

# Measurement Accuracies of Higgs Branching Fraction in $v\bar{v}h$ at 350 GeV

Felix Müller

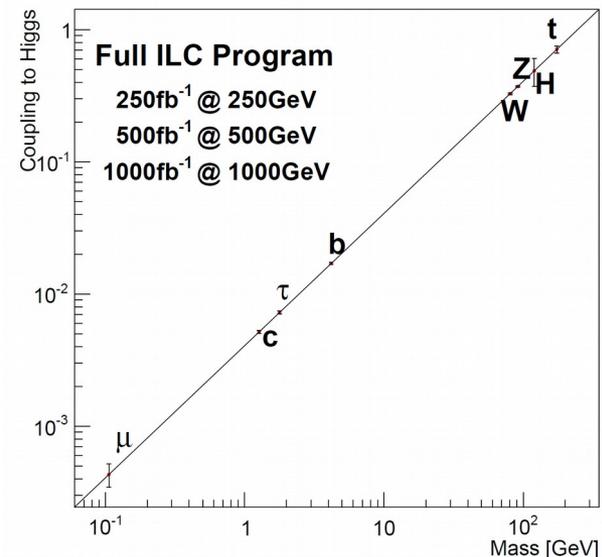
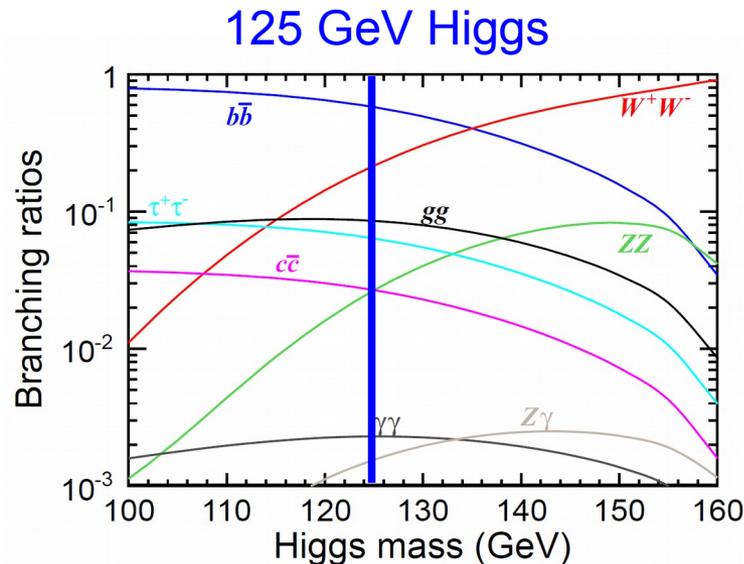
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Collaborators: Hiroaki Ono

# Introduction and Motivation

- Measuring the Higgs BR is one of the key issues of the ILC after the discovery of the 125 GeV Higgs
- Deviations in the Higgs coupling and mass relation is an indication of new physics
- High precision measurements of Higgs hadronic decay channels possible for a 125 GeV Higgs



