

# Goals for the ILD Vertex Detector 2015-20 Plans

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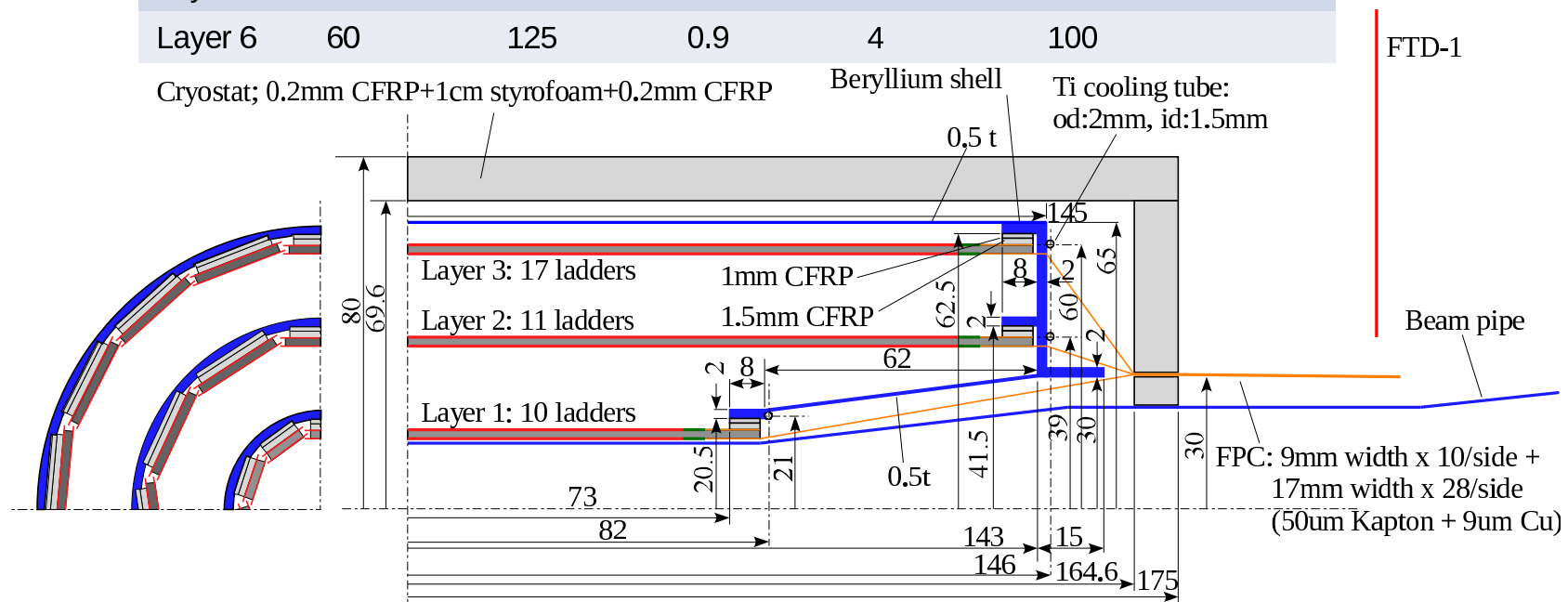
## Outline

- *Introductory remarks*
- *Detector requirements*
- *Pixel technologies*
- *Detector geometry*
- *Detector operation and services*
- *Summary*

# Vertex detector in DBD

- Baseline design

	R (mm)	z  (mm)	cosθ	σ (μm)	Readout time (μs)
Layer 1	16	62.5	0.97	2.8	50
Layer 2	18	62.5	0.96	6	10
Layer 3	37	125	0.96	4	100
Layer 4	39	125	0.95	4	100
Layer 5	58	125	0.91	4	100
Layer 6	60	125	0.9	4	100



