

# Higgs recoil mass study using $ZH \rightarrow qqH$ @ 250 GeV ILC

Tatsuhiko Tomita (Kyushu Univ.)

Akiya Miyamoto (KEK), Taikan Suehara (Kyushu Univ.)

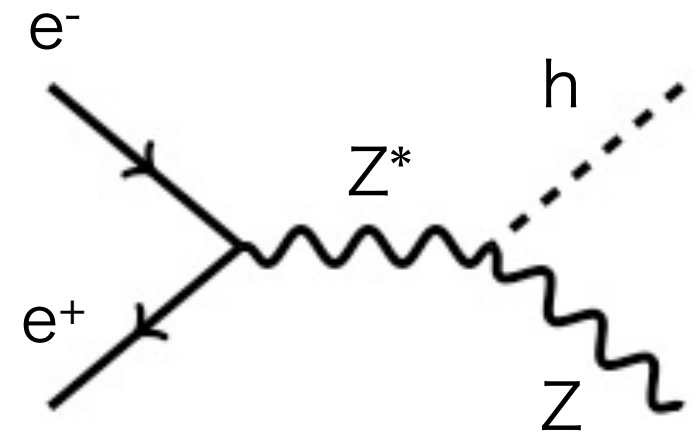
& ILC physics working group

# ZH production in 250 GeV ILC

Production process :  $e^+e^- \rightarrow Zh$

(-0.8,+0.3) left : 220 fb,

(+0.8,-0.3) right : 142 fb



**recoil method**  $m_{\text{recoil}}^2 = (\sqrt{s} - E_Z)^2 - |\vec{p}_Z|^2$

Zh  $\rightarrow$  llh

- **good S/N**
- more model independent
- small statistics

Zh  $\rightarrow$  qqh

- **large statistics**
- large backgrounds
- model independent ?

# ZH production in 250 GeV ILC

Production process :  $e^+e^- \rightarrow Zh$

(-0.8,+0.3) left : 289 fb,

(+0.8,-0.3) right : 165 fb



**recoil method**  $m_{\text{recoil}}^2 = (\sqrt{s} - E_Z)^2 - |\vec{p}_Z|^2$

Zh  $\rightarrow$  lh

- good S/N

**This talk  $\rightarrow$**

independent

- small statistics

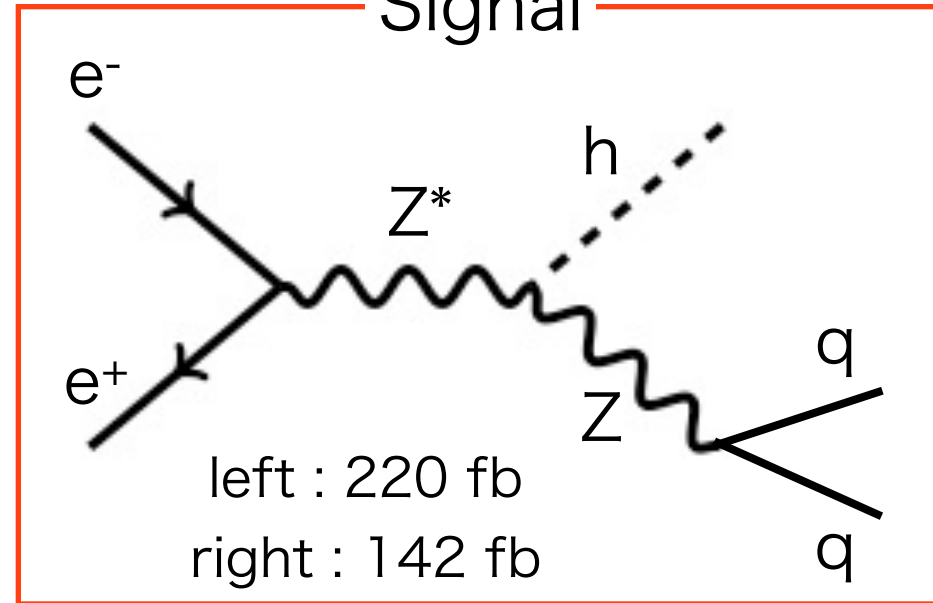
Zh  $\rightarrow$  qqh

- **large statistics**
- large backgrounds
- model independent ?

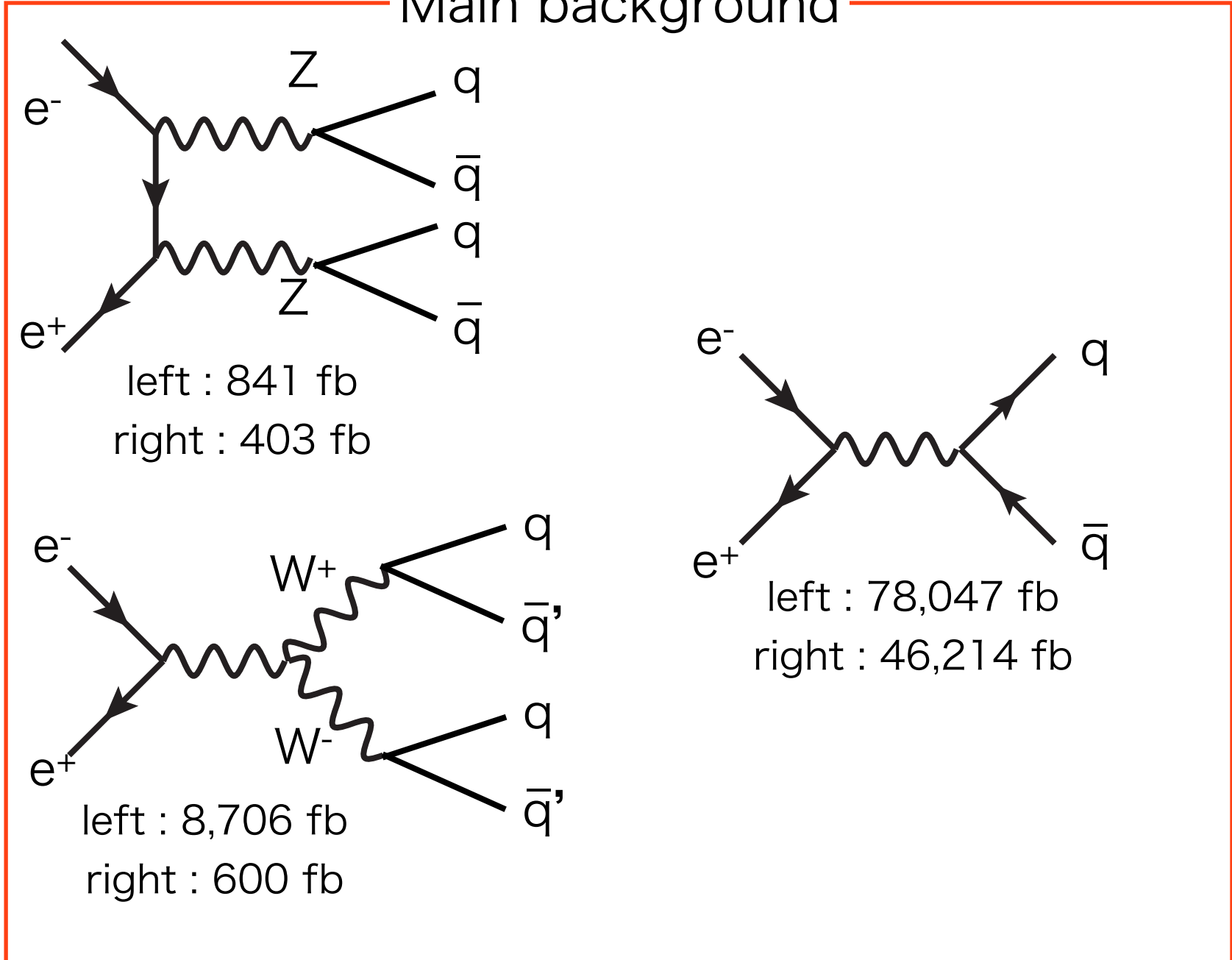
# Simulation situation

Higgs mass	Ecm	Luminosity	Polarization	Detector
125 GeV	250 GeV	250 fb <sup>-1</sup>	left: (-0.8, +0.3) right: (+0.8, -0.3)	ILD_o1_v05 DBD ver.