BR	bb	cc	gg	ττ	WW*	ZZ*	μμ
DBD	57.8%	2.7%	8.6%	6.4%	21.6%	2.7%	0.2%



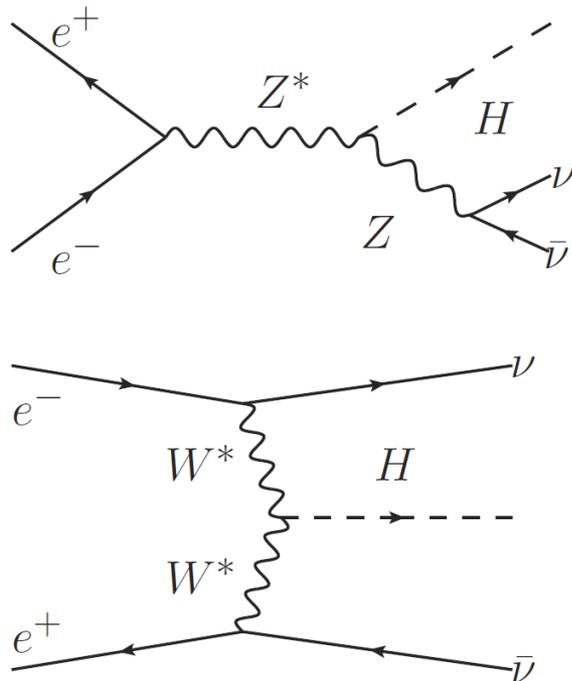
# Introduction and Motivation

> 250 GeV: ZH production dominant

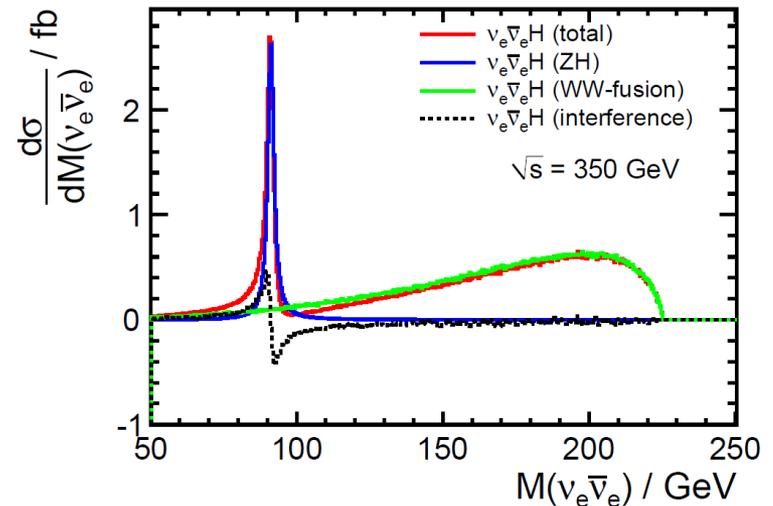
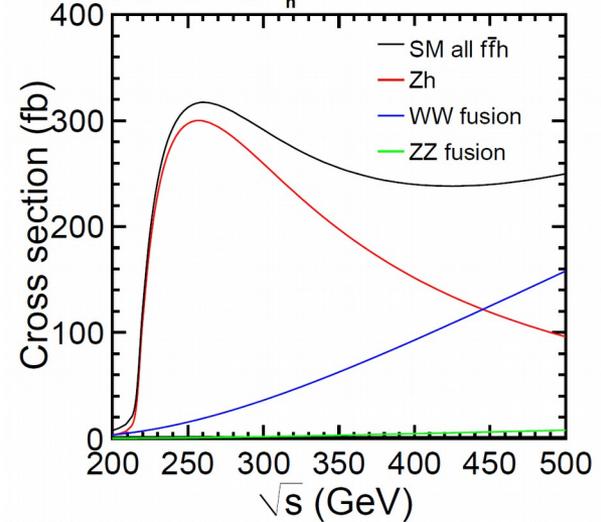
- $\sigma_{ZH} \times \text{BR}$

> 350 GeV: ZH + WW-fusion

- $(\sigma_{ZH} + \sigma_{WW}) \times \text{BR}$



$P(e^-, e^+) = (-0.8, 0.3)$ ,  $M_h = 125 \text{ GeV}$



- > Study was performed for the LOI with a 120 GeV Higgs

$E_{cm}$ (GeV)	250	350	500
Lumi ( $\text{fb}^{-1}$ )	250	250	500
$M_H$ (GeV)	120	120	120
$\Delta\sigma_{BR}/\sigma_{BR}$ ( $h \rightarrow bb$ )	1.0%	1.0%	0.57%
$\Delta\sigma_{BR}/\sigma_{BR}$ ( $h \rightarrow cc$ )	6.9%	6.2%	5.2%
$\Delta\sigma_{BR}/\sigma_{BR}$ ( $h \rightarrow gg$ )	8.5%	7.3%	5.0%

- > Need to update the study with  $M_H = 125$  GeV

- Extrapolate results by scaling signal and background with the effective cross sections with the current beam parameter and by using LHC recommended Higgs BR

$E_{cm}$ (GeV)	250	350	500
Lumi ( $\text{fb}^{-1}$ )	250	330	500
$M_H$ (GeV)	125	125	125
$\Delta\sigma_{BR}/\sigma_{BR}$ ( $h \rightarrow bb$ )	1.1%	0.9%	0.66%
$\Delta\sigma_{BR}/\sigma_{BR}$ ( $h \rightarrow cc$ )	8.0%	6.5%	6.2%
$\Delta\sigma_{BR}/\sigma_{BR}$ ( $h \rightarrow gg$ )	6.8%	5.2%	4.1%

# Updating the Analysis

- Update the LOI analysis with a full simulation study using DBD data samples

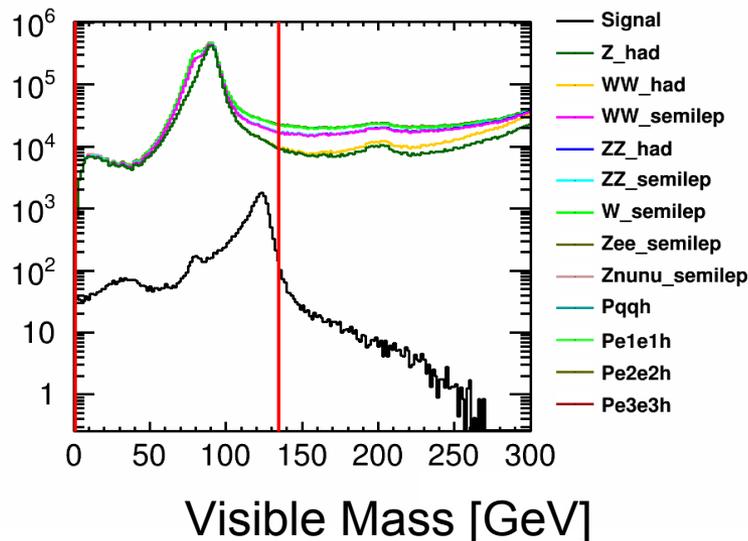
	LOI	DBD
Higgs Mass	120 GeV	125 GeV
Branching Ratio	Pythia	LHC Higgs XSWG
$\gamma\gamma$ -overlay	not used	used
Detector model	ILD_00	ILC_o1_V05
Software	ilcsoft v01-06	ilcsoft v01-16

