

# Homework questions for the CLIC lecture 2015

## 1.) General understanding:

- a) Stupid question: Why do you use first a Delay Loop upstream the Combiner Rings in the CLIC scheme (i.e. why don't you use only Combiner Rings that provide higher combination factors)?
- b) Imagine you have built CLIC for 380 GeV with one Drive Beam linac complex. Now the LHC has found a new particle with  $m=760 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ . So you want to double the collision energy by doubling the length of the main linacs. Keeping a single Drive Beam linac complex, what do you need to change in there and the Drive beam?

## 2.) CLIC Test Facility – Drive Beam Generation

Assume you want to build a CLIC two-beam test facility with a Delay Loop and one Combiner Ring to produce a  $I_f = 30 \text{ A}$  high-current Drive Beam with a bunch repetition frequency of  $f_f = 15 \text{ GHz}$ . The final RF pulses (= final Drive Beam bunch train pulse length) must have a length of  $t_p = 125 \text{ ns}$ . Assume you can build a Drive Beam source with a maximum initial beam current  $I_i \leq 5 \text{ A}$  and an initial bunch repetition frequency in the range of  $f_i = 0.5 - 1.5 \text{ GHz}$ .

(Hint: not all questions are based on the previous. If you get stuck, have a look if you can solve another one.)

- a) With the parameters above, what multiplication factor you need for the Combiner Ring (CR)?  
(Remember to keep the multiplication factor in the Combiner Ring  $\leq 5$ .)
- b) What is your initial bunch repetition frequency? What are the frequencies of the RF deflectors?
- c) What is your initial beam current?
- d) What is the initial Drive Beam pulse length?
- e) What is the approximate length of the Delay Loop and the Combiner Ring?  
(You can neglect the condition that you have to match the ring length precisely to a fractional part of the deflector wavelength.)