# Introductory Remarks

- VXD REQUIREMENTS : poorly motivated quantitatively & scientifically
  - VXD REQUIREMENTS : lack of strategy
    - supposed to be identical at all coll. energies (but beam BG evolves)
    - do not exploit sensor technology evolution (industry !)
    - do not account for relatively easy upgrade possibilities
  - REQUIREMENTS ARE NOT DRIVEN BY "DIFFICULT CASES" :
    - impact of beam background on (low p) track reconstruction
    - charm tagging
    - b-tag in top jets (?)
    - secondary vertex electrical charge determination
- ⇒ **Calls for additional physics performance assessments vs  $E_{cm}$  as well as for more robust,  $E_{cm}$  dependent, requirements**

# Pixel technologies

- TOO POOR GUIDANCE FROM REQUIREMENTS TO ELECT/CONVERGE ON  $\geq 1$  SENSOR DESIGN:  
 $\Rightarrow$  each technology **believed** satisfactory  $\Rightarrow$  which one is **best** suited ?

- FINE PIXEL RELATED QUESTIONS :

- which added value for physics ?

$\hookrightarrow$  charm decay, 2ry vertex charge determination, etc.

- which limitations from occupancy due to beam BG ?

$\hookrightarrow$  would FP be adapted to  $E_{cm} \approx 250$  GeV ? up to which  $E_{cm}$  can one use FP ?

$\hookrightarrow$  what if one increases R(L1 & L2) by 3-4 mm ?

- how precise can the alignment be ?

- SENSOR COMBINATION :

- added value of bunch tagging in L2 ?

$\hookrightarrow$  track seeding in high BG environment ?

- added value of mixed pixel techno. & designs ?

$\hookrightarrow$  alternatives to DBD strategy ?  $\mapsto$

	Layer 1		Layer 2	
	$\sigma_{sp}$	$t_{r.o.}$	$\sigma_{sp}$	$t_{r.o.}$
<b>DBD</b>	<b>2.8 <math>\mu m</math></b>	<b>50 <math>\mu s</math></b>	<b>6 <math>\mu m</math></b>	<b>10 <math>\mu s</math></b>
<b>update</b>	2.8 $\mu m$	50 $\mu s$	5 $\mu m$	8 $\mu s$
<b>alternative</b>	5 $\mu m$	8 $\mu s$	5 $\mu m$	8 $\mu s$

# Detector Geometry

- BARREL VS FORWARD DISKS :
  - short vs long barrel
  - impact of FTD pixel layers performances
- DOUBLE-SIDED VS SINGLE-SIDED LADDERS
  - ⇒ **Is there an optimum for "all" physics cases and  $E_{cm}$  values ?**
- CONTINUOUS (POWER PULSED) VS DELAYED READ-OUT :
  - ⇒ SWOT analysis needed ?

# Detector Operation and Services

- POWER PULSING :
  - assess effect of PP in high magnetic field
  - maintain FP option as long as no full proof of principle is achieved
  
- SERVICES :
  - find a consistent solution for low mass cables and cooling implantation
  - preparation of Engineering Design may require mock-ups

# Summary

- REFINE VXD REQUIREMENTS : ( $E_{cm}$  dependence. ambitious physics cases)
  - guidance for pixel technology
  - guidance for sensor designs & combinations
- SWOT ANALYSIS OF PIXEL TECHNOLOGIES AND VXD GEOMETRIES :
  - delayed vs continuous read-out  $\Rightarrow$  power pulsing in high magnetic field  $\mapsto$  alignment ?
  - added value of  $\lesssim 1 \mu m$  resolution (vs inner radius ?)
  - long vs short barrel & connection to FTD pixel planes
  - double-sided vs single-sided ladders
- EXPLOIT RESULTS OF ABOVE TO EXTEND/REFINE ILD PHYSICS POTENTIAL
  - $\Rightarrow$  **strengthen ILC physics case**
- STUDY ISSUES OF VXD INTEGRATION  $\mapsto$  services (cables, cooling)