BR	bb	cc	gg	$\tau\tau$	WW	ZZ	$\gamma\gamma$	Z $\gamma$	$\mu\mu$
LOI	65.7%	3.6%	5.5%	8.0%	15.0%	1.7%	0.3%	0.1%	0.3%
DBD	57.8%	2.7%	8.6%	6.4%	21.6%	2.7%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%



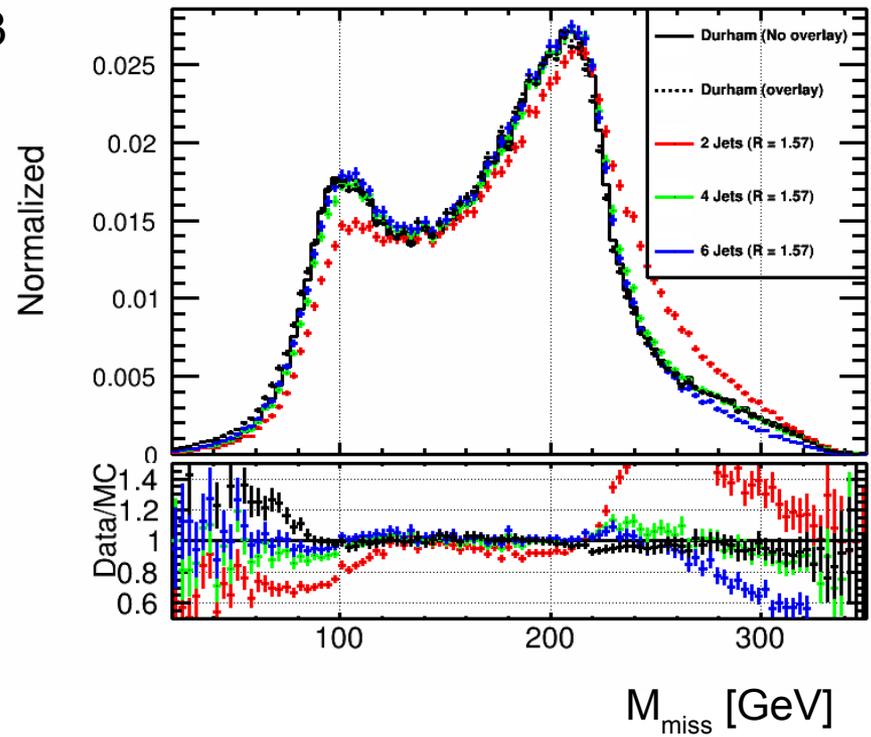
# Reconstruction Strategy

- $v\bar{v}h \rightarrow 2 \text{ Jets} + \text{Missing Mass}$
- $\gamma\gamma$ -overlay removal
- Jet clustering and flavor tagging
- Event selection with cut analysis and BDT
- Template fit to the flavor likeness of the Higgs di-jets (b, c, g)



# $\gamma\gamma$ -Overlay Removal

- Low  $p_T$   $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow$  hadron background
  - Virtual photons get radiated off the primary beam  $e^-/e^+$
  - Real photons from bremsstrahlung and synchrotron radiation
- Overlaid background per event depends on beam energy : 350 GeV  $\rightarrow \langle N_{\gamma\gamma} \rangle = 0.33$
- FastJetProcessor to remove  $\gamma\gamma$ -overlay
  - Exclusive  $k_t$  algorithm
- Larger R values give better results
  - Chosen value  $R=1.5$
- Tested 2, 4 and 6 jet configuration
  - 4 jets produces the best results
- Getting more important for higher beam energies (500 GeV  $\rightarrow \langle N_{\gamma\gamma} \rangle = 1.7$ )



# Jet Clustering and Flavor Tagging

- > Decluster the 4 Jets from the  $\gamma\gamma$ -overlay and cluster the particles into 2 jets using Durham
- > Determine the flavor tag from LCFIPlus
- > Evaluate flavor likeness  $X_i$  of the event ( $i=b,c,bc$ )