Signal



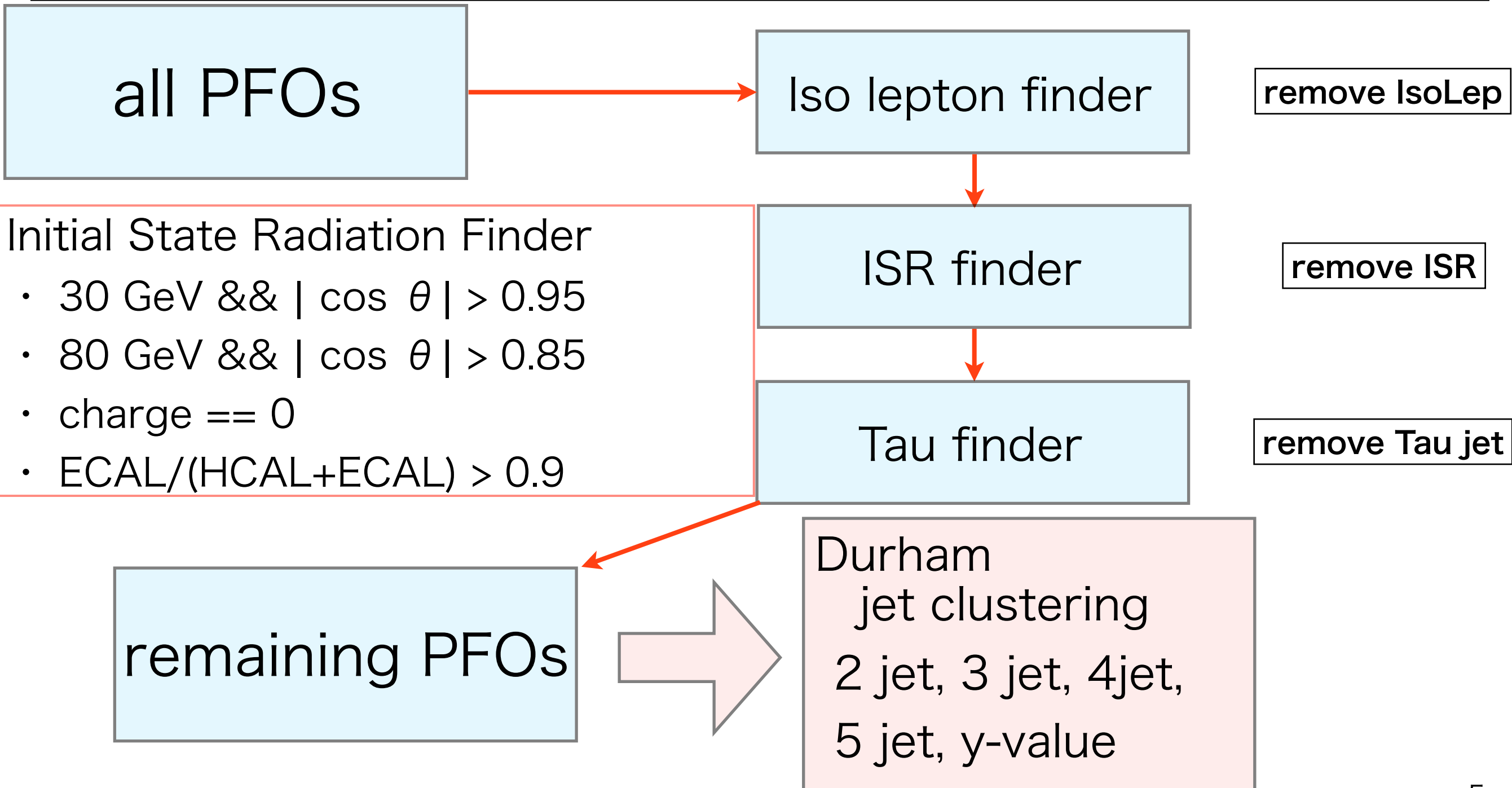
Main background



Semi-leptonic events can also be backgrounds

# Analysis flow

Higgs mass	Ecm	Luminosity	Polarization	Detector
125 GeV	250 GeV	250 fb <sup>-1</sup>	left: (-0.8, +0.3) right:(+0.8, -0.3)	ILD_o1_v05 DBD ver.

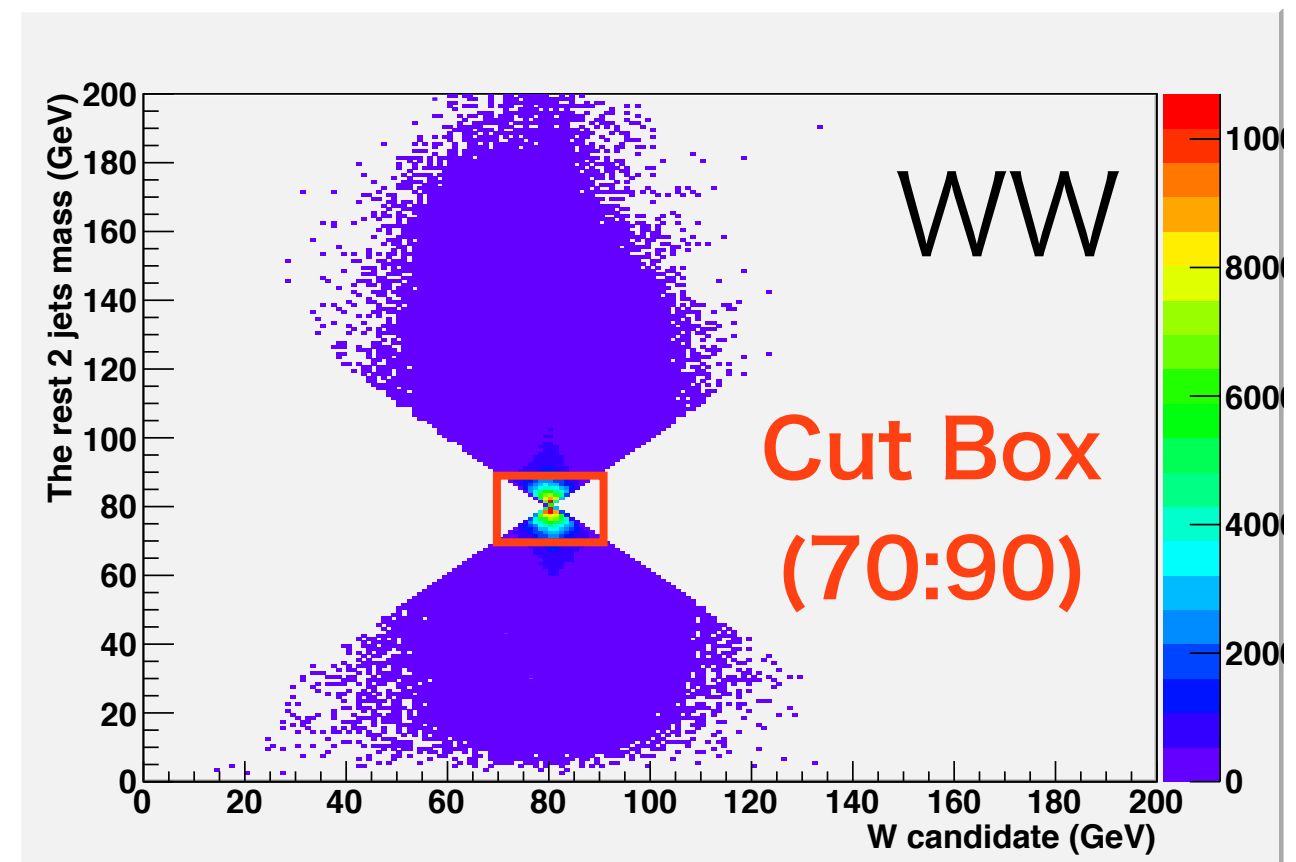
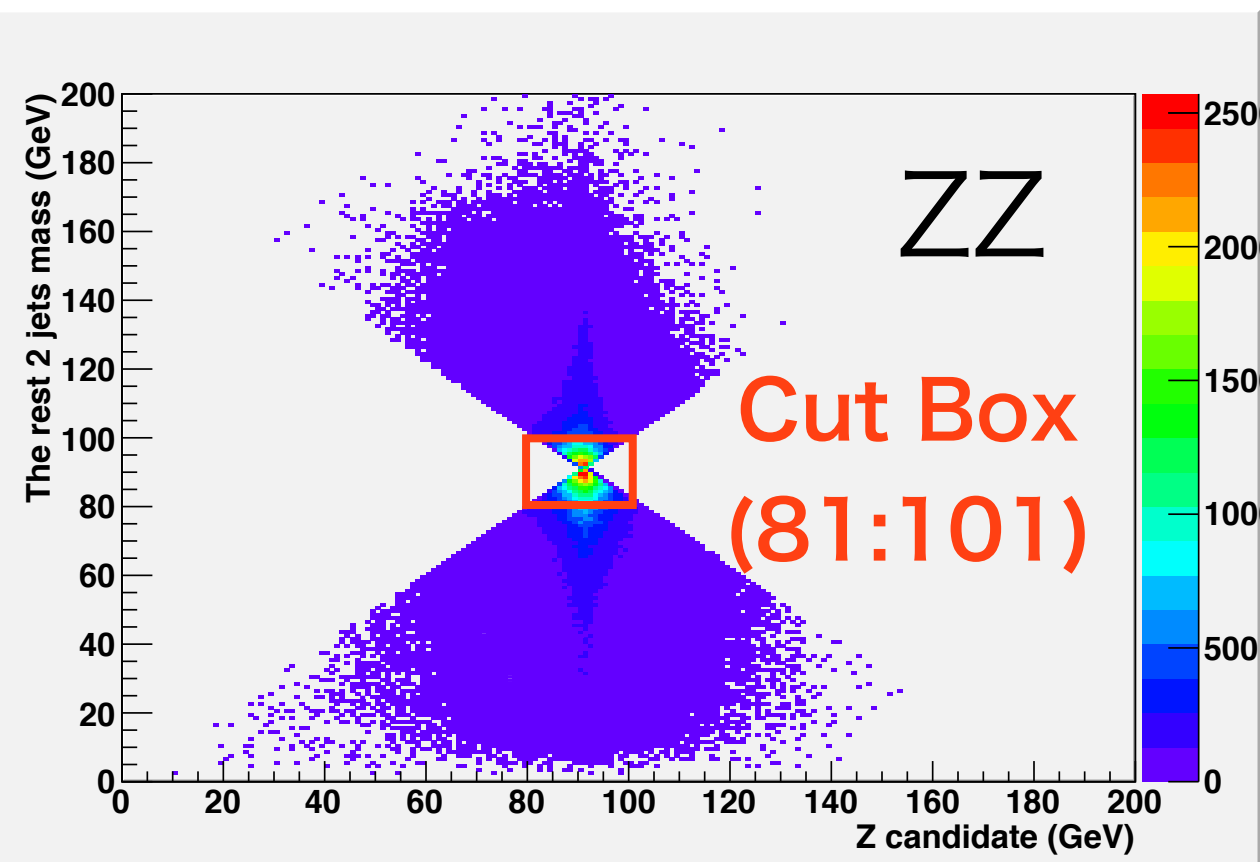


