# Running Scenarios from the Higgs Perspective



# ILC @ DESY General Project Meeting May 9, 2014 J.List

## Higgs Production at the ILC (in a nutshell)



## Higgs Decay at the ILC (in a nutshell)

- Measuring Higgs couplings to fermions requires
  - High statistics on  $\sigma x BR$
  - Model-independent cross-section normalisation

![](_page_2_Figure_4.jpeg)

J.List

#### The special case: $y_t = g_{Htt}$

![](_page_3_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_3_Figure_2.jpeg)

- Nick two weeks ago: 10<sup>-1</sup> 500 550 Tunnel length to be fixed √s / Ge to ±300m by end of year => top priority question!
- large impact on ttH, eg 500 GeV  $\rightarrow$  550 GeV:
- $\sigma_{ttH}$  increases by 3.7, while background decreases
- Coupling precision becomes better by factor ~2.4

#### Example Running Scenarios

- a) 250 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 250 GeV, 500 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 500 GeV a\*) 350 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 350 GeV, 500 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 500 GeV
- b) 250 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 250 GeV, 500 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 550 GeV
- c) 250 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 250 GeV, 1000 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 500 GeV
- d) 100 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 250 GeV, 200 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 350 GeV, 500 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 500 GeV
- e) 100 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 250 GeV, 200 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 350 GeV, 500 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 550 GeV
- f) 25 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 250 GeV, 350 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 350 GeV, 500 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 500 GeV
- g) 500 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 250 GeV, 500 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 500 GeV
- h) 50 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 250 GeV, 200 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 350 GeV, 500 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 500 GeV, *then* 1000 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 250 GeV
- i) 50 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 250 GeV, 200 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 350 GeV, 500 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 550GeV, *then* 1000 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 250 GeV

### First attempt to assess their potential

- Currently based on extrapolations at many places, in particular at 350 GeV
- All plots by Junping Tian
- More details on method: cf Junping's recent presentation in ILD Analysis meeting
- "1 year" = 10<sup>7</sup>s operation at peak luminosity, no rampup, commissioning, shut-downs, …
- Will be updated for AWLC with to include these

HZZ: It's all at 250 (350?) GeV

![](_page_6_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### HWW: initially needs fusion $\geq$ 350 GeV

![](_page_7_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Hbb: needs $\geq$ 350 GeV and 250 GeV

![](_page_8_Figure_1.jpeg)

# Total Width $\Gamma_{H}$

![](_page_9_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Htt: starts at $\geq$ 500 GeV

![](_page_10_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Conclusions?

# None yet: need eg solid studies at 350 GeV

## **Qualitative Observations**

- g<sub>HZZ</sub> wants maximal dataset at 250 (350?) GeV
- All other couplings are initially limited by statistics
  > WW-fusion important
   (thus: polarisation important!)
  => have better initial precision at ≥ 350 GeV
- Until at some point they become limited by knowledge of g<sub>HZZ</sub>
   => then profit from (more) 250 GeV data
- Ultimatively, ≥1 ab<sup>-1</sup> @ 250 GeV useful
- $g_{ttH}$  profits from energy increase beyond 500 GeV