$$X_i = \frac{x_{i1} x_{i2}}{x_{i1} x_{i2} + (1 - x_{i1})(1 - x_{i2})}$$

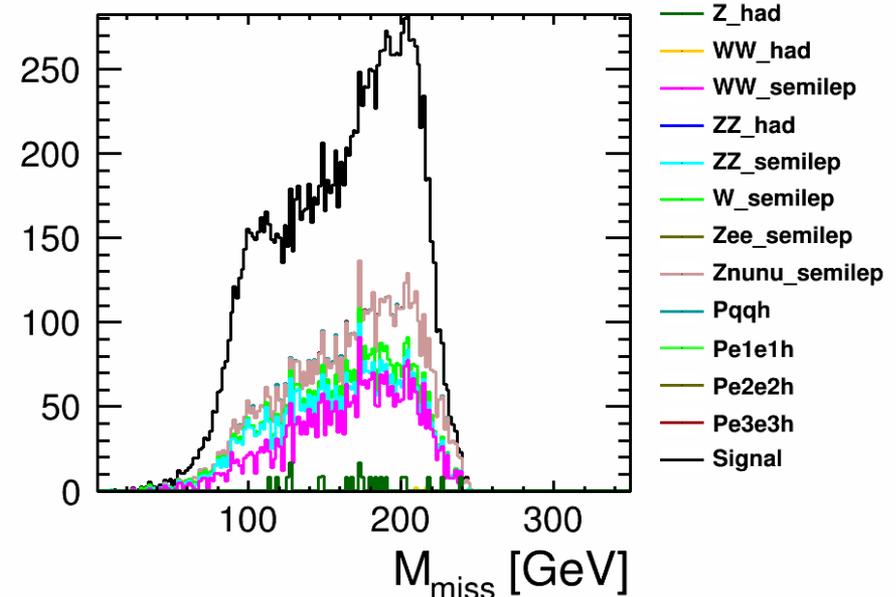
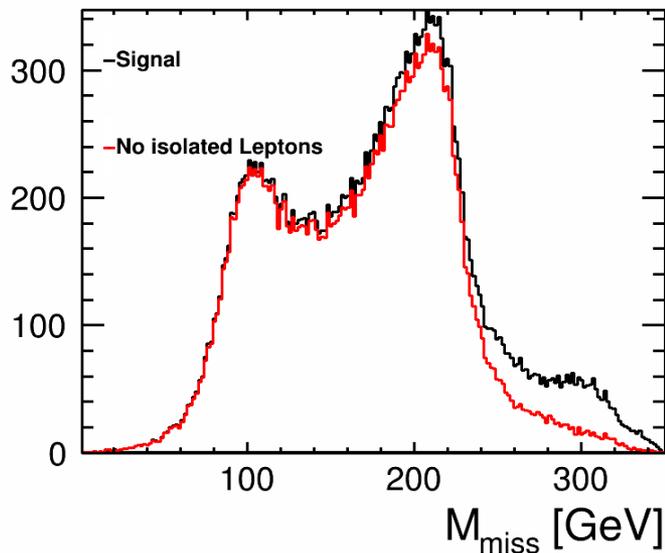
with  $x_i$  the flavor tag of the single jets

- > LOI study: LCFIVertex  $\rightarrow$  bc-tag = c-tag trained with b-jets as background only
- > DBD study: LCFIPlus  $\rightarrow x_{bc} = \frac{x_c}{x_c + x_b}$



# Event Preselection

- The expected behavior is visible in the missing mass distribution
  - A peak at the Z mass from the Higgs strahlung events
  - A sharp cutoff at  $350 \text{ GeV} - M_H$  from the WW fusion events
- Access in the missing mass distribution above 250 GeV
- The access in the missing mass distribution comes from  $H \rightarrow WW, \tau\tau$ 
  - Leptonic decays cause the problem
  - Use Isolated lepton finder to remove these events