# Background reduction

- $ZZ/WW$  hadronic backgrounds
- 2 fermion background
- The other backgrounds
- Event selection

# Background reduction

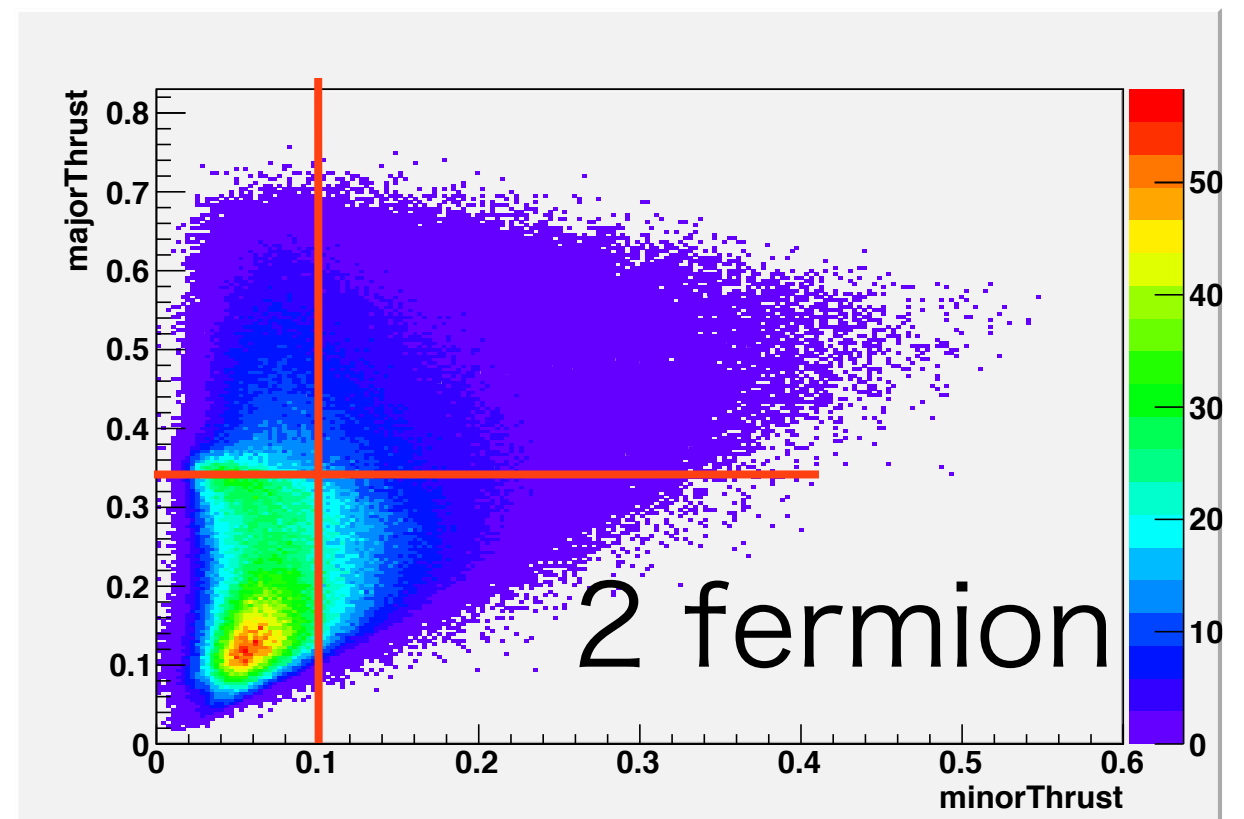
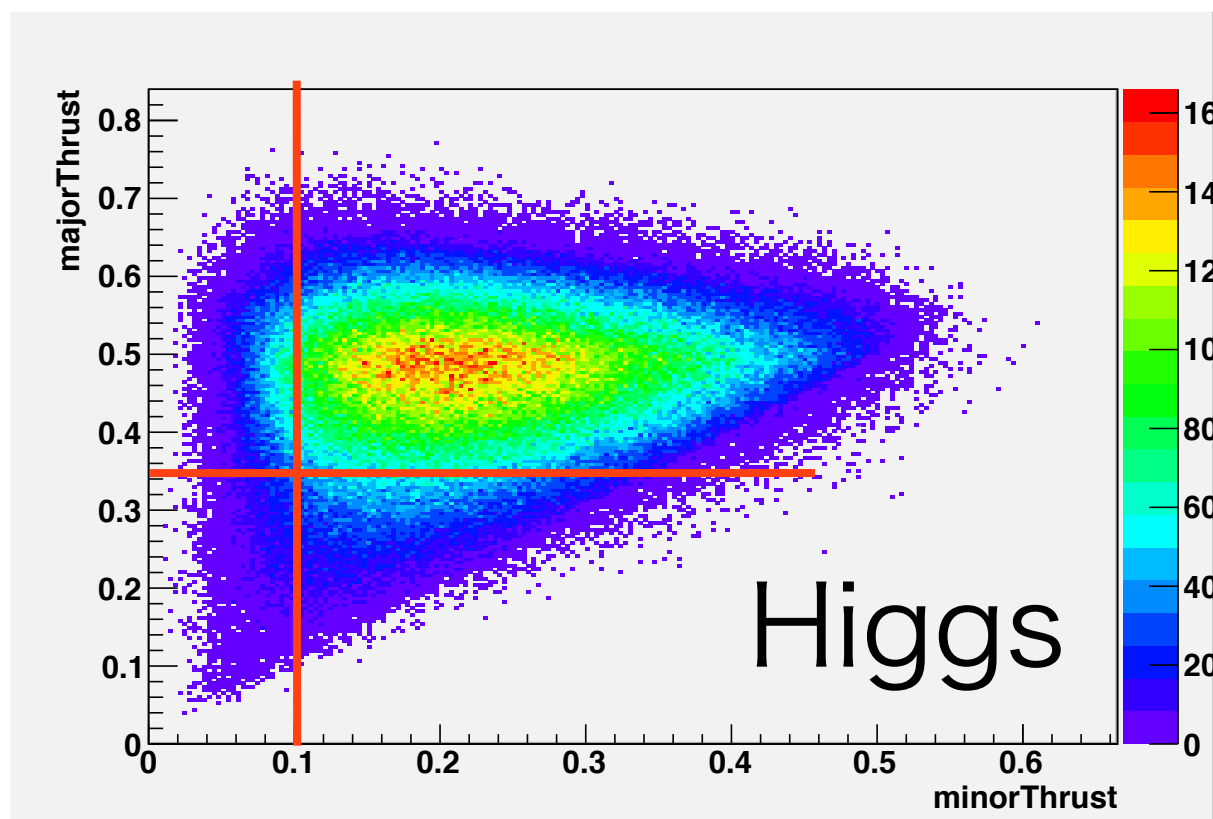
- ZZ/WW hadronic backgrounds



