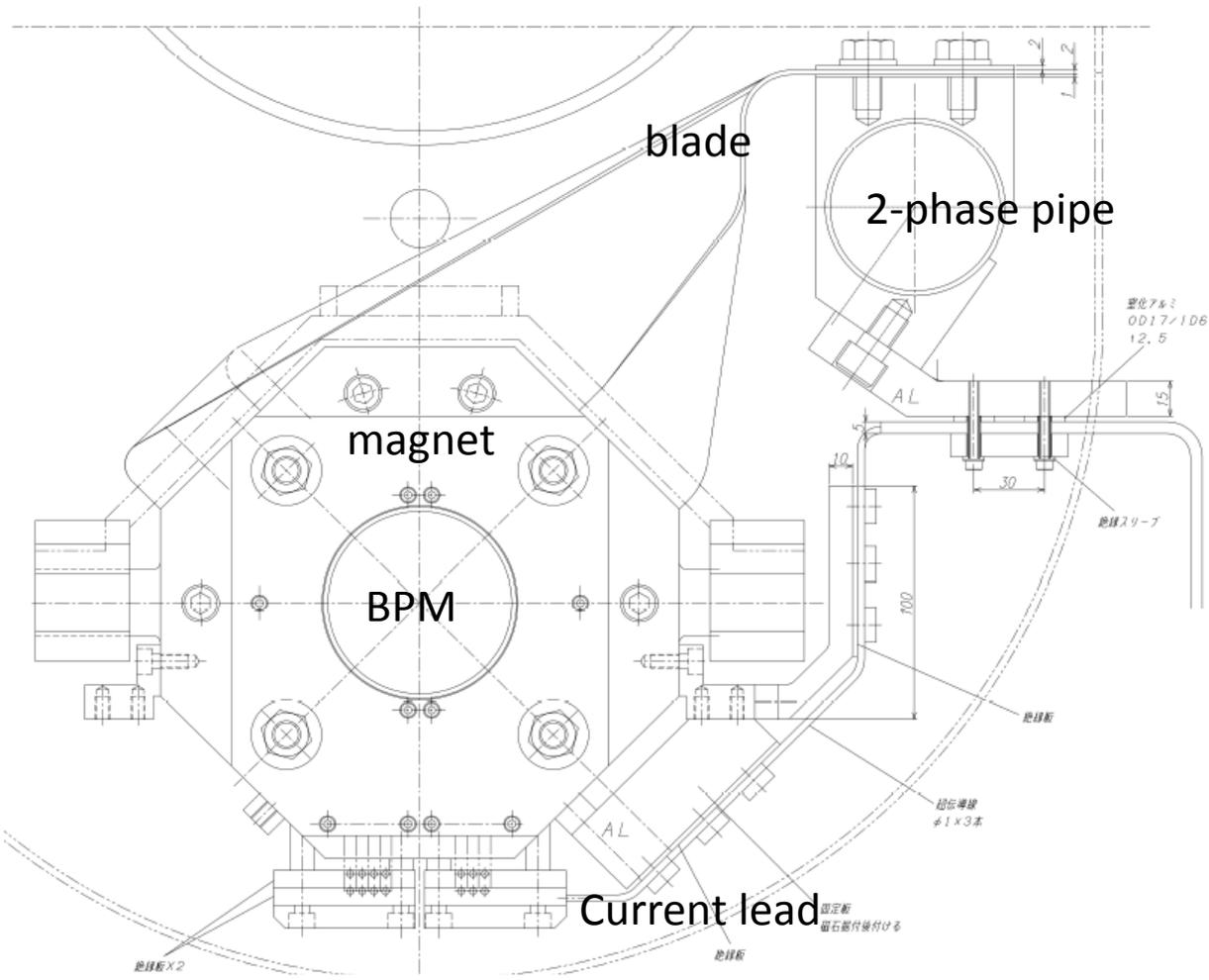
ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
25	F10007156	PLATE - SPLIT END	2
24	F10006902	SPLIT CORE PAIR	1
23	F01682832	SCREW-SHC M10 45LG STEEL	4
22	F01672872	SPLICE - SHRINK TUBE	21M
21	F01661142	SCREW-FHC M10 20LG	2
20	F01649132	22 AWG CU WIRE 12M & HEAT SHRINK TUBE 3.18 ID 6M	4
19	F01550562	SCREW-SHC M4 25LG	10
18	F01550102	SPLICE - KAPTON	A/R
17	F01540552	SCREW-FHC M4 20LG	8
16	F01540452	SCREW-FHC M4 12LG	8
15	F01457482	SCREW-SHC M10 20LG	8
14	F01449092	WASHER - FLAT M6 NARROW	16
13	F01435552	SCREW-SHC M6 50LG	16
12	F00928905	COIL BUTTRESS HALF	4
11	F00926325	WIRE GUIDE SPLIT LAYER A2	1
10	F00926315	PLATE - END SPLIT B	1
9	F00926275	SPLICE - WIRE - 7AWG	14
8	F00915145	COIL BUTTRESS	2
7	F00915095	WIRE GUIDE SPLIT COVER A3	1
6	F00915085	WIRE GUIDE SPLIT COVER B3	1
5	F00915075	WIRE GUIDE SPLIT LAYER A1	1
4	F00915065	WIRE GUIDE SPLIT LAYER B1	1
3	F00915055	WIRE GUIDE SPLIT LAYER B2	1
2	F00914145	PLATE - END SPLIT A	1
1	F00907935	ASSY - COIL QUAD DOUBLET SPLIT	4

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED					DRAWN	J.OJEDA	DATE	10-JUL-2013
sX	sX.X	sX.XX	sX/X	sX'	CHECKED	-----	DATE	
2	0.3	0.12	N/A	1"	APPROVED		DATE	
DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS					DATE			
DIMENSIONS GIVEN ON THIS 114-SM-1004					DATE			
MAX. ALL MACH SURFACES 3/32"					DATE			
DRAWING UNITS: MM					DATE			
MATERIAL					SEE PARTS LIST			
GROUP: Technical Division - Design and Drafting					CASE CODE: 02696			
SCALE					AS SHOWN			
SIZE					A1			
DRAWING NUMBER					F10006900			
SHEET					1 of 2			
REV					-			



ASSY - QUAD SPLIT WIRED

# Conduction cool blade/current lead details (KEK)



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# Summary

**1. Proto-type BPM was fabricated, and electrical center scan is under study.**

**2. Vacuum tight model:**

**one was fabricated in KEK, two are under fabrication in KNU(Korea)  
They will be installed in ATF for resolution estimation.**

**3. CM-1 BPM was fabricated, and installed into cryomodule CM-1.  
Cool-down test will be Oct. 2014.**

**4. Issues still need to be considered;**

**precise measurement of electrical center**

**confirmation of common-mode suppression**

**mechanical reference of BPM and Quad for combined installation**

**resolution estimation by established method(three-BPM method)**

**cryomodule installation with clean, no leak, no heat, etc.**