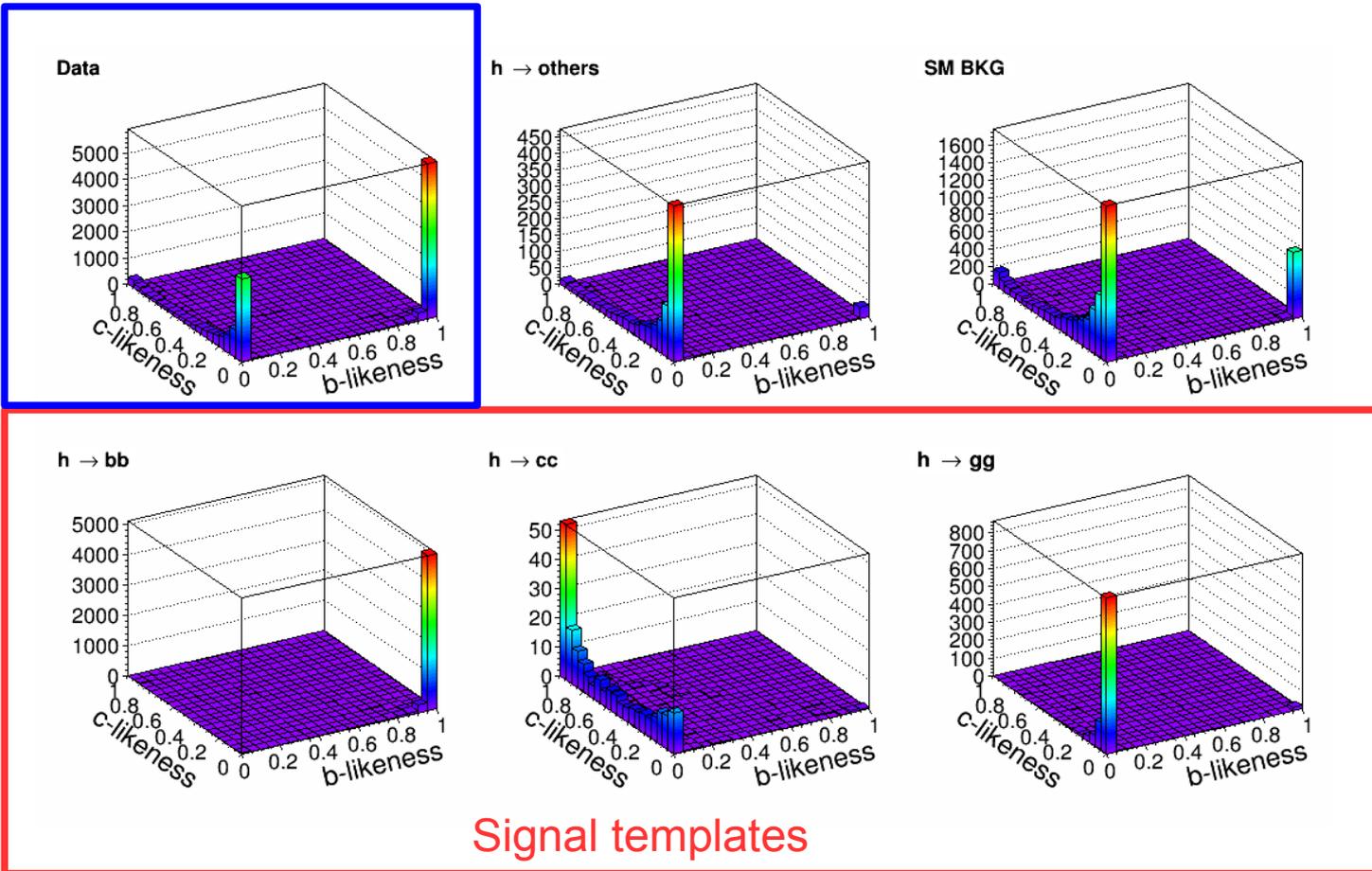
# Cut Optimization

- > Cuts optimized for significance and for equal sensitivity to Higgs strahlung and WW fusion (~39% signal left for both processes)
- > BDT variables:
  - All cut parameters, Longitudinal momentum, global  $\cos(\Theta)$ , thrust, thrust axis, jet masses, jet momenta, jet angles

	condition	BG	Signal	Signf
Expected		15042827,7	24663,1	6,4
isolated leptons	#iso lep = 0	12579833,8	21924,6	6,2
Transverse P	$240 > P_{t,vis} > 30$	887408,9	18526,5	19,5
Visible Mass	$135 > m_{vis}$	277267,9	17636,8	32,5
Angle between jets	$0.27 > \cos a$	147209,6	16411,2	40,6
# tracks > 1GeV	$N_{chd} > 26$	44616,3	11306,0	47,8
max. jet mass	$135 > M_{j,max} > 40$	26375,8	10166,5	53,2
Durham minus	$Y_{12} > 0.05$	24821,5	10117,7	54,1
BDT	$BDT > -0.02$	6777,3	9538,1	74,7
LOI Study		11092,0	9543,0	66,4



# 3-D Template Fit



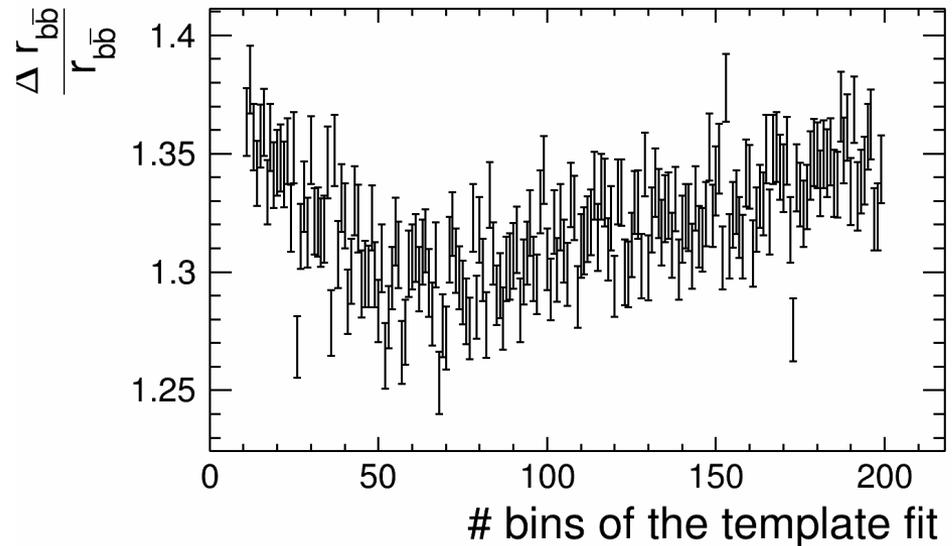
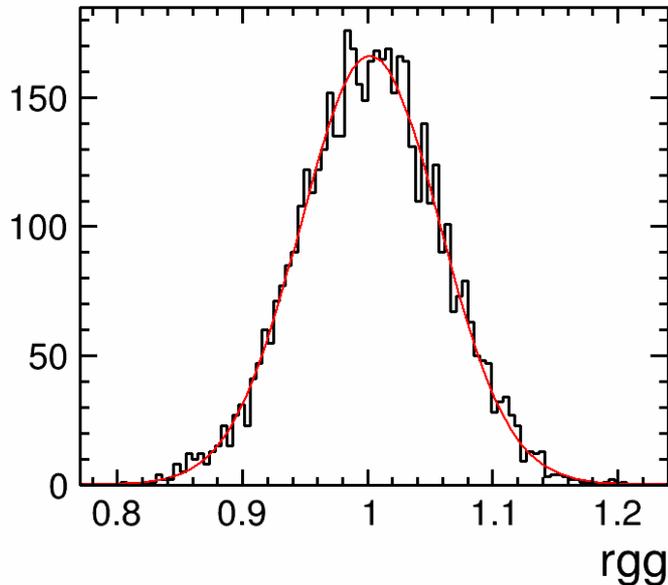
- > The tagging performance improved by going from LCFIVertex to LCFIplus (see backup)