Using forced-4jet clustering

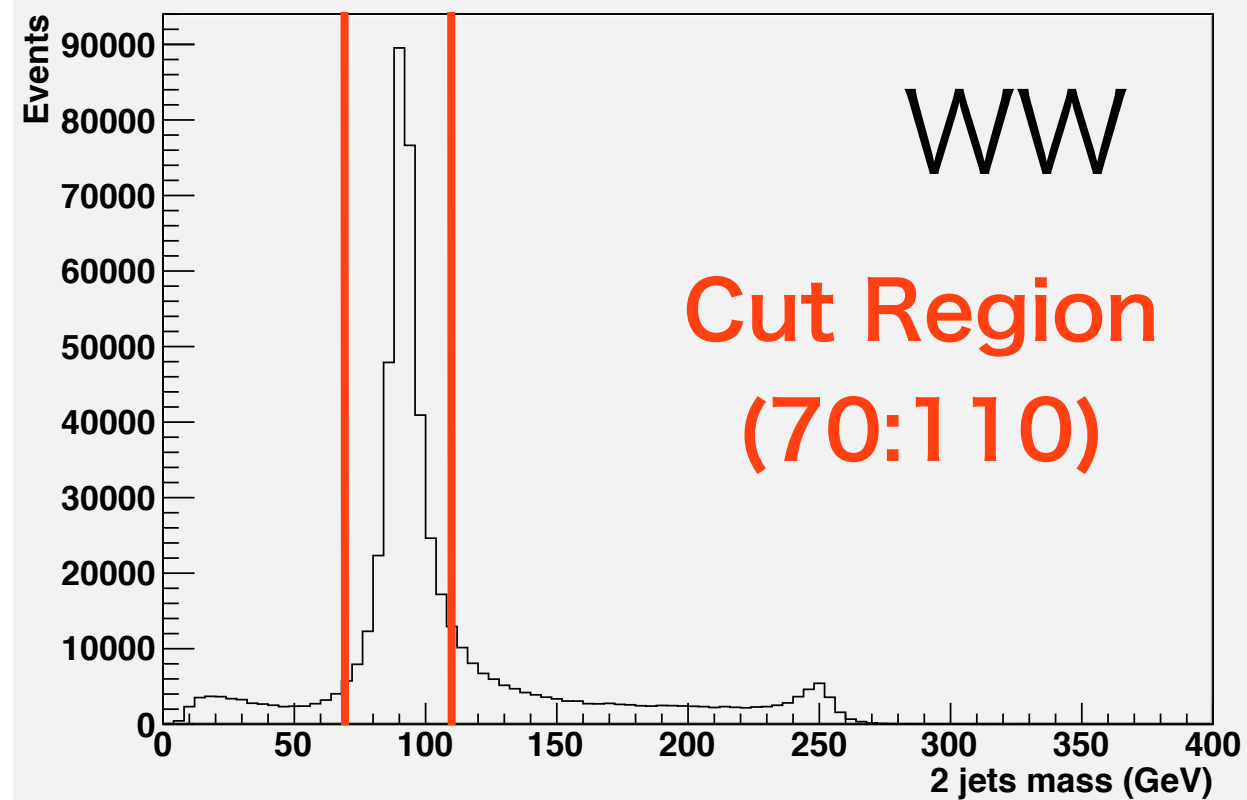
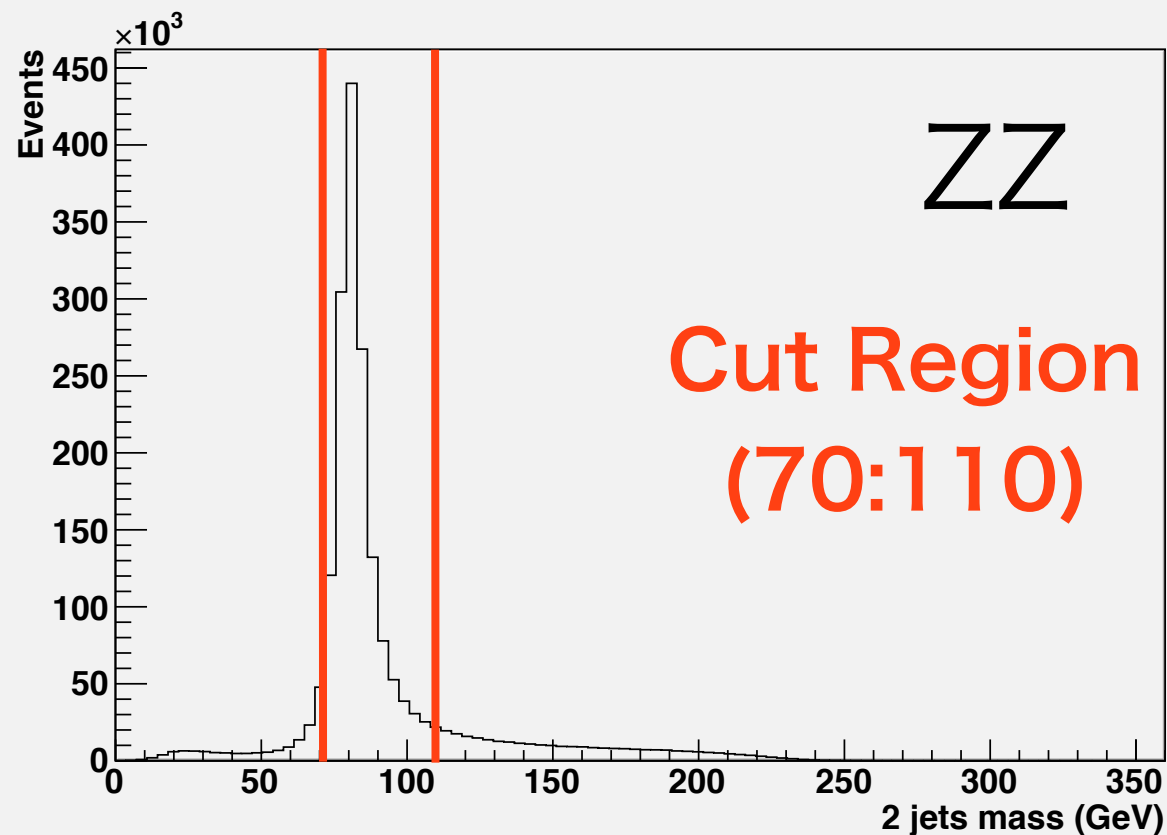
# Background reduction

- Cut with  $\text{majorThrust} > 0.35$ ,  $\text{minorThrust} > 0.1$
- Cut with  $\text{Sphericity} > 0.15$
- 2 fermion background





# Background reduction

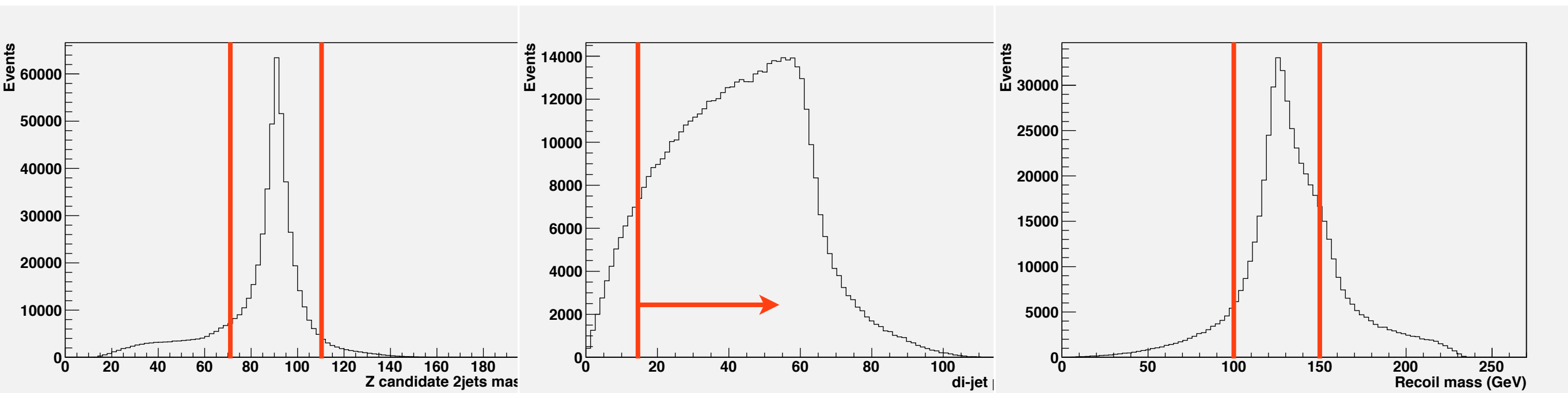


- The other backgrounds

Using forced-2jet clustering

# Background reduction

- Z candidate di-jetmass selection (70,110) GeV
- Z candidate di-jet $p_T$  selection  $> 15$  GeV
- Recoil mass selection (100,150) GeV



- Event selection

# Cuts and Selections table

cuts	qqH	4 fermion	2 fermion	other
left	50,816	9,361,676	19,315,415	216,171,025
right	34,308	1,084,045	12,556,240	222,597,419
box	78.4%	41.1%	66.1%	96.0%
z pt	71.4%	26.1%	22.1%	2.5%
y dijet	58.2%	18.1%	7.5%	0.2%
recoil	47.0%	8.1%	2.3%	0.1%
sphericity	46.3%	7.2%	1.5%	0.07%
thrust	45.2%	6.9%	1.3%	0.06%

# Result so far (until LCWS14)

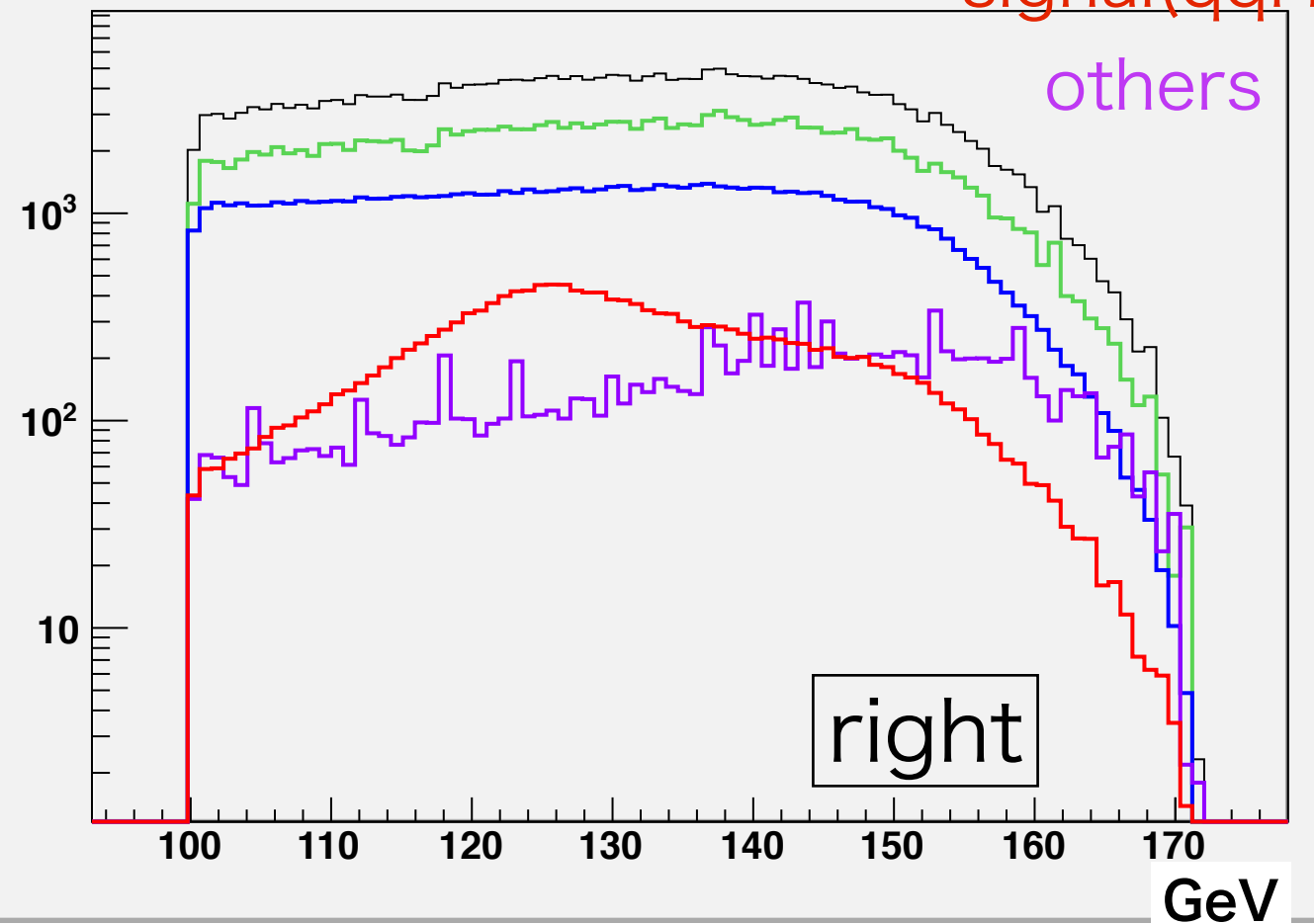
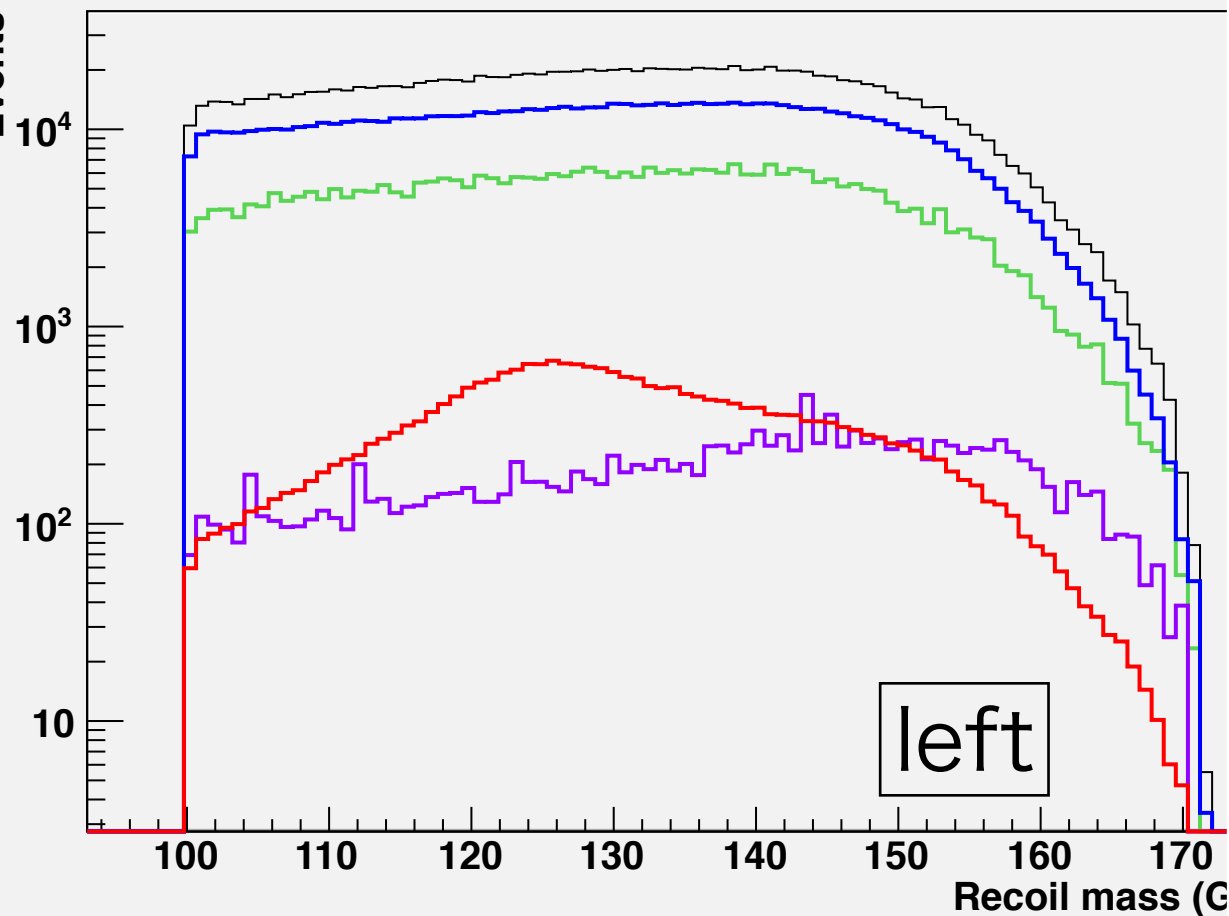
events