# Binned Log Likelihood Template Fit

- Create 5000 toy MC samples from the data
  - Fit template to the 5000 sample histogram (fit parameters  $r_s$ )

$$\frac{\Delta(\Sigma \cdot Br)}{\Sigma \cdot Br}(H \rightarrow s) = \frac{\Delta r_s}{r_s} (s = bb, cc, gg)$$

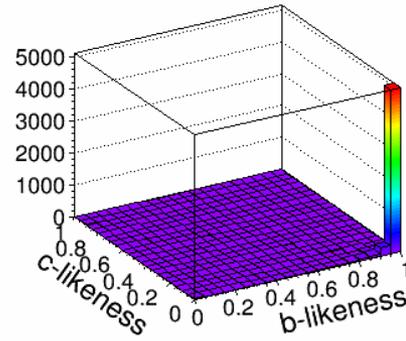
- Fit Gauss to the distributions of the fit values
- Search for binning with the best performance
- Using missing mass in the fitting procedure has yet to be implemented



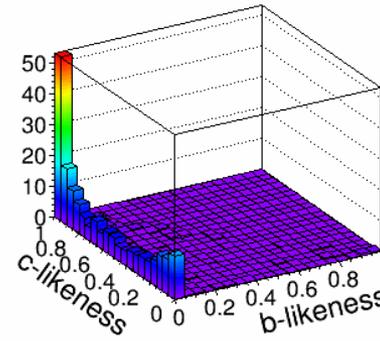
# Different Flavor Likeness Definitions

$$\frac{x_{i1} x_{i2}}{x_{i1} x_{i2} + (1 - x_{i1})(1 - x_{i2})}$$

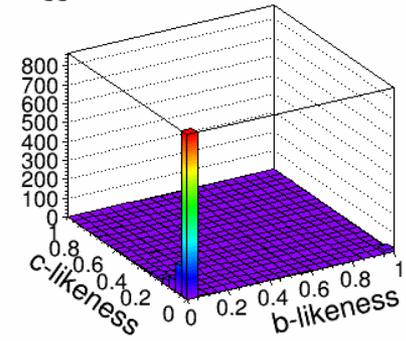
h → bb



h → cc

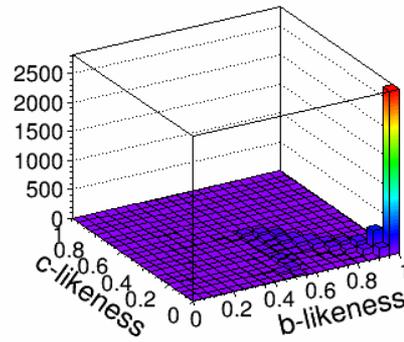


h → gg

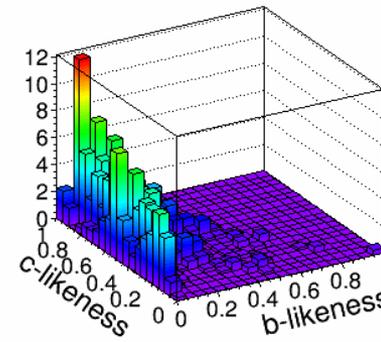


$$\frac{x_{i1} + x_{i2}}{2}$$

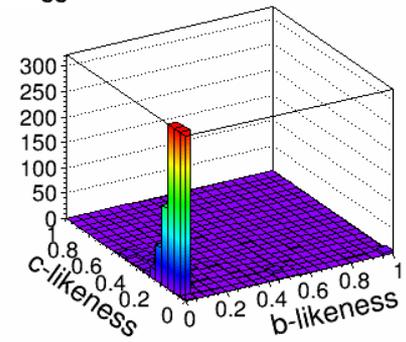
h → bb



h → cc



h → gg



Simple mean tag value gives better results than the standard likeness definition

h->	Standard likeness	$(x_1 + x_2)/2$
bb	1.148±0.013	1.135±0.013
cc	15.35±0.16	14.56±0.16
gg	4.758±0.052	4.694±0.049



# Results

## > H → cc results degraded

- Revisit flavor tagging performance
- Revisit cut flow and MVA for better cc sensitivity