2-fermion

4-fermion

signal(qqH)

others



significance was calculated in (110,150) GeV

polarization	significance	$\Delta \sigma / \sigma$
left (-0.8, +0.3)	$21.5 \sigma$	4.7%
right (+0.8, -0.3)	$30.5 \sigma$	3.3%

# Model Independent ?

mode	before	after	difference / mean
H->all	549,279	258,159 (47.0%)	-----
H->bb	310,799	138,627 (44.6%)	-5.1%
H->WW(l)	12,622	1,575 (12.5%)	-73.4%
H->WW(sl)	53,607	27,843 (51.9%)	+10.4%
H->WW(h)	56,065	35,926 (64.1%)	+36.4%
H->gg	48,419	30,016 (62.0%)	+31.9%
H-> $\tau\tau$	35,801	7,989 (22.3%)	-52.6%
H->ZZ	15,103	7,665 (50.8%)	+8.1%
H->cc	14,429	7,367 (51.1%)	+8.7%
H-> $\gamma\gamma$	2,051	990 (48.3%)	+2.8%

# Model Independent ?

mode	before	after	difference / mean
H->all	549,279	258,159 (47.0%)	-----
H->bb	310,799	138,627 (44.6%)	-5.1%
H->WW(l)	12,622	1,575	-73.4%
H->WW(sl)	53,607	59,877 (111.5%)	+10.4%
H->WW(h)	53,607	35,926 (64.1%)	+36.4%
H->WW(t)	53,607	30,016 (62.0%)	+31.9%
H->WW(b)	53,607	7,989 (22.3%)	-52.6%
H->ZZ	15,103	7,665 (50.8%)	+8.1%
H->cc	14,429	7,367 (51.1%)	+8.7%
H-> $\gamma\gamma$	2,051	990 (48.3%)	+2.8%

Unfortunately NOT...

# strategy for resolving efficiency issue -1

To resolve efficiency inconsistent issue, we will categorize events using

- the number of tau jets ( 0, 1, and  $\geq 2$  )
- the number of isolated lepton ( 0, 1, and  $\geq 2$  )

$$N^i = \sum_n \sigma_{\text{tot}} \cdot \text{BR}_n \cdot \theta_n^i \cdot \epsilon_n^i$$

$n = (b, W, g, \tau, \dots)$

$N^i$  is a number of events in category  $i$ ,  $\sigma_{\text{tot}}$  is total cross section,  $\text{BR}_n$  is Higgs decay branching ratio,  $\theta_n^i$  is fraction into category  $i$ ,  $\epsilon_n^i$  is cut efficiency for category  $i$ .

If the cut efficiency of each decay mode can be assumed to be the same as  $\epsilon^i (= \epsilon_n^i)$ .

$$\frac{N^i}{\epsilon^i} = \sigma_{\text{tot}} \sum_n \text{BR}_n \cdot \theta_n^i$$

Then we can get

$$\sum_i \frac{N^i}{\epsilon^i} = \sigma_{\text{tot}} \sum_n \sum_i \text{BR}_n \cdot \theta_n^i = \sigma_{\text{tot}}$$

# strategy for resolving efficiency issue -2

If the cut efficiency is not exactly the same,  
we should consider the systematic effect caused by the difference.

$$\delta\epsilon_n^i = \epsilon_n^i - \epsilon^i$$

And the cross section is

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \frac{\sum_i \frac{N^i}{\epsilon^i}}{1 + \sum_n \sum_i \text{BR}_n \cdot \theta_n^i \cdot \frac{\delta\epsilon_n^i}{\epsilon^i}}$$

We want to keep systematic uncertainty is less than 1 % to make the analysis model independent.

If we don't assume any models, we should keep  $\theta_n^i \cdot \frac{\delta\epsilon_n^i}{\epsilon^i} \ll 1 \%$ .

If we can assume SM like higgs, we should keep  $\text{BR}_n \cdot \theta_n^i \cdot \frac{\delta\epsilon_n^i}{\epsilon^i} \ll 1 \%$ .



# Categories

visene $\geq$ 180 visene $<$ 180

category	0lep,0tau	0lep,1tau	0lep,1tau	0lep, $\geq$ 2tau	1lep,0tau	1lep, $\geq$ 1tau	$\geq$ 2lep, $\geq$ 0tau
H->all 549,279	81.6%	3.5%	4.6%	2.7%	5.5%	1.3%	0.75%
H->bb 310,799	96.8%	2.3%	0.5%	0.04%	0.33%	0.01%	~0.0%
H->WW(l) 12,622	8.3%	0.04%	11.4%	6.9%	24.1%	26.3%	23.0%
H->WW(sl) 53,607	29.7%	8.9%	10.9%	1.4%	45.4%	3.4%	0.2%
H->WW(h) 56,065	91.9%	6.8%	0.4%	0.3%	0.5%	0.07%	0.0%
H->gg 48,419	96.6%	2.7%	3.0%	0.06%	0.3%	0.01%	0.0%
H-> $\tau\tau$ 35,801	12.2%	2.8%	42.9%	35.4%	2.4%	4.2%	0.1%
H->ZZ 15,103	78.2%	5.0%	3.4%	1.5%	3.2%	2.7%	6.0%
H->cc 14,429	96.3%	2.9%	0.5%	0.05%	0.3%	0.01%	0.0%
H-> $r\bar{r}$ 2,051	91.3%	3.1%	2.1%	0.5%	0.7%	0.5%	1.9%

number of lepton > 1  
 number of tau : any  
 box Z(81,101),W(70,90)  
 yzjetpt > 15  
 sphericity > 0.15  
 Thrust > (major)0.3|(minor)0.1  
 ydijetmass (70,110)  
 recoil (110,150) --- > OK

# $\geq 2lep, \text{ any tau}$

	before	after	fraction * difference / mean
	4,099	1,873 (45.7%)	-----
H->bb (~0.0%)	1	0 (0.0%)	~0.0%
H->WW(l) (23.0%)	2,900	1,322 (45.5%)	0.05%
H->WW(sl) (0.2%)	110	45 (71.0%)	0.02%
H->WW(h) (0.0%)	0	0 (0.0%)	~0.0%
H->gg (0.0%)	0	0 (0.0%)	~0.0%
H-> $\tau \tau$ (0.1%)	43	15 (34.9%)	0.02%
H->ZZ (6.0%)	905	439 (47.8%)	0.4%
H->cc (0.0%)	0	0 (0.0%)	~0.0%
H-> $\gamma \gamma$ (1.9%)	38	23 (57.9%)	0.6%
2f	637,657	1,015 (0.16%)	+ 10 times
4f	470,679	18,938 (4.0%)	+ 4 times

number of lepton == 1  
 number of tau > 0  
 box Z(81,101),W(70,90)  
 yzjetpt > 15  
 sphericity > 0.15  
 Thrust > (major)0.3||(minor)0.1  
 ydijetmass (70,110)  
 recoil (110,150) --- > OK

# $l_{lep} \cong l_{tau}$

	before	after	fraction * difference / mean
	7,201	3,155 (43.8%)	-----
H->bb (0.01%)	43	16 (37.2%)	~0.0%
H->WW(l) (26.3%)	3,318	1,407 (42.4%)	0.8%
H->WW(sl) (3.4%)	1,848	862 (46.6%)	0.2%
H->WW(h) (0.07%)	37	16 (43.2%)	~0.0%
H->gg (0.01%)	7	3 (42.9%)	~0.0%
H-> $\tau \tau$ (4.2%)	1,511	632 (41.8%)	0.2%
H->ZZ (2.7%)	413	207 (50.1%)	0.4%
H->cc (0.01%)	2	1 (50.0%)	~0.0%
H-> $\gamma \gamma$ (0.5%)	11	7 (63.6%)	0.2%
2f	325,765	665 (0.2%)	+ 10 times
4f	458,467	11,456 (2.5%)	+ 5 times

number of lepton == 1  
 number of tau == 0  
 box Z(81,101),W(70,90)

# 1lep, 0tau

yzjetpt > 15  
 sphericity > 0.15  
 Thrust > (major)0.3|(minor)0.1  
 ydijetmass (70,110)  
 recoil (110,150) --- > OK

	before	after	fraction * difference / mean
	30,324	14,269 (47.1%)	-----
H->bb (0.33%)	1,075	427 (39.7%)	0.05%
H->WW(l) (24.1%)	3,044	1,381 (45.4%)	0.9%
H->WW(sl) (45.4%)	24,362	11,653 (47.8%)	0.7%
H->WW(h) (0.5%)	307	126 (41.0%)	0.07%
H->gg (0.3%)	140	54 (38.6%)	0.05%
H-> $\tau\tau$ (2.4%)	852	405 (47.5%)	0.02%
H->ZZ (3.2%)	484	207 (42.8%)	0.3%
H->cc (0.3%)	42	14 (33.3%)	0.08%
H-> $\gamma\gamma$ (0.7%)	13	2 (15.4%)	0.4%
2f	216,126	906 (0.42%)	+ 2 times
4f	2,430,014	125,036 (5.1%)	+ 3 times

# Olep, $\cong 2\tau$

number of lepton == 0  
 number of tau > 1  
 box Z(81,101),W(70,90)  
 yzjetpt > 15  
 sphericity > 0.15  
 Thrust > (major)0.35||(minor)0.1  
 ydijetmass (70,110)  
 recoil (110,150) --- > OK

	before	after	fraction * difference / mean
	14,859	6,282 (42.1%)	-----
H->bb (0.04%)	135	61 (32.6%)	~0.0%
H->WW(l) (6.9%)	869	359 (41.2%)	0.2%
H->WW(sl) (1.4%)	759	373 (48.0%)	0.2%
H->WW(h) (0.3%)	156	74 (46.8%)	0.03%
H->gg (0.06%)	30	11 (36.7%)	~0.0%
H-> $\tau\tau$ (35.4%)	12,660	5,302 (41.9%)	0.3%
H->ZZ (1.5%)	232	94 (39.0%)	0.1%
H->cc (0.05%)	8	3 (42.9%)	~0.0%
H-> $\gamma\gamma$ (0.5%)	10	5 (50.0%)	0.1%
2f	212,460	158 (0.07%)	+ 10 times
4f	194,430	7,085 (3.6%)	+ 5 times

# I tau (visible energy $\geq 180$ )

number of lepton == 0  
 number of tau == 1  
 box Z(81,101),W(70,90)  
 yzjetpt > 15  
 sphericity > 0.12  
 Thrust > (major)0.35|(minor)0.1  
 ydijetmass (70,110)  
 recoil (110,150) --- > OK

	before	after	fraction * difference / mean
	19,871	8253 (41.5%)	-----
H->bb (2.3%)	7,589	2,908 (38.3%)	0.2%
H->WW(l) (0.04%)	6	2 (33.3%)	~0.0%
H->WW(sl) (8.9%)	4,805	1,947 (40.5%)	0.2%
H->WW(h) (6.8%)	3,839	1,804 (47.0%)	0.9%
H->gg (2.7%)	1,303	581 (44.6%)	0.2%
H-> $\tau\tau$ (2.8%)	1,073	487 (45.4%)	0.3%
H->ZZ (5.0%)	752	349 (46.4%)	0.6%
H->cc (2.9%)	423	149 (35.2%)	0.4%
H-> $\gamma\gamma$ (3.1%)	66	19 (28.8%)	1.0%
2f	8,885	440 (5.0%)	- 0.2 %
4f	127,489	23,061 (18.1%)	- 0.05 %

number of lepton == 0  
 number of tau == 1  
 box Z(81,101),W(70,90)  
 yzjetpt > 15  
 sphericity > 0.15 , < 0.65  
 Thrust > (major)0.3||(minor)0.1  
 ydijetmass (70,110)  
 recoil (110,150) --- > OK

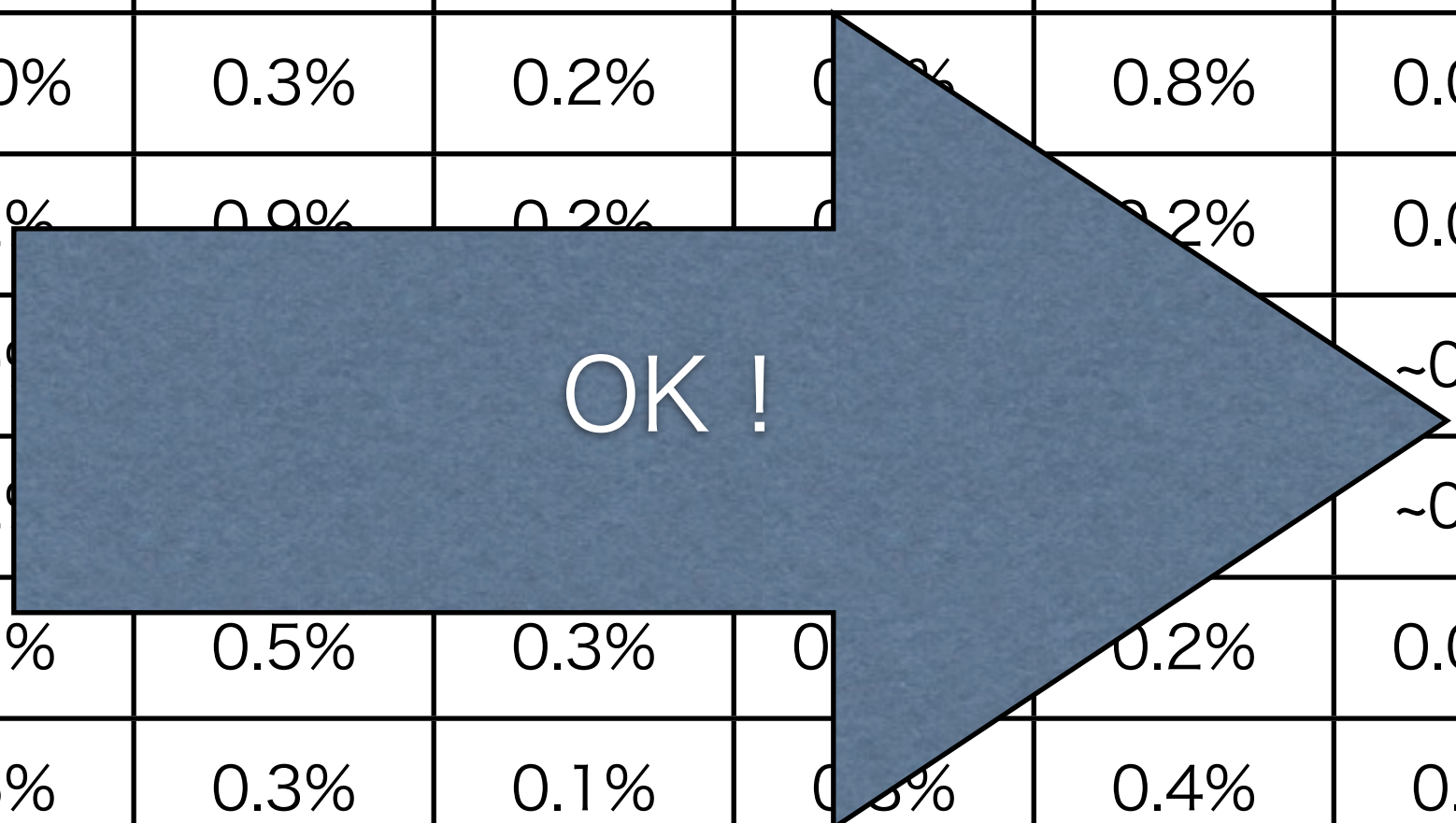
# I tau (visible energy < 180)