Updated results	250 GeV			350 GeV		
	250 fb <sup>-1</sup> P(-0.8,+0.3)			330 fb <sup>-1</sup> P(-0.8,+0.3)		
$\Delta\sigma_{BR}/\sigma_{BR}$	bb	cc	gg	bb	cc	gg
$\nu\nu h$ (WW and ZH)	1.6%	14.8%	9.7%	1.1%	14.6%	4.6%
ggh (ZH)	1.6%	24.0%	18.4%	1.5%	15.0%	13.2%
eeh (ZH)	4.4%	57.4%	36.3%	6.5%	>100%	>100%
$\mu\mu h$ (ZH)	3.4%	34.0%	22.3%	4.6%	65.7%	30.9%
Combined	1.0%	11.6%	7.8%	0.9%	10.3%	4.3%
Extrapolated	1.1%	8.0%	6.8%	0.9%	6.5%	5.2%

All ZH only studies performed by Hiroaki Ono



# Summary and Outlook

- > Higgs branching ratios are reinvestigated with  $M_H = 125$  GeV and  $\gamma\gamma$ -overlay
- > Deviations from the LOI study ( $H \rightarrow cc$ ) are under investigation
- > In  $v\bar{v}h$  channel the missing mass still needs to be integrated in the template fit to extract cross section ratio of the production processes

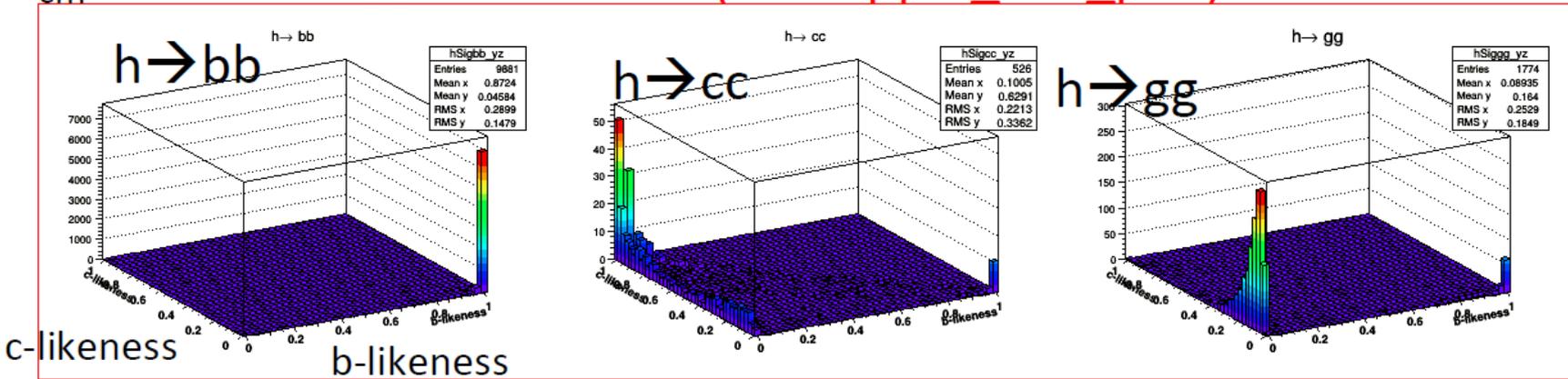


# Backup

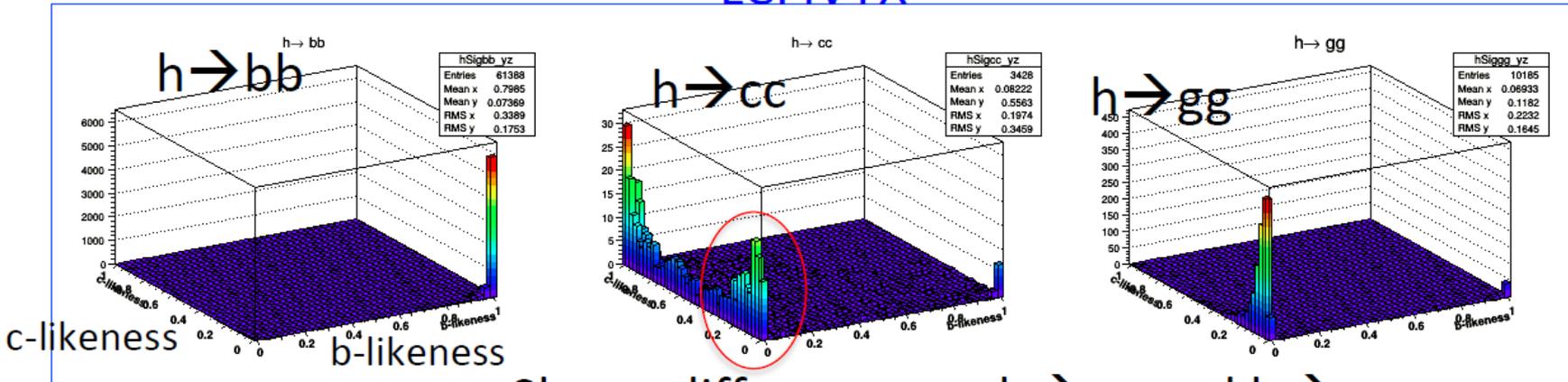


# Difference between LCFIPlus and LCFIVTX

$E_{cm} = 250 \text{ GeV}$ , qqh LCFIPlus (with qq91\_v02\_p01)



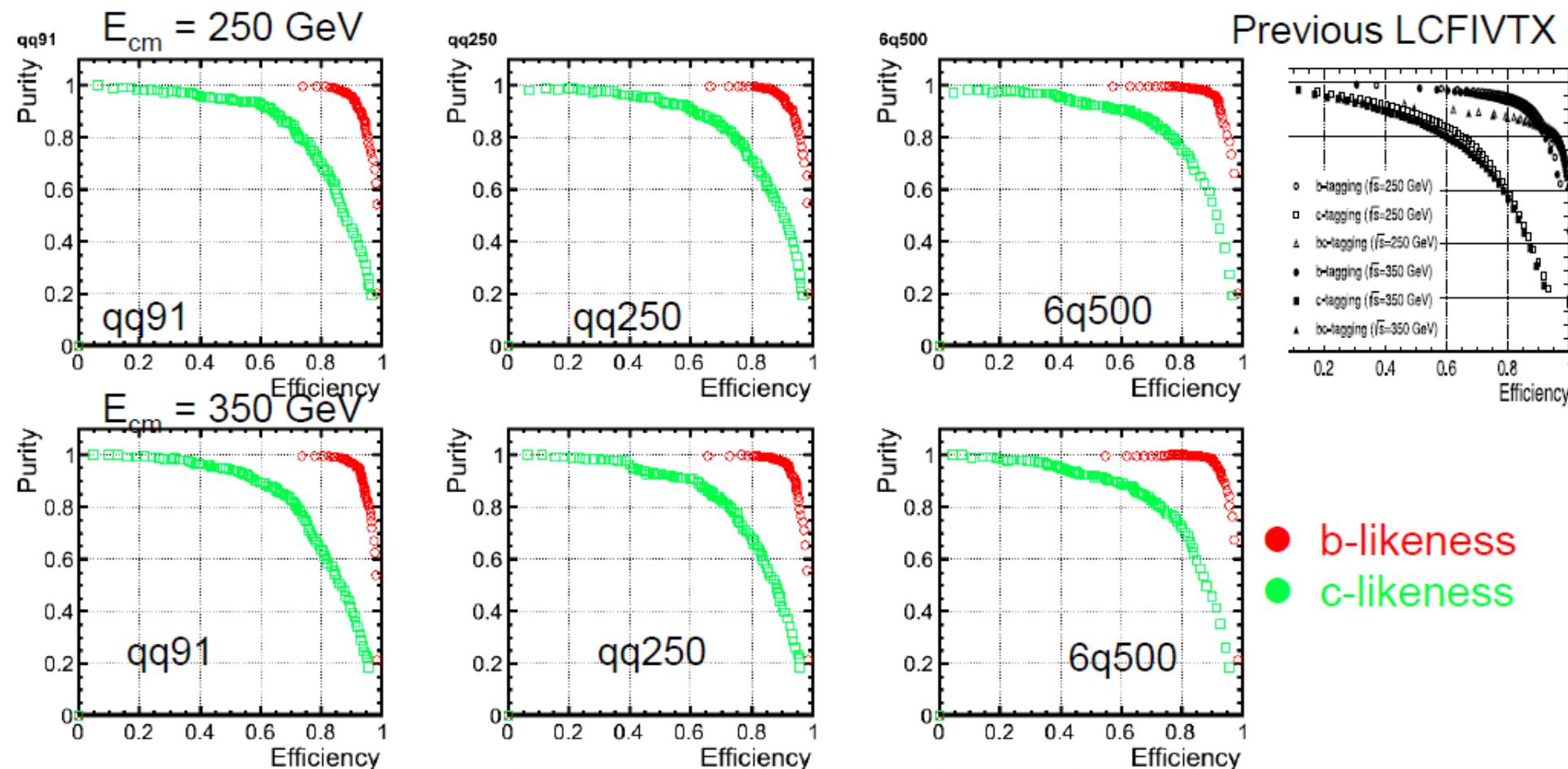
LCFIVTX



Shape difference on  $h \rightarrow cc$  and  $h \rightarrow gg$   
 LCFIVTX: Broader distribution on  $h \rightarrow cc$

# LCFIPlus performance check

Test sample: 4f\_sznu\_sl ( $ZZ \rightarrow nnqq$  final state) as  $Zh \rightarrow nnqq$  pseudo sample



Use common weight file in ILDConfig: 6q500\_v02\_p01  
Looks slightly improving from LCFIVTX

# Signal Cross Section

$E_{\text{cm}}$	250 GeV	350 GeV
Signal	$\sigma (-0.8, +0.3)$	$\sigma (-0.8, +0.3)$
$\nu\nu h$	77.5	98.7
$qqh$	210.2	138.9
$eeh$	10.9	10.2
$\mu\mu h$	10.4	6.9
$\tau\tau h$	10.4	6.9
Total	319.4	261.5