	before	after	fraction * difference / mean
	25,205	11,832 (46.9%)	-----
H->bb (0.5%)	1,588	697 (43.9%)	0.03%
H->WW(l) (11.4%)	1,435	653 (45.5%)	0.3%
H->WW(sl) (10.9%)	5,829	2,969 (50.9%)	0.9%
H->WW(h) (0.4%)	205	66 (32.1%)	0.1%
H->gg (3.0%)	142	48 (33.8%)	0.08%
H-> $\tau\tau$ (42.9%)	15,370	7,131 (46.3%)	0.5%
H->ZZ (3.4%)	517	223 (43.1%)	0.3%
H->cc (0.5%)	74	23 (31.1%)	0.2%
H-> $\gamma\gamma$ (2.1%)	42	19 (45.2%)	0.1%
2f	533,323	2,819 (0.5%)	+ 5 times
4f	1,473,190	115,206 (7.4%)	+ 4 times

# Categories

visene $\geq$ 180 visene $<$ 180

category	0lep,0tau	0lep,1tau	0lep,1tau	0lep, $\geq$ 2tau	1lep,0tau	1lep, $\geq$ 1tau	$\geq$ 2lep, $\geq$ 0tau
H->all 549,279	81.6%	---	---	---	---	---	---
H->bb 310,799		0.2%	0.03%	~0.0%	0.05%	~0.0%	~0.0%
H->WW(l) 12,622		~0.0%	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.8%	0.05%
H->WW(sl) 53,607		0.2%	0.9%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.02%
H->WW(h) 56,065		0.9%	0.9%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	~0.0%
H->gg 48,419		0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	~0.0%
H-> $\tau\tau$ 35,801		0.3%	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	0.02%
H->ZZ 15,103		0.6%	0.3%	0.1%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%
H->cc 14,429		0.4%	0.2%	~0.0%	0.08%	~0.0%	~0.0%
H-> $\gamma\gamma$ 2,051		1.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.4%	0.2%	0.6%





# Olep, Otau

mode	before	after	fraction * difference / mean
H->all (81.6%)	448,331	202,288 (45.1%)	-----
H->bb (96.8%)	300,845	126,305 (42.0%)	6.7%
H->WW(l) (8.3%)	1,050	540 (51.4%)	2%
H->WW(sl) (29.7%)	15,932		1.3%
H->WW(h) (91.9%)	51,521		17.9%
H->gg (96.6%)		25,655 (54.8%)	20.8%
H-> $\tau\tau$ (96.6%)	1,506	1,720 (39.4%)	1.5%
H-> $\mu\mu$ (96.6%)	11,807	5,769 (48.9%)	6.6%
H->cc (96.3%)	13,892	6,596 (47.5%)	5.1%
H-> $\gamma\gamma$ (91.3%)	1,872	912 (48.7%)	7.3%
2f	542,208	2,548 (0.47%)	+0.27%(前0.2%)
4f	1,600,679	115,206 (7.2%)	+4.1%(前3.1%)

Most difficult category

# btag & ctag fraction

	$b = 1, c = 1$	$b = 1, c = 0$	$b = 0, c = 1$	$b = 0, c = 0$
bb	4.2%	53.9%	8.4%	30.2%
ww lep	0.1%	0.5%	2.4%	5.4%
ww slep	0.3%	1.9%	10.2%	17.3%
ww had	1.6%	9.0%	28.5%	52.8%
gg	1.3%	10.4%	13.8%	71.2%
tautau	0.2%	1.1%	4.4%	6.6%
zz	2.6%	13.9%	15.2%	46.5%
cc	2.1%	16.5%	41.4%	36.3%
$r r$	0.7%	8.4%	8.9%	73.0%

# Olep, Otau using btag & ctag

ynjets<4 ynjets>3 ynjets<4 ynjets>3 ynjets<4 ynjets>3

	$b = 1, c = 1$	$b = 1, c = 0$	$b = 1, c = 0$	$b = 0, c = 1$	$b = 0, c = 1$	$b = 0, c = 0$	$b = 0, c = 0$
bb	0.05%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	1.0%	0.1%	0.7%
ww lep	0.04%	0.3%	0.1%	1.0%	0.1%	1.3%	0.03%
ww slep	0.1%	0.2%	0.3%	0.1%	1.8%	0.03%	1.2%
ww had	0.1%	0.01%	0.8%	0.0%	0.4%	0.04%	1.0%
gg	0.02%	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	7.8%	1.1%	7.7%
tautau	0.05%	0.1%	0.1%	0.4%	1.1%	0.1%	0.7%
zz	0.07%	0.8%	0.9%	0.3%	0.6%	1.6%	0.9%
cc	0.05%	1.1%	1.0%	0.4%	6.2%	0.3%	0.5%
$r r$	0.2%	1.0%	0.8%	0.1%	0.6%	1.6%	0.2%

# Summary & Prospects

- Summary
  - Categorization is one of the powerful solutions to reduce inconsistent of cut efficiency.
  - Currently, B tagger has low efficiency and purity. I will fix my program and update my result.
- Prospects
  - Use likelihood to improve statistical precision.
  - Estimate systematic uncertainties.

backup

# strategy for resolving efficiency issue -1

To resolve efficiency inconsistent issue, we will categorize events using

- the number of jets ( 2, 3, 4, and  $\geq 5$  )
- the number of isolated lepton ( 0, 1, and  $\geq 2$  )

$$N^i = \sum_n \sigma_{\text{tot}} \cdot \text{BR}_n \cdot \theta_n^i \cdot \epsilon_n^i$$

$n = (b, W, g, \tau, \dots)$

$N^i$  is a number of events in category  $i$ ,  $\sigma_{\text{tot}}$  is total cross section,  $\text{BR}_n$  is Higgs decay branching ratio,  $\theta_n^i$  is fraction into category  $i$ ,  $\epsilon_n^i$  is cut efficiency for category  $i$ .

If the cut efficiency of each decay mode can be assumed to be the same as  $\epsilon^i (= \epsilon_n^i)$ .

$$\frac{N^i}{\epsilon^i} = \sigma_{\text{tot}} \sum_n \text{BR}_n \cdot \theta_n^i$$

Then we can get

$$\sum_i \frac{N^i}{\epsilon^i} = \sigma_{\text{tot}} \sum_n \sum_i \text{BR}_n \cdot \theta_n^i = \sigma_{\text{tot}}$$

# strategy for resolving efficiency issue -2

If the cut efficiency is not exactly the same,  
we should consider the systematic effect caused by the difference.

$$\delta\epsilon_n^i = \epsilon_n^i - \epsilon^i$$

And the cross section is

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \frac{\sum_i \frac{N^i}{\epsilon^i}}{1 + \sum_n \sum_i \text{BR}_n \cdot \theta_n^i \cdot \frac{\delta\epsilon_n^i}{\epsilon^i}}$$

We want to keep systematic uncertainty is less than 1 % to do model independent analysis.

If we don't assume any models, we should keep  $\theta_n^i \cdot \frac{\delta\epsilon_n^i}{\epsilon^i} \ll 1 \%$ .

If we can assume SM like higgs, we should keep  $\text{BR}_n \cdot \theta_n^i \cdot \frac{\delta\epsilon_n^i}{\epsilon^i} \ll 1 \